DOCUMENT

COMPARATIVE TABLES OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEMES IN THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

13th EDITION (Situation at 1 July 1984)

GENERAL SCHEME (Employees in industry and commerce)



This document has been prepared for use within the Commission. It does not necessarily represent the Commission's official position.

This publication is also available in the following language :

FR ISBN 92-825-5658-1

Cataloguing data can be found at the end of this publication

Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, 1985

ISBN: 92-825-5657-3

Catalogue number: CB-44-85-323-EN-C

Articles and texts appearing in this document may be reproduced freely in whole or in part providing their source is mentioned.

Printed in Belgium

COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COMPARATIVE TABLES

OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEMES

in the Member States of the European Communities

13th EDITION

,

(Situation at 1 July 1984)

GENERAL SCHEME

(Employees in industry and commerce)

This document has been prepared for use within the Commission. It does not necessarily represent the Commission's official position.

Contents

.

| Introduction | Ł 🔸 | • • | • | • | , | • | • | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | ۰ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | 5 |
|--------------|-----|-----|----|----|---|----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Organization | t o | • | c | • | , | • | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | • | ٠ | 7 |
| Financing . | • | ٠ | • | | , | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | o | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | 19 |
| Health care | • | • | • | • | , | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | 31 |
| Sickness - c | as | h | be | me | f | it | 8 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | ٥ | 41 |
| Maternity . | • | • | • | • | , | • | • | • | 0 | • | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | • | • | ٠ | 47 |
| Invalidity . | • | • | • | | , | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ۰ | 53 |
| Old-age 。. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Survivors . | • | • | • | | , | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | 71 |
| Employment i | nj | ur | ie | 8 | a | nd | . c | 000 | u | pat | tic | ona | al | di | ise | as | ses | 3 | ٠ | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | 79 |
| Family benef | it | 8 | • | | , | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | 99 |
| Unemployment | ; . | • | | | , | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | • | • | ٠ | • | 109 |

,

This booklet provides a rapid comparison of social security schemes in the different Member States by means of descriptive tables.

It describes the situation at 1 July **1984** and covers all schemes applicable to employees in Industry and Commerce. In certain countries these schemes apply to all employees and sometimes even to the whole population.

The booklet does not claim to provide full details but does constitute a source of rapid information which allows the reader to compare easily the essentials of one country's legislation with another's. (For detailed comparisions, reference should be made to special studies.) Therefore details of each regulation are not given, neither are national terminologies closely copied, to avoid an apparent plethora of purely formal differences.

The definition of social security corresponds to ILO Convention No 102 and thus includes the risks covered by it. These different risks are each the subject of a series of tables. The first two series give details of the organization and the financing methods used, countries being classified by alphabetical order.

For a quantitative comparison of different schemes, reference should be made to the publications on the subject (such as "Medium term projection of Social Expenditure and its financing" and "Social Protection Statistics") and to the studies carried out by the Commission.

ORGANIZATION

ORGANIZATION IN BELGIUM

Ministry of Social Security For unemployment: Ministry of Employment and Labour

Table I - 1

| Sickness maternity and invalidity | Old-age and survivors | Employment injuries and occupational diseases | Family allowances | Unemployment |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------|--------------|
| and invarially | | and occupational diseases | • • | |

NATIONAL SOCIAL SECURITY OFFICE (Collection and distribution or contributions except for industrial injuries)

ORGANIZATION IN DENMARK

Ministry of Social Affairs For unemployment and supplementary pensions: Ministry of Labour For hospitals and national health insurance: Ministry of the Interior

Table I - 2

| Sickness and Maternity | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Hospitals | Other benefits in kind benefits | | Invalidity, old-age, survivors, ohild allowances | Enployment injuries and occupational diseases | Unemployment | | |
| National Health Office | | | (1) | Labour Directorate | | | |
| Regional authorities | | | Local municipalities | Registered private insurance companies | Unemployment funds | | |

(1) The Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme (ATP) is administered centrally by an independent body managed jointly by the two sides of labour.

٥

ORGANIZATION IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Federal Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs (1) Federal Insurance Office (2) Labour Ministers of the Länder (2)

Table I - 3

| Sickness and Maternity | Invalidity, old-age and survivors | Employment injuries and occupational diseases | Family allowances and unemployment |
|---|---|---|---|
| <pre>(Confederation of sickness funds) Local funds or Funds operated by firms or Funds operated by trades or Licensed mutual health insurance funds</pre> | Federal Insurance Institute for non- industrial staff or Land insurance institutes for indus- trial staff | Trade cooperative associations or Federal, Land or local bodies (public employees) | Federal Labour Offices Land Labour Offices Local Labour Offices |

(1) For family allowances, responsibility is divided between the Ministry for Families, Youth and Health (legislation) and the Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs (implementation).

(2) Bundesversicherungsamt: Supervisory body for insurance organs whose authority exceeds the geographical boundaries of a "Land"; in all other cases supervision is carried out by the "Länder", under the authority of the Labour Ministers.

ORGANIZATION IN GREECE

Ministry of Social Insurance For unemployment and family benefits: Ministry of Labour

Table I - 4

 Sickness, maternity, invalidity, old age, survivors, employment injury, occupational disease
 Unemployment, family benefits

 Institute for Social Insurance (IKA) also responsible for contribution colleotion for all branches, including unemployment and family benefits
 Office for Employment and Manpower (OAED)

 Local offices
 Offices in large towns. IKA offices elsewhere.

ORGANIZATION IN FRANCE

Ministry of Health and Social Security For unemployment: Ministry of Labour and Participation

Table I - 5

| Sickness, maternity, invalidity, survivors, and occupational risks | Old-age | Family allowances | Unemployment |
|---|--|--|--|
| (responsib the collection of oc | National Inter-occupational Union for Employment in Industry and Commerce (UNEDIC) | | |
| National Sickness Insurance Fund Regional funds Primary funds | National Old-age Insurance Fund (1) | National Family Allowances Fund Family Allowances Funds | Association for Employment in Industry and Commerce (ASSEDIC) |

.

(1) There is a regional fund for the Haut-Rhin, Bas-Rhin and Moselle departments.

ORGANIZATION IN IRELAND

| Health Services | All cash benefits (Sickness, Maternity, Invalidity, Old-age, Survivors, Employment injuries and occupational diseases, Family allowances) except Unemployment, Supplementary Welfare Allowance and those mentioned under "Health Services" | Unemployment |
|---|---|---|
| Eight Regional Health Boards under the general supervision of the Department of Health. These also administer certain allowances (e.g. Disabled persons Maintenance Allowance, Blind Welfare Allowances, Maternity Grant, Supplementary Welfare Allowance). | Centrally administered by the Department of Social Welfare. | Administered by local offices of Department of Social Welfare. |

ORGANIZATION IN ITALY

Ministry of Labour and Social Security Ministry of Health

| Table I - (| Table I - | 7 | |
|-------------|-----------|---|--|
|-------------|-----------|---|--|

| Sickness and Maternity | Invalidity, Old-age, Survivors, Family allowances, Unemployment | Employment injuries and Occupational diseases |
|--|---|---|
| Regions Local health units (USL) National Institute of Social Welfare (provisional responsibility for cash benefits and contribution collection) | National Institute for Social Welfare (INPS) (1) INPS regional inspectorates INPS provincial, urban and suburban offices (also authorized to collect contributions) Local offices and information centres | National Institute for Insurance against Industrial Injuries (INAIL) INAIL regional inspectorates INAIL provincial offices (also authorized to collect contributions) (some local offices) |

(1) For social security pensions there is a "Social Fund" managed by INPS. Also managed by the INPS, a family allowances fund and one for supplementary benefits (partial unemployment).

ORGANIZATION IN LUXEMBOURG

Ministry of Social Security (1) General Inspectorate for Social Security

Table I - 8

| Sickness and Maternity | Invalidity, old-age, survivors, employment injuries, occupational diseases, family allowances | Unemployment |
|---|---|---|
| Sickness fund for private non-industrial staff or National sickness insurance fund for industrial staff or Funds operated by firms | Social Insurance Office comprising: Association for Insurance against Accidents (industrial and non-industrial staff) and Establishment for Insurance against Old-age and Invalidity (industrial staff), also responsible for managing the Family Allowances Fund for industrial staff (2) Pension Fund for private non-industrial staff (invalidity, old-age, survivors, for non-industrial staff) also responsible for managing the Family Allowances Fund for non-industrial staff (2) | Employment Administration Local agencies for the Employment Administration and Secretariats in the local authorities |

(1) The Ministry for Family, Public Housing and Social Security is responsible for family allowances.

(2) The Fund also pays birth grants, for which the Birth Grants Fund is responsible.

ORGANIZATION IN THE NETHERLANDS

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment Benefits in kind: Ministry of Welfare, Public Health and Culture

Sickness and Maternity Invalidity Unemployment Old-age, survivors, family allowances Benefits in kind Cash benefits COUNCIL OF COUNCIL OF SOCIAL INSURANCE SICKNESS FUNDS General Unemployment Fund Social Insurance Bank, which also Compensation fund Two Incapacity Funds: - Salary Earners Insurance manages the old-age, survivors' and family allowances funds - National Insurance and General Sickness Insurance Fund (serious risks) Occupational associations (some managed by a Joint Administrative Office), which are also Labour councils Sickness funds responsible for collecting sickness, unemployment and incapacity insurance contributions of employees 1 Local authorities (unemployment benefit)

There is no special insurance scheme for accidents at work or industrial diseases - these **risks** are covered by sickness insurance schemes (benefits in cash or in kind), invalidity schemes and survivors' insurance.

16

Table I - 9

ORGANIZATION IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

Department of Health and Social Security (DHSS) Administration of unemployment: Department of Employment Also Welsh Office, Socttish Office and Northern Ireland Administration (1)

Table I - 10

| Medical care | All oash benefits (Sickness, Maternity, Invalidity, Old-age, Survivors, Employment injuries and Óccupational diseases, child benefit) except Unemployment benefit | Unemployment |
|---|--|---|
| National Health Service Regional and Area Health Authorities (under DHSS supervision) | Regional and local offices of DHSS | Regional and local offices of Department of Employment |

(1) The structure of this Table relates to England and Wales; the Scottish Office and Northern Ireland Administration operate different structures.

ORGANIZATION IN THE NETHERLANDS

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment Benefits in kind: Ministry of Welfare, Public Health and Culture

Sickness and Maternity Invalidity Unemployment Old-age, survivors, family allowances Benefits in kind Cash benefits COUNCIL OF COUNCIL OF SOCIAL INSURANCE SICKNESS FUNDS General Unemployment Fund Social Insurance Bank, which also Compensation fund Two Incapacity Funds: manages the old-age, survivors' and - Salary Earners Insurance family allowances funds - National Insurance and General Sickness Insurance Fund (serious risks) Occupational associations (some managed by a Joint Administrative Office), which are also Labour councils Sickness funds responsible for collecting sickness, unemployment and incapacity insurance contributions of employees , Local authorities (unemployment benefit)

There is no special insurance scheme for accidents at work or industrial diseases - these **risks** are covered by sickness insurance schemes (benefits in cash or in kind), invalidity schemes and survivors' insurance.

Table I - 9

ORGANIZATION IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

Department of Health and Social Security (DHSS) Administration of unemployment: Department of Employment Also Welsh Office, Scottish Office and Northern Ireland Administration (1)

| Medical care | All cash benefits (Sickness, Maternity, Invalidity, Old-age, Survivors, Employment injuries and Occupational diseases, child benefit) except Unemployment benefit | Unemployment |
|---|--|---|
| National Health Service Regional and Area Health Authorities (under DHSS supervision) | Regional and local offices of DHSS | Regional and local offices of Department of Employment |

(1) The structure of this Table relates to England and Wales; the Scottish Office and Northern Ireland Administration operate different structures.

Table I - 1

| FINANC | ING |
|--------|-----|
| | |

Table II - 1

Contributions : Rates and ceiling (annual ceiling unless otherwise stated) (See Table II-2 for non-industrial staff in Italy and Luxembourg)

| BEL | GIUM | DENMARK | FR OF | GERMANY | GRE | ECE | FRA | NCE |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Rate % | Ceiling | | Rate % | Ceiling | Rate % . | Ceiling | Rate % | Ceiling |
| 6.35 (a) 3.35 (b) Ee: 2.55 + 1.15 Er: 3.80 + 2.20 | - | National health insurance: - Cash benefits: All taxpayers pay 1.85% of taxable income | Average: 11.46 Ee : 5.73 Er : 5.73 | DM 46 800 | $5.55 (a) \\ 1.20 (b) \\ Ee: 1.85 + 0.4 \\ Er: 3.70 + 0.8 \\ \end{cases}$ | (a) DRA 105 275 (b) per month | 18.10 Ee: 5.50 Er: 12.60 | _ |
| | | Er: DKR 50 per employee per year | 18.5 | | 14.25 Ee: 4.75 Er: 9.5 | DRA 105 275 per month | | |
| 16.36 Ee: 7.50 Er: 8.86 | | National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Supplementary pension: DKR 95 per month (Ee 1/3; Er 2/3) | Ee: 9.25 Er: 9.25 | DM 62 400 | | | 14.0 Ee: 5.8 (including 0.1 for widows and widowers) Er: 8.2 | FF 101 880 |
| tions to employer are fixed by cont dustrial injuries the Employment In | s' joint funds ract for in- . Contribution to jury Fund | Insurance contribution varies according to the risk, paid by employer | Collective rates according to de- gree of risks in the various occu- pational branches. Contribution fixed by the association and cal- culated on the basis of the total gross earnings Contribution ceiling: varying be- tween DM 60 000 and DM 96 000 ac- cording to the different profes- sional associations. | | u- | | Collective individual or mixed rates according to number employed in the concern and degree of risk. Contribution assessed on total of gross earnings with a ceiling of FF 101 880 | |
| Ee: 0.87 Er: 2.83 Er: | | maximum rate of daily payment (DKR 335 per day). Ee: 11.25 times the above rate per year. Er: 6 times the above rate per year per | 4.6 Ee: 2.3 Er: 2.3 | DM 62 400 | 3.0 Ee: 1.0 Er: 2.0 | DRA 105 275 per month | 6.5 Ee: 1.92 +0.5 Er: 4.08 | FF 407 520 between FF 101 880 and FF 407 520 FF 407 520 |
| Er: 7.0 | - | - | - | - | 2.0 Ee: 1.0 Er: 1.0 | DRA 105 275 per month | Ъг: У.О ⁻ | FF 101 880 |
| | Rate % 6.35 (a) 3.35 (b) Ee: 2.55 + 1.15 Er: 3.80 + 2.20 16.36 Ee: 7.50 Er: 8.86 Insurance premium tions to employer are fixed by cont dustrial injuries the Employment In Er: 0.3 % and to Diseases Fund Er: 0.65% j.70 Ee: 0.87 Er: 2.83 | Rate % Ceiling 6.35 (a) - 3.35 (b) - Ee: 2.55 + 1.15 - Er: 3.80 + 2.20 - Insurance premiums or contribu- tions to employers' joint funds are fixed by contract for in- dustrial injuries. Contribution to the Employment Injury Fund Er: 0.3 % and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.65% j.70 Er: 2.83 | Rate % Ceiling 6.35 (a) - 3.35 (b) - Ee: 2.55 + 1.15 - Er: 3.80 + 2.20 - I6.36 - Ee: 7.50 - Er: 8.86 - 10.37 and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.37 and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.65% - i.70 - <td>Rate \$\$CeilingRate \$\$6.35 (a)-National health insurance: - Cash benefits: All taxpayers pay 1.85% of taxable incomeRate \$\$Ee: 2.55 + 1.15 Er: 3.80 + 2.20-Sational health insurance: - Cash benefits: All taxpayers pay 1.85% of taxable incomeAverage: 11.46 Ee : 5.73 Er : 5.7316.36 Er: 8.86-1) National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.52 of taxable income18.516.36 Er: 8.86-1) National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.52 of taxable incomeEe: 9.25 Er: 9.2510murance premiume or contribu- tions to employers' joint funds are fixed by contract for in- dustrial injuries. Contribution to the Bmployment Injury Fund Er: 0.3 % and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.65%Insurance contributions fixed every year based on legal maximum rate of daily payment (DR 335 per day). Ee: 11.25 times the above rate per year. Er: 6 times the above rate per year per employee4.6 Ee: 2.3 Er: 2.3</td> <td>Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Ceiling Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Ceiling 6,35 (a) - Definition Cash benefitss All taxpayers Average: 11.46 Definition Ec: 2.55 + 1.15 - Cash benefitss All taxpayers Pay 1.85% of taxable income Per : 5.73 Definition 16.36 - - 10 National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Ee: 9.25 DM 62 400 16.36 - - 10 National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Ee: 9.25 DM 62 400 16.36 - - 10 National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Ee: 9.25 DM 62 400 1100000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ 6.35 (a) 1.35 (b) Ec: 2,55 1.15 Er: 3.80 + 2.20 - National health insurance: - Cash benefits All tapayers pay 1.85% of taxable income Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Er: 3.80 + 2.20 - - Cash benefits All tapayers pay 1.85% of taxable income Pri 2.20 (b) Er: 5.73 DM 46 800 1.20 (b) Er: 1.65 + 0.4 Er: 3.70 + 0.8 Er: DKR 50 per employee per year - 18.5 DM 62 400 Er: 9.25 Er: 9.25 DM 62 400 Er: 7.50 Er: 0.37 and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.87 - - 1.10 (b) Er: 1.45 + 0.4 Er: 1.20 (b) Er: 9.5 Collective rates according to de- matioum rate of daily payment (Ke 1/3; Kr 2/3) See 'Sickness' an ecording to the risk, paid by employer Er: 0.3 7 and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.47 - - Flat-tate contribution fixed every year based on legal every year based on legal for each of actions. See 'Sickness' an ecording to the different profes- sional associations. Er: 7.00 Er: 7.00 - - - - - 2.0 Er: 2.0</td> <td>Rate # Ceiling Rate # Ceiling Rate # Ceiling Rate # Ceiling Rate # Ceiling <thceiling< th=""> <thceiling< th=""> <thceiling< th=""> <th< td=""><td>Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Ceiling</td></th<></thceiling<></thceiling<></thceiling<></td> | Rate \$\$CeilingRate \$\$6.35 (a)-National health insurance: - Cash benefits: All taxpayers pay 1.85% of taxable incomeRate \$\$Ee: 2.55 + 1.15 Er: 3.80 + 2.20-Sational health insurance: - Cash benefits: All taxpayers pay 1.85% of taxable incomeAverage: 11.46 Ee : 5.73 Er : 5.7316.36 Er: 8.86-1) National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.52 of taxable income18.516.36 Er: 8.86-1) National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.52 of taxable incomeEe: 9.25 Er: 9.2510murance premiume or contribu- tions to employers' joint funds are fixed by contract for in- dustrial injuries. Contribution to the Bmployment Injury Fund Er: 0.3 % and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.65%Insurance contributions fixed every year based on legal maximum rate of daily payment (DR 335 per day). Ee: 11.25 times the above rate per year. Er: 6 times the above rate per year per employee4.6 Ee: 2.3 Er: 2.3 | Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Ceiling Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Rate \$\frac{\lambda}{2}\$ Ceiling 6,35 (a) - Definition Cash benefitss All taxpayers Average: 11.46 Definition Ec: 2.55 + 1.15 - Cash benefitss All taxpayers Pay 1.85% of taxable income Per : 5.73 Definition 16.36 - - 10 National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Ee: 9.25 DM 62 400 16.36 - - 10 National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Ee: 9.25 DM 62 400 16.36 - - 10 National pension: All taxpayers pay 3.5% of taxable income Ee: 9.25 DM 62 400 1100000000000000000000000000000000000 | Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ 6.35 (a) 1.35 (b) Ec: 2,55 1.15 Er: 3.80 + 2.20 - National health insurance: - Cash benefits All tapayers pay 1.85% of taxable income Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Er: 3.80 + 2.20 - - Cash benefits All tapayers pay 1.85% of taxable income Pri 2.20 (b) Er: 5.73 DM 46 800 1.20 (b) Er: 1.65 + 0.4 Er: 3.70 + 0.8 Er: DKR 50 per employee per year - 18.5 DM 62 400 Er: 9.25 Er: 9.25 DM 62 400 Er: 7.50 Er: 0.37 and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.87 - - 1.10 (b) Er: 1.45 + 0.4 Er: 1.20 (b) Er: 9.5 Collective rates according to de- matioum rate of daily payment (Ke 1/3; Kr 2/3) See 'Sickness' an ecording to the risk, paid by employer Er: 0.3 7 and to the Occupational Diseases Fund Er: 0.47 - - Flat-tate contribution fixed every year based on legal every year based on legal for each of actions. See 'Sickness' an ecording to the different profes- sional associations. Er: 7.00 Er: 7.00 - - - - - 2.0 Er: 2.0 | Rate # Ceiling Ceiling <thceiling< th=""> <thceiling< th=""> <thceiling< th=""> <th< td=""><td>Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Ceiling</td></th<></thceiling<></thceiling<></thceiling<> | Rate \$ Ceiling Rate \$ Ceiling |

.

<u>FINANCING</u> Contributions: Rates and ceiling (annual ceiling unless otherwise stated) (See Table II-2 for non-industrial staff in Italy and Luxembourg)

Table II - 1

| IRE | AND | ITA LY | | LUXE | MBOURG | NETH | ERLANDS | UNITED KI | NGDOM |
|---|---|---|--|--|---------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Rate % | Ceiling | Rate % | Ceiling | Rate % | Ceiling | Rate % | Ceiling | Rate % | Ceiling |
| Health Service: Ee: 1% (paid by Er for persons with full eligibility - see Table III) Cash benefits IRL 13 000 | | 19.12 (Industry) 17.40 (Commerce) Ee: 1.0 Er: 18.12 (Industry) 16.40 (Commerce) | - | 4.70 (a) 3.60 (b) Ee: 2.35 + 1.80 Er: 2.35 + 1.80 | LFR 1 507 440 | 9.7 (a) 3.95 (b) 5.8 (c) Ee:4.85 + 1 Er:4.85 + 3.95 + 4.8 | (a) HFL 40 550 or HFL 156 per day (b) HFL 62 850 (c) HFL 68 120 or HFL 262 per day | If fully partici- pating in the scheme (not con- tracted out) 19.45 Ee: 9 Er: 10.45 of weekly earnings | UKL 250 per wee |
| 17.60 Ee: 5.50 Er: 12.10 | | 25.12 (Industry) 24.97 (Commerce) | - | 16.0 | LFR 1 205 952 | 19.1 (a) 6.5 (b) Ee: 17.6 Er: 1.5 + 6.5 | (a) HFL 68 120 or HFL 262 per day (b) HFL 62 850 | provided that earnings are UKL 34 or more. If members of ap- | |
| | Eet 7.15 Ee: 8.0 13.1 Er: 17.97 (Industry) 17.82 (Commerce) 17.45 | HFL 62 850 | proved occupational scheme, same rate as above for earn- ings up to UKL 34 <u>plus</u> 13.20 Ee: 6.85 Er: 6.35 | | | | | | |
| | | Collective rates base risks in the various branches. The rate, v and 5% (average: 3.% on total earnings. Al contribution equal to security contribution | occupational arying between 3%) is calculated so an additional 20% of social | Collective rates based on a scale of risks. Contribution fixed by the in- surance association and calculated on gross total earnings, with a minimum equal to the minimum earnings of an adult manual worker and a maximum of LFR 1 205 952 per year | | See 'Invalidity' | | for that part of earnings above UKL 34. | |
| | | Er: 3.81 (Industry) 1.61 (Commerce) | - | - | - | On average: 3.57 Ee: 3.01 Er: 0.56 | HFL 68 420 or HFL 262 per day | r | |
| | - | Er: 6.20 | - | Er: 2.50 | LFR 1 205 952 | Er: 3.95 | HFL 62 850 | - | L |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | an pa pa pa pa pa pa pa pa | | | | | tanan ya mayoo ku ja xa mja ka ma |

Contribution : Notes on preceding Table II-1.

