## WOMEN IN THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT

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Op basis van een onderzoek van
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Luxemburg, 30 april 1980

Overname toegestaan, met bronvermelding; bewijsnumer wordt op prijs gesteld.

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The purpose of this study is to provide a series of tables containing statistical information on the women who make up part of the first elected European Parliament. An attempt has been made to indicate the political or national origins, the areas of activity within the European Parliament, the age, family situation and professional activity of the present women Members of Parliament. These tables are preceded by a brief commentary setting out some of the conclusions which may be drawn from this statistical material.

## WOMEN MEMBERS OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT

## The first elections to the European Parliament by direct universal suffrage

Following its first election by direct universal suffrage, the European Parliament has taken the lead with regard to the representation of women. With its 69 women Members, or $16.8 \%$ of the total membership, it has overtaken all of the national parliaments with the exception of Denmark (23.4\%) (see Tables 1 and 2 on pages 9 and 10 ).

## From 1952 to today

This is a remarkable achievement particularly when seen in relation to the development of the European Community's parliamentary institution.

The ECSC Common Assembly (from 1952 to 1958) had only one woman Member out of a total of 78 (1.3\%) : Ms Klompé (Christian-Democrat, Netherlands). The Parliament of the Six, between 1958 (creation of the EEC and Euratom) and 1972 (just before enlargement) had 4 or 5 women Members out of a total of 142 (approximately $3 \%$ ). Immediately before the first European elections, of a total of 198 Members, the Parliament of the Nine had only ll women or $5.5 \%$ (see Tables 3 and 4 on page 11).

It will be recalled that, of the present women MEPs, 9 had already been Members of the European Parliament either immediately before the direct elections or at some previous time (Ms Carettoni Romagnoli, Ms Cassanmagnago Cerretti, Ms Elles, Ms Ewing, Ms Flesch, Ms Kellett-Bowman, Ms Krouwel-Vlam, Ms Squarcialupi and Ms Walz).

Women candidates and elected Members

Originally, Members were nominated by the national parliaments. Responsibility for the low representation of women at that time lies with the political groups of the individual parliaments. National parties took a different attitude when the first appeal was made to the electorate in the first direct elections to the European Parliament. In almost all countries, the women candidates for the European Parliament were relatively more numerous than the women sitting in the national parliaments (see Table 2 on page 10 and Table 5 on page 12).

The only countries which reduced the number of women candidates had percentages of elected women MEPs considerably higher than those of the women candidates (Denmark and Italy).

In general the electorate supported those women who had put themselves forward as candidates. In six of the nine countries the percentage of elected women Members was distinctly higher than the percentage of women candidates. It will also be noted that the one feminist list, the Parti Feministe Unifie of Belgium, did not win a single seat. Belgium is in the curious situation of having the highest percentage of women candidates and the lowest percentage of elected women Members. In the Community as a whole, there is a strange coincidence in the European elections between the percentage of women candidates, $16.8 \%$ ( 589 out of 3,488 ), and the percentage of elected women Members, $16.8 \%$ ( 69 out of 410) (see Table 2 on page 10).

The countries with the largest female representation are France in absolute terms and Denmark in percentage terms ${ }^{1}$.

## Elected women Members and the political groups

Not all the parties have contributed to the same extent to the female membership of the European Parliament. The distribution of women MEPs amongst the political groups is in fact far from being proportional to the political weight of each group: one in three socialists compared with one in seven christian democrats, in spite of the small difference in size between these, the two largest groups in the European Parliament. (For more details on the make-up of the political groups in terms of national parties and their relative strengths in the European Parliament, see Table 6 on page 13.)

However, in general one can say that there is a certain balance in the distribution of the 69 women MEPs between the left (54-55\%) and the centreright (45-46\%) (see Table 7 on page 14).

Turning to the proportion of women within each political group, almost all of them have a $20 \%$ female contingent. The exceptions to this are the Christian Democratic (EPP) and Conservative (ED) Groups in which women make up less than $10 \%$ of the membership (see Table 8 on page 14).

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## Age and profession

The average age of the women MEPs is about 49 (male MEPs : 54). Two are over seventy and one is under thirty (see Table 9 on page 15). The average age tends to fall in the case of socialists, Germans and Irish. The oldest and youngest Members, male or female, of the European Parliament are Ms Weiss and Ms de Valera.

The majority are married (71.7\%) and have children (52.9\%).
One can identify from the brief biographies some of the professional profiles which are prevalent amongst women MEPs. Almost a third have, of course, been engaged in some form of political activity: six ex-ministers (Ms Castle, Ms Dienesch, Ms Focke, Ms Gredal, Ms Nielsen and Ms Veil), one ex-secretary of state (Ms Scrivener), one former ambassador (Ms Dienesch), two party chairmen (Ms Buchan and Ms Spaak), one former party chairman (Ms van den Heuvel), one ex-chairman of the Economic and Social Committee (Ms Baduel Glorioso), one former chairman of a socialist youth movement (Ms Wieczorek-Zeul) and party, local authority and trade union officials. Another third have come from journalism and secondary or university teaching. $15 \%$ were public or private employees and there were four managers, two lawyers and two social assistants. It should be noted that there is only one manual worker and one housewife (see Tables 10,11 and 12 on pages 16,17 and 18).

A more thorough examination of the curricula vitae of the women MEPs, however, shows that a good number of them have spent a long period as housewives before starting or restarting their career or political activities. This period was, of course, taken up with bringing up their children.

Finally, sixteen women MEPs are also members of their national parliaments.

## Parliamentary activity

The expertise and interests of women MEPs in the Community field are reflected, sometimes in a rather indirect way, in their membership of the various parliamentary committees.

In the distribution of seats on the committees, the women MEPs have received more or less their due, i.e. 16.8\%. However, their representation on the committees is not at all even. Some committees have attracted keen interest from them while they are less well represented on others - although this is not always due to a lack of interest on their part.

The first category would include not only the Ad Hoc Committee on Women's Rights (approx. 70\% women members), but also 'Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection', 'Social Affairs and Employment', 'External Economic Relations', 'Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport' and 'Rules of Procedure and Petitions'.

