# **ASSOCIATION**OF THE OVERSEAS COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES

# COMPILATION OF TEXTS

II 1 August 1977 - 31 August 1978

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I - BASIC TEXTS

## COUNCIL DECISION

# OF 21 DECEMBER 1977

amending Decision 76/568/EEC
on the association of the overseas countries and territories
with the European Economic Community

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community ( $^1$ ), and in particular Article 19(3) thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 176, 1.7.1976, p. 8.

Whereas Article 17(1) of the ACP-REC Convention of Lomé (1) hereinafter called "the Convention", signed on 28 February 1975, sets out the list of products originating in the ACP States which are covered by the system guaranteeing stabilization of export earnings;

Whereas, by its Decision No 3 of 14 April 1977 adding certain products to the list in Article 17(1) of the Convention, the ACP-EEC Council of Ministers included new products in the list of products in Article 17(1):

Whereas the provisions of Decision 76/568/EEC reflect those of the Convention:

Whereas the 12-month period referred to in Article 19(3) of Decision 76/568/EEC has elapsed and whereas the requirements laid down in the said Article are met for the products which have been added to the list in Article 17(1) of the Convention;

Whereas these products should therefore be added to the list in Article 19(1) of Decision 76/568/EEC,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 25, 30.1.1976, p. 2

# Article 1

The following products shall be included in the list in Article 19(1) of Decision 76/568/EEC:

- (n) cloves
- (o) gum arabic
- (p) wool
- (q) mohair
- (r) pyrethrum
- (s) vanilla
- (t) ylang-ylang.

# Article 2

This Decision shall apply to exports of the products referred to in Article 1 with effect from 1 January 1976.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1977
For the Council
The President

(s.) J. CHABERT

#### COUNCIL DECISION

of 30 May 1978

adjusting Decision 76/568/EEC on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community

> (78/465/EEC) (OJ No L 147/78)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

'Article 30

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community (1), as amended by Decision 77/155/EEC (2), and in particular Article 56 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Decision 76/568/EEC provides that adjustment must be made to it where an overseas country or territory which has attained independence accedes to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé (3), hereinafter referred to as the 'Convention';

Whereas the Territory of the Afars and Issas, which is listed in Annex I to Decision 76/568/EEC and has attained independence as the Republic of Jibuti, has applied to accede to the Convention; whereas the ACP-EEC Council of Ministers has approved this application; whereas this State deposited its instrument of accession and thus acceded to the Convention on 2 February 1978;

Whereas the various lists contained in Decision 76/568/EEC and the amounts specified in Article 30 thereof should therefore be adjusted,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

#### Article 1

The following shall be deleted in Article 23 (5), Article 26 and from the list in Annex I to Decision 76/568/EEC: 'Territory of the Afars and Issas'.

#### Article 2

Article 30 of Decision 76/568/EEC shall be replaced by the following:

- (¹) OJ No L 176, L 7, 1976, p. 8, (²) OJ No L 46, 18, 2, 1977, p. 15, (²) OJ No L 25, 30, L 1976, p. 1.

The following provisions shall apply with effect from 2 February 1978:

- 1. The overall amount of Community aid shall be set at 126 million European units of account.
- 2. This amount shall comprise:
  - (a) 115.65 million European units of account from the European Development Fund (1975), hereinafter called the 'Fund', allocated as follows:
    - (i) for the purposes set out in Article 28, 95.65 million European units of account, consisting of:
      - 42.83 million European units of account in the form grants;
      - 34·40 million European units of account in the form of special loans:
      - 4:00 million European units of account in the form of risk capital;
      - 14:42 million European units of account in the form of a reserve :
    - (ii) 20 million European units of account, likewise from the Fund, in the form of transfers to the countries and territories for the stabilization of export earnings;
  - (b) for the purposes set out in Article 28, up to 10 million European units of account in the form of loans from the Bank, made from its own resources on the terms and conditions provided for in its statute and supplemented, as a general rule, by a 3 % interest rate subsidy, under the conditions laid down in Article 4 of Annex V.

The total cost of the interest rate subsidies shall be charged against the amount of the grants provided for in point 2 (a) (i)

- 3. Following the accession of the Republic of Jibuti to the Convention, the amounts provided for in the form of grants, special loans and a reserve, initially allocated in three equal parts among the French overseas territories and departments and the Netherlands and United Kingdom overseas countries and territories, shall be reduced in accordance with Decision 78/465/EEC.
- 4. (a) Of the portion allocated to the French overseas territories and departments:
  - 13-00 million European units of account shall remain frozen until the entry into force of the Agreement amending the Internal Agreement on the financing and administration of Community aid signed on 11 July 1975:
  - 7-70 million European units of account shall be allocated to the French overseas departments;
  - 1.15 million European units of account shall remain allocated as financial aid to the least favoured overseas countries and territories, irrespective of the zones within which they fall.

- (b) The sums allocated to the French overseas territories shall amount to 12·10 million European units of account, consisting of:
  - 10-10 million European units of account taken from the share allocated to the French overseas territories and departments;
  - 2-00 million European units of account pursuant to Decision 76/569/EEC.'

#### Article 3 .

This Decision shall apply from 2 February 1978.

#### Article 4

This Decision shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 1978.

For the Council
The President
I. NØRGAARD

#### COUNCIL DECISION

#### of 19 June 1978

amending Annex II concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, to Decision 76/568/EEC on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community

(78/557/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community (1), and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission.

Whereas it is desirable to replace the model movement certificate EUR.1 and the model form EUR.2, used under Decision 76/568/EEC, by the model movement certificate EUR.1 and model form EUR.2 used under the preferential Agreements;

Whereas it is desirable to provide, as in case of the preferential Agreements, for the replacement of one or more certificates EUR.1 by one or more other certificates EUR.1 so as to introduce a system of treatment equivalent to that in use under the preferential Agreements;

Whereas the Customs Cooperation Council has adopted a recommendation amending certain

headings in the Nomenclature of that Council; whereas Lists A and B in Annexes 2 and 3 to Annex II to Decision 76/568/EEC must accordingly be adapted, and a specific rule for the origin of goods put up in sets must be introduced,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

#### Article 1

The model movement certificate EUR.1 in Annex 5 to Annex II to Decision 76/568/EEC shall be replaced by that in Annex I hereto.

Movement certificates EUR.1 made out on the forms previously in force may continue to be issued until 30 June 1979.

#### Article 2

The model form EUR.2 in Annex 6 to Annex II to Decision 76/568/EEC shall be replaced by that in Annex II hereto.

The forms EUR.2 previously in force may continue to be used until 30 June 1979.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 176, 1, 7, 1976, p. 8.

#### Article 3

It shall always be possible to replace one or more movement certificates EUR.1 by one or more other movement certificates EUR.1, provided that this is done at the customs office where the goods are located.

#### Article 4

List A in Annex 2 to Annex II to Decision 76/568/EEC shall be replaced by the List A in Annex itl hereto.

#### Article 5

List B in Annex 3 to Annex II to Decision 76/568/EEC shall be replaced by the List B in Annex IV hereto.

#### Article 6

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Customs Cooperation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and nen-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

#### Article 7

This Decision shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall take effect on 1 January 1978.

Done at Luxembourg, 19 June 1978.

For the Council
The President
P. DALSAGER

# ANNEX I

# MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

	1. Exporter (Nanc, tail address, country)		2UN.1	No 🛴 000	000
			See notes overleaf	before completing th	is form
	·	2. Certifica	te used in prefe	crential trade bet	ween
	3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)		**************************************	and	
		(insert ag	opropriate countrie	es, groups of countrie	es or territories)
		countr in whi	ry, group of ries or territory ich the product insidered as ating	5. Country countrie of destin	s or territory
	6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks			
(!) If goods are not packed, in- dicare number of articles or	8. Item number: Marks and numbers; Number and kind of Description of goods	packages (1);		9. Gross weight (kg) or other mea- sure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)
state 'in bulk' as appropriate.				m-, etc.)	
			-		
			-		
(4) Complete only where	r. sport document ;	Stamp	I, the under described a	rsigned, declare bove meet the	that the goods conditions re- iched certificate
the regu- lations of the expor- ting coan- try or ter- ritory re- quire.	Form No Customs office Issuing country or territory		Place and da	ite:	• 
	Dire				

13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to		14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION,	
		Verification carried out shows that this certificate (1)	
		was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.	
Verification ficate is requ	of the authenticity and accuracy of this cerusted.	does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).	
	(Place and date) Stamp	(Place and date) Stamp	
	(Signature)	(Signature) (b) Insert X in the appropriate box.	

