COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COM (77) 525 final, vol. II

Brussels, 3 January 1978

Commission proposals

on the fixing of prices for certain agricultural products and on certain measures.

Volume II

COM (77) 525 final Vol. II

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No of

fixing cereal prices for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Articles 3(6) and 4 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas the markets and prices policy, based on modernized farms, is the main instrument of the incomes policy in agriculture; whereas full advantage cannot be drawn from such a policy unless it is integrated into a common agricultural policy as a whole, comprising a dynamic social and structural policy and the application of the rules on competition contained in the Treaty;

Whereas the intervention prices and target prices for the principal cereals and the reference price for common wheat of bread-making quality must be fixed in such a way as to promote a balance between the different sections of production on the basis of actual market requirements while at the same time ensuring the improvement of farm incomes;

Whereas, on the one hand, in order to guarantee the fluidity of the Community barley and maize markets, it seems advisable to move towards complete alignment, account being taken of the normal ratio between the average relative values of these two cereals for use in animal feed;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1.11.1975, p. 1

⁽²⁾

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C

Whereas, on the other hand, in the case of common wheat of bread-making quality, the reference price for this product should be fixed at a level corresponding to the medium bread-making quality; whereas, in calculating this price, account should be taken in particular of the difference in return between the production of this common wheat of medium bread-making quality and that of common wheat of non-bread-making quality, which can at present be assessed at 15%;

Whereas, in respect of the products referred to in this Regulation, the application of the criteria for the fixing of the different prices, and the application of the measures provided for in respect of the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture, entail the fixing of those prices at the levels shown in the Annex,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, cereal prices shall be as shown . in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

ANNEX

	(u.a./1 000 kg)
COMMON WHEAT	
Single common intervention price:	121,57
Reference price, medium bread-making quality:	139,80
Target price	162,39
RYE	
Single intervention price	127,00
Target price	154,65
BARLEY	
Single common intervention price:	121,57
Target price	147,23
MAIZE	
Single common intervention price	121,57
Target price	147,23
DURUM WHEAT	
Single intervention price	195,72
Target price	218,46

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

Taying down for the marketing year 1978/79 the list of Community regions which qualify for aid in respect of durum wheat and fixing the amount of such aid

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Article 10(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Whereas, while provision should be made for the maintenance of durum wheat production at its present level, the production thereof should be encouraged only in areas with a low yield, in order to maintain the level of preducers' incomes in those areas,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the marketing year 1978/79, the aid for durum wheat provided for in Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be granted in the Community regions listed in the Annex hereto. Such aid shall be 66 units of account per hectare.

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 1153/77(4), is hereby repealed.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1.11.1975, p. 1

⁽²⁾

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 136, 2.6.1977, p. 6

ANNEX

ITALY

Administrative regions

Abruzzi

Basilicata

Calabria

Campania

Molise

Puglie

Sardegna

Sicilia

Umbria

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing, for the 1978/79 marketing year, the monthly price increases for cereals, wheat and rye flour and wheat groats and meal

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Article 6(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, when the number and amount of the monthly increases and the first month during which these are to apply are fixed, account should be taken of the storage costs and interest charges for storing cereals in the Community and of the need to ensure that the disposal of stocks of cereals conforms to market requirements;

Whereas to take account of such criteria there should be no change in the level of the monthly increases fixed for the 1977/78 marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the monthly increases to be applied to the target price, threshold price and intervention price for the products listed in Article 1(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 and to the reference price for common wheat of bread-making quality shall be as set out in this Regulation.

Article 2

The monthly increases to be applied to the target price, threshold price and intervention price for common wheat, rye, barley, maize and durum wheat and to the reference price for common wheat of bread-making quality, operative for the first month of the marketing year, shall be as follows:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1.11.1975, p. 1

	units of account per tonne		
Period	Common wheat, rye, barley and maize	Durum wheat	
August 1978	-		
September	1.46	1.56	
October	2.92	3.12	
November	4.38	4.68	
December	5.84	6.24	
January 1979	7.30	7.80	
February	8.76	9.36	
March	10.22	10.92	
April	11.68	12.48	
May	13.14	14.04	
June	(14.60)	(15.60)	
July	(14.60)	(15.60)	

The monthly increases in brackets shall not apply to the reference price for common wheat of breadmaking quality or to intervention prices.

Article 3

The monthly increases to be applied to the threshold price for meslin, oats, buckwheat, millet, canary seed and sorghum, operative for the first month of the marketing year, shall be the same as those applicable to cereals other than durum wheat.

Article 4

The monthly increases to be applied to the threshold price for wheat, meslin and rye flour and to the threshold price for groats and meal of common or of durum wheat, operative for the first month of the marketing year, shall be as follows:

	units of account per tonne			
Period	Wheat and meslin flour, common wheat groats and meal,rye flour	Groats and meal of durum wheat		
August 1978	-	-		
September	2.19	2.46		
October	4.38	4.92		
November	6.57	7.38		
December	8.76	9.84		
January 1979	10.95	12.30		
February	13.14	14.76		
March	15.33	17.22		
April	17.52	19.68		
May	19.71	22.14		
June	21.90	24.60		
July	21.90	24.60		

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No .../...

of

fixing a carry-over payment for common wheat, rye and maize remaining in stock at the end of the 1977/78 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals 1, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No / 2, and in particular Article 9(1) and (5) thereof.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the purpose of the carry-over payment provided for in Article 9(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 is to prevent a massive inflow to intervention of cereals, much of which could be disposed of on the market before the new harvest, at the moment when the monthly intervention price increases end; whereas the market situation for common wheat throughout the Community and that for rye in certain regions of the Community are such that a carry-over payment should be given for these cereals;

Whereas there is a likehood in certain regions of quantities of maize being offered for intervention although a deficit exists for the Community as a whole; whereas a carry-over payment should therefore also be given for this cereal; whereas, since the marketing of a crop normally extends beyond the end of the marketing year in question, the granting of a earry-over payment helps to prevent the large quantities normally in stock at the end of the marketing year going to intervention during its last few months;

¹OJ No L 281, 1.11.1975, p. 1.