Committees on which women are less well represented include 'Economic and Monetary Affairs', ''Transport' and 'Budgetary Control'.

In general one can say that women MEPs are better represented in the committees which have a protective nature (youth, public health, employment, environment, consumer protection etc.), and relatively rare in those with a predominantly technical bias.

There are, however, some exceptions. 'Energy and Research', in spite of its technical nature, has a strong women's contingent ( $17.6 \%$ of all committee members) and is the only committee chaired by a woman (Ms Walz, Germany, EPP Group).

Another noteworthy committee is 'External Economic Relations' (22.2\% of all committee members) which has frequent international contacts.

Even the 'Rules of Procedure and Petitions', whose business is largely of a technical/legal nature, has a relatively large number of women $(22.2 \%$ of all committee members). This committee took on considerable importance after the first part-sessions of the European Parliament because of the procedural problems and the revision of the Rules of Procedure (see Tables 13 and 14 on pages 19 and 20).

In the distribution of seats on the Interparliamentary Delegations, women MEPs have slightly less than their due - $15.6 \%$ of the total. The reason for this is that the Group for the Technical Coordination and Defence of Independent Groups and Members has filled only some of the seats allotted to it.

The proportion of women MEPs on the delegations is not an even one. There is a large group of women on the ACP-EEC Joint Committee, which looks after relations with States in Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific (lo out of 58).

Curiously women do not seem very interested in communist countries ( 2 out of 18 on EEC-COMECON; 1 out of 18 on EP-CHINA; 1 out of 10 on EP-Yugoslavia). They seem more interested in Latin and Mediterranean countries (Portugal, Mashreq, Malta, Greece, Israel and Latin America). Only 2, from France, are interested in Japan; only 2, one from Italy and one from Britain, are interested in Australia (see Tables 15 and 16 on pages 21 and 22).

## Women MEPs and the leadership of the European Parliament

The strengthening of female representation in the European Parliament has been immediately extended to the controlling bodies of the institution and its organs.

Of the 192 executive positions (bureaux of the EP, committees and interparliamentary delegations, quaestors, leadership of the political groups), 33 have been given to women which amounts to $17.2 \%$.

The European Parliament is at present presided by Ms Veil (France, Liberal Group). Of the twelve vice-presidents of the European Parliament, one is a woman, Ms De March (France, Communist Group). Of the five quaestors, one is a woman, Ms Flesch (Luxembourg, Liberal Group). The Committee on Energy and Research is chaired by a woman, Ms Walz (Germany, EPP Group) and the Ad Hoc Committee on Women's Rights is chaired by Ms Roudy (France, Socialist Group). Two delegations, EP-USA and EP-Spain, are led by Ms Gredal (Denmark, Socialist Group) and Ms Clwyd (UK, Socialist Group) respectively. Finally, ten committee vice-chairmanships and four delegation vice-chairmanships are held by women.

In view of the important role played by the political groups in appointing candidates to these offices, it may be interesting to note which groups have most encouraged the presence of women in the executive bodies of the European Parliament and its committees (see Table 17 on page 23).

Immediately after the Socialist Group with seven women come the Communist and Liberal Groups with four women each, whilst the Christian Democrat (EPP) and Conservative (ED) Groups have only one woman each.

This order remains unchanged when one looks at the leadership of the political groups (see Table 18 on page 14).

It will be noted that women are well represented in the leadership of the Gaullist (EPD) group.

Only the Belgian women MEPs have no high-ranking jobs.

Amongst the large countries, Italian women have by far the poorest representation, whilst the Danes take first position amongst the women MEPs of the smaller countries.

## Conclusions

The following profile of a woman Member of the European Parliament emerges from the foregoing: she is between 40 and 50 years of age, married with children; she has a university degree and has engaged in previous political activities or held a post in the public or private sector; she tends to hold left-wing views, is interested, in the Mediterranean and Latin countries and takes a keen interest in the protection of the various categories of citizens; she resolutely defends the rights of women and is able to appreciate the value of power.

WOMEN M.E.Ps. BROKEN DOWN BY COUNTRY AND POLITICAL GROUP

| Political <br> groups Momber States | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{scc} \\ (113) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PFE-DC } \\ (107) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DE } \\ (6.1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C O M \\ & (44) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIB } \\ & (40) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEP } \\ & (22) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDI } \\ & \text { (11) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NI } \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (410) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { B } \\ (24) \end{gathered}$ | LIZIN | - | - | - | - | - | - | SPAAK | 2 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { DK } \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GREDAL } \\ & \text { GRCES } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | BOSERUP | NIELSEN T. | - | HAMMERICH | - | 5 |
| $\begin{gathered} F \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | CHARZAT CRESSON FUILLET GASPARD ROUDY VAYSSADE | MOREAU | - | DE MARCH HOFFMANN LE ROUX POIRIER | MARTIN PRUVOT SCRIVENER VEIL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOURAQUI } \\ & \text { DIENESCH } \\ & \text { WEISS } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 18 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { IR } \\ \text { (15) } \end{gathered}$ | desmond | - | - | - | - | de valera | - | - | 2 |
| $\stackrel{I}{(81)}$ | - | CASSANMAGNAGO GAIOTTI | - | BADUEL G. BARBARELLA CARETTONI R. CINCIARI R. SQUARCIALUPI | AGNELLI | - | BONINO CASTELLINA MACCIOCCHI | - | 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{L} \\ (6) \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LENTZ - } \\ & \text { CORNETTE } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | FLESCH | - | - | - | 2 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PB } \\ (25) \end{gathered}$ | van de heuvel KROUWEL-VLAM VIEHOFF | воот <br> MAIJ -WEGGEN | - | - | - | - | - | DEKKER | 6 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { RFG } \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | FOCRE HERKLOTZ HOFF SALISCH-E. SEIBEL WEBER WIECZOP.EK-ZEUL | LENZ <br> RABBETHGE SCHLEICHER Walz | - | - | von Alemann | - | - | - | 12 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RU} \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BUCHAN } \\ & \text { CASTLE } \\ & \text { CLWYD } \\ & \text { QUIN } \end{aligned}$ | - | BROOKES <br> ELLES <br> FORSTER <br> HOOPER <br> KELLETT'-B. <br> ROBEPTS | - | - | EWING | - | - | 11 |
| Total <br> (410) | 24 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 69 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each national representation and each political group