#### NOTES

- Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the
  incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who
  completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
- No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A
  horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner
  as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

## APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)		EUR. 1	No A 00	d in preferential  s or territories) group of or territory
		See notes overlea	of before completing t	his form
		2. Application for a cer trade between	tificate to be us	ed in preferential
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country (Optional)	1)		and	
		(insert appropriate counti		
		4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	countrie	y, group of es or territory nation
6. Transport details (Optional)		7. Remarks		
8. Item number: Marks and numbers Description of goods	; Number and kind of	packages (F;	9. Gross weight (kg) or other mea sure (litres, m <sup>a</sup> , etc.)	(Optional)

(') If goods are nor packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

## DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the unde	rsigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,						
DECLARE	that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;						
SPECIFY :	DECLARF that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;  SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:  SUBMIT the following supporting documents (4):						
	The state of the s						
	and the same of						
SUBMIT:	he following supporting documents (1):						
	and the control of th						
	and the second of the second o						
	Marcon to an enterior many management and management and the control of the contr						
UNDERT.	AkE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;						
REQUEST	the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.						
	(Place and date)						
	(Ngnature)						

<sup>(</sup>b) For example; import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., reterring to the products used in manufacture of to the goods re-exported in the same state.

#### ANNEX II

	FORM EUR. 2 No	1 Form used in preferential trade
ei.	TOTAL ESTE E 140	between (1) and
ş	2 Exporter (Name, full address, country)	3 Declaration by exporter
ons on the other		I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described below, declare that the goods comply with the requirements for the completion of this form and that the goods have obtained the status of originating products within the provisions governing preferential trade shown in box 1.
msiniche	4 Consignee (Name, full address, country)	5 Place and date
TO) ully the		6 Signature of exporter
(RL.CTO) carefully	7 Remarks (2)	8 Country of origin (4) 9 Country of destination (4)
m read		10 Gross weight (kg)
(RUGTO)  (REGIO)  (REGIO)  (REGIO)  (REGIO)  (REGIO)	11 Marks; Numbers of consignment; Description of goods	12 Authority in the exporting country (*) responsible for verification of the declaration by the exporter

(1) Insert the countries, groups of countries or territories concerned.

(4) Refer to any senfication already, armed out by the appropriate authorities.

(9) The term 'country of origin' means country, group of countries or territory where the goods are considered to be originating.

(9) The term 'country' means country, group of countries or territory of destination.

13	Request for verification	14	Result of verification
Г	The verification of the declaration by the exporter on the	Г	Venfication carried out shows that (1)
	front of this form is requested (*)		the statements and particulars given in this form are accurate.
			this form does not meet the requirements as to accuracy and authenticity (see remarks appended.)
	(Place and date) Stamp		(Place and date) Stamp
	(Signature)		(Signature)
		1	(1) Insert X in the appropriate box.

(\*) Sul-sequent verifications of forms EUR. 2 shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubt as to the accuracy of the information regarding the authoriticity of the forms and the true origin of the goods in question.

#### Instructions for the completion of form EUR. 2

- A form EUR.2 may be made out only for goods which in the exporting country fulfil the conditions specified by the provisions
  governing the trade referred to in box 1. These provisions must be studied carefully before the form is completed.
- 2. In the case of a consignment by parcel post the exporter attaches the form to the dispatch note. In the case of a consignment by letter post the encloses the form in a package. The reference 'EUR. 2' and the serial number of the form should be stated on the customs given label declaration CI or on the customs declaration C2'CP3, as appropriate.
- 3. These instructions do not exempt the exporter from complying with any other formalities required by customs or postal regulations.
- 4. An exporter who uses this form is obliged to submit to the appropriate authorities any supporting evidence which they may require and to agree to any inspection by them of his accounts and of the processes of manufacture of the goods described in box 11 of this form.

7

#### ANNEX III

## LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result in a change of tariff heading without conferring the status of 'originating products' on the products undergoing such operations, or conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the	
CCT heading No	CCT the status of originating products		status of originating products when the following conditions are met	
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat and edible meat and edible meat offals of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.04		
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	Drying, salting, placing in brine: smoking of fish, whether cooked or not		
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	* .	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream		
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 04.01, 04.02 and 04.03.		
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables		
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01		
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation, cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of heading Nos 07.01 to 07.03		
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing addled sugar	Freezing of fruit		
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of heading Nos 08.01 to 08.09		

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the	
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the following conditions are met	
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05	Drying of fruit		
11.01	Cereal flours	Manufacture from cereals		
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further piepared), except rice	Manufacture from cereals		
	falling within heading No 10.06; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground		·	
11.04	Flour of the dried leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05 or of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8; flour and meal of sago and of roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06.	Manufacture from dried legumi- nous vegetables of heading No 07.05, products of heading No 07.06 or of fruit of Chapter 8		
	heading No 07.06			
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato	Manufacture from potatoes		
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	Manufacture from cereals		
11.08	Starches; inulin	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7		
11.09	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried	Manufacture from wheat or wheat flours	·	
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-ex- tracted	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05		
15.02	Fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats, unrendered; rendered or solvent-extracted fats (including 'premier jus') obtained from those unrendered fats	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.06		
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined	Manufacture from fish or marine mammals		
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2		

Products obtained			•
CCT heading No	Description	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including Chinawood oil, myrtle-wax, Japan wax or oil of tung auts, oleococca seeds or oiticia seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical applicances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products	Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluses, pre- pared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, not flavoured or coloured; sugar syrups, not flavoured or coloured; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel	Manufacture from any product	
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 %, of the value of the finished product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 19.02	Malt extract	Manufacture from products of heading No 11.07	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of eriofinating products when the following conditions are met
ex 19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derivatives thereof, meat and milk, or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products		Manufacture from durum wheat
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	Manufacture from potato starch	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, cornflakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product other than of Chapter 17 (*) or in which the value of the products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, scaling wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
20.01	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Preserving vegetables fresh or frozen	
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
20.04	Fruit, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glace or crystallized)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	

<sup>(1)</sup> This rule does not apply where the use of maize of the 'zea indurata' type or durum wheat is concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the following conditions are met
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:		
	A. Nuts		Manufacture, without added sugar or spirit, in which the value of the constituent originating products of heading Nos 08.01, 08.05 and 12.01, represents at least 60% of the value of the finished product
	B. Other fruits	Manufactured from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 21.02	Roasted chicory and extracts thereof	Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	
21.05	Scups and broths in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized food preparations	Manufacture from products of heading No 20.02	
ex 21.07	Sugar syrups, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	7.0
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07	Manufacture from fruit juices (1) or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30 of the value of the finished product	
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with atomatic extracts	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	

<sup>(1)</sup> This rule does not apply where fruit juices of pineapple, lime and grapefruit are concerned.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the starus of originating products when the following conditions are men
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
ex 23.03	Residues from the manufacture of maize starch (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40 % by weight	Manufacture from maize or maize flour	
23.04	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from varous pro- ducts	
23.07	Sweetened forage; other prepara- tions of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco		Manufacture from products of heading No 24.01 of which at least 70% by quantity are originating products
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
30.03	Medicaments (including veteri- nary medicaments)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
32.06	Colour lakes	Manufacture from materials of heading No 32.04 or 32.05 (1)	
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk barium carbonate and satin white (1)	
ex 33.06	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses	Manufacture from essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes, absolutes or resinoids (1)	

<sup>(9)</sup> These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description		status of originating products when the following conditions are met
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues		Manufacture from maize or potatoes
ex 35.07	Preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite; enzymatic preparations for desizing textiles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
37.01	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or cloth	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.02 (*)	
37.02	Film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, perforated or not	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 (1)	
37.04	Sensitized plates and film, exposed but not developed, negative or positive	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 or 37.02 (1)	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungi- cides, rat poisons, herbicides, anti-sprouting products, plant growth regulators and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for solder- ing, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxida- tion inhibitors, gam inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