GERMANY BELGIUM DENMA RK GREECE FRANCE <u>Sickness</u>: The rate varies accord-ing to regulations of the fund concerned: the ceiling represents Sickness: a = benefits in kind Sickness: a = benefits in kind Sickness: 1 % contribution NOTES: b = cash benefits In addition a 10% contribution is levied on car insurance premiums Ee: = Employee b = benefits in cash from unemployment benefit b = benefits in cash <u>Old-age</u>: The rate is increased for difficult or insalubrious work by 3.6% (Be: 2.2%, Er: 1.4%) and for enterprises where a risk of employment injury is great, by 1% (Er) higher than legal minimum Er: = Employer 75% of the pension ceiling for manual workers wage and from statutory pensions. Unemployment: For firms with 10 or less employees, Er contributions reduced to 1.23%. A further contribution of 6 % is levied on car insurance premiums.

Table II - 1 (continued)

Contributions - notes on preceding Table II-1

Table II - 1 (continued)

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| nemployment: Including 0.4% redundancy ontribution. urcharge: A Youth Employment Levy and n income levy of 1% each are payable y Ee in addition on all income (paid y Er in cases where also required to ay health contributions - see above). | Sickness: incl. maternity (0.53% Industry, 0.31% Commerce), 2.01% Tuberculosis, 3.3% pensioners' sick- ness insurance, 0.59% agricultural solidarity, 1.65% hospital fund (1) (Specific contributions apply to those who voluntarily join the national scheme). <u>Old-age</u> incl. 0.15% supplement pen- sion funds (Industry), 0.15% assist- ance to orphans, 0.1% finance of local authority crèches, 0.11% for basic contribution to old-age and 0.01% for assistance to orphans (1) Family benefits:lower contributions for certain types of employer Unemployment: incl. 0.01% basic con- tribution, 1.90% (Industry) for topping-up earnings (partial unem- ployment) and 0.3% supplement to unemployment insurance. | Sickness: a - benefits in kind b - cash benefits Pamily allowances: rate applicable in commercer 2.10% Unemployment financing by an unem- ployment fund which is subsidized by solidarity taxes paid by individuals and various bodies together with local authority contributions | Sickness: a = benefits in kind b = general insurance against serious risks c = cash benefits (average rate) Invalidity: a = employees insurance (HFL 91 per day free of contribution) b = general insurance | Sickness: Benefits in kind are almo entirely financed by general taxati |

Percentages and ceilings applicable to non-industrial staff in Italy and Luxembourg (Otherwise the percentages and ceilings in Table II-1 are applied)

Table II - 2

| | ITAL | 5 | LUXEMBOURG | | |
|--|---|---------|---|------------------|--|
| | Rate % | Ceiling | Rate % | Ceiling | |
| Sickness and maternity | 16.87 (1) 17.40 (2) Ee: 1.0 Er: 15.89 (1) 16.40 (2) | _ | $\begin{array}{c} 4.70 & (a) \\ 0.10 & (b) & (4) \end{array}$ Ee: 2.35+0.05 Er: 2.35+0.05 | LFR 1 507 440 | |
| nvalidity ld—age; Survivors | See Table II - 1 | | See Table II — 1 | See Table II - 1 | |
| mployment injuries and ccupational diseases | - | _ | See Table II - 1 | See Table II - 1 | |
| Jnemployment | Er: 1.61% (3) | - | See Table II - 1 | See Table II - 1 | |
| Family allowances | See Table II - 1 | - | Er: 1.45 | LFR 1 205 952 | |

(1) Industry: including 3.80% pensioners' sickness insurance, 2% tuberculosis, 0.58% agricultural solidarity, 0.53% maternity, 1.65% National hospital fund and 0.01% basic contribution for tuberculosis (see also footnote previous page).

(2) Commerce and credit sectors: same as for industry except that the maternity contri
(3) Industry - no contributions for funds topping-up earnings (partial unemployment).
(4) (a) = benefits in kind, (b) = cash benefits. Commerce and credit sectors: same as for industry except that the maternity contribution is 0.90%.

Public authorities' contribution

BELGIUN DENMARK GERMANY GREECE FRANCE 80% of medical expenses pro Sickness/Maternity Financed by local and central _ Annual subsidy to cover any _ vided to widows, orphans Benefits in kind Government except for a small part deficit pensioners, recipients of covered by contributions. invalidity pensions and to their dependents. Sickness /Maternity The Federal Government refunds a lump sum of DM 400 for each mater-Cash benefits nity grant paid and a benefit for prolonged maternity leave For the 2nd, 3rd and 4th year of invalidity the percentages Inva⊥idity of expenses paid in 50, 75 Basic pensions: State covers all and 95 repectively; in addition Annual Federation subsidies fixed Annual subsidy to cover any costs apart from a small part according to variations in the 100% of funeral expenses. deficit covered by contributions general basic earnings Supplementary pensions: No Govern-ment participation Old-age; Survivors Annual State subsidies _ Employment injuries and 60% of expenditure on silicosis _ _ Annual subsidy to cover any _ deficit occupational diseases benefit Unemployment Cover for any deficit The State pays expenditure not The Federal Government covers any Annual subsidy to cover any Flat-rate subsidy by State covered by the income from coninsurance deficit and the cost of deficit tributions unemployment assistance Annual subsidy Financed by the Government Financed by Federal budget Annual subsidy to cover any -Family allowances deficit

Table II - 3

Public authorities' contribution

Table II - 3

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| itate contributes 94% for benefits in find (workers'/employers' contributions epresent only 6% of cost) | As well as contributions for sickness insurance, the national health Fund collects from regions, provinces, communes and other public institutions as well as from the surplus of tuber- culosis insurance | 50% of administrative and staff costs (excepting funds operated by firms). The State finances certain benefits prescribed by law (e.g. maternity, certain accidents, mental and congen- ital illness, tuberculosis, cancer, poliomyelitis, etc.) The National Solidarity Fund inter- venes for pensioners | Fixed annual subsidy (indexed) for general insurance (serious risks) | Covernment contributes approximately |
| State contribution: difference between amount of contributions and cost of benefits | Financing of Social Fund | State and local authorities; all costs for the flat-rate part of pensions State: 50% of administrative costs | Annual subsidy to cover expenditure on handicapped youth | Exchequer subsidy of about 11% of total contributions plus full cost o non-contributory Invalidity Pension, Attendance Allowance, Mobility Allowance, and Non-contributory Retirement Pension. |
| | - | <pre>1/3 of cost of adapting and adjusting pensions; 50% of administrative costs</pre> | - | |
| | Annual State subsidies | Financing by an unemployment fund enhanced by local authority contribu- tions amongst others | The State finances unemployment assistance | |
| Financed by the Government | Annual subsidies | The State finances: - the difference between total amount of family allowances and total con- tributions; - birth grants; - administrative costs; - allowances for handicapped children | | Financed by the Government |

Financing systems applicable to long-term benefits

Table II - 4

FRANCE GERMANY OREECE BELGIUM DENMA RK Special 'pay as you go' procedure Formation of reserve 'Pay as you go' 'Pay as you go' 'Pay as you go' 'Pay as you go' Invalidity National Pensions 'Pay as you go' Constitution of a fund for special purposes 'Pay as you go' 'Pay as you go' 'Pay as you go' Special 'pay as you go' Old-age; Survivors procedure Formation of a reserve Supplementary old-age and survi-vors pensions: mixed system (pay as you go and capital cover). Mixed system (pay as you go and capital cover) 'Pay as you go' Formation of a reserve 'Pay as you go' 'Pay as you go' Employment injuries: Employment injuries and capitalization; financing systems of commercial insurance companies occupational diseases Occupational diseases: 'Pay as you go'

<u>FINANCING</u> Financing systems applicable to long-term benefits

Table II - 4

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|--|-----------------|---|
| 'Pay as you go' plus Exchequer supplement | 'Pay as you go' | Invalidity, old-age and survivors - annual formation of capital to cover pensions due and the rights being acquired by survivors of | 'Pay as you go' | 'Pay as you go' plus Government supplement |
| 'Pay as you go' plus Exchequer supplement | 'Pay as you go' | pension beneficiaries - adjustment of pensions to the cost-of-living index calls for capital cover, but adjustment of pensions to the wage level does not | 'Pay as you go' | 'Pay as you go' plus Government supplement |
| 'Pay as you go' | Mixed system ('pay as you go' and Capital cover system) Formation of mathematical reserves representing the current values of permanent pensions | - Capital cover for pensions granted during a financial year; Adjustment of pensions to cost-of- living and wage level made annually through contributions | 'Pay as you go' | 'Pay as you go' plus Government supplement |
| | | | | |

·----



Table III - 1

HEALTH CARE

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | CE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| LEGISLATION 1. First law | 28 December 1944 | 1892 | 15 June 1883 | 1934 | 5 and 30 April 1930 |
| 2. Easic legislation | 9 August 1963, supplemented and amended 23 December 1963 on hospitals 29 June 1981 | National health: 9 June 1971, amended <u>Hospitals</u> : 19 June 1974, amended | 'Tersicherungsordnung' (Insurance Code) of 19 July 1911, amended and supplemented on many occasions General section of the Social Code, of 11 December 1975, pre- scriptions 23 December 1976 | Law of 14 June 1951, modified | Social Security Code - Book III,- Decree of 29 December 1945, amended |
| BENEFICIARIES Field of application | All workers bound by a contract of service and ostegories assimilated thereto Pensioners (including the disabled and orphans) Uncemployed persons Handicapped persons Higher education students Persons otherwise unprotected | All residents | All persons in paid employment and those receiving vocational training Pensioners Unemployed persons Persons receiving transitional allowances under vocational training arrangements Handioapped persons employed in sheltered workshops Kigher education students | Employees and persons assimilated thereto Pensioners Unemployed | All employees or persons assimilated thereto Pensioners Unemployed persons |
| (embership ceiling | - | - | Non industrial staff: DM 46 800 p.e. (1) | - | ••• |
| Dependants | Dependants, subject to certain conditions | All residents | Dependent spouse and children, other dependents (monthly income lower than DM 455) | Dependent members of the insured's family | Dependent members of family (also certain relatives) |
| Special rules for pensioners | Pensioners: Reduction of 2.55% in benefits as long as payment not reduced below EFR 33 139 per month (EFR 27 963 if no dependant) | Same rules as for the rest of the population | Benefits in kind for themselves and their families Participation in obligatory contributions by stages: Since 1/7/83: 1%) From 1/7/84: 3% of pension From 1/7/85: 5%) | Same rules as for other insured | Holders of an invalidity pension and members of their families: - 1% of obligatory contribution - benefits in kind with full re- fund for the pensioner himself. Those receiving an old-age pension or non-contributory old-age allow- ance and members of their families - benefits in kind with standard refund - 1% of obligatory contribution |

HEALTH CARE

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| 1911 1970 Health Act | 27 October 1927 (TB) Law of 23 December 1978, instituting the national health service | 31 July 1901 Books I and IV of Social Insurance Code, consequent upon the Law of | 1 November 1941 15 October 1964; 14 December 1967 introducing general | 1911 National Health Service act 1946, amended |
| | | 2 Maý 1974 (modified) | insurance for serious risks | |
| - Full eligibility: necessitous persons whose incomes are below certain guidelines | All residents including foreign residents (on request) | 1. All persons in paid employment 2. Pensioners 3. Unemployed persons | All persons under 65 in paid employment Pensioners | All residents |
| - Limited eligibility for remainder of population | | 4. Persons whose sole remuneration is their keep | 3. Unemployed persons For general insurance: all residents | |
| | - | - | HFL 47 850 p.a. | - |
| The insured person and his dependent family | See 'Field of application' | Dependent members of family living in the insured's household | Dependent members of the family | All residents |
| There are higher income guidelines for persons aged 66 or over. | Same rules as for the rest of the population | Pensioners: compulsory contribution of 4.7% of the pension, half being paid by the body granting the pension (1) Benefits in kind for themselves and their families If the beneficiary carries on an occu- | Holders of incapacity pensions if the incapacity is over 45% and holders of widows' or orphans' pensions. Contri- butions are compulsory Provided that they were members of the compulsory scheme before the pension | Same rules as for the rest of the population except that when pensio are in hospital their pension is reduced after the first 8 weeks. |
| | | pational activity, membership is re- quired by reason of those activities (except for those holding invalidity and retirement pensions). The contri- bution is calculated both on the pen- sion and on the salary | was granted | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Table III - 1

Table III - 2

HEALTH CARE

| | BELGIUM | DENNARK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| CONDITIONS Conditions for grant of benefits - qualifying period | Period of work and membership required; 6 months, including 120 days of actual work or periods assimilated thereto (unemployment, annual holidays, etc.) (1) Proof of payment of minimum contribution Proof of illness covered by the insurance | 6 weeks for new residents | - Period of work and membership required: none | 50 days of work subject to con- tribution over the preceding year, or in the 12 first months of the 15 months preceding the illness | Period of work and membership requireds 1 200 hours during the year or 600 per half year or 200 per quarter |
| Commencement of benefits | From beginning of illness | From beginning of illness | From beginning of illness | From the start of the sickness | From beginning of illness |
| Duration of benefits | Unlimited; (or until the end of the 2nd quarter following that in which membership terminates) | Unlimited | Unlimited; (when an employee with- draws from the insurance scheme, benefits cease to be paid 26 weeks after the date on which he ceases to be insured) | Unlimited | Unlimited; (or one month after termination of membership) |
| ORGANISATION 1. Dootors: a. Approval | All dootors registered with the Order of Dootors | All dootors qualified to practise (numbers limited by district ac- cording to number of inhabitants) | Doctors approved by the funds are formed into 'associations of sick- ness fund doctors' at regional and national level. In certain cases, hospital doctors | Dootors employed by the insurance institute (IKA) | All dootors qualified to practise |
| b. Payment | Scales of fees fixed by agreement between the insuring bodies and doctors' organisations or, failing this, laid down officially. Other- wise, fees fixed freely by doctors and the insurance refund is laid down by decree | Fees are fixed by agreement be- tween the Doctors' Organization and the public health insurance. In the Copenhagen area fees are oalculated in proportion to the number of patients registered with the doctor; outside Copen- hagen fees are calculated partly on this basis and partly as a flat-rate sum for each medical action Specialists are paid a flat-rate sum for each medical action | Payment in full to the association by the fund: a. lump sum, or fixed amount per medical act; b. fixed amount per head; o. fixed amount per sick case; d. combination of above. The association of sickness fund doctors distributes the compre- hemsive payment between the sick- nees fund doctors on the basis of a scale agreed with the sickness fund federations | Doctors are paid by the insurance institute | Scales of fees fired by a national agreement or by ministerial decree These scales may be exceeded in the case of: a. patient's particular financial situation; b. patient's special requirements; c. practioner's special qualifi- cations |
| 2. Hospitals | Hospitals: establishments approved by the Minister of Health, scales of fees fixed by agreements or, failing this, by the public authorities | Public hospitals established by regional health authorities. Private hospitals: the regional health authorities conclude agree- ments with most of the private hospitals | The sickness funds conclude agree- ments with certain hospitals | Public hospitals and registered private clinics and hospitals of IKA | Public hospitals; rates fixed by the public authorities; Private establishments: after approval by the regional committee partially by agreement on fees concluded with the sickness funds |

HEALTH CARE

| LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | |
|---|---|--|
| - Period of work and membership re- quired: none, in principle | Period of work and membership required: none, subject to enrolment with a sick- ness fund in time | |

| | | - Period of work and memberahlp re- quired: none, in principle | Period of work and membership required: none, subject to enrolment with a sick- ness fund in time | |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| From beginning of illness | From beginning of illness | From beginning of illness | From beginning of illness | From beginning of illness |
| Unlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited |
| Doctors participate in the General Medical Services on the basis of agreement reached by the Department of Health with the Irish Medical Organisation | Doctors under contract to the region | All doctors approved by the State | 'Approval by the sickness funds' by contract with the doctor. Rights and obligations and fees for assisting persons insured by sickness fund are fixed by agreement | Doctors under contract with the Local Family Practitioner Committee |
| Dootors are paid on a fee per item basis in accordance with scale agreed with the Irish Medical Organisation | Flat-rate basis per head depending on age of patient and experience of doctor. The scales are fixed by agreements between the Ministry of Health, Regions and Doctors' organizations. Maximum number of persons registered with a doctor: 1 500. Individual contracts for out-patient specialists with payment on fixed hourly rate and consultation basis. Doctors employed in hospitals receive a fixed monthly salary from their employers | Fees: - pursuant to collective agreements; - following arbitration by the Conciliation and Arbitration Com- mittee subject to ministerial confirmation Scales of fees are linked to the trend of reckonable compensation of employees | Direct payment of fees by the sickness fund: - flat-rate per insured person according to the system of registra- tion on list of GPS in the area. | In general: - basic allowance - capitation fee - special allowance |
| Most hospitals in the country | Hospitals are administered on a regional bass, both public hospitals and approved private clinics | Agreements with association of hospitals | Special agreements between hospitals and regional sickness funds | All the hospitals administered by the National Health Service (most hospitals in the country) |

1000

IRELAND

ITALY

Table III - 2

UNITED KINGDOM

Table III - 3

HEALTH CARE

| | BELOIUM | DENMARK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| EENEFITS Choice and payment of lootor | Free choice of doctor Advance on fees by insured person Refund at the agreed or official rate | <u>Category 1</u> : A once a year free choice of a registered G.P. no fees payable <u>Category 2</u> :-Free choice but insured persons advances the fees | Free choice among sickness fund doctors No fees paid by insured (Fees are paid by the association of sick- ness fund doctors) | The insured goes to the local insurance institute doctor No fees | Free choice of doctor Advance on fees by insured person Refund at the agreed or official rate |
| Patients' contributions towards medical expenses | Insured person's share must not exceed 2% for general medical care No share borne for assistance by specialists or for treatment of 'social diseases' Preferential treatment for the disabled, pensioners, widows and orphans whose incomes is less than BFR 335 560 per year (+ BFR 62 121 per dependant) | Category 1: No charges Category 2: Partial reimbursement That part of expenses which ex- ceeds the amount fixed by the public scheme for Category 1 | No share borne by insured person | No participation | <pre>Share borne by insured person (statutory): 25% but: a. reduced to 20% for treatment given during hospitalisation or consultations given in hospitals; b. not required for expansive treatment, prolonged sickness or certain complaints</pre> |
| Hospitalisation | Free choice among hospitals ap- proved by the minister Normal cost per day of hospitali- zation fixed by the minister (var- iable according to class of hos- pital and price index) Complete refund (public ward) save for a daily BFR 168 participation (2FR 67 for invalids, widows, orphans and pensioners, increased after 91st day. | Public hospitals No charge (except for private wards) Approved private hospitals Costs exceeding the public tariff are payable by the insured | Free ohoice among hospitals having a contract with the sickness fund Free hospitalization in a shared room, but DM 5 per calendar day during a maximum of 14 days. Duration of benefit: unlimited, in principle | The insured has the right to hos- pitalization in a public hospital or in a registered clinic desig- nated by the insurance institute or in a IKA hospital | Free choice smong public and private (approved) hospitals, 20% of costs borne by the insured person, but not in the case of any expensive treatment, prolonged illness or certain complaints. Flat rate FF 21 per day included in 20% of costs Duration of benefit: unlimited in principle |
| Sanatoria | See hospitalization | See Hospitalization | Free if necessary Partication of insured: DM 10 per calendar day | See Hospitalization | Subject to sickness fund's prior approval: no share borne by insured person |
| Courses of treatment | Preventive health centres: underdeveloped children Flat-rate sum from insurance (maximum BFR 646 per day); also fixed daily sums calculated in the light of previous financial year's outgoings. | See Hospitalization | Contribution to cost or if necessary payment of total cost Assistance to convalescents: settlement in conval. homes In each case, DM 10 per calendar day. | Partial contribution by the insured | Subject to sickness fund's prior approval: refund of medical fees and cost of treatment in a thermal centre No daily allowances in principle (except for the more needy) |

HEALTH CARE

Table III - 3

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXENBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Full eligibility: Free choice of a P. from a list of doctors in their area. Doctors fees are paid by Local Health Board. Persons with limited eligibility choose their own G.P. as they wish | Free choice of doctor among those on the register for the area. A fixed fee is paid by the region | Free choice of doctor (treatment abroad subject to approval of sickness fund) Fees refunded to insured person by sickness funds | Free choice of doctor (twice a year) by registering with a sickness fund doctor Direct payment (flat-rate per insured person) by the sickness fund No fees | Free ohoice for all persons aged 16 years or over; parents or guardians choose for children under 16 No fees (National Health Service) |
| General medical care Persons with full eligibility; no charge Others pay the whole cost of services except in cases of certain serious or long term diseases and disabilities Specialists No charge for persons with full eligibility; Others pay full cost, except those with incomes under IRL 12 500 per year | Participation in laboratory or clinical tests and analyses amounting to 20 % of official tariff. (min.: LIT 1 000; Max. LIT 15 000) If prescription covers several items, the maximum is increased to LIT 50 000 | Share borne by insured person: 20% of the ordinary tariff for visits for the first medical visit in any 28 day peri- od; 5% for other visits or consult- ations. No change in cases of hespitalization | No share borne by insured person. But under the general insurance scheme (serious risks) a share must be borne by insured persons over 18 | No oharge |
| Public hospitals No charge (except for private or semi private wards) Private hospitals and homes Liable for all costs except that in some nursing homes financial aid is given towards the cost of maintenance. Infectious diseases treatment Free of charge to all persons irrespective of income; unlimited duration | Direct assistance: free choice of public or private hospital among those registered under the scheme with free treatment (sharing a room) | Free choice of hospital (hospital abroad subject to approval of sickness fund) Participation in maintenance costs: LFR 160 per day of hospitalization | Free choice among hospitals or psychiatric institutions which have an agreement with the sickness insurance fund and are located near the place of residence Health care is entirely free for injured persons and members of their families in the lowest category of room Duration of benefit: unlimited (after 1 year taken over by the general insurance scheme) | No oharge, except where the patient asks for special amenities or for ex- treatment which is not clinically necessary |
| See Hospitalization | See Hospitalization | (In principle as for hospitalization) | TB sanatorium: refund of oosts corre- sponding to the lower category of 'approved' sanatorium Duration: unlimited (after 1 year taken over by general insurance scheme | See Hospitalization |
| | Thermal curres; Subject to prior approval of the local health unit Free cures in registered establishments In the others, the reimburgement is limited to fees in registered estab- lishments | Subject to approval | | See Hompitalization |

Table III - 4

HEALTH CARE

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREBCE | FRANCE |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Dental treatment | Comprising: - preservative treatment, - extractions, - dental prostheses, - orthodontic treatment Refund: - of cost of treatment, see medical care - of costs of dental plates, etc., subject to sickness fund doc- tor's approval, up to 100% if patient is 50 or over or if younger, affected by specific complaints | Cost to insured: <u>Category 1</u> : 1/2 of cost treatments on list <u>Category 2</u> : That part of cost which exceeds the amount fixed for Category 1 | Comprising: - All costs covered by the sick- ness fund - Cash grant towards costs for prostheses and dental crowns In certain cases, total or partial dental costs covered | As for health care but charge of 25% for dental prostheses | Comprising: - preservative treatment, - extractions, - dental prothesss, - orthodontio treatment Refund: according to fixed rate as for medical care The 25% share borne by the in- sured person is abolished in some exceptional cases |
| Pharmaceutical products | Insured person's share: - Cat. A (serious illness): - - Cat. B (useful drugs): 25% ceiling HFR 300, WIPO (1) 15%, ceiling HFR 200 - Cat. C (less useful drugs): 50% ceiling HFR 500, WIP0 HFR 300 - Cat. CS ('comfort' drugs): 60% For those in hospital: HFR 25 per day. Refund of cost of important products: max. EFR 50 per prescription (WIPO 100%). For certain products: BFR 70 | Cost to insured: Two lists of products Most important products: 50 % of cost Less important products: 75 % of cost | Insured persons: DM 2 for each medicament prescribed, except children and special cases. 'Comfort' drugs should no longer be prescribed. Members of family; as for insured person | Charge of 20% for medicaments prescribed by doctor | Insured person's share: 30%, or 60% for 'comfort' drugs. No share required from long-term patient |
| Prostheses, spectacles, nearing-aids | Full refund of fees fixed by agreement | Partial réimbursement | Charge limited to DM 4 per prescription | Charge limited to 25% maximum | Subject to sickness fund's prior approval: - refund of established fees (70%) and for major fittings (100%) |
| other benefits | As laid down in the regulations | Free assistance and treatment given by nurse at home if recom- mended by a doctor Free transport to doctor or hos- pital for pensioners, who are insured in Category 1, and in certain other cases and circum- stances For both categories, part of cost met for treatment by chiropractor | Treatment at home: assistance and treatment given by nurse, etc. as supplementary benefit in certain cases Examination for early symptoms: 1. children's diseases (up to 4 years); 2. cancer annual examination after 20 years for women and 45 years for men Assistance with domestic arrange- ments in cases of hospitalization: domestic or financial assistance | Various benefits, such as cost of travelling for the sick living in distant regions | Other benefits may also be granted, if funds are available, with the approval of the sick- ness insurance fund |