TABLE 2
PROPORTION OF WOMEN IN THE NATIONAL PARLIAMENTS, AS CANDIDATES IN THE EUROPEAN ELECTIONS AND IN THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT

| Member States | National chambers |  |  | European candidature |  |  | European Parliament |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S | D | \% | Total <br> Candidates | Women Candidates | \% | Total Elected | Women Elected | \% |
| B | 212 | 16 | 7,5\% | 246 | 62 | 25. $2 \%$ | 24 | 2 | 8,3\% |
| DK | 179 | 42 | 23,4\% | 209 | 45 | 21,5\% | 16 | 5 | 31,2\% |
| F | 491 | 21 | 4,3\% | 891 | 225 | 25,0\% | 81 | 18 | 22,2\% |
| IR | 148 | 6 | 4,0\% | 46 | 5 | 10,8\% | 15 | 2 | 13,3\% |
| I | 630 | 51 | 8,1\% | 968 | 74 | 7,6\% | 81 | 11 | 13,6\% |
| L | 59 | 8 | 13,5\% | 84 | 10 | 11,9\% | 6 | 2 | 33,3\% |
| PB | 150 | 22 | 14,6\% | 234 | 37 | 15,8\% | 25 | 6 | 24,0\% |
| RFG | 518 | 41 | 7.9\% | 540 | 106 | 19.6\% | 81 | 12 | 14,8\% |
| RU | 635 | 19 | 3,0\% | 270 | 25 | 9,3\% | 81 | 11 | 13,6\% |
| Total | 3022 | 216 | 7.1\% | 3488 | 589 | 16,8\% | 410 | 69 | 16,8\% |

$S=$ Number of seats in the Lower House in each Member State
$D=$ Number of women Members in the Lower House in each Member State

## TABLE 3

TREND IN THE NUMBER OF WOMEN MEPs BROKEN DOWN BY COUNTRY

| National <br> representation | 1952 |  | 1958 |  | 1972 (1) |  | 1973 (2) |  | 1979 |  | 1979 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | - | (10) | 1 | (14) | - | (14) | - | (14) | - | (14) | 2 | (24) |
| DK |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- | 1 | (10) | 1 | (10) | 5 | (16) |
| F | - | (18) | 1 | (36) | - | (36) | - | (36) | - | (36) | 18 | (81) |
| IR |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- | - | (10) | - | (10) | 2 | (15) |
| I | - | (18) | - | (36) | 2 | (36) | 2 | (36) | 3 | (36) | 11 | (81) |
| L | - | ( 4) | - | ( 6) | 2 | ( 6) | 2 | ( 6) | 1 | ( 6) | 2 | ( 6) |
| PB | 1 | (10) | - | (14) | - | (14) | - | (14) | 1 | (14) | 6 | (25) |
| RFG | - | (18) | 2 | (36) | 1 | (36) | 2 | (36) | 1 | (36) | 12 | (81) |
| RU |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- | 1 | (21)(3) | 4 | (36) | 11 | (81) |
| Total | 1 | (78) | 4 | (142) |  | (142) | 8 | (183) 3 ) | 11 | (198) | 69 | (410) |

TABLE 4

TREND IN THE NUMBER OF WOMEN MEPs BROKEN DOWN BY POLITICAL GROUP

| Political groups | 1952 |  | 1958 |  | 1972 (1) |  | 1973 (2) |  | 1979 |  | 1979 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SOC | - | ( 23 ) | 1 | (38) | 2 | (38) | 3 | (46)(3) | 4 | (66) | 24 | (113) |
| DC / PPE (DC) | 1 | (38) | 2 | (67) | - | (52) | 1 | (52) | 2 | (53) | 10 | (107) |
| CONS / DE |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- | 1 | (20) | 1 | (18) | 6 | ( 64) |
| COM . |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- | 2 | (14) | 2 | (18) | 10 | ( 44) |
| LIB | - | (13) | 1 | (35) | 1 | (23) | 1 | (25) | 1 | (23) | 8 | ( 40) |
| UDE / DEP |  | -- |  | -- |  | (18) | - | (19) |  | (16) | 5 | ( 22) |
| CDI |  | - |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- | 4 | ( 11) |
| N I | - | ( 4) | - | ( 2) | 2 | (11) | - | ( 7) | 1 | ( 4) | 2 | ( 9) |
| Total | 1 | (78) | 4 | (142) | 5 | (142) | 8 | (183)(3) | 11 | (198) | 69 | (410) |

1) Last year of the Assembly of the Six
2) First year of the Assembly of the Nine
3) 15 Labour Members absent

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each national representation and each political group.
TABLE 5
PROPORTION OF WOMEN IN THE POLITICAL GROUPS OF THE LOWER HOUSES OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE COMMUNITY

(1) Composition of mixed group : Indipendenti di sinistra, Associazione per Trieste, Movimento democratico-popolare della Val d'Aosta and S.V.P.
The figures in parentheses indicate the total number of Members of each Lower House in each Member State and the respective political groups.
TABLE 6
BREAKDOWN OF MEPs BY NATIONALITY, EUROPEAN POLITICAL GROUP