²OJ No L , , p.

Whereas the amount of the carry-over payment should be the difference between the target price for the 1978/79 marketing year and that applicable in the last month of the current marketing year; whereas this difference should be calculated in the national currency of each Member State using the conversion rate for the unit of account applicable to the marketing year in question, and whereas, where the calculation gives a negative amount, the payment should be counted as nil;

Whereas the carry-over payment cannot be given for cereals harvested in the Community during 1978, as their cost has not been increased by any storage element; whereas, in view of the connection between the intervention and the carry-over payment systems, the latter should be given only for cereals which are of sound, fair and marketable quality, within the meaning of the provisions in implementation of Article 7(5) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- 1. A carry-over payment shall be granted for common wheat and rye of bread-making quality, harvested and in store in the Community at the end of the 1977/78 marketing year.
- 2. A carry-over payment shall also be granted for maize in store in surplus production areas at the end of the 1977/78 marketing year.
- 3. The carry-over payment shall be equal to the difference in national currency between the target price applicable in the last month of 1977/78 marketing year and that applicable in the first month of the 1978/79 marketing year. Where the calculation gives a negative amount the payment shall be counted as nil.

Article 2

The carry-over payments referred to in Article 1(1) and (2) shall not be made for cereals from the 1978 harvest or for cereals which are not of minimum intervention quality.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 on the common organization of the market in cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament 1,

Whereas, in accordance with Article 5(5) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals², as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1386/77³, the threshold prices for the basic products referred to in Article 1(a) of the said Regulation are fixed by the Council acting on a proposal from the Commission;

Whereas the threshold prices for the principal basic cereals are fixed by deducting from the target price for a given product the cost of transport between Rotterdam and Duisburg, the cost of unloading and a trading margin; whereas, in accordance with Article 5(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, the threshold prices for the cereals in respect of which no target price is fixed must be fixed in such a way that the price of the principal cereals which are in competition with them shall reach the target price on the Duisburg market; whereas, in consequence, those prices are derived prices; whereas they are therefore fixed either on the basis of purely technical criteria or on the basis of a stable price relationship between the secondary cereal and the basic cereal with which it enters into competition;

Whereas in these circumstances all the threshold prices should be fixed by the Commission in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75,

²OJ No L 281, 1.11.1975, p. 1.

³OJ No L 158, 29.6.1977, p. 1<u>.</u>

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 5(5) and (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 are hereby amended to read as follows:

- "5. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall determine the rules for fixing threshold prices for to in paragraph 3 and the standard qualities for products referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3.
- 6. Threshold prices for products referred to in this Article shall be fixed before 15 March of each year for the following marketing year in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 26."

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply with effect from 1 August 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No.../77

of

fixing rice prices for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No $.../77^2$, and in particular Article 3(3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament³,

Whereas the markets and prices policy, based on modernized farms, is the main instrument of the incomes policy imagriculture; whereas full advantage cannot be drawn from such a policy unless it is integrated into the common agricultural policy as a whole, including a dynamic socio-structural policy and the application of the rules on competition contained in the Treaty;

Whereas the intervention price for paddy rice must be fixed at a rate which takes account of the lines along which rice production should develop, of its use and of the improvement of farm incomes;

Whereas the target price for husked rice should be derived from the intervention price for paddy rice, in accordance with the criteria set out in Article 4(3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76;

Whereas the criteria for fixing the different prices and the measures relating to the agricultural exchange rates require no change in the present invention price for the products referred to in this Regulation; whereas the updating of the derivation factors has the effect of slightly increasing the target price,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹⁰J No L 166, 25.6.1976, p. 1.

³⁰J L

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the rice prices shall be as follows:

- (a) intervention price for paddy rice:
 171.55 units of account per tonne,
- (b) target price for husked rice:
 296.15 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

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fixing, for the 1978/79 marketing year, the monthly price increases for paddy rice and husked rice

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 on the common organization of the market in rice(1), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Article 7(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, when fixing the number and amount of the monthly increases and the first month during which these increases are to apply, account is to be taken of the costs of storing and financing rice in the Community and of the need to ensure that the disposal of stocks of rice conforms to market requirements;

Whereas, to take account of these criteria, the monthly increases adopted for the 1977/78 marketing year should be maintained,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- 1. For the 1978/79 marketing year, the amount of each of the monthly increases provided for in Article 7(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as follows:
 - 1.80 units of account per tonne for the intervention price,
 - 2.25 units of account per tonne for the target price.
- These monthly increases shall apply from 1 October 1978 to 1 July 1979. The prices thus obtained for July 1979 shall remain valid until 31 August 1979.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No /77

of

fixing the protective amount to be included in the threshold price for wholly milled rice

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice , as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No /77, and in particular Article 14(4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 14(3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the threshold prices for wholly milled rice are to be derived from the threshold prices for husked rice to which an amount for the protection of the industry is to be added; whereas that amount should be fixed at a level which takes account of the situation of the Community rice-processing industry and trends in imports of wholly milled rice,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount to be included in the threshold price for wholly milled rice for the protection of the industry shall be 11.50 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply with effect from 1 September 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council The President

¹OJ No L 166, 25.6.1976, p. 1.