HEALTH CARE

| ARE | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | | | |

| Comprising: | Comprising: | Comprising: | - Range of charges up to a maximum of |
|--|---|---|--|
| Standard benefits: free treatment in the centres of the national health service and from registered doctors | Standard benefits: - preservative treatment, - extractions, - orthodontic treatment Refund according to collective agree- ments Contributions towards costs of pros- theses cannot exceed 20% Share of consultations: 5% of tariff | - preservative treatment, - extractions, - dental prostheses, - orthodontic treatment. Completely free treatment, conditional upon compulsory half-yearly examina- tion Fund's contribution towards costs: dental plates, etc. | Indigo to the get of the attribute of the attrib |
| For certain products on the 'thera- peutic list' (urgent or long term): no share For the others, 15% plus LIT 1 000 per prescription (max. 3 drugs). The 15% does not apply to drugs for chemotherapy and for antibiotics. Maximum share per prescription: LIT 21 000 No share for the severe invalided and those whose annual income is below LIT 4 500 000. | Classification of drugs: - non-refundable drugs and products - drugs subject to preferential reim- bureement i.e. at 100% - drugs subject to normal reimburse- ment i.e. at 80%, (but if hospital- ized: 100%) | Registration with a chemist under con- tract chosen by the insured person: - Insured person's share: HFL 2.50 per drug (max. per year HFL 125) - direct settlement between chemist and fund | Charge of UKL 1.60 per prescribed medicine except for ohildren under 16, men aged 65 or over and women aged 60 or over, pregnant women and mothers of a child under one year of age, certain war pensioners in certain circumstance persons with low incomes and persons suffering from certain chronic dis- eases including the housebound (1) |
| Subject to prior approval, refund of cost as 'supplementary benefit' and according to established scale which varies according to the benefit and for a limited number of prostheses. | Subject to sickness fund's prior approval: - refunds at the tariff rates fixed by agreements | (Excepting spectacles) subject to prior approval: cover of 70-100% | <u>Spectacles:</u> Limited charges in accord- ance with National Health Service scale. No charge for children under 16, or persons over 16 still in full- time attendance at school. Financial help for persons with low incomes. <u>Prostheses and Hearing aids</u> : No charge for provision and fitting of National Health Service appliances |
| | | Transport for the sick. Within the general insurance frame- work: treatment in institutions for the mentally sick and for the handi- capped; stay in a home; certain kinds of preventive medi- cines for children | Various additional benefits provided under the National Health Service and by Local authorities e.g. free trans- port to hospital, if essential |
| | the centres of the national health service and from registered doctors For certain products on the 'thera- peutic list' (urgent or long term): no share For the others, 15% plus LIT 1 000 per prescription (max. 3 drugs). The 15% does not apply to drugs for chemotherapy and for antibiotics. Maximum share per prescription: LIT 21 000 No share for the severe invalided and those whose annual income is below LIT 4 500 000. Subject to prior approval, refund of cost as 'supplementary benefit' and according to established scale which varies according to the benefit and | the centres of the national health service and from registered doctors preservative treatment, extractions, orthodontic treatment Refund according to collective agreements Contributions towards costs of prostheses cannot exceed 20% Share of consultations: 5% of tariff For certain products on the 'therapeutic list' (urgent or long term): no share For the others, 15% plus LIT 1 000 per presoription (max, 3 drugs). The 15% does not apply to drugs for chemotherapy and for antibiotics. Maximum share per prescription: LIT 21 000 No share for the severe invalided and those whose annual income is below LIT 4 500 000. Subject to prior approval, refund of cost as 'supplementary benefit' and according to the benefit and according to the benefit and - preservative treatment, - extractions, - orthodontic treatment Refund according to collective agreements - onc-refundable drugs and products - non-refundable drugs and products - drugs subject to preferential reimbursement i.e. at 80%, (but if hospital-ized: 100%) | the centres of the national health services and from registered doctors preservative treatment, - orthodontic treatment, - orthodontic treatment, - orthodontic treatment, - orthodontic treatment, Refund according to collective agree- ments contributions towards costs of pros- theses cannot exceed 20% Share of consultations: 5% of tariff Classification of drugs: - non-refundable drugs and products - non-refundable drugs and products - non-refundable drugs and products - non-refundable drugs and products - drugs subject to normal reimburse- ment i.e. at 80%, (but if hospital- ized: 100%) Bubject to sickness fund's prior according to escablished scale which yargements Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the benefit and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to escablished scale which yargements Subject to prostheses. Subject to prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the sherift and for a limited number of prostheses. Subject to sickness fund's prior according to the shendi- according to the sherift and for a limited number of prost |

Table III - 4

SICKNESS - CASH BENEFITS

Table IV - 1

SICKNESS - CASH BENEFITS

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREBUE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| LEGISLATION 1. First law 2. Basic legislation | See Table III 'Health care' | .1892 Law of 1972 | See Table III 'Health-care' | 1934 Law of 14 June 1951, modified | See Table III 'Health-care' |
| HENEFICIARIES Field of application | All workers bound by a contract of service and categories assimilated thereto | All persons on the labour market (employees and self-employed, including spouse if helping) | All persons in paid employment | Employees and assimilated | All employees or persons assimilated thereto |
| Membership ceiling | - | - | Non-industrial staff: DM 46 800 (1) | - | - |
| CONDITIONS | Fulfilment of the conditions imposed for health care: re- quired registration period, minimum contributions, maintenance of rights acquired, origin of the complaint To have ceased all activities with at least a 66% reduction in earning capacity To have provided the sickness fund doctor with a 'notice of cessation of work' within 2 days | Illness must entail total or partial incapacity for work | For incapacity for work | Incapacity for work certified by the Institute's doctor 100 days of work subject to contributions during the previ- ous year or the 12 first months of the 15 preceding the illness | Incapacity for work: - for the first 6 months, 200 hourse during the 3 months prior to the date of treatment; - for subsequent period, . must have been registered for 12 months; . able to prove having worked 800 hours during those 12 months, of which - 200 working hours during the first of the 4 quarters pre- ceding the cessation of work |

42

| SICKNESS - | CASH | BENEFITS |
|------------|------|----------|
|------------|------|----------|

| _ | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| _ | LUXEMBOURG | WETNERLANDS | | | | | |
| | See Table III 'Health care' | 1913 | 1911 | | | | |

| 1911 | See Table III 'Health care' | See Table III 'Health care' | 1913 | 1911 |
|--|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| ocial Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1981, mended | | | Law of 5 June 1913 on sickness insur- ance, amended and supplemented | Act of 1975 and regulations |
| <pre>lat-rate benefit; it some exceptions, all persons aged 6 years and over employed under a ontract of service or apprenticeship ay-related benefit; dem</pre> | Industrial staff (1) or persons assimilated thereto For TB: member of insured person's family | All persons in paid employment | All persons under 65 in paid employment | All employed and self-employed persons (2) Statutory mick pay: employmes only |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| <pre>Flat-rate benefit: - Incapacity for work; - 26 contributions paid or credited during the contribution year preced- ing the benefit year (3). If less than 48 but 26 or more contribu- tions paid or credited, a reduced benefit is payable Pay-related benefit: Have right to flat-rate benefit and have had reckonable earnings over IRL 43.00 per week in the relevant tax year</pre> | Incapacity for work. For TB: TB in active phase | Incapacity for work | Incapacity for work | Incapacity for work: Contributions paid in any tax year since 6/4/75 amounting to at least 25 times the minimum weekly contribution for that year. For full benefit, contributions paid in the appropriate tax year of at least 50 times the minimum |

In Italy non-industrial staff do not receive cash benefits in the event of sickness but employers must by law continue to pay their salaries for at least three months.
 Except married women who opted before April 1977 not to be insured.
 The benefit year begins on the first Monday of January and the contribution year is the last tax year preceding that date.

IRELAND

ITALY

Table IV - 1

UNITED KINGDOM

Table IV - 2

44

SICKNESS - CASH BENEFITS

| | BELGIUM | DENNARK | GE RMANY | OREECE | FRANCE |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|
| Waiting period | <pre>l working day No waiting period: - if the insured person has been unemployed for at least 9 days within the 21 days prior to the incapacity for work; - if incapacity is due to preg- nancy or confinement; - for unemployed persons in the employment of the public authorities; - if the worker has been in cons- tact with someone suffering from an infectious disease</pre> | Wage earners: 1 working day Self-employed persons: 5 weeks (voluntary insurance may cover the first 5 weeks) | l day No waiting period if incapacity for work is the result of an em- ployment injury or an occupational disease | 3 days | 3 даув |
| BENEFITS Duration of benefits | Maximum of 1 year (= period of 'primary incapacity for work') | 91 weeks in 3 years (daily cash benefit in the employer period (13 weeks) not included) Pensioners not more than 13 weeks in a 12 month period | For the same illness, limited to 78 weeks over a 3-year period | 182 days (then, possibly, invalidity) | Normally 12 months (360 days) per period of 3 consecutive years, but until end of 36th month for 'prothacted sickness' Exceptions until end of 48th month when insured person under- goes course of rehabilitation or vocational retraining |
| Amount of benefits | Without hospītalization: 60% of earnings (Maximum earnings taken as basis: BFR 2 802.68 per day) For industrial staff account must also be taken of the law on the minimum weekly wage (80%) (1) and for non-industrial staff the law in contracts of employment (100% for 1 month) With hospitalization: ditto | 90% of average preceding four weekly earnings. Maximum benefit: DKR 2 008 per week (employer pays benefits for first 13 weeke) | 80% of the normal salary but not exceeding the net salary Normal salary: salary used during the last 4 weeks for contributions up to the celling. The law on salary maintenance of 27.7.1969 foresees the continued payment of wages by the employer for 6 weeks. After 1 year adjustment as for pensions | - 50% of E E = average earnings of one of the 22 classes of insurance to which corresponds the real earnings - 10% inorease for every depend- ant (maximum 4) - Overall maximum for benefits: DEA 1 670 per day | Without hospitalisation: 50% of earnings with 3 ohildren, 66 2/3% from 31st day (Maximum earnings jaken as basis; earnings on which social security contribution is assessed). Minimum for protracted complaint after 7th menth: 1/365 of minimum invalidity pension With hospitalisations without dependents: 20% with 2 ohildren: 50% |
| Other benefits | Death grant: BFR 19.282 (unindexed) | Beath grant: see Table VIII (other benefits) | May be provided for in the regulations in addition to the statutory minimum benefits Sickness benefit (maximum holidays: 5 days per year) if a child is ill Death grant: 20 times basic earnings (minimum DM 100) | Death grant: at least 8 fimes the reckonable earnings of the lowest group, i.e. DRA 35 592 | - When incapacity exceeds 3 months: revision of sickness benefit to bring it in line with the general increase in waxes - Allowance for handicapped adults: FF 2 388.33 per month (means tested) |

SICKNESS - CASH BENEFITS

| IRELAND | ITA LY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| lat-rate benefits: 3 days ay-related benefits: 18 days | 3 days For TB: None | None | 2 days No waiting period: - if the employed person's occupational association has such a provision in its regulations | 3 days |
| Flat-rate benefit: - Unlimited if the claimant has paid 156 weeks contributions - Limited to 52 weeks if between 26 and 156 weeks' contributions paid Pay-related benefit : Limited to 375 days | Maximum of 6 months (180 days) per year For TB: no limit during treatment Maximum of 2 years for post-sanatorium allowance; 2 years for the treatment allowance (renewable every 2 years) | 52 weeks | 12 months (52 weeks) | Statutory Sick Pay (SSP): 8 weeks in any tax year, then Sickness Benefit: 168 days in a period of inter- ruption of employment then replaced by invalidity benefit |
| Flat-rate benefits: IRL 37.25 per week (married woman lependent on her husband or person mnder 18 without dependants: IRL 32.75 <u>weekly increases for dependants:</u> 1 adult IRL 24.15 1st child IRL 8.85 2nd child IRL 8.20 Sth and subsequent children IRL 6.55 Pay-related benefits: Pirst 141 days 25% next 234 days at 20% of reckonable weekly earnings between IRL 43 and IRL 220. The combined sickness benefit and pay-related benefit may not exceed 15% of reckonable weekly earnings. | Without hospitalization: Sickness: 50%; from 21st day 66 2/3% (earnings taken as basis: real earnings) TB:(3) - daily allowance during treatment: insured person: as the sickness benefit for 180 days, then LIT 8 924; members of the family: LIT 4 462 - daily post-sanatorium allowance (1): insured person: LIT 14 870 members of the family: LIT 7 453 - allowance for a cure (2): LIT 40 000 per month With hospitalization: Sickness: allow- ances reduced 2/5 for insured person withbut dependants TB; as the daily allowance during treatment | The gross salary which the insured person would have earned if he had continued to work | 80% of the daily wage (maximum earnings taken as a basis: HFL 262,28 a day or HFL 1 31.40 a week. With the Ministers approval this percentage can be in- creased by the occupational associa- tions | - Statutory Sick Pay: Weekly earnings of: Rate: UKL 68 or more UKL 42.25 UKL 50.50 to 67.99 UKL 35.45 UKL 34 to 50.49 UKL 28.55 Less than UKL 34 Nil - Sickness Benefit: UKL 25.95 per week - Increases for dependants: (only with sickness benefit) . 1 dependent adult: UKL 16 . Each child: UKL 0.15 |
| Death grant: see Table VIII (Other benefits) | Death grant: LIT 20 000 TB: special Christmas grants of LIT 25 000 to the insured (plus LIT 3 000 for dependants). LIT 15 000 for members of the insured's family | Death grant: LFR 28 139 For children under 6: 50% For children dead at birth: 20% | Death grant: daily wage multiplied by the number of days between day of death and the last day of 2nd following month | Death grant: see Table VIII (Other benefits) |

Table IV - 2

Table V - 1

MATERNITY

| | BELGIUM | DEIRMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|
| IELD OF APPLICATION | Benefits in kind: - Insured woman - Members of the family <u>Oash benefits</u> : Insured women | Benefits in kind: All residents <u>Cash benefits</u> : All employed and self-employed persons, including spouse helping | Benefits in kinds - Insured women - Wife and daughters of insured person <u>Oash benefits</u> : Insured women | Benefits in kind: - Insured women - Spouse or dependant of insured man <u>Oash benefits:</u> Insured women | Benefits in kind: - Insured women - Wife and daughters of insured person Oash benefits: Insured women |
| ONDITIONS | Cash benefits: Contributions paid for 6 months | Benefits in kind: 6 weeks of residence Cash benefits (employees): - Income during last 4 weeks before period of absence must at least be 10 % maximum daily benefit. - income during at least 6 months during the previous 12 must at least be 10% of maximum daily benefit | Cash benefits : Maternity allowance (a) in the period of legal maternity leave. 12 weeks insurance between the 10th and 4th month prior to confinement (b) during the prolongation (optional) period of Legal maternity leave (for salaricd women): 9 months employment in the year preceding the birth (7 monthe in cases of premature birth) | Benefits in kinds 50 days insurance, as for health benefits 200 days work resulting in con- tributions during the last 2 years | Benefits in kinds Bee Table III 'Health care' Cash benefits: Employment in a post for 1 200 hours during the year. Registra- tion under insurance scheme for at least 10 months at the expected date of confinement |
| ENEFITS enefits in kind | (See Table III 'Sickness-health care') | Free maternity services and hospital care | (See Table III 'Sickness-health oare') - Midwife, doctor (inol. medical examinations), maternity hospital - Drugs, etc. | For birth expenses: DRA 38 550 | <pre>(See Table III 'Sickness-health care') - Midwife or doctor * Maternity hospital (free for 12 days) - Private clinic (flat-rate allow ance covering stay of 12 days) - Free drugs in a public hospital lump sum if the confinement takes place at home or in private clinic</pre> |

MATERNITY

LUXEMBOURG

NETHERLANDS

| Benefits in kind All residents <u>Cash benefits</u> <u>Maternity allowance</u> : insured women <u>Maternity grant</u> Health services: persons with full eligibility | Benefits in kind; All women residents <u>Cash benefits;</u> Insured women or alternatively fathers | Benefits in kind: - Insured women - Wife of insured person <u>Oash benefits:</u> <u>Allowance</u> : insured women <u>General allowance</u> : All women residents | Benefits in kinds - Insured women - Wives and daughters of insured person Cash benefits: Insured women | Benefits in kind: All women residents Cash benefits: Maternity allowances: Employed or Belf-employed insured women Maternity grant: All women |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| Maternity allowance: (a) Scheme for women in employment 26 contribution weeks paid in the 12 months before the first day of a period of maternity leave (b) General scheme 26 contribution weeks paid and 26 contribution weeks paid or oredited in the last contribution year before the beginning of the benefit year in which the allow- ance is due to commence or in a subsequent complete contribution year, if any, before the allow- ance is due to commence (1) | None | Cash benefits: <u>Allowance</u> ; must have been affiliated for 6 months in the year preceding the birth <u>General allowance</u> ; 1 year's residence and not having entitlement to insured women allowance | None | Maternity allowance: Contributions paid in any tax year amounting to at least 25 times the minimum weekly contribution for that year. For full benefit, contributions paid or credited in the appropriate tax year amounting to at least 50 times the minimum weekly contribution for that year. <u>Maternity grant</u> : Residence in the United Kingdom of more than 182 days (26 weeks) in the 52 weeks before the date of birth. |
| Maternity services and hospital care for infants under 6 weeks are free except that those whose income is TRL 12 500 or more are liable for doctors fees | <pre>(See Table III 'Sickness-health care') - Midwife - Doctor in the event of complications - Free stay in a maternity hospital or approved clinic - Free drugs</pre> | <pre>(See Table III 'Sickness-health-care') - Midwife and medical assistance - Stay in maternity hospital, drugs and baby foods (2)</pre> | <pre>(See Table III 'Sickness-health-care') - Midwife; in the event of complica- tions, doctor and hospital - Maternity hospital or payment for care at home for 10 days (with share in cost)</pre> | Free health care under the National Health Service |

(1) The benefit year starts on the first Monday of January whilst the contribution year is the last complete tax year proceeding that date. (2) These benefits are covered by a lump sum payment.

ITALY

IRELAND

Table V - :

UNITED KINGDOM

Table V - 2

MATERNITY

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Cash benefits Sind and duration If benefit | Confinement allowance (1): 14 weeks (of which 8 after confinement) Birth grant | For employed or self-employed women: weekly payments for 4 weeks before expected confine- ment and for 20 weeks after (20 weeks in adoption cases) (5) | Maternity allowance (1): (a) During legal maternity leave: 6 weeks prior to and 8 weeks after confinement (12 weeks in cases of premature or multiple birth) (b) during prolongation (optional) of the legal maternity leave up to the day the child is six months old. (c) Grant towards birth expenses | Maternity allowance payable to insured women 42 days before and 42 days after confinement | Daily allowance (1): 16 weeks (of which 6 before confinement) 10 weeks in the case of adoption (3) Other allowances (for confine- ment see family benefits): nursing allowance, 4 months milk vouchers, 4 months allowance for medical super- vision of the child up to 6 years of age Miseollaneous: e.g. contribu- tion towards cost of domestio help |
| mount | 79.5% of lost earnings for a maximum of 14 weeks (4) followed by 60% See Table X, 'Bamily benefits' | See 'Sickness-cash benefits'(90% of average weekly earnings, not more than DKR 2 008 per week) | a. <u>Insured women: continuation</u> of payment of net wage (minimum DM 3.50 per day) or fixed amount (under specific conditions) of DM 150 (2) (co-beneficiaries: fixed sum ranging from DM 35 to DM 150) b. Minimum DM 3.50 Maximum DM 3.70 Maximum DM 17 per day fixed sum payment of DM 100 | 50% of earnings (see 'sickness') Max: DRA 2 948 per day | 90% of earnings Mursing allowances FF 42.5 per month for 4 months Milk vouchers: FF 5 per month for 4 months |

(4) These extra benefits only paid for days when guaranteed earnings not received.
 (5) 6 of the 20 weeks may be in favour of the father.

50

MATERNITY

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| aternity allowance cheme a) 4 weeks - at least 4 weeks must be aken before and 4 after confinement cheme b) 2 weeks, 6 before and 6 after onfinement aternity grant ealth services: lump sum (1) | <u>Maternity allowance</u> (2): 2 months before the presumed confinement date and 3 months after (Optionally, 6 supplementary months) (3) | Insured women allowance (2) and general allowance (4): 16 weeks (8 of which before birth) Birth grant: (see Table X 'Family benefits' | <u>Confinement allowance</u> (2): 12 weeks | <u>Maternity allowance:</u> (2) (payable only under the insurance rights of the women): weekly payments for 18 weeks beginning 11 weeks before the expected confinement. May be extended if the confinement occurs later than expected Maternity grant: Lump sum |
| Aternity allowance Cheme a): 70% of average weekly arnings in the relevant tax year minimum IRL 64.88 per week) <u>cheme b):</u> RL 37.25 per week. Pay-related enefit may also be payable - see able IV, Sickness-cash benefits <u>aternity grant</u> ealth services: IRL 8 per child | 80% of earnings for the compulsory period, and 30% for the supplementary period | Insured woman allowance; Same amount as the sickness cash benefit General allowance; LFR 3 216 per week Birth grant; See Table X, 'Family benefits' | 100% of earnings (maximum wage considered HFL 262.28 per day) | Maternity allowance: UKL 25.95 per week - Increases for dependants: one adult dependant UKL 16.00 per week - Each child UKL 0.15 per week Maternity grant: UKL 25 |

(4) Non-cumulative with similar benefits or with earnings.