| Political Groups | COM e app. |  |  | SOC |  |  | PPE(DC) |  |  | DE |  |  | DEP |  |  | LIB e app. |  |  | CDI |  |  | NI |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States | PN | S | \% | PN | - S | \% | PN | S | \% | PN | S | \% | PN | S | \% | PN | S | \% | PN | S | \% | PN | S | \% | S | $\%$ |
| B | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BSP } \\ & \text { PSB } \end{aligned}$ | 3 4 | 1,7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CVP } \\ & \text { PSC } \end{aligned}$ | 7 3 | 2,4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRL } \\ & \text { PVV } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | 1,0 | ve | 1 | 0,2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FDF } \\ & -\mathrm{RW} \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 0,5 | 24 | 5,8 |
| DK | SFP | 1 | 0,2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SD } \\ & \text { SIU } \end{aligned}$ | 3 1 | 1,0 | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CD} \\ & \mathrm{KFP} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 0,7 | FRP | 1 | 0,2 | v | 3 | 0,7 | FB | 4 | 1,0 | - | - | - | 16 | 3,8 |
| F | PCF | 19 | 4.7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PSF } \\ & \text { MRG } \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 5,4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UFE- } \\ & \text {-CDS } \end{aligned}$ | 8 | 2,0 | - | - | - | RPR | 15 | 3,6 | UFE | 17 | 4,1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 81 | 19,8 |
| IR | - | - | - | LAB | 4 | 1,0 | FG | 4 | 1,0 | - | - | - | FF | 5 | 1.3 | IND | 1 | 0,2 | IND | 1 | 0,2 | - | - | - | 15 | 3.7 |
| I | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCI } \\ & \text { Ind. s. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | 5,8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PSI } \\ & \text { PSDI } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 3,1 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{sVP} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 29 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 7.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { PLI } \\ & \text { PRI } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 3 2 | 1,3 | DP <br> PR PDUP | 1 3 1 | 1,3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MSI - } \\ & \text {-DN } \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 1.0 | 81 | 19,8 |
| L | - | - | - | POSL | 1 | 0.2 | PCS | 3 | 0.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | PD | 2 | 0,5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 1.4 |
| PB | - | - | - | PvdA | 9 | 2,2 | CDA | 10 | 2.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | VVD | 4 | 1,0 | - | - | - | D'66 | 2 | 0,5 | 25 | 6.1 |
| RFG | - | - | - | SPD | 35 | 8,5 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { CDU } \\ & \text { CSU } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 34 8 | 10.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | FDP | 4 | 1,0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 81 | 19,8 |
| RU | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LAR } \\ & \text { SDLP } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 4,4 | - | - | - | c- \|UUP | 61 | 15,0 | SNP | 1 | 0,2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | DUP | 1 | 0.2 | 81 | 19,8 |
| Total | 44 |  | 10.7 | 11 |  | 27,5 |  |  | 26,1 |  |  | 15,7 |  | 2 | 5,3 |  | 0 | 9,8 |  |  | 2,7 | 9 |  | 2,2 | 410 | 100,0 |

[^1]
## TABLE 7

WOMEN MEPs BROKEN DOWN BY CONTRY WIT'H PERCENTAGES FOR EACH COUNTRY'S REPRESENTATION (\% RN), THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT (\% PE) AND THE TOTAL NUMBER OF WOMEN (\% D) IN THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT


## TABLE 8

WOMEN MEPs BROKEN DOWN BY POLITICAL GROUP WITH PERCENTAGES FOR EACH POLITICAL GROUP ( $\% ~ G P$ ) , THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT (\% PE) AND THE TOTAL NUMBER OF WOMEN (\% D) IN THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT'


The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each national representation and each political group.

## TABLE 9

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY AGE GROUP AND COUNTRY

| National Age representation | $\begin{gathered} B \\ (24) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DK } \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} F \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IR } \\ (15) \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{I}{(81)}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { L } \\ (6) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PB } \\ (25) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RFG } \\ & \text { (81) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RU } \\ \text { ( } 81 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | Total <br> (410) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Before 1900 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1901-1910 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 1911-1920 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |
| 1921-1930 | 1 | 2 | 6 |  | 8 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 28 |
| 1931-1940 |  | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 20 |
| 1941-1950 | 1 | 1 | 5 |  | 1 |  | 2 | 3 | 1 | 14 |
| After 1950 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Total | 2 | 5 | 18 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 12 | 11 | 69 |

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY AGE GROUP AND POLITICAL GROUP-

| Political groups | SOC <br> (113) | PPE-DC <br> $(107)$ | DE <br> $(64)$ | COM <br> $(44)$ | LIB <br> $(40)$ | DEP <br> $(22)$ | CDI <br> $(11)$ | NI <br> $(9)$ | TOtal <br> $(410)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Before 1900 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| $1901-1910$ | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $1911-1920$ | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 4 |
| $1921-1930$ | 8 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 28 |
| $1931-1940$ | 7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 20 |
| $1941-1950$ | 7 | 1 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 14 |
| After 1950 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Total | 24 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 69 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each national representation and each political group.

TABLE 10

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY PROFESSION AND COUNTRY

| $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } \\ (24) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DK } \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} F \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IR } \\ (15) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { L } \\ (6) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PB } \\ (25) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RFG } \\ & (81) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RU} \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & (410) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Political activity | 1 | - | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 20 |
| Official | 1 | - | 3 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 6 |
| Translator/Interpreter | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| University lecturer/ Teacher | - | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 14 |
| Social worker | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Trade union representative | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Artist | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Employee | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| Lawyer | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Journalist/writer | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Worker | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Manager | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | 4 |
| Housewife | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Others | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | 4 |
| Total | 2 | 5 | 18 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 12 | 11 | 69 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each national representation.

TABLE 11

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY PROFESSION AND POLITICAL GROUP

| $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{SOC} \\ (113) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PPE-DC } \\ (107) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DE} \\ (64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COM } \\ (44) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIB } \\ (40) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DEP } \\ \text { (22) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CDI } \\ \text { (11) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NI} \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Total } \\ (410) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Political activity | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 20 |
| Official | 2 | - | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | 1 | 6 |
| Translator/Interpreter | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| University lecturer/ <br> Teacher | 4 | 3 | - | 3 | 2 | - | 2 | - | 14 |
| Social worker | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Trade union representative | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Artist | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Employee | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 4 |
| Lawyer | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 |
| Journalist/writer | 4 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 7 |
| Worker | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Manager | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| Housewife | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Others | 1 | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 4 |
| Total | 24 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 69 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each political group.
TABLE 12
BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY PROFESSION AND PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{\oplus}{ \pm} \\ & \vec{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Political activity | 2 | 2 | - | - | 2 | 4 | - | 1 | 2 | - | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | 3 | 4 | 25 |
| official | - | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 8 |
| Translator/Interpreter | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 3 |
| University lecturer/ <br> Teacher | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | 1 | 2 | 4 | 19 |
| Social worker | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 3 |
| Trade union <br> Representative | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Artist | - | - | = | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 |
| Emp loyee | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | 6 |
| Lawyer | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 3 |
| Journalist/writer | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 2 | 10 |
| Worker | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 2 |
| Manager | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 4 | 10 |
| Housewife | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Others | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Total | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 25 | 100 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each Parliamentary Committee.