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No.,./78

of

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 as regards procedure for fixing the threshold price for round grain husked rice and broken rice

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas, under Articles 14(4) and 15(3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice2, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1158/773, the threshold prices for round grain husked rice and broken rice are fixed by the Council acting on a proposal from the Commission;

Whereas the threshold price for round grain husked rice is fixed by deducting from the target price the cost of transport between Rotterdam and Duisburg, the cost of unloading and a trading margin; whereas the threshold price for broken rice is fixed at between 130 and 140% of the threshold price for maize; whereas, since these threshold prices are only derived prices and the derivation factors are technical in the case of husked rice and determined by the Council in the case of broken rice, the prices should be fixed by the Commission in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article l

Regulation (KEC) No 1418/76 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 14(4) shall read:

"4. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall fix the protective amount referred to in paragraph 3".

OJ No

²0J No L 166, 25.6.1976, p. 1. ³0J No L 136, 2.6.1977, p. 13.

- 2. Article 14(5) shall read:
- "5. The following shall be determined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 27:
 - (a) the threshold price for round grain husked rice
 - (b) the threshold price for long grain husked rice
 - (c) the threshold price for round grain wholly milled rice
 - (d) the threshold price for long grain wholly milled rice
 - (e) the variety of long grain rice representative of Community production and the difference in value, per tonne of husked rice, between that variety and the variety of round grain rice corresponding to the standard quality".
- 3. Article 15(3) shall read:
- "3. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall fix the standard quality for which the threshold price for broken rice is fixed".
- 2. The following paragraph 4 is added to Article 15:
- "4. The threshold price for broken rice shall be fixed in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 27".

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply with effect from 1 September 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

fixing, for the 1978/79 sugar year, the sugar prices, the standard quality of beet and the coefficient for calculating the maximum quota

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Articles 2 (2), 3 (5) and 4 (3) and the second subparagraph of Article 25 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the Parliament (3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee (4),

Whereas, when sugar prices are fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas, in order to attain these objectives, the target price for sugar must be fixed at a level which, taking into account in particular the resultant level of the intervention price, ensures a fair remuneration for beet and sugar cane producers while at the same time respecting consumers interests, and which is likely to maintain the balance between the prices of the principal agricultural products;

Whereas, as a result of the characteristics of the sugar market, the risks involved in this trade are relatively slight; whereas, consequently, when the intervention price for sugar is being fixed, the difference between the target price and the intervention price may be fixed at a relatively low level;

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p.

¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31.12.1974, p.1 3) OJ No 2) OJ No L 4) OJ No

Whereas the minimum price for beet must take account of the intervention price and of the costs of processing and delivering the beet to factories and be based on an estimated Community yield of 130 kilograms of white sugar per tonne of beet with a 16 % sugar content;

Whereas the abovementioned standard costs may be estimated at 13,42 units of account per 100 kilograms of white sugar; whereas that standard amount is made up of the sum of the real processing margin, ignoring sugar storage costs, estimated at 11,81 units of account, the costs of delivering the beet to factories, estimated at 2,34 units of account, and the cost relating to the minimum stock not covered by the offsetting of storage costs, estimated at a flat-rate amount of 0.10 unit of account, less a flat-rate amount of 0.83 unit of account representing factories receipts from the sale of molasses calculated on the basis of a yield of 38.5 kilograms per tenne of beet processed and an ex-factory price for molasses of 2.80 units of account per 100 kilograms of molasses;

Whereas the standard quality chosen for beet should be a quality which takes account of production characteristics in the main beet-producing areas of the Community;

Whereas in the light of production trends resulting from specialization on the one hand of the Community's sugar requirements, and possible outlets on the other, the coefficient for the maximum quota laid down in Article 25 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 should be fixed at 1,20;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

This Regulation shall apply to the 1978/79 sugar year.

Article 2

- 1. The target price for white sugar shall be 34,96 units of account per 100 kilograms.
- 2. The intervention price for white sugar shall be 33,21 units of account per 100 kilograms.
- 3. The area having the largest surplus consists of the following French departments: Aisne, Oise, Somme.

Article 3

The minimum price for beet for the area referred to in Article 2 (3) shall be 25.73 units of account per tonne delivered at the collection centre.

Article 4

Standard quality beet shall:

- (a) be of sound, genuine and merchantable quality;
- (b) have a sugar content of 16 % at the reception point.

Article 5

The coefficient referred to in Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be 1,20.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels.

For the Council

The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC.)

fixing, for the 1978/79 sugar marketing year, the derived intervention prices, the intervention price for raw beet sugar, the minimum prices for beet, the threshold prices, the maximum amount of the production levy and the amount of the repayment to offset storage costs and fixing the coefficient for calculating the special maximum quota

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Articles 3 (6),4 (4), 8 (2),

9 (5), 13 (5), 28 and 32 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No of

fixing, for the sugar marketing year, the sugar prices, the standard quality of beet and the coefficient for calculating the maximum quota (3), fixed the intervention price for white sugar at 33,21 units of account per 100 kilograms for the Community area having the largest surplus;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides that derived intervention prices for white sugar shall be fixed for other areas, account being taken of the regional variations which, given a normal harvest and free movement of sugar, might be expected to occur in the price of sugar under natural conditions of price formation;

Whereas, in view of the quotas fixed in the production areas of Belgium, Denmark, Germany, France and the Netherlands, a balance or surplus situation can be anticipated; whereas, with the exception of the French overseas departments, the ex-factory prices in the areas mentioned will, to a large extent, be equal to the prices in the Community area having the largest surplus;

Whereas sugar production in Italy, with relatively high production costs, will probably not exceed the basic quantity fixed; whereas a deficit of at least 300 000 tonnes should be allowed for, which will therefore have to be covered by production from Community surplus areas;

p.

