

# COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

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## Economic effects

### of the agri-monetary system

(Commission Communication to the Council)

(P-14/78)

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PART I

REPORT

Introduction

The Commission stated in its declaration to the Council on 13 September 1977 that it would be presenting a communication on the economic effects of the agri-monetary system\*. This communication is divided into two parts: a brief report (Part I) and more detailed annexes (Part II).

The preparation of this report has been both difficult and complex. The Commission wished to make it as wide-ranging and objective as possible and has therefore consulted the Member States, trade associations and research workers.

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\*In this report, the agri-monetary system is understood to be that which results from the conjunction of the agricultural unit of account (AUA), of the representative rates (green rates) and of the monetary compensatory amounts (MCA), including the differential amounts applicable to colza and rape seed (see also Part II, Annex A).

## CHAPTER 1 - THE EFFECTS ON THE COMMON AGRICULTURAL POLICY

1. The agri-monetary system employed under the common agricultural policy is one possible response to the problems posed by the monetary events. The use of green rates different from the market rates (see diagram p. 3) has broken the unity of the common agricultural market.

While such a rupture may be considered in the short term technically justified in the case of the floating currencies and if absolutely necessary admissible for the currencies in the "snake" its effects become pernicious as soon as it is prolonged beyond the minimum time limit required for adaptation to the new situation.

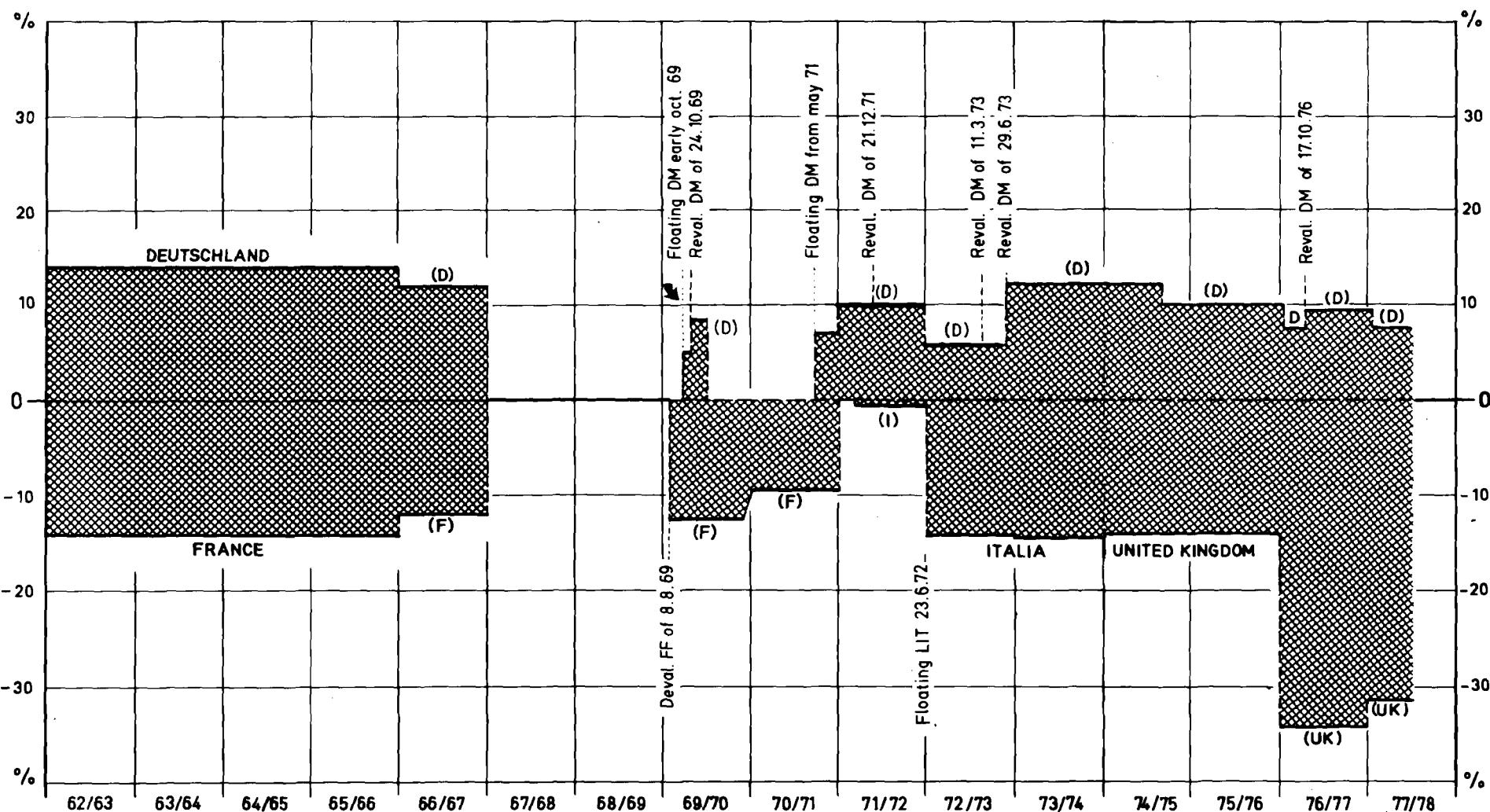
### Effects of the green rates

2. The annual fixing of the common agricultural prices in AUA has remained the pivot of the prices policy; thanks to the green rates the shock of monetary fluctuations has been absorbed; as the monetary gap between green rate and market rate is the same for all products, the relationships between the institutional prices on which the system depends have not been affected except during short transitional periods.

3. Price relationships as between products covered by the agri-monetary system and other agricultural products and foodstuffs have, however, varied from one Member State to another. Very often adjustments in the green rates have not been made until long after the general economy has absorbed the effects of monetary events. This delay in adjusting has meant that the common agricultural prices have lost a great part of their economic function, the adjustments having been made, not on economic grounds in the interest of the Community, the common agricultural market or the common agricultural policy, but for national political or economic reasons. Because of the persistent opposition of several Member States the Community has not been able to adopt a rational system of economic adjustments and has therefore had to accept changes in the green rates being made either too late or in the middle of the marketing year.

Maximum differences in target prices for common wheat in national currencies in the Community

since the 1962/63 marketing year, taking into consideration monetary fluctuations since 1968<sup>1)</sup>



<sup>1)</sup> In the case of floating currencies, average difference per marketing year, except for Germany from 1.10.69 to 1.8.71 and from 1.8.74 until 31.12.77

Effects of the MCAs

4. The use of MCAs was chosen in an attempt to enable the common organization of the agricultural markets, particularly the intervention system, to continue operating despite different price levels within the common agricultural market. They have been applied in identical fashion to both the internal and external systems of the common organization and in this aspect have proved neutral. Their use has prevented the intervention system being disturbed<sup>(1)</sup> by differing intervention prices or monetary speculation. The principle of Community preference has been maintained and so has that of joint financial responsibility.

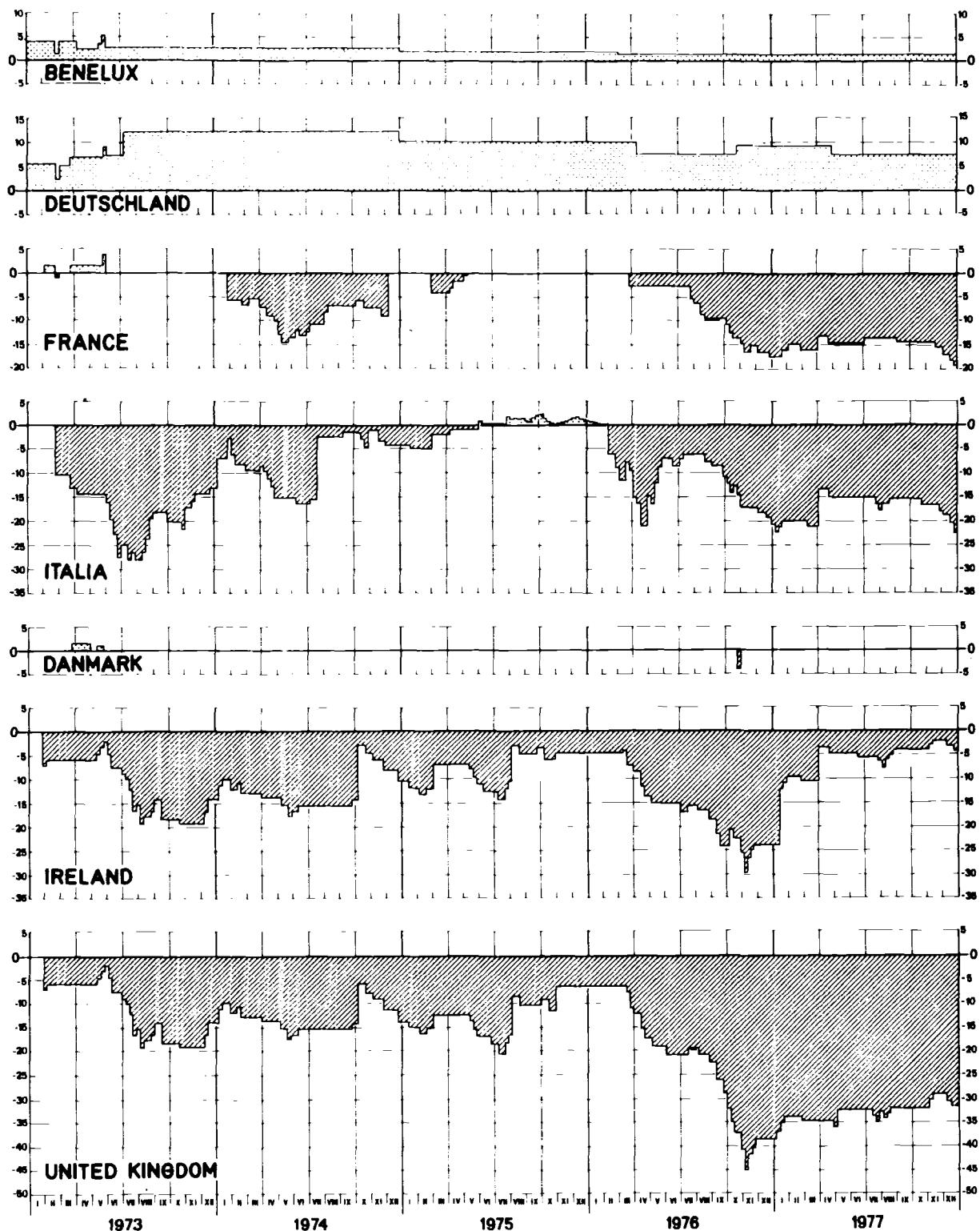
5. The MCAs have however brought difficulties. As their action in offsetting the monetary gap is neither perfect nor immediate they have naturally not provided exactly the results desired. The situation of farmers, processors and merchants has varied according to the product (subject or not subject to MCAs; coefficients used etc.) and the monetary "zone" involved (inside or outside the "snake"). The MCAs have been an additional administrative burden and to this extent an additional obstacle to trade; the system has been exploited fraudulently and has resulted in considerable expenditure by the Guarantee Section of the EAGGF.

6. The agri-monetary system has unquestionably had effects on the production and consumption of farm produce and foodstuffs (Chapter 2), the distribution of resources within each Member State (Chapter 3) and hence the specialization of production in the common market and intra-Community trade (Chapter 4). The exact nature of these effects is, however, difficult to perceive because of the complexity of the economic phenomena, the lack of any pattern in the monetary events and the adjustments made in the green rates. It is also therefore difficult to calculate the economic cost (Chapter 5).

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(1) The unsatisfactory working of the intervention system in several sectors is not due to the MCAs.

RATES (in %) USED FOR THE CALCULATION OF MONETARY COMPENSATORY AMOUNTS<sup>\*</sup>  
1973-1977



\* minimum rate used

CHAPTER 2: EFFECTS ON PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION

7. In theory, the introduction of the agri-monetary system should have offset the effect of monetary events on the production and consumption of farm produce and foodstuffs. It may be supposed, for instance, that, had the agri-monetary system not been introduced, certain branches of production would have expanded in certain regions of Member States with depreciated currencies, within the limits set by the natural conditions and the available factors of production. Similarly, consumption of certain foodstuffs would undoubtedly have dropped in the countries with depreciated currencies, particularly the United Kingdom. The reverse trend would probably have been seen in the Member States with appreciated currencies, particularly Germany. In all likelihood the situation would have become even more difficult on certain agricultural markets now suffering from imbalances.

8. These theoretical implications are difficult to quantify because the agri-monetary system does exist and there is virtually no basis for comparing the actual situation with a hypothetical one. What is more, it is extremely difficult to isolate the influence of the agri-monetary system from the impact of other factors; the agri-monetary system can have only a long-term effect on production and consumption; very few conclusions can be drawn from the available statistics since there has never been a stable and clear-cut monetary situation, except in Germany.

Effects on production

9. The trend in agricultural production (both overall and by product) since 1969 is shown in the statistical tables in Annex B to Part II (1). It is the result of a combination of factors. The agri-monetary system is only one of the many, which include: the incentive offered by guarantees, price levels and price rises resulting from enlargement of the Community, comparative natural advantages (soil, climate), comparative structural advantages, the general economic situation and natural disasters (drought, flooding). Production trends have also been influenced by the surpluses or shortfalls on certain markets, by market structures (the monolithic

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(1) The tables referred to in this report are those contained in Part II, Annex B,

nature of the market in sugar; concentration of dairies; marketing boards and "produktschappen"), by national policies (food from our own resources; agri-monetary plans; national aid), by Community policies (Directive 72/159/EEC) and by numerous other factors.

10. Between 1970 and 1976 agricultural production expanded most rapidly in the Netherlands (+ 27,1%) and in Ireland (+ 11,7%); progress was about equal (+ 7 to 8%) in Germany, Denmark, Italy and France; it was slowest in Belgium (+ 3,9%). In the United Kingdom (- 3,4%) and Luxembourg (- 4,6%) production contracted. The figures for 1976 should be viewed against the background of the drought which particularly affected certain areas of the Community and certain sectors (potatoes).

11. In all the Member States except the Netherlands, an increasing share of final agricultural production by value, is being taken by those products which are covered by intervention systems and, are eligible for guarantees (milk, beef and veal, pigmeat, wheat, barley, maize and sugar beet). Between 1970 and 1976 the increase was 7,2 points in Luxembourg, 3,7 points in France, 3 points in Denmark, 2,7 points in Belgium, 2,4 points in the United Kingdom, 2,2 points in Germany, 2,1 points in Ireland and 0,9 points in Italy. The figure for Luxembourg can be explained by that country's specialization in dairy and beef production, the figure for Italy by the predominance of Mediterranean products (60%) and the figure for the Netherlands by a harmonious development of all branches of agriculture (see tables 89 and 90).

12. The only unequivocal conclusions which can be drawn from the figures for the individual branches of production and the breakdown by Member State (tables 1 to 20) are the following:

- German agriculture has maintained or even improved its position in all sectors (except eggs) (see the graph on p. 9);
- Germany's relative share in fruit and vegetable production has declined, while Italy's has increased (tables 5 and 6); the same applies to eggs and poultrymeat (tables 13 and 14).

13. The relationship between producer prices and compound feed prices has improved in the case of milk in Germany and the Netherlands (table 88), in the case of pigmeat in Germany (table 85) and in the case of poultrymeat in Germany and the United Kingdom (table 86). As regards pigmeat, (Part II, Annex C, 2), the most marked deterioration has been in Italy, the United Kingdom and France whilst it has been less pronounced in Denmark and the Benelux countries.

14. Between 1973 and 1976 gross fixed capital formation as a percentage of the gross value added at factor cost (1) rose in Germany (from 28,7 to 30,2%), in Ireland and Denmark; it remained more or less stable in France, the Netherlands and Belgium, but decreased in Italy (from 22,6 to 20,6%).

15. Production of processed foodstuffs not subject to MCAs was favoured in the Member States where prices of raw materials were lowest because of MCAs. Thanks to generally lower prices for flour, sugar, milk powder and meat, certain branches of the United Kingdom food industry were able to develop and win new markets on the Continent (see Chapter 4). Because of the close ties between the economies of Ireland and the United Kingdom Irish manufacturers of certain products of secondary processing, e.g. biscuit and chocolate factories, encountered serious difficulties when the green rates applicable in Ireland and the United Kingdom diverged significantly. Production therefore tended to shift to the United Kingdom.

16. The coefficients used for calculating the MCAs applicable to processed products, being standard amounts, gave rise to difficulties in trade in certain products and the effects of this were felt at the production level.

17. Several specific points may be noted:

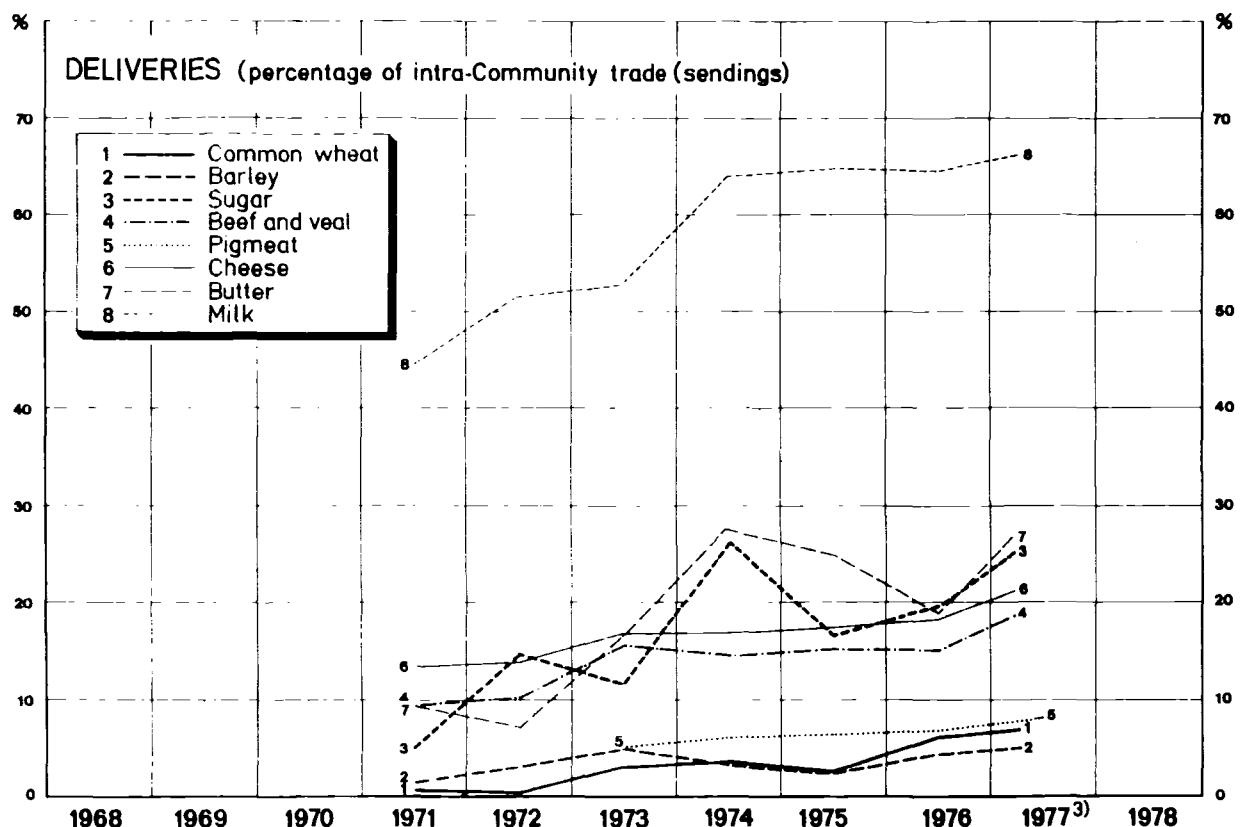
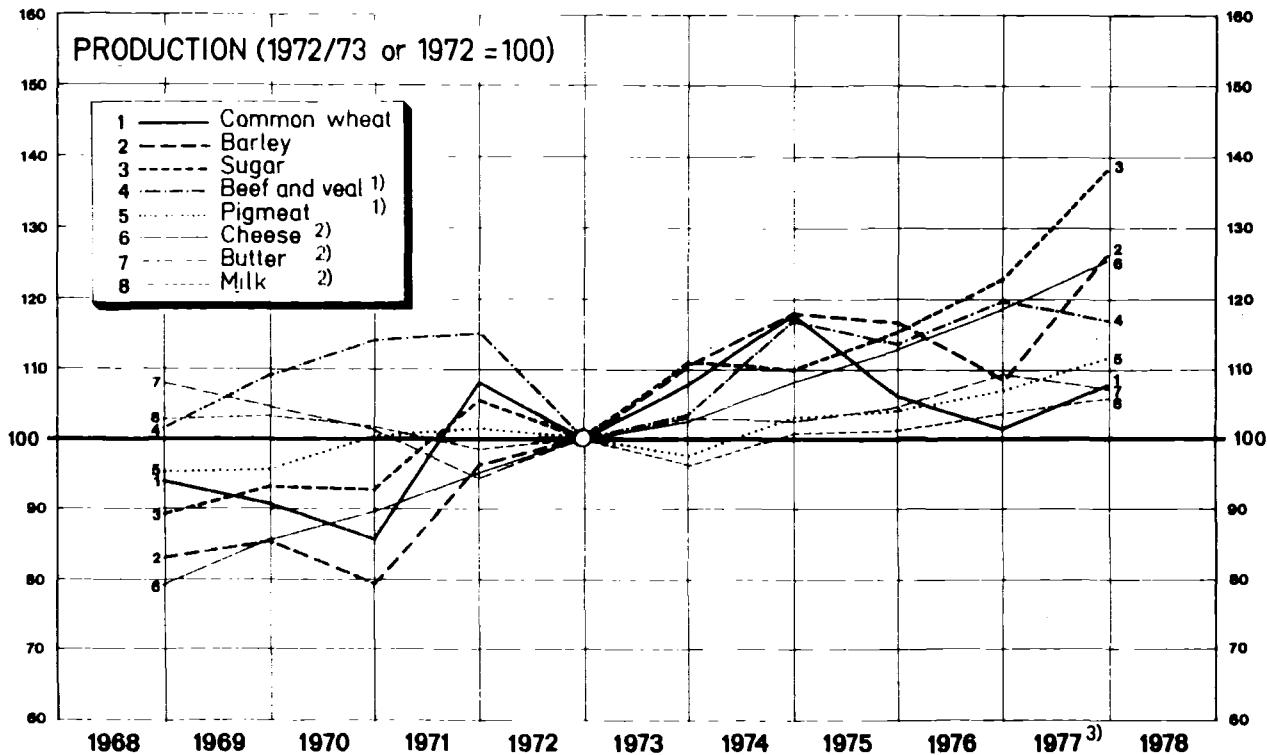
- Member States have sometimes attempted to counteract, by national aid for producers, those effects of the agri-monetary system which they felt to be adverse (Germany, 1972, fruit and vegetables; United Kingdom, since 1975, slaughterhouses in Northern Ireland; United Kingdom, 1977, pigmeat);

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(1) Report on the Agricultural Situation - table II.C/2.1

## DEUTSCHLAND

## AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES



1) Marketing years until 1971

2) Calendar years

3) Estimate

- difficulties have been caused by frauds against the agri-monetary system (employment difficulties in commerce, slaughterhouses, two-way movements of livestock between Northern Ireland and Ireland);
- when MCAs were abolished in the durum wheat/pasta sector, pasta production tended to become concentrated in Italy rather than the other Member States.

18. It is difficult to deduce from the above facts that the agri-monetary situation has been entirely responsible for any given production trend. However, it is undeniable that it has had an effect on certain branches of production, e.g. by altering the relationship between producer prices and intermediate consumer prices. This influence seems to have been particularly marked where producers reacted to prices, where market prices were close to intervention prices, where the price gaps between Member States remained wide for some time and where producers expected the discrepancies to continue.

Effects on consumption

19. Trends in the consumption of certain agricultural products are shown in the statistical tables (tables No 21 to 30) and in the 1977 Report on the Agricultural Situation (tables I/8.1 and 2). It is difficult to isolate the influence of the agri-monetary system from that of other factors (consumer habits, availability of substitute products, economic recession, enlargement of the Community, measures such as minimum consumer prices or butter consumption subsidies).

20. Human consumption trends have been very divergent over recent years:

- meat (poultry, pigmeat, beef): poultry consumption has gone up in France and in Italy but down in Germany; pigmeat consumption has increased everywhere, while beef and veal consumption has risen in Germany and France but fallen in Italy (tables No 25 to 27);
- egg consumption has risen in Germany and Italy, has remained stable in France and the United Kingdom and has fallen everywhere else;
- citrus fruit consumption has increased everywhere, but the rate of fruit and vegetable consumption has decreased by amounts which vary between Member States and from product to product;
- butter and margarine consumption shows a downward trend in Germany and the BLEU; butter consumption is rising slightly in France and the Netherlands, where margarine consumption is stable; in the United Kingdom, margarine consumption is dropping slightly, as is that of butter;
- cheese consumption has risen everywhere.

21. Insofar as consumption is influenced by price trends, the following facts merit attention:

- the agri-monetary system has prevented sudden price movements, as a result of monetary changes, for products subject to intervention and MCAs;
- this has been less true for eggs and poultry and products made from them, because the MCAs have not had much influence;
- as regards other products, prices have tended to settle at a level of balance between supply and demand on the common market as a whole.