<sup>(</sup>b) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-ex- tinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 38.19	Chemical products and prepara- tions of the chemical or allied industries (including those consist- ing of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding:		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does no exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
	- Fusel oil and dippel's oil;		
	Naphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of naphthenic acids;		
	Sulphonaphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids;		
	Petroleum sulphonates, ex- cluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines, thiophen- ated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their saltsy		
•	Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes;		
	- Ion exchangers;	. 1	
	- Catalysts;		
	- Getters for vacuum tubes;		-
	- Refractory cements or mortars and similar compositions;		
	Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas;		
	Carbon (excluding that in artificial graphite of heading No 38.01) in metal-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures		

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 38.19 (cont'd)	Sorbitol other than that of heading No 29.04      Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification		
ex 39.02	Polymerization products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06 with the exception of fans and hand screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles, and corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcatived natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanizationatural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after congulation either with carbon black with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather		Varnishing or metallizing of leather of heading Nos 41.02 to 41.06 (other than skin leather or crossed Indian sheep and Indian goat or kid, not further prepare than vegetable tanned, or i otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use if the manufacture of leathe articles) in which the value of the skin leather used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finisher product.
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up from furskin in plates, crosses and similar forms (heading No ex 43.02) (1)	

<sup>(</sup>b) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not corfer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of organizing products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, excepting those made of fibreboard		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
ex 44.28	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from drawn wood	
45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01
ex 48.07	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined, or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
cx 48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paper- board		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed $50~\%$ of the value of the finished product
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
50.04(¹)	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products other than those of heading No 50.04
50.05(1)	Yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
ex 50.07(1)	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03

<sup>(9)</sup> For yarn composed of two or more 'extile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which same of the other two. Instructed at which the new yarn is composed would be can made. The rule, he wear, does not apply to any one or more most desired restrict whose weight does not exceed a be. On the total weight of textile naturals whose weight does not exceed a be. On the total weight of textile naturals are

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the following conditions are met
ex 50.07(1)	Imitation catgut of silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01 or of heading No 50.03 neither carded nor combed
50.09(²)	Woven fabrics of silk, of noil or of other waste silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
51.01(1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.02(1)	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp .
51.03(¹)	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.04(²)	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
52.01(²)	Metallized yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
52.02( <sup>4</sup> )	Woven fabrics of metal thread or of metallized yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
53.06(1)	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03

<sup>(9)</sup> For year composed of two or more revise materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which years in the other castle materials of which the mixed year is composed would be distincted. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed would be distincted with whose weight does not exceed to 5% of the total weight of tentile materials more producted.

more minor obtain the state a minor weight 90% not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

(2) For fabrity composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

<sup>-</sup> to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped, falling within heading. No. ex 51.01 and ex 54.07;

to 30% where the insertial in obesition is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm, formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of
a film of artificial private material, whether or our covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glittle by means of a
transparent or colorared glittle between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of orientatine products when the Egiowing conditions are mer
53.07(1)	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.08(1)	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manafacture from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53,02
53.09(1)	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.05
53.10(1)	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 05.03 and 53.01 to 53.04
53.11(2)	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 53.01 to 53.05
53.12(²)	Woven fabrics of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 53.02 to 53.05 or from horsehar of heading No 05.03
54.03(1)	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture either from products of heading No 54.01 neither carded nor combed or from products of heading No 54.02
54.04(1)	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05(2)	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
55.05(1)	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.06(1)	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.07(²)	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04

<sup>(9)</sup> For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials.

<sup>(4)</sup> For fabrics composed of two or more testile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings unit which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to me one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This presentant shall be increased:

to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether of a gamped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm, formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium of of a film of artifact plants, material, whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and pland by means of a thin plant of colored plants. The polytoches is a film of artifact of colored plants of a film of artifact of colored plants.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the fellowing conditions are met
55.08(1)	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09(1)	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.93	Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous, not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.05(²)	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06(²)	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.07(1)	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03
57.06(²)	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03	-	Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.07(²)	Yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from true hemp, raw

<sup>(9)</sup> For fabrics commoned of two or more restrict materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other restrict materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one of more mixed restrict materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This precentage shall be increased:

Interested — 10.20.5 where the marerial in question is varn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within flexible as consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artifacti plane, marerial, whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or colored glue between two falling plane inserted.

<sup>(9)</sup> For sum composed of two or more textic materials, the conditions shown in the list most also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarms or the other cextic materials of which the mixed yarm is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textic materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textic materials incorporated.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not conferthe status of originaring products	Working or processing that confers the status or originating products when the 10 liewing conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 57.07(1)	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres, excluding yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from raw vegetable textile fibres of heading Nos 57.02 to 57.04
ex 57.07	Paper yarn		Manufacture from products of Chapter. 47, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
57.10(²)	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile hast fabrics of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.11(2)	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from materials of heading No 57.01, 57.02 or 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
ex 57.11	Woven fabrics of paper yarn		Manufacture from paper, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
58.01( <sup>3</sup> )	Carpets, carpeting and rugs knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50:01 to 50:03, 51:01, 55:01 to 53:05, 54:01, 55:01 to 55:04, 56:01 to 56:03 or 57:01 to 57:04
58.02( <sup>a</sup> )	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 56.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07

<sup>(</sup>b) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more insical textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

<sup>(9)</sup> For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other rextile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, talling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

To 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm, formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material, whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and gloed by means of a transparent or coloured globe between two films of artificial plastic material.

<sup>(\*)</sup> For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the textil weight of textile materials incorporated. This precentage shall be increased:

<sup>-</sup> to 20 % where the material in question is varn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

<sup>—</sup> to 30 % where the material in question is varied a width not exceeding 5 mm, formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium of a fifth of artificial plant; material, whether or not coverable administration powder, this core having tree inserted and good by means of a transparent or oldenic plane between two more of artificial plant, naturally.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the following conditions are met
58.04( <sup>1</sup> )	Woven pile fabries and chenille fabries (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabries of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabries falling within heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.05(1)	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics boiduel consisting of warp without weir assembled by means of an adbeste, other than goods fabling within heading No 58,06		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50,01 to 50,03, 53.01 to 53,05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55,04, 56.01 to 56,03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.06( <sup>1</sup> )	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size.		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.07( <sup>1</sup> )	Chen it: yarn finelading flock chemile yarn, temped yarn fother than metalized narn of heading No 52.01 and amped horsehalt yarn; braids and ornamental trimations in the piece: tassels, pompons and the like		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.08(1)	Tule and other ner fabrics (but not melading woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.09(¹)	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made face, in the piece, in strips or in mours		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50,01 to 50,03, 53,01 to 55,04, 55,01 to 55,04, 56,01 to 56,03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture in which the value of the product used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
59.91(*)	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp

<sup>(4)</sup> For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which fine mixed product is composed. This talk, however, does not apply to any one or more travel textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 to of the total weight of textile mixers increased.

exceed 1976 of the found segal of technical amongolocides. The potentiage among one-of-code of the potential among the following and the following segments of the flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, talling within heading No. cx \$1.01 indicx \$3.07 indicx \$1.00 indicx \$1.0

Products obtained		<b></b>	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	status of originating products when the following conditions are met
ex 59.02(1)	Felt and articles of felt, with the exception of needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 59.02(1)	Needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from fibre or continuous polyproplene fillament of which the denomination of the filaments is less than eight denier and of which the value
			does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
59.03(¹)	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.04(1)	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.05(1)	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.06(¹)	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
<b>59.</b> 07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buck- ram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		Manufacture from yarn
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		Manufacture from yarn

<sup>(\*)</sup> For products composed of two or more rextile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10.5 of the textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

10.20.5 where the material is question is sarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments or polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nose ex 5.10.1 and ex 5.5.0?

to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mir, formed of a core consisting either if a thin strip of aluminium or of
a fine of artificial plastic material, whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and placed by means of a
transpract or coloured plast between two times of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the fellowing conditions are met
59.10(¹)	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a costing applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		Manufacture either from yarn ot from textile fibres
x 59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crockeed goods, with the exception of those consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres, or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, contenining at least 90 % by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from yarn
x 59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods, consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90 % by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from chemical products
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impreg- nated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13(1)	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn
59.15( <sup>1</sup> )	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 of from chemical products or textile pulp

<sup>(</sup>f) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials motion exceeded 10% of the total weight of textile materials interpreted to the precentage shall be increased.