¹⁾ OJ No L 359, 31.12.1974, p.1

²⁾ OJ No L p.

³⁾ OJ No L

Whereas, in these circumstances, the level of market prices in Italy will be determined by the offer prices of sugar from Community surplus areas; whereas the derived intervention price for Italy may be fixed at 35,05 units of account per 100 kilograms, account being taken, on the one hand, of the intervention price applicable in the north of France, plus the marketing costs for deliveries to Italy and, on the other, of the marketing costs of the Italian sugar industry;

Whereas, given a normal harvest, sugar production in Ireland and the United Kingdom covers roughly 90 and 40 % respectively of the needs of their respective home markets; whereas these needs must in part be met by sugar available in Community surplus areas;

Whereas, in these circumstances, the level of market prices in both Ireland and the United Kingdom will be determined largely by the offer prices of sugar from these areas; whereas a single derived intervention price for white sugar, which may be fixed at 34,26 units of account per 100 kilograms, should therefore be adopted for all regions of Ireland and the United Kingdom, account being taken on the one hand of the intervention price applicable in the Community area having the largest surplus plus the marketing costs of delivery to Ireland and the United Kingdom and, on the other, of the marketing costs of the sugar industry of these Member States;

Whereas there is a considerable surplus production of raw sugar in the French overseas departments; whereas the most favourable potential outlets for this sugar within the Community are in the south of France and Italy, where the sugar, after being refined, may be sold directly; whereas, on the basis of the foreseeable market prices in the deficit areas of Italy, which will be 2.46 units of account per 100 kilograms above the derived intervention price in Italy, and taking account of transport costs between the French overseas departments and these areas, the derived intervention prices for those departments should be fixed at 32,81 units of account per 100 kilograms of white sugar;

Whereas Article 3 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides that an intervention price for raw sugar shall be fixed for those departments, such price to be derived from the intervention price for white sugar fixed for those departments account being taken of a uniform processing margin and a standard yield; whereas, on the basis of available information, the refining costs may be estimated at 2.73 units of account per 100 kilograms of refined sugar; whereas, moreover, in accordance with the definition of the standard quality for raw sugar laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 431/68(1), a yield of 92 % should be taken into account;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 89, 10.4.1968, p.3

Whereas Article 9 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides for the fixing of intervention prices for raw beet sugar; whereas this fixing is not, however, necessary for the Community regions in which this production is not actually marketed; whereas these prices should be derived from the intervention price for white sugar, account being taken of the factors already mentioned for fixing the intervention price for raw sugar in the french overseas departments and of the forwarding costs for supplying raw sugar, these being estimated at a standard rate of 0.51 unit of account per 100 kilograms;

Whereas the minimum prices for sugar beet, as referred to in the first indent of Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, must be determined for the areas other than that having the largest surplus on the basis of the intervention prices for white sugar applicable in those areas, account being taken in particular of the amounts used when fixing the minimum price for beet for the area having the largest surplus, the processing margin, the yield, the receipts from molasses and the delivery costs of the beet;

Whereas Article 13 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides that the threshold price for white sugar should be the same as the target price for the Community area having the largest surplus plus transport charges, calculated at a flat rate, from that area to the most distant deficit area in

the Community, plus a flat-rate amount taking account of the storage levy, which for 1978/79 can be estimated at 1.77 units of account per 100 kilo-grams of white sugar; whereas, given the state of supplies within the Community. account should be taken of transport charges between the departments of northern France and Palermo;

Whereas the threshold price for raw sugar is to be derived from the threshold price for white sugar by reference to a standard processing margin and a standard yield; whereas the same criteria as are used in the derivation of the intervention price for raw sugar should therefore be applied;

Whereas the threshold price for molasses should be fixed in such a way that the receipts from sales of molasses may reach the level of receipts of undertakings taken into account in the fixing of minimum prices for beet; whereas Article 38 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides for the fixing of the maximum amount of the production levy, for the fixing of the minimum prices for beet outside the basic quota for the sugar beet producing areas in respect of which an intervention price is fixed and for the fixing of the percentage determining the amount of the supplementary payment which manufacturers must, where appropriate, make to beet sellers; whereas, by Article 27 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, the production levy may not exceed 30 % of the intervention price; whereas for the area with the largest surplus the minimum price for beet outside the basic quota should be fixed at 70 % of the minimum price for beet; whereas the percentage taken for determining the abovementioned supplementary payment may be fixed at 60 %, account being taken of the value of beet in relation to the intervention price for sugar; whereas the same percentage should be taken to determine the payment which sugar manufacturers may require of cane sellers;

Whereas Article 5 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1358/77 of 20 June 1977 laying down general rules for offsetting storage costs for sugar (2), provides that the amount of repayment shall be fixed per month and per unit of weight taking account of financing, insurance and specific storage costs.