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPS BY PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE AND BY COUNTRY

| National representation Committees | $\begin{gathered} B \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DK } \\ (5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} F \\ (18) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IR } \\ & (2) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ (11) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{L} \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PB } \\ & (6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RFG } \\ & (12) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RU} \\ (11) \end{gathered}$ | Total (69) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Political Affairs (41) | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 5 |
| Agriculture (39) | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Budgets (37) | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 4 |
| Economic and <br> Monetary Affairs <br> (37) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Energy and <br> Research <br> (34) | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | 6 |
| External Economic Relations (36) | - | - | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | - | 8 |
| Legal Affairs (25) | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Social Affairs and Employment (27) | - | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 |
| Regional Policy <br> and Regional <br> Planning (29) | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | 5 |
| Transport (25) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Environment, Public <br> Health and <br> Consumer Protection(27) | 1 | - | 3 | - | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | 11 |
| Youth, Culture, Education, Informatior and Sport (25) | - | - | 4 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 8 |
| Development and Cooperation (27) | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | 3 |
| Budgetary Control (27) | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Rules of Procedure and Petitions (27) | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 1 | 6 |
| Women's Rights (35) | 1 | 1 | 8 | - | 4 | - | 3 | 4 | 4 | 25 |
| Total (498) | 3 | 7 | 27 | 2 | 18 | - | 11 | 16 | 16 | 100 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each Parliamentary Committee and the total number of women for each country.

TABLE 14

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE AND POLITICAL GROUP

| Political <br> Committees | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SOC } \\ & (24) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PPE-DC } \\ \text { (10) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DE} \\ & (6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM } \\ & \text { (1O) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIB } \\ & (B) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEP } \\ & (5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDI } \\ & (4) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NI} \\ & (2) \end{aligned}$ | Total (69) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Political Affairs (41) | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 5 |
| Agriculture (39). | 4 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Budgets (37) | 2 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 4 |
| Economic and <br> Monetary Affairs <br> (37) | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Energy and Research (34) | 3 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 6 |
| External Economic Relations (36) | 1 | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 8 |
| Legal Affairs (25) | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| Social Affairs and Employment (27) | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 8 |
| Regional Policy and Regional Planning(29) | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 5 |
| Transport (25) | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection (27) | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 11 |
| Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport (25) | 2 | 1 | - | 3 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 8 |
| Development and Cooperation (27) | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 3 |
| Budgetary Control (27) | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Rules of Procedure and Petitions (27) | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 6 |
| Women's Rights (35) | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 25 |
| Total (498) | 34 | 17 | 11 | 13 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 100 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each Parliamentary Committee and the total number of women for each political group.

TABLE 15

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY INTERPARLIAMENTARY
DELEGATION AND COUNTRY

| National | $\begin{gathered} B \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} D K \\ (5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} F \\ (18) \end{gathered}$ | IR <br> (2) | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ (11) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { L } \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | (6) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RFG} \\ & (12) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RU } \\ \text { (11) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & (69) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Joint Committee ACP-EEC (58) | - | - | 1 | - | 3 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 10 |
| EEC-Latin Am. (36) | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 7 |
| EP - USA (21) | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| EEC-Greece Association (24) | - | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 6 |
| EEC-Turkey Association (18) | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| EP - Spain (18) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| EP - Portugal (18) | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| EP - Japan (18) | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| EP - ASEAN (18) | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 3 |
| EP - Canada (18) | - | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| EP - Maghreb (18) | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| EP - China (18) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| EP - COMECON (18) | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| EP - Mashrek (18) | 1 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| EP - Israel (10) | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 |
| EP - Malta (10) | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| EP - Yugoslavia (10) | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| EP - India (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EP - Australia (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| EP - Nordic Count. (10) | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 3 |
| EP - Cyprus (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EP - Switzerland (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EP - Austria (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Total (409) | 1 | 4. | 19 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 65 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each Interparliamentary Delegation and the total number of women elected to the European Parliament from each country.

TABLE 16

BREAKDOWN OF WOMEN MEPs BY INTERPARLIAMENTARY
DELEGATION AND POLITICAL GROUP

| Political groups <br> Inferparliamentary | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{soc} \\ & (24) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{PPE}(D C) \\ (10) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DE } \\ & (6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM } \\ & (10) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIB } \\ & (6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEP } \\ & (5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDI } \\ & \text { (4) } \end{aligned}$ | (2) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (69) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Joint Committee ACP-EEC (58) | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 10 |
| EEC - Latin Am. (36) | 3 | - | 2 | - | 1 | 1 |  | - | 7 |
| EP - USA (21) | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 |
| EEC-Greece Association (24) | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| EEC-Turkey Association (18) | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - |  | - | 3 |
| EP - Spain (18) | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 |
| EP - Portugal (18) | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| EP - Japan (18) | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 2 |
| EP - ASEAN (18) | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |  | 1 | 3 |
| EP - Canada (18) | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 3 |
| EP - Mahgreb (18) | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| EP - China (18) | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| EP - COMECON (18) | 2 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 2 |
| EP - Mashrek (18) | 4 | - | - | 2 | - | - |  | - | 6 |
| EP - Israel (10) | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| EP - Malta (10) | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 |
| EP - Yugoslavia (10) | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |  | - | 1 |
| EP - India (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| EP - Australia (10) | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| EP - Nordic Count. (10) | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - |  | - | 3 |
| EP - Cyprus (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EP - Switzerland (10) | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| EP - Austria (10) | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Total (409) | 25 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 5 | (1) 1 | 1 | 65 |

(1) The CDI Group has only partly allocated 10 places assigned to it.