— to 20 % where the material in absorbing is year made of polyprethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nose existed and existed.

to 30 % where the material in question is varied a width not exceeding 5 mm, formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material, whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two tilms of artificial plastic materials.

Products obtained		w	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	status of ottamating products when the following conditions are met
59.16(1)	Transmission, conveyor or eleva- tor belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 of 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.17(1)	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.65, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex Chapter 60(!)	Knitted and crocheted goods, excluding knitted or crocheted goods obtained by sewing or by the assemble of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from natural fibres, carded or combed from materials of heading Nos 56/01 to 56/03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn (*)
ex 60.03	Stockings, understockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not clastic or rubberived, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn (*)
ex 60.04	Under garments, knitted or crochered, not clastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly ro shape)		Manufacture from yarn (*)

<sup>(\*)</sup> For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, nowever, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

<sup>-</sup> to 20 % where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading. Not ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 min, formed of a core consisting either of a thin, strip of aluminium or of
a film of artificial plastic material, whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inverted and glued by means of a transpired
or coloured plan between two thins of a transpireds.

<sup>(5)</sup> Trimmings and access of a used a challeng long and entating as which, we to all header of not recrow the entating strains of the predict obtained it than weight does not exceed to the of the retail weight of all the text is materials incorporated.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the fellowing conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crochetted, not clastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn (¹)
:x 60.06	Other articles, knitted or crocheted, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings), obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn (*)
x 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn (1) (2)
ex 61.01	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (*) (*)
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, not embroidered, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn (*) (*)
ex 61.02	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (*) (*)
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants outer garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (1)
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cutfs		Manufacture from yarn (¹) (*)
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn (1) (2)

<sup>(9)</sup> Trimmings, and accessories (excluding linings, and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all the textile material, incorporated.

<sup>(</sup>b) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the status of originature products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (1) (2) (3)
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (*)
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn of natural textile fibres or discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste or from chemical products or textile pulp (*) (*)
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantil- las, veils and the like, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (*)
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn (1) (2)
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender- belts, brassieres, braces, suspen- ders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn (*) (*)
ex 61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn (*) (*)
ex 61.10	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (1) (2)
ex 61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets) with the exception of collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from yarn (*) (*)

<sup>(9)</sup> Trimmines and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

(9) These provisions do not apply where the products are octained from protocol father in accordance with the conditions shown in Let B.

<sup>(\*)</sup> For products obtained from two or more resule materials, the rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10 to of the total weight of all the return materials incorporated

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.11	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice- fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (1)
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56 (2) (3)
<b>x</b> 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn (*) (*)
× 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; embroi- dered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste (*) (*)
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sun- blinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single un- bleached yarn (2) (3)
ex 62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns) excluding fans and hand-screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than tootwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or of cork	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	

<sup>(9)</sup> Trimmines and accessories used reacteding lining and interlining) which change tartif heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10 % or the total weight or all the textile materials incorporated.

<sup>3.</sup> These provisions do nor apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

<sup>(2)</sup> For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 19 'v o' the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from textile fibres
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass tinciuding flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved) whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including timplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06	
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	

<sup>(4)</sup> Three provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07 or 73.08	
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision- made); hollow mining drill steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.10, 73.12 or 73.13	·
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09 or 73.13	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.10	
73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bed-plates, ties and other materials specialized for joining or fixing rails		Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydroelectric con- duits		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07 or heading No 73.15 in the forms specified in heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)

<sup>(</sup>h) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape; perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0-15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
74.06	Copper powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the mished product (*)
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
74.11	Gaure, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands); of copper wire; expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
74.15	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper; holts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)

<sup>(</sup>f) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions had down in last B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when th following conditions are met
74.16	Springs, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the valu of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
74.19	Other articles of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of nickel; nickel wire		Manufacture in which the valu of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel: nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does no exceed 50 %, of the value of the finished product (1)
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of nickel; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and fianges), of nickel	÷	Manufacture in which the valu of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis		Manufacture in which the valu of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
75.06	Other articles of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the valu of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of th finished product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the valu of the products used does no exceed 50 % of the value of th finished product

<sup>(1)</sup> These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status or originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, out to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 %, of the value of the finished product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.11	Containers, of aluminium, for compressed or liquefied gas	·	Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the following conditions are met
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium	•	Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wiret wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of magnesium; other articles of magnesium; other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
78.94	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1-7 kg/m²; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, points, ethows, sockets, flanges and S-bends), of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (1)
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)

<sup>(9)</sup> These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 %, of the value of the finished product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m²; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 to of the value of the finished product
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the fellowing conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, mort dig for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product (1)
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product (1)
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechani- cal appliances and parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) (No 84.15) and sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines (ex No 84.41)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (2) used are originating products
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that:
			<ul> <li>at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (2) used for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originat- ing products, and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are orig- inating products</li> </ul>

<sup>(4)</sup> These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have aquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

<sup>(</sup>a) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

<sup>(</sup>a) in respect of orientaring products, materials and parts, the thorough must be taken into account; and the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of imported products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of products of undetermined origin.

	Products obtained	Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equip- ment; parts thereof; excluding products of heading No 85.14 or 85.15		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating material and parts used do not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that:
			<ul> <li>at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products, and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3 % of the value of the finished product (*)</li> </ul>
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotele- phonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and recep- tion apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and relevision cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the innished product, and provided that:  — at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products, and
			<ul> <li>the value of the non-originat- ing transistors used does not exceed 3 % of the value of the finished product (2)</li> </ul>
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomo- tives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
,			

<sup>(1)</sup> In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

<sup>(</sup>a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

<sup>(</sup>b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Frotocol determining: — the value of imported products, — the value of products of undetermined origin.

<sup>(2)</sup> This percentage is not cumulative with the 40 %.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	the status of originating products	status of originating products when the fellowing conditions are met
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (¹) used are originating products
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, excluding products of heading Nos 90.05, 90.07 (except electrically innited photographic flashbulbs), 90.08, 90.12 and 90.26	•	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and pars used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products
ex 90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight appartos and flashbulbs other than discharge lamps of heading No 85_0, with the exception of electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 49.5 of the finished product, and provided that at least 50.5 in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products
90.08	Cinematographic cameras, projec- tors, sound recorders and sound reproducers but not including re-recorders or film editing apparatus; any combination of these articles		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products

<sup>(4)</sup> In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

<sup>(</sup>a) in expect of originating products, materials and parts, the total-wing must be taken into account:

(a) in expect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the equatry where working, processing of assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol Jetermining:

— the value of imported products,

— the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		w. dia	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	status of originating products when the fellowing conditions are met
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 91.04 or 91.08		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
91.04	Other clocks		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (*) used are originating products
91.08	Clock movements, assembled		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (?) used are originating products
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments, sound recorders or reproducers, television image and sound recorders or reproducers; parts and accessories of such articles, excluding products of heading No 92.11		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product

<sup>(1)</sup> In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

<sup>(</sup>a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the form materials are products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

<sup>(</sup>b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of imported products,

— the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working on any service of the survival of	Working or processing that confers the
CCT heading No	Description	Working or processing that the set confert the status of oxignation; 15 thets	status of originating products when the following conditions are met
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders or reproducers, including record- players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders or reproducers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that:
	reproducers		<ul> <li>at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts (1) used are originating products, and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>the value of the non-originat- ing transistors used does not exceed 3 % of the value of the finished product (²)</li> </ul>
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts thereof		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
x 96.01	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers squeeges (other than roller squeeges) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs, blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

<sup>(</sup>f) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken from account of the part of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable post products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assemble to facilities on the territory of the country where working, processing or assemble to facilities.