Whereas, under Article 32 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, it is necessary, for the period or periods subsequent to 30 June 1976, to determine the length of each period for which a decision not to apply Article 30 of that Regulation may be taken, to fix the coefficient for calculating the special maximum quota and to specify the basic quota to which the said coefficient applies;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

²⁾ OJ No L 156, 25.6.1977, p.4

Subject to Article 8 this Regulation shall apply for the 1978/79 sugar year.

Article 2

For the regions other than the Community area having the largest surplus the derived intervention prices for 100 kilograms of white sugar shall be:

- (a) 35,05 units of account for all regions of Italy;
- (b) 32,81 units of account for the French overseas departments;
- (c) 34,21 units of account for all regions of Ireland and of the United Kingdom;
- (d) 33,21 units of account for the other regions of the Community.

Article 3

- 1. The intervention price for 100 kilograms of raw beet sugar shall be 27.57 units of account for the region having the largest surplus and for the regions referred to in Article 2 (d). This intervention price shall be valid for raw sugar of standard quality, unpacked, ex-factory, loaded on to the means of transport chosen by the buyer.
- 2. The derived intervention price for the French overseas departments for raw sugar referred to in Article 3 (4) of Regulation (EEC)

 No 3330/74 shall be 27.67 units of account per 100 kilograms, account being taken of the second subparagraph of Article 3 (6) of the said Regulation.

Article 4

- 1. The minimum price for beet shall be, per tonne:
 - (a) 28,12 units of account for the regions referred to in Article 2 (a);
 - (b) 27,03 units of account for the regions referred to in Article 2 (c);
 - (c) 25,73 units of account for the regions referred to in Article 2 (d);
- 2. The minimum price for beet outside the basic quotas shall be, per tonne:
 - (a) 18,01 units of account for the Community area having the largest surplus and for the regions referred to in Article 2 (d);
 - (b) 20,40 units of account for the regions referred to in Article 2 (a);
 - (c) 19,31 units of account for the regions referred to in Article 2 (c).

The threshold price shall be:

- (a) 40,24 units of account per 100 kilograms of white sugar;
- (b) 34,51 units of account per 100 kilograms of raw sugar;
- (c) 3,20 units of account per 100 kilograms of molasses.

Article 6

- 1. The maximum amount of the production levy referred to in Article 28 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be 9,96 units of account per 100 kilograms of white sugar.
- 2. The percentages referred to in Article 27 (4) and (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be 60 %.

Article 7

The amount of repayment referred to in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be 0.30 unit of account per month per 100 kilograms of white sugar.

Article 8

- 1. The period referred to in the first indent of Article 32 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall run from 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1980. The Member State concerned must take its decision in respect of this period before 1 May 1978.
- 2. The coefficient referred to in the second indent of Article 32 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 shall be 2,20 for the period referred to in paragraph 1. The coefficient shall be applied to the basic quota for the 1978/79 year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 laying down common provisions for isoglucose

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament 1),

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 of 17 May/laying down common provisions for isoglucose²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No /77 ³⁾, provides, inter alia, for a production levy system to apply until 30 June 1979; whereas for the last period of application the amount of the production levy on isoglucose is to be equal to that of the levy provided for in Article 27 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No /78⁵⁾;

Whereas for the first period of application Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 has already temporarily fixed a maximum levy of five units of account per 100 kilograms of dry matter, which in the present state of the sugar market can be

considered as the actual amount of the levy on isoglucose during that period; whereas, after the first period of application of the system, the principle of equal levies on sugar and isoglucose should be reviewed and should be abandoned when the levy on sugar exceeds the amount considered to be the difference between the price of sugar in the light of the existing quota system and its price in the absence of that system, in order to maintain the balance between available supplies and sales opport-

unities; whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 should therefore be amended accordingly;

Whereas the markets in sugar and isoglucose are closely linked and whereas there are structural surpluses in the Community sugar sector; whereas, this being so, any Community decision on one of these products necessarily affects the other; whereas

¹⁾ OJ No C

²⁾ OJ No L 134,28.5.1977,p.4

³⁾ OJ No L

⁴⁾ OJ No L 359, 31.12.1974, p.1

⁵⁾ OJ No L

the future Community policy on sugar and sugar substitutes should therefore be an overall one; whereas, since the quota system for sugar applies until 30 June 1980, the same duration must therefore be fixed for the levy system on isoglucose,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Regulation (EEC) No 1111/77 is hereby_amended to read as follows:

1. Article 8 shall read:

"Article 8

- 1. Article 9 shall be applicable to the periods corresponding to the 1978/79 and 1979/80 sugar years.
- 2. The Council shall adopt before 1 January 1980, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43 (2) of the Treaty, the system applicable with effect from 1 July 1980.".

2. Article 9 shall read:

" Article 9

- 1. Member States shall charge a production levy on manufacturers of isoglucose.
- 2. For production carried out during the period 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1979, the levy shall be 5 units of account per 100 kilograms of dry matter.
 - However, if for the same period the production levy provided for in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 is less than 5 units of account, an amount equal to the production levy provided for in the abovementioned Regulation shall apply.
- 3. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall fix, without prejudice to the second subparagraph of paragraph 2, at the same time as the derived intervention prices referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, the amount of the levy on production carried out during the period 1 July 1979 to 30 June 1980.
- 4. The detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 12."

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities. It shall apply with effect from 1 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

fixing the production target price, the production aid and the intervention price for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the common organization of the market in oils and fats1, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No $/77^2$, and in particular Articles 4(4) and 5(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament³.

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee4.