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each Parliamentary Delegation and the total number of women elected to the European Parliament from each political group.

| rulitinal qroups | $\begin{gathered} \text { SOC } \\ (113) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PPE-DC } \\ & (107) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DE} \\ & (64) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM } \\ & (44) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIB } \\ & (40) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEP } \\ & (22) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDI } \\ & \text { (11) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NI } \\ & (9) \end{aligned}$ | Total(410) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & B \\ & (24) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { DK } \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | GREDAL Chairman of PE-USA Delegation |  |  | BOSERUP <br> Vice-chairman <br> Budgetary <br> Control <br> Committee |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| $\begin{gathered} F \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | ROUDY <br> Chairman, Women's Rights Comm. <br> VAYSSADE <br> Vice-chairman <br> Rules of <br> Procedure Comm |  |  | DE MARCH Vice-chairman of EP LE ROUX Vice-chairman Youth Comm. | VEIL <br> President of $E P$ |  |  |  | 5 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { IR } \\ (15) \end{gathered}$ | DESMOND <br> Vice-chairman <br> Regional <br> Policy Comm. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} I \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | SQUARCIALUPI Vice-chairman Women's Rights Comm. |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { L } \\ (6) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | FLESCH <br> Quaestor |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PB} \\ (25) \end{gathered}$ | KROUWE L-VLAM <br> Vice-chairman <br> EP-Israel <br> Delegation | MAIJ-WEGGEN Vice-chairman EP-Nordic Countries |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { RFG } \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | WEBER <br> Vice-chairman Public Health Comm. <br> WIECZORE $\dot{K}-Z E U L$ <br> Vice-chairman <br> Ext.Econ.Relns Comm. | SCHLEICHER Vice-Chairmá DPYMaltán WALZ Chairman Energy and Research Corm |  |  | von ALEMANN Vice-chairman EP-Spain Delegation Vice-chairman Women's Righta |  |  |  | 6 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RU} \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ | CLWYD <br> Chairman EP-Portugal Delegation |  | ROBERTS <br> Vice-chaiman Transport Vice-chairman Women's Rights Comm. |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| (410) | 8 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  |  |  | 21 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each country and for each political group.

TABLE 18

WOMEN MEPs IN THE BODIES OF THE POLITICAL GROUPS

| Political ${ }^{\text {Proups }}$ gr | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{soc} \\ (113) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PPE-DC } \\ (107) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DE} \\ (64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COM } \\ & (44) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIB } \\ & (40) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DEP } \\ & \text { (22) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDI } \\ & \text { (11) } \end{aligned}$ | (9) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & (410) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Member States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { B } \\ (24) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { DK } \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | GREDAL, <br> Member of the Bureau |  |  | BOSERUP, <br> Treasurer | $\begin{array}{r} \text { NIELSEN T.. } \\ \text { Vice-chairmat } \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 3 |
| $\begin{aligned} & F \\ & (81) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | CHOURAQUI. Vice-chairmar |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { IR } \\ (15) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\sim$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ |  | CASSANMAGNAGO Vice-chairman |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\stackrel{L}{(81)}$ |  |  |  |  | FLESCH, Vice-chaimar |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PB } \\ \text { (25) } \end{gathered}$ | van den heuvel. vice-chairman |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RFG} \\ (81) \end{gathered}$ |  | WALZ, Member of the enlarged Bureau |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{RU} \\ \text { (81) } \end{gathered}$ | CASTLE <br> Vice-chairman <br> CIWYD, <br> Member of the <br> Bureau |  | ELLES, <br> Vice-chaiman |  |  | EWING, Vice-chairman |  |  | 4 |
| Total <br> (410) | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 12 |

The figures in parentheses indicate the total for each national representation and each political group.

| Women M.E.Ps. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\lambda} \\ & \underset{\mu}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ | Parliamentary Committees and Interparliamentary Delegations | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & E \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGNELLI Susanna | LIB | I | PRI | External Economic Relations, EP-Malta Delegation | x |  |
| ```von ALEMANN Mechthild Vice-chairman, EP-Spain Delegation, Vice-chairman 'Women's Rights' Committee``` | LIB | RFG | FDP | Energy and Research, Women's Rights, EP-Spain Delegation |  |  |
| BADUEL GLORIOSO Maria Fabrizia | COM | I | Ind.s. | Social Affairs and Employment <br> Joint Committee and <br> Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC |  |  |
| BARBARELLA Carla | COM | I | PCI | Agriculture, <br> EP-Portugal Delegation |  |  |
| BONINO Emma | CDI | I | PR | Energy and Research, <br> Rules of Procedure and <br> Petitions | x |  |
| BOOT E.C.A.M. | PPE (DC) | PB | CDA | Regional Policy, <br> Rules of Procedure and Petitions, <br> EEC-Greece |  |  |
| ```BOSERUP Bodil Kathrine Treasurer of COM Group, Vicechairman Budgetary Control Committee``` | COM | DK | SFP | Budgets, <br> Budgetary Control <br> Consultative Assembly <br> ACP-EEC |  |  |
| BROOKES Beate Ann | DE | RU | CONS | Social Affairs and Employment, <br> Women's Rights <br> EEC-Latin America Delegation |  |  |


| Women M.E.Ps. |  |  |  | Parliamentary Committees and <br> Interparliamentary Delegations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BUCHAN Janey O'Neil | SOC | RU | LA 3 | Youth, Culture, Education, <br> Information and Sport, <br> PE-Mashrek Delegation, <br> PE-China Delegation |  |  |
| CARETTONI ROMAGNOLI Tullia | COM | I | Ind.s. | ```External Economic Relations, EEC-Turkey, Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC``` |  | x |
| CASSANMAGNAGO CERRETTI Maria Luisa | PPE (DO) | I | DC | Political Affairs, <br> Social Affairs and Employment <br> Women's Rights, <br> EEC-Greece, <br> Joint Committee and Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC |  | x |
| CASteluina Luciana | CDI | I | PJUP | ```Development and Cooperation, Joint Committee and Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC``` |  |  |
| CASTLE Barbara <br> Vice-chairman of the SOC Group | soc | RU | LAB | ```Agriculture, Joint Committee and Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC``` |  |  |
| CHARZAT Gisèle | SOC | F | PSF' | Energy and Research, Ep-Israel Delegation |  |  |
| CHOURAQUI Nicole <br> Vice-chairman of DEP Group | DEP | F | RPR | External Economic Relations, Women's Rights, |  |  |