. but the adjustments which have been made to the green rates since 1968 have counteracted the partial price freeze due to the agri-monetary system; in the table below such adjustments are compared with the straight effect of the monetary event (in %):

<u>Currency(1)</u>	Theoretical effect of monetary movements on prices		Actual effect of movements in green rates on prices	
	<u>since 1968</u>	<u>since 1973</u>	<u>since 1968</u>	<u>since 1973</u>
LIT	+ 107,4	+ 105,4	+ 64,8	+ 64,8
IRL	( + 87,4)	+ 68,0	( + 77,5)	+ 60,1
UKL	( + 87,4)	+ 68,0	( + 40,8)	+ 27,0
FF	+ 41,5	+ 25,8	+ 17,1	+ 4,1
DKR	( + 14,2)	+ 13,0	( + 14,2)	+ 13,0
BFR/LFR	- 2,7	0	- 1,3	- 1,3
HFL	- 7,3	- 4,8	- 6,0	- 6,0
DM	- 21,1	- 9,8	- 14,7	- 6,8

(1) Situation at 4 January 1978.

22. The agri-monetary system has given rise to discrimination between consumers in the Community. Such discrimination has had an adverse effect on consumers in countries whose currencies have appreciated and a favourable one where currencies have depreciated (for the products subject to intervention and where no adjustments have been made to the green rates and the MCAs). Discrimination between consumers can be illustrated by taking butter as an example. In October 1977, one kilogram of butter cost FB 141 in Bonn, FB 129 in Paris and FB 72 in London (consumption subsidies included).

23. From the above information, it is difficult to discern the specific effect of the agri-monetary system on food consumption. There is no doubt, however, that this system has prevented certain prices from rising or falling as a result of monetary events and that it has given rise to discrimination between consumers.

CHAPTER 3: EFFECTS ON THE ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES

24. In theory, the introduction of the agri-monetary system should have counteracted the effect of monetary events on the distribution of national revenue between the agricultural sector and the rest of the economy. Thus, in the absence of the agri-monetary system, fewer resources would have been allocated to the agricultural sector in countries with appreciated currencies and vice versa in countries with depreciated currencies. This development would undoubtedly have given rise to greater investment in agriculture in countries with depreciated currencies but also to more inflation and some penalization of consumers.

These theoretical implications are difficult to prove. It is difficult in particular to isolate the influence of the agri-monetary system as it has existed from that of other factors (economic expansion up to 1974, energy crisis, current economic recession).

25. Between 1970 and 1976 the share of the Member States in the gross added value of Community agriculture increased in Germany (from 18,7 to 19,5%) and the Netherlands (from 6,3 to 7,6%) while it decreased in France (from 30,1 to 28,5%), Belgium (from 3,1 to 2,7%) and the United Kingdom (from 8,4 to 8%) and remained more or less stable in Italy, Luxembourg and Ireland.

26. Between 1970 and 1976 the share of agriculture in the economy of all the Member States decreased; this trend was slowed down by the economic crisis from 1975 onwards. Parallel to this, the proportion of final agricultural production accounted for by products subject to the intervention system and covered by substantial guarantees is increasing everywhere, except in the Netherlands.

The combination of these two factors shows what percentage of the national revenue the agri-monetary system was liable to affect; in 1976 Ireland came first with 11,8% and Germany was at the bottom of ladder with 1,8%.

27. An examination of the trend of production and the relative shares of Member States has not led to any definite conclusions. But it has revealed divergent trends between Germany and Italy (production, investments); these differences are perhaps not unconnected with the effects of the agri-monetary system, which has been applied there for a very long time.

28. From the foregoing the only permissible conclusion would seem to be that the agri-monetary system absorbs part of the effect of monetary events in that part of the agricultural sector to which it applies.

CHAPTER 4: EFFECTS ON TRADE

29. In theory, the introduction of the agri-monetary system should have counteracted the effect of monetary events on intra-Community trade in agricultural products. Thus, in the absence of the agri-monetary system, the increased agricultural competitiveness of countries with depreciated currencies would have put them in a more favourable position when making deliveries to deficit areas. Or again, in the absence of MCAs, the produce of countries with depreciated currencies would have tended to go into intervention wherever, owing to the green rates, the intervention price was highest; imports from non-member countries would have been effected through the Member States depreciated currencies (lowest levies) whereas exports qualifying for 1 would have been effected from Member States with appreciated ncies (highest refunds).

In this case also the implications are difficult to isolate, in spite the apparent ease with which changes in traditional trade flows may be lified statistically. It is all the more difficult to isolate the ence of the agri-monetary system on trade in that the method of calculating is a compromise between full and immediate compensation for the monetary and the need for trading flexibility. An analysis of the effects on is also made more difficult by the multiplicity of products traded; these effects are more easily discernible at trade level than at production because trade reacts more quickly than production.

The development of intra-Community trade since 1973 is given in statistical s 31 to 68. Trade is the result of a combination of factors. The nonetary system, in particular MCAs, is only one factor among many others include surpluses or deficits on regional markets, marketing structures infrastructures, commercial aggressiveness, natural events (drought, floods), gement of the Community, action by the Member States, administrative culties and even fraud and numerous other factors.

32. The trend of overall trade between 1973 and 1976 in products subject to MCAs and products not subject to MCAs (table 95) does not show any significant change in trade flows between Member States with positive MCAs and Member States with negative MCAs.

33. Between 1973 and 1976 intra-Community deliveries (on the basis of sendings) of agricultural and food products increased in all the Member States, but by different percentages. Germany (+ 80%) is at the top of the scale and France (+ 40%) at the bottom; Italy (+ 75%), the Netherlands (+ 75%) and the United Kingdom (+ 73%) are close to Germany while Ireland (+ 64%), the BLEU (+ 62%) and Denmark (+ 58%) are in the middle.

34. This general picture is corroborated at product level by the data in tables 31 to 68. Of the 12 products examined (wheat, barley, maize, sugar, beef and veal, pigmeat, lard, poultrymeat, eggs, milk and fresh milk products, butter, cheese):

- Germany's share increased in the case of seven products and fell in one case (eggs) while the four other products remained more or less stable
- at the other end of the scale, the figures for France were one, nine and two respectively.

35. Several observations can be made:

- Germany considerably increased its milk deliveries to northern Italy (tables Nos 59, 61, 62 and Annex C 1)
- the Netherlands considerably increased its imports of maize from non-member countries (tables 33 and 35)
- exports from the Netherlands of certain products in the pigmeat sector, in particular to the United Kingdom, increased at the expense of Danish exports (tables 41 to 55)

- lard deliveries were disturbed (table 56)
- Italian deliveries of fruit and vegetables increased considerably (tables 37 and 38).

36. Several explanations can be suggested for the facts noted above:

- the production trend influenced trade
- this effect was greater, the shorter the distance between production areas and consumer areas
- the port of Rotterdam plays an important part in the grain trade
- the fixed nature of the coefficients used for calculating the MCAs applicable to processed products influenced some trade; this effect depends on the diversification of the systems of production and the method of calculation employed to take into account the basic products subject to MCAs which go into the manufacture of the processed product.

37. While allowing the free movement of products, monetary compensatory amounts themselves put a brake on trade:

- they create additional administrative difficulties which vary according to the country
- they place exporters in different situations depending on whether they are fixed or variable.

38. It is difficult, from all the facts set out above, to draw the definite conclusion that the agri-monetary system alone has brought about such a development in trade. On the other hand, effects can be seen in specific cases and the MCA technique used causes difficulties.

## CHAPTER 5: THE ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL COST

39. The application of the agri-monetary system MCAs have placed a financial burden on the budget of the EAGGF, Guarantee Section, and in certain cases on the budget of Member States.

Expenditure by the EAGGF has increased as follows (in million units of account):

1973:	157	1976:	505
1974:	138	1977:	871 (provisional)
1975:	406	1978:	993 (budget)

In 1976 expenditure on MCAs by the EAGGF accounted for 9% of total EAGGF Guarantee Section expenditure and in 1977 14%.

40. One must recognize that this budgetary cost covers not only genuine economic operations but also a certain number of frauds which, either by commission or omission, help to increase net Community expenditure on MCAs. From 1974 to 1977 (first three-quarters) the control departments have uncovered 255 irregularities relating to MCAs of which 196 were in the beef and veal sector alone and 22 in the pigmeat sector. These irregularities related to a total of 5,3 M u.a.

41. The communization of budgetary expenditure on MCAs has brought about budgetary transfers between Member States. As against common pricing, the principal beneficiaries of these transfers have been the net importing Member States with depreciated currencies and in particular the United Kingdom. These transfers have also had a favourable effect on the balance of payments of these Member States. As concerns production MCAs have served to increase intervention costs in the Member States with appreciated currencies on additional charge on the Community budget in favour of the latter. Given common pricing, however, there would doubtless be a change in the trade balances concerned.

42. The budgetary cost should not make us forget the economic cost of the agri-monetary system, although this is difficult to estimate. Its link with the "snake" draws common prices upwards and strengthens guarantees to producers. Its application, which is beneficial in the short term, has inevitable pernicious effects in the longer term which contradict its economic logic.

## CONCLUSIONS

43. The agri-monetary system as applied has proved itself pernicious in having over an extended period protected the agricultural sector--already to some extent sheltered from the laws of the market--from the effects which monetary events normally have on sectors of the economy. Moreover,

1. the use of green rates differing from the market rates has broken the unity of the common agricultural market.
2. to the extent that production and consumption of agricultural products are price-responsive the influence of the agri-monetary system is undeniable; the extent of this influence is proportional to the duration and magnitude of price changes.
3. in those sector where it applies the agri-monetary system mitigates the normal effects of monetary changes.
4. there is no single clear-cut effect on trade, but there are visible effects in certain special cases and the MCA technique used causes difficulties. The Commission will continue to follow developments in these sectors, and if necessary propose appropriate measures. It should be emphasized, however, that the agri-monetary system is only one factor among many others.
5. the economic cost is difficult to quantify, but the system saps the resources of the EAGGF Guarantee Section (14% in 1977).

Finally, the Commission considers this report makes it even clearer that the monetary compensatory amounts definitely must be done away with, as it argued in its last proposal in 1977 (see Doc. COM(77)482 final).

PART II

Annexes

## SUMMARY

## Part II

## Annexes

- A. Background of the agri-monetary system
- B. Statistics
- C. Case studies
  - 1. Milk and fresh cream
  - 2. Pigmeat
  - 3. Trade between Ireland and Northern Ireland

## ANNEX A

### The background to the agri-monetary system

1. The present Community monetary system is made up of:

- a group of Member States (Benelux, Denmark, FR Germany) which have decided to keep the rates of their currencies within a maximum spread of 2.25%; this is the "snake". Following the Smithsonian Agreement in December 1971, whereby there was a general readjustment of exchange rates without any official change in the gold parities declared to the IMF, the snake currencies fluctuate around central rates;
- the other Member States, whose currencies fluctuate without any limits officially set in advance (France, Ireland, Italy, United Kingdom).

2. The Council has not had to consider modifying the value of the unit of account, which continues to be defined by weight of fine gold, since the Member States maintain the fiction of gold parities declared to the IMF. However, since the currencies no longer correspond in fact to their gold parities, it became economically necessary, following the Smithsonian Agreement, to establish new relationships between the agricultural unit of account and each of the Community currencies (in December 1971, 1 u.a. = EFRS 50; DM 3.66; LIT 625, etc.), although, from the strictly legal point of view, the original gold definition was retained.

3. The Member States' currencies have undergone movements in both directions since the Smithsonian Agreement. Not all Member States have wished to accept the logical consequences of these movements as affecting agriculture (an increase in common agricultural prices expressed in national currency following a devaluation; a fall following a revaluation). These Member States have accordingly used, for the purposes of the common agricultural policy, rates for the agricultural u.a. which were different from the market rates, on the basis of Community green rates. At present there is a difference between the central rate, or the market rate in the case of floating currencies, and the rates used for the purposes of the CAP in all Member States except Denmark. The latter rates are called representative rates, popularly known as "green rates".

4. In order to avoid deflection of trade or distortion of competition following currency movements, both in intra-Community trade and in trade with non-member countries, monetary compensatory amounts have been introduced equal to the effect on prices of the difference between the green rates and the market rates. For the snake currencies the market rate is the central rate. In that case the monetary compensatory amounts remain unchanged as long as the prices and central rates remain unchanged. For the currencies outside the snake the monetary compensatory amount is variable, since, whereas the green rate is fixed, the market rate for these currencies floats, there being no accepted central rate; consequently, the calculation of the monetary compensatory amounts requires a mechanism for establishing the difference between the green rate and the market rate. For this purpose the weekly mean of the differences between the daily rates of the floating currencies and the central rates of the snake currencies is calculated and reduced by 1.5 points. If this figure differs from one week to another by more than 1 point, the monetary compensatory amount is changed.

5. Since 1973 the green rates have been used for calculating common prices in national currencies; but the budgetary unit of account with its gold definition has been retained for the EAGGF accounts, together with the gold parities declared to the IMF. Accordingly, for the CAP budgetary acts the monetary status quo has been retained in its pre-Smithsonian form.

## Chronological table of events concerning MCAs

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1962</u>					
4.4		Market organization for cereals, pigmeat, eggs, poultrymeat, fruit and vegetables, wine.		19/62 20/62 21/62 22/62 23/62 24/62	4. 4.62 4. 4.62 4. 4.62 4. 4.62 4. 4.62 4. 4.62
1.11		1 unit of account (u.a.) = 0.88867088 g of fine gold = 1 US \$.		129/62	23.10.62

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1964</u> 5.2		Market organization for milk, beef and veal, rice.		13/64 14/64 16/64	5.2.64 5.2.64 5.2.64

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1968</u>					
30.5		Automatic adjustment of the u.a. if all currencies move in the same direction; otherwise, unanimous decision by the Council.		653/68	30.5.68
1.7		Single market for milk products, beef and veal.		804/68 805/68	27.6.68 27.6.68
30.7		Rules for the implementation of Reg. No 653/68		1134/68	30.7.68

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1969</u>					
11.8	Devaluation of the FF by 11.11%.	Prices in national currency maintained temporarily at their previous level.  Gradual alignment of common prices, completed 1.8.1971.	Temporary MCAs fixed until 31.7.71	1586/69	11.8.69
29.9	Floating of the DM.	Suspension of imports (29.9 - 8.10).	Temporary MCAs fixed (8.10 - 26.10).	69/348/EEC	8.10.69
26.10	Revaluation of the DM by 9.29%.		Temporary 6.12 and 7.12 - 31.12)	69/375/EEC 69/377/EEC 69/410/EEC	30.10.69 31.10.69 17.11.69
9.12		Compensatory aid 1.7 milliard DM per year from 1970 to 1973, of which 3% VAT.  Community financing (1971: 90 M u.a., 1972: 60 M u.a., 1973: 30 M u.a.).		2464/69	11.12.69

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1971</u>					
15.2	Conversion of currency in UK and Ireland to the decimal system: 1 UK£ = 100 pence. 1 IRL				
22.2			Abolition of temporary fixed MCAs for France, for pigmeat, poultrymeat, eggs.	369/71	19.2.71
9.5	Floating rates of exchange for DM and FL.  Revaluation of the Swiss franc by 7.07% and of the Austrian Schilling by 5.05%		Fluctuating MCAs for D and NL (12.5 + 27.8) for cereals, pigmeat, beef and veal, eggs, poultrymeat, albumens, milk and milk products, sugar, fishery products 1059/69.	974/71 1013/71	12.5.71 17.5.71
			Introduction of MCAs for wine for Germany.	1014/71	17.5.71
12.7			Introduction of MCAs for colza seed and rape seed.	1471/71	9.7.71
31.7			Abolition of the last MCAs resulting from the devaluation of the FF in 1969.		
15.8	Suspension of dollar convertibility				
24.8	Floating rates of exchange for EFR and LIT		Fluctuating MCAs D, Benelux, It. (27.8). The Benelux M.C.A.s are now uniform.	1871/71	21.8.71

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1971</u> 4.10			MCA for processed fruit and vegetables, MCA for wine for the Benelux countries.	2122/71	1.10.71

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1971</u>					
(contd)					
18.12 (effective)	Smithsonian Agreement: - devaluation (announced) of the US \$ by 7.89%		Introduction of MCAs also for the FF and the LIT (3.1.72) with a few exceptions in the case of France (24 or 31.12.71).	2887/71 2888/71	30.12.71 30.12.71
20.12	- revaluation of the DM, Swiss franc by 4.61% - revaluation of the EFR, LFR, HFL by 2.76% - devaluation of the LIT, IKR and SKR by 1% - creation of the "tunnel" (margin of fluctuations between the US \$ other currencies of $\pm$ 2.25%).				

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1972</u>					
13.1			Abolition of MCAs for C sugar.	74/72	12.1.72
1.2			Abolition of MCAs for colza seed and rape seed.	189/72	26.1.72
14.2			Abolition of MCAs for frozen beef and veal intended for processing.	319/72	12.2.72
21.3	Creation of the "snake" (DM, BEF, LFR, HFL, FF, IKR, NKR, SKR) - application (effective from 24.4.1972); the margin of fluctuation between the currencies concerned is reduced to 1.25%.				
8.5	Legal effective date of the devaluation of the US \$ by 7.89% (see 18.12.1971).				
15.5			Reduction of MCAs. Abolition of MCAs for the LIT. Last fixing of MCAs for fish.	978/78	12.5.72
23.6	Floating of the UK£.				
27.6	The IKR leaves the snake until 10.10, then returns.				

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1972</u> 26.7			Introduction of the system of differential amounts for colza seed and rape seed.	1569/72 1576/72 2300/73	20.7.72 24.7.72 23.8.73

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1972</u> (contd)					
31.7			Abolition of MCAs for fishery products and products processed from fruit and vegetables, as well as some other agricultural products.	1602/72	26.7.72
19.12			Amendment with effect from 1.3.72 of Regulation 974/71: MCAs now compulsory - Community financing of MCAs - valid as from 1.7.72 in trade with non-member countries and as from 1.1.73 in intra-Community trade.	2746/72	19.12.72
26.12			Temporary suspension of MCAs for France.		

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1973</u>					
1.1.		Accession to the European Community of DK, IRL, UK		Council Decision	22.1.72
23.1.	Floating of the financial LIT. Floating of the Swiss Franc				
1.2.		Introduction of the representative rate for UK, IRL and DK. These new rates represent for: UK£: devaluation by 9.817% IR£: devaluation by 9.817% DKR: devaluation by 0.005% in relation to rates previously used.		222/73 270/73	31.1.73 31.1.73
7.2.			Reintroduction of MCAs for France.		
12.2.	Devaluation of the US \$ by 10%.				
13.2.	Floating of the official LIT.		MCA for the LIT.		
26.2.			Introduction of MCAs for UK£, IR£ and DKR. Application of MCAs in all Member States. Introduction of "negative" MCAs. Introduction of Article 4a (with effect from 1.2.77)	449/73 509/73 648/73 649/73	6.2.73 22.2.73 1.3.73 1.3.73
5.3			Abolition of MCAs for the FF.	741/73	19.3.73

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
1973 (contd)					
19.3	Revaluation of the DM by 3% "blockfloating", the central banks of the Member States will from now on intervene only for currencies in the "snake". The "turnel" ceases to exist.				
26.3			Application of MCAs for the FF and the DKR.	905/73	23.3.73
30.4		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Alteration of the MCA system (with effect from 4.6.73).</li> <li>- The monetary gaps are no longer calculated on the basis of the dollar, but on the basis of the Community currencies in the "snake".</li> <li>- No more compensation between the MCAs - each Member State applies its <u>own</u> MCA.</li> </ul>		1112/73 1462/73	30.4.73 30.5.73
4.6			<p>Benelux and Germany MCAs now stable. France and Denmark MCAs cease to exist. Application of Article 2a of Regulation 974/71 in trade with Italy.</p>		
29.6	Revaluation of the DM by 5.5%.		Alteration of the fixed MCA for Germany	1786/73	2.7.73

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1973</u> (contd.)					
17.9	Revaluation of the HFL by 5%.	Fixing of a representative rate for the HFL, representing a revaluation of 5.125%. Result: drop in farm prices in national currency, compensatory measures with the financial contribution by the Community.	No alteration of the MCAs.	2543/73 2544/73	19.9.73 19.9.73
19.9		Amendment of Regulation 129/62.		2543/73	19.9.73
29.10 1.11		New representative rate for the LIT, representing a devaluation of 3.846% (exception for tobacco and sugar)	Alteration of the derivation coefficients in the beef sector.	2930/73 2958/73	29.10.73 31.10.73

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1974</u>					
1.1		New representative rate for the LIT, representing a devaluation of 4.129%.	The monetary gap for the LIT is to be increased by a fixed amount of 3.17 points until the beginning of the 74/75 marketing year, in order to take account of Regulation No 3450/73.	2958/73	31.10.73
19.1	Floating of the FF.		Reintroduction of MCAs for the FF.	218/74	25.1.74
21.1					
28.1		Council Decision prolonging the subsidy FRG via VAT New representative rate for the LIT, representing a devaluation of 4.776%.	The monetary gap for the LIT is to be increased until the beginning of the 74/75 marketing year, by 3.18 points for beef and veal, 11.38 points for sugar and 7.79 points for other products.	197/74 214/74	25.1.74 25.1.74
25.2		Rise in prices in Italy of 5% for most agricultural products.	The monetary gap for the LIT is to be increased by 7.79 points for wine, 11.34 points for sugar and 3.18 points for other products in respect of which the 74/75 marketing year has not yet begun.	411/74 444/74	18.2.74 22.2.74
22.3	Switzerland and Italy return to a single market in their currency.				
29.4	Cash deposit decided upon in Italy.	Commission Decision. Certain exceptions for agricultural products, degressive system.			

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
1974 (contd) 10.6		New representative rate for LIT, representing a devaluation of 11.111% on the previous rate. Date of entry into force at first open, later fixed at: 24.6 for pigmeat 1.7 for sugar 22.7 for other agricultural products		1424/74 1847/74	6.6.74 15.7.74
27.6			Regulation authorizing the Member States to exempt certain existing contracts from MCA.	1608/74	26.6.74
28.6	Entry into force of the ua basket.		The spread of the LIT is to be increased by 7.79 points for wine and 3.18 points for cereals, eggs and poultry meat (until 1.8)		
12.8			Abolition of MCAs on durum wheat and pasta products	2119/74	12.8.74
7.10		New representative rate for: UK£: 7.351% devaluation IR£: 9.975% devaluation		2498/74	2.10.74
28.10		New representative rate for LIT: 3.842% devaluation	The MCAs for UK£ and IR£ are no longer identical  No MCAs for Italy, except on wine: increase of 11.34	2670/74	21.10.74

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1974</u> (cont.) 2.12  28.12		Amendment of Regulation 974/71 (budgetary aspects).	Reintroduction of MCAs for Italy	3259/74	28.12.74

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1975</u>					
16.1			Article 2a of Regulation 974/71 repealed.	3482/74	27.12.74
28.2	Lomé Convention signed.		Introduction of exemption of 1.25. The monetary gaps are increased by: 2.8 for Italy 2.2 for UK 4.5 for Ireland 1.4 for France	475/75 540/75	27.2.75 28.2.75
3.3		New representative rates for the Member States: D : 2.271% revaluation B/LUX: 0.725% revaluation NL : 0.725% revaluation IT : 2.801% revaluation UK : 2.170% devaluation IRL : 4.464% devaluation FR : 1.401% devaluation	until the start of the marketing year, i.e., 31.7.75 for cereals, pigment, eggs, poultrymeat and albumen, 30.6.75 for sugar, 15.9.75 for milk products (Benelux only), 15.12.75 for wine.		
24.3			Abolition of MCAs for wine (except Germany) Abolition of MCAs for certain products covered by Reg. 1059/69. Adjustment of derivation coefficients for MCAs in the cereals sector	722/75 751/75	19.3.75 21.3.75
28.4			Abolition of MCAs for Italy in respect of beef and veal and milk products.	1086/75	28.4.75
19.5			Abolition of MCAs for France.	1248/75	16.5.75

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1975</u> (cont )					
1.6			Consolidated Regulation governing MCAs.	1380/75	29.5.75
10.7	FF returns to "snake" at its former rate.				
30.7			Abolition of MCAs for Italy.	2021/75	31.7.75
4.8		New representative rate for UKR (5.000% devaluation) and IRL (5.000% devaluation).		1925/75	25.7.75
25.8			MCA for beef and veal calculated at 90% of the intervention price.	2195/75	22.8.75
29.9			MCAs suspended on certain German wines.	2448/75	25.9.75
27.10		New representative rates for UKR (5.800% devaluation) IRL (2.222% devaluation).	MCAs for UK and IRL vary according to sector. Monetary gap different for: cereals, eggs and poultrymeat until 2.11.75; for common wheat from 3.11.75; for beef and veal until 4.1.76. Arrangements for trade between UK and IRL .	2638/75 2717/75 2718/75	16.10.75 24.10.75 24.10.75

		event	Reg.	Date
<u>1976</u>				
21.1	The Bank of Italy ceases to support the LIT.			
9.2		Reintroduction of MCAs for Italy.	271/76	6.2.76
15.3	<p>New representative rates:</p> <p>D : 2.812% revaluation            B/LUX: 0.591% revaluation            NL : 0.471% revaluation            IT. : 5.304% devaluation            UK : -            IRL : 1.886% devaluation            FR : 1.422% revaluation            DK : -</p>	MCAs vary according to sector.  Exemption of 1.25 increased to 1.50.	557/76 572/76	15.3.76 15.3.76
15.3	FF floated.			
25.3		Reintroduction of MCAs for France.	650/76 652/76	24.3.76 24.3.76
3.5			1020/76	29.4.76

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1976</u> (cont )					
5.5.	Cash deposits introduced in Italy.	Commission Decision authorizing Italy. No exception made for agricultural products.			
17.5.			Article 2a of Regulation 974/71 applied to trade with Italy and the United Kingdom.	1040/76	4.5.76
9.6.			No alteration of MCAs for UK and IRL.		
21.7.		Commission Decision authorizing Italy to prolong the system of cash deposits by 3 months (until 5.11.76).			
11.10.		New representative rate for IRL (7.589% devaluation).		2423/76 2461/76	5.10.76 8.10.76
17.10.	DM: 2% revaluation DKR: 4% devaluation SKR: 1% devaluation NKR: 1% devaluation.				