Whereas, when the production target price for olive oil is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the target price referred to above must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Articles 4 and 6 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC; whereas the application of these criteria results in the fixing of the production target price at the level specified below;

Whereas, if the producer is to receive a fair income, the production aid must be fixed in the light of the impact which the marketing aid has on part of the production; whereas the application of these criteria results in the fixing of that aid at the level specified below;

OJ No 172, 30.9.1966, p. 3025/66.

³⁰J No L

⁴⁰J No L

Whereas the intervention price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 8 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC; whereas the application of these criteria results in the fixing of the intervention price at the level specified below;

Whereas the production target price and the intervention price are fixed for a specific standard quality; whereas the reasons which led to the determination of the standard quality for the preceding marketing year are still valid; whereas that standard quality should therefore remain unchanged,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the production target price for olive oil, the production aid and the intervention price shall be as follows:

(a) production target price: 187.78 units of account per 100 kilograms;

(b) production aid: 35 units of account per 100 kilograms;

(c) intervention price: 145.49 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

The prices specified in Article 1 relate to semi-fine virgin olive oil with a free fatty acid content, expressed as cleic acid, of three grams per 100 grams.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

*ذ*_ ^

For the Council

- Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No /78

of

fixing the monthly increases in the market target price, the intervention price and the threshold price for olive oil for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats¹, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No / 2, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, under Artic. 10 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC the market target price, the intervention price and the threshold price for clive oil must be increased each month for a period of at least 5 months beginning on 1 January 1978; whereas these increases must be the same for all three prices;

Whereas, when these increases, which are the same for each of the five months, are being fixed, account must be taken of average storage costs and interest charges in the Community; whereas the average storage costs should be established on the basis of the cost of storing oil in the appropriate premises and the cost of the handling required to keep the oil in good condition; whereas the interest charges can be calculated with reference to the average price of olive oil in production areas;

Whereas, to ensure orderly marketing of the production, in view of the prospects for production and consumption, it is sufficient to provide for seven increases for olive oil,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹OJ No 172, 30.9.1966, p. 3025/66.

²OJ No

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases referred to in Article 10 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC and applicable with effect from 1 January 1979 shall be 1.12 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

fixing the target prices and basic intervention prices for oil seeds for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73(2), and in particular the third subparagraph of Article 22(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas, when the target prices and basic intervention prices for oil seeds are fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural Community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing the target price and basic intervention price for colza and rape seed and for sunflower seed at a level higher than that adopted for the preceding marketing year;

Whereas the price of oil seeds must be fixed for specific standard qualities; whereas the latter should be laid down in relation to the average qualities of the seeds harvested in the Community; whereas, for colza and rape seed and sunflower seed, the quality laid down for the 1977/78 marketing year meets these requirements and can accordingly be retained for the following marketing year,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30.9.1966, p. 3025/66

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29.6.1973, p. 5

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the target prices and the basic intervention prices for oil seeds shall be as follows:

Units of account per 100 kg

1

(a) Colza and rape seeds:

target price 29.67basic intervention price 28.82

(b) Sunflower seeds:

target pricebasic intervention price32.0131.09

The basic intervention prices are valid for Genea.

Article 2

The prices referred to in Article 1 relate to seeds in bulk of sound, fair and marketable quality:

- (a) with an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, humidity and oil contents of 9% and 40% respectively in the case of colza and rape seeds;
- (b) with an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, humidity and oil contents of 10% and 40% respectively in the case of sunflower seeds.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President...

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing for the 1978/79 marketing year the monthly increases in the target and intervention prices for oil seeds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73(2), and in particular Article 25 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

whereas, in accordance with Article 25 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the amount by which the target and intervention prices for colza, rape seed and sunflower seed are increased monthly from the beginning of the third month of the marketing year should be fixed for the 1978/79 marketing year, and the number of months during which such increases are to be applied should be determined; whereas such amount must be the same for both prices;

Whereas such increases must be the same for each month and be fixed by reference to average storage and interest charges recorded in the Community; whereas average storage charges should be determined on the basis of the cost of storing the seed in suitable premises and of the handling charges necessary to keep the seed in good condition; whereas interest charges may be calculated on the basis of the rate considered as normal for the production areas;

Whereas, taking into account the aforesaid requirements, the monthly increases for the 1978/79 marketing year should be fixed at the same level as that for the preceding marketing year;

Whereas the experience gained during the 1977/78 marketing year and harvest forecasts do not justify determining for the 1978/79 marketing year a number of monthly increases different from that laid down for the preceding marketing year,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30.9.1966, p. 3025/66

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29.6.1973, p. 5

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- 1. For the 1978/79 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases applicable to colza and rape seed shall be 0.304 unit of account per 100 kilograms.
- 2. These increases shall apply for seven months.