Table VI - 1

INVALIDITY

| | BELGIUN | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREBCE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| LEGISLATION 1. First law | 28 December 1944 | 1921 | 22 June 1889 | 1934 | 5 April 1930 |
| 2. Basic legislation | See Table III "Health Care" | Law of 4 June 1965, amended | Industrial staff: Social Insurance Code (RVO) of 19,7.1911, version of 23.2.1957, with numerous amendments Non-industrial staff: Law of 20.12.1911 in the version of 23.2.1957, with numerous amendments. General section of the Social Code 11.12.1975. Prescriptions 23.12.1976 | Law of 14 June 1951, modified | RAP of 29 December 1945 - Social Security Code (Code S3) Decree of 12 September 1960 Decree of 28 March 1961 |
| RISKS COVERED | A worker who as a result of sick- ness or infirmity cannot earn more than one third of the normal earnings of a worker in the same category and with the same training | A person is considered to be an invalid when his capacity to work is reduced permanently because of a mental or physical illness | a) A worker who as a result of sickness or infimity cannot earn more than half the normal earnings of a healthy insured person with similar training and equivalent skills in em- ployment corresponding to his occupational position and skills (Occupational invalid- ity - Berufsunfähigkeit) b) A worker who as a result of sickness or infimity is no longer able to work regularly or cannot earn more than a minimal income (General inva- lidity - Erwerbsunfähigkeit) | a) A person is considered to be an invalid when, as a result of illness or physical or mental disability, he or she cannot earn more than one third of the normal earnings of a worker in the same cate- gory or training during at least 6 months b) However, those who can no longer earn more than half the normal earnings obtain 75% of the benefit and those who can no longer earn more than two- thirds obtains an amount equal to the benefit for 2 years (readaptation allowance) | A worker who as a result of sick- ness or infimity can no longer in any occupation whatsoever earn more than one third of the normal earnings of a worker in the same category, with the same training and in the same region. The worker is classified under Group if he is nontheless still con- sidered capable of being gain- fully employed, and under Group 2 if he is not. He is classified under Group 3 if he requires the help of another person |
| FIELD OF APPLICATION | Industrial and non-industrial staff | All resident nationals | Industrial and non-industrial staff Handicapped persons | Employees and assimilated | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees |
| CONDITIONS Minimum period of membership giving en- titlement to benefits | 6 months, with 120 days worked | At least one year of residence after the age of 15 | Industrial and non-industrial staff: 60 months, of which 36 contribution months immediately before onset of complaint Requirement considered to be fulfilled when the insured person has become incapable of working or has died as a result of certain occurrences (e.g. employment injury) or under certain circumstances Handicapped persons: 240 months of insurance | 1 500 working days (300 of which in the 5 years preceding the in- validity) except if employment injury (1) | 12 months, with 800 hours worked, of which 200 during the quarter prior to ceasing work |

54

INVALIDITY

| All in capabl whose for at |
|-------------------------------------|
| 1 |

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUICEMBOURG | NEPHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| 1911 Social Welfare (consolidation) Act, 1981, amended | 21 April 1919 Decree laws of 4 October 1935 and 14 April 1939 laws of 4 April 1952 and 20 February 1958. Decree of 27 April 1968 and Law of 30 April 1969 Laws of 11 August 1972 and of 3 June 1975 12 June 1984 | 6 May 1911 Social Insurance Code, Book III, of 1925 (Industrial staff), with numerous amendments Law of 29 August 1951 (non-industrial staff), with numerous amendments | 5 June 1913 (a) Law of 18 February 1966 (b) Law of 11 December 1975 setting up a national insurance system | 1911 Aot of 1975 and regulations thereunde |
| All insured persons who have been in- capable of working for 12 months and whose incapacity is likely to continue for at least a further 12 months | A worker whose earnings ability, in occupations suited to his capacity, is permanently reduced to less than one third as a result of sickness or infirmity (physical or mental) is considered an invalid for the purpose of invalidity allowance. The incapacity pension is payable to the insured person who is absolutely and permanently incapable of any occupational activity. | a) A worker (industrial staff) who as a result of sickness or infirmity cannot earn more than one third of the normal earnings of a worker in the same category, with the same training and in the same region and for whom no employment suited to his strength and skills and, to an acceptable degree, to his training, can be found b) A worker (non-industrial staff) who as a result of sickness or infir- mity is unable to carry on the occu- pation which he had carried on in his last post or another occupation suited to his capacity and, to an acceptable degree, to his training | (a) and (b) A person considered completely er partially incapable of working when as a result of sickness or infirmity he can no longer earn, from an activity corresponding to his strength and skill and with due allowance for his training and his previous position in his occu- pation, the same as that earned by someone normally earned in a simi- lar occupation No distinction is made as regards the cause of the incapacity (invalidity or employment injury) | Incapacity for work by reason of physical or mental illness or disability in a period of interruption of employ ment where there has been entitlement to sickness benefit for 168 days (er- cluding Sundays) |
| With few exceptions, all persons aged 16 years and over, employed under a contract of service or apprenticeship | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees or those considered as such | (a) All employees under 65 (b) All residents under 65 without considering income or nationality | Employed and self-employed persons () |
| At least 156 contribution weeks of insurable employment for which the appropriate contributions have been paid At least 48 weekly contributions paid or credited during the contribution year (2) preceding the permanent in- capacity to work | General invalidity: 5 contribution years with at least 1 during the last 5 years Occupational invalidity (3): No conditions | Industrial staff: 270 days of insurance (4) Non-industrial staff: 12 months of insurance (4) | | Must have been entitled to sickness payments for 168 days in the period o interruption of employment |

(2) See Table IV-1 'Sickness-cash benefite', footnote 3
 (3) Invalidity caused by circumstances of employment other than industrial injury.
 (4) No qualifying period if invalidity is caused by employment injury.

Table VI - 1

Table VI - 2

INVALIDITY

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| inimum level of in- apacity for work | 66.66% | 50% | Occupational invalidity: 50% General invalidity: 100% | 33.33% | 66.66% |
| Period for which cover is given | The day after the end of the primary period of incapacity un- til retirement age | From the 1st of the month follow- ing the application Maximum age: 66 years | From the end of the month in which the conditions are ful- filled At the age of 65 at the earliest the pension is converted into old-age pension provided that the minimum period of membership has been completed | a. From the date when invalidity is deemed to exist and without limit on duration, except if person is eligible for an old age pension b. Limited to 2 years in case of 33.33% incapacity | From the date when the state of invalidity is deemed to erist The pension is discontinued at the age of 60 and replaced by the old-age pension |
| ENEFITS mount of pension | Allowance: 65% of the lost earnings (subject to ceiling) if there are depend- ants; 43.5% if no dependants. Minimum (for regularly employed) . with dependants: BFR 945 per day . without dependants: BFR 756 per day | Pension Incapacity level: - at least 50%: anticipatory pension (4) = basic amount - 67 to 99%: invalidity pension= bgsic amount + invalidity amount - 100%: invalidity pension = basic amount + invalidity amount + unemployability amount Hunemployability amount + unemployability amount = 100%: invalidity encount + unemployability amount = 100%: invalidity married persons: DKR 31 296 per year each if both are pensioners Others: DKR 34 080 (1) <u>Invalidity amount</u> Married persons: DKR 13 596 per year each if both have invalidity pension Others: DKR 15 864 <u>Unemployability amount</u> Married persons: DKR 15 912 per year each if both have this amount Others: DKR 21 984 | Pension formula: a. for occupational invalidity 1% x n x E x c b. for general invalidity 1.5% x n x E x c n = Mumber of years of insurance (contribution periods, equiv- alent, oredited (2) and sup- plementary periods). Supple- mentary periods = number of years to run until age of 55. These are added when the worker qualifies for invalid insurance before reaching that age, provided that the follow- ing are covered by contribu- tions: either for at least 36 months during the 60 months prior to the risk incurred, or for at least half the period of membership (mini- wum 60 months). E = Geueral basic earnings, fixed for 1984 at DM 26 310 p.a. c = Individual coefficient - av- erage ratio for each year of the gross earnings of the per- son concerned to average gross earnings of all those insured (max. 2) (3) | See old age pension If 50% incapacity, amount of pen- sion reduced by 25% If 100% incapacity, pension is increased by 50%, for care by a third person, the increase having a maximum of DRA 25 700 per month | Pension: a. Group 1 (these still able to work): 30% x E b. Group 2: 50% x E c. Group 3 (these requiring help from another persen): Class 2 pension + 40% supplement; FF 47 880.92 p.a. E = Average annual earnings for the 10 years of insurance prior to interruption of work or, where applicable, a shorter period |
| unual earnings ceiling | BFR 874 436 | - | DM 62 400 | DRA 105 275 per month | FF 101 880 |

If income is not above a certain level.
 Credited periods = periods of sickness (minimum 4 weeks), rehabilitation, unemployment, studies (over 16 years of age, up to 5 years) which are taken into account provided that at least half of the period of membership (minimum 60 months) is covered by contributions.
 If exceeded, possibility of obtaining increases.

(4) Antipatory pension: basic amount granted to persons over 50 for social and health reasons.

INVALIDITY

| | NVA | LIDITY | |
|--|-----|--------|--|
|--|-----|--------|--|

Table VI - 2

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| - | Invalidity allowance: 66% Incapacity pension: 100% | Industrial staff: 66.66% Non-industrial staff: no level is laid down, but the worker must be incapable of carrying on his cocupation in a permanent manner | a, 15% b, 25% | - |
| From the date when the state of inval- dity is deemed to exist (normally fter sickness period) faximum age: none | From the month following the applica- tion by the party concerned Marimum age: retirement age | For permanent incapacity: • immediately, for temporary • incapacity - from 7th month At 65, takes form of old-age pension | a. From the end of the period for which sickness benefit is paid until the age of 65 b. After 52 weeks of incapacity until the age of 65 | For the pension: The day after the end of the primary period of incapacity until retirement age (1) For the allowance: As above, but to qualify the incapace must begin at least 5 years before retirement age |
| <u>Invalidity pension</u> : IRL 42.55 per week (aged 66 or over: IRL 43.40) Married women dependent on their husbands: IRL 37.45 per week (IRL 38.10 if 66 or over) | <pre>Invalidity allowance: formula: % x n x E n = number of years of insurance (maximum 40) E = average annual reckonable earnings for the last 5 years (indexed according to R.P.I. of first 4 years) The allowance is made up to the minimum guaranteed pension by an amount equal to the social pension (State pension for citizens over 65 in need) when the annual taxable income is less than twice the social pension (see also Table VII "Old age") Incapacity pension: formula: see above for "Invalidity allowance" As well as actual insurance years, the years between the date of liquid- ation of the pension and retirement age are also taken into account.</pre> | Pension: Consisting of a fixed amount (2) + a supplement. Fixed amount: LFR 60 297 p.a. Supplement: - 1.6% of total earnings; - carnings adjusted according to index and changes in wage level; - for invalidity before age of 55, special supplement for each entire calendar month either from beginning of right to a pension or right to oach sickness benefit up to age of 55 This supplement is 1.6% of the minimum social pension for the period preceding the 35th birthday and 1.6% of the same salary enhanced by 20% for the subse- quant period Minimum pension: LFR 125 016 p.a. (at least 2 700 days of insurance) Minimum pension: LFR 251 238 (at least 35 years of insurance) | (a) Allowance (3): For incapacity level between: 15 - 25% : 10% E 25 - 35% : 20% E 35 - 45% : 30% E 45 - 55% : 40% E 55 - 65% : 50% E 80% and over: 80% E E = daily earnings (4) (b) Daily allowance (3) for incapacity level between: 25 - 35% : 20% 35 - 45% : 30% 45 - 55% : 40% 55 - 60% : 50% 65 - 80% : 65% 80% + : 80% of the basic amount is increased to HFL 114.02 for married persons whose income is less than HFL 17.10 per day (to HFL 93.26 if in- come is less than HFL 34.20 per day)(5) | Invalidity pension: UKL 32.60 per week reduced where recipient is inpatient in hospital for more than 8 weeks In addition: Invalidity allowance: 3 rates, varying according to the ag when total disability arose: - persons under 40 years: UKL 7,15 - persons under 50 years: UKL 7,60 - persons under 60 years (55 for women): UKL 2.30 per week Additional component: An additional earnings-related pensi based on 1 1/4% of earnings from 6 April 1978 between the upper and lower earning limits (6), amounts revalued annually |
| - | LIT 21 271 000 | LFR 1 205 952 | a. HFL 68 192 p.a. (4) (HFL 262.28 per day) (4) | - |

(2) Condition: 180 months of residence to obtain the whole of the fixed amount. Otherwise a proportion of the fixed amount is paid. This condition is not required where an occupational accident has led (2) Conditioni 100 months of residence to obtain the whole of the fixed amount. Otherwise a proportion of to the invalidity.
(3) Holiday allowance equivalent to an extra 7.5%.
(4) Temporarily, the daily allowance is reduced by 6%.
(5) If both spouses receive the benefit, basic individual amount reduced to a total of HFL 114.02 per day (6) I.e. contribution limits.

Table VI - 3

INVALIDITY

| | BELGTUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Supplements for dependants - spouse - ohildren | _ See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" | A spouse (not a pensioner) receives a married person's allowance of DKR 4 344 p.a. payable to the pen- sioner. If a wife is 62-66 years old, her husband receives a wife's supplement of DKR 35 400 yearly (both allowances are means-tested) See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" | See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" | See Table VII 'Old-age' See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" | See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" |
| Other benefits | - · · | Assistance allowance: given for the personal aid of a third person and in cases of blindness or acute shortsighted ness: DKR 15 864 p.a. This allow- ance can be replaced by: <u>Constant surveillance allowance</u> : When the claimant needs constant surveillance or care by a third person: DKR 32 656 <u>Invalidity allowance</u> : given when earnings are too high for a pension, but when invalidity is medically certified, and in cases of deafness resulting in serious problems of communication: if spouse has same benefit or invalidity pension: DKR 12 408 p.a. Others: DKR 15 288 p.a. <u>General pensions supplement</u> and <u>Personal allowance</u> : (see Table VII 'Old-age') | | - | - |
| A DJUSTMENT | Automatic adjustment of allow- ances by 2% when the index of consumer prices varies by 1.02% in relation to the preceding index Rates of allowances are adapted in line with the evolution of the general standard of living by fixing an annual adjustment coefficient or flat-rate charge via benefit grant | Automatically twice a year, fol- lowing changes in prices Rates are regularly adjusted fol- lowing rises in wages | Twofold adjustment to economic situation: 1. by automatic incidence of gen- eral basic earnings (see above) when the amount of the pension to be paid is fired 2. by adjustment of the pension according to a coefficient which is fixed once a year by law | See Table VII 'Old-age' | Annual adjustment on 1 January and 1 July by statutory instrument fixing the coefficient of increase |

INVALIDITY

Table VI - 3

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| IRL 27.60 per week in respect of a dependent adult (1) IRL 9.80 per week per lat child IRL 10.80 per week per 2nd child IRL 8.95 per week per 3rd to 5th child | _ | _ | _ | UKL 19.55 a week in respect of one adult dependant |
| IRL 7.30 per week per 6th and subsequent children | See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" | LFR12 864 p.a. per child (2) | See "Pensioners" in Table X "Family benefits" | Each child for whom child benefit i received: UKL 7.60 a week |
| Living alone allowance: paid to pensioner aged 66 or over living alone Amount: IRL 3.20 per week Prescribed relative allowance: is payable to an incapacitated pen- sioner who is receiving full-time care and attention from a prescribed rela- tive Rate: IRL 23.10 a week | Invalids who need help to move around or who need permanent attend- ance to accomplish daily tasks are entitled to a monthly allowance equal to that paid under the employ- ment injury scheme | - | Death allowance: a) 100 107.5% of daily earnings b) 100% of basic amount from the day of death until the last day of the second month which follows this (3) | Non contributory invalidity pension can be paid to those not qualifying for invalidity benefit Rate: UKL 20.45 a week plus increas for dependants <u>Attendance allowance</u> given when the nature of the invali ity necessitates frequent attention or constant supervision Amount: UKL 27.20 per week for a pe son who requires attendance or supe vision by day and night, or UKL 18. a week for a person who needs the attendance by day or by night (4) <u>Mobility allowance</u> can be claimed b persons who are unable or virtually unable to walk Rate: UKL 19.00 a week |
| Invalidity pensions are normally increased once a year | Quarterly adjustment to cost of living For pensions above the minimum, this adjustment is partial: up to twice the minimum: 100% from twice to 3 times: 90% for the part exceeding 3 times the minimum: 75% Annual adjustment on 1st January equal to average increase in minimum earnings of industrial manual workers. | Automatic adjustment of pensions wherever the index varies by 2.5% (3) in relation to the preceding index Adjustment of pensions to earnings level. The special supplements are linked to the adjustments made to the minimum social salary | (a) and (b) Compulsory adjustment on 1 January and 1 July which is pegged to the earnings index during the period 30 April to 31 October or preced- ing 31 October to 30 April. In particular cases additional adaptations can be made between these dates | Adjustment by legislation at least annually in line with movements in the general level of earnings or prices, whichever is more beneficia |

The disabled aged 66 or over receive more substantial supplements for dependants - see Table VII : old age
 Accumulation of supplements for children with family allowances.
 As long as incapacity rate is over 80%.
 For the 1984 exercise, the adjustment is limited to one variation, on 1st September 1984

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GERMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| CCUMULATION WITH OTHER OCIAL SECURITY ENEFITS (1) | Accumulation with employment in- juries' or occupational diseases' pension is possible up to a vari- able maximum | Cash benefits can be accumulated, but a special reduction is pos- sible when the basic amount and unemployability amount is combined with an employment injury pension | If combined with an employment injury pension, the invalidity pension is suspended when the total exceeds 80% of the highest basic earnings | Accumulation possible with widow's pension | Accumulation with an employment injuries' or occupational dis- eases' pension limited to the normal earnings of a worker in the same category |
| | Functional and occupational re- training, in accordance with de- cision of panel of doctors, in specialized establishments | Measures to lessen the conse- quences of invalidity by: - assistance for special medical care; - maintenance allowances during vocational rehabilitation; - appliances and aids supplied by local authorities under the Social Assistance Act of 1974 | Rehabilitation medical benefits and occupational training as well as other measures, including transitional benefits | | Vocational retraining in special- ized vocational retraining cen- tres or establishments, subject to a psycho-technical examina- tion, with the social security funds contributing to the costs; the pensions or part of the pen- sions are continued |

INVALIDITY

| NETHERIANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| (a) and (b) | Attendance allowance can be |

Table VI - 4

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERIA NDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Not payable with any pension under the Social Welfare Acts | Accumulation of general invalidity pension with an employment injuries' or occupational diseases' pension (within the limit of annual earnings and subject to the ceiling, when the pensions are granted for the same invalidity) | A reduction of the invalidity pension is possible in certain cases when com- bined, for example, with an employment injuries' pension | (a) and (b) Reduction of the invalidity pen- sion where combined with a benefit granted by foreign legislation for the same incapacity for work (a) Deduction of amount of general insurance indemnity | Attendance allowance can be paid in addition to any other benefit except other allowances paid for the same purpose |
| | | The insurance may require that curative treatment be given to restore a pen- sioner's capacity for work or avert an insured person's imminent incapacity; the pension may be entirely or par- tially suspended during this treatment | | Preventive medical cars and medical rehabilitation are provided by the National Health Service. Industrial rehabilitation and voca- tional training, sheltered employmen and a specialised placement service provided by the Department of Employ ment under the Disabled Persons (Employment) Acts 1944 and 1958 Allowances are payable during training training training |
| | | | | |

N.

f -----

Table VII - 1

OLD-ACE

| | BELGIUM | DENNA RK | GE RMANY | CREECE | FRANCE (1) |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| LEGISLATION 1. First law | 10 May 1900 | 1. National pension: 1891 2. Supplementary pension: 1964 | 22 June 1889 | 1934 | 5 April 1910 |
| 2. Basic legislation | Royal Decree no. 50 of 24 October 1967 | 1. Law of 4 June 1965 amended 2. Law of 7 March 1964 amended | Industrial staff: Social Insurance Code (RWO) of 19 July 1911, ver- sion of 23 February 1957, with numerous amendments Non-industrial staff: Law of 20 December 1911, version of 23 February 1957, with numerous amendments General section of the social code (11 December 1975) Prescriptions (23 December 1976) | | Law of 5 April 1928 Social Security Code (Code SS), Books I-III - Deoree of 29 December 1945, amended Law of 31 December 1971 Law of 3 January 1975 Law of 30 December 1975 Regulation of 26 March 1982 |
| FIELD OF APPLICATION | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees | <u>National pension</u> All resident nationals <u>Supplementary pension</u> All employees aged 18-66 working 10 hours or more per week | Industrial and non-industrial staff | Employees and assimilated | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees |
| COMDITIONS Minimum period of nembership | None | <u>National pension</u> At least 1 year of residence after the age of 15 <u>Supplementary pension</u> None | 60 months of insurance | 4 050 working days which have given rise to centributions | None |
| Legal retirement age | Men: 65 Women: 60 | 1.) 2.) 67 | Nen and women: The beneficiary can choose between 63 and 67; in principle otherwise 65 | Men: 65 Women: 60 | Men: Women: } 60 |

(1) In addition to the statutory old-age insurance scheme there are the supplementary retirement schemes which, pursuant to the agreement of 8 December 1961 between the French National Employers' Council (CNPF) and the trade union organizations, must be set up in all occupational sectors covered by the CNPF.

.

OLD-AGE

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1908 | 21 April 1919 | 6 May 1911 | 5 June 1913 | 1908 |
| Social Welfare (consolidation) Act, 1981 amended | - Decrees of 4 October 1935 and 14 April 1939 - Decree of 27 April 1968 - Law of 30 April 1969 - Laws of 11 August 1972 and 3 June 1975 | Industrial staff: Social Insurance Code, Book III, 1925, with numerous amendments Non-industrial staff: Law of 29 August 1951, with numerous amendments | General old-age insurance: Law of 31 May 1956 | Act of 1975 and the regulations thereunder |
| With few exceptions, all persons aged 16 years and over employed under a con- tract of service or apprenticeship | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees | Industrial and non-industrial staff All employees or those considered as such | All residents between the ages of 15 and 65 whatever their income or nationality | <u>Flat-rate pension</u> All persons aver school age, resident in the UK (1) <u>Graduated pension</u> All employed persons in the schem who earned more than UKL 9.00 a week between 6.4.91961 and 5.4.197 |
| Retirement pension must have become insured before the age of 55 at least 156 contribution weeks of insurable employment for which the appropriate contributions have been paid annual average of at least 24 contribution weeks registered (paid or credited) Old-age pension must have become insured before the age of 56 (60 in certain cases) at least 156 contribution weeks of insurable employment for which the appropriate contributions have been paid annual average of at least 20 contribution weeks registered (paid or credited) | 15 years of contributions | 1 350 days of insurance of industrial staff (2) 60 months of insurance for non-indus- trial staff (2) | None | <u>Flat-rate pension</u> At least 50 weekly flat-rate contributions paid at any times be 6 April 1975, or contributions paid in any tax year amounting at least 52 times - 50 times fo years from 6.4.74 to 5.4.78 the minimum contribution for that y Requisite number of qualifying years during the contributor's working life <u>Graduated pensions</u>: none |
| 1. Ment Woment } 65 2. Ment Woment } 66 | Men: 60 (3) (4) Women: 55 (3) (4) | Men: } 65 | Men: Women: } 65 | Men: 65 Women: 60 |

(2) An allowance is granted to insured persons who at 55 do not fulfill the conditions laid down but have paid contributions for 1 080 days (i.e. 4 years of insurance).
 (3) A 'seniority pension' is granted after 35 years of contributions irrespective of age, provided that the pensioner is no langer working.
 (4) Those workers who are not entitled to a tuil pension (40 years' contribution) can continue working until they reach such entitlement but cannot stay in employment beyond 65.

VII - 1

Table VII - 2

OLD-AGE

| | BELGIUN | DENMA RK | CE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| BENEFITS Amount of pension | For each year taken into consideration, a pension amount is paid as follows: single or married without dependent spouse: man: S x 60% x 1/45 woman: S x 75% x 1/40 married with dependent spouse: man: S x 75% x 1/40 where S = earnings: Before 1/1/1951: EFR 317 003 After then but before 1/1/1981 Manual workers: gross earnings without ceiling Other employees: gross earnings with ceiling (except for 1955-1957, flat-rate amount) Years after 1980 gross earnings with ceiling | <u>National pension</u> <u>Basic amount</u>: <u>Married persons</u>: DKR 31 296 p.a. each if both are pensioners Others: DKR 34 080 A full pension is paid if 40 years of residence after the age of 15 or if 10 years of residence of which at least 5 years immediately preceding the age of 67, otherwise reduced <u>General pension supplement</u>: <u>Married persons DKR 6 432 p.e. each; Others: DKR 5 988 p.a. <u>Personal allowance</u>: <u>Under special circumstances <u>Supplementary pension</u> <u>DKR 4 008 p.a. if 40 years of membership. Otherwise reduced proportionally </u></u></u> | Pension formula: 1.5% x n x E x c. n = Mumber of years of insurance (cf. invalidity) E = The general basic earnings, which were fixed for 1984 at DM 26 310 p.a. c = Individual coefficient - average ratio for each year of the gross earnings of the person concerned and the average gross earnings of all those insured (max. 2) (1) | | Pension at full rate (50%) at 60 after 37.5 contribution years. If less than 37.5, pension based on 1/150 for as many three- monthly periods of insurance and reduction of 5% for missing years (4). Minimum pension (means tested): FF 12 220 (2) |
| nnual earnings ceiling | EFR 1 039 393 | - | DM 62 400 | DRA 105 275 per month | FF 101 880 |
| Supplement for lependants; - spouse | (see above) | Married person's allowance of DKR 4 344 p.a. if the spouse does not receive a pension. If a wife is between 62-66 years of age husband receives a wife's supplement of DKR 35 400 (3) None | _ | 1 1/2 minimum earnings (DRA 1 930 per day) | Spouse aged over 65 (60 if inca- pacitated): FF 12 220 p.a. (means tested) |
| children | See Family cenerits, daple X | 1. See 'Family benefits' Table X 2. None | See 'ramıly benefits' Table X | 1st child:20%, 2nd: 15%, 3rd: 10% of pensior Maximum total amount for all children: DRA 22 196 | 10% of the pension to any pensioner who has at least 3 children, including children whom he has brought up for at least 9 years before their 16th birthday (5) Mothers: credit of 2 years insurance per child |

(1) If exceeded, possibility of obtaining incleases.
 (2) FF 16 440 can be added to this minimum in the form of an allowance from the National Solidarity Fund.
 (3) On condition that entitlement was acquired before 1/1/1984.
 (4) This reduction is not applied to certain groups (e.g. employees with 50% incapacity, manual workers having raised at least 3 children).
 (5) Accumulation of supplements for children with family allowances.