| Women M.E.Ps. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{1} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \tilde{0} \end{aligned}$ | ```Parliamentary Committees and Interparliamentary Delegations``` |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CINCIARI RODANO Maria Lisa | COM | I | PCI | Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport <br> EP-Mashrek Delegation |  |  |
| CLWYD Ann <br> Member of the Bureau <br> of the Socialist Group <br> Chairman of the EP-Portugal Delegation | SOC | RU | LAB | Social Affairs and Employment EP-Portugal Delegation |  |  |
| CRESSON Edith | SOC | F | PSF | Agriculture, <br> EEC-Latin America Delegation |  |  |
| DEKKER Suzanne | NI | PB | D' 66 | Social Affairs and Employment, <br> Women's Rights, <br> EP-ANSEA Delegation, <br> Consultative Assembly <br> ACP-EEC |  |  |
| DE MARCH Danielle <br> Vice-chairman of the European Parliament | COM | F | PCF | Women's Rights, EEC-Greece |  |  |
| DESMOND Eileen <br> Vice-chairman of the Regional Policy Committee | SOC | IR | LAB | Regional Policy and Regional Planning <br> EP-Canada Delegation | x |  |
| DE VALERA Sile | DEP | IR | FF | Social Affairs and Employment, <br> EP-USA Delegation | x |  |
| DIENESCH Marie-Madeleine | DEP | F | RPR | External Economic Relations, EP-Jaban Delegation | x |  |




| Women M.E.Ps. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\mu}{\mu} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Parliamentary Committees and <br> Interparliamentary Delegations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HOFFMANN Jacqueline | COM | F | PCF | ```Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport, Women's Rights, EEC-Turkey``` |  |  |
| HOOPER Gloria D. | DE | RU | CONS | Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection, <br> Women's Rights, <br> EP-Spain Delegation |  |  |
| KELLETT-BOWMAN Elaine | DE | RU | CONS | Regional Policy and Regional Planning. <br> EP-ANSEA Delegation | x | x |
| KROUWEL-VLAM J. (Annie) B. <br> Vice-chairman of PE-Israel Delegation | SOC | PB | PvdA | Environment, Public Health <br> and Consumer Protection <br> EP-Israel Delegation |  | x |
| LENZ Marlene | PPE (DC) | RFG | CDU | ```External Economic Relations, EP-Nordic Countries Delegation``` |  |  |
| LENTZ-CORNETTE Marcelle | PPE (DC) | L | PCS |  | x |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LE ROUX Sylvie } \\ & \text { Vice-chairman Youth, Culture, Education, } \\ & \text { Information and Sport Committee } \end{aligned}$ | COM | F | PCF | Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport, <br> EP--Tsrae? Delegation |  |  |
| LIZIN Anne-Marie A. | SOC | B | PSB | Energy and Research, Women's Rights, EP-Mashrek Delegation |  |  |


| Women M.E.Ps. | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & -1 \\ & 0 \\ & - \\ & -H \\ & -H \\ & 0 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \lambda \\ & \dot{\mu} \\ & \dot{\sim} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Parliamentary Committees and <br> Interparliamentary <br> Delegations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MACCIOCCHI Maria Antonietta | CDI | I | PR | Legal Affairs, Women's Rights |  |  |
| MAIJ-WEGGEN Johanna R.H. <br> Vice-chairman of the EP - Nordic Countries Delegation | PPE (DC) | PB | CDA | Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection, <br> Women's Rights, <br> EP-Nordic Countries <br> Delegation |  |  |
| MARTIN Simone | LIB | F | PR | Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection, Women's Rights, <br> EP-Japan Delegation |  |  |
| MOREAU Louise | $\operatorname{PPE}(\mathrm{DC})$ | F | CDS | External Economic Relations EP-USA Delegation | x |  |
| NIELSEN Tove <br> Vice-chairman of the LIB Group | LIB | DK | V | Social Affairs and Employment, <br> EP-Nordic Countries <br> Delegation | x |  |
| POIRIER Henriette | COM | F | PCP | External Economic Relations, EP-Mashrek Delegation, <br> Joint Committee and Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC |  |  |
| PRUVOT Marie-Jane | LIB | F | PR | Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport, <br> EEC-Latin America Delegation |  |  |



| Women M.E.Ps. |  |  | + | Parliamentary Committees and <br> Interparliamentary <br> Delegations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPAAK Antoinette M. | NI | B | FDF-RW | Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection | x |  |
| SQUARCIALUPI Vera <br> Vice-chairman of 'Women's Rights' Committee | COM | I | Ind.s. | Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection, <br> Women's Rights, <br> EP-Australia Delegation |  | x |
| ```VAYSSADE Marie Claude Vice-chairman Rules of Procedure and Petitions Committee``` | SOC | F | PSF | Legal Affairs, <br> Rules of Procedure and Petitions, <br> EEC-COMECON Delegation |  |  |
| VEIL Simone <br> President of the European Parliarnent | LIB | F | UDF |  |  |  |
| VIEHOFF Philippine (Phili) J. | SOC | PB | PväA | Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport |  |  |
| WALZ Hanna <br> Member of the Bureau of PPE-DC Group <br> Chairman of the Energy and Research Committee | PPE (DC) | RFG | CDU | Energy and Research, Joint Committee and Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC | x | x |
| WEBER Beate <br> Vice-chairman Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection Committee | SOC | RFG | SPD | Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection, <br> EP-Mashrek Delegation, <br> Consultative Assembly ACP-EEC |  |  |
| WEISS Louise | DEP | F | RPR | Youth, Culture, Education, Information and Sport |  |  |
| ```WIECZOREK-ZEUL Heidemarie Vice-chairman External Economic Relations Committee``` | SOC | RFG | SPD | External Economic Relations, Women's Rights, <br> EP-Maghreb Delegation |  |  |