(b) In respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of thes 2 rose the value of imported products, and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of thes 2 rose the value of products of undetermined origin.

<sup>(8)</sup> This percentage is not cumulative with the 40 %.

# ANNEX IV

# LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result in a change of tariff heading, but which do confer the status of 'originating products' on the products undergoing such operations

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading No	Description	originating products
		Incorporation of non-originating materials and parts in boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapters 84 to 92 in boilers and radiators of heading No 73.37 and in the products contained in heading Nos 97.07 and No 98.03 does not make such products lose their status of originating products, provided that the value of these products does not exceed 5 % of the value of the finished product
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gums-resins and balsams	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from heet sugar and cane sugar in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
ex 17.02	Lactose, glucose, maple or other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other sugars in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 22.09	Whisky of an alcoholic strength of less than 50°	Manufacture from alcohol deriving exclusively from the distillation of cereals and in which the value of the non-originating constituent products does not exceed 15 % of the value of the finished product
ex 25.15	Marble squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm

	Finished products	Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading No	Description	originating products
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite; agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
ex 25.19	Other magnesium oxide, whether or not chemically pure	Manufacture from natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)
ex 25.32	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex Chap. 28 to 37	Products of the chemical and allied industries, excluding sulphuric anhydride (ex 28.13), calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphares, treated thermically (ex 31.03), tannins (ex 32.01), essential oils, resinoids and terpenic by-products (ex 33.01), preparations used for tenderizing mear, preparations used for clarifying beer composed of papain and bentonite and enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles (ex 35.07)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating products used does not exceed 20 % of the value of the finished product
ex 28.13	Sulphuric anhydride	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide .
ex 31.03	Calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermically	Crushing and powdering of calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermically
ex 32.01	Tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin
ex 33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes and absolutes; resinoids; terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils	Manufacture from concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
ex 35.07	Preparations used for tenderizing meat, preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite, enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles	Manufacture from enzymes or prepared enzymes of which the value does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex Chap. 38	Miscellaneous chemical products, other than refined tall oil (ex 38.05), spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified (ex 38.07) and wood pitch (wood tar pitch) (ex 38.09)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20 % of the value of the finished product
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 38.07	Sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification consisting of the distillation or refining of raw sulphate turpentine
ex 38.09	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar
ex Chap. 39	Artificial resins and plastic materials, cellulose esters and ethers; articles thereof, excepting films of ionomers (ex 39.02)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20 % of the value of the finished product
ex 39.02	Ionomer film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading No	Description	originating products
× 40.01	Slabs of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
x 40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from vulcanized rubber thread or cord not textile covered
ex 41.01	Sheepskins and lambskins without the wool	Removing wool from sheepskins and lambskins in the wool
ex 41.02	Retanned bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather; and equine leather prepared but not parchment-dressed except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, not further prepared than ranned
× 41.03	Retanned sheepskin and lambskin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of sheepskin and lambskin leather, no further prepared than tanned
× 41.04	Retanned goatskin and kidskin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of goatskin and kidskin leather, no further prepared than tanned
x 41.05	Other kinds of retanned leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of other kinds of leather, not furthe prepared than tanned
x 43.02	Assembled furskins	Bleaching, dyeing, dressing, cutting and assembling of tanned or dressed furskins
x 44.22	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs, buckets and other coopers' products and parts thereof	Manufacture from riven staves of wood, not furthe prepared than sawn on one principal surface; saws staves of wood, of which at least one principal surface has been cylindrically sawn, not furthe prepared than sawn
x 50.03	Silk waste carded or combed	Carding or combing waste silk
ex 50.09 ex 51.04 ex 53.11 ex 53.12 ex 54.05 ex 55.07 ex 55.08 ex 55.09 ex 56.07	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operation (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 4755 % of the value of the finished product
x 59.14	Incandescent gas mantles	Manufacture from tubular gas-mantle fabric
× 67.01	Feather dusters	Manufacture from feathers, parts of feathers o
x 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.04	Hand-polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, of natural stone, of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery	Cutting, adjusting and glueing of abrasis materials, which, owing to their shape, are necognizable as being intended for hand use

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading <b>No</b>	Description	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut-glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product or decoration, with the exception of silk-screen printing, carried out entirely by hand, of hand-blown glassware the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious and semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones
ex 71.05	Silver and silver alloys, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manu- factured	Rolling, drawing, betaing or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought gold or gold alloys
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi- manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled gold on base metal or silver
<b>cx</b> 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading No	Description	orginaling products
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrough rolled platinum or other unwrought platinus group metals, on base metal or precious metal
x 73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel:	
	— in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.07 to 73.13	Manufacture from products in the form mentioned in heading No 73.06
	- in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.14	Manufacture from products in the form mentioned in heading No 73.06 or 73.07
x 74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefine copper (blister copper and other, copper waste of scrap
ex 74,01	Copper alloy	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined coppe copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes of heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, mickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediat products of nickel metallurgy
x 75.01	Unwrought nickel except nickel alloys	Refining of waste by electrolysis, by multing or be chemical means of waste and scrap
x 76.01	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment of unalloyed aluminium, waste and scrap
76.16	Other articles of aluminium	Manufacture in which gauze, cloth, grill, nettin, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materia (including endiess bands) of aluminium wire, covained metal of aluminium, are used the value owhich does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product.
x 77.02	Other articles of magnesium	Manufacture from wrought bars, rods, angle shapes and sections, plates, sheets and strip, wire foil, raspings and shavings of uniforms size powders and flakes, tubes and pipes and blank therefor, hollow bars, of magnesium, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product.
<b>x</b> 77.04	Beryllium, wrought	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrough berillium the value of which does not exceed 50 $\%$ of the value of the finished product
× 78.01	Refined lead	Manufacture by thermal refining from bullion lea
x 81.01	Tungsten, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten the value which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
x 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading No	Description	originating products
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex \$1.04	Other base metals, wrought	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrough the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
x 82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives) other than knives falling within heading No 82.06	Manufacture from knife blades
ex 83.06	Indoor ornaments made from base metals other than statuettes	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
x 84.05	Steam engines (including mobile engines, but not steam tractors failing within heading No 87.01 or mechanically propelled road rollers) with self-contained boilers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
x 84.08	Engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and particle does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (4) used a originating products
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-tolling machines and glass-working machines) and cylinders therefor	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts use does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product
× 84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heared, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature, for wood, paper pulp, paper and paperboard manufacturing industries	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and particle does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and particle does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.33	Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and particle does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product.

<sup>(</sup>b) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

(a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first scriftship price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the terrory of the country where working, processing to assembly to carried out;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of importance of products, and parts are provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of products of order-trained origin.

	Finished products	
CCT heading No	Description	Working or processing that confers the status of oughning products
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that  — at least 50% in value of the materials and
		parts (4) used for assembly of the head (motor excluded, are originating products
		— and the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers: audio-frequency electric amplifiers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products (9)
85.15	Radiorelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and televasion transmission and reception apparatus including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers; and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus. radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40° of the value of the inished process and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products (2)
87,06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and pairs used does not exceed 15 % of the value of the finished product
ex 94.01	Chairs and other sears (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, made of base metals	Working, processing or assembly in which unstiffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g m <sup>3</sup> or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product (*).
ex 94.03	Other furniture of base metal	Working, processing or assembly in which unstaited cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g m <sup>3</sup> or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product (*).
ex 95.05	Articles in tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material	Manufacture from tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material; worked
ex 95.08	Articles in vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet)	Manufacture from vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet); worked

<sup>(1)</sup> In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

<sup>(</sup>b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the following mass to taken find accounts would be raid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried our;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of imported products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of products of undetermined origin.

<sup>(\*)</sup> The application of this rule must not have the effect of allowing the exceeding of the percentage of 3 % for the originating transistors laid down in List & for the same tariff heading.