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1976</u> (cont)					
20.10.			Alteration of MCAs for DM. Introduction of MCAs for DKR.	2539/76	19.10.76
28.10.		New representative rate for DKR (4% devaluation).	Abolition of MCAs for DKR.	2596/76	26.10.76
6.12.			No adjustment of MCAs for UK£ and IR£.		

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1977</u>					
17.1		New representative rate for IRL (8.015% devaluation). New rules for trade between UK and IRL.		80/77 81/77	14.1.77 14.1.77
7.3			MCAs for sparkling wines.	397/77	25.2.77
1.4		New representative rates: LIT: 6.505% devaluation FF: 2.549% devaluation IRL: 6.256% devaluation.	MCAs vary according to sector.	651/77	29.3.77
6.4	DKR: 3% devaluation NKR: 3% devaluation SKR: 6% devaluation.	New representative rate for DKR (3% devaluation).			
1.5		New common prices fixed by Council.  New representative rate for UK£ (2.903% devaluation) except in respect of milk (1.451% devaluation) DM: 2% revaluation.	MCAs vary according to sector.	878/77 937/77	26.4.77 29.4.77
23.5			Alteration in number of processed products subject to MCAs.	800/77	20.4.77

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
1977 (contd.)					
1.7			MCAs introduced for isoglucose	1474/77	30.6.77
29.8	DKR: 5% devaluation NKR: 5% devaluation SKR leaves snake and floats				
5.9			Alteration in the calculation of MCAs for milk products Fixed spread for UK £ in respect of milk. No adjustment for IR £ or for other UK products	1824/77	4.8.77
16.9		New representative rate for DKR (5% devaluation)		2024/77	13.9.77

Date	World event	Community event	MCA event	Reg.	Date
<u>1978</u>					
1.1.			Abolition of Accession compensatory amounts		
2.1.			Introduction of MCAs for durum wheat and certain derived products	2604/77	25.11.77
1.2.		New representative rate for FF (2.5% devaluation)		2840/77	19.12.77

## ANNEX B

### Statistics

#### I - Statistics by product:

##### 1. Quantities

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- b) Production and availability Tables 21 - 30
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##### 2. Prices

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- 

Products (not all of which are included in each table) are listed in the following order: wheat, rye, barley, maize, sugar, fresh vegetables, fresh fruit, beef and veal, pigmeat, lard, poultrymeat, eggs, milk, butter and cheese. Member States are listed in the usual order: Germany, France, Italy, Netherlands, BLEU, United Kingdom, Ireland and Denmark.

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Notes. AUA = Agricultural unit of account

n.d. = not available

punctuation of figures follows 'continental' practice

Table No 1 - COMMON WHEAT - usable production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77	1977/78
Deutschland	1000 t.	6.012	5.920	5.492	6.928	6.410	6.921	7.523	6.864	6.501	6.912
	% EUR 9	17,6	17,9	17,4	19,2	17,1	18,2	18,1	20,3	18,5	19,3
France	1000 t.	14.682	14.118	12.466	14.979	17.602	17.338	18.553	14.199	15.559	17.100
	% EUR 9	42,9	43,5	39,6	41,6	46,9	45,7	44,7	42,3	44,3	47,7
Italia	1000 t.	7.525	6.901	7.014	6.705	6.267	6.212	6.741	6.080	6.043	4.370
	% EUR 9	22,0	21,2	22,3	18,6	16,7	16,4	16,2	18,2	17,2	12,2
Nederland	1000 t.	709	677	643	718	676	724	746	528	710	661
	% EUR 9	2,1	2,1	2,0	2,0	1,8	1,9	1,8	1,6	2,0	1,8
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	900	827	763	954	985	1.049	1.078	724	940	787
	% EUR 9	2,6	2,5	2,4	2,6	2,6	2,8	2,6	2,2	2,7	2,2
EUR "6"	1000 t.	29.828	28.343	26.378	30.284	31.940	32.244	34.646	28.335	29.793	29.830
	% EUR 9	87,2	87,2	83,7	84,0	85,1	85,0	83,4	84,6	84,6	83,2
United Kingdom	1000 t.	3.469	3.364	4.236	4.814	4.717	4.939	6.053	4.432	4.645	5.214
	% EUR 9	10,2	10,4	13,5	13,3	12,6	13,0	14,6	13,2	13,2	14,5
Ireland	1000 t.	412	363	381	380	245	209	245	208	198	220
	% EUR 9	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,1	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6
Danmark	1000 t.	464	429	513	585	592	542	592	520	593	593
	% EUR 9	1,4	1,3	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,4	1,4	1,6	1,7	1,7
EUR "9"	1000 t.	34.173	32.499	31.508	36.036	37.494	37.934	41.536	33.495	35.229	35.857
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Estimate based on Eurostat figures.  
Source: Eurostat

Table No 2 - BARLEY - usable production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77	1977/78
Deutschland	1000 t. % EUR 9	4.825 16,5	4.976 16,3	4.611 17,0	5.601 18,1	5.817 17,5	6.423 18,9	6.837 19,9	6.761 21,0	6.293 21,4	7.322 19,7
France	1000 t. % EUR 9	9.139 31,2	9.452 31,0	8.126 30,0	8.910 28,8	10.466 31,4	10.844 31,8	9.972 28,9	9.344 29,1	8.318 28,3	10.470 28,2
Italia	1000 t. % EUR 9	258 0,9	292 1,0	315 1,2	373 1,2	382 1,1	450 1,3	552 1,6	640 2,0	721 2,5	681 1,8
Nederland	1000 t. % EUR 9	390 1,3	389 1,3	334 1,2	373 1,2	340 1,0	383 1,1	315 0,9	336 1,1	263 0,9	289 0,8
BLEU/BLEU	1000 t. % EUR 9	622 2,1	600 2,0	571 2,1	644 2,1	693 2,1	776 2,3	753 2,2	476 1,5	645 2,2	733 2,0
EUR "6"	1000 t. % EUR 9	15.234 52,0	15.719 51,6	13.957 51,5	15.901 51,4	17.698 53,1	18.876 55,4	18.429 53,4	17.557 54,7	16.241 55,1	19.495 52,5
United Kingdom	1000 t. % EUR 9	8.270 28,2	8.663 28,5	7.528 27,8	8.558 27,7	9.152 27,5	8.917 26,2	9.042 26,2	8.428 26,2	7.572 25,7	10.630 28,6
Ireland	1000 t. % EUR 9	752 2,6	788 2,6	762 2,9	991 3,2	903 2,7	843 2,5	1.038 3,0	987 3,1	838 2,9	1.115 3,0
Danmark	1000 t. % EUR 9	5.047 17,2	5.255 17,3	4.813 17,8	5.458 17,7	5.571 16,7	5.432 15,9	5.967 17,3	5.156 16,0	4.801 16,3	5.913 15,9
EUR "9"	1000 t. % EUR 9	29.303 100	30.425 100	27.080 100	30.908 100	33.324 100	34.068 100	34.476 100	32.128 100	29.452 100	37.153 100

\* Estimate based on Eurostat figures.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 3 - MAIZE - usable production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77	1977/78*
Deutschland	1000 t. % EUR 9	278 2,9	388 3,7	491 3,8	576 4,1	547 4,0	556 3,4	505 3,5	515 3,7	466 4,1	533 3,6
France	1000 t. % EUR 9	5.379 55,7	5.723 53,8	7.588 59,1	8.954 63,5	8.257 60,8	10.671 65,6	8.884 61,6	8.309 58,5	5.544 49,3	8.214 54,7
Italia	1000 t. % EUR 9	3.991 41,4	4.519 42,5	4.754 37,0	4.528 32,1	4.741 34,9	4.995 30,7	4.979 34,5	5.259 37,5	5.214 46,3	6.200 41,3
Nederland	1000 t. % EUR 9	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	11 0,1	10 0,1	11 0,1	10 0,0	7 0,0	0 0,0	3 0,0
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t. % EUR 9	3 0,0	4 0,0	10 0,1	19 0,1	19 0,1	27 0,2	25 0,2	38 0,3	30 0,3	53 0,4
EUR "6"	1000 t. % EUR 9	9.651 100	10.634 100	12.843 100	14.088 99,9	13.639 99,9	16.260 99,9	14.406 99,9	14.028 99,9	11.254 99,9	15.003 99,9
United Kingdom	1000 t. % EUR 9	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	6 0,0	6 0,0	6 0,0	3 0,0	3 0,0	2 0,0	2 0,0
Ireland	1000 t. % EUR 9	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0
Danmark	1000 t. % EUR 9	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0	0 0,0
EUR "9"	1000 t. % EUR 9	9.651 100	10.634 100	12.843 100	14.094 100	13.580 100	16.266 100	14.406 100	14.031 100	11.256 100	15.005 100

\* Estimate based on Eurostat figures.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 4 - SUGAR - Usable production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77	1977/78
Deutschland	1000 t. % EUR 9	1.826 23,6	1.914 23,0	1.898 22,7	2.162 22,4	2.048 22,8	2.266 23,8	2.249 26,4	2.351 24,2	2.515 25,1	2.825 24,5
France	1000 t. % EUR 9	2.190 28,3	2.504 30,2	2.841 33,9	3.245 33,6	3.111 34,5	3.258 34,2	3.029 35,5	3.313 34,1	3.085 30,8	4.256 36,9
Italia	1000 t. % EUR 9	1.188 15,3	1.268 15,3	1.096 13,1	1.153 11,9	1.184 13,1	1.037 10,9	930 10,9	1.339 13,8	1.606 16,1	1.244 10,8
Nederland	1000 t. % EUR 9	661 8,5	703 8,4	657 7,8	771 8,0	695 7,7	765 8,0	716 8,4	841 8,6	870 8,7	832 7,2
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t. % EUR 9	530 6,8	623 7,5	549 6,6	772 8,0	615 6,8	721 7,6	503 5,9	659 6,8	674 6,7	720 6,2
EUR "6"	1000 t. % EUR 9	6.395 82,5	7.012 84,4	7.041 84,1	8.103 83,9	7.653 84,9	8.047 84,5	7.427 87,1	8.503 87,5	8.750 87,5	9.877 85,6
United Kingdom	1000 t. % EUR 9	897 11,6	861 10,4	905 10,8	1.085 11,2	888 9,9	959 10,1	568 6,7	640 6,6	696 7,0	975 8,5
Ireland	1000 t. % EUR 9	149 1,9	146 1,8	161 1,9	171 1,8	154 1,7	177 1,8	146 1,7	187 1,9	174 1,7	175 1,5
Danmark	1000 t. % EUR 9	313 4,0	280 3,4	268 3,2	296 3,1	315 3,5	338 3,6	382 4,5	388 4,0	383 3,8	515 4,5
EUR "9"	1000 t. % EUR 9	7.754 100	8.299 100	8.375 100	9.657 100	9.010 100	9.521 100	8.523 100	9.718 100	10.003 100	11.574 100

\*EC Commission estimate, DG for Agriculture.  
Source: Eurostat

Table No 5 - FRESH VEGETABLES - Production (1)

	Units	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 (2)
Deutschland	1000 t. % EUR 9	1.314 6,1	1.404 6,4	1.302 5,7	1.247 5,6	1.106 5,4
France	1000 t. % EUR 9	4.351 20,3	4.452 20,0	4.553 20,1	4.495 20,2	3.900 19,0
Italia	1000 t. % EUR 9	9.669 45,1	9.884 44,5	10.339 45,5	10.226 45,8	9.738 47,6
Nederland	1000 t. % EUR 9	2.035 9,5	2.104 9,5	2.143 9,4	2.150 9,6	2.062 10,1
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t. % EUR 9	886 4,1	972 4,4	1.002 4,4	996 4,5	775 3,8
United Kingdom	1000 t. % EUR 9	2.881 13,4	3.068 13,8	3.053 13,4	2.854 12,8	2.520 12,3
Ireland	1000 t. % EUR 9	130 0,6	140 0,6	141 0,6	183 0,8	207 1,0
Danmark	1000 t. % EUR 9	188 0,9	183 0,8	189 0,9	162 0,7	172 0,8
EUR 9	1000 t. % EUR 9	21.454 100	22.207 100	22.712 100	22.313 100	20.480 100

(1) Usable production of crops grown for sale.

(2) Provisional figures.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 6 - FRESH FRUIT - Production (1)

	Units	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 (2)
Deutschland	1000 t. % EUR 9	2.339 15,0	3.336 18,8	2.436 14,9	3.114 17,6	2.775 15,3
France	1000 t. % EUR 9	3.058 19,6	3.508 19,8	2.951 18,0	3.239 18,4	3.635 20,1
Italia	1000 t. % EUR 9	8.628 55,3	9.247 52,1	9.356 57,2	9.626 54,6	9.970 55,2
Nederland	1000 t. % EUR 9	548 3,5	555 3,1	579 3,5	640 3,6	650 3,6
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t. % EUR 9	390 2,5	339 1,9	373 2,3	365 2,1	376 2,1
United Kingdom	1000 t. % EUR 9	553 3,5	654 3,7	553 3,4	529 3,0	556 3,1
Ireland	1000 t. % EUR 9	18 0,1	19 0,1	16 0,1	16 0,1	15 0,1
Danmark	1000 t. % EUR 9	81 0,5	94 0,5	90 0,6	109 0,6	97 0,5
EUR 9	1000 t. % EUR 9	15.615 100	17.752 100	16.354 100	17.638 100	18.074 100

(1) Usable production of crops grown for sale as dessert fruit.

(2) Provisional figures.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 7 - BEEF AND VEAL - Gross domestic production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	8 months 1976	8 months 1977*
		1000 t.	1.197	1.292	1.347	1.359	1.183	1.226	1.381	1.341	1.413	908,9
Deutschland	% EUR 9	21,1	22,3	22,5	23,3	22,4	22,9	21,3	20,4	21,9	21,4	21,6
France	1000 t.	1.636	1.616	1.672	1.696	1.560	1.547	1.886	1.868	1.921	1.308,8	1.150,8
	% EUR 9	28,8	27,8	27,9	29,1	29,5	28,9	29,1	28,4	29,8	30,8	28,7
Italia	1000 t.	827	824	813	767	663	762	850	746	770	498,3	568,8
	% EUR 9	14,6	14,2	13,6	13,1	12,6	14,2	13,1	11,3	11,9	11,8	13,8
Nederland	1000 t.	292	319	354	341	278	295	393	397	409	261,4	265,2
	% EUR 9	5,2	5,5	5,9	5,8	5,3	5,5	6,1	6,0	6,3	6,2	6,5
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	236	247	260	266	235	239	302	293	276	182,6	178,2
	% EUR 9	4,2	4,3	4,3	4,6	4,5	4,5	4,6	4,5	4,3	4,3	4,3
EUR "6"	1000 t.	4.188	4.298	4.446	4.429	3.919	4.069	4.812	4.645	4.789	3.160,0	3.081,0
	% EUR 9	73,9	74,1	74,2	75,9	74,3	76,0	74,2	70,6	74,2	74,4	74,9
United Kingdom	1000 t.	933	947	994	841	862	810	998	1.131	1.029	694,4	601,8
	% EUR 9	16,5	16,3	16,6	14,4	16,3	15,1	15,4	17,2	16,0	16,3	14,6
Ireland	1000 t.	301	323	337	350	315	291	429	565	386	230,5	269,3
	% EUR 9	5,3	5,6	5,6	6,0	6,0	5,4	6,6	8,6	6,0	5,4	6,5
Danmark	1000 t.	245	233	217	214	177	190	244	242	246	162,2	162,9
	% EUR 9	4,3	4,0	3,6	3,7	3,4	3,5	3,8	3,6	3,8	3,8	4,0
EUR "9"	1000 t.	5.667	5.801	5.994	5.834	5.273	5.360	6.483	6.583	6.450	4.247,1	4.115,0
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Provisional figures.

Source: Eurostat

**Table No 8 - BEEF AND VEAL - Gross monthly domestic production (1)**

		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Deutschland	1976	112,3	106,8	115,6	111,5	107,1	108,7	117,5	129,4	128,8	124,0	135,8	115,3
	1977	117,4	102,4	123,8	107,5	109,4	110,8	100,3	116,4	120,0			
France	1976	158,3	146,0	172,2	156,4	148,0	176,8	173,2	178,0	168,7	145,4	149,3	148,8
	1977	113,4	142,2	164,5	141,7	143,3	146,9	130,3	148,5				
Italia	1976	56,6	57,6	47,6	45,6	67,6	65,6	75,7	82,1	65,4	67,4	66,9	71,1
	1977	63,5	53,6	61,8	67,4	72,5	79,3	80,0	90,7				
Nederland	1976	31,2	28,0	32,3	31,4	32,1	30,7	33,6	42,1	41,8	34,5	36,7	36,0
	1977	32,7	29,6	36,0	33,3	33,7	34,1	29,3	36,5				
Belgique/Belgie	1976	22,0	20,1	21,8	19,9	21,1	22,1	22,0	27,5	25,1	22,8	22,9	21,1
	1977	21,5	19,8	22,6	21,1	22,4	21,5	18,0	25,6				
Luxembourg	1976	0,76	0,78	0,65	0,64	0,74	0,66	0,92	1,00	0,89	0,80	0,83	0,67
	1977	0,80	0,63	0,77	0,69	0,70	0,65	0,65	0,71	0,69			
United Kingdom	1976	96,9	87,1	102,3	89,9	83,8	74,6	77,6	82,2	91,5	82,2	82,9	77,2
	1977	77,6	68,7	80,8	74,5	74,4	69,8	71,7	84,3	89,4			
Ireland	1976	30,8	26,7	30,1	30,6	31,7	27,2	21,8	31,6	39,8	41,8	42,1	32,0
	1977	28,6	30,9	33,5	33,0	33,2	36,7	32,0	41,4	48,3			
Danmark	1976	22,2	20,5	24,3	19,5	19,5	19,5	14,1	22,6	22,9	20,3	23,2	17,7
	1977	21,0	18,1	23,4	19,2	22,1	23,0	14,4	21,7				
EUR "9"	1976	531,2	493,7	546,7	505,4	511,5	525,9	536,3	596,6	584,8	539,2	560,6	519,8
	1977	526,5	465,9	547,2	498,4	511,6	522,7	476,5	565,8	575,9			

(1) Slaughter animals and others.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 9 - CATTLE NUMBERS

(cattle over 2 years and dairy cows; December survey)

1000 head

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	14.061	14.286	14.026	13.638	13.892	14.364	14.430	14.493	14.496
France	21.896	21.719	21.737	21.698	22.557	23.949	24.300	23.641	23.333
Italia	10.070	9.612	8.776	8.669	8.805	8.487	8.243	8.529	8.813
Nederland	3.694	3.879	3.865	3.748	4.111	4.668	4.714	4.606	4.528
Belgique/België	2.673	2.713	2.715	2.643	2.750	2.896	2.889	2.805	2.823
Luxembourg	173	186	186	186	192	208	214	206	199
United Kingdom	12.094	12.290	12.442	12.917	13.760	14.925	14.914	13.991	13.667
Ireland	5.086	5.229	5.405	5.516	5.946	6.408	6.497	5.964	5.949
Danmark	3.004	2.897	2.766	2.678	2.810	2.956	3.145	3.055	3.064
EUR "9"	72.751	72.811	71.918	71.693	74.823	78.861	79.346	77.290	76.872

Source Eurostat

Table No 10 - PIGMEAT - Gross domestic production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	8 months 1976	8 months 1977 *
Deutschland	1000 t.	2.519	2.534	2.646	2.685	2.642	2.584	2.718	2.748	2.827	1.827,0	1.903,6
	% EUR 9	35,6	35,0	33,8	33,3	32,3	31,5	32,2	33,1	33,2	33,5	32,9
France	1000 t.	1.246	1.253	1.376	1.417	1.476	1.486	1.510	1.534	1.572	1.022,8	1.062,1
	% EUR 9	17,6	17,3	17,6	17,6	18,1	18,1	17,9	18,5	18,5	18,7	18,3
Italia	1000 t.	533	521	591	612	653	659	676	732	753	459,4	523,3
	% EUR 9	7,6	7,2	7,5	7,6	8,0	8,0	8,0	8,8	8,8	8,4	9,0
Nederland	1000 t.	652	668	795	845	862	885	969	988	1.022	654,6	698,4
	% EUR 9	9,2	9,3	10,2	10,5	10,5	10,8	11,5	11,9	12,0	12,0	12,1
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	421	486	594	587	623	661	697	642	643	411,4	428,0
	% EUR 9	6,0	6,7	7,6	7,3	7,6	8,1	8,3	7,8	7,5	7,5	7,4
EUR "6"	1000 t.	5.371	5.462	6.002	6.146	6.256	6.275	6.570	6.644	6.817	4.375,2	4.615,4
	% EUR 9	76,0	75,5	76,7	76,3	76,5	76,5	77,9	80,1	80,0	80,1	79,7
United Kingdom	1000 t.	836	901	923	986	981	980	982	814	848	536,0	595,1
	% EUR 9	11,8	12,5	11,8	12,2	12,0	12,0	11,6	9,8	10,0	9,8	10,3
Ireland	1000 t.	123	144	144	154	160	145	131	102	126	77,4	88,6
	% EUR 9	1,8	2,0	1,8	1,9	2,0	1,8	1,6	1,2	1,5	1,4	1,5
Danmark	1000 t.	735	726	758	775	778	793	752	740	724	473,9	491,8
	% EUR 9	10,4	10,0	9,7	9,6	9,5	9,7	8,9	8,9	8,5	8,7	8,5
EUR "9"	1000 t.	7.065	7.233	7.827	8.061	8.175	8.193	8.435	8.300	8.515	5.462,5	5.790,9
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Provisional figures.  
Source: Eurostat

Table No 11 - PIGMEAT - Gross monthly domestic production (1)

1000 t

		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Deutschland	1976	246,2	218,2	240,6	225,7	232,8	222,5	211,1	230,0	224,9	234,6	273,0	264,1
	1977	258,6	225,4	254,2	233,5	248,1	230,6	218,0	235,2	226,9			
France	1976	146,8	132,9	141,6	121,4	119,2	121,0	119,5	120,4	128,5	130,5	137,7	152,9
	1977	154,9	141,3	148,9	122,4	125,1	124,8	116,4	128,3	131,1			
Italia	1976	100,3	67,4	60,4	43,7	48,1	46,9	47,7	44,9	58,8	58,2	72,2	103,7
	1977	107,8	69,4	66,0	51,6	60,2	58,8	53,9	55,6				
Nederland	1976	82,6	72,2	85,0	81,3	83,2	85,0	75,0	90,3	91,5	90,0	94,9	91,2
	1977	81,1	81,7	87,4	81,2	90,1	91,8	82,8	102,3				
Belgique Belgie	1976	51,3	44,6	53,1	50,3	53,3	51,6	45,8	55,5	57,2	55,5	61,6	59,7
	1977	55,7	51,0	58,8	53,1	53,2	52,8	45,2	52,7				
Luxembourg	1976	0,85	0,68	0,71	0,65	0,80	0,66	0,74	0,69	0,49	0,67	0,83	0,95
	1977	0,82	0,69	0,61	0,69	0,69	0,68	0,67	0,72	0,69			
United Kingdom	1976	68,1	62,0	71,8	66,3	66,5	67,4	66,7	67,2	76,7	76,9	80,2	78,2
	1977	71,3	74,1	82,3	73,8	76,2	71,9	70,6	74,9	78,5			
Ireland	1976	9,4	8,5	9,9	9,3	9,8	9,8	9,7	11,5	13,0	11,8	12,3	10,7
	1977	11,0	10,6	12,5	10,7	11,0	10,5	10,2	12,1	11,8			
Danmark	1976	58,9	54,7	66,8	57,7	57,2	61,9	57,8	58,9	62,2	59,7	63,5	64,5
	1977	62,4	57,4	70,7	56,6	59,5	63,6	57,2	64,4				
SUR "9"	1976	764,4	661,1	729,9	656,4	670,5	666,8	634,0	679,4	713,3	717,8	796,3	825,9
	1977	803,7	711,6	781,4	683,6	724,1	705,6	655,0	726,2	743,6			

(1) Slaughter animals, except animals to be reared.

Source: Eurostat.