Article 2

- 1. For the 1978/79 marketing year, the amount of the monthly increases applicable to sunflower seed shall be 0.355 unit of account per 100 kilograms.
- 2. These increases shall apply for five months.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

fixing the guide price for linseed for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 569/76 of 15 March 1976 laying down special measures for linseed(1), and in particular Article 1(1) and (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(3),

Whereas, when the guide price for linseed is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community and to ensure that supplies are available and reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the first subparagraph of Article 1(1) of Regulation (EEC)
No 569/76 provides more specifically that this price shall be fixed at a
level which is fair to producers, account being taken of the supply
requirements of the Community; whereas, to this end, a balanced relationship
should be maintained between this price and the price of other oil seeds;

Whereas in accordance with these criteria the guide price should be fixed at a higher level than that adopted for the preceding marketing year;

Whereas the guide price must be fixed for a standard quality to be determined by reference to the average quality of seeds harvested in the Community; whereas the quality laid down for the 1977/78 marketing year meets this requirement and can accordingly be used for the following marketing year,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 67, 15.3.1976, p. 29

⁽²⁾ OJ No C

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the guide price for linseed shall be 32.43 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 2

The price referred to in Article 2 relates to seed:

- in bulk, of sound, fair and marketable quality, and
- with an impurity content of 2% and, for the seed as such, humidity and oil contents of 9% and 38% respectively.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing the guide price for soya beans for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1900/74 of 15 July 1974 laying down special measures for soya beans(1), and in particular Article 1(1) and (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(3),

Whereas, when the guide price for soya beans is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, and to ensure that supplies are available and reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the second subparagraph of Article 1(1) of Regulation (EEC)
No 1900/74 provides more specifically that this price shall be fixed at a
level which is fair to producers, account being taken of the supply
requirements of the Community; whereas, to this end, a balanced relationship
should be maintained between this price and the price of other oil seeds;

Whereas, in accordance with these criteria, the guide price should be fixed at a higher level than that adopted for the preceding marketing year;

Whereas the guide price must be fixed for a standard quality to be determined by reference to the average quality of beans harvested in the Community; whereas the quality laid down for the 1977/78 marketing year meets this requirement and can accordingly be used for the following marketing year,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 23.7.1974, p. 5.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the guide price for soya beans shall be 31.87 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

The price referred to in Article 1 relates to beans

- in bulk, of sound, fair and marketable quality, and
- with an impurity content of 2% and, for the beans as such, humidity and oil content of 14% and 18% respectively.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing the guide price for castor seeds for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No of laying down special measures for castor seeds(1), and in particular Article 1(1) and (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(3),

Whereas, when the guide price for castor seeds is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, and to ensure that supplies are available and reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the second subparagraph of Article 1(1) of Regulation (EEC) No provides more specifically that this price shall be fixed at a level which is fair to producers, account being taken of the supply requirements of the Community; whereas, to this end, a balanced relationship should be maintained between this price and the price of other oil seeds;

Whereas, in accordance with these criteria, the guide price should be fixed;

Whereas the guide price must be fixed for a standard quality to be determined by reference to the average quality of seeds harvested in the Community;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L

⁽²⁾ OJ No C

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the guide price for castor seeds shall be 40 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

The price referred to in Article 1 related to seeds

- in bulk, of sound, fair and marketable quality, and
- with an impurity content of 2% and, for the beans as such, humidity and oil contents of 14% and 45% respectively.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing the amount of aid for cotton seeds for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 of 12 July 1971 introducing a system of subsidies for cotton seeds(1), and in particular Article 1(3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(3),

Whereas, Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 provides that the amount of aid be fixed annually for cotton seeds produced within the Community so as to ensure a fair income for the producer, taking account of the market situation and foreseeable market trends;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing the amount of aid at a level higher than that adopted for the preceding marketing year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the amount of the aid for cotton seeds as provided for in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 shall be 108.70 units of account per hectare.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 160, 17.7.1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing the amounts of aid for fibre flax and hemp for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 of 29 June 1970 on the common organization of the market in flax and hemp(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 814/76(2), and in particular Article 4(3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 provides that the amount of aid for flax grown mainly for fibre and for hemp grown in the Community shall be fixed annually;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 4(2) of that Regulation, this amount shall be fixed per hectare sown and harvested so as to ensure a balance between the required volume of production within the Community and the potential outlets for that production; whereas, when it is fixed, account must be taken of the price for flax and hemp fibres and seeds on the world market, of the price for other competing natural products and of the guide price for linseed;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing prices at levels higher than those adopted for the preceding marketing year;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 146, 4.7.1970, p. 1

^{(2) 0}J No L 94, 9.4.1976, p. 4

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the aid provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 shall be:

- (a) as regards flax, 202.55 units of account per hectare.
- (b) as regards hemp, 183.96 units of account per hectare for all Member States.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a GOUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

on the common organization of the market in processed fodder

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 42 and 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament,

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee2,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1067/74 of 30 April 1974³, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1420/75⁴, set up a common organization of the market in dehydrated fodder but experience has shown that the production aid system introduced by that Regulation is not suitable for the market and should be replaced by another system;

Whereas certain other products processed from green fodder can be used to broaden the range of the Community's protein supplies and should therefore be included in the common organization of the market in processed fodder;

Whereas for reasons of clarity Regulation (EEC) No 1067/74 should be replaced by a new Regulation;

Whereas the processing of green fodder plants is particularly important for animal nutrition; whereas much less green fodder is grown than could be used in the Community; whereas appropriate measures should therefore be taken to increase the Community's protein supplies; whereas aid should therefore be granted to encourage the growing of green fodder;

Whereas processed fodder is in direct competition with similar products imported free of duty from outside the Community, the prices of which are subject to considerable fluctuation; whereas, in order therefore to guarantee processed fodder producers a fair return on the sale of their products, a norm price should be set for dehydrated fodder; whereas, owing to conditions of production, Community products are generally more highly priced than imported products; whereas aid equal to a percentage of the difference between the norm price and the world market price should therefore be granted; whereas aid of this kind will also enable production to be better adapted to market requirements;

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³0J No L 120, 1.5.1974, p. 2. ⁴0J No L 141, 3.6.1975, p. 1.