<sup>(2)</sup> This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of
CCT heading No	Description	originating products
ex 96.01	Brushes and brooms	Manufacture using prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls, of wood, root or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks

II - IMPLEMENTING ACTS

### COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3013/77

#### of 20 December 1977

amending Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 on the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories

(OJ L 355/77)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (1),

Whereas in consequence of the Customs Cooperation Council recommendation the Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature shall be amended in a number of instances with effect from 1 January 1978;

Whereas other amendments have been made autonomously to the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas it is therefore necessary to adapt certain tariff specifications set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 of 30 March 1976 on the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories (2) so

that, by means of exact alignment of these tariff specifications with the amended Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature, the tariff advantages previously granted to the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and to the overseas countries and territories are preserved unchanged,

#### HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 is hereby amended as follows:

- In Article 3, the words 'falling within subheading 02.01 A II a) of the Common Customs Tariff' shall read: 'falling within subheading 02.01 A II of the Common Customs Tariff'.
- 2. In Article 12:
  - in the second indent of paragraph 2, the reference '11.06' shall be replaced by '11.04 C';
  - the table in paragraph 3 shall be amended as follows:

CCT heading No	Description	
07.06	(unchanged)	
11.04	Flour of the dried leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05 or of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8; flour and meal of sago and of roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06:	
	C. Flour and meal of sago and of roots and tubers falling within heading No. 07.06:	
	ex I. Denatured (a):	
	- Flour and meal of arrowroot	
	II. Other:	
	ex (a) For the manufacture of starches (a):	
	- Flour and meal of arrowroot	
	ex (b) Other:	
	Flour and meal of arrowroot	
11.08	(unchanged)	

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No C 299, 12. 12. 1977, p. 54. (2) OJ No L 85, 31. 3. 1976, p. 2.

3. In Article 14 (1) the reference to 'Regulation (EEC) No 865/68' shall be replaced by a reference to 'Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 (1)'.

The footnote referring to Regulation (EEC) No 516/77 shall be added at the bottom of the page corresponding to Article 14:

'(1) OJ No L 73, 21. 3. 1977, p. 1'.

4. The following provisions shall be inserted after the table in Article 14:

#### TITLE VIIIa

#### Wine

Article 14a

The products listed below shall be imported free of customs duties:

CCT heading No	Description
20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:
	A. Of a specific gravity exceeding 1:33 at 15 °C:
	I. Grape juice (including grape must):
	ex (a) Of a value exceeding 22 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:
	- With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight
	(b) Of a value not exceeding 22 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:
	1. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight
	B. Of a specific gravity of 1:33 or less at 15 °C:
	Grape, apple and pear juice (including grape must); mixtures of apple and pear juice:
	(a) Of a value exceeding 18 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:
	1. Grape juice (including grape must):
	(aa) Concentrated:
	11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight
	(bb) Other:
	11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight
	(b) Of a value of 18 u.a. or less per 100 kg net weight:
	Grape juice (including grape must):
	(aa) Concentrated:
	11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight
	(bb) Other:
	11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight.'

# 5. The table in Article 17 shall read as follows:

'CCT heading No	Description
17.04	(unchanged)
18.06	(unchanged)
19.02	Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract (the remainder unchanged)
	B. Other:
	II. Other:
	(a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1.5 % by weight of such fats:
	4. Containing 45 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch:
19.04	(unchanged)
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products:
	D. (unchanged)
	ex II. (unchanged)
19.08	(unchanged)

# 6. The table in Article 19 shall read as follows:

'CCT heading No	Description	
01.02	(unchanged)	
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen:	
	A. Meat:	
	II. Of bovine animals	
10.06	(unchanged)'	

# Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1977.

For the Council
The President
J. CHABERT

# **COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 430/78**

of 28 February 1978

on the arrangements applicable to fresh or chilled tomatoes falling within subheading ex 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories

(OJ L 59/78)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (1),

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 of 30 March 1976 on the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories (2), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3013/77 (3), provides for the total or partial exemption from customs duties for such products; whereas, because of the significance of fresh and chilled tomatoes for the economies of these States, countries and territories, these products should be allowed to benefit from a partial exemption of customs duties for a fixed period of the year;

Whereas a Community tariff quota of 1 000 tonnes of fresh or chilled tomatoes falling under subheading ex 07.01 M I of the Common Customs Tariff should be opened for the period 15 November to 15 April; whereas the customs duty applicable within this quota may be fixed at 4.4 % with a minimum charge of two units of account per 100 kilograms net weight; whereas a quota of 300 tonnes should be opened for the period 1 March to 15 April 1978;

Whereas it is necessary in particular to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, however, since the tariff quota involved is of a relatively low volume and the period of application is very short, it seems possible to allocate the whole quota volume to the Community reserve and to provide for the possibility of those Member States in which needs might arise drawing appropriate quantities from that reserve; whereas the shares thus drawn from the reserve must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom on the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

### Article 1

From 1 March 1978 to 29 February 1980, the products listed below originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories shall be imported subject to customs duties equal to 40 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties within a Community tariff quota of 1 000 tonnes with a minimum charge of two units of account per 100 kilograms net weight:

CCT hesding No	Description	
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: M. Tomatoes:	
•	I. From 1 November to 14 May:  — From 15 November to 15 April	

#### Article 2

From 1 March to 15 April 1978, a Community tariff quota of 300 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for fresh or chilled tomatoes falling within subheading ex 07.01 M I of the Common

<sup>(\*)</sup> Opinion delivered on 17 February 1978 (not yet published in the Official Journal).
(\*) OJ No L 85, 31. 3. 1976, p. 2. (\*) OJ No L 355, 31. 12. 1977, p. 31.

Customs Tariff, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories

- Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at 4-4 % with a minimum charge of two units of account per 100 kilograms net weight.
- 3. The volume of the tariff quota referred to in paragraph 1 shall constitute a Community reserve.
- 4. If the need should arise for the products in question in a Member State, the latter shall draw an appropriate share from the reserve, providing that the size of the reserve so permits.
- 5. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 4 shall be valid until 15 April 1978.

#### Article 3

- Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that shares drawn pursuant to Article 2 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their cumulative portions of the Community quota.
- 2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the products concerned established in its territory have free access to the shares allocated to it.
- 3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the

imports of the products in question entered for home

#### Article 4

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

#### Article 5

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

### Article 6

The rules of origin applicable to the products imported under this Regulation shall be, respectively, those of Protocol 1 annexed to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation, and those of Annex II to Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community (¹).

#### Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 March 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 February 1978.

For the Council
The President
P. DALSAGER

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1976, p. 8.

#### **COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1198/78**

of 30 May 1978

amending Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 on the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories, as regards the list of the countries and territories

(OJ L 147/78)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof.

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 of 28 May 1969 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products (¹), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75 (²), and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission, Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (4),

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 706/76 (\*) laid down the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the overseas countries and territories:

Whereas the Territory of the Afars and Issas, which is listed among the countries and territories in Annex I to that Regulation, has attained independence as the Republic of Jibuti;

Whereas that State acceded to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé (?) on 2 February 1978, thus becoming one of the ACP States referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 706/76; whereas the list in Annex I to that Regulation should therefore be amended,

#### HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The words 'Territory of the Afars and Issas' shall be deleted from Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 1978.

For the Council
The President
I. NØRGAARD

<sup>(</sup>¹) OJ No L 141, 12. 6. 1969, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3 (³) OJ No C 63, 13. 3. 1978, p. 52.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 85, 31. 3. 1976, p. 2.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 25, 30. 1. 1976, p. 2.

### **COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1228/78**

of 6 June 1978

on the opening, allocation and administration of a Community tariff quota for rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the overseas countries and territories associated with the European Economic Community (1978/79)

(OJ L 153/78)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 136 thereof.

Having regard to Council Decision 76/198/EEC of 9 February 1976 on import arrangements for run, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the overseas countries and territories associated with the European Economic Community (1).