OLD-AGE

Table VII - 2

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Retirement pension IRL 48.25 per week (1) (IRL 51.55 where the pensioner is aged 80 or over) if average of annual contri- bution weeks registered is 48 or more. Where average is less than 48 but 24 or more, a reduced pension is payable. Old-age pension IRL 48.25 per week (1) (IRL 51.55 where the pensioner is aged 80 or over) if average of annual contri- bution weeks registered is 48 or more. Where average is less than 48 but 20 or more, a reduced pension is payable. | <pre>Pension formula: 2% x n x E n = Number of years of insurance (maximum: 40) E = Average annual reckonable earnings during the last 5 years (adapted to R.P.I. of first 4 years) Minimum: LIT 5 712 500 p.a. (5) (LIT 4 435 850 if less than 15 years contributions) (6) Social security pension: LIT 156 000 (12 000 x 13) of the annual contributory pension is provided by the Social Fund in the form of a social security pension. Persons aged over 65 without income are entitled to a social pension of LIT 2 650 050 (5) p.a. from the Social Fund (non-revertible)</pre> | <pre>Pension consisting of a fixed amount (2) + a supplement Fixed amount : LFR 60 297 p.a. Supplement: - 1.6Z of total earnings; earnings adjusted according to index and the changes in wage level; - minimum pension: LFR 125 016 (for 2 700 days of insurance); - minimum pension: LFR 251 238 (with at least 35 years of insurance)</pre> | Annual amount: Single persons: 1/50 of HFL 13 000 Married persons: 1/50 of HFL 18 648 (3) for each year of insurance | Flat-rate pension UKL 34.05 per week (reduced if number of years is less than max mum but at least a quarter of the requisite figure Graduated pension UKL 0.0444 per week for every UKL 7.50 (men) or UKL 9 (women) contributed Additional pension From 6.4.78 introduction of an earnings-related pension based on 1.25 % of earnings between the upper and lower earnings limit. Annual adjustment. |
| - | LIT 21 271 000 | LFR 1 205 952 | - | - |
| and 2. Spouse aged under 66: IRL 30.80 per week Spouse aged 66 or over: IRL 36.00 per week (4) | See 'Family benefits' Table X | - | (Varying amounts - see above) | 1. UKL 20.45 a week 2. None |
| | See 'Family benefits' Table X | LFR 12 864 p.a. per child (7) | See 'Family benefits' Table X | 1. Each child for whom child benefi |

 (2) Condition: 180 months of residence to obtain the whole of the fixed amount, otherwise a proportional amount is paid.
 (3) In addition a 'holiday allowance' equal to HFL 63.34 per month for a married couple and HFL 90.48 per month for a single person is paid.
 (4) A pensioner who is so incapacitated as to require full-time care and attention may receive an increase in pension of IRL 23.10 per week in respect of a prescribed relative who is looking after the pensioner.

Ľ٦

(5) From 1st November 1984
 (6) The pension is not made up to the minimum if the person entitled has income (not including rent) twice the minimum pension.
 (7) Accumulation of supplements for children with family allowances.

Table VII - 3

OLD-ACE

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| DJUSTMENT | - Automatic adjustment of pensions by 2% when the retail price in- der varies by more than 2% in relation to the preceding index Rates of pensions are adapted in line with the evolution of the general standard of living by fixing an annual adjustment_co- efficient for increases or flat- rate adjustment via an allowance | Automatically adjusted twice a year following changes in prices. Rates are regularly adjusted following rises in wages Only adjusted when sufficient funds | Twofold adjustment to economic situation: by automatic incidence of general basic earnings (see above) when the amount of the pension to be paid is fixed by adjustment of the pension according to a coefficient which is fixed once a year by law | Automatically indexed three times a year (1st January, 1st May and 1st September) by R.P.I. | - Annual adjustments with effect from 1 January and 1 July by statutory instrument firing the coefficient of increase |
| NRLY PENSION | Men and women: given a certain length of career, at the request of the person concerned, in which case reduction of 5% for each before normal retirement age (except for persons enjoying status of national recognition, prisoners). Earliest possible age: 60 (men) and 55 (women). Men: at the age of 64 where there is proof that they have been in salaried employment for 45 years or in hard or dirty work. An early retirement pension may be payable at 60, without re- | For persons over 50 in bad health or for social reasons. Amount: see basic amount of national pension. None | Men and women: a) at the age of 63 (1) or 60 (in the case of war pensioners, occupational or other invalidity) after 35 years of insurance (2); b) at the age of 60 if unemployed for a year in last 18 months and if 8 years contributions in last 10 years (2). Women: At age 60, if insured at least half of the last 20 years. | With full pension: From 60 (55 for women) if arduous work From 62 (57 for women) if 10 000 days of insurance or from 58 (men and women) for 10 500 days With pension reduced by 6% per year (1/200th per month) from 60 (55 for women) in other oases | |
| eperment | duction, for a man employed, on condition that the employer re- places him with someone seeking work. Possible, but after 1980 without increase in pension. Before, a sup- plement was given for each addit- ional year of work (max. 5), equal to 1/45 (men) or 1/40 (women) of 60% of earnings during the year (75% for households). | Only pensioners who have deferred claim for pension before 1/1/1984 may be awarded deferment payment or deferment supplement. | A supplement of 0.6% is added to the old-age pension per calendar month between 65 and 67 | - | From 65, if 150 insurance quarters are not reached, increase of 2.5% per quarter. |
| CCUMULATION WITH ARNINGS | Forbidden, except for authorized work which does not however bring in more than EFR 211 104 p.a. or EFR 16 947 per month gross (employee) or EFR 168 884 p.a. (self-employed). These amounts are increased by 50% when the pensioner has dependent children. If the gross income including increase for dependent children is above the maximum amounts, only 2/3 of pension is paid. | Permitted for basic amount when paid to persons over 67 years old (3) General pensions supplement is reduced by 30% for earnings in excess of DKR 12 600 p.a. for married persons each and DKR 8 700 for others. Married person's allowance and wife's supplement are likewise means tested. Permitted | Possible | Possible with monthly earnings limited to 35 times daily minimum earnings (DRA 1 285 x 35 = DRA 44 975 | Normally forbidden |

(3) Otherwise reduced by DKR 60 for every DKR 100 earned in excess of DKR 42.000 per year for a couple and in excess of DKR 24 000 for others, when earnings are due to work.

OLD-AGE

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Pensions are normally increased once a year | Quarterly adjustment for cost of living. For pensions above the minimum, this adjustment is partial: - up to twice the minimum: 100% - from 2 to 3 times minimum: 90% - for the amount above 3 times minimum: 75% Annual adjustment on 1st January equal to average rise of minimum earnings of industrial manual workers, | in relation to the preceding index (2) 2. Adjustment of pensions to level of | There is ministerial provision for pensions to be adjusted in line with the trend in legal minimum wage on l January and l July | Adjustment by legislation at least annually in line with movements in th general level of prices |
| _ | (1) | Industrial staff: - men at 60 - women at 60 Non-industrial staff: - men at 60 - women at 55 Conditions: all work ceased and a suf- ficient number of years of membership (industrial staff: 10 800 days; non- industrial staff: 180 months) | _ | - |
| - | Possibility of obtaining pension sup- plements every 2 years where the pen- sioner continues to work and pay con- tributions | - | - | Pension is increased by approximately 7 1/2% for each year of deferment |
| 1. No accumulation 2. Accumulation permitted | Total accumulation for minimum pension; No accumulation for that part of pension above the minimum | Possible, if amount of pension is lower than social minimum earnings | Possible | Pension reduced by UKL 0.05 for every UKL 0.10 earned over UKL 65 per week Reduction of UKL 0.05 for every UKL 0.05 earned in excess of UKL 6 per week. Earnings rule does not apply to persons over 70 (65 women 2. Accumulation permitted |

 Workers in enterprises having economic difficulties can ask for early retirement five years before normal retiring age (men at 60, women at 55). The missing years are deemed to be covered by contributions.
 Only one index point, at 1st September, will be applied in 1984.

2

•

SURVIVORS

| | HELGIUM | DENNA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| EGISIATION . First law | | | | | |
| 2. Basic legislation | See Old-age Table | See tables VI and VII 'Invalidity' and 'Old-age' | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables | See Tables VI and VII 'Invalidity' and 'Old-age' | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables |
| FIELD OF APPLICATION | See Old-age Table | See tables VI and VII 'Invalidity' and 'Old-age' | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables | See Tables VI and VII 'Invalidity' and *Old-age' | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables |
| CONDITIONS 1. Deceased insured person | To be insured | - | 60 months of insurance | See Table VI 'Invalidity' or Table VII 'Old-age' according to the case | 600 hours during 6 months or 200 hours during quarter preceding death |
| 2. Surviving spouse | Spouse married to the deceased for - at least 1 year (unless there is a ohild of the marriage or a dependent child or death is due to an accident after the date of marriage); - aged at least 45 or bringing up a child or being an invalid her- self; - having ceased all work with the exception of work that has been authorized | Persons between 50 and 67 in the event of special social and health conditions. | Widow, married to the deceased at the time of his death, or di- vorced before 1/7/77 and finan- cially dependent upon the de- ceased (1) Widower financially dependent upon deceased insured spouse | Widow (widower without means) whose marriage lasted at least 6 months (2 years if widow of pensioner) | a) For widow's (widower's) pension commuted to old*age pension; widow (or dependent widower) aged 55 or person entitled to a pension or a recipient of a pension (marriage having lasted for at least 2 years) b) For widow's (widower's) pension; widow (dependent widower) aged less than 55, disabled, of an insured person who died before his (her) 60th birthday |

SURVIVORS

-

ļ

Table VIII - 1

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NSTHERLA NDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| 1935 | | | | 1925 |
| Social Welfare (Consolidation) Act 1981, as amended. | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables VI/VII | General insurance scheme for widows and orphans | Act of 1975 and regulations thereunder |
| With few exceptions, all persons aged 16 years and over employed under a con- tract of service or apprenticeship | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables | See Invalidity and Old-age Tables VI/VII | See Old-age Table VII | See 'Old-age' Table VII - 1 |
| At least 156 weeks of insurable employment for which contributions paid An annual average of 39 weekly contributions paid or credited in the 3 or 5 contribution years be- fore date of death or age 66 or An annual average of 48 weekly contributions paid or credited since entry into insurance. (Reduced Pension if annual average of contribution weeks is less than 48 but 24 or more). These conditions may be fulfilled either on husband's or on wife's insurance. | Normal pension: 5 years of contributions of which 1 during the last 5 years <u>Privilege pension</u> : (In case of death occurring in service which does not give rise to an occupational injury pension) No contribution conditions. | Industrial staff: 270 days of insurance Non-industrial staff: 12 months of membership. No qualifying period where an injury connected with occupation has caused death | To be insured at the time of death | Widow's pension and widowed mother' allowance At least 50 weekly flat-rate con- tributions of any class paid at a time before 6 April 1975, or con- tributions paid in any tax year since 6 April 1975 amounting to a least 52 times (50 times for tax years 6.4.75 to 5.4.78) the minim weekly contribution for that year For full benefit, requisite numbe of reckonable years during the contributor's working life. Widow's allowance 25 flat-rate contributions paid a any time before 6 April 1975 or contributions paid in any tax yea since 6 April 1975 amounting to a least 25 times the minimum weekly contribution for that year |
| Widow Dependent invalid widower whose spouse was receiving, immediately before her death, an old age or re- tirement pension which included an allowance for him as an adult de- pendant | Widow or widower (l) | - Widow (or dependent widower) married to the deceased for at least 1 year, unless there is a child of the mar- riage or death is caused by an acci- dent. Assimilated to the widows mother, mother-in-law, sister, daughter, daughter-in-law and adopted daughter if a minor at the time of adoption, subject to certain conditions | Widow with dependent children or dis- abled, unmarried or aged at least 40 at the time of her husband's death. At 65 the survivor's pension is re- placed by an old-age pension | For full widow's pension; must be a 50 or over at her husband's death of when widowed mother's allowance cea Reduced pension payable if aged be- tween 40 and 50 To qualify for a widow's allowance; must be aged under 60 at the death spouse (if husband not entitled to tirement pension, may be aged over |

SURVIVORS

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| ENEFITS . Survivi g spouse | 80% of the actual or hypothetical retirement pension of the insured person calculated at the rate for a married couple where the spouse is dependent | Basic amount: DKR 34 080 p.a. (1) General pension supplement: see Old-age pensions, Table VII | 6/10 of pension for occupational invalidity with reference to ac- tual period of membership - for widows under 45 6/10 of general invalidity pen- sion with reference if necessary to a nominal period of membership longer (2) than the actual period - for widow (widower) over 45, or disabled or with dependent chil- dren | 70% of old-age pension | a) 52% of pension or annuity received by the deceased Minimum : FF 12 220 p.a. 10% supplement where the person concerned had at least 3 dependent children brought up by him for 9 years before their 16th birthady b) 52% of the holder's old-age pension |
| idow's remarriage . Orphans - children having lost one parent | Pension maintained for 12 months. No orphans' pension; see special family allowances scheme | See 'Family benefits' | Pension is discontinued; grant of 1 years' pension 1/10 of general invalidity pension (see Table VI) plus children's | child under 18 (except if | Invalid widow's pension is dis- continued, but not reversion pension No orphans' pension: see family allowances scheme |
| | | | supplement as for general old-age or invalidity scheme (3) Age limit: 18 years (25 for study or occupational training) (4) | invalid) | |

(2) Where the deceased insured person is not 55 or over, the actual membership period is increased by the period between death and age of 55, subject to certain conditions.
 (3) No restriction on combination with family allowances.
 (4) No accumulation with any study earnings or similar beyond a certain level.

SURVIVORS

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| IRL 43.45 per week (under 66) IRL 44.30 per week (66 - 79) IRL 47.30 per week (80 or over) Prescribed relative allowance payable to an incapacitated widow aged 66 or over requiring full-time care and attention from a prescribed relative. Rate IRL 23.10 per week Allowance paid to a widow aged 66 or over living alone Amount: IRL 3.20 per week | 60% of the insured person's invalidity or old-age pension in accordance with the minimum and maximum levels laid down for the insured person's pension | Total of fixed amount and 66.66% of supplement (1) plus further supplement of LFR 8 844 p.a. for each dependent child If insured person dies before 55, 66.66% of special supplements (1) provided that the widow - is older than 45 - has at least 50% work incapacity - has brought up child (or is bringing up) | Widow only: HFL 13 000 p.a. Widow with dependent children under 18 (2): HFL 18 648 p.a. | Widow's pension: Paid when the right to widow's allow- ance expires (if the claimant is not entitled to widowed mother's allow- ance) or at the end of entitlement to widowed mother's allowance, provided in both cases that certain conditions as to age are fulfilled (see above). A full pension is granted to widows aged 50 or over, rate: UKL 34.05 per week. If the widow is aged 40-50 the pension is reduced by 7% of the full rate for each year under 50 Widow's allowance: Payable for 26 weeks following the death of the spouse. Amount: UKL 47.65 per week Widowed mother's allowances: Payable, from the end of the 26 weeks to pregnant widows or those with one or more dependent children or having child under 19 living with her. Amoun UKL 34.05 per week paid as long as th widow has the children in her charge |
| Pension is discontinued | Pension is discontinued; grant of 2 years' pension | Pension is discontinued; grant of 60 months' payments if remarried be- fore 50 (36 months' payments over 50), not including special supplements | Pension is discontinued; grant of l year's pension | Pension is discontinued |
| The amount of widow's weekly pension is increased as follows for each dependent child under 18 (21 if in full-time education)(4) 1st child(5) (a) IRL 11.65 (b) IRL 11.95 2nd to 5th child (5) (a) IRL 12.95 6th and subsequent children (5) (a) IRL 11.05 (b) IRL 11.30 | In conjunction with surviving spouse's pension: 20% per child; but for 3 or more children 40% di- vided by the number of children (3) If the surviving spouse does not have a pension: 40% for each orphan. For 3 or more children, 100% of the pension divided by the number of children | <pre>1/3 of fixed amount + 20% of supple- ment plus further supplement of LFR 4 422 p.s. (4) If insured person dies before 55, 20% of special supplements (1)</pre> | Same pension as for orphans having lost both parents, if on the death of the father, the mother is not child's guardian Amount: see below (4) | The amount of the widow's allowance is increased by UKL 7.60 per week for each qualifying child for whom child benefit is payable <u>Child's special allowance</u>: Paid to a woman whose marriage has been dissolved or annulled if on the death of her former husband sh has a child towards whose support he was contributing or was liable to contribute. Amount: UKL 7.60 per week for each child (4) (no benefit in case of remarriage) |

(5) (a) for pensioners under 66; (b) for pensioners 66 or over.

1

-

SURVIVORS

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| - ohild <u>ren</u> having lost both parents | No orphans' pension; see special family allowances scheme | See 'Family-benefits' | <pre>1/5 of the general invalidity pension (see Table VI) + 1/10 of the general basic salary on which the insured person's pension is calculated (1) Age limit: 18 years (25 for study or coccupational training) (2)</pre> | 60% of old-age pension but maximum of 80% if several orphans | No orphans' pension; see family allowances scheme |
| Other beneficiaries | - | - | - | Dependent parents or grand- children: 20% of pension | - |
| Maximum for all those entitled to benefits | - | - | 100% of the insured person's full general invalidity pension (see Table VI) without increases for children | 100% of old-age pension | - |
| , Other benefits | Survivors' pension granted or maintained temporarily 1) 12 months grant to spouses who do not qualify for survivors' pension 2) maintaining the pension over a marimum of 12 months - when the spouse remarries - when, being under 45, the surviving spouse does not qualify any more for the early grant of a survivors' pension. (See Table IV for funeral expenses) | Maintenance allowance can be paid out under the Social ABSistance Act of 1974 (in case of need) Special aid under the Social ABSistance Act in cases of study or vocational training necessary to enable integration into a working life Death grant: DKR 2 700 | The insured person's full pension is paid to the widow (or widower) for the 3 months following the insured person's death. See also allowances for funeral expenses under Table IV. The divorced spouse (after 30.6.1977) not remarried has a right, on the death of the explose and during the upbringing of their children, to a pension based on his and her own insurance. Conditions: 60 months of insurance before the death, impossible to work because of children (apart from light work) | Cantribution of insurance organi- zation to general expenses (see Sickness, Table IV) | Digressive widow's or widower's allowances: lst year: FF 2 191 2nd year: FF 1 438 3rd year: FF 1 097 (means tested) No sex discrimination. Age condition: less than 55 Family conditions: be raising or have raised at least 1 child for 9 years. Must not remarry or live as married. Under Death Insurance, grant of a capital sum on death equal to 90 times the basic daily earnings to the survivors of insured persons who have been gainfully employed or in a situation assimilated thereto (unemployment, sickness or maternity allowance, temporary incapacity) for 200 hours during the 1ast month; order of priority: spouse, children, parents, etc.) Minimum: 1% of annual earnings, subject to ceiling |

SURVIVORS

Table VIII - 3

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| An orphan's allowance is paid if: - the orphan is under 18 (21 if in full-time education); - 26 contribution weeks of insurable employment, for which contributions have been paid or registered in re- spect of a parent or step-parent. Amount: IRL 27.45 per week | 40% per child. 3 children and more: 100% divided by the number of children | Double the pension for fatherless or motherless children (4) | Children (4)aged: under 10: HFL 346.68 per month 10 - 16 : HFL 520.02 per month 16 - 27 : HFL 693.36 per month (student or child at home) From 16 to 17 years only for invalids HFL 693.36 per month (2) | Guardian's allowance is a payment of UKL 7.60 per week to a person who takes into his family an orphan child one of the child's parents must have satisfied a residence condition (1) |
| - | For parents, brothers or sisters 19% of the insured person's pension if there are no other survivore | Persons treated as widows. Children treated as orphans | A divorced wife under certain conditions | - |
| _ | 100% of the insured person's pension | 100% of the insured person's pension | - | - |
| Benefits and pensions which include an increase for an adult dependant are payable for 6 weeks after the death of the insured person. A death grant is paid on the death of an insured person, the spouse of an insured person, the widow or wid- ower of an insured person, or a child under 18 if: 26 contribution weeks of insurable employment registered between 1 October 1970 and the date of death for which the appropriate contributions have been paid and 48 contribution weeks since date of entry into insurance or since 1 October 1970 (whichever date is the most recent) Amount: Child under 5: IRL 20 Child 5 - 18 : IRL 60 A dath: IRL 100 A reduced grant is payable where the annual average of contribution weeks is less than 48 but 26 or more | Allowance to survivors if the insured person was not yet entitled to a pension: 45 times the total contributions paid Minimum: LIT 43 200 Marimum: LIT 129 600 Order of priority: spouse, children, parents See also funeral grants under Siokness insurance | The insured person's full pension is paid for 3 months to survivors who have lived with him in the same house- hold Funeral allowance if death cocurs be- fore pensionable ages Industrial staff: 1/15 of last actual annual earnings, minimum: LFR 20 099 Non-industrial staff: If person with no rights to survivors' pension and provided the conditions concerning the qualifying period are fulfilled, 50% of the highest annual earnings on which contributions had to be paid See also funeral allowance under Sickness insurance (Table IV) | The insured person's full pension is paid to the widow for the 2 months following death (3) Temporary benefit (6-19 months) to widows with no pension rights: HFL 13 000 p.a. (2) | Death grant: Lump sum paid on the death of an insured person or of the wife, husband or child of an insured person. It may also be payable on the insurance of a close relative in respect of a person handicapped since age 19 and unable to work and contribute to insurance To qualify Either at least 25 contributions of any class must have been paid or credited between 5.7.1948 and 6.4.1975 or contributions must have been paid in any one tax year from 6.4.1975 times the minimum contribution for that year. The standard grant is normally UKL 30 for an adult and a smaller sum for a child |

(1) On condition that the beneficiary has a right to child benefit for the orphan.
 (2) As well, a 'holiday allowance' is paid.
 (3) By virtue of the sickness and incapacity for work insurances, a death grant is allowed (see Tables IV and VI)
 (4) No restriction on combination with family allowances.

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

.

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGIUN | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| LEGISLATION 1. First law - Employment injuries - Occupational diseases | 24 December 1903 24 July 1927 | 1898 | 6 July 1884 12 May 1925 | No particular insurance arists, the risk being covered under sickness, invalidity, survivors by specific regulations | 9 April 1898 25 October 1919 |
| Basic legislation Employment injuries Occupational diseases | Law of 10 April 1971 Coordination by Royal Decree of 3 June 1970 Royal Decree of 26 November 1982 | Law of 8 March 1978, as amended | Social Insurance Code (RVO) of 19 July 1911, version of 30 April 1963, with numerous amendments General Section, Social Code (11 December 1975) Presoriptions (23 December 1976) | | Social Security Code (Code SS) Book IV, Decree of 31 December 1946, amended |
| ISKS COVENED . <u>Industrial injuries</u> Definition employ- ment injuries | Injuries occurring during and as a result of the execution of the work contract | Injury arising during work or as a result of the conditions in which the work is carried out | In juries occurring in the enter- prise and/or in connection with an occupation dependent on the enterprise on the basis of a contract of employment, hire or apprenticeship, or any other in- sured activity | Accident cocurring because of and during employment | Any injury occurring as a result of or in connection with work, regardless of its cause |
| injuries while trave elling between home and place of work | Covered (1) | Not oovered | Covered (1) | Covered | Covered (1) |
| . <u>Occupational</u> <u>diseases</u> (a) prescribed diseases | List of occupational diseases (Royal Decrees of 28 March 1969, 28 May 1969, 10 July 1973 and 26 June 1979) | List of presoribed diseases | List of 55 occupational diseases and noxious agents (8 December 1976) | List of cocupational diseases | B2 tables of cocupational dis- eases, norious agents or groups (Tables annexed to Decree of 31 December 1946, amended) (2) (3) |
| | | | | | |

(1) Such injuries are those occurring on the journey to or from work along the normal and habitual route between the place of work and the worker's residence. Legal precedents or even legal provisions

extend this definition to cases other than the travelling defined above (to eating-place, dootor's surgery, pay-office, etc.); these extensions vary from country to country. (2) Every dootor must give notice of a disease which is not included in the Tables but which he considers as having an occupational origin; this is for preventive purposes and to expand the Tables. (3) Employers using processes liable to cause occupational diseases must give notice thereof.