1) Member States

| B | Belgium |
| :--- | :--- |
| DK | Denmark |
| F | France |
| IR | Ireland |
| I | Italy |
| L | Luxembourg |
| PB | The Nederlands |
| RFG | Federal Republic of Germany |
| RU | United Kingdom |

2) Political groups of the European Parliament

CDI Group for the Technical Coordination and Defence of Independent Groups and Members (since l979)

COM Communist and Allies Group (since 1973)
CONS European Conservative Group (from 1973 to 1979)
DE European Democratic Group (since l979) (ex CONS)
DEP Group of European Progressive Democrats (since 1973) (ex UDE)
LIB Liberal and Democratic Group (since l953)
SOC Socialist Group (since l953)
PPE(DC) Group of the European People's Party (Christian-democratic Group) (since l953)

UDE European Democratic Union Group (from 1965 to 1973)
NI Non-attached
3) Political groups in the National Parliaments

## Belgie - Belqique

| BSP | Belgische Socialistische Partij |
| :--- | :--- |
| C-PCB | Parti Communiste Belge |
| CVP | Christelijke Volkspartij |
| FDF-RW | Front Démocratique des Francophones - Rassemblement Wallon |
| PRLW-PL | Parti des Reformes et de la Liberté de Wallonie - Parti Libéral |
| PSB | Parti Socialiste Belge |
| PSC | Parti Social-Chrétien |
| PVV | Partij voor Vrijheiden Vooruitgang |
| UDRT | Union pour la Défense et le Respect du Travail |
| Vl. Blok | Vlaamse Blok |
| VU | Volksunie |

Danmark

| CD | Centrumsdemokrater |
| :--- | :--- |
| E | Retsvorbundet (Georgistes) |
| FB | Folkebevaegelsen |
| FRP | Fremskridsparti |
| Gr. | Gronland |
| KFP | Konservative Folkeparti |
| KrFP | Kristeligt Folkeparti |
| RV | Radikale Venstre |
| SD | Socialdemokratiet |
| SFP | Socialistik Folkeparti |
| SIU | Siumut |
| V | Venstre |
| VS | Venstre Socialister |

Deutschland

| CDU-CSU | Christlich-Demokratische Union - Christlich-Soziale Union |
| :--- | :--- |
| FDP | Freie Demokratische Partei |
| SPD | Sozialdemokratische Partei Deutschlands |

## France

| CDS | Centre des Démocrates Sociaux |
| :--- | :--- |
| MRG | Mouvement des Radicaux de Gauche |
| PCF | Parti Communiste Francais |
| PSF | Parti Socialiste Francais |
| RPR | Rassemblement pour la République |
| UDF | Union pour la Démocratie Francaise |
| UFE | Union pour la France en Europe |

Ireland

| FF | Fianna Fail Party |
| :--- | :--- |
| FG | Fine Gael Party |
| IND | Independent |
| LAB | Labour Party |

## Italia

| DC | Democrazia Cristiana |
| :--- | :--- |
| DP | Democrazia Proletaria |
| Ind.s. | Indipendenti di sinistra |
| MSI-DN | Movimento Sociale Italiano - Destra Nazionale |
| PCI | Partito Comunista Italiano |
| PDUP | Partito Democratico di Unita Proletaria |
| PLI | Partito Liberale Italiano |
| PR | Partito Radicale |
| PRI | Partito Repubblicano Italiano |
| PSI | Partito Socialista Italiano |
| PSDI | Partito Social-Democratico Italiano |
| SVP | Sudtiroler Volkspartei |

## Luxembourg

| PC | Parti Communiste |
| :--- | :--- |
| PD | Parti Démocratique |
| PCS | Parti Chrétien Social |
| POSL | Parti Ouvrier Socialiste Luxembourgeois |
| PSD | Parti Social Démocrate |
| PSInd. | Parti Socialiste Indépendant |
| EF | Enroulés de Force |

## Nederland

| BP | Boerenpartij |
| :--- | :--- |
| CDA | Christen Democratisch Appel |
| CPN | Communistische Partij Nederland |
| D' 66 | Demokraten '66 |
| DS' 70 | Demokraten Socialisten '70 |
| GVP | Gereformeerd Politiek Verband |
| PPR | Politieke Partij Radikalen |
| PSP | Pacifistisch Socialistische Partij |
| SGP | Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij |
| PVdA | Partij van de Arbeid |
| VVD | Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie |

## United Kingdom

| CONS | Conservative Party |
| :--- | :--- |
| C-UUP | Conservative and Unionist Party |
| DUP | Democratic Unionist Party |
| IND | Independent |
| LAB | Labour Party |
| LIB | Liberal Party |
| SDLP | Social Democratic and Labour Party |
| SNP | Scottish National Party |
| Pl.C. | Plaid Cymru |
| UUUC | United Ulster Unionist Council |
| Sp. | Speaker |

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BARBARELIA C., 9, 25
BONINO E., 9, 25
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CARETTONI ROMAGNOLI T., 2, 9, 26
CASSANMAGNAGO CERRETTII M.L., 2, 9, 24, 26
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DE MARCH D., 6, 9, 23, 27
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DE VALERA S., 4, 9, 27
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MARTIN S., 9, 31
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QUIN J., 9, 32
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ROUDY Y., 6, 9, 23, 32
SALISCH H., 9, 32
SCHLEICHER U., 9, 23, 32
SCRIVENER C., 4, 9, 32
SEIBEL-EMMERLING L., 9, 32
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SQUARCIALUPI V., 2, 9, 23, 33
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WALZ H., 2, 5, 6, 9, 23, 24, 33
WEBER B., 9, 23, 33
WEISS L.. 4, 9, 33
WIECZOREK-ZEUL H.. 4, 9, 23, 33


[^0]:    1
    Luxembourg, with its figure of $33.3 \%$, should be considered as an abnormal case, since it has so few Members. The replacement in the course of the legislative period of one male MP by a woman was sufficient to raise its percentage from $16.6 \%$ to $33.3 \%$.

[^1]:    PN = National Party
    $S=$ Number of seats