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Decision 76/198/EEC stipulates that rum, arrack and tafia shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of a Community tariff quota; whereas the annual size of the quota for the period 1 July to 30 June is to be fixed on the basis of a basic annual quantity, calculated in hectolitres of pure alcohol, to which a rate of growth of 13 % is to be applied, equal to the amount of imports during the best of the last three years for which statistics are available; whereas this rate may be modified in the light of certain criteria;

Whereas Community statistics for the years 1975 to 1977 show that the highest volume of imports into the Community of the products in question originating in the said countries and territories occurred in 1975, namely 63 337 hectolitres of pure alcohol; whereas, in the light of consumption and production within the Community and of the development of trade both within the Community and between the Community, the said countries and territories and the ACP States, the rate of growth for the quota period in question should be 13 %;

Whereas the size of the quota for the period 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1979 should therefore be fixed at 71 571 hectolitres of pure alcohol;

Whereas, owing to the special character of the products in question and their sensitivity on Commu-

nity markets, exceptional provision should be made for a method of use based on a single division among Member States:

Whereas, taking into account actual trends on the markets for the products in question, the needs of the Member States and the economic prospects for the period under consideration, the initial percentage shares in the quota volume could be as follows:

Benelux:	5.80
Denmark:	0.23
Germany:	93.80
France:	0.01
Ireland:	0.01
Italy:	0-01
United Kingdom:	0.14

Whereas the development of imports into the Community of these products should be recorded and imports should accordingly be monitored;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the share allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

- 1. From 1 July 1978 until 30 June 1979 rum, arrack and talia falling within subheading 22.09 C 1 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in the countries and territories referred to in Article 1 of Decision 76/198/EEC, shall be imported free of customs duty into the Community within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 71 571 hectolitres of pure alcohol.
- 2. The rules of origin applicable to the products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be those mentioned in Article 5 of Decision 76/198/EEC.

<sup>1)</sup> OJ No L 37, 12. 2. 1976, p. 24.

#### Article 2

The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated amongst the Member States as follows:

	(hl of pure alcohol,
Benelux:	4 160
Denmark:	150
Germany:	67 137
France:	8
Ireland:	8
Italy:	8
United Kingdom:	100

#### Article 3

- 1. Member States shall manage the shares allocated to them in accordance with their own arrangements.
- 2. The extent to which the Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question, originating in the said countries and territories, declared at customs for clearance for home use.

#### Article 4

In accordance with Article 6 of Decision 76/198/EEC, the Community shall monitor imports of the products

- in question originating in the said countries and territories.
- 2. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; only products submitted to the customs authorities under cover of a declaration that they are to be made available for home use and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules referred to in Article 1 (2) shall be taken into consideration for this purpose.
- 3. The Commission shall regularly inform the Member States of the extent to which the tariff quota has been used up.
- Where necessary, consultations may be held at the request of a Member State or on the initiative of the Commission.

#### Article 5

The Commission shall take all necessary measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, to ensure the implementation of this Regulation.

### Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member

Done at Luxembourg, 6 June 1978.

For the Council
The President
K. B. ANDERSEN

# COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2478/77

#### of 7 November 1977

on the system for guaranteeing the stabilization of earnings from certain commodities exported by the ACP States and the overseas countries and territories associated with the Community and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 158/76

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

(OJ L 287/77)
Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 158/76 should consequently be replaced by this Regulation,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 213 thereof

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas Article 17 of the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé establishes the list of products covered by the system of stabilization of export earnings of the ACP States;

Whereas by Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community (1) the same system was introduced for the said countries and territories;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 158/76 of 20 January 1976 on the system for guaranteeing the stabilization of earnings from certain commodities exported by the ACP States and the overseas countries and territories associated with the Community (2) provided for the sending by the Member States to the Commission of statements of imports of the products covered by the said stabilization system;

Whereas Decision No 3 of the ACP-EEC Council of Ministers of 14 April 1977 amended the list set out in Article 17 of the Convention;

Whereas the ACP States and the countries and territories covered by the system of stabilization of export earnings should be specified;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

- Before the end of each month, Member States shall forward to the Commission a statement of imports during the previous month of the products listed in Annex I:
- from the ACP and other States listed in Annex II.
- from the countries and territories listed in Annex III
- However, in the case of imports in 1977 of products falling within the following headings listed in Annex I, a statement drawn up on a monthly basis shall be sent to the Commission before 31 January 1978: 15.07-29, 09.05-00, 09.07-00, 53.01-10 to 53.01-40, 53.02-95, 13.02-91, 12.07-10, 13.03-15, 33.01-23.

### Article 2

The statement referred to in Article 1 shall give details of all products:

- which are released for home use in the Member State concerned.
- which are brought under the inward processing arrangements there in order to be processed.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1976, p. 8. (2) OJ No L 18, 27. 1. 1976, p. 3.

# Article 3

The statement referred to in Article 1 shall show the country of origin of the products, according to the common geographical code in force, the quantities imported and the cif values of these imports, in the national currencies of the Member States.

#### Article 4

Regulation (EEC) No 158/76 is hereby repealed.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member

Done at Brussels, 7 November 1977.

For the Council
The President
A. HUMBLET

# ANNEX I

# Products referred to in Article 1

NIMEXE code	Description of goods	
(a) Ground-nut products 12.01-31 to 12.01-35	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken:  Ground-nuts, in shell or shelled	
15.07-74 and 15.07-87	Ground-nut oil for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, crude	
	Ground-nut oil for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, other	
23.04-10	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils:  Other:  Of ground-nuts	
(b) Cocoa products 18.01-00	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	
18.03-10 to 18.03-30	Cocoa paste (in bulk or in block), whether or not defatted:  Not defatted  Wholly or partly defatted	
18:04-00	Cocoa butter (fat or oil)	
(c) Coffee products 09.01-11 to 09.01-17	Coffee, whether or not roasted or freed of caffeine; coffee husks and skins; containing coffee in any proportion:  Coffee, unroasted:	
	Not freed of caffeine; freed of caffeine	
	Coffee, roasted:  Not freed of caffeine; freed of caffeine	
21.02-10	Extracts, essences or concentrates of coffee; preparations with a basis of coffee extracts, essences or concentrates	
(d) Cotton products 55.01-10 to 55.01-90	Cotton, not carded or combed	
55.02-10 to 55.02-90	Cotton linters, raw and other	
(e) Coconut products 08.01-71 to 08.01-75		
12.01-42	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken:	
	Copra	
15.07-29 and 15.07-77 and 15.07-92	Coconut or copra oil for technical or industrial uses, crude  Coconut or copra oil for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, crude	

NIMEXE code	Description of goods
	Coconut or copra oil for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, other
23.04-20	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils:
	Other:
	Of copra (= of coconut)
f) Palm, palm nut, and kernel products	
15.07-19 and 15.07-6	Palm oil, for technical or industrial uses, crude
and 15.07-63	Palm oil, for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, crude
	Palm oil, for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, other
15.07-31 and 15.07-78	Palm kernel oil, for technical or industrial uses, crude
and 15.07-93	Palm kernel oil, for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, solid or fluid, other than in packings of 1 kg or less, crude
	Palm kernel oil, for the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, solid or fluid, other than in packings of 1 kg or less, other
23.04-30	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils:
	Other:
	Of palm nuts or kernels
12.01-44	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit, whole or broken:  Palm nuts and kernels
g) Raw bides, skins and leather	
41.01-11 to 41.01-95	Raw hides and skins (fresh, salted, dried, pickled or limed), whether or not split, including sheepskins in the wool
41.02-05 to 41.02-50	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08
41.03-10 to 41.03-99	Sheep and lamb skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08
41.04-10 to 41.04-99	Goat and kid skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08
n) Wood products	
44.03-20 to 44.03-99	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of its bark or merely roughed down
44.04-20 to 44.04-98	Wood, roughly squared or half-squared, but not further manufac- tured
44.05-10 to 44.05-79	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm
) Fresh bananas	
08.01-31	Bananas : Fresh
) Tea and spices	
09.02-10 and 09.02-90	Tea:
	In immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 3 kg

NIMEXE code	Description of goods	
09.05-00	Vanilla	
08.07-00	Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stones)	
(k) Raw sisal	·	
57.04-10	Sisal fibres and other fibres of the Agave family, including waste of such fibres and pulled or garnetted rags or ropes	
(l) Iron ore		
26.01-12 to 26.01-18	Metallic ores and concentrates and roasted iron pyrites:	
	Iron ores and concentrates and roasted iron pyrites	
(m) Wool		
53.01-10 to 53.01-40	Sheep's or lambs' wool not carded or combed	
(n) Other animal hair (fine or coarse)		
53.02-95	Fine animal hair:	
	Of Angora goats (mohair)	
(o) Gums		
13.02-91	Gum arabic	
(p) Pyrethrum		
12.07-10 and 13.03-15	Pyrethrum (flowers, leaves, stems, peel and roots)	
	Saps and extracts from pyrethrum	
(q) Essential oils		
33.01-23	Essential oils, terpeneless, of ylang-ylang	

#### ANNEX II

#### ACP and other States referred to in Article 1

#### 1. African States:

Mauritania, Mali, Upper Volta, Niger, Senegal, Ivory Coast, Togo, Benin, Cameroon, Chad, Central African Empire, Gabon, Congo, Rwanda, Burundi, Somalia, Zaire, Kenya, Uganda, Tanzania, Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland, Gambia, Ghana, Malawi, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, Zambia, Ethiopia, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Sudan.