Table No 12 - PIG NUMBERS

(August survey)

1000 head

	1974	1975	1976	1977
Deutschland	22.334	21.099	21.875	22.194
France	11.721	11.803	11.490	11.068
Italia	8.458	8.465	8.722	9.287
Nederland	7.301	7.203	7.196	8.174
Belgique/Belgie	5.790	4.778	5.239	5.071
Luxembourg	101	85	91	93
United Kingdom	8.430	7.699	8.068	7.717
Ireland	849	833	982	968
Danmark	8.198	7.928	7.984	8.376
EUR "9"	73.182	69.892	71.647	72.948

Source: Eurostat

Table No 13 - POULTRYMEAT - Gross domestic production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	
Deutschland	1000 t.	213	241	267	272	261	290	266	282	290	
	% EUR 9	8,9	9,1	9,6	9,5	8,6	9,3	8,5	8,9	8,8	
France	1000 t.	697	756	787	790	819	791	821	825	871	
	% EUR 9	29,2	28,6	28,2	27,7	26,8	25,2	26,1	26,1	26,4	
Italia	1000 t.	552	604	631	653	714	796	833	893	900	
	% EUR 9	23,1	22,9	22,6	22,8	23,4	25,4	26,5	28,2	27,3	
Nederland	1000 t.	230	259	308	325	341	352	328	322	336	
	% EUR 9	9,7	9,8	11,0	11,4	11,2	11,2	10,5	10,2	10,2	
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	100	104	115	113	112	111	105	104	106	
	% EUR 9	4,2	3,9	4,1	4,0	3,7	3,5	3,3	3,3	3,2	
EUR "6"	1000 t.	1.792	1.964	2.108	2.153	2.247	2.340	2.353	2.426	2.503	
	% EUR 9	75,1	74,3	75,5	75,4	73,7	74,6	74,9	76,7	75,9	
United Kingdom	1000 t.	504	574	572	589	679	663	656	612	662	
	% EUR 9	21,1	21,7	20,5	20,6	22,2	21,2	20,9	19,4	20,0	
Ireland	1000 t.	27	31	31	35	40	41	38	34	41	
	% EUR 9	1,1	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,3	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,2	
Danmark	1000 t.	65	74	81	80	85	90	95	90	97	
	% EUR 9	2,7	2,8	2,9	2,8	2,8	2,9	3,0	2,8	2,9	
EUR "9"	1000 t.	2.388	2.643	2.792	2.857	3.051	3.134	3.142	3.162	3.303	
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Source: Eurostat

Table No 14 - ECOS - Usable production

	Units	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	
Deutschland	1000 t.	827	870	891	900	944	924	890	893	854	
	% EUR 9	23,8	23,6	23,7	24,6	25,3	24,8	23,8	23,8	22,6	
France	1000 t.	633	679	680	647	673	720	735	768	755	
	% EUR 9	18,3	18,4	18,1	17,7	18,0	19,3	19,7	20,4	20,0	
Italia	1000 t.	518	598	611	602	599	601	631	619	638	
	% EUR 9	14,9	16,2	16,2	16,5	16,1	16,2	16,9	16,5	16,9	
Nederland	1000 t.	247	272	271	255	258	275	283	313	342	
	% EUR 9	7,1	7,4	7,2	7,0	6,9	7,4	7,6	8,3	9,1	
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	217	245	254	228	227	225	227	221	213	
	% EUR 9	6,3	6,6	6,7	6,2	6,1	6,1	6,1	5,9	5,7	
EUR "6"	1000 t.	2.442	2.664	2.707	2.632	2.701	2.745	2.766	2.814	2.802	
	% EUR 9	70,4	72,2	71,9	72,0	72,4	73,8	74,1	74,9	74,3	
United Kingdom	1000 t.	899	899	929	912	917	864	856	825	858	
	% EUR 9	25,9	24,3	24,7	24,9	24,5	23,2	22,9	22,0	22,7	
Ireland	1000 t.	41	41	41	41	40	37	41	41	42	
	% EUR 9	1,2	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,0	1,1	1,1	1,1	
Danmark	1000 t.	86	90	86	75	74	73	73	75	71	
	% EUR 9	2,5	2,4	2,3	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,9	2,0	1,9	
EUR "9"	1000 t.	3.468	3.694	3.763	3.660	3.732	3.719	3.736	3.755	3.773	
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Source: Eurostat

Table No 15 - MILK (TOTAL)<sup>(1)</sup> - Production

	Units	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	8 months 1976 (2)	8 months 1977 (2)
Deutschland	1000 t.	22.327	22.403	22.058	21.392	21.692	21.482	21.823	21.926	22.455	14.321	14.633
	% EUR 9	23,0	23,2	22,9	22,2	21,6	21,2	21,4	21,3	21,5	23,8	23,7
France	1000 t.	28.903	28.516	28.325	28.701	29.937	30.397	30.629	30.910	30.801	15.405	15.853
	% EUR 9	29,7	29,5	29,5	29,8	29,8	30,0	30,0	30,0	29,5	25,5	25,7
Italia	1000 t.	10.620	10.289	10.024	9.930	10.491	10.323	10.127	10.031	10.233	4.892	5.049
	% EUR 9	10,9	10,6	10,4	10,3	10,4	10,2	9,9	9,7	9,8	8,1	8,2
Nederland	1000 t.	7.710	7.975	8.239	8.392	8.951	9.354	9.915	10.221	10.490	7.397	7.267
	% EUR 9	8,2	8,2	8,6	8,7	8,9	9,2	9,7	9,9	10,0	12,3	11,8
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	4.134	4.136	3.986	3.895	3.955	3.979	4.096	4.022	3.949	2.239	2.229
	% EUR 9	4,3	4,3	4,1	4,0	3,9	3,9	4,0	3,9	3,8	3,7	3,6
EUR "6"	1000 t.	73.694	73.319	72.632	72.310	75.026	75.535	76.590	77.110	77.928	44.254	45.031
	% EUR 9	75,8	75,8	75,5	75,0	74,6	74,5	75,0	74,8	74,6	73,4	73,0
United Kingdom	1000 t.	14.009	14.190	14.512	14.960	15.981	16.484	16.287	16.240	16.659	9.668	10.046
	% EUR 9	14,4	14,7	15,1	15,5	15,9	16,3	16,0	15,8	15,9	16,0	16,3
Ireland	1000 t.	4.324	4.283	4.290	4.507	4.724	4.416	4.291	4.561	4.678	2.885	3.062
	% EUR 9	4,5	4,4	4,5	4,7	4,7	4,4	4,2	4,4	4,5	4,8	5,0
Danmark	1000 t.	5.192	4.946	4.718	4.641	4.874	4.822	4.911	5.100	5.227	3.499	3.511
	% EUR 9	5,3	5,1	4,9	4,8	4,8	4,8	4,8	5,0	5,0	5,8	5,7
EUR "9"	1000 t.	97.219	96.738	96.152	96.418	100.605	101.257	102.079	103.011	104.492	60.306	61.650
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Farmgate, total milk including goat's milk, ewe's milk and buffalo's milk. - 2) Cow's milk only, collected by dairies.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 16 - COW'S MILK - Monthly collection

1000 t.

		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Deutschland	1976	1607,0	1600,0	1873,6	1918,9	2076,9	1910,1	1718,6	1615,9	1429,3	1409,1	1384,6	1502,0
	1977	1625,1	1565,2	1903,5	1940,5	2099,7	1931,2	1858,3	1709,5	1490,0			
France	1976	1564,9	1575,4	1957,0	2169,5	2475,5	2153,8	1834,3	1674,2	1486,5	1599,7	1510,6	1501,1
	1977	1565,0	1574,0	2024,0	2175,0	2420,0	2230,0	2009,0	1856,0	1645,0			
Italia	1976	529,9	540,7	629,6	647,2	695,7	640,9	626,1	581,4	537,2	528,5	493,6	500,5
	1977	543,3	551,5	643,4	680,7	698,8	664,9	647,2					
Nederland	1976	684,9	665,3	907,9	1009,5	1093,4	1073,6	1037,5	924,6	783,2	689,0	617,5	667,0
	1977	643,0	678,3	902,7	968,8	1039,0	1052,0	1014,6	974,8	839,3			
Belgique België	1976	165,8	170,9	240,5	272,8	344,6	330,1	281,6	260,1	210,9	198,1	163,4	152,5
	1977	159,9	174,5	237,3	265,2	324,1	317,0	296,3	281,3				
Luxembourg	1976	17,7	18,2	22,6	23,7	27,3	23,9	20,0	20,5	17,7	16,6	15,1	16,1
	1977	17,6	17,7	22,5	22,7	25,7	23,5	22,1	20,9				
United Kingdom	1976	1093,2	1044,0	1185,4	1306,2	1511,6	1344,1	1151,8	1031,7	957,4	1072,9	1050,5	1080,0
	1977	1097,6	1032,8	1222,2	1304,8	1505,0	1415,1	1293,9	1174,5	1120,1			
Ireland	1976	67,3	105,8	229,4	400,0	566,8	557,6	511,6	446,7	316,4	220,2	117,5	69,1
	1977	69,3	117,2	243,6	410,5	582,0	596,7	549,3					
Danmark	1976	366,1	369,4	452,1	480,6	527,3	488,8	433,4	381,4	331,3	332,4	329,0	353,2
	1977	371,0	353,1	450,8	478,1	518,0	485,8	447,4	406,4	357,4			
E UR "9"	1976	6096,8	6089,7	7498,0	8228,4	9319,1	8522,8	7614,9	6936,5	6069,9	6066,5	5681,8	5841,3
	1977	6091,8	6058,3	7650,0	8246,2	9212,4	8716,2	8138,2	7536,8				

Source : Eurostat

Table No 17 = BUTTER (PRODUCT WEIGHT)<sup>(1)</sup> - Production

	Units	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	8 Months 1976 (2)	8 Months 1977 (2)
Deutschland	1000 t. % EUR 9	538 32,6	522 32,7	505 32,8	471 31,4	498 29,5	513 29,6	511 30,7	520 30,2	544 30,3	397 30,4	390 30,5
France	1000 t. % EUR 9	531 32,2	513 32,1	481 31,2	474 31,6	539 31,9	550 31,7	543 32,7	559 32,5	554 30,9	389 29,8	391 30,6
Italia	1000 t. % EUR 9	68 4,1	67 4,2	67 4,4	71 4,7	79 4,6	79 4,6	71 4,3	62 3,6	67 3,7	43 3,3	47 3,7
Nederland	1000 t. % EUR 9	118 7,1	112 7,0	121 7,8	124 8,3	163 9,7	169 9,7	172 10,3	204 11,9	202 11,3	159 12,2	133 10,4
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t. % EUR 9	105 6,4	104 6,5	99 6,4	92 6,1	99 5,9	96 5,5	99 6,0	101 5,9	96 5,4	60 4,6	53 4,2
EUR "6"	1000 t. % EUR 9	1.360 82,4	1.318 82,5	1.273 82,6	1.232 82,1	1.378 81,6	1.407 81,1	1.396 84,0	1.446 84,1	1.463 81,6	1.048 80,3	1.014 79,3
United Kingdom	1000 t. % EUR 9	54 3,3	58 3,6	65 4,2	67 4,5	96 5,7	96 5,5	54 3,3	48 2,8	90 5,0	76 5,8	94 7,4
Ireland	1000 t. % EUR 9	77 4,6	78 4,9	73 4,7	76 5,1	78 4,6	86 5,0	75 4,5	86 5,0	101 5,6	78 6,0	76 6,0
Danmark	1000 t. % EUR 9	160 9,7	144 9,0	131 8,5	124 8,3	136 8,1	146 8,4	137 8,2	139 8,1	139 7,8	104 8,0	94 7,4
EUR "9"	1000 t. % EUR 9	1.651 100	1.598 100	1.542 100	1.499 100	1.688 100	1.735 100	1.662 100	1.719 100	1.793 100	1.306 100	1.278 100

(1) Farm + dairy industry.

(2) Production (dairy industry).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 18 - BUTTER<sup>(1)</sup> - Monthly production by dairies, including butteroil

1000 t

		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Deutschland	1976	44,8	43,6	54,7	54,9	59,8	53,0	44,3	41,7	35,3	34,8	35,2	39,5
	1977	43,8	40,8	51,7	53,6	56,9	50,9	47,4	44,4	35,2	35,1	34,8	•
France	1976	37,9	37,9	50,7	57,5	65,5	56,9	44,9	37,7	32,5	36,9	35,9	36,8
	1977	36,2	36,0	48,5	53,8	61,3	58,2	51,0	46,0	38,4	34,5	•	•
Italia	1976	4,3	4,4	5,4	5,7	6,3	5,7	6,0	5,5	4,8	4,8	4,5	4,2
	1977	4,59	4,76	6,11	6,8	6,7	6,3	6,5	6,1	5,4	5,4	•	•
Nederland	1976	13,7	13,5	19,7	23,1	25,6	23,8	21,9	18,0	13,2	10,9	9,4	10,0
	1977	10,4	10,4	16,1	18,7	21,5	19,8	18,4	17,3	13,9	11,3	10,2	•
Belgique België	1976	3,9	4,0	6,1	7,0	9,7	9,1	7,4	6,6	5,1	4,6	3,7	3,1
	1977	3,2	3,40	5,4	6,3	8,0	7,5	6,9	6,5	5,3	4,7	•	•
Luxembourg	1976	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,9	1,0	0,8	0,6	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,5
	1977	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,8	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,6	•	•
United Kingdom	1976	7,3	7,4	9,2	11,8	15,7	12,3	6,4	3,1	1,3	4,1	4,2	6,1
	1977	8,3	7,8	10,4	13,4	16,4	15,3	11,8	10,1	8,7	10,4	9,8	•
Ireland	1976	1,3	2,4	6,5	10,8	15,1	15,4	14,2	12,3	8,7	6,7	3,7	1,4
	1977	1,2	2,6	5,9	10,0	14,8	15,8	13,5	12,4	10,7	8,5	•	•
Danmark	1976	11,1	10,5	13,5	15,3	16,2	14,7	12,0	10,2	8,9	9,3	8,7	8,9
	1977	9,7	9,0	12,1	13,8	15,2	13,1	11,3	10,2	8,7	9,3	8,9	•
EUR "9"	1976	124,9	124,3	166,6	187,0	214,8	191,8	157,6	135,8	110,4	112,7	105,8	110,6
	1977	118,0	115,4	157,0	177,2	201,7	187,7	167,5	153,8	126,9	119,8	108,4 <sup>1)</sup>	•

(1) Eurostat - Cronos estimate.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 19 - CHEESE (TOTAL)<sup>(1)</sup> - Production

	Units	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	8 months 1976 (2)	8 months 1977(2)
Deutschland	1000 t.	437	471	493	523	550	564	595	619	651	440	466
	% EUR 9	20,4	21,1	21,2	21,1	20,8	21,0	20,7	21,2	21,7	22,8	22,8
France	1000 t.	694	739	781	818	869	881	917	943	970	1010	631
	% EUR 9	32,4	33,0	33,5	32,9	32,8	32,9	31,9	32,2	32,4	31,6	30,9
Italia	1000 t.	469	464	466	478	506	508	518	500	537	320	340
	% EUR 9	21,9	20,8	20,0	19,3	19,1	19,0	18,0	17,1	17,9	16,6	16,7
Nederland	1000 t.	250	270	279	307	323	334	378	377	385	248	265
	% EUR 9	11,7	12,1	12,0	12,4	12,2	12,5	13,1	12,9	12,9	12,8	13,0
UEBL/BLEU	1000 t.	34	36	40	42	41	40	43	42	43	28	31
	% EUR 9	1,6	1,6	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,5	1,5	1,4	1,4	1,5	1,5
EUR "6"	1000 t.	1.884	1.980	2.059	2.168	2.289	2.237	2.451	2.481	2.586	1.646	1.733
	% EUR 9	88,0	88,6	88,4	87,4	86,5	86,9	85,2	84,8	86,3	85,2	84,9
United Kingdom	1000 t.	120	120	130	162	184	182	217	234	204	145	148
	% EUR 9	5,6	5,3	5,6	6,5	6,9	6,8	7,5	8,0	6,8	7,5	7,3
Ireland	1000 t.	29	27	29	33	46	39	59	60	49	39	43
	% EUR 9	1,4	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,7	1,5	2,1	2,0	1,6	2,0	2,1
Danmark	1000 t.	106	109	111	120	131	127	150	152	157	103	117
	% EUR 9	5,0	4,9	4,8	4,8	4,9	4,8	5,2	5,2	5,3	5,3	5,7
EUR "9"	1000 t.	2.139	2.236	2.329	2.483	2.650	2.675	2.877	2.927	2.996	1.933	2.041
	% EUR 9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Farm + dairy industry, including ewe's milk cheese and goat's milk cheese until 1976 - (2) Production (dairy industry,  
ewe's milk cheese and goat's milk cheese excluded).  
Source: Eurostat

Table No. 20 - CHEESE - Monthly production by dairies (1)

1000 t

		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Deutschland	1976	53,6	51,6	59,0	56,2	56,4	55,6	54,1	53,6	53,2	52,3	53,4	50,5
	1977	53,4	53,9	63,4	58,5	61,1	59,2	56,3	60,4	57,7	56,9	57,0	•
France	1976	68,7	67,4	80,0	79,0	80,5	79,7	75,6	79,3	81,1	77,1	72,6	71,7
	1977	69,6	69,2	83,7	79,4	84,3	83,4	77,7	83,5	84,0	•	•	•
Italia	1976	36,0	34,6	44,3	42,8	47,2	40,6	38,5	36,3	34,5	35,8	33,4	33,1
	1977	36,2	37,5	44,3	47,4	49,1	44,2	41,1	39,9	36,4	36,8	•	•
Nederland	1976	31,2	27,0	31,7	30,9	32,6	32,3	31,0	31,6	32,9	34,2	32,5	33,7
	1977	31,1	30,1	33,2	32,2	34,6	34,3	33,5	36,1	35,4	36,4	35,5	•
Belgique België	1976	3,0	3,0	3,7	3,5	3,7	3,7	3,7	3,0	3,6	3,5	3,4	3,0
	1977	3,3	3,3	4,3	3,8	4,0	4,2	3,1	4,1	4,0	4,0	•	•
Luxembourg	1976	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
	1977	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	•	•
United Kingdom	1976	15,2	12,7	14,7	21,3	27,0	22,2	16,4	14,9	13,2	16,3	16,9	12,4
	1977	13,7	12,8	15,8	19,5	25,4	24,7	19,5	17,0	16,0	15,8	14,4	•
Ireland	1976	-	0,4	1,1	4,4	8,9	9,2	7,9	6,7	5,9	3,7	0,7	0,1
	1977	0,1	0,1	1,0	6,1	9,7	10,0	8,1	7,4	6,4	•	•	•
Danmark	1976	13,1	12,1	12,5	12,8	13,7	13,2	12,8	12,8	12,7	13,7	13,7	13,8
	1977	14,3	13,2	15,3	14,6	15,1	14,6	14,7	15,4	15,0	15,6	14,8	•
EUR "9"	1976	220,9	208,8	247,2	251,2	270,1	256,7	239,4	238,9	237,2	236,6	226,5	218,6
	1977	221,7	220,3	262,1	261,7	283,4	274,8	254,1	263,9	255,1	•	•	•

(1) Not including pure ewe's milk cheese, goat's milk cheese or buffalo's milk cheese, processed cheese and cheese preparations.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 21.

COMMON WHEAT - Production and availability (1)

1000 t

		1972/1973	1973/1974	1974/1975	1975/1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	6.410 7.645	6.921 7.451	7.528 7.209	6.804 6.973
France	Production Availability	17.602 9.443	17.338 8.851	18.553 8.779	14.199 7.676
Italia	Production Availability	6.267 6.659	6.212 7.548	6.741 7.005	6.080 7.036
Nederland	Production Availability	676 1.902	724 1.431	746 1.307	528 1.097
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	985 1.969	1.049 1.554	1.078 1.582	724 1.446
United Kingdom	Production Availability	4.717 8.965	4.939 7.901	6.053 9.025	4.432 8.203
Ireland	Production Availability	245 ..	209 419	245 488	208 417
Danmark	Production Availability	592 ..	542 474	592 433	520 369
EUR "9"	Production Availability	37.495 ..	37.934 35.629	41.536 35.826	33.495 33.217

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 22

BARLEY - Production and availability (1)

		1000 t.			
		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	5.817 6.566	6.423 7.446	6.837 7.775	6.761 8.017
France	Production Availability	10.466 5.714	10.844 6.038	9.972 6.136	9.344 5.748
Italia	Production Availability	382 1.654	450 1.857	552 1.391	640 1.829
Nederland	Production Availability	340 366	383 547	315 463	336 438
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	693 1.133	776 1.259	753 1.344	476 993
United Kingdom	Production Availability	9.152 9.200	8.917 9.583	9.042 8.893	8.428 7.995
Ireland	Production Availability	903 936	843 866	1.038 1.044	987 1.001
Danmark	Production Availability	5.571 5.539	5.432 5.509	5.967 5.134	5.156 5.247
EUR "9"	Production Availability	33.324 31.108	34.068 33.104	34.476 32.180	32.128 31.269

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 23

MAIZE - Production and availability (1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	547 2.962	556 3.147	505 3.017	515 3.066
France	Production Availability	8.257 5.080	10.671 6.161	8.884 6.139	8.209 6.488
Italia	Production Availability	4.741 9.561	4.995 9.901	4.979 9.235	5.259 9.485
Nederland	Production Availability	10 2.166	11 2.653	10 2.940	7 2.390
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	19 1.056	27 1.488	25 1.330	38 1.317
United Kingdom	Production Availability	6 ..	6 3.512	3 3.195	3 3.339
Ireland	Production Availability	- 438	- 287	- 270	- 275
Danmark	Production Availability	- 296	- 303	- 193	- 243
EUR "9"	Production Availability	13.580 25.196	16.266 27.452	14.406 26.319	14.031 26.603

(1) Availability (total domestic uses),

Source : Eurostat

Table No 24

WHITE SUGAR - Production and availability(1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	2.048 2.125	2.266 2.318	2.249 2.244	2.351 2.130
France	Production Availability	3.111 1.901	3.258 2.097	3.032 2.070	3.313 1.914
Italia	Production Availability	1.184 1.652	1.037 1.822	930 1.554	1.339 1.676
Nederland	Production Availability	695 624	765 624	716 603	841 594
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	615 284	721 363	561 362	659 351
United Kingdom	Production Availability	888 2.753	959 2.766	568 2.607	640 2.228
Ireland	Production Availability	154 141	177 156	134 147	187 153
Danmark	Production Availability	315 244	338 253	382 244	388 237
EUR "9"	Production Availability	9.010 9.724	9.521 10.399	8.572 9.831	9.718 9.283

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 25

BEEF AND VEAL

Gross domestic production and availability(1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	1.226 1.392	1.381 1.447	1.341 1.441	1.413 1.475
France	Production Availability	1.547 1.476	1.886 1.551	1.868 1.593	1.921 1.631
Italia	Production Availability	762 1.527	850 1.385	746 1.289	770 1.319
Nederland	Production Availability	295 280	393 302	397 305	409 316
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	239 282	302 312	293 310	276 295
United Kingdom	Production Availability	810 1.172	998 1.348	1.131 1.421	1.029 1.322
Ireland	Production Availability	291 57	429 67	565 91	386 78
Danmark	Production Availability	190 73	244 74	242 79	245 73
EUR "9"	Production Availability	5.360 6.259	6.483 6.492	6.583 6.531	6.450 6.517

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source : Eurostat

Table No 26

PIGMEAT - Gross domestic production  
and availability(1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	2.584 2.984	2.718 3.133	2.748 3.173	2.827 3.228
France	Production Availability	1.197 1.156	1.518 1.208	1.502 1.257	1.535 1.281
Italia	Production Availability	659 870	676 939	732 994	753 1.055
Nederland	Production Availability	885 409	969 462	988 482	1.022 489
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	661 388	697 396	642 369	643 372
United Kingdom	Production Availability	980 1.489	982 1.463	814 1.296	848 1.313
Ireland	Production Availability	145 97	131 98	102 85	126 92
Danmark	Production Availability	793 174	752 176	740 195	724 201
EUR "9"	Production Availability	8.193 8.111	8.435 8.406	8.300 8.389	8.515 8.591

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 27

POULTRYMEAT - Gross domestic production  
and availability(1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	290 555	266 536	282 562	290 541
France	Production Availability	791 730	821 749	825 746	871 780
Italia	Production Availability	796 809	833 849	893 914	900 922
Nederland	Production Availability	352 94	328 92	322 95	336 93
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	111 97	105 94	104 101	106 108
United Kingdom	Production Availability	663 666	656 665	612 631	662 650
Ireland	Production Availability	41 39	38 35	34 33	41 39
Danmark	Production Availability	90 34	95 36	90 39	97 42
EUR "9"	Production Availability	3.134 3.024	3.142 3.056	3.162 3.121	3.303 3.175

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 28

FRESH MILK PRODUCTS (EXCLUDING CREAM)Production and availability (1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	5.287 5.357	5.208 5.258	5.151 5.177	5.227 5.245
France	Production Availability	4.266 4.227	4.248 4.216	4.437 4.409	4.582 4.552
Italia	Production Availability	3.718 3.732	3.748 3.760	4.087 4.102	4.188 4.203
Nederland	Production Availability	1.967 1.940	1.938 1.907	1.916 1.948	1.941 1.916
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	1.000 915	960 893	956 858	915 797
United Kingdom	Production Availability	8.027 8.027	8.199 8.175	8.498 8.475	8.386 8.384
Ireland	Production Availability	692 691	685 683	674 674	678 675
Danmark	Production Availability	720 694	714 709	741 707	764 730
EUR "9"	Production Availability	25.677 25.583	25.700 25.601	26.460 26.350	26.681 26.502

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 29

BUTTER (PRODUCT WEIGHT)

Production and availability (1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	513 455	511 442	521 417	543 395
France	Production Availability	550 458	543 490	559 497	554 501
Italia	Production Availability	79 121	71 123	62 107	67 123
Nederland	Production Availability	169 33	172 51	204 53	202 35
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	96 95	100 95	101 94	96 95
United Kingdom	Production Availability	96 427	54 503	48 457	90 418
Ireland	Production Availability	86 39	75 41	86 37	101 40
Danmark	Production Availability	146 41	137 45	139 44	139 40
EUR "9"	Production Availability	1.735 1.669	1.663 1.774	1.720 1.706	1.792 1.647

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 30

CHEESE  
Production and availability (1)

1000 t

		1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	Production Availability	564 654	595 671	619 692	651 720
France	Production Availability	881 775	917 787	943 813	970 855
Italia	Production Availability	508 632	518 595	500 638	537 694
Nederland	Production Availability	334 146	379 158	377 163	385 142
UEBL/BLEU	Production Availability	40 89	43 90	42 97	43 102
United Kingdom	Production Availability	182 323	217 327	234 346	204 340
Ireland	Production Availability	39 8	59 9	60 7	49 8
Danmark	Production Availability	127 47	150 50	152 49	157 46
EUR "9"	Production Availability	2.675 2.674	2.878 2.687	2.927 2.805	2.996 2.907

(1) Availability (total domestic uses).