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| Table | IX | - | 1 | |
|-------|----|---|---|--|
|-------|----|---|---|--|

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| .897 Social Welfare (consolidation) Act 1981, as amended | 17 March 1898 13 May 1929 Royal Decree of 17 August 1935, most recently amended by Decree of 30 June 1965 | 5 April 1902 17 December 1925 Law of 17 December 1925 (Books II and IV of the Social Insurance Code) with numerous amendments | There is no specific insurance against employment injuries and oc- cupational diseases; under the Law of 18 February 1966 these risks are covered by sickness insurance (cash benefits and benefits in kind), in- surance against incapacity for work (invalidity) and survivors' insurance | 1897 Acts of 1975 and the Regulations thereunder |
| Injury arising out of and in the course of employment | Employment injury produced by a vio- lent cause in connection with work | Employment injury occurring as a re- sult of or in connection with work | See above | Personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of insurab employment |
| As a general rule, not covered. | Injuries occurring during the journey between the place of work and the home do not usually occasion compensation; exception: unavoidable use of a very long or bad and dangerous route, the transport of heavy tools, harbour vessels, the enterprise's own means of transport, etc. | Covered (1) | | As a general rule, not covered |
| List of 52 prescribed diseases set out In Social Welfare (Prescribed Diseases) (Occupational Injuries) Regulations, 1983. Special conditions for neumoconiosis, byssinosis, occupational deafness and occupational asthma. | List of 49 occupational diseases (see Decree of December 1975) Also special law for silicosis and asbestosis of 12 April 1943 | Table of 35 occupational diseases and noxious agents (see Grand-ducal Decree of 26 May 1965) | See above | Schedule of 50 prescribed industrial diseases. Social security (Industria Injuries) (Prescribed Diseases) Regulation 1980 (Statutory Instrument 1980 No 311 amended). Special law for pneumoconiosis and byssinosis |
| 1) Such injuries are those occurring or | n the journey to or from work along the n | ormal and habitual route between the place | be of work and the worker's residence. Leg se, etc.); these extensions vary from cour | zal precedents or even legal provision |

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GERMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|---|
| <pre>(b) Conditions - enterprises, work</pre> | Have been exposed to risk - risk is presumed to exist when the person works in an enter- prise so described in a list contained in a Royal Decree. | None | Given in the list of occupational disease; restrictions imposed for some diseases | _ | Given in tables; restricted in the case of a certain number of diseases |
| - periods of ex- posure to risk | None | None, circumstances taken into consideration | None, circumstances taken into consideration | - | No fixed period except for pneumoconicsis: 5 years (in prin- ciple) (1) discases angendered by streptomycin: 1 month; deafness: 2 years (reduced to 30 days in some cases) |
| - periods of liability (pe- riods between discontinuance of exposure to risks and ap- pearance of disease) | No statutory periods | None | None, circumstances taken into consideration | - | Absolute periods given in the tables (between 3 days and 20 years) 5 years for pneumoconicsis |
| - time-limit for declaration (after appear- <u>ance of f</u> irst symptoms) | May be fixed by decree | l year; special circumstances excepted | 2 years (time-limit for retro- active payments) | - | 2 years (time-limit) |
| (c) Mixed system (2) | Employment activities | Yes | Yes | - | Only for pneumoconiosis |
| ELD OF APPLICATION | Employment injuries: workers cov- ered by social security system, apprentices and other persons. Occupational diseases: as above and also trainees, even unpaid, pupils and students exposed to risk because of their instruction | Employed and certain self-employed persons in fishing and shipping industries | Employed persons, some self-em- ployed, schoolchildren, students, kindergarten children, persons undergoing rehabilitation and others | Employees and assimilated | Persons working in any capacity in any place for one or more employers |

The conditions concerning the liability and exposure periods may be waived as regards silicosis and asbestosis subject to the opinion of a panel of 3 doctors.
 Mixed system: Juxtaposition of the list system (presumption that diseases are occupational in origin where these diseases can be found in a limitative list if, should the condition arise, certain conditions are met) and of the proof system for cases which cannot benefit from presumption (Commission's Recommendations of 23 July 1962 and 20 July 1966).

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|--|------------------------|--|
| Employment in occupations involving exposure to risks as indicated in the Regulations. | Strictly limited to the work given in the list | Given in the list, mostly in general terms | | Occupation involving exposure to specified substances |
| No prescribed periods, except for occupational deafness, but must have been in specified occupation at some time since 1 May 1967 (occupational deafness: 10 years) | None, circumstances taken into consideration | No prescribed periods | | None, but must have been in specified occupation at some time since 5 July 1948 |
| No limit except for occupational asthma (10 years) | Absolute periods given in the list (with a minimum of 2 months) (1) | No statutory periods | | No limit, but disease must be shown to be due to nature of person's work in insurable employment from 5 July 1948 |
| None | 3 years (time-limit) | | | None |
| Diseases which are not included in the list are not covered except when they result from occupational accident. | - | Уев | | Diseases which are not included in the list are not covered except when they satisfy the employment injuries defini- tion |
| Employed persons | Workers providing their services for hire to third parties in order to carry out manual work (thus excluding most non-industrial staff). | Manual workers, assistants, mates, apprentices and domestic servants, office staff, operational staff, foremen and technical staff. Kindergarten children, schoolchildren and university students | See Table IX - 1 above | Employed earners |
| | | | | |

Table IX - 2

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| FITS emporary incapacity | | | | | |
| a) Benefits in kind free choice of doctor or hospital | Free choice unless for employment accident the enterprise has a recognized, comprehensive medical department | See Table III 'Health care' | In principle: no free choice. The patient must as soon as possible visit the specialist appointed by the trade cooperative association (Durchgangsarzt). Any subsequent medical treatment is carried out by approved specialists (1) | See Table III 'Health oare' | Free ohoice |
| - payment of costs; fees | Employment accident: if free choice allowed, refund subject to an official scale. If organized department: free care. Occupational disease: according to official rate and specific nomen- clature. | - Medical treatment (see Table III 'Health care') (2) - Costs of prostheses, artificial limbs, orthopaedic equipment, wheel chairs are completely covered by the injury insurance | For the first 18 days the pa- tient's sickness fund, subse- quently the trade cooperative as- sociation; if no sickness fund exists, the association from the start | Full payment by the competent institution | Direct payment by the primary social security fund; for agricultural workers, the agri- cultural friendly societies |
| contribution by person involved | None, unless special case | Sec Table III 'Health care' | None | None | None, except in certain cases, where treatment by a doctor out- side the commune, a more expen- sive hospital, etc. is chosen by the patient |
| - duration | Unlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited |
| b) <u>Cash benefits</u> - waiting period | Employment acoident: none Occupational disease: 15 days of incapaoity | None . | None | None | None |
| - duration | Until cure or permanent condition | See Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits' | Until cure or permanent condition. Maximum: 78 weeks, then permanent annuities | See Table IV 'Siokness-cash benefits' | Until cure or permanent condition or relapse |
| - basic earnings used for calculation | Yearly earnings in the year prece- ding the accident or the start of incapacity, Max.: HFR 731 370 Min. for minors and apprentices: EFR 146 274 | - | Basic earnings used for sickness insurance (but up to a ceiling) | See Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits' | Actual earnings during the pay period (1 month, 1/2 month, 1 week) prior to cessation of work divided by the number of working days in that period |
| - amount | Total incapacity: 90% of average daily earnings, that is, 1/365th of the basic salary per calendar day. Partial incapacity: benefit equal to the difference between earnings before the accident or beginning of incapacity and the earnings in partial employment. | See Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits | See Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits' | See Table IV 'Sickness-cash banefits' | 50% of basic earnings for 28 days; thereafter 66 2/3% No reduction for hospitalization |

(2) Costs of medical care which are not covered by the National Health Security Scheme may be claimed from Industrial Injuries Insurance.

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERIANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| See Table III 'Health care' | The insured person must use the serv- ices of the doctors indicated by INAIL and obey their instructions, also re- garding operations; otherwise he may lose his right to compensation | Free choice | See Table IX - 1 above | See Table III 'Health care' |
| costs of medical care which are not expable under the General Health icheme may be paid from the occupational Injuries Fund, if considered necessary and reasonable. | Hospitalization is administered by the Regions INAIL | By the insurance association | | See Table III 'Health care' |
| оле | None, when the patient shares a hospital room | None | | See Table III 'Health care' |
| Inlimited | Unlimited | Unlimited | | Unlimited |
| njury benefit: days. None, if incapacity lasts 2 days (Sumdays excl.) ay-related benefit: 8 days | 3 days (1) | None | See Table IX - 1 above | 3 days |
| Maximum of 156 days (Sundays excl.) | Until cure or permanent condition | Until cure or permanent condition but annuity after 13 weeks | | Maximum of 168 days (excluding Sunds |
| - | Average daily earnings received during the 15 working days prior to cessation of work | Actual earnings during a specified period (maximum: ceiling for earnings on which contributions are paid) | | - |
| Injury benefit: (RL 51.25 per week (RL 40.55 for certain married women and persons under 18) (2) <u>ay-related benefit</u> : payable provided there is an under- ying title to sickness benefit (see Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits') | 60% of basic daily earnings for 90 days; thereafter 75% | Gross salary which the employee would have earned if he had continued to work | | See Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefit' |
| lying title to sickness benefit (see Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits') | | | | |

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGTUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Permanent incapacity (a) Firing level of incapacity (= t) | Employment accident: Agreement between insuring body concerned and person involved; approval by court compulsory. Occupational diseases: administrative notifi- cation. Appeals: Employment | National Social Security Office | Ascertained in each case by medi- cal examination as required by trade cooperative association | The competent institution after an opinion from the medical committee | Board of administration or select committee of the primary sickness fund on the advice of the con_{τ} sultant doctor |
| Review of t | action. Appears: Employment tribunal. Review possible: a) employment injuries: during years from the date of the agreement between the parties or the final decision b) occupational diseases: at any time | Review possible at any time during the 5 years after the annuity is fixed if greater changes in cir- cumstances. The National Social Security Office can however, be- fore this period has passed, ex- tend the 5 years limit once if there are special circumstances | During first 2 years after injury, review is possible at any time; after permanent annuity is fixed, at intervals of at least 1 year. The increase or decrease of t must be at least 10% | On request by the person concerned every 6 months | Review possible at any time dur- ing the first 2 years after t is fixed. Thereafter normally at intervals of at least one year |
| Minimum t giving entitlement to compensation | - | 15% | 20% | 33•33% | - |
| (b) Basic earnings employed for calculating annuity (= E) Possible re- duction of E (= E reduced) | Earnings in the year prior to cessation of work. Maximum E = BFR 731 370 For minors earnings of majors. | Total earnings in year before injury | Actual earnings in the 12 months prior to cessation of work. In any case 60% (persons aged over 18) or 40% (up to 18) of the reference amount (1984: DM 32 760) (1) Maximum E = DM 36 000, or more if laid down in statute or by decree | See Table VI 'Invalidity' | Actual earnings in the 12 months prior to cessation of work. Minimum E = FF 66 062.77 Maximum E = FF 528 502.16 Only 1/3 of the actual earnings in excess of twice the minimum is counted up to the maximum (= E reduced). If t is less than 10%, no minimum E |
| (c) - amount or formula | E r t From 1st April 1984: from 0 to 5%: allowance reduced by 50% from 5 to 10%: allowance reduced by 25% | Total incapacity: pension equal to 75% of annual earnings of recipient up to an amount of DKR 169 000 which amount is readjusted following general wage rises <u>Partial incapacity</u> : pension proportional to the degree of invalidity | E x t x 66.7% | See Table VI 'Invalidity'. At least 60% of the reference earn- ings for the insurance category of the person concerned. | E reduced x t reduced Reduced level = incapacity level reduced by half for the portion under 50% and increased by half for the portion over 50% |
| - eramples | 100% of E when t = 100% 75% of E when t = 75% 50% of E when t = 50% 25% of E when t = 25% | - | 66.7% of E when t = 100% 50.0% of E when t = 75% 33.3% of E when t = 50% 16.7% of E when t = 25% | - | 100%)) when t = 100% 62.5%) of E when t = 75% 25%) reduced when t = 50% 12.5%) when t = 25% |

ENPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

IRELAND TTALY LUXEMBOURG NETHERLANDS UNITED KINGDOM Assessment by annuities joint committee See Table IX - 1 Disablement is assessed by the Departt fixed for injuries on the basis of Medical Boards and Medical Appeal based on the medical examination of Tribunals ment of Social Welfare following a table for assessing permanent inmedical examination capacity; for occupational diseases the social security organization on the basis of opinion of INAIL consultant doctor Review possible during the 4 years Review possible only during the 3 years At end of any provisional assessment At end of any provisional assessment period, or on application when it is after the annuity is fixed at interfollowing the fixing of the annuity period or earlier if circumstances vals of at least one year; thereafter unless deterioration of more than 10% considered that circumstances have alter at intervals of at least 3 years. No ohanged further review after 10 years (no limit for silicosis and asbestosis) 1% 1% 11% No minimum for silicosis or asbestosis combined with tuberculosis Average earnings in the year prior to Actual earnings in the year prior to cessation of work cessation of work or, if more favour-Minimum E = LIT 4 319 000 able, the customary daily earnings in Maximum E = LIT 8 020 000 the last post multiplied by the aver-Reduction of basic earnings according age number of days of work completed in the enterprise (for non-industrial to a table of basic percentages corresponding to incapacity levels: staff 12 x salary - with ceiling - at between 11 and 64%, percentage = time of injury). Minimum legal earn-50-98% ings for persons of same age and sex between 65 and 100%, percentage = plus 20% for a skilled worker (minimum 100% basic earnings) - The rate of disablement benefit E reduced x t Ext x 80% - The rate of benefit depends on the See Table IX - 1 above depends on the degree of disablement degree of disablement (physical or mental) - Up to 19%: lump sum (see redemption) - Degree 1% to 19%; gratuity paid - 20 to 100% pension, amount depending (see 'Redemption') on degree of disablement - 20 to 100%: weekly pension the level Payable from 91st day after date of of which depends on the degree of industrial accident or onset of disablement prescribed disease 100.0% of E when t = 100% UKL 55.60 per week when t = 100%110. 56.80 a week when t = 100% (1) 10% of R when t = 100% 75.0% of K when t = 75% UKL 27.80 per week when t = 50%) 60% of E when t = 75% Iff. 28,40 a week when t = 50% (1) 55.0% of E when t = 50% UKL 11.12 per week when t = 20%) 40% of E when t = 50% INL 11. S/ a week when t = 20% (1) 13.2% of H when t = 25% 20% of E when t = 25% (1) Higher rates if heneficiary is 66 or over.

Table IX - 4

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GERMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|--|---|--|---------------------------|---|
| d) Supplements - for care by another person | Allowance increased up to 150% of maximum except during hospitalization | - | Vary according to individual case from DM 389 to DM 1 551 per month | See Table VI 'Invalidity' | 40% of the annuity with a minimum of FF 47 880.92 per year |
| - for dependants | See Table X - 4 "Pensioners" - allowances for children of invalidity pensioners | _ | See Table X 'Family Benefits' | See Table VI 'Invalidity' | See Family allowances |
| (e) Kedemption | Employment accidents: optional, at the request of the party concerned, for at least 1/3 annuity, and only in cases of annuities for 10% invalidity at least. For mortal accidents, after 1st April 1984, redemption only possible for spouse Occupational diseases: no redemption possible. | If the level of invalidity is fixed conclusively at below 50%, the pension will be com- pulsorily redeemed by the pay- ment of a lump sum At the age of 67 the pension is redeemed by the payment of a lump sum equal to 2 years pension | Redemption is possible with the insured person's consent if t is less than 30%. Above 30% redemp- tion is possible under certain conditions | - | Immediate compulsory redemption if t is less than lo% and if the annuity is less than l/80 of minimum earnings; optional full or partial re- demption under certain condi- tions - not before 5 years after ascertainment of permanent condition |
| f) Accumulation: - new earnings | Full accumulation with new earn- ings | Full accumulation | Full accumulation possible with new earnings | See Table VI 'Invalidity' | Full accumulation possible with new earnings |
| - other pensions | Limitations with sickness- invalidity, retirement and with other pensions for occupational accidents or diseases | Invalidity pension is reduced if compensation is based on an inva- lidity of more than 20%. Old-age pension can be accumu- lated | If combined with old-age or in- validity pension the latter is reduced when the total pensions exceed 80% of the annual earnings taken into account for the em- ployment injury pension or 80% of individual basic earnings used to calculate old-age/invalidity pen- sion | See Table VI 'Invalidity' | Combination with an invalidity pension restricted to 80% of ac- tual earnings at time of injury if that pension is granted as a result of the injury. No limits for old-age pension |

88

ENPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

Table IX - 5

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Constant attendance allowance for a beneficiary receiving 100% disablement pension who requires regular attendance. Minimum: IRL 11.36 a week (2) Normal maximum: IRL 22.70 a week (2) Exceptionally: IRL 34.05 a week (2) Exceptionally severe cases: IRL 45.40 a week (2) | LIT 35 000 per month | Up to E x 100% | | Constant attendance allowance for a person with 1007 disablement assessment who needs someone to attend him regularly Minimum UKL 11.15 per week Normal maximum UKL 22.30 per week (exceptionally UKL 44.60)(1) Exceptionally uKL 44.60)(1) Exceptionally severe disablement allowance: UKL 22.30 per week if there is entitlement to constant attendance allowance above the normal maximum rat of UKL 22.30 and the need for attend ance at such rate is likely to be permanent |
| Increases are payable to a recipient of disablement benefit who is also receiving unemployability supplement. The rates are the same as for sickness benefit - see Tables IV 'Sickness-cash benefits'. | For spouse and each dependent child: 5% supplement, and combination with any family allowances | 10% supplement for each dependent ohild if t = at least 50%; maximum; 100% of E. Age-limit as for family allowances | | Same supplements as for invalidity pension (see Table VI) if beneficiary is entitled to unemployability supple- ment (see below) |
| If the level of disablement is under 20%, payment is normally a lump sum gratuity calculated according to the level of disablement and to its probable duration. | Special provisions permit redemption of certain annuities. Compulsory redemption if 10 years after settle- ment of the annuity t is between 11% and 16% | Redemption if t is less than 40% under special conditions Compulsory redemption if t is less than lo% | See Table IX - 1 | If the level of disablement is not more than 19%, payment is normally a lump sum gratuity calculated ac- cording to the level of disablement and to its probable duration. |
| Full accumulation | Full accumulation possible with new | Accumulation possible with new earn- | ····· | Full accumulation |
| Full accumulation with Old age or widow's pension. With Invalidity or Retirement pensions, accumulation is initially restricted to. Pre-accident earnings, subject to periodic review in accordance with wage increases. | earnings Invalidity and old-age pensions may be combined with employment injury or oc- cupational diseases pensions. The sum of the combined pensions may not ex- ceed the last earnings where the in- validity pension is paid for the same reason as the injury annuity | ings In certain cases reduction of in- validity pension only | | Full accumulation |
| People who cannot work because they care allowance at the rate of UKL 1' Highor rates if beneficiary is aged | (. / 5 a week. | rely disabled relative receiving constant | attondanco allowance at the normal maxim | um rate or more can be paid invalid |

ENPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GERMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|-------------------|---------|---|---------|--------|--------|
| 5. Other benefits | | Handicap allowance Allowance for permanent handicap in daily life (for 100% handicap, allowance is DKR 24 500) | - | - | - |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

1

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| Table IX - 6 | Ta | ble | IX | - | 6 |
|--------------|----|-----|----|---|---|
|--------------|----|-----|----|---|---|

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|------------|------------------------|--|
| Several supplements are available in cases of disablement: - <u>Sickness benefit</u> in cases of incapa- city for work (see Table IV) - <u>Unemployability supplement</u> if sick- ness benefit not payable. The rates are the same as for sickness benefit - <u>Hospital treatment allowance</u> payable to persons receiving pensions whose degree of disablement is under 100%. The purpose is to give a pen- sion at the rate given to a person 100% disabled during the stay in hospital | In cases of total permanent disability : Personal monthly allowance of LIT 250 000 | | See Table IX - 1 above | Disablement benefit may be increased in various ways: Special hardship allowance, payable to claimants unable to follow their pre- accident regular occupation or to do suitable alternative work of similar standard. Rate: difference between earnings in the regular occupation and the suit- able alternative occupation. Maximum: UKL 22.24 per week (The al- lowance together with the disablement benefit cannot exceed the amount of the 100% disablement pension). Unemployability supplement Rate: see Table 'Invalidity' (Inva- lidity pension, invalidity allowance, supplements for dependants). Family allowances payable in addition. (No accumulation with special hardship allowance or any other social benefit). Hospital treatment allowance Increases disablement benefit to 1007 rate while beneficiary is receiving hospital-in-patient treatment for the relevant injury or disease |

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | HELGIUM | DENMA RK | CE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| EATH Surviving épouse (1) | Widow or widower: E x 30% | Pension: 30% of annual salary of deceased (calculated on the basis of a maximum amount of DKR 169 000 dur- ing a period of 10 years maximum (same rules for widows and widow- ers) It is a condition that the sur- vivor was supported by the de- ceased or that the survivor's acconomic situation has otherwise deteriorated because of this de- cease. A person who was cohabiting with the deceased at the time of the accident and for at least 5 years at the time of death has the same rights as a spouse | Widow aged under 45: E x 30% Widow aged over 45 or with over 50% incapacity level or with one child receiving orphan's pension; E x 40%. Widowers receive the same amount insofar as the wife was the main breadwinner in the marriage | See Table VIII 'Survivors' but no time-interval in marriage | Widow aged under 60; E reduced x 30%. Widow aged over 60 or with at least 50% incapacity level; E reduced x 50% Widower; see widow |
| Orphans (children having lost one parent) | Each child up to 18 years: E x 15% with maximum: E x 45% | Fension of 10% of annual earnings of deceased (up to 18 years old) | Each child to age of 18, or 25 if undergoing vocational training: E x 20% (2) | See Table VIII 'Survivo <i>r</i> s' | 1 child: E reduced x 15% 2 children: E reduced x 30% 3 children: E reduced x 40%, etc. |
| Orphans (children having lost both parents | Each orphan: E x 20% (max: 60%) | Pension of 20% of annual earnings of deceased (up to 18 years old) | E x 30% (2) | See Table VIII 'Survivors' | Each orphan; E reduced x 20% Accumulation with family allow- ances |
| Dependent parents and other relatives | Father and mother E x 20% each, or E x 15% for surviving spouse without children. Also grand-chil- dren, brothers and sisters and grandparents | If total benefits to spouse and children amount to less than E x 70%, an annuity can be granted under special circumstances to other dependants such as parents, brothers, sisters, grandchildren, etc. It is a condition that the deceased took care of the upkeep of the dependant | E x 20% (E x 30% for a couple). Parents and grandparents, with priority to the parents | See Table VIII 'Survivors' | E reduced x 10% for each parent and grandparent. Maximum for total parents and grandparents: E reduced x 30% |

ENPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| Table | IX | - | 7 |
|-------|----|---|---|
|-------|----|---|---|

| IRELAND | ITA LY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|---|--|------------------------|---|
| Widows: pensions of IRL 55.05 a week (2) Widower: pension of IRL 55.05 a week if incapable of supporting himself by reason of illness. Otherwise a lump sum payment of IRL 2 870 if dependent on the deceased spouse (2) <u>An extra allowance</u> of IRL 3.20 per week is paid to a pensioner aged 66 or over who is living alone. | Widow or widower: 50% of the annuity (1) Widower aged 65 or over or unfit for work: as above | Widow E x 40% With at least 50% incapacity level E x 50% Invalid widower: E x 50% | See Table IX - 1 above | <pre>Widow's pension: during the first 26 weeks: UKL 47.65 per week <u>After 26 weeks:</u> UKL 34.60 per week if widow is: - entitled to an allowance for a ch or - has a young person under age 19 living with her or - over 40 when the above conditions were no longer satisfied or - over 50 when her husband died or - pregnant by her late husband or - permanently incapable of self sup- port Otherwise UKL 10.22 per week Widower's pension: UKL 34.60 per week if at the time of death of his wife the claimant was permanently unable to support himself and his maintenance was mor- than half supplied by the deceased</pre> |
| The widow's pension is increased by the following amounts for children under 18 (21 if in full time education): 1st child: IRL 11.65 (2) 2nd to 5th child: IRL 12.80 (2) 6th and subsequent IRL 11.05 (2) children per week (2) | 20% of the annuity for each child | Children (to age of 18 or 25 if con- tinuing studies or vocational training and with no limit for handicapped ohildren): $E \ge 20\%$ Account to with family allowances | | Each child: UKL 7.60 per week. Child benefit payable in addition |
| Orphans allowance IRL 29.00 per week for each child. | 40% of the annuity for each orphan | As above | | As above |
| Dependent parents maintained by - unmarried worker : IRL 55.05 per week for one parent (2) IRL 24.55 per week for other parent(2) - married worker: IRL 24.55 per week for each parent (2) | 20% of annuity for each parent, grand- parent, grandchild, brother or sister if no other beneficiary exists | For all dependants of the viotim: E x 30%. The sum of E x 20% for certain other persons who fulfill other conditions | See Table IX - 1 above | Parents and certain other relatives if deceased has contributed towards their support and if other condition are satisfied |

In the case of divorce, a widower receiving maintenance can obtain, wholly or partly, the survivor's pension at the discretion of the judge.
 Higher rates if beneficiary is aged 66 or over.