#### 2. Caribbean States:

Barbados, Guyana, Jamaica, Bahamas, Grenada, Trinidad and Tobago, Surinam.

### 3. Pacific States:

Fiji, Western Samoa, Tonga.

#### 4. Indian Ocean States:

Madagascar, Mauritius, the Comoros, Seychelles.

Countries which have requested accession or are in the process of acceding to the Convention:
 Cape Verde, Republic of Djibouti, Papua New Guinea, Sao Tome and Principe.

# ANNEX III

#### Countries and territories referred to in Article 1

- 1. Overseas countries of the Kingdom of the Netherlands:
  - Netherlands Antilles (Aruba, Bonaire, Curação and St Martin, Saba, St Eustasius).
- 2. Overseas territories of the French Republic:
  - Mayotte,
  - New Caledonia and dependencies,
  - Wallis and Futuna Islands,
  - French Polynesia,
  - French Southern and Antarctic Territories.
- 3. Overseas countries and territories of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland:
  - Belize.
  - Brunei,
  - Associated States of the Caribbean (Antigua, Dominica, St Lucia, St Vincent, St Christopher, Nevis and Anguilla),
  - Cayman Islands,
  - Falkland Islands and dependencies,
  - Gilbert Islands,
  - Solomon Islands.
  - Turks and Caicos Islands,
  - British Virgin Islands,
  - Monserrat.
  - Pitcairn.
  - St Helena and dependencies,
  - British Antarctic territory,
  - British Indian Ocean territory,
  - Tuvalu.
- 4. Anglo-French Condominium of the New Hebrides.

#### **COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1745/78**

of 24 July 1978

fixing the guaranteed prices applicable for cane sugar originating in the overseas countries and territories (OCT) for 1978/79

(OJ L 203/78)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 136 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission.

Whereas, in accordance with the terms of Annex XXI to the Final Act of the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé (1), the Community guarantees, for cane sugar originating in the overseas countries and territories mentioned in the said Annex, the same treatment as provided for in Protocol 3 on ACP sugar annexed to the said Convention;

Whereas Council Decision 76/568/EEC of 29 June 1976 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community (2), embodies the application of this principle; whereas in accordance with Article 4 (4) of Annex IV to that Decision the guaranteed prices are fixed annually;

Whereas the guaranteed prices valid for 1978/79 for cane sugar originating in the ACP States have been fixed by Agreements in the form of exchanges of letters with the relevant ACP States; whereas it is now necessary for the Council to fix the same guaranteed prices for cane sugar originating in the overseas countries and territories concerned,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

For the period from 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1979, the guaranteed prices referred to in Article 4 (4) of Annex IV to Decision 76/568/EEC shall be as follows:

- (a) for raw sugar, 27.81 units of account per 100 kilograms;
- (b) for white sugar, 34-49 units of account per 100 kilograms.

These prices shall refer to sugar of standard quality as defined in Community rules, unpacked, and cif European ports of the Community.

#### Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply with effect from 1 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1978.

For the Council
The President
1. ERTL

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 25, 30. 1. 1976, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1976, p. 8.

# COUNCIL DECISION

# OF 7 FEBRUARY 1978

reviewing the amounts
which the European Investment Bank
may commit in the form of risk capital
for the purpose of applying the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé
and the Decision on the association
of the overseas countries and territories
with the European Economic Community

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Internal Agreement on the financing and administration of Community aid (1) (hereinafter called "the Internal Agreement"), signed on 11 July 1975, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 25, 30.1.1976, p. 168

Whereas both the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé (1) and the Decision on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Economic Community (2) make provision for the grant of aid in the form of risk capital to the ACP States, the overseas countries and territories and the French overseas departments;

Whereas the Commission of the European Communities and the European Investment Bank (hereinafter called "the Bank") has submitted to the Council a joint report on the experience recorded in the use of the 40 million European units of account which could be committed in the form of risk capital during the first two years of application of the above-mentioned Convention:

Whereas in the light of this report, this experience may be regarded as positive and it therefore seems advisable to make available to the Bank the remainder of the 100 million European units of account intended under the Internal Agreement for financial aid in the form of risk capital for the ACP States and the overseas countries and territories and the French overseas departments;

Whereas these States, overseas countries and territories and overseas departments should be enabled to continue, without interrupting their industrialization, to receive the benefit of the risk capital assistance administered by the Bank, pursuant to the Internal Agreement.

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 25, 30.1.1976, p. 2 (2) OJ No L 176, 1.7.1976, p. 8

# Sole Article

The, as yet uncommitted, balance of the 100 million European units of account earmarked in Article 1 of the Internal Agreement for risk capital operations shall be made available to the Bank for allocation to these operations from 1 April 1978.

Articles 22 and 23 of the Internal Agreement shall apply immediately to this amount. However, decisions granting approved aid shall not take effect and the corresponding contracts shall not be signed before 1 April 1978.

Done at Brussels, 7 February 1978
For the Council
The President
(s.) K.B. ANDERSEN

# COUNCIL

# COUNCIL DECISION

of 30 May 1978

adjusting the amounts made available to the European Development Fund (1975) for the ACP States and for the overseas countries and territories and the French overseas departments

(78/464/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Internal Agreement on the financing and administration of Community aid (1), signed on 11 July 1975, hereinafter referred to as the 'Internal Agreement', and in particular Article 1 (4)

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Republic of Jibuti, which as the Territory of the Afars and Issas was one of the former overseas territories associated with the Community under Decision 76/568/EEC (2), has attained independence and has applied to accede to the Convention of Lomé pursuant to Article 89 thereof; whereas the ACP-EEC Council of Ministers has approved this application; whereas this State deposited its instrument of accession with the General Secretariat of the Council and thus acceded to the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé on 2 February 1978;

Whereas, therefore, in accordance with Article 1 (4) of the Internal Agreement, the amounts provided for the overseas countries and territories in Article 1 (3) (b) of the said Internal Agreement should be reduced and those provided for the ACP States in subparagraph (a) of that paragraph correspondingly increased;

(1) OJ No L 25, 30. 1. 1976, p. 168. (2) OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1976, p. 8.

(OJ L 147/78). Whereas this adjustment must be made on the basis which first adjusted the amounts made available to the European Development Fund following the accession of three former associated overseas countries and territories to the Convention of Lomé,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Article 1 (3) (a) and (b) of the Internal Agreement shall be replaced by the following:

'(a) 3 034-35 million European units of account for the ACP States, comprising:

> 2 126:75 million European units of account in the form of grants,

436-60 million European units of account in the form of special loans.

96.00 million European units of account in the form of risk capital.

375.00 million European units of account in the form of transfers pursuant to Title II of the Convention :

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 46, 18. 2. 1977, p. 17.

- (b) 95-65 million European units of account for the countries and territories and the French overseas departments, comprising:
  - 42-83 million European units of account in the form of grants,
  - 34-40 million European units of account in the form of special loans,
  - 4-00 million European units of account in the form of risk capital,
  - 14-42 million European units of account in the form of a reserve.'

# Article 2

This Decision shall apply from 2 February 1978.

# Article 3

This Decision shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 1978.

For the Council

The President

I. NØRGAARD