Source: Eurostat

Table No 31 - WHEAT (INCLUDING DURUM WHEAT) - Share of each Member State in intra-EEC trade (sendings)

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months 1977
Deutschland	0,5	0,2	3,0	3,4	2,6	6,0	4,4	7,0
France	79,7	81,6	83,4	84,2	49,6	71,2	75,0	79,5
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	0,7	1,0	0,2
Nederland	14,7	10,8	6,3	7,3	27,0	12,5	10,9	6,4
UEBL/BLEU	3,8	5,9	4,6	1,9	11,9	6,8	6,8	2,7
United Kingdom	0,3	0,1	0,2	-	3,6	0,3	0,2	0,9
Ireland	-	-	0,1	0,4	0,8	0,1	-	0,1
Danmark	1,0	1,4	2,6	2,8	4,5	2,4	1,7	3,2
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 32 - BARLEY - Share of each Member State in intra-EEC trade (sendings)

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months 1977
Deutschland	1,4	3,1	4,7	3,2	2,2	4,2	0,4	4,9
France	78,3	72,5	72,5	75,2	38,9	59,6	73,3	61,6
Italia	-	1,7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	6,7	8,3	5,4	3,3	7,3	7,1	7,0	8,5
UEBL/BLEU	4,5	3,8	4,0	6,0	6,3	11,3	10,3	18,7
United Kingdom	3,8	2,8	10,9	3,5	28,3	5,1	4,3	1,9
Ireland	-	-	2,5	0,9	0,7	1,9	1,1	1,2
Danmark	5,3	7,8	-	7,9	16,3	10,8	3,6	3,2
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 33 - MAIZE - Share of each Member State in intra-EEC trade (sendings)

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	% 6months*) 1977
Deutschland	1,7	1,9	2,4	3,2	3,7	6,8	6,3	7,0
France	80,2	77,2	64,5	66,9	43,0	36,9	58,5	12,3
Italia	0,2	0,7	0,1	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	9,0	9,5	28,9	26,2	47,9	46,7	29,8	48,2
UEBL/BLEU	8,6	10,7	3,8	3,3	4,1	8,8	4,5	31,9
United Kingdom	0,3	-	0,3	0,4	1,3	0,8	0,9	0,6
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 34 - Intra-Community trade in grain maize (1) (sendings)

	Year	January	February	March	January/ March	April	May	June	April/ June	July	August	September	July/ September	Octo- ber	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	October/ December
Deutschland	1976 1977	25,3	16,4	37,2	118,2 78,9	37,0	28,5	16,2	68,0 81,7	18,2	29,1	25,0	107,6 72,3	24,4			70,7
France	1976 1977	52,4	60,4	38,7	634,2 151,5	45,6	36,5	48,6	1099,8 130,7	29,3	8,4	9,8	173,2 47,5				66,6
Italia	1976 1977	0,1	0,6	-	0,6 0,7	-	0,1	0,2	0,4 0,3	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,4 0,3				0,5
Nederland	1976 1977	201,1	167,4	292,9	476,5 661,4	188,2	98,3	162,6	406,7 449,1	71,1	99,9	122,1	800,4 293,1	157,6			806,2
UEBL/BLEU	1976 1977	95,7	95,6	98,4	63,2 289,7	153,2	202,0	89,2	68,4 444,4	78,9	13,3	146,0	108,4 238,2	100,8			228,2
United Kingdom	1976 1977	4,7	0,7	1,8	14,6 7,2	2,6	1,7	2,6	11,9 6,9	2,2	7,8	2,2	9,1 12,2	1,9			8,5
Ireland	1976 1977	-	-	-	-	-	0,1	-	- 0,1	-	-	0,2	- 0,2	-			-
Danmark	1976 1977	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
EUR 9	1976 1977	379,3	341,1	469,0	1307,3 1189,4	426,6	367,2	319,4	1655,2 1113,2	199,8	158,6	305,4	1199,1 663,8				1180,7

(1) in 1976 - SITC 044  
in 1977 - NINEKE 10.05 on the basis of national statistics forwarded to Eurostat by the Member States.

Source : Eurostat

Table No 35 - NEDERLAND - Structure of intra-Community trade in maize (sendings)

	1000 tonnes							
	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6months76	6months77*
Deutschland	368,0	307,1	583,5	466,9	941,9	1.002,2	374,1	543,7
France	6,8	23,4	126,5	102,7	339,0	178,9	64,8	73,8
Italia	-	0,9	-	-	-	0,3	-	-
UEBL/BLEU	15,2	82,0	187,9	146,2	266,5	124,3	48,2	42,0
United Kingdom	1,9	-	554,9	676,5	954,7	1.070,2	380,1	388,1
Ireland	-	-	1,7	5,3	55,6	111,3	14,4	61,3
Danmark	-	-	12,1	9,6	1,6	2,3	1,6	1,6
EUR 9	391,9	413,4	1.466,6	1.407,2	2.559,3	2.489,5	883,2	1.110,5

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 36 - Refined and Raw Sugar - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	% 6 months (*) 1977
Deutschland	5,1	14,7	11,7	26,0	16,9	19,6	14,4	25,1
France	71,4	53,2	66,3	49,6	55,7	45,3	55,9	44,1
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	0,4	-	0,5	0,9	0,5	2,5	2,0	3,4
UEBL/BLEU	20,4	28,9	18,3	15,8	14,6	18,1	18,0	12,6
United Kingdom	1,2	1,9	1,8	0,3	0,5	1,7	0,7	0,4
Ireland	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,0	3,5	3,1	2,5	4,1
Danmark	0,2	-	0,1	6,4	8,3	9,7	6,5	10,2
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 37 - FRESH VEGETABLES - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State (1)

	1973	1974	1975	1976
Deutschland	0,4	0,4	0,7	0,7
France	11,6	12,5	11,2	12,5
Italia	17,0	18,0	20,1	21,1
Nederland	56,8	56,1	53,7	53,9
UEBL/BLEU	13,4	12,1	13,3	10,3
United Kingdom	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,7
Ireland	0,5	0,5	0,6	0,6
Danmark	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,2
EUR 9	100	100	100	100
EUR 9 Intra-EEC 1000 t	1.898,5	2.025,2	2.104,4	2.205,2
Extra-EEC 1000 t	314,6	329,6	346,7	385,8

(1) SITC headings - 054.4 + 054.5.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 38 - FRESH FRUIT - Breakdown of intra-Community  
trade by sending Member State (1)

	1973	1974	1975	1976	%
Deutschland	1,2	1,0	2,8	2,8	
France	38,7	34,2	27,2	32,0	
Italia	47,8	50,6	56,8	54,0	
Nederland	6,8	8,2	8,3	6,7	
UEBL/BLEU	4,5	5,0	3,9	4,1	
United Kingdom	0,8	0,9	0,9	1,0	
Ireland	0,1	-	-	0,1	
Danmark	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	
EUR "9" Intra-EEC 1000 t.	1883,6	1979,5	2092,3	2160,2	
Extra-EEC 1000 t.	480,8	501,3	486,4	512,1	

(1) Apples, plums, pears and quinces, stone fruits, berries and other fresh fruits

Source: Eurostat

Table No 39 - BEEF AND VEAL<sup>(1)</sup> - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months* 1977
Deutschland	9,6	10,2	15,6	14,5	15,3	15,1	14,3	18,6
France	20,8	20,5	25,3	25,7	23,0	29,9	35,4	26,3
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	10,9	10,5	14,2	13,7	11,5	12,8	11,9	12,2
UEBL/BLEU	2,9	3,7	4,6	3,4	2,6	3,2	2,8	3,0
United Kingdom	6,6	12,7	6,7	7,3	10,0	10,2	11,6	6,4
Ireland	41,6	36,7	24,1	25,2	28,1	19,7	15,6	21,5
Danmark	7,6	5,7	9,5	10,2	9,5	9,1	8,4	11,9
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Carcasses and carcase equivalents calculated on the basis of the coefficient 0.53.

\*provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 40 - ITALIA - Structure of beef and veal imports (1)

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 76	6 months 77*
Deutschland	8,3	9,1	10,3	11,3	12,7	13,6	15,1	23,5	17,1	15,0	22,2
France	10,6	9,5	11,4	15,7	17,9	17,2	26,9	32,2	35,3	32,3	34,6
Nederland	9,7	7,4	9,1	8,2	7,4	8,8	11,5	10,8	9,7	8,5	10,4
UEEBL/BLEU	1,3	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,9	0,6	0,8	1,2	1,3	0,7	0,7
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	0,2	0,3	0,3	1,5	0,8	1,2	0,4
Ireland	-	0,3	0,5	-	1,2	1,1	0,5	3,4	2,6	3,8	2,9
Danmark	9,6	9,8	8,7	8,0	7,0	8,4	10,8	13,7	10,8	11,5	17,9
EUR 9	39,5	36,7	40,6	43,8	47,3	50,0	65,9	86,3	77,6	73,0	89,1
Other countries	60,5	63,3	59,4	56,2	52,7	50,0	34,1	13,7	22,4	27,0	10,9
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t	447,3	502,6	541,5	630,1	715,9	750,9	518,1	576,8	528,0	266,2	245,9

(1) Live animals converted on the basis of the coefficient 0.5 + fresh, chilled and frozen meat.

\*provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 41 - PIGMEAT (TOTAL)<sup>(1)</sup> - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	Calendar year (12 months)				First nine months (January - September)			
	1973	1974	1975	1976	1974	1975	1976	1977
Deutschland	5,2	6,2	6,4	6,7	6,5	7,0	6,8	8,0
France	4,7	3,7	3,4	4,5	3,7	3,3	4,3	4,2
Italia	2,4	2,2	3,7	2,9	1,4	3,4	2,7	3,3
Nederland	29,6	32,3	34,8	35,1	32,4	34,2	35,5	36,2
UEBL/BLEU	23,6	24,5	23,6	22,2	23,9	23,5	21,1	21,6
United Kingdom	1,4	1,9	0,7	0,9	2,1	0,7	0,8	1,2
Ireland	3,4	2,4	1,4	3,5	2,6	1,3	3,9	2,4
Danmark	29,7	26,8	26,0	24,2	27,4	26,6	24,9	23,1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) live animals; fresh, chilled and frozen meat and offals; pig fat (not rendered or solvent-extracted); salted dried and smoked meat; lard; sausages and pigmeat preparations and preserves.

Source: EC Commission, DG for Agriculture.

Table No 42 - Intra-Community trade in fresh, chilled and frozen pigmeat<sup>1)</sup> (sendings)

		Tonnes																
		January	February	March	Jan./March	April	May	June	April/June	July	August	September	July/September	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	October/December	
Deutschland	1976 1977	821	1.279	1.762	1.452 3.862	1.244	1.063	1.587	2.232 3.894	514	296	268	1.210 1.078	301			1.023	
France	1976 1977	951	1.092	1.530	6.607 3.573	846	703	981	2.975 2.530	7.619	878	1.169	2.825 9.666				2.850	
Italia	1976 1977	23	-	-	80 23	-	-	-	4	-	40	26	57 66				-	
Nederland	1976 1977	26.498	24.315	17.762	72.142 68.575	27.439	29.462	31.308	74.731 88.209	28.669	33.599	34.895	82.809 97.163	32.671			89.048	
UEBL/BLEU	1976 1977	13.806	10.627	15.322	36.016 39.755	13.360	13.202	12.775	40.210 39.337	10.356	12.862	14.479	40.178 37.697	15.450			46.753	
United Kingdom	1976 1977	850	1.178	1.539	2.165 3.567	1.406	1.474	1.410	2.563 4.290	1.068	1.369	1.459	2.298 3.896	1.867	1.317		2.752	
Ireland	1976 1977	891	871	500	1.205 2.262	397	321	234	1.423 952	291	379	510	1.210 1.180	635			2.489	
Danmark	1976 1977	9.976	7.286	9.841	21.587 27.103	7.331	7.059	7.772	21.062 22.162	8.499	6.113	7.952	22.789 22.564	8.465			18.973	
EUR 9	1976 1977	53.816	46.648	48.256	141.254 148.720	52.023	53.284	56.067	145.200 161.374	57.016	55.536	60.758	153.376 173.310				163.888	

(1) in 1976 - SITC 011.3  
in 1977 - NIMEXE 0201 31 to 54 on the basis of national statistics forwarded to Eurostat by the Member States, excluding meat obtained from trade in live animals.

Source: Eurostat except figures for United Kingdom: Overseas Trade Statistics of the United Kingdom for 1977.

Table No 43 - Intra-Community trade in salted, dried and smoked pig meat<sup>1)</sup> (sendings)

			January	February	March	January/ March	April	May	June	April/ June	July	August	September	July/ September	October	Nov.	December	Tonnes October/ December
Deutschland	1976					269				257								250
	1977		124	94	164	382	114	160	166	440	119	182	175	284	205			
France	1976					175				179				156				189
	1977		29	41	48	118	40	54	39	133	21	37	36	94				
Italia	1976					953				1.082				2.358				2.889
	1977		740	326	177	1.243	596	1.059	362	2.017	445	303	428	1.176				
Nederland	1976					6.367				5.994				6.636				7.350
	1977		2.617	2.439	2.698	7.754	2.747	3.061	2.839	8.647	2.107	2.854	2.914	7.875	2.728			
UEBL/BLEU	1976					2.102				1.932				1.916				2.251
	1977		175	508	231	914	627	455	782	1.864	619	734	772	2.125	810			
United Kingdom	1976					79				373				461				641
	1977		107	117	213	437	206	281	167	654	237	112	144	493	117	117		
Ireland	1976					3.024				3.312				3.429				4.669
	1977		1.514	2.061	1.930	5.505	1.818	1.464	1.632	4.914	1.736	1.595	1.985	5.316	1.736			
Danmark	1976					53.056				50.547								54.294
	1977		16.972	14.558	18.302	49.832	16.498	17.131	16.761	50.390	18.684	19.440	17.056	55.180	19.933			
EUR 9	1976					66.025				63.676				71.834				72.533
	1977		22.278	20.144	23.763	66.185	22.646	23.665	22.748	69.059	23.968	25.257	23.510	72.735				

(1) in 1976 - SITC 012.10

in 1977 - NIMEXE 020611 to 73 on the basis of national statistics forwarded to Eurostat by the Member States.

Source: Eurostat except figures for United Kingdom: Overseas Trade Statistics of the United Kingdom for 1977,

Table No 44 - DEUTSCHLAND - Trade in pigmeat

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	95.087	92.685	93.767	72.642	26.897	56.090	192	11	-	2	6	6
- fresh and salted meat	209.989	253.758	241.494	253.324	109.647	189.548	6.809	7.223	12.353	4.061	675	3.338
- dried and smoked meat	3.620	3.619	3.672	3.898	1.903	2.959	28	22	19	38	14	19
- offals	16.701	19.967	27.858	32.020	12.729	19.404	14.600	7.731	6.595	5.367	5.712	8.453
- lard	3.349	3.451	1.620	1.224	612	855	5.222	2.034	1.224	847	477	849
- preparations and preserves	58.623	57.028	57.159	50.418	20.415	30.095	15.103	17.143	14.616	15.778	8.269	12.625
Total	387.369	430.508	425.570	413.526	172.203	298.951	41.954	34.164	34.807	26.093	15.153	25.310
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	7.344	9.493	6.080	8.666	5.843	6.793	988	9	25	110	39	41
- fresh and salted meat	10.889	13.949	13.958	16.708	14.525	19.305	154	362	126	58	4.133	4.162
- dried and smoked meat	916	672	771	1.017	760	1.172	147	47	75	57	50	68
- offals	11.680	13.776	11.138	11.440	6.125	10.103	849	2.018	1.146	2.026	1.145	1.145
- lard	38.661	50.391	59.128	59.200	38.429	57.900	228	250	8	527	-	-
- preparations and preserves	7.987	7.895	10.827	13.328	6.577	10.181	3.932	2.996	1.960	1.686	678	1.015
Total	77.477	96.176	101.902	110.359	72.259	105.454	6.298	5.682	3.340	4.464	6.045	6.936

Table No 45 - FRANCE - Trade in pigmeat

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Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	59.804	64.276	71.884	70.872	43.973	72.759	7.521	6.230	18.393	21.935	176	3.441
- fresh and salted meat	138.446	157.041	141.311	140.509	89.200	130.985	42.705	36.250	51.682	55.641	5.001	21.570
- dried and smoked meat	3.672	4.049	5.789	6.898	3.405	5.210	36	6	3	4	-	1
- offals	14.347	8.575	8.913	9.684	5.209	8.363	10.704	12.254	10.019	14.168	5.756	8.846
- lard	178	2.391	2.862	2.013	1.573	1.985	4.184	2.069	211	-	111	200
- preparations and preserves	9.868	10.653	12.568	16.210	8.539	13.918	396	325	291	353	51	83
Total	226.315	246.985	243.327	246.186	151.899	233.320	65.546	57.134	80.599	92.101	11.095	34.141
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	7.996	8.906	6.179	14.154	9.333	10.799	160	122	122	103	29	30
- fresh and salted meat	13.445	13.874	13.255	17.769	7.436	11.135	1.989	3.840	3.921	3.147	1.057	1.699
- dried and smoked meat	289	355	416	679	247	339	673	570	490	456	222	346
- offals	2.200	2.289	2.702	4.150	1.979	2.649	1.229	3.281	2.900	4.236	3.167	4.076
- lard	33.991	20.896	19.092	20.330	11.890	18.713	1.639	1.410	2.110	1.200	706	986
- preparations and preserves	12.822	11.406	11.867	16.273	7.594	11.110	10.066	11.579	8.779	9.593	5.542	8.115
Total	70.743	57.126	53.511	73.355	38.479	54.745	15.756	20.802	18.322	18.735	10.723	15.252

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 46 - ITALIA - Trade in pigmeat

t

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	29.788	38.019	18.500	49.438	27.003	29.034	1.311	21.658	35.666	12.941	127	127
- fresh and salted meat	155.997	164.176	151.437	206.288	96.866	132.573	25.646	43.618	82.414	47.467	10.969	25.695
- dried and smoked meat	91	110	121	115	73	108	140	17	67	66	10	18
- offals	74	129	547	279	53	53	149	19	520	219	87	87
- lard	37	97	257	175	-	46	9.912	3.693	4.589	2.193	39	297
- preparations and preserves	5.308	7.293	5.322	6.324	3.699	5.737	471	422	295	457	22	74
Total	191.295	209.824	176.184	262.619	127.694	167.551	37.629	69.427	123.551	63.343	11.254	26.298
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-
- fresh and salted meat	9.621	12.868	14.037	14.728	5.392	7.851	298	168	57	6	2	2
- dried and smoked meat	1.813	2.713	4.467	7.210	3.257	4.429	938	930	878	864	393	657
- offals	907	844	1.362	2.871	619	977	60	87	43	2	57	117
- lard	21.241	15.143	33.481	18.509	13.275	13.101	1.302	2.043	2.901	1.710	1.668	1.668
- preparations and preserves	2.541	3.016	4.920	4.873	1.699	2.438	4.675	5.079	4.918	4.351	2.125	2.799
Total	36.123	34.584	58.311	48.191	24.242	39.796	7.273	8.307	8.815	6.933	4.245	5.243

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 47 - NEDERLAND - Trade in pigmeat

t

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	2.309	60	4.321	4.870	1.437	1.900	-	-	1	-	-	-
- fresh and salted meat	13.868	13.577	21.335	19.749	12.315	17.242	120.	187	380	533	148	227
- dried and smoked meat	779	836	1.364	1.401	588	1.055	3	2	1	-	-	-
- offals	349	407	853	1.055	310	406	6.459	8.905	8.787	10.920	4.675	6.935
- lard	15.121	25.765	25.756	20.320	4.879	7.598	16.336	30.614	15.099	12.939	9.147	17.070
- preparations and preserves	11.193	10.421	14.586	11.839	7.320	10.201	72	99	116	118	44	82
Total	43.619	51.066	68.215	59.144	26.849	38.402	22.990	39.807	24.384	24.510	14.014	24.314
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	58.542	88.574	96.668	89.417	45.870	81.045	21	49	29	37	23	23
- fresh and salted meat	252.271	283.247	301.674	328.239	168.282	260.014	830	908	1.176	1.000	744	952
- dried and smoked meat	3.736	3.685	5.523	6.300	5.031	7.488	1.584	556	893	688	382	466
- offals	10.813	10.691	20.431	26.349	12.798	17.149	480	2.104	1.719	2.231	1.220	2.016
- lard	52.104	55.045	66.018	56.945	29.665	44.167	7.669	17.418	7.031	8.829	1.297	3.374
- preparations and preserves	67.799	63.453	64.077	70.376	40.147	55.220	73.033	66.099	51.576	34.716	14.925	22.001
Total	445.265	504.695	554.391	577.626	301.793	475.875	83.617	87.134	62.424	46.701	18.591	28.832

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 48 - UERL/RLRY - Trade in pigmeat

t

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	12.919	7.603	16.817	13.608	9.201	14.707	863	124	5.780	6.768	271	950
- fresh and salted meat	10.518	11.053	13.699	11.999	4.739	6.618	1.917	2.436	4.501	3.298	912	1.533
- dried and smoked meat	644	712	963	1.127	543	889	1	-	5	1	-	-
- offals	17.730	18.165	18.225	19.228	8.822	13.051	7.640	10.306	11.184	12.805	5.070	7.309
- lard	21.553	26.141	25.231	19.291	14.506	19.274	9.794	10.652	18.593	7.474	11.273	15.331
- preparations and preserves	8.111	8.347	8.384	9.650	4.920	8.412	110	130	128	157	59	87
Total	71.455	72.021	83.319	74.903	42.731	61.951	20.325	23.558	40.191	30.503	17.585	25.201
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	85.862	82.055	81.112	82.175	43.380	66.275	21	30	11	19	59	71
- fresh and salted meat	174.159	197.676	172.759	171.257	82.105	121.399	2.035	501	1.439	926	394	491
- dried and smoked meat	5.265	5.458	6.322	6.320	2.953	4.623	104	198	193	113	34	55
- offals	11.641	11.139	13.643	13.811	5.615	9.099	1.215	1.464	1.882	1.965	427	1.332
- lard	29.753	34.603	47.646	39.130	18.866	43.515	7.296	1.013	5.222	1.374	6.323	6.328
- preparations and preserves	48.387	50.712	54.776	51.928	24.978	38.130	1.533	2.807	2.028	1.193	708	1.164
Total	355.067	381.643	376.258	364.621	187.897	283.041	12.204	6.013	6.775	5.610	8.025	9.441

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 49 - UNITED KINGDOM - Trade in pigmeat

t

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	2.316	322	4.695	38.284	1.795	2.823	-	-	-	-	-	-
- fresh and salted meat	288.247	275.561	273.841	257.524	133.086	207.066	50.239	28.267	27.683	24.264	10.362	17.473
- dried and smoked meat	6.750	8.008	9.108	10.959	7.270	10.772	223	72	13	11	4	4
- offals	12.243	11.115	11.588	12.419	6.744	10.147	8.297	6.945	10.333	7.176	4.851	6.488
- lard	146.493	136.098	184.389	157.891	105.577	166.657	60.442	77.357	37.808	32.782	22.604	32.254
- preparations and preserves	105.573	103.442	103.436	118.798	69.141	97.595	16.228	12.662	11.810	8.545	1.475	2.925
Total	561.622	534.546	587.557	595.875	323.613	495.060	135.429	125.303	87.847	72.778	39.296	59.144
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	3.130	4.566	679	506	11	26	10	2	-	-	-	-
- fresh and salted meat	10.447	19.050	6.505	11.267	8.734	13.002	2.605	326	287	1.402	182	265
- dried and smoked meat	-	557	186	149	99	157	-	125	141	192	42	54
- offals	3.719	1.899	381	593	506	797	1.867	1.210	1.148	1.337	390	666
- lard	817	1.564	1.214	265	150	205	686	46	667	78	34	55
- preparations and preserves	2.795	1.585	1.400	1.783	838	1.325	4.432	1.993	1.868	1.549	815	1.128
Total	20.908	29.221	10.365	14.563	10.338	15.512	9.600	3.702	4.111	4.558	1.463	2.168

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 50 - IRELAND - Trade in pigmeat

t

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	2.856	5.034	705	415	7	24	1	-	-	-	-	-
- fresh and salted meat	325	1.110	1.598	1.947	885	1.399	-	-	-	-	-	-
- dried and smoked meat	-	1	35	9	27	41	-	-	-	-	-	-
- offals	728	710	184	450	335	534	-	-	-	-	-	-
- lard	1.053	1.774	1.176	279	445	464	490	97	-	-	-	-
- preparations and preserves	67	386	688	859	433	824	17	-	7	23	8	11
Total	5.029	9.015	4.386	3.959	2.132	3.286	516	97	7	23	8	11
<u>Sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	2.179	335	4.586	29.436	1.821	2.887	28	-	-	2	-	2
- fresh and salted meat	38.486	26.585	10.869	20.258	13.438	16.460	2.561	458	1.264	6.595	3.220	3.639
- dried and smoked meat	641	770	578	453	359	526	221	222	102	133	47	62
- offals	6.146	5.753	4.485	4.533	2.932	4.544	2.484	855	661	1.170	599	827
- lard	565	513	607	1.195	673	1.062	-	-	-	-	-	-
- preparations and preserves	2.965	3.209	1.865	2.126	1.932	3.320	742	1.000	281	450	75	134
Total	50.982	37.165	22.990	58.001	21.155	32.261	6.036	2.535	2.308	8.350	3.941	4.664

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 51 - DANMARK - Trade in pigmeat

t

Product	Intra-Community trade						Trade with non-member countries					
	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1977	6 months 1977
<u>Received/imported</u>												
- live pigs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- fresh and salted meat	71	37	-	-	-	-	827	863	474	207	46	126
- dried and smoked meat	-	-	6	9	1	3	50	1	-	-	2	2
- offals	147	21	-	-	-	18	585	233	256	157	64	73
- lard	4.127	6.617	2.712	3.448	622	1.018	1.051	1.639	497	1.464	488	1.027
- preparations and preserves	236	88	162	249	116	227	139	126	74	82	30	29
Total	4.581	6.763	2.880	3.706	739	1.266	2.652	2.862	1.301	1.910	630	1.257
<u>sent/exported</u>												
- live pigs	24.153	15.011	11.178	12.296	5.254	7.642	-	-	7	-	2	2
- fresh and salted meat	311.552	306.396	312.586	297.918	149.479	226.611	20.188	26.440	42.987	31.693	18.054	24.577
- dried and smoked meat	1.571	2.782	2.773	3.021	1.011	1.771	7.215	5.132	3.753	3.258	1.729	2.377
- offals	30.072	16.064	15.948	15.683	7.714	11.141	4.692	3.500	2.753	2.635	1.393	2.261
- lard	8.633	8.162	9.581	8.210	4.534	6.021	564	885	555	286	488	595
- preparations and preserves	70.948	71.277	63.828	60.649	34.929	49.576	113.272	100.673	74.237	67.505	36.654	55.224
Total	446.929	419.692	415.894	397.777	202.921	302.762	145.931	136.630	124.292	105.457	50.320	85.036

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 52 - ITALIA - Imports of pigmeat<sup>(1)</sup>

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 76	6 months 77
Deutschland	2,8	2,9	5,7	4,5	1,8	2,2	2,8	1,8	2,2	2,5	5,5
France	2,8	3,8	11,4	11,0	7,9	8,5	7,0	5,2	7,7	8,7	9,2
Nederland	25,2	27,8	43,5	36,4	40,9	43,5	37,0	30,6	43,2	41,1	43,5
UEBL/BLEU	8,8	6,7	12,7	15,6	13,7	14,9	14,8	11,8	17,4	16,5	19,9
United Kingdom	-	0,1	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
Ireland	-	4,5	2,2	1,3	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,1	-	0,1	-
Danmark	21,8	8,8	7,3	9,1	6,0	17,2	12,4	10,0	10,0	12,3	12,8
EUR 9	61,4	54,6	83,0	78,0	71,1	87,1	75,0	59,6	80,6	81,3	91,0
Other countries	38,6	45,4	17,0	22,0	28,9	12,9	25,0	40,4	19,4	18,7	9,0
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t	67,4	77,2	125,4	157,6	181,5	209,4	270,8	281,6	309,7	138,2	134,8

(1) Live animals converted on the basis of the coefficient 0.70 + fresh, chilled and frozen pigmeat.