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| - Maximum for all beneficiaries | E x 75% with order of priority | E x 75% | E x 80%, excluding, where appli- oable, parents and grandparents | See Table VIII 'Survivors' | E reduced x 85% |
| - Capital sum on death | 30 x average daily earnings | Lump sum of DKR 26 500 for sur viving spouse | 1/12 of the annual earnings (mini- mum DM 400). Cost of transporting the body to the place of inter- ment is covered | Funeral allowance (see Table IV 'Sickness-cash benefits' | Refund of funeral expenses limited to a maximum sum |
| 1. DJUSTMENT | a) Adjustment for annuities which for specified categories of invalidity rates do not reach a specific sum. The adjustment is equal to the difference be- tween the annuity and the said sum. These sums are fixed by royal decree and are pegged and adjusted annually b) In other cases: adjusted an- nually with indexation | Annual adjustment according to ohange in average wage level | Annual adjustment by decree ac- oording to changes in wage levels | See Table VII 'Old-age' | Annual adjustments on 1 January and 1 July by deoree fixing the coefficient of increase |
| ETURN TO ACTIVE LIFE Rehabilitation, re- training | There is the possibility of new emplayment and measures of social and professional readaptation, if necessary. The 'Fonds national de reclaesement social des handi- capés' deals with the rehabilita- tion and retraining of handicap- ped workers with at least a 30% incapacity level (mental: 20%). The Fund may set up or help to set up rehabilitation centres (1) Rehabilitation may also be paid for by the Occupational Diseases Fund | Rehabilitation: see Table VI 'Invalidity' Retraining in special retraining centres authorized by the National Social Security Office. Costs paid by insurance companies if retraining is in continuation of treatment of casualty | Functional rehabilitation as part of medical care on the initiative and at the expense of the trade cooperative associations Retrainings where necessary, adaptation to a new occupation with vocational guidance; finan- cial assistance for the insured person and his family for the re- training period | See Table VI 'Invalidity' | Functional rehabilitation subject to medical opinion at the expense of the primary fund Vocational retraining in special vocational retraining centres (2) or establishments; cost is re- sponsibility of the primary fund, allowances or annuities being continued or, in some cases, increased |
| Preferential empley- ient of handicapped persons | Enterprises employing a staff of more than 20 must take on a num- ber of handicapped persons re- gistered with the fund. During the rehabilitation period, allow- ances and supplementary earnings are paid to them by the Fund (1) | Public authorities have to give preference to handicapped persons who cannot get employment in private enterprises, but who are considered capable of executing the work in question | Obligation to employ seriously disabled persons in all enter- prises as a 6% quota of the staff or to pay DM 100 per month compulsory compensation for each reserved job that is unfilled | For certain categories (e.g. the blind) | Preferential employment of handicapped persons on staff up to a certain percentage which is fixed by ministerial decree for each activity or group of activities (1) |
| hange of employment condition | In cases of occupational disease risk, on the advice of the occu- pational doctor and with the agreement of the employee (who can be assisted by a doctor of his choice) | In the event of risk of aggrava- tion or relapse of an occupational disease, the National Social Security Office can induce the insured person to change occupa- tion | In the event of risk of occupa- tional diseases, aggravation or relapse, in particular dermatosis and silicosis, the professional association must recommend a change of occupation | _ | Silicosis and asbestosis |

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

Table IX - 8

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|---|--|------------------|--|
| None | E x 100% | E x 80% | | None |
| Funeral grant up to IRL 220 | Lump sum of LIT 1 000 000 | 1/15 of the annual earnings | See Table IX - 1 | Death grant (see Table VIII 'Survivors') |
| Benefits are normally increased once a year | Automatic annual adjustments linked to changes in industrial earnings | Adjustment by regulation (at least every 5 years) according to changes in wage level (at present wage level of 1979). The sums adjusted by this means are pegged to the cost-of-living index. No monthly payment can be made on a basis below the minimum reference levels (see basic earnings above) for the first month in which it is payable | | All long-term benefits are adjusted legislation in line with the general level of prices. Short-term benefits are adjusted in line with movements in the general level of prices. |
| Rehabilitation services and vocational training are available free of charge to disabled persons under the Health Acts. Contributions may be made to- wards the costs of rehabilitation services from the Occupational Injuries Fund | Functional rehabilitation in special- ized health establishments and voca- tional retraining Convalescence in recognized hospitals or homes is financed by regions | The insurance association may prescribe compulsory medical treatment to improve the working capacity of the recipient of an annuity. The agency for the placing and vocational retraining of handicapped workers gives its opinion upon the advisability of measures | | Employment Rehabilitation Centres Disablement Resettlement Officers and Vocational Training facilities throughout the country, all financed by the Government |
| Public Authorites reserve up to 3% of suitable positions for disabled persons | Persons disabled by industrial in- juries are placed and employed in enterprises with a staff of 50 and over (one such person for each 50 workers). 40% minimum level of inca- pacity for such guaranteed employment | Certain jobs suitable for their abilities are reserved for persons affected by employment injuries at a fair reasonable wage | | Obligation for employers of over 20 people to employ 3% of registered disabled people. Car park and passen- ger electrical lift attendants must l disabled people |
| As under 'Rehabilitation, retraining' above. | Silicosis and asbestosis | In the event of risk of occupational disease, aggravation or relapse, an allowance may be granted to the worker to facilitate his reemployment | | As under 'Rehabilitation' above |

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISFASES

| <pre>compensation - Tapprary constitut temporty integratify allowance during the partial - anamed incomparity allowance and the provide allowance for 50 days The principal constrained and the principal constrained constrained and the princis constrained an</pre> | | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | CE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--------------|---|----------|---|--------|---|
| | compensation | Temporary cessation: temporary incapacity allowance during the period Permanent cessation: full per- manent incapacity allowances for 90 days The person is also granted a period of professional readapt- ation in the course of which he or she receives salary and indemnity payments equal to | | Occupational diseases: For a maximum of 5 years, transitional annuity (2/3 of E) or a lump sum of one year's full annuity Employment injuries: Allowance equal to sickness benefit (see Table IV | | After examination by a specialist a standard rate compensation pay- able in 25 or less monthly instal- ments and equal to a maximum of 300 times the average daily earn- ings of workers in the same cate- gory when the insured person was employed during exposure to the risk or, where applicable, for each year of exposure 60 times the earnings taken as reference, pay- able in a proportionally smaller number of monthly instalments. Conditions: not to be entitled to an annuity for pneumoconiceis; to change employment. If entitlement to an annuity or allowance subsequently occurs, the change of employment allow- ance is deducted therefrom for |
| | | | | | | |

EMPLOYMENT INJURIES AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---------|---|--|------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Temporary annuity for disabled persons whose incapacity does not exceed 80%. The annuity is paid for 1 year and is equal to 2/3 of the difference between earlier average daily earnings and the daily earnings received in the new job if the latter are lower | A temporary annuity to compensate for loss of earnings may be granted | See Table IX - 1 above | As in permanent incapacity |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

97

Table IX - 9

٠

.

FAMILY BENEFITS

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GERMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| LECISLATION 1. First law | 4 August 1930 | Law of 31 March 1950 | 13 November 1954 | 1958 | 11 March 1932 |
| 2. Basic legislation | Coordinated laws (royal decree of 19 December 1939 | Law of 3 June 1967., as amended | Law of 21 January 1982. General Section of the Social Code of 11 December 1975 | Decrees of 28 January 1961 and afterwards | Social Security Code, Book V Decree of 10 December 1946, amended. Law of 3 January 1975, 12 July 1977, 17 July 1980 |
| FAMILY ALLOWANCES <u>Sonditions</u> (1) - First child giving entitlement | lst | lst | lst | lst | lst and 2nd (3) |
| Age limit - normal - vocational training - further education - girls remaining at home | 16 усагв 21 увагв 25 усагв 25 усагв | 16 уеатв (2) - - | 16 (4) years 27 (5) years 27 years 27 years 27 years | 18 years | 17 years 20 years 20 years 20 years |
| - serious infirmity | No limit | - | No limit | - No limit | 20 years 20 years |
| <u>Monthly amounts</u> in national currencies | 1st cnildBFR 2 0512nd childBFR 3 7953rd childBFR 5 3014th childBFR 5 4065th child andsubsequent childrensubsequent childrenBFR 5 446(see next page) | Each child: DKR 193 (All child allowances are exempted from taxation (see next page) | 1st child DM 50 2nd child DM 100 3rd child DM 220 4th child and subsequent children DM 240 (see next page) | 1st child DRA 520 2nd child DRA 1 820 3rd child DRA 3 250 For each extra child, add DRA 1 430 plus DRA 1 000 for the 3rd child born after 1st January 1982 | 1st child: See 'Family complement 2nd child FF 495.78 3rd child and subsequent children FF 619.73 (see next page) |
| In European Units of Account (EUA) (amounts rounded up) | 1st child ECU 45.08 2nd child ECU 83.42 3rd child ECU 116.52 4th child ECU 118.83 5th child and ECU 119.71 subsequent children | Each child : ECU 23,53 | 1st child ECU 22.36 2nd child ECU 44.72 3rd child ECU 98.39 4th child and sub- sequent children ECU 107.33 | 1st child ECU 5.83 2nd child ECU 20.60 3rd child ECU 36.79 For each extra child, add ECU 16.19 plus ECU 11.32 for the 3rd child born after 1st January 1982 | 2nd child ECU 72.25 3rd child and subsequent children ECU 90.31 |
| Exchange rate: 1 ENA = | (1 ECU = BFR 45.4950) | (1 ECU ∞ DKR 8.20057) | (1 ECU = DM 2.23611) | (1 ECU = DRA 88.3311 | (1 ECU = FF 6.8619) |

(1) In the countries of the European Communities the following give entitlement to family allowances: legitimate and legitimized children, stepchildren, recognized natural children, adopted children and children given a home. Normally, dependent children although the definition of this varies between countries. In Belgium and Italy legislation also provides for other cases: brothers, sisters, nephews and nieces; in Germany dependent brothers, sisters and grandchildren.

(2) For children of 16 and 17 years see next page.
 (3) Family complement: 1st child if under 3 years old.
 (4) Prolongation to 18 possible for those registered for occupational training scheme, and whose income (including benefits) is lower than DM 240 per month.

(5) No accumulation with income from study allowance or similar if over a certain amount.

(6) Boys or girls.

FAMILY BENEFITS

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Law of 1944 | 17 June 1937 | 20 October 1947 | 23 December 1939 | Act of 15 June 1945 |
| Social Welfare <u>(oonsolidation)</u> Act, 1981, as amended | Consolidated law. Decree of 30 May 1955. Law of 17 October 1961 | Law of 29 April 1964, amended Law of 20 June 1977, amended | 26 April 1962 | Act of 5 August 1965 and 7 August 1975 regulations thereunder |
| let | let | lst | let | |
| 180 | | 18, | 184 | lst |
| 16 years 18 years | 18 years 21 years 26 years | 18 years 25 years 25 years | 16 years 27 years 27 years | 16 years 19 years 19 years (3) |
| 18 years | - No limit | No limit | 27 (1) years 18 years | - |
| 1st to 5th child IRL 12.05 (4) 6th subsequent children IRL 18.75 (4) In cases of triplets and quadruplets the allowance for each child is doubled | LIT 19 760 for each child (2) | Ist child LFR 1 648 2nd child LFR 2 472 3rd child LFR 5 768 4th and subsequent LFR 4 944 children | Basic amount by child aged 6 to 11 in family with: 1 ch. : HFL 96.77 5 ch. : HFL 155,98 2 ch. : HFL 126.92 6 ch. : HFL 164.18 3 ch. : HFL 135.91 7 ch. : HFL 170.04 4 ch. : HFL 148.45 8 ch. : HFL 177.04 | Each child: UKL 28.17 |
| | (see next page) | (see next page) | (see next page) | |
| 1st to 5th child ECU 16.49 6th and subsequent children ECU 25.66 | Each child: ECU14.35 | 1st child ECU 36.22 2nd child ECU 54.34 3rd child ECU 126.78 4th and subsequent children ECU 108.67 | Basic amount by child aged 6 to 11 in family with: 1 child : ECU 38.39 2 children : ECU 50.35 3 children : ECU 50.39 4 children : ECU 58.89 5 children : ECU 61.87 6 children : ECU 65.13 7 children : ECU 67.45 8 children : ECU 70.23 | Each child: ECU 47.47 |
| (1 ECU - IRL 0.730622) | (1 ECU = LIT 1376.82) | (1 ECU = LFR 45.4950) | (1 ECU = HFL 2.52095) | (1 ECU = UKL 0.593444) |

Boys or girls.
 Subject to child's income not exceeding LIT 479 500 per month (from 1/11/84)
 For students full time in secondary education only.
 Rates valid from August 1984.

Table X - 1

FAMILY BENEFITS

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| Supplements which vary with age | let child: from 6 - 12 EFR 384 from 12 - 16 EFR 677 over 16 EFR 1095 <u>Other children:</u> from 6 - 12 from 12 - 16 EFR 448 from 12 - 16 EFR 790 over 16 EFR 1278 | Youth allowance can be given to 16- 17 year olds for their support and education. Max. DKR 9 200 yearly provided that the family income does not exceed DKR 100 000. | | | Supplements from the 2nd child: over 10 FF 139.43 over 15 FF 247.89 |
| Supplements which vary with income | | The allowance is reduced by an amount corresponding to 6% of that post of family income exceeding DKR 180 000 per year | Progressive reduction to DM 70 (2nd child) and DM 140 (each ertra child) if the annual income of the parents is greater than DM 42 000 (DM 7 800 extra for each child after the second). | | |
| OTHER BENEFITS Allowances for other lependent persons | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Family complement (1) ('Complément familial') | | | | 3rd child: DRA 500 4th child: DRA 750 and subsequent children up to 15th birthday | Subject to means test: FF 645 for families with 1 child aged under 3 years or at least 3 children |
| llowance for single arent | | The basic allowances are replaced by DKR 289 per child (2). Extra DKR 211 per month irrespective of the number of children. | | Increased by 100% for the 1st and 2nd child and by 50% for subse- quent children. Only for widows (or spouses whose husband is in armed forces or disabled). | Guarantee of minimum family income for single persons with at least 1 child. Monthly amount: FF 2 323.99 + FF 774.66 per child. The allowance equals the difference between this amount and the beneficiary's income (3). |
| renatal allowance | | | | | Monthly sum of FF 317.61 paid as follows: 2 months' payments after the first prenatal examination, 4 months' payments after the 2nd prenatal examination and 3 months' payments after the 3rd prenatal examination. |

(2) The allowance is reduced by an amount corresponding to 6% of that part of family income exceeding DKR 180 000 per year. (3) Advances may be made towards unpaid alimony.

FAMILY BENEFITS

| IRELAND | ITA LY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERIANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|--|---|--------------------------------|
| | Complementary allowance which varies with income and number of children: e.g. income up to LIT 9 million: l child LIT 45 000 4 children LIT 160 000 Income between LIT 15 and 16 million: l child - 2 children LIT 42 000 3 children LIT 42 000 Income from LIT 23 to 24 million (max.) at least 4 children: LIT 54 000 | Supplements for children: from 6 years : LFR 164 from 12 years : LFR 535 | Children up to 5 years (depends on age and number of children: 60-90%) of ohildren 12 - 17 : 115%) basio ohildren 18 - 26 : 101.18% amount Double amounts are payable for invalid ohildren or students (still mainly supported by applicant) if - under 16 not living at home - 16 or 17 not living at nousehold. Double amounts also payable for ages 18 to 26 for students, those in occupat- ional training or household taaks and mainly supported by applicant. Treble amounts are payable for children 18 to 26 studying or in occupational training no longer living in the house- hold and supported for at least 90% by applicant (1). | |
| | a) A spouse who receives no own income over LIT 479 500 (2) per month: same amount as for 1 child b) Dependent parents and grandparents: LIT 2 340 per month subject to age limits (except invalids), namely 60 (men) and 55 (women) and limits of income, namely a mex. of LIT 479 500 (2) where on LIT 479 500 (2) where there are two (3). | | | |
| Single mother with 1 child and income not over IRL 6 per week: IRL 51.05 per week. For each subsequent child per week: 2nd to 5th child IRL 11.60; 6th and subsequent children IRL 9.95 (amounts reduced if income over IRL 6 per week) | | | | lst child: UKL 17.55 per month |
| | | LFR 14 421 on condition that the mother can prove that she has had the medical examinations prescribed and that her legal domicile was in the Grand Duchy during the year before the birth. | | |

If eligible, invalid youths of 18 or more are entitled to a benefit on account of incapacity for work (see table VI 'Invalidity')
 From 1st November 1984
 Reduced benefit if the annual household income is above LIT 28 million. No benefit if income above LIT 34 million.

Table X - 2

FAMILY BENEFITS

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GERMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|----------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Birth grants | BFR 26 705 for first birth BFR 18 418 for second birth BFR 9 908 for subsequent births May be obtained in advance two months before the probable date of birth | | | See Table V 'Maternity' | Allowance payable in 3 instalments: 1. At birth : FF 2 649.35 2. At 9 months : FF 550.01 3. At 24 months : FF 550.01 After 3 children, the 1st instal- ment is increased by FF 3 300.07 Extra amount for multiple births. |
| Accommodation allow- ances and removal grants | | | A housing allowance is paid to a lodger or owner in own dwelling if housing costs are too onerous | | a) Accommodation: Beneficiaries: those receiving one of the various forms of family allow- ances: elderly, handicapped, young workers, young house- holds; the allowance is given for rents over a minimum, which varies according to the income of the person concerned and the number of children. It can be increased for beneficiaries with low incomes b) Removal grants: paid to persons who after re- moval receive the accommodation allowance These two forms of benefits are paid by the family allowance funds |
| Special allowances for handicapped children (1) | Supplementary allowance of BFR 8 868 per month for each handicapped child under 25 | | | | Special allowance for persons with a 50% or more handicap, up to 20 years: FF 495.78 per month Addition for children with at least 80% incapacity who are not taken into care by the special education service: - constant attendance by another person FF 1715.51 per month - discretionary daily help: FF 371.83 per month |
| Other allowances. | | | | | Child nursing allowance designed to pay family contribution as employer in respect of child nurse for child under 3: FF 666 per quarter irrespective of income. Allowance at beginning of school year: children aged 6-16 FF 309.86 (means tested). |

104

FAMILY BENEFITS

| | | <u> </u> | | |
|---|-------|---|-------------|-------------------------|
| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXENBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
| <pre>IRL 300 in cases of triplets, IRL 400 in cases of quadruplets,</pre> | | LFR 14 421 on condition that one of the parents had legal domicile in the Grand Duchy during the year before the birth and that the mother had the prescribed post-natal examination. LFR 14 421 as a post-natal allowance on condition that the child had the prescribed medical examinations (1) | | See Table V 'Maternity' |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| IRL 66 per month if between 2 and 16 and living at home. | | Supplementary allowance of LFR 1 648 for each child under 18 with an at least 50% insufficiency or permanent reduction of physical or mental ability by comparison with that of a child of the same age. Maintenance without an age limit if the child is unable to care for itself | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

(1) A maternity allowance is paid to women domiciled in Luxembourg. (See Table V 'Maternity')

Table X - 3

FAMILY BENEFITS

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| Special Cases Unemployed persons | Unemployed persons are entitled to family allowances. From 7th month, rate higher for 1st child (EFR 2 440) and second child (EFR 3 871) (1). Increases according to age. | The unemployed are entitled to child benefits. | The unemployed are entitled to child benefits. | Normal allowances if 50 days work in preceding year. | Unemployed persons are entitled to family allowances under certain conditions. |
| Pensioners | Entitled to family allowance. Higher rates for 1st child (EFR 2 440) and 2nd child (MFR 3 871) (1). - Benefits for children of invalids: higher rates for 1st and 2nd child: EFR 4 048 per child (1). Increases with age of child. | Special allowances of DKR 550 per month for each child when one or both parents are pensioners. Ordinary allowances are replaced by DKR 289 per month for each child when both parents are pensioners. (2) | Entitled to family allowances | Entitled to pension increases (see relevant tables) | Entitled to family allowances (under certain conditions as regards invalidity or employment injury pensioners) |
| Drphane (including motherless or father- less children) | Orphan's allowances: EFR 7 572 for each child (plus supplement according to age) | Special allowances of DKR 494 per month for each child are added and for total orphans special allowances amount to DKR 915. | Normal allowances | See Table VIII 'Survivors' | Allowances for orphans and cer- tain children dependent on one parent: FF 464.79 a month for an orphan; FF 348.59 a month for a child where one parent is deceased or where only the maternal parent- hood is established. |

FAMILY BENEFITS

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERIA NDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Family allowances are paid concurrent- ly with unemployment benefit, including increases for dependent children | Unemployed persons are entitled to family allowances | Unemployed persons are entitled to family allowances like other residents | Unemployed persons are entitled to family allowances like other residents | Family allowances are paid concur rently with all other national insurance benefits and all indus- trial injury benefits and the increases for dependent children therewith |
| Pensioners are entitled to family allowances | Entitled to family allowances | Entitled to family allowances | Entitled to family allowances | Entitled to family allowances |
| Family allowances are paid concurrent- ly with orphans' benefits (see Tables VIII and IX) | | If the person entitled to the allow- ance dies it is continued and may be combined with orphans' pensions | Fatherless or motherless children: normal allowances (but see Table VIII) Orphans under the general insurance scheme for widows and orphans (1): see Table VIII | Normal allowances |

.

(1) Also holiday allowances paid.

107

Table X - 4

-

,

.