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 53 - NEDERLAND - Exports of salted, dried, and smoked pigmeat  
(excluding offals), CST 012-10

%

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 76	6 months 77*
Deutschland	2,1	1,0	1,1	2,4	2,3	1,7	1,5	0,9	1,5	1,6	1,8
France	1,0	2,2	2,3	1,2	1,1	1,7	2,3	0,9	0,4	0,8	0,6
Italia	-	-	1,1	1,2	-	-	0,8	0,4	0,4	-	-
UEBL/BLEU	1,0	6,4	14,8	1,2	1,1	1,7	0,8	0,4	0,7	0,8	0,6
United Kingdom	93,8	88,2	79,5	90,3	92,1	92,4	93,8	94,3	95,1	95,2	95,8
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUR 9	97,9	97,8	98,8	96,3	96,6	97,5	99,2	96,9	98,1	98,4	98,8
Other countries	2,1	1,2	1,2	3,7	3,4	2,5	0,8	3,1	1,9	1,6	1,2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1 000 t	9,7	9,3	8,8	8,2	8,9	11,9	13,0	22,8	26,8	12,6	16,6

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 54 - UNITED KINGDOM - Imports of salted, dried and smoked pigmeat  
 (excluding offals), CST 012-10

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 76	6 months <sup>*</sup> 77
Deutschland	-	-	-	-	-	0,1	0,1	-	-	0,1	-
France	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	0,1	-	0,1	0,7	0,1	0,9
UEBL/BLEU	0,1	0,1	-	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,6
Nederland	2,2	2,0	1,9	2,0	2,5	3,0	4,0	7,3	9,5	9,3	11,6
Ireland	7,0	7,0	7,2	7,2	8,0	6,5	6,2	3,3	5,2	4,6	7,6
Danmark	73,7	72,8	74,0	75,4	75,1	77,6	80,9	80,7	77,3	77,2	74,9
EUR 9	83,0	81,9	83,1	84,7	85,7	87,4	91,4	92,1	93,4	92,1	95,6
Other countries	17,0	18,1	16,9	15,3	14,3	12,6	8,6	7,9	6,6	7,9	4,5
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t	412,7	396,5	388,1	378,2	350,5	320,4	298,5	287,4	269,3	132,7	138,6

\* Provisional figures

Source: from 1968 à 1972: OECD  
 from 1973 à 1976: Eurostat

Table No 55 - DANMARK - Exports of salted, dried and smoked pigmeat  
 (excluding offals), CST 012-10

%

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 76	6 months 77
Deutschland	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,3	-	0,4	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
France	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UEBL/BLEU	0,2	-	-	-	0,2	0,1	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,1	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	97,9	97,8	97,8	97,8	98,0	96,7	97,3	98,1	98,3	98,3	98,1
EUR 9	98,4	97,9	97,9	97,9	98,5	96,8	97,8	98,3	98,4	98,4	98,2
Other countries	1,6	2,1	2,1	2,1	1,5	3,2	2,2	1,7	1,6	1,6	1,8
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t	307,5	297,9	290,2	297,9	307,5	248,1	244,6	235,5	217,8	105,3	102,0

\* Provisional figures

Source: from 1968 to 1972: OECD

from 1973 to 1976: Eurostat

Table No 56 - LARD - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months 1977
Deutschland	21,7	21,2	21,0	27,0	24,9	28,5	29,0	30,0
France	19,8	14,7	18,1	11,1	8,0	9,8	10,3	9,3
Italia	5,6	10,0	11,3	8,0	14,0	8,8	7,4	10,3
Nederland	29,9	30,8	28,5	30,2	28,3	27,8	29,9	23,8
UEBL/BLEU	13,6	17,0	15,8	18,3	19,9	18,7	19,4	22,5
United Kingdom	-	-	0,4	0,8	0,5	2,1	0,2	0,2
Ireland	0,4	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,5
Danmark	9,0	6,1	4,6	4,3	4,1	3,9	3,3	3,4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Provisional figures

Source Eurostat

Table No 57 - POULTRY (1) - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months* 1977
Deutschland	0,2	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,9	0,7	0,8	1,6
France	4,8	7,4	9,3	9,7	11,3	10,2	10,8	9,5
Italia	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,3	0,3
Nederland	80,6	78,3	73,8	73,1	72,3	72,1	71,3	71,0
UEBL/BLEU	8,2	8,8	8,3	10,1	8,4	7,3	8,2	7,4
United Kingdom	-	0,1	1,1	0,3	0,4	2,2	1,6	2,5
Ireland	0,5	1,2	1,2	0,9	0,7	1,2	1,0	1,2
Danmark	5,1	3,1	5,1	4,9	5,7	5,8	6,0	6,5
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(1) Carcasses + live poultry converted into carcase equivalents using the coefficient 0.7.

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 58 - EGGS - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending  
Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months* 1977
Deutschland	2,3	2,6	2,4	2,1	1,6	1,7	1,7	2,0
France	4,3	3,2	8,6	10,9	12,7	7,1	9,4	5,6
Italia	-	0,1	0,3	0,7	0,2	0,5	-	1,3
Nederland	39,1	42,1	40,9	41,6	45,2	52,2	50,5	56,0
UEBL/BLEU	51,0	50,5	41,6	38,7	34,2	33,6	33,5	30,4
United Kingdom	1,1	0,8	1,4	2,6	2,5	3,2	2,7	3,5
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	2,2	0,7	4,8	3,4	3,6	1,7	2,2	1,2
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 59 - MILK AND FRESH MILK PRODUCTS - Breakdown of intra-Community trade  
by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 months 1976	6 months 1977
Deutschland	44,8	51,6	53,0	64,1	64,9	64,5	60,8	66,3
France	33,0	24,5	19,0	12,6	10,3	13,0	13,6	13,3
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	16,2	12,9	10,6	7,8	5,1	4,3	5,4	4,4
UEBL/BLEU	4,9	10,1	12,5	9,8	12,4	10,8	10,0	10,1
United Kingdom	-	-	1,8	2,4	3,1	3,6	5,0	2,2
Ireland	1,0	0,7	0,4	0,6	1,2	0,8	1,3	0,5
Danmark	0,1	0,2	2,7	2,7	2,9	3,0	3,9	3,2
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

\* Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 60 - Intra-Community trade in milk and fresh cream (1) (sendings)

			January	February	March	January/ March	April	May	June	April/ June	July	August	Septem- ber	July/ September	Octo- ber	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	October/ December	Tonnes
Deutschland	1976 1977	94.787	98.955	96.822	244.677 290.564	79.308	78.943	76.992	168.985 235.243	72.577	75.674	95.885	224.941 244.136	105.420				285.739	
France	1976 1977	16.959	18.805	16.305	43.125 52.069	16.164	19.773	17.097	49.393 53.034	15.467	15.910	21.985	47.458 53.362					46.290	
Italia	1976 1977	-	52	14	26 66	-	26	-	- 26	-	-	-	- 27					61	
Nederland	1976 1977	2.859	8.669	8.623	18.821 20.151	4.960	3.415	3.331	18.197 11.706	3.024	3.529	3.390	12.833 9.943	4.724				11.649	
UEBL/BLEU	1976 1977	10.982	14.247	13.227	33.090 38.456	13.173	14.156	13.884	34.828 41.213	13.006	15.115	14.080	45.276 42.201	13.063				42.182	
United Kingdom	1976 1977	147	24	1	5.930 172	1	8.831	8.741	27.905 17.573	5.883	1.426	186	17.340 7.495	31	71			664	
Ireland	1976 1977	467	713	984	2.869 2.164	444	755	957	5.738 2.156	601	443	445	1.814 1.489	340				953	
Danmark	1976 1977	1.886	2.261	3.372	7.249 7.519	5.895	7.504	3.923	19.434 17.322	2.668	2.175	2.893	7.722 7.736	2.245				8.171	
EUR 9	1976 1977	128.087	143.726	139.348	355.787 411.161	119.945	133.403	124.925	324.480 378.273	113.226	114.272	138.864	357.411 366.362					395.709	

(1) in 1976 - SITC 022.3

in 1977 - NIMEXE 04.01 on the basis of national statistics forwarded to Eurostat by the Member States.

Sources: Eurostat except figures for the United Kingdom: Overseas Trade Statistics of the United Kingdom for 1977.

Table No 61 - DEUTSCHLAND - Exports of milk and fresh cream

%

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 76	6 mths 77(*)
Nederland	43,2	72,9	60,0	29,9	29,5	22,7	18,2	17,7	14,6	19,4	18,6
France	2,7	2,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,9	1,6	1,7	1,4	1,1	0,9
Italia	29,7	16,1	34,4	64,5	69,1	74,4	78,6	79,2	82,6	77,7	79,9
UEBL/BLEU	-	-	-	-	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUR "9"	75,6	91,3	94,8	94,8	99,4	98,3	98,6	98,8	99,0	98,4	99,6
Other countries	24,4	8,7	5,2	5,2	0,6	1,7	1,4	1,2	1,0	1,6	0,4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1.000 t.	3,7	39,6	81,3	183,0	314,1	509,6	696,5	682,4	933,2	420,4	527,7

(\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 62 - ITALIA - Imports of milk and fresh cream

%

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 76	6 mths 77(*)
Deutschland	11,6	12,1	40,9	56,3	81,4	84,8	92,2	91,5	85,0	84,2	86,5
France	21,4	65,8	36,5	33,1	17,9	14,9	7,7	8,4	14,8	15,5	13,4
Nederland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UEEBL/BLEU	-	-	-	-	0,1	0,1	-	-	0,1	0,2	0,1
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUR '9'	33,0	77,9	79,4	89,4	99,4	99,8	99,9	99,9	99,9	99,9	100,0
Other countries	67,0	22,1	20,6	10,6	0,6	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t.	11,2	59,6	70,7	202,0	283,6	421,9	589,1	577,9	872,9	348,9	459,1
of which: Deutsch- land	1,3	7,2	28,9	113,7	230,8	357,8	542,9	528,5	742,0	293,9	397,3
France	2,4	39,2	27,2	66,9	50,7	62,9	45,1	48,3	129,1	54,2	61,6

(\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 63 - SKIMMED MILK POWDER AND WHEY - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 1976	6 mths 1977 (*)
Deutschland	33,4	39,6	40,7	35,8	29,2	16,2	16,2	24,0
France	45,2	37,7	37,1	34,6	22,0	26,6	27,3	40,5
Italia	0,1	0,3	0,2	-	-	-	-	0,1
Nederland	6,6	8,0	9,9	10,7	11,5	22,0	24,1	9,3
UEBL/BLEU	6,2	4,0	6,7	2,5	3,0	3,5	2,0	2,5
United Kingdom	2,5	3,0	-	8,6	12,5	15,2	13,9	8,9
Ireland	4,3	5,3	5,4	3,1	16,7	13,6	12,5	12,2
Danmark	1,7	1,9	-	4,7	5,1	2,9	4,0	2,5
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 64 - BUTTER (WEIGHT OF PRODUCT) - Breakdown of intra-Community trade by sending Member State

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 1976	6 mths 1977(*)
Deutschland	9,3	7,1	16,6	27,5	24,7	18,8	18,8	26,7
France	14,4	8,6	13,3	12,2	11,6	9,1	10,1	12,5
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	31,5	35,7	33,9	28,8	30,6	34,4	36,2	24,8
UEBL/BLEU	4,5	5,0	6,3	6,0	6,6	6,3	5,8	6,5
United Kingdom	1,0	0,7	1,3	0,3	0,2	2,8	1,6	3,1
Ireland	11,7	13,9	9,7	7,0	9,9	12,1	9,6	9,4
Danmark	27,6	29,0	18,9	18,2	16,4	16,5	17,9	17,0
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 65 - Intra-Community trade in butter(1) (sendings)

Tonnes

		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Jan./ Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Apr./ Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Jul./ Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Oct./Dec.
Deutschland	1976 1977	7.713	8.251	11.639	39.957 27.603	12.473	9.324	7.967	9.121 29.764	9.242	9.269	18.903 10.270	7.471				27.566
France	1976 1977	3.901	4.868	5.721	18.723 14.490	4.877	3.820	3.688	7.724 12.385	3.133	3.262	4.793	7.929 11.188				11.682
Italia	1976 1977	-	-	-	22	-	-	20	- 20	15	34	20	10 69				70
Nederland	1976 1977	13.054	4.821	11.929	64.016 29.804	13.733	6.452	3.169	30.678 23.354	3.300	7.434	5.375	33.162 16.109	12.958			46.944
UEBL/BLEU	1976 1977	2.708	1.065	1.909	10.514 5.682	2.783	1.969	3.472	4.804 8.224	1.503	1.398	2.880	5.831 5.781	2.129			11.012
United Kingdom	1976 1977	312	210	212	1.564 734	396	5.531	155	2.721 6.082	1.149	366	258	1.894 1.773	654	1.723		7.944
Ireland	1976 1977	1.669	441	1.851	5.615 3.961	1.369	9.640	5.256	19.410 16.265	5.441	3.905	3.138	21.199 12.484	1.820			15.522
Danmark	1976 1977	3.914	3.252	7.877	23.638 15.043	5.113	8.373	7.897	23.188 21.383	6.382	6.582	5.190	19.958 18.154	5.172			17.380
EUR 9	1976 1977	33.271	22.908	41.138	164.049 97.317	40.744	45.109	31.624	97.706 117.477	30.165	32.250	31.924	108.886 94.339				138.120

(1) In 1976 - SITC 023

In 1977 - NIMEXE 04.03 on the basis of national statistics forwarded to Eurostat by the Member States.

Source: Eurostat except figures for the United Kingdom: Overseas Trade Statistics of the United Kingdom for 1977.

Table No 66 - DEUTSCHLAND - Exports of butter

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 76	6 mths 77(*)
France	2,3	-	-	1,4	1,1	1,1	4,6	2,7	1,9	1,9	1,7
Italia	49,4	45,1	16,5	13,3	16,4	6,8	9,6	19,9	21,3	20,9	16,0
Nederland	-	1,2	5,8	1,1	21,9	12,3	18,3	16,0	8,8	9,0	20,4
UEBL/BLEU	2,9	12,8	13,0	12,6	27,4	30,9	33,1	16,4	14,2	9,0	18,8
United Kingdom	2,3	7,3	3,5	1,9	1,5	3,4	29,5	41,3	40,6	48,9	21,7
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,2	-
Danmark	-	-	0,3	-	-	0,8	0,2	1,3	1,7	2,4	0,3
EUR "9"	56,9	66,4	39,1	30,3	68,3	54,3	95,6	97,8	88,5	92,3	78,9
Other countries	43,1	33,6	60,9	69,7	31,7	44,7	4,4	2,2	11,5	7,7	21,1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t.	17,4	16,4	34,6	80,0	27,4	121,6	152,9	142,2	108,1	53,2	72,7

(\*) Provisional figures

Source: Eurostat

Table No 67 - UNITED KINGDOM - Structure of butter imports

%

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 76	6 mths 77(*)
Deutschland	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,5	0,1	0,8	10,3	13,2	11,0	13,8	13,6
France	1,3	0,9	1,3	2,3	0,7	1,1	7,1	7,8	5,0	6,4	7,0
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	4,3	3,0	3,9	5,5	5,7	18,2	22,3	22,9	21,6	25,7	26,2
UEBL/BLEU	0,5	0,8	1,5	2,7	1,9	1,3	2,9	2,4	1,3	1,4	2,6
Ireland	6,4	5,7	8,2	7,9	10,2	11,5	8,0	11,1	12,4	10,5	12,5
Danmark	22,7	22,1	20,7	18,1	20,1	22,0	20,6	17,0	17,9	21,0	27,0
EUR 9	35,3	32,8	35,9	37,0	38,7	54,9	71,2	74,4	69,2	78,8	88,9
Other countries	64,7	77,2	64,1	63,0	61,3	45,1	28,8	25,6	30,8	21,2	11,1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1000 t.	454,1	427,8	406,5	389,9	355,9	338,2	458,1	488,9	397,9	193,2	120,4

(\*) Provisional data

Source: Eurostat

Table No 68 - CHEESE - Share of each Member State in intra-EEC trade (sendings)

	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	6 mths 1976	6 mths 1977 (*)
Deutschland	13,3	13,6	16,7	16,7	17,3	18,2	18,1	21,3
France	26,8	30,2	28,5	23,9	22,1	22,1	22,9	23,5
Italia	2,5	1,9	1,8	1,9	1,9	1,8	1,8	1,6
Nederland	39,7	37,9	41,2	37,2	35,2	34,1	34,8	33,9
UEBL/BLEU	2,1	2,1	2,1	2,4	1,9	2,6	2,9	3,8
United Kingdom	0,2	0,3	0,8	0,6	0,7	1,1	1,5	1,1
Ireland	6,9	5,8	8,9	8,2	10,6	9,3	6,6	4,2
Danmark	8,5	8,2	-	9,1	10,3	10,8	11,4	10,6
EUR "9"	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(\*) Provisional data.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 69 - Degree of self-supply

TOTAL CHEESE

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76
EUR - 9	96,6	88,6	85,5	99,1	96,9	102,8	112,5	100,7
Deutschland	90,4	78,5	78,0	92,9	80,3	89,1	100,5	94,1
France	161,0	148,2	134,5	164,3	180,0	189,3	205,1	183,4
Italia	94,5	92,9	91,3	93,2	90,3	81,3	93,6	91,2
Nederland	54,2	41,4	50,6	54,6	35,5	50,4	56,9	48,0
UEBL / BLEU	62,7	45,8	47,8	54,8	49,2	65,9	66,4	48,7
United Kingdom	43,4	41,1	45,0	55,6	51,6	62,2	66,9	53,6
Ireland	74,4	62,2	77,1	76,9	56,6	49,8	50,2	49,6
Danmark	105,7	105,9	109,4	143,4	119,8	114,4	136,7	140,9

BARLEY

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76
EUR - 9	103,9	99,9	91,0	101,7	106,5	102,9	107,1	102,8
Deutschland	84,5	79,6	69,1	63,7	88,6	86,3	87,9	84,3
France	159,2	156,8	148,0	183,8	183,2	179,6	162,5	162,6
Italia	20,1	21,9	19,8	23,9	23,1	24,2	39,7	35,0
Nederland	78,9	96,0	76,6	98,7	92,9	70,0	68,0	76,7
UEBL/BLEU	64,1	59,2	52,8	68,0	61,2	61,6	56,0	47,9
United Kingdom	95,6	90,9	89,1	89,2	99,5	93,1	101,7	105,4
Ireland	98,6	99,6	85,5	87,5	96,5	97,3	99,4	98,6
Danmark	109,6	103,6	94,0	104,3	100,6	98,6	116,2	98,3

Table No 70 - Degree of self-supply

MAIZE

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76
EUR - 9	45,2	50,8	56,2	58,2	53,9	59,3	54,7	52,7
Deutschland	11,4	16,2	17,2	20,5	18,5	17,7	16,7	16,8
France	155,5	161,3	170,7	173,5	162,5	172,8	144,7	126,5
Italia	45,3	51,3	52,9	48,2	49,6	50,5	53,9	55,5
Nederland	-	-	-	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3
UEBL / BLEU	0,4	0,5	1,0	1,6	1,8	1,8	1,9	2,9
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	0,2	0,1	0,1
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SUGAR

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76
EUR - 9	83,6	87,2	86,2	99,6	92,4	91,4	87,1	101,6
Deutschland	87,9	92,3	87,3	101,0	96,4	97,8	100,2	110,4
France	137,7	139,1	148,6	163,8	162,4	153,8	146,5	159,7
Italia	81,2	86,1	72,6	75,3	71,7	56,9	59,9	79,9
Nederland	89,9	101,6	101,7	123,6	111,4	122,6	118,7	141,6
UEBL / BLEU	148,5	159,7	136,2	209,8	216,6	198,6	165,5	187,8
United Kingdom	33,8	31,8	33,8	40,9	32,3	34,7	21,8	28,7
Ireland	98,0	97,3	106,6	108,9	108,5	117,2	93,0	122,2
Danmark	128,3	118,6	109,8	122,1	125,0	133,6	156,6	163,7

Table No. 71 - Degree of inflation

EUROPEAN TOTAL

%

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	94,5	93,8	94,4	91,2	91,1	84,5	85,6	99,9	100,8	99,0
Deutschland	84,4	88,7	88,7	87,6	89,8	82,4	88,1	95,4	93,1	95,8
France	107,4	106,6	109,0	111,3	111,8	105,8	104,8	121,6	117,1	117,8
Italia	67,5	62,2	58,5	51,5	54,9	48,0	49,9	61,4	57,9	58,4
Nederland	103,9	117,3	123,8	114,2	123,6	103,0	105,4	130,1	130,2	129,4
UEBL/BLEU	92,9	90,5	94,2	91,5	96,4	86,7	84,8	96,8	94,5	93,6
United Kingdom	81,1	80,0	83,8	74,6	66,1	68,7	68,8	73,7	79,6	77,8
Ireland	578,9	609,4	591,2	648,3	614,0	533,9	510,5	640,3	620,9	492,9
Danmark	263,4	226,2	217,0	222,9	222,9	218,5	260,3	329,7	306,3	303,7

EUROPE

%

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	101,4	102,8	104,9	100,6	101,8	100,2	100,9	100,3	98,9	99,1
Deutschland	95,1	95,2	92,2	89,6	91,5	87,5	86,6	86,8	86,6	87,6
France	82,0	82,7	85,8	86,2	86,5	87,2	87,4	87,1	85,5	85,4
Italia	90,0	85,0	82,1	81,0	80,1	78,7	75,7	72,0	73,6	71,4
Nederland	178,1	188,2	199,8	195,2	199,8	200,5	216,4	209,7	205,0	209,0
UEBL/BLEU	135,4	150,5	174,2	165,5	173,2	174,0	170,4	176,0	174,0	172,0
United Kingdom	64,4	67,3	71,4	61,8	62,7	62,7	65,6	65,9	62,8	63,0
Ireland	146,4	173,5	158,2	167,4	167,4	172,0	149,5	133,7	120,0	136,0
Danmark	503,4	504,2	519,2	506,5	506,5	457,7	455,7	427,3	379,5	379,5

Table No 72 - Share of self-supply

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRY

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	99,9	101,9	102,4	101,9	102,5	101,6	103,6	102,8	101,3	104,0
Deutschland	47,8	50,5	50,6	49,4	50,9	47,8	52,3	49,6	50,2	53,6
France	101,8	102,9	103,3	104,0	103,8	104,7	108,4	109,6	110,6	111,7
Italia	98,9	99,0	99,2	98,7	99,1	97,9	98,4	98,1	97,7	97,6
Nederland	343,3	380,9	389,9	396,3	391,6	366,7	374,5	356,5	338,9	361,3
UEBL/BLEU	129,9	131,7	132,2	120,0	127,0	119,2	114,4	111,7	103,0	98,1
United Kingdom	98,6	100,2	98,8	98,3	98,0	97,4	99,5	98,6	97,0	101,8
Ireland	103,9	103,3	103,3	105,9	100,0	111,1	105,1	108,6	103,0	105,4
Danmark	342,1	336,4	324,0	320,0	320,0	314,8	264,7	263,9	230,8	231,0

CGS

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	99,1	100,5	101,1	99,7	99,4	99,3	99,4	99,8	100,2	100,2
Deutschland	85,6	85,7	85,3	84,9	84,9	85,1	82,7	81,4	74,6	78,7
France	99,4	98,3	98,4	96,9	97,6	97,4	102,4	104,4	102,2	101,8
Italia	94,4	96,5	97,0	96,3	96,9	96,3	96,3	96,5	96,6	96,5
Nederland	138,8	143,9	148,1	145,7	145,7	146,6	151,9	157,2	168,3	178,1
UEBL / BLEU	135,6	157,1	181,4	175,2	171,4	180,2	181,5	183,1	181,2	179,0
United Kingdom	99,3	99,5	99,5	99,9	98,2	98,0	96,4	96,7	97,3	99,0
Ireland	100,0	102,5	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	97,4	97,6	93,2	97,7
Danmark	136,5	147,5	141,0	125,0	125,0	123,3	121,7	119,7	117,2	109,2

Table No 73 - Degree of self-supply

FRESH MILK (except cream)

%

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	100,5	99,6	101,2	102,3	101,8	100,7
Deutschland	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	100,0	99,9	98,7	99,1	99,5	99,7
France	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	106,7	102,7	107,0	112,9	107,2	100,7
Italia	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	95,7	92,8	97,1	95,2	99,8	99,6
Nederland	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	99,2	102,5	103,4	103,6	101,3	101,3
UEBL / BLEU	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	100,2	101,1	108,3	109,6	113,3	114,8
United Kingdom	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	100,0	100,0	100,0	101,3	100,3	100,0
Ireland	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,3	100,0	100,4
Danmark	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	100,0	100,0	103,8	100,7	104,6	104,7

SKIMMED MILK POWDER

%

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	144,6	118,4	127,2	136,8	129,2	150,5	123,8	132,7	157,7	109,2
Deutschland	160,4	145,4	182,4	202,2	197,7	223,8	176,9	192,8	237,9	158,2
France	225,7	142,6	144,9	151,8	140,1	154,3	165,5	153,9	180,7	111,3
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,4
Nederland	38,1	41,5	47,5	45,6	45,7	57,8	51,4	71,5	108,8	56,1
UEBL / BLEU	163,5	165,7	176,3	173,0	153,1	162,2	139,3	168,4	118,9	107,3
United Kingdom	96,0	84,9	87,0	107,9	107,9	164,1	185,7	140,5	105,0	206,0
Ireland	580,0	292,3	425,0	783,3	783,3	660,0	936,4	1133,3	1227,3	713,0
Danmark	48,4	37,0	44,4	36,8	36,8	36,8	173,3	189,3	255,6	106,8

Table No 74 - Degree of self-supply

BUTTER (fat)

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	93,7	89,1	85,5	95,2	89,3	106,0	103,4	92,9	100,6	107,4
Deutschland	104,2	98,4	95,8	105,8	97,1	113,9	112,8	115,6	125,1	137,5
France	118,5	106,3	107,0	115,4	111,6	121,6	120,0	110,7	112,1	110,6
Italia	63,2	64,4	65,1	69,7	63,6	74,2	65,7	57,4	58,0	54,5
Nederland	350,0	253,8	204,1	400,0	305,9	388,6	500,0	340,5	393,0	577,1
UEBL/BLEU	108,5	102,4	95,3	121,2	114,5	121,4	91,2	98,8	100,0	82,1
United Kingdom	11,1	11,8	13,5	14,5	14,7	23,5	22,4	10,8	10,6	21,5
Ireland	196,9	210,0	196,7	195,6	190,6	205,2	225,8	189,9	230,0	252,5
Danmark	350,0	324,3	294,6	286,1	268,4	322,9	351,4	297,4	316,7	347,5

CHEESE

	1968/69	1969/70	1970/71	1971/72	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EUR "9"	97,7	98,3	98,3	99,8	99,0	101,8	99,9	106,8	104,0	102,1
Deutschland	84,7	86,3	84,5	85,0	82,2	85,0	86,1	88,7	89,3	90,4
France	108,8	110,7	111,7	115,0	114,7	116,6	113,7	116,4	115,9	113,5
Italia	90,5	88,4	86,2	83,5	84,2	83,0	80,2	80,6	78,4	77,4
Nederland	225,9	218,3	230,2	230,2	229,1	224,3	228,8	239,2	230,5	255,6
UEBL/BLEU	48,0	48,7	50,6	48,9	49,4	47,7	43,8	47,8	42,3	42,2
United Kingdom	42,3	42,0	45,1	51,4	51,4	60,7	56,0	66,5	67,6	60,0
Ireland	483,3	400,0	483,3	485,7	485,7	522,2	466,7	554,6	563,6	612,5
Danmark	216,3	222,5	222,0	226,4	226,4	239,6	263,8	297,4	300,0	330,4

Table No. 75 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

COMMON WHEAT

(€ Marketing year: August-July)

EUR/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price	102,64	105,25	108,94	110,52	120,24	132,03	136,33
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschland	105,93	103,85	108,17	110,49	118,55	133,51	148,76
France	95,06	100,66	105,63	112,28	117,83	131,83	151,41
Italia	108,30	109,97	117,12	140,03	121,85	148,10	164,34
Nederland	105,72	104,39	112,57	112,43	119,37	134,06	145,24
Belgique/België	104,68	102,48	109,14	110,12	118,07	132,84	144,81
Luxembourg	105,04	107,60	111,18	112,72	122,31	134,45	141,60
United Kingdom	-	-	-	131,38	115,32	125,61	150,45
Ireland	-	-	-	-	139,83	154,03	151,42
Danmark	-	-	-	112,32	109,53	127,48	141,49
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	1,03	0,99	0,99	1,00	0,99	1,01	1,09
France	0,93	0,96	0,97	1,02	0,98	1,00	1,11
Italia	1,06	1,04	1,08	1,27	1,01	1,12	1,21
Nederland	1,0	0,99	1,03	1,02	0,99	1,02	1,07
Belgique/België	1,02	0,97	1,00	1,00	0,98	1,00	1,06
Luxembourg	1,02	1,02	1,02	1,02	1,02	1,02	1,04
United Kingdom	-	-	-	1,19	0,96	0,95	1,10
Ireland	-	-	-	-	1,16	1,17	1,11
Danmark	-	-	-	-	1,02	0,97	1,04

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 76 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

DURUM WHEAT

( $\phi$  Marketing year: August-July)

AUA/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price	121,83	123,60	121,36	130,46	180,31	198,07	207,70
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	114,51	118,67	119,65	139,75	205,32	177,45	193,75
Italia	132,91	122,27	131,26	234,33	211,67	202,16	222,38
Nederland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgique/België	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
France	0,94	0,96	0,99	1,07	1,14	0,90	0,93
Italia	1,09	0,99	1,08	1,80	1,17	1,02	1,07
Nederland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgique/België	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 77 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

RYE  
( $\phi$  Marketing year: August-July)

AUA/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price	94,49	97,04	101,13	102,17	112,13	125,72	129,33
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschland	100,93	98,14	93,61	112,19	120,20	135,66	151,00
France	85,38	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italia	92,08	96,30	105,47	122,85	123,84	136,83	153,22
Nederland	93,92	95,14	100,75	111,04	117,11	130,93	141,77
Belgique/België	93,88	91,16	97,84	105,02	112,31	125,72	141,99
Luxembourg	96,88	99,36	103,84	107,38	117,33	130,94	134,59
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	109,95	108,10	122,06	137,33
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	1,07	1,00	0,93	1,10	1,07	1,08	1,17
France	0,90	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italia	0,97	0,99	1,04	1,20	1,10	1,09	1,18
Nederland	0,99	0,98	1,00	1,09	1,04	1,04	1,10
Belgique/België	0,99	0,94	0,97	1,03	1,00	1,00	1,10
Luxembourg	1,03	1,02	1,03	1,05	1,05	1,04	1,04
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	1,08	0,96	0,97	1,06

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No. 78 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

BARLEY

( $\phi$  Marketing year: August-July)

AUA/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price	91,32	95,06	98,41	99,20	105,47	117,05	121,33
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschland	94,02	92,05	94,23	98,50	110,59	125,04	134,91
France	84,49	94,07	95,12	100,82	118,86	123,34	141,68
Italia	92,29	91,31	105,74	140,41	124,90	-	-
Nederland	93,45	97,15	100,66	106,25	115,60	128,44	141,56
Bélgique/België	92,02	94,78	96,22	101,46	112,37	125,99	136,60
Luxembourg	102,58	105,00	102,80	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	118,18	111,98	115,08	141,68
Ireland	-	-	-	137,08	126,00	132,45	151,56
Danmark	-	-	-	104,05	104,64	123,26	138,46
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	1,03	0,97	0,96	0,99	1,05	1,07	1,11
France	0,93	0,99	0,97	1,02	1,13	1,05	1,17
Italia	1,01	0,96	1,07	1,42	1,18	-	-
Nederland	1,02	1,02	1,02	1,07	1,10	1,10	1,17
Bélgique/België	1,01	1,00	0,98	1,02	1,07	1,08	1,13
Luxembourg	1,12	1,10	1,04	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	1,19	1,06	0,98	1,17
Ireland	-	-	-	1,38	1,19	1,13	1,25
Danmark	-	-	-	1,05	0,99	1,05	1,14

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 79 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

MAIZE  
( $\phi$  Marketing year: August-July)

AUA/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price	81,95	82,14	86,20	87,03	97,34	110,14	117,53
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschlands	100,71	101,42	109,84	113,58	125,89	135,05	145,42
France	84,73	89,28	96,65	92,04	120,56	126,61	145,09
Italia	94,40	94,61	109,95	127,38	130,07	150,75	156,98
Nederland	97,13	97,71	105,39	111,82	121,97	132,48	141,62
Belgique/België	104,50	105,16	112,18	119,60	130,91	141,10	155,42
Luxembourg	108,16	108,26	112,92	120,72	135,80	145,63	156,68
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	117,18	140,56	138,33	155,92
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	1,23	1,23	1,27	1,31	1,29	1,23	1,24
France	1,03	1,09	1,12	1,06	1,24	1,15	1,23
Italia	1,15	1,15	1,28	1,46	1,34	1,37	1,34
Nederland	1,19	1,19	1,22	1,28	1,25	1,20	1,20
Belgique/België	1,28	1,28	1,30	1,37	1,34	1,28	1,32
Luxembourg	1,32	1,32	1,31	1,39	1,40	1,32	1,33
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	-	-	-	1,35	1,44	1,26	1,33
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source : EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No. 80 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

BEEF AND VEAL

( Marketing year: April-March)

AUA/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price	632,40	669,60	712,63	801,66	919,11	994,20	1066,84
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschland	661,62	713,68	893,27	828,43	848,09	977,94	988,05
France	676,96	730,98	925,91	934,65	938,47	1043,81	1097,05
Italia	750,20	782,41	1007,02	969,44	933,70	1086,29	1116,64
Nederland	666,60	762,37	819,71	812,59	794,85	915,73	933,81
Belgique/België	710,15	768,43	881,13	917,19	905,01	1061,19	1066,84
Luxembourg	675,61	723,24	925,45	926,67	876,25	977,75	1034,69
United Kingdom	-	-	-	904,92	800,06	846,05	995,30
Ireland	-	-	-	841,81	739,14	818,01	918,02
Danmark	-	-	-	784,55	761,83	892,10	936,02
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	1,05	1,07	1,25	1,03	0,92	0,98	0,92
France	1,07	1,09	1,30	1,17	1,02	1,05	1,03
Italia	1,19	1,17	1,41	1,21	1,02	1,09	1,04
Nederland	1,05	1,14	1,15	1,01	0,86	0,92	0,87
Belgique/België	1,12	1,15	1,24	1,14	0,98	1,07	1,00
Luxembourg	1,07	1,08	1,30	1,16	0,95	0,98	0,97
United Kingdom	-	-	-	1,13	0,87	0,95	0,93
Ireland	-	-	-	1,05	0,80	0,82	0,86
Danmark	-	-	-	0,98	0,83	0,90	0,88

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 81 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

EIGHT

( $\phi$  Marketing year: November-October)

4UA/t

	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
Intervention price(*)	710,70	736,00	759,00	791,20	898,38	975,20	1053,22
<u>Market price</u>							
Deutschland	831,22	865,18	1011,94	928,08	989,77	1152,41	1097,75
France	795,72	844,72	1073,41	1055,24	1079,30	1254,94	1231,33
Italia	925,18	955,72	1231,89	1103,06	1028,83	1345,25	1255,33
Nederland	753,40	773,64	993,07	891,74	929,28	1159,43	1067,84
Belgique/België	774,01	836,56	1047,80	946,54	1021,51	1194,09	1117,36
Luxembourg	876,07	931,60	1076,73	1100,14	1135,33	1343,65	1232,84
United Kingdom	-	-	1007,10(1)	991,12	1199,84	1225,06	1222,15
Ireland	-	-	1021,11(1)	1020,99	1168,19	1178,00	1092,05
Danmark	-	-	1062,93(1)	967,83	1011,95	1138,66	1066,26
<u>Ratio:</u>							
Deutschland	1,17	1,18	1,33	1,17	1,10	1,18	1,04
France	1,12	1,15	1,41	1,33	1,20	1,29	1,17
Italia	1,30	1,30	1,62	1,39	1,15	1,37	1,19
Nederland	1,06	1,05	1,31	1,13	1,03	1,19	1,01
Belgique/België	1,09	1,14	1,38	1,20	1,14	1,22	1,06
Luxembourg	1,23	1,27	1,42	1,39	1,26	1,38	1,17
United Kingdom	-	-	1,33	1,25	1,33	1,26	1,16
Ireland	-	-	1,35	1,29	1,30	1,21	1,04
Danmark	-	-	1,40	1,22	1,13	1,17	1,01

(\*) Maximum buying-in price for pig carcasses (92% of the basic price).

(1)  $\phi$  9 months.

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 82 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

SKIMMED MILK POWDER

(Ø Calendar year: January-December)

AUA/t

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977
Intervention price	412,50	455,82	522,60	616,27	768,57	877,04	902,19	931,96
<u>Market price</u>								
Deutschland	404,62	487,08	533,25	595,20	736,23	842,34	872,03	911,10
France	421,36	528,79	570,38	633,33	792,33	886,78	920,24	951,42
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	420,91	512,18	547,85	622,46	768,38	863,09	903,95	924,90
Belgique/België	449,44	498,48	547,41	610,05	756,13	856,44	898,45	934,43
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	628,79	788,94	902,00	923,62	952,71(1)
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Ratio:</u>								
Deutschland	0,98	1,07	1,02	0,97	0,96	0,96	0,97	0,98
France	1,02	1,16	1,09	1,03	1,03	1,01	1,02	1,02
Italia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nederland	1,02	1,12	1,05	1,01	1,00	0,98	1,00	0,99
Belgique/België	1,09	1,09	1,05	0,99	0,98	0,98	1,00	1,00
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	1,02	1,03	1,03	1,02	1,02
Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(1) Ø 11 months

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 83 - MARKET PRICE/INTERVENTION PRICE RATIO

BUFFER

( $\phi$  Calendar year: January-December)

AUA/t

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977
Intervention price	1735,00	1768,90	1812,73	1796,44	1777,86	1971,66	2180,34	2285,99
<u>Market price</u>								
Deutschland	1723,66	1797,81	1814,75	1793,04	1784,16	1995,32	2178,04	2280,06
France	1651,38	1809,21	1834,76	1816,25	1815,98	2022,15	2225,59	2304,32
Italia	1875,70	1972,80	1956,85	1933,23	1959,64	2054,41	2338,02	2308,29(1)
Nederland	1723,76	1763,26	1805,61	1804,76	1796,41	1991,32	2164,22	2260,05
Belgique/België	1794,67	1808,17	1841,34	1823,00	1814,39	1991,69	2188,36	2289,22
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	1018,68	1183,61	1569,42	1804,52	2033,03
Ireland	-	-	-	1180,30	1203,37	1518,03	1717,72	1614,94(1)
Danmark	-	-	-	1676,95	1718,73	2004,80	2125,56	2204,46
<u>Ratio:</u>								
Deutschland	0,99	1,02	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,01	1,00	1,00
France	0,95	1,02	1,01	1,01	1,02	1,03	1,02	1,01
Italia	1,08	1,12	1,08	1,08	1,10	1,04	1,07	1,01
Nederland	0,99	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,01	1,01	0,99	0,99
Belgique/België	1,03	1,02	1,02	1,01	1,02	1,01	1,00	1,00
Luxembourg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	0,57	0,67	0,80	0,83	0,89
Ireland	-	-	-	0,66	0,68	0,77	0,79	0,71
Danmark	-	-	-	0,93	0,97	1,02	0,97	0,96

(1)  $\phi$  11 months

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 84 - Ratio: Market price of CEREALS  
 Market price of ammonium nitrate

1970 = 100

	Deutsch- land	France	Italia	Neder- land	Belgique België	Luxem- bourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
1969	0,993	0,905	-	0,903	0,843	-	0,939	0,990	0,927
1970	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1971	0,958	0,964	-	0,901	0,883	-	0,814	1,063	0,989
1972	0,947	0,988	-	0,869	0,835	-	0,641	1,062	1,115
1973	0,956	0,968	-	0,899	0,927	-	0,983	1,553	1,326
1974	0,863	0,905	-	0,838	0,805	-	0,961	1,151	0,988
1975	0,885	0,864	-	0,831	0,816	-	0,878	0,971	0,905
1976	0,951	0,956	-	0,860	0,886	-	1,074	1,137	1,185
1977	0,922	0,944	-	0,822	1,087	-	0,929	1,345	1,325

Source: Eurostat

Table No 85 - Ratio: Market price of PIGS  
 Market price of compound feed for fattening pigs

1970 = 100

	Deutsch-land	France	Italia	Neder-land	Belgique Belgique	Luxem-bourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
1969	1,027	1,083	-	1,144	1,135	1,087	1,076	1,034	1,043
1970	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1971	0,991	0,899	0,793	0,909	0,972	0,892	0,938	0,975	0,917
1972	1,074	0,928	0,806	1,004	1,062	0,974	1,027	1,010	0,883
1973	1,020	1,004	0,840	1,050	1,160	1,026	0,940	0,966	0,921
1974	0,873	0,805	0,694	0,836	0,891	0,889	0,761	0,897	0,829
1975	0,998	0,849	0,741	0,981	1,049	0,913	1,025	1,037	0,939
1976	1,046	0,876	0,797	0,971	1,152	0,906	0,902	0,942	0,898
1977	0,996	0,792	0,678	0,877	0,975	0,850	0,780	0,862	0,840

Source: Eurostat

Table No 86 - Ratio: Market price of CHICKENS  
 Market price of compound feed for table fowls

1970 = 100

	Deutsch-land	France	Italia	Neder-land	Belgique Belgif	Luxem-bourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
1969	1,045	-	-	1,018	1,064	1,080	1,077	0,975	-
1970	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1971	0,931	-	1,043	0,948	0,997	1,010	0,986	0,922	-
1972	0,932	-	1,056	0,939	0,974	1,002	0,924	0,851	-
1973	0,947	-	0,951	0,913	0,892	0,861	0,781	0,803	-
1974	0,888	-	0,876	0,878	0,929	0,786	0,862	0,789	-
1975	0,901	-	0,931	0,918	0,924	0,787	1,021	0,768	-
1976	0,856	-	0,843	0,902	0,908	0,822	0,870	0,745	-
1977	0,851	-	0,793	0,864	0,838	0,826	0,976	0,712	-

Source: Eurostat

Table No 87 - Ratio: Market price of EGGS  
 Market price of compound feed for laying hens

1970 = 100

	Deutsch-land	France	Italia	Neder-land	Belgique België	Luxem- bourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
1969	1,371	-	-	1,314	1,318	1,164	1,125	-	-
1970	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1971	1,276	-	1,188	1,236	1,297	0,974	1,005	-	-
1972	1,220	-	1,134	1,227	1,219	1,130	0,878	-	-
1973	1,254	-	1,214	1,283	1,326	1,177	0,992	-	-
1974	1,137	-	1,011	1,146	1,141	1,011	0,877	-	-
1975	1,023	-	1,030	1,025	0,967	0,883	0,836	-	-
1976	1,188	-	1,067	1,128	1,160	0,892	0,783	-	-
1977	1,126	-	0,990	1,079	1,082	0,906	0,749	-	-

Source: Eurostat

Table No 88 - Ratio: Market price of MILK  
Market price of compound feed for dairy cattle (stall fed)

1970 = 100

Année	Deutsch-land	France	Italia	Neder-land	Belgique België	Luxem-bourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
1969	1,039	0,983	-	1,058	1,000	1,013	1,017	1,019	-
1970	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1971	1,064	1,043	1,058	1,140	1,043	1,015	0,995	1,027	-
1972	1,169	1,143	1,125	1,166	1,105	1,043	1,070	1,094	-
1973	0,918	0,950	0,902	0,930	0,951	1,015	0,851	0,893	-
1974	0,998	0,935	0,849	0,969	0,962	0,995	0,778	0,810	-
1975	1,190	1,013	0,985	1,157	1,149	1,042	0,953	1,010	-
1976	1,130	0,987	0,967	1,109	1,055	1,026	0,946	0,967	-
1977	1,132	0,965	0,981	1,202	1,037	0,998	0,884	0,991	-

Source: Eurostat

Table No 89 - Share of products subject to monetary compensatory amounts by value of final production:

1970

	Deutsch-land	France	Italia	Nederland	Belgique/ Belgie	Luxembourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
	Mio DM	Mio FF	Mrd Lit	Mio HFL	Mio FB	Mio Flux	Mio £	Mio £	Mio Dkr
<b>Products subject to MCAs</b>									
1. Cheese (total)	1.327	4.972	638,4	204	3.279	110	99,9	11,5	288
2. Barley	659	1.882	3,3	95	1.267	44	114,5	15,1	714
3. Grain maize	44	2.764	106,4	0	201	..	0	0	0
4. Sugar beet	919	1.445	104,1	327	3.527	..	45,2	8,2	279
5. Milk	7.944	10.852	672,4	3.011	15.811	1.099	502,4	80,0	3.093
6. Beef and veal	6.141	10.950	646,9	1.557	14.646	728	366,6	120,2	1.744
7. Pigmeat	8.646	5.761	341,8	2.268	22.812	443	259,1	42,0	4.930
8. Eggs	2.226	1.753	241,0	358	4.813	145	205,3	9,5	329
9. Poultry	578	2.704	358,3	629	(4.039) <sup>1)</sup>	11	135,1	9,0	317
Total (1 to 9)	28.484	43.083	3.112,6	8.449	70.395	2.580	1.728,1	295,5	11.694
- Value of final production	36.759	67.435	6.356,3	11.915	91.488	3.321	2.283,8	345,3	13.658
- Percentage of prods. subject to MCAs, by value of final prod.	77,5	63,9	50,0	70,9	76,9	77,7	75,7	85,6	85,6
- Total (1 to 7)	25.680	38.626	2.513,3	7.462	61.543	2.424	1.387,7	277,0	11.048
- Percentage of 1 to 7 by value of final production	69,9	57,3	39,5	62,6	67,3	73,0	60,8	80,2	80,0

<sup>1)</sup> The definition of "poultry" used in 1970 is not strictly comparable to that used in 1976.

<sup>2)</sup> Marketing year.

Table No 90 - Share of products subject to monetary compensatory amounts  
by value of final production:

1976

	Deutsch- land	France	Italia	Nederland	Belgique/ België	Luxembourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
Products subject to MCAs	Mio DM	Mio FF	Mrd Lit	Mio HFL	Mio FB	Mio Flux	Mio £	Mio £	Mio Dkr
1. Cheese (total)	1.536	6.521	604,5	228	4.216	31	111,0	6,1	314
2. Barley	832	2.037	9,9	82	1.281	26	115,3	15,8	1.193
3. Grain maize	63	1.888	114,2	0	227	..	0	0	0
4. Sugar beet	1.297	1.955	159,7	447	4.259	..	34,8	12,3	417
5. Milk	8.241	12.096	722,2	3.897	14.400	1.281	586,4	104,3	3.494
6. Beef and veal	6.842	13.600	697,7	1.813	16.291	899	351,7	141,6	2.065
7. Pigmeat	9.515	6.616	467,3	2.987	25.831	289	226,5	37,4	4.734
8. Eggs	2.133	1.986	268,1	450	4.851	145	185,6	8,6	267
9. Poultry	629	3.746	520,8	745	(3.335) <sup>1)</sup>	9	163,5	12,3	383
Total (1 to 9)	31.088	50.445	3.564,4	10.629	74.691	2.680	1.774,8	338,4	12.867
- Value of final production	39.303	73.250	6.871,6	15.150	95.021	3.148	2.255,5	385,8	14.728
- Percentage of prods. subject to MCAs, by value of final prod- uction	79,1	68,9	51,9	70,3	78,6	85,1	78,7	87,7	87,4
- Total (1 to 7)	28.326	44.713	2.775,5	9.434	66.505	2.526	1.425,7	317,5	12.217
- Percentage of 1 to 7 by value of final production	72,1	61,0	40,4	62,3	70,0	80,2	63,2	82,3	83,0

1) The definition of "poultry" used in 1970 is not strictly comparable to that used in 1976.