UNEMPLOYMENT

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | CE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| XISTING SCHEMES | Insurance | Insurance (optional) | a) Insurance b) Assistance | Insurance | Insurance comprising - Basic allowance - Allowance for end of entitle- ment -Solidarity scheme (assistance)(1) |
| EGISLATION . First law | Deoree of 18 February 1924 | Law of 4 April 1907 | a) and b) 16 July 1927 | 1954 | Law of 11 October 1940 Agreement of 31 December 1958 |
| 2. Basic legislation | Decree of 20 December 1963 (amended) | Law of 24 March 1970, as amended | Law of 25 June 1969 modified several times General Section, Social Code of 11 December 1975 and 23 December 1976 | Decree-law of 1954 | Convention of 24 February 1984 Decree of 21 March 1984 |
| TELD OF APPLICATION | All employees covered by social security Young persons who are unemployed following their training | Wage earners and self employed persons of 16 - 65 years of age may be admitted as members to an unemployment fund | a) All employees (industrial and non-industrial staff and work- ers undergoing vocational training including young handicapped persons). Persons receiving transitional allow- ances after undergoing rehabil- itation measures b) All employees | Employees who are insured against sickness with a social security institution | All employees |
| OTAL (Involuntary) NEMPLOYMENT ain conditions | Be without work and without earnings be fit for work and regis- tered for employment | Be capable of work be available for work have signed on at the employment office | a) and b); have registered at the employment exchange as unem- ployed and to have applied for benefit | Be fit for work unemployed involuntarily be registered at employment exchange be at the disposal of the exchange | To be looking for work and physically able to work |

| UNEMPLOYMENT | |
|--------------|--|
|--------------|--|

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| a) Insurance b) Assistance | a) Insurance b) Exceptional allowances | Insurance | a) Interim allowance b) Insurance c) Assistance | Insurance |
| Law of 1911 | Decree law of 19 October 1919 | Law of 6 August 1921 | a) and b) Law of 9 September 1949 (amended) o) Law of 10 December 1964 on unemployment assistance | Act of 1911 |
| Social Welfare (consolidation) Act 1981 as amended | a) and b) Decree-law of 4 October 1935 (several amendments) | Law of 30 June 1976 (amended) | | Aot of 1975 and regulations thereunder |
| (a) With few exceptions, all persons aged 16 years and over employed under a contract of service or apprenticeship (b) Persons aged 18 or over | a) All employees b) Workers in certain categories and areas who do not fufil the condi- tions required for a) | Employed persons Young persons, who are unemployed following their training Self-employed persons who have given up their trade and are in search of paid employment | a) and b) All employees c) Employees who do not or no longer fulfil the conditions required in order to receive unemployment in- surance allowances | All employed persons.(1) |
| a) and b) be capable of work be available for and meeking work have signed on at the employment office be free from disqualification | a) and b); have registered at the employment exchange | - Be involuntarily unemployed - be fit to work - have registered for employment | Have registered at the employment exchange | Be capable of work be available for work with an employer have signed on at the employment office not be unemployed due to voluntary leaving, misconduct or strike action |
| (1) Except married women who chose befor | re April 1977 not to be insured. | l | L | L |

11

Table XI - 1

UNEMPLOYMENT

| | BELGIUM | DEINMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| Qualifying period | Period varies according to the age of the insured person: 75 working days during the last 10 months and 600 working days during the last 36 months | Have completed a minimum period of employment and insurance of 26 weeks during the 3 preceding years 12 months of insurance with fund | a) At least 12 months' employment under insurance cover during the last 3 years b) During the last year at least 150 days' employment under in- surance cover or to have re- ceived unemployment allowance (for at least one day). | At least 125 days of work during the 14 months preceding job loss For first time claimants: at least 80 days of work per year during the 3 previous years | Basic allowance: 3 months insurance in last 12 months. End of entitlement allowance: special conditions. |
| Maximum age | 65 for men 60 for women | 67 | a) 65 b) 65 | 65 | 60 |
| Resources | - | _ | a) - b) State of need | - | _ |
| Maiting period | None | None | None | 6 days | None |
| BENEFITS Days for which allow- ance is granted | Working days | 6 days a week | a) and b): 6 days a week | 25 days per month | Every day |
| Duration of payment | No limit (except for certain cases where unemployment is protracted or recurs with unusual frequency, handicapped workers in a protected workshop and workers with volun- tary reduced hours) | Not more than 2 and a half years For the insured entitled to an old-age or invalidity pension: limited to 78 days in any period of 12 months | a) Proportionate to periods of employment during recent years: <u>Baployment</u> <u>Allowance</u> 12 months in 3 years 104 days 18 months in 4 years 156 days 24 months in 4 years 208 days 30 months in 4 years 312 days b) No limit. | 5 months for at least 180 days of work 3 months for at least 150 days of work 2 months for at least 125 days of work | Basic allowance: according to duration of insurance and age: - minimum : 3 months - maximum : 18 months Extension possible Solidarity scheme: no limit |
| Earnings taken as reference | Average daily earnings | Calculation usually based on aver- age earnings of preceding 4 weeks or 1 month | a) and b) Average houriy wage for the last 20 days | Earnings at the time of job loss | Earnings on which contributions have been paid for last 12 months |
| Arnings ceiling | EFR 1 694.55 per day | - | a) and b) DM 5 200 per month | See below | FF 33 960 per month |

| IREIAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| a) Flat-rate benefit 26 contribution weeks of insurable employment for which the appropriate contribution weeks registered (paid or credited) during the contribution year preceding the benefit year (1). If less than 48 but more than 26 weeks registered (paid or credited), a reduced benefit is payable. Pay-related benefit Have right to flat-rate benefit and have had reckonable earnings over IRL 43 per week in the relevant tax year | a) At least 2 years of insurance and 52 weeks' contributions during the last 2 years b) At least 5 weeks or 1 month before 1949 or during the last 2 years | At least 26 weeks of employment during the last year | a) At least 130 days of paid employment in the same occupational sector during the last 12 months (2) b) and c): 130 days of paid employment during the last 12 months (2) | Flat-rate benefit: Contributions paid in any tax year since 6 April 1975 amounting to at least 25 times the minimum contribution for that year For full benefit, contributions paid or credited in the appropriate tax year amounting to at least 50 times the minimum contribution for that year |
| a) and b): 66 | - | 64 | 65 | Nen 65, women 60 |
| b) Inadequate resources | | | | |
| Flat-rate benefit: 3 days Pay-related benefit: 18 days | a) 7 days b) 1 day | None | None | 3 dayв |
| 6 days a week | a) and b): Every day | Every day | 5 days a week | 6 days a week |
| a) Insurance <u>Flat-rate benefit</u> - Limited to 390 days - Limited to 312 days if claimant is a married woman dependent on her husband or 156 days if claimant is under 18 (3). <u>Pay-related benefit Limited to 375 days b) Assistance Unlimited </u> | a) 180 days a year (extended to 360 days in the building sector under transitional arrangements) b) 90 days, with possibility of extension until 180 days | - 365 calendar days per 2-year period - 182 extra calendar days for persons particularly 'difficult' to place | a) Interim allowance: 40 days a year, thereafter unemployment allowance (4) b) 130 days a year c) 2 years; extension to 65 years for unemployed persons over 60 | Plat-rate benefit Limited to 312 days excluding Sundays in any period of interruption of em- ployment. A Claimant requalifies for further period of 312 days when he ha worked for an employer for 13 weeks in each of which employment has lasted for 16 hours or more. These weeks need not be consecutive. |
| Pay-related benefit Gross taxable earnings in a previous income tax year | - | Gross earnings during the 3 months which precede unemployment | Daily earnings lost (5) | 1 |
| Pay-related benefit | | - | a), b) and c) HFL 262.28 (5) per day | ₩ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |

(2) 5-day week
 (3) If applicant is 65, the allowance will be paid until 66 (pension age) if 156 weekly contributions have been paid
 (4) Workers receiving the interim allowance are considered to be still linked to the occupational sector. The trade cooperative associations are authorized to grant this allowance for a longer period. Thereafter workers may receive unemployment benefit for 90 days in the same year.
 (5) Temporarily, this ceiling is reduced by 6% (a+b) or 3% (c).

113

.

Table XI - 2

UNEMP LOYMENT

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rate | 60% of reference earnings for first year; 2nd year (1): reduced to 40% unlees head of household. Maximum: HFR 1 017 per day Minimum: per day head of household : EFR 846 others : EFR 595 18 to 20 years old: EFR 417 under 18 years : EFR 264 From 3rd year: head of household: 60% of reference earnings (minimum: see above) ochabitants: EFR 404 per day (EFR 484 if part of household living on benefits alone) single persons: EFR 605 per day (week of 6 days) | 907 of reference earnings (not more than DKR 2 010 per week). Maximum rates are fixed for 6 months at a time by each individual fund. | Beneficiaries with children: a) 68% of net earnings (benefits on a fixed scale) b) 58% of net earnings (benefits on a fixed scale) Beneficiaries without children: a) 63% of net earnings b) 50% of net earnings | For manual workers: 40% of daily mage For employees: 50% of daily wage Minimum: Two-thirds daily minimum wage (DRA 856) Maximum (basic amount plus extra for dependants): 70% of reference earnings for the appropriate insurance class | Basic allowance: FF 40 per day + 42% of reckonable earnings (FF 95 min. per day) (2) End of entitlement allowance: FF 40 per day (3) Solidarity scheme FF 40 per day (higher amounts according to age and situation) |
| Family supplements See also Table X 'Family Benefits' | _ | None | Regulations applying to ohild benefit (see Table X) | 10% increase for each dependant Maximum for benefit incl. in- creases: 70% of daily wage | _ |
| EENEFTTS FOR OLDER UNEMPLOYED AND EARLY RETIREMENT Measure | Early retirement pension see Table VII Early retirement conventional pension in case of dismissal | Early retirement scheme | Retirement of workers at age 60 (see Table VII - 'Early pension') From 1st May 1984, introduction of conventional temporary scheme of early retirement for employees aged 58 or more (4) | - | Early retirement from State funds after age 55 |

(4) If the retirement benefit is at least 65% of the last gross earnings and the job is given to someone else, the Federal Employment Institute reimburses 35% of the benefit.

Table XI - 3

| IRELAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| a) <u>Flat-rate benefit</u> IRL 37.25 per week IRL 32.75 per week (for a person under 18 without a dependant or a married woman dependent on her hubband) <u>Pay-related benefit</u> First 141 days 25% nert 234 days 20% of reckonable weekly earnings be- tween IRL 43 and IRL 220 The combined flat-rate and pay- related benefits may not exceed 85% of net weekly earnings in current tax year. b) <u>Unemployment assistance</u> Urban areas: IRL 30,90 maximum (2) Other areas: IRL 29.95 maximum (2) per week The amount payable equals the dif- ference between these amounts and the beneficiaries' weekly income from other sources. | a) and b) Standard rate: LIT 800 per day Where unemployment is due to redun- dancy because of cessation of the enterprise or of reduction in staff a <u>special</u> unemployment allowance - equal to two-thirds of the last daily earnings is paid for 180 days (con- tribution condition reduced to 13 weeks) | - 30% of reference earnings, but the indemnity cannot exceed 2 1/2 times or twice the minimum social salary if unemployment lasts for more than 182 calendar days during a 12-month period For the period of complementary indemnity, the ceiling is fixed at 1 1/2 times the social minimum wage 60% of reference earnings if income of unemployed person's wife or companion living with him in cohabitation is 2.5 times the legal minimum income. | a) and b) 80% of reference earnings c) 75% of reference earnings Minimum for child support a) and b) 80% of HFL 123.24 c) 75% of HFL 131.52 | UKL 27.05 per week |
| a) 1 dependent adult IRL 24.15 1 st child IRL 8.85 2nd child IRL 9.90 3rd to 5th child IRL 8.20 6th and subsequent children IRL 6.55 a week b) 1 dependent adult (weekly amounts) urban areas : max. IRL 22.30 (2) other " IRL 21.75 (2) 1 adult + 1 child (weekly amounts) urban areas : max. IRL 38.95 (2) (3) other : " IRL 38.10 (2) (3) | - | _ | _ | l dependent adult UKL 1 Each ohild for whom child benefit is payable UKL per w |
| - | See Table VII "Old Age" "Early pension". | Waiting allowance for early retirement (1) applicable to employees in iron and steel industry in 1985 and 1986 (possible extension to other employees) | Prolongation of benefit duration Possibly, early retirement pension as part of agreements secured by collective bargaining | Job release scheme (4) |

(4) Not considered as a social benefit in the U.K., but as part of employment promotion.

UNEMPLOYMENT

| | BELGIUM | DENMARK | GE RMANY | OREECE | FRANCE |
|---|---|--|---|--------|--|
| CONDITIONS | See Table VII Men and women aged 55 entitled to unemployment benefit request notice leave employment | Aged between 60 and 67 member of unemployment fund for at least 10 years within the last 15 fulfilling the conditions for unemployment benefit resident not receiving old-age pension works for not more than 200 hours a year | Unemployed for at least 1 year during the last 18 months At least 8 years employed con- tribution years in the last 10 years | - | Aged at least 55 have worked for at least 1 year in the last 5 and have be- longed to social security or- ganization for last 10 not be entitled before 60 to old-age pension (anticipated) at full rate have not asked for cash liquida- tion of retirement pension rights |
| RATES | See Table VII "Early pension" To unemployment benefit is added a complementary indemnity equal to half the differ- ence between the net earnings (upper limit) and the unemploy- ment benefit | During the first 2 1/2 years, including periods of unemploy- ment benefit, same amount as unemployment benefit, same upper limit of DKR 2 010 per week. During the next 2 years, in- cluding periods of unemploy- ment benefit, not more than 80% of upper limit After that period, not more than 70% of upper limit | See Table VII 'Old-age' (3) | - | 65% of reckonable earnings until 60 (plus 50% beyond ceiling) |
| PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT Definition of partial unemployment | Days or half days during which the execution of the work contract is suspended | No special definition | Insurance only: unavoidable short- time working affecting at least 1/3 of staff and at least 10% of normal working time (2) | - | a) Assistance: temporary closure or short-time working (under 40 hours per week) affecting at least 20% of the staff b) Insurance: payment of supple- mentary hours allowance |
| CONDITIONS | See Total unemployment | See Total unemployment | See Total unemployment and over 10% reduction of normal working time | - | See Total unemployment |
| COMPENSATION | See Total unemployment | Proportional rate as for total unemployment | Per hour of unemployment, rate as for total unemployment (official scale) | - | a) Hourly allowance FF 9.023 b) Hourly allowance: 50% of gross hourly wage (allo- wance under (a) above in- cluded) - Minimum: FF 20.50 |

(3) In case of long service in a firm, it is obliged to reimburse benefits received by the person unemployed

116

Table XI - 4

| ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERLANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|---|--|--|--|
| _ | Have fulfilled in the 2 consecutive years after 1.1.1988 the conditions for old-age or anticipated retire- ment pension leave employment | As for full unemployment and aged at least 60 Vary according to employment sector | Men aged 64, women aged 59 Men aged 63 and disabled men aged 60-63 who: have been working at least 30 hours a week have resigned with agreement of employer and relevant Trade Unic will be replaced by registered unemployed person (disabled; by unemployed disabled person if possible) |
| _ | <pre>% of previous gross earnings, as follows: 85% during lst 12 months 80% during 2nd 12 months 75% during 3rd 12 months Benefit taxed and insurance contribu- tions payable</pre> | As for full unemployment (assist- ance) until 65 Vary according to employment sector | Single: UKL 45.70 per week (tax fr -Married UKL 57.45 per week (2)-Single UKL 54.60 per week (taxed) -Married UKL 67.20 per week (taxed) wife's net income not to exceed UKL 13.00 per week |
| Additions to salary where the enter- prise reduces or ceases activities; - because of reasons of its own or temporarily (ordinary additions) - because of the sectoral or local economic situation, restructura- tion or reconversion of the enterprise (extraordinary additions) | Short-time working or two or more days of unemployment in a normal working week | Short-time working (under 48 hours per week) or alternating periods of employment with the approval of the authorities | Any day of unemployment on which a person would normally work |
| Request made by the employer. Authorization by INPS or by Decree | Employees normally employed by the enterprise at the time of partial unemployment | See Total unemployment (interim allowance) | See Total unemployment |
| 80% of the total remuneration for unworked hours between 0 and 40 hours a week for 3 months (Ordinary addi- tions) or 5 months (extraordinary additions); this duration can be extended (maximum LIT 828 902 per month) | 80% of the gross hourly earnings although the benefit cannot exceed the 2-and-a-half times ceiling for the minimum hourly social salary. The first 3 hours of each month are not indemnified | See Total unemployment | See Total unemployment |
| | Additions to salary where the enter- prise reduces or ceases activities: - because of reasons of its own or temporarily (ordinary additions) - because of the sectoral or local economic situation, restructura- tion or reconversion of the enterprise (extraordinary additions) Request made by the employer. Authorization by INPS or by Decree 80% of the total remuneration for unworked hours between 0 and 40 hours a week for 3 months (Ordinary addi- tions) or 5 months (extraordinary additions); this duration can be extended | Have fulfilled in the 2 consecutive years after 1.1.1988 the conditions for old-age or anticipated retirement pension Have fulfilled in the 2 consecutive years after 1.1.1988 the conditions for old-age or anticipated retirement pension leave employment Additions to salary where the enterprise reduces or ceases activities: because of reasons of its own or temporarily (ordinary additions) because of the sectoral or local economic situation, restructuration or reconversion of the enterprise (extraordinary additions) because that by the employer. Authorization by INPS or by Decree Sof of the total remuneration for unworked hours between 0 and 40 hours a week for 3 months (Ordinary additions); this duration can be extended | - - Have fulfilled in the 2 consecutive years after 1.1.1968 the conditions for old-age or anticipated retirement pension 1) As for full unemployment and aged at least 60 - - Have suffilled in the 2 consecutive mont pension 1) As for full unemployment and aged at least 60 - - Have suffilled in the 2 consecutive mont pension 1) As for full unemployment and aged at least 60 - - Have sufficient of the sector 2) Vary according to employment (assistmant) - \$ of previous gross carnings, as follows: 1) As for full unemployment (assistmant) - \$ of previous gross carnings, as follows: 1) As for full unemployment (assistmant) Additions to salary where the enterprise reduces or cases activities - because of reasons of its own or two previous gross is own or two gross activities - because of reasons of its own or two drug how is a sector dward of unemployment in a normal working week Short-time working or two or more dway of unemployment in a normal working week Additions to salary where the enterprise (attraordinary additions) Short-time working or two or more dway of unemployment in a normal working week Short-time working or two or more dway of unemployment is a normal working week Additions to two or of the enterprise at the time of partial monty provide (attrave and by the enployer. Authorization by DFS or by Decree Baployees normally employed by the anthorization by DFS or by Decree Boy of the total remuneratin for unwared lower between 0 and 0 hower |

UNEMPLOYMENT

| | BELGIUM | DENMA RK | GE RMANY | GREECE | FRANCE |
|-------------|--|--|--|--------|---|
| CCUMULATION | EEGIUM - Benefit from a full early pension: no unemployment benefit - Benefit from a partial early pension: benefit is reduced where the accumulation exceeds 140% of the total of unemploy- ment benefit | DERMARK Pensions: accumulation permitted but duration of benefits is limited Sickness cash benefits: no accumulation Income from other gainful activity: the general rule excludes accumulation. In a number of special cases, however, accumulation is possible | CERMANY Pensions: no accumulation Sickness allowance: no accumula- tion | | FRANCE a) Basic allowance: no:accumulation with unemploy- ment assistance b) Solidarity scheme: no accumulation with allowances to old workers and invalidity pensions |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| IREIAND | ITALY | LUXEMBOURG | NETHERIANDS | UNITED KINGDOM |
|--|--|------------|--|---|
| Normally not payable with other social insurance benefits | a) - No accumulation of unemployment allowances with exceptional al- lowances No accumulation with sickness allowance or invalidity pension No accumulation with pensions over guaranteed minimum b) No accumulation with pensions above guaranteed minimum | - | a) and b) Any compensation paid by the employers is deducted c) Part of supplementary income is deducted from the allowance | Not normally payable with other socia insurance benefits |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Table XI - 5

European Communities – Commission

Comparative tables of the social security schemes in the Member States of the European Communities

13th edition (Situation at 1 July 1984)

General scheme (Employees in industry and commerce)

Document

Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities

1985 – 120 pp. – 21.0 × 29.7 cm

EN, FR

ISBN: 92-825-5657-3

Catalogue number: CB-44-85-323-EN-C

Price (excluding VAT) in Luxembourg: ECU 9.94 **BFR 450** IRL 7.20 UKL 5.70 USD 7.50

IRELAND

Salg og abonnement · Verkauf und Abonnement · Πωλήσεις και συνδρομές · Sales and subscriptions Vente et abonnements · Vendita e abbonamenti · Verkoop en abonnementen

BELGIQUE/BELGIË

Moniteur belge/Belgisch Staatsblad Rue de Louvain 40-42/Leuvensestraat 40-42 1000 Bruxelles/1000 Brussel Tél. 512 00 26 CCP/Postrekening 000-2005502-27 Sous-dépôts/Agentschappen Librairie européenne/ Europese Boekhande! Rue de la Loi 244/Wetstraat 244 1040 Bruxelles/1040 Brussel CREDOC Rue de la Montagne 34/Bergstraat 34 Bte 11/Bus 11 1000 Bruxelles/1000 Brussel

DANMARK

Schultz Forlag Møntergade 21 1116 København K Tif: (01) 12 11 95 Girokonto 200 11 95

BR DEUTSCHLAND

Verlag Bundesanzeiger Breite Straße Postfach 01 80 06 5000 Köln 1 Tel. (02 21) 20 29-0 Fernschreibe ANZEIGER BONN 8 882 595

GREECE

G.C. Eleftheroudakis SA International Bookstore 4 Nikis Street Athens Tel. 322 22 55 Telex 219410 ELEF Sub-agent for Northern Greece: Molho's Bookstore The Business Bookshop 10 Tsimiski Street Thessaloniki Tel. 275 271 Telex 412885 LIMO

FRANCE

Service de vente en France des publications des Communautés et Journal officiel 26, rue Desaix 75732 Paris Cedex 15 Tél. (1) 578 61 39

Government Publications Sales Office Sun Alliance House Molesworth Street Dublin 2 Tel. 71 03 09 or by post Stationery Office St Martin's House Waterloo Road Dublin 4 Tel. 68 90 66

TALIA

Licosa Spa Via Lamarmora, 45 Casella postale 552 50 121 Firenze Tel. 57 97 51 Telex 570466 LICOSA t CCP 343 509 Subagente Libreria scientifica Lucio de Biasio -AEIOU Via Meravigli, 16 20 123 Milano Tel. 80 76 79

GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG

Office des publications officielles des Communautés européennes des Communatés europeennes 5, rue du Commerce L-2985 Luxembourg Tél. 49 00 81 - 49 01 91 Télex PUBOF - Lu 1322 CCP 19190-81 CC bancaire BIL 8-109/6003/200

Messageries Paul Kraus 11, rue Christophe Plantin L-2339 Luxembourg Tél. 48 21 31 Télex 2515 CCP 49242-63

NEDERLAND

Staatsdrukkerij- en uitgeverijbedrijf Christoffel Plantijnstraat Postbus 20014 2500 EA 's-Gravenhage Tel. (070) 78 99 11

UNITED KINGDOM

HM Stationery Office HMSO Publications Centre 51 Nine Elms Lane London SW8 5DR Tel. 01-211 56 56 Sub-agent: Alan Armstrong & Associates Ltd

72 Park Road London NW1 4SH Tel. 01-723 39 02 Telex 297635 AAALTD G

Mundi-Prensa Libros, S.A. Castello 37 E-28001 Madrid Tel. (91) 276 02 53 -Telex 49370-MPLI-E 275 46 55

PORTUGAL

ESPAÑA

Livraria Bertrand, s.a.r.l. Rua João de Deus Venda Nova Amadora Tél. 97 45 71 Telex 12709-LITRAN-P

SCHWEIZ/SUISSE/SVIZZERA

Librairie Pavot 6, rue Grenus 1211 Genève Tél. 31 89 50 CCP 12-236

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

European Community Information Service 2100 M Street, NW Suite 707 Washington, DC 20037 Tel. (202) 862 9500

CANADA

Renouf Publishing Co., Ltd 61 Sparks Street Ottawa Ottawa Ontario K1P 5R1 Tel. Toll Free 1 (800) 267 4164 Ottawa Region (613) 238 8985-6 Telex 053-4936

JAPAN

Kinokuniya Company Ltd 17-7 Shiniuku 3-Chome Tokyo 160-91 Tel. (03) 354 0131 Journal Department PO Box 55 Chitose Tokyo 156 Tel. (03) 439 0124

Price (excluding VAT) in Luxembourg: ECU 9.94 BFR 450 IRL 7.20 UKL 5.70 USD 7.50

•

OFFICE FOR OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

L-2985 Luxembourg

•

ISBN 92-825-5657-3