2) Marketing year.

Source: Eurostat

Table No 91 - Trend of intermediate consumption

	Deutschland	France	Italia	Nederland	Belgique België	Luxembourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
Share of intermediate consumption in final production (%) (1976)	49,9	39,4	28,4	48,7	54,9	45,8	56,8	36,6	48,9
Share of feedingstuffs in intermediate production (%) (1976)	38,0	39,4	64,2	65,1	66,3	51,0	49,0	43,4	50,8
Changes between 1968 and 1976 in: (annual rate of growth)									
- Price of GDP	5,9	9,0	10,9	8,1	7,9	7,5	11,7	13,2	8,7
- Price of intermediate consumption	5,3	7,3	11,6	4,7	6,2	4,8	14,7	14,1	..
- Price of feedingstuffs	3,6	7,8	13,0	3,2	..	4,9	15,6	13,5	..

Source: Eurostat

Table No 92 - Breakdown by Member States of value of final production of agriculture  
 (current prices and exchange rates)

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 prov.
Deutschland	21,9	21,7	21,9	21,9	21,6	21,7	22,8
France	26,5	26,9	28,1	28,9	27,3	27,0	26,9
Italia	22,2	21,8	19,8	19,2	20,5	20,8	19,2
Nederland	7,2	7,2	7,3	7,5	7,7	7,7	8,3
Belgique/België	4,0	4,0	4,2	4,2	4,1	4,1	4,3
Luxembourg	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
United Kingdom	12,2	12,4	12,6	11,9	12,2	12,2	11,8
Ireland	1,8	1,9	2,0	1,9	1,8	2,0	1,9
Danmark	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,4	4,7	4,4	4,7

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 93 - Breakdown by Member States of value of final production of agriculture  
 (1970 prices and exchange rates)

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976 prov.
Deutschland	22,0	21,8	21,7	21,6	21,3	21,3	21,7
France	26,6	26,9	27,6	28,0	27,8	26,7	26,7
Italia	22,3	21,9	20,8	21,2	21,4	22,6	22,3
Nederland	7,2	7,3	7,6	7,6	8,0	8,2	8,5
Belgique/België	4,0	4,0	4,1	4,0	4,0	3,9	3,8
Luxembourg	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
United Kingdom	12,0	12,0	12,1	11,7	11,4	11,2	11,0
Ireland	1,8	1,9	1,9	1,9	1,8	2,0	1,9
Danmark	4,0	4,1	4,1	3,9	4,2	4,0	4,0

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table 94 - Evaluation of the effects of quantity, price and exchange  
rate changes on the value of final agricultural production  
(VFAP)

from 1970 to 1976

AUA

%

	Deutsch- land	France	Italia	Nederland	Belgique/ België	Luxembourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark
VFAP 1976/1970	+ 56,6	+ 79,3	+ 61,0	+ 87,5	+ 71,7	+ 42,4	+ 96,6	+ 106,0	+ 94,9
Quantity effect	+ 6,9	+ 8,6	+ 8,1	+ 27,2	+ 3,8	- 4,5	- 3,4	+ 11,7	+ 7,9
Price effect	+ 40,2	+ 67,3	+ 122,1	+ 38,7	+ 63,7	+ 47,6	+ 178,2	+ 164,5	+ 83,9
Rate of exchange effect	+ 4,5	- 1,4	- 32,9		+ 1,1	+ 1,6	- 26,8	- 30,2	- 1,7

Source: Eurostat and EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 95 - Trend of the share of products subject to MCAs in intra-Community and external trade in agricultural products and foodstuffs: 1973-1976 (mio ECU)

		Import			Export		
		INTRA	EXTRA	TOTAL	INTRA	EXTRA	TOTAL
Deutschland + Nederland/ Belgique/België Luxembourg	1973	45,9	17,8	31,0	47,9	42,6	46,6
	1974	43,6	17,4	29,6	45,8	40,8	44,5
	1975	44,1	22,3	33,1	50,6	42,1	48,7
	1976	44,3	18,2	30,5	48,5	39,8	46,5
France	1973	56,8	22,6	34,0	51,7	38,9	46,9
Italia	1974	56,1	19,0	31,8	51,3	40,8	47,1
United Kingdom	1975	57,8	22,5	37,6	50,9	41,1	47,1
Ireland	1976	57,3	18,1	32,9	51,3	36,8	46,0
Danmark	1973	28,1	7,4	12,1	66,4	50,5	60,2
	1974	29,5	6,6	12,0	65,2	46,0	57,7
	1975	27,9	6,3	11,9	70,1	49,3	62,7
	1976	25,0	11,2	14,8	64,9	46,1	58,1
EUR 9	1973	50,8	20,4	32,2	51,1	41,4	47,9
	1974	49,4	17,9	30,4	49,6	41,3	46,9
	1975	50,7	21,9	34,9	52,4	42,2	49,2
	1976	50,0	17,9	31,3	50,9	38,9	47,3

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 96 - Deutschland: Trend of intra-EEC and external trade for products subject and not subject to monetary compensatory amounts

1971 = 100

			1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Assumption 1): Constant prices 1971	Intra-EEC	Import	Products subject to MCAs (A)	100	116,4	114,0	118,3	114,1
			Products subject to MCAs (B)	100	111,5	117,2	126,4	124,4
		Export	A	100	127,1	166,4	219,1	231,3
			B	100	128,7	155,9	167,7	205,0
		Import	A	100	114,7	121,7	79,0	82,8
			B	100	103,8	111,6	101,7	110,6
		Export	A	100	104,7	129,7	100,3	101,8
			B	100	114,2	141,8	155,0	163,8
	Extra-EEC	Import	A	100	119,6	106,3	111,8	98,6
			B	100	111,8	112,0	117,9	113,1
		Export	A	100	142,8	184,0	252,3	235,1
			B	100	132,2	151,5	164,0	207,3
		Import	A	100	96,7	106,9	76,1	82,6
			B	100	108,4	108,6	100,2	108,2
		Export	A	100	132,6	151,0	108,8	103,8
			B	100	123,4	137,2	159,7	177,6
								193,1

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 97 - Italia : Trend of intra-EEC and external trade for products subject and not subject to monetary compensatory amounts

1971 = 100

				1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Assumption 1): Constant prices 1971	Intra-EEC	Import	Products subject to MCAs (A)	100	117,1	140,5	146,3	152,9	156,2
			Products subject to MCAs (B)	100	112,4	122,9	158,0	127,8	156,8
		Export	A	100	155,6	113,8	123,3	160,0	170,1
			B	100	134,2	118,9	136,4	151,7	160,4
		Import	A	100	102,3	106,8	85,4	85,7	117,8
			B	100	89,4	113,4	114,0	73,6	70,4
		Export	A	100	95,9	77,2	91,8	117,1	103,8
			B	100	119,6	112,4	116,7	99,9	135,8
Assumption 2): simple addition of quantities	Intra-EEC	Import	A	100	122,3	150,0	201,5	131,9	180,1
			B	100	106,9	116,4	159,3	132,6	163,0
		Export	A	100	157,7	112,7	118,9	154,7	162,4
			B	100	125,9	107,1	123,2	135,4	149,2
	Extra-EEC	Import	A	100	99,8	109,6	86,4	91,3	95,0
			B	100	98,2	113,2	112,0	79,3	89,0
		Export	A	100	93,8	75,9	76,9	117,1	89,9
			B	100	129,0	119,2	124,3	108,0	132,7

Source: EC Commission - DG for Agriculture.

Table No 98 - EEC Member States' trade balances for 1973 for (i) agricultural products  
and foodstuffs and (ii) all goods

Mio EUA

	Deutschland	France	Italia	Nederland	UEBL/ BLEU	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark	EUR 9
Agricultural imports:	10.118,3	5.641,3	6.886,0	3.881,7	2.937,9	8.628,1	409,1	977,0	39.479,4
- Intra-EEC	4.543,0	1.762,3	2.650,9	1.523,2	1.860,3	2.591,2	190,5	219,3	15.340,7
- Extra-EEC	5.575,3	3.879,0	4.235,1	2.358,5	1.077,6	6.036,9	218,6	757,7	24.138,7
Agricultural exports:	2.818,3	6.099,5	1.658,6	5.142,3	1.997,4	2.164,9	795,3	2.028,1	22.704,6
- Intra-EEC	1.753,0	4.082,9	1.047,6	3.999,9	1.652,9	878,2	654,7	1.237,6	15.306,8
- Extra-EEC	1.065,3	2.016,6	611,2	1.142,4	344,5	1.286,7	140,6	790,5	7.397,8
Agricultural balance	- 7.300,0	+ 458,2	- 5.227,2	+ 1.260,6	- 940,5	- 6.463,2	+ 386,2	+ 1.051,1	- 16.774,8
Total imports:	44.384,1	30.041,5	22.611,2	19.835,2	17.800,3	31.516,5	2.262,9	6.295,3	174.747,0
- Intra-EEC	23.055,8	16.656,8	11.049,2	12.111,7	12.576,9	10.324,2	1.622,0	2.881,9	90.278,4
- Extra-EEC	21.328,3	13.384,7	11.562,0	7.723,5	5.223,4	21.192,3	640,9	3.413,4	84.468,6
Total exports:	54.449,8	28.902,1	18.075,1	19.548,5	18.167,9	24.759,1	1.727,8	5.033,0	170.663,3
- Intra-EEC	25.658,5	16.215,8	9.059,0	14.188,8	13.284,6	8.008,7	1.313,0	2.296,6	90.025,0
- Extra-EEC	28.791,3	12.686,3	9.016,1	5.359,7	4.883,3	16.750,4	414,8	2.736,4	80.638,3
Total balance	+10.065,7	- 1.139,4	- 4.536,1	- 286,7	+ 367,6	- 6.757,4	- 535,1	- 1.262,3	- 4.083,7
Percentage agricultural imports in total imports	22,8 %	18,8 %	30,5 %	19,6 %	16,5 %	27,4 %	18,1 %	15,5 %	22,6 %
Percentage agricultural exports in total exports	5,2 %	21,1 %	9,2 %	26,3 %	11,0 %	8,7 %	46,0 %	40,3 %	13,3 %

Source: Eurostat

Table No 99 - EEC Member States' trade balances for 1975 for (i) agricultural products  
and foodstuffs and (ii) all goods

Mio EUA

	Deutsch- land	France	Italia	Nederland	UEBL/ BLEU	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark	EUR 9
Agricultural imports:	11.269,2	6.521,8	6.885,6	5.076,7	3.545,0	9.354,1	480,2	1.072,5	44.205,1
- Intra- EEC	5.522,0	2.849,0	3.332,3	1.981,2	2.303,8	3.513,8	249,1	277,2	20.028,4
- Extra- EEC	5.747,2	3.672,8	3.553,3	3.095,5	1.241,2	5.840,3	231,1	795,3	24.176,7
Agricultural exports:	3.922,7	7.098,9	2.496,0	7.120,2	2.575,5	2.947,5	1.246,1	2.688,7	30.095,6
- Intra- EEC	2.712,2	4.504,8	1.600,6	5.637,7	2.161,7	1.256,8	1.092,1	1.737,9	20.703,8
- Extra- EEC	1.210,5	2.594,1	895,4	1.482,5	413,8	1.690,7	154,0	950,8	9.391,8
Agricultural balance	- 7.346,5	+ 577,1	- 4.389,6	+ 2.043,5	- 969,5	- 6.406,6	+ 765,9	+ 1.616,2	- 14.109,5
Total imports:	60.443,7	42.689,0	30.714,9	28.002,4	24.461,1	42.498,0	3.008,9	8.289,0	240.107,0
- Intra- EEC	29.923,3	21.060,0	13.187,6	15.930,9	16.424,1	13.780,8	2.080,8	3.802,2	116.189,7
- Extra- EEC	30.520,4	21.629,0	17.527,3	12.071,5	8.037,0	28.717,2	928,1	4.486,8	123.917,3
Total exports:	72.668,1	41.030,6	27.827,7	28.139,3	22.937,9	34.953,3	2.550,0	6.973,9	237.080,8
- Intra- EEC	31.660,2	20.354,1	12.545,6	19.984,8	16.178,7	11.290,7	2.024,7	3.139,4	117.178,2
- Extra- EEC	41.007,9	20.676,5	15.282,1	8.154,5	6.759,2	23.662,6	525,3	3.834,5	119.902,6
Total balance	+12.224,4	- 1.658,4	- 2.887,2	+ 136,9	- 1.523,2	- 7.544,7	- 458,9	- 1.315,1	- 3.026,2
Percentage agricultural imports in total imports	18,6 %	15,3 %	22,4 %	18,1 %	14,5 %	22,0 %	16,0 %	12,9 %	18,4 %
Percentage agricultural exports in total exports	5,4 %	17,3 %	9,0 %	25,3 %	11,2 %	8,4 %	48,9 %	38,6 %	12,7 %

Source: Eurostat

Table No 100 - EEC Member States' trade balances for 1976 for (i) agricultural products  
and foodstuffs and (ii) all goods

Mio EUA

	Deutsch- land	France	Italia	Nederland	UEBL/ BLEU	United Kingdom	Ireland	Danmark	EUR 9
Agricultural imports:	15.041,7	8.753,9	9.107,1	6.458,1	4.839,9	10.882,0	609,5	1.597,6	57.289,8
- Intra-EEC	6.977,6	3.217,1	4.103,8	2.434,5	2.984,9	3.485,5	315,4	423,3	23.942,1
- Extra-EEC	8.064,1	5.536,8	5.003,3	4.023,6	1.855,0	7.396,5	294,1	1.174,3	33.347,7
Agricultural exports:	4.751,5	8.505,6	2.742,9	8.769,7	3.152,3	3.311,2	1.310,2	3.071,2	35.614,6
- Intra-EEC	3.160,7	5.716,2	1.829,4	6.997,4	2.681,7	1.518,8	1.072,9	1.952,2	24.929,3
- Extra-EEC	1.590,8	2.789,4	913,5	1.772,3	470,6	1.792,4	237,3	1.119,0	10.685,3
Agricultural balance	- 10.290,2	- 248,3	- 6.364,2	+ 2.311,6	- 1.687,6	- 7.570,8	+ 700,7	+ 1.473,6	- 21.675,2
Total imports:	78.912,1	57.645,4	39.028,9	35.757,8	31.587,5	50.778,5	3.759,1	11.081,0	308.550,3
- Intra-EEC	38.032,7	28.562,2	16.999,5	19.722,3	21.328,8	15.795,0	2.609,6	5.224,4	148.272,5
- Extra-EEC	40.879,4	29.083,2	22.029,4	16.035,5	10.258,7	34.983,5	1.149,5	5.856,6	160.275,8
Total exports:	91.154,8	49.911,3	33.222,3	35.996,4	29.302,0	42.281,6	2.989,1	8.019,2	292.876,7
- Intra-EEC	41.667,0	25.261,4	15.886,9	25.939,9	21.595,8	14.379,2	2.266,9	3.627,7	150.624,8
- Extra-EEC	49.487,8	24.649,9	17.335,4	10.056,5	7.706,2	27.902,4	722,2	4.391,5	142.251,9
Total balance	+ 12.242,7	- 7.734,1	- 5.806,6	+ 238,6	- 2.285,5	- 8.496,9	- 770,0	- 3.061,8	- 15.673,6
Percentage agricultural imports in total imports	19,1 %	15,2 %	23,3 %	18,1 %	15,3 %	21,4 %	16,2 %	14,4 %	18,6 %
Percentage agricultural exports in total exports	5,2 %	17,0 %	8,3 %	24,4 %	10,8 %	7,8 %	43,8 %	38,3 %	12,2 %

Source: Eurostat

1. Milk and fresh cream (Germany, Italy)Italy's imports of milk and fresh cream

1. In the three years between 1968 and 1970, Italy imported on average 47.000 tonnes of milk and fresh cream a year. This total included an average of 12.500 tonnes a year from Germany and 22.000 tonnes a year from France (see tables in Annex B). By 1976, Italy's yearly imports has reached 873.000 tonnes and Germany had become the most important supplier, sending 742.000 tonnes in 1976 against 129.000 tonnes from France.
2. The pattern of Italian milk and fresh cream imports is characterised by a series of spurts : thus imports in 1971 were 202.000 tonnes against 71.000 tonnes the year before; in 1973 imports rose to 422.000 tonnes against 284.000 in 1972; in 1976 they reached 873.000 tonnes against 578.000 in 1975. Each of these occasions also saw important increases in imports from Germany, which was also steadily increasing its exports to the Netherlands (1968-70, 27.000 t.; 1976, 136.000 t.).  
Imports of milk and fresh cream to Italy from France showed an erratic pattern 1968-70 and 1976.  
Italian imports of other dairy products have also increased since 1968, notably some types of cheese. Imports of butter from Germany have tripled since 1968.

Milk production and consumption in Italy, France and Germany

3. Deliveries of milk to dairies in Italy increased by 4,6 % between 1968-70 and 1976 (1968-70, 6,6 million tonnes, 1976 6,9 million). In Germany, in the same period, deliveries rose by 8,6 % and in France by 16,0 %. Use of milk in Italy for butter production remained unchanged while cheese production rose by 15 %. In Germany in the same period, 1968-70 to 1976, butter production rose by 4 % and cheese production by 39 % while in France butter production rose by 9,0 % and cheese production by 31 %.

4. In Italy and Germany, the increase in milk deliveries is being achieved despite a reduction in dairy cow numbers - - 2,9 % a year in Italy and - 0,4 % a year in Germany. In France, cow numbers are growing at the rate of 0,8 % a year. In the north of Italy, cow numbers remained constant in Lombardia between 1970 and 1974, but they fell in Piemonte, Emilia Romagna and Veneto. In Germany, cow numbers in Bayern fell slightly less than the national average. In France, the chief rise in cow numbers has been in Bretagne, Normandie et Pays de la Loire.
5. Milk consumption in Italy rose by 10 % between 1973 and 1976 (1973, 68,0 kgs/head/year; 1976, 74,8), while consumption in Germany fell slightly (1973, 86,4 kgs/head/year; 1976 85,2). In France, the consumption rise was 6,0 % (1973, 81,1/kgs/head/year; 1976, 86,0). In the same period, cream consumption also rose in Italy (from 0,6 to 1,0 kg/head/year).

Italy is a deficit market for milk and all milk products. Its degree of self supply for milk in 1976 was 75 %; for cream, it was 85 %; for butter it was 54,5 %; for cheese, it was 77,4 %. Skimmed milk powder used in Italy is imported.

#### Monetary evolution

6. The gap between the market exchange rate of the Italian Lira and its representative rate - and, therefore, the size of the monetary compensatory amount (MCA) on Italian imports - can be studied in Graph No. 2, Volume I, of the present report. It can be seen from this that the total MCA paid on Italian imports of milk from Germany was considerable in the second half of 1973 and the first half of 1974 and again in 1976 and 1977. The total MCA paid on Italian milk imports from France, however, was greatest in 1973, when the French franc was part of the European joint-float.

#### Conclusions

7. It is difficult to isolate the effects of monetary compensation in the trade in milk and fresh cream between Germany and Italy. From the facts listed above, it can be seen that :

- Germany has expanded its fresh milk sales to the Netherlands in the same period.
- Consumption of fresh milk per head has tended to fall in Germany (1973-1976) while it has increased in France and Italy.
- Italy has a low degree of self-supply in all milk products and is a milk deficit area, whereas both Germany and France are surplus areas.
- Germany's milk shipments to Italy began to rise before monetary compensation became important (though increases in shipments did accompany high levels of monetary compensation in 1973, 1974 and 1976).
- The increased milk production in France has taken place in regions a long distance from the Italian border. Germany's biggest milk producing area, Bavaria, is strategically well-placed.

2. Pigmeat

1. In the last four years the Netherlands has increased its share of intra-Community trade while those of the BLEU and, especially, Denmark have declined and that of other countries has been more or less stationary. This pattern has continued in the first nine months of 1977.
2. Since 1973 pigmeat production has increased not only relatively but absolutely in the original Member States (less BLEU) and decreased correspondingly in the other Member States.
3. Since 1970 the relationship between the pigmeat market price and the price of compound feed for fattening pigs has deteriorated (disproportionate increase in production costs) in all Member States, the development being more favourable in Germany, Netherlands and the BLEU.
4. The Community, taken as a whole, is self-sufficient. There are four surplus areas: the Netherlands (self-supply level: 209% in 1976); the BLEU (173%), Ireland (137%) and Denmark (360%), and four deficit Member States: Germany (88%), France (85%), Italy (71%) and the United Kingdom (65%). From 1973 to 1976 the level of self-supply was the same or higher in Germany, the Netherlands and the BLEU, and lower in the other Member States.
5. The increase in production in the Member States of the Community as originally constituted, except in the BLEU, was more than proportionate to the increase in consumption in Germany and the Netherlands, thereby increasing their export potential, and less than proportionate in France and Italy, thereby adding to their deficit. In the United Kingdom, production and consumption fell, the latter less than proportionately to production, thereby adding to this Member State's deficit in pigmeat. Production fell in Denmark and consumption rose, while in Ireland production and consumption both fell.

6. Over the last few years Netherlands and Germany have increased their shares of the United Kingdom pigmeat market and Denmark has seen its share decrease. Denmark sends mainly bacon sides and meat preserves to the United Kingdom, the Netherlands mainly lard, cuts of bacon and preparations such as tinned hams. The Netherlands has taken a larger share of the bacon and meat preserves market while its relative share of the market in lard fell, as did that of France, to the benefit of Germany and, to some extent, of Italy.
7. The reasons for these changes in trade flows could be:
  - the pressure exerted by domestic production, which is the case with Germany and, as regards lard, with Italy.
  - differences in the composition of the feed ration as between Member States. For instance, the proportion of cereals in the feed ration for pigs is higher in France, Italy and Denmark, while the basis for calculating compensatory amounts is the theoretical purchase price for pigmeat.
  - the poor alignment of green rates in the United Kingdom which, together with the rate of inflation in this Member State, has placed British producers in a difficult situation.
8. It is also difficult to isolate the effects of monetary compensatory amounts on trade and production in the pigmeat sector. The facts outlined above would suggest that:
  - although Denmark has gained from its sizeable exports to the United Kingdom, its share of trade and production has fallen;

- the Netherlands has significantly increased its share, even though Germany is the main market for Netherlands pigmeat.

Other factors also influence production in the Member States, e.g. the possible use of cereal substitutes (tapioca), national differences in financial, taxation and parafiscal policies. Some influence is also exerted by structural, demographic and general economic factors.

3. Trade between Ireland and Northern Ireland

1. The application of the agri-monetary system in the case of Ireland and Northern Ireland has given rise to difficulties in several sectors and, in particular, the livestock sector.
- A. In the livestock sector the difficulties caused by the agri-monetary system have aggravated problems due to the differential application of the common organization of the market in beef and veal in these two Member States (Ireland, intervention; Northern Ireland, variable premiums).
2. In Ireland and Northern Ireland the same currency, the pound sterling is applied, and so long as monetary compensatory amounts were applied at the common frontier, the transaction took place without monetary barriers. This frontier is difficult to patrol and gives scope for clandestine trade. In effect, there is a single market in live cattle in these two regions owing to their structural, geographical and political circumstances.
3. However, when the steady depreciation of the pound sterling in the United Kingdom and Ireland leads to changes in the respective green rates which differ in timing and amount, the conditions of free movement of products between Northern Ireland and Ireland went by the board. Thus, between accession and the end of 1977, the green pound has been devalued for Ireland by 38% while for the United Kingdom, and hence for Northern Ireland, the devaluation has been only 21%. In this way, the gap between the two green rates has become significant. It means that common prices expressed in pounds sterling are more than twenty-five percent higher in Ireland than in Northern Ireland and charges and subsidies of this amount are applied at the common frontier according to whether the farm products subject to monetary compensatory amounts are passing from Ireland to Northern Ireland or the reverse.

4. As a result of this situation, there has been first of all a marked increase in the "migration" of live animals from Northern Ireland to Ireland where intervention prices and market prices are higher, to the detriment of slaughterhouses and meat processing industries in the North. Owing to the difficulty of controlling the common frontier, it has been possible for animals to cross into the South clandestinely in order to avoid paying the monetary compensatory amounts.
5. To remedy these difficulties, the Council authorized the United Kingdom to grant an employment subsidy to certain Northern Ireland slaughterhouses (meat industry employment premium). This subsidy, which is close to but never actually reaches the level of the difference in the monetary compensatory amounts between Ireland and the United Kingdom, is granted only in respect of animals originating in Northern Ireland and in Ireland and slaughtered in Northern Ireland.
6. The effect of the granting of this subsidy has been to cause the flow of trade to reverse direction, i.e. from Ireland to the North. For this reason, the Commission decided, by Regulation (EEC) No 1260/77 of 13 June 1977, that the monetary compensatory amounts applicable to live cattle in trade between these two countries would be suspended for as long as the employment subsidy was granted in Northern Ireland. At the same time, the twenty-week period of stay for cattle originating in Ireland but slaughtered in Northern Ireland was suspended.