Whereas, because of the difference in processing costs prices for sun-dried fodder are lower than those for dehydrated fodder; whereas sun-dried fodder is also subject to competition from imports from outside the Community; whereas producers of sun-dried fodder should therefore be granted only part of the aid set for dehydrated fedder;

Whereas, in order to encourage a regular supply of green fodder to processers and to enable farmers to benefit from the aid scheme, the granting of aid should in certain cases be conditional on the conclusion of contracts between farmers and processors;

Whereas provision should be made for action to stabilize the market when temporary imbalances between available processed fodder and expected demand makes such action necessary; whereas provision should therefore be made for granting aid for private storage by holders of processed fodder;

Whereas the common organization of the market in processed fodder involves the introduction of a single trading system at the external frontiers of the Community; whereas pursuant to the Treaty the Common Customs Tariff has automatically applied since 1 January 1970, and this system makes it possible to dispense with all other protective measures; whereas, however, so as not to leave the Community market without defence against disturbances arising through imports or exports, the Community should be enabled to take all necessary measures without delay;

Whereas the provisions of the Treaty allowing the assessment of aid granted by Member States and the prohibition of those which are incompatible with the common market should be applied in the case of processed fodder;

Whereas, in order to facilitate implementation of the measures proposed, a procedure should be provided for establishing close cooperation between Member States and the Commission within a

Management Committee;

Whereas the establishment of a common organization of the market in processed fodder makes it necessary to amend the Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 827/68 of 28 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in certain products listed in Annex II to the Treaty¹, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1014/73²,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹OJ No L 151, 30.6.1968, p. 16. ²OJ No L 106, 20.4.1973, p. 1.

There shall be a common organization of the market in processed fodder covering the following products:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
(a) ex 12.10 B	Lucerne, sainfoin, clover, lupines, vetches and similar fodder products, artificially heat-dried, except hay and fodder kale and products containing hay
	Lucerne, otherwise dried and ground
(b) ex 23.07 C	Protein concentrates obtained from lucerne juice and from grass juice

Article 2

The marketing year for processed fodder shall begin on 1 April of each year and end on 31 March of the following year.

TITLE I

Aid system

Article 3

1. Aid for the production from fodder plants harvested in the Community of the products referred to in Article 1 shall be granted under the conditions set out in Article 6.

The rate of aid, which shall be uniform throughout the Community, shall be fixed each year before 1 August for the marketing year beginning the following year. However, the rate for the 1978/79 marketing year shall be fixed before 1 March 1978.

- 2. The rate of aid shall be set with the aim of improving the Community's protein supplies.
- 3. The rate of aid shall be set in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43(2) of the Treaty.

4. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt general rules for checking entitlement to aid.

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5. Detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

Article 4

1. Each year before 1 August a Community norm price for artificially heat-dried fodder shall be fixed for the following marketing year in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43(2) of the Treaty.

The price shall be fixed at a level that is fair to the producers.

However, the norm price for the 1978/79 marketing year shall be fixed before 1 March 1978.

- 2. The norm price shall apply throughout the marketing year for which it is fixed.
- 3. The norm price shall relate to a standard quality.

Article 5

When the norm price for a marketing year is higher than the average world market price for artificially heat-dried fodder, corrected if necessary for the standard quality referred to in Article 4, additional aid shall be granted for products listed in Article 1 produced from fodder plants harvested in the Community.

The amount of the aid shall be:

- (a) 80% of the difference between these two prices for artificially heat-dried products and lucerne and grass protein concentrates,
- (b) 40% of the difference for other products.

Article 6

- 1. The aid referred to in Articles 3 and 5 shall be granted only to undertakings processing the products listed in Article 1 which:
- produce processed fodder of a minimum quality to be determined;
- satisfy the necessary conditions for entitlement to aid and
- have concluded contracts with producers of fodder for processing or process their own crops or, in the case of groups or cooperatives, those of their members.

Aid shall be paid by the Member State in which the fodder has been processed.

- 2. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal by the Commission, shall determine
- the criteria for calculating the average world market price;
- the criteria for minimum quality;
- the conditions referred to in the second indent of paragraph 1;
- the criteria in accordance with which the contracts referred to in paragraph 1 must be concluded.
- 3. Detailed rules for the implementation of this Article, particularly as regards the criteria with which the contracts referred to in paragraph 2 must comply shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

Article 7

- 1. When a temporary imbalance arises between available stocks of processed fodder and expected demand storage contracts may be concluded by holders of products of Community origin.
- 2. Private storage aid shall be granted to holders of such products who have concluded such a contract.
- 3. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt the general rules for the application of this Article.
- 4. Detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

TITLE II

Trade with non-member countries

Article 8

1. The general rules for the interpretation of the Common Customs
Tariff and the special rules for its application shall apply to the
tariff classification of the products covered by this Regulation; the
tariff nomenclature resulting from the application of this Regulation shall
be incorporated into the Common Customs Tariff.

- 2. Save as otherwise provided in this Regulation or where derogation therefrom is decided by the Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, the following shall be prohibited in trade with non-member countries:
- the levying of any charge having equivalent effect to a customs duty;
- the application of any quantitative restriction or measure having equivalent effect.

1. If by reason of imports or experts the Community market in the products listed in Article 1 experiences or is threatened with serious disturbances which may endanger the objectives set out in Article 39 of the Treaty, appropriate measures may be applied in trade with non-member countries until such disturbance or threat of disturbance has ceased.

The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt rules for the application of this paragraph and define the cases in which and the limits within which Member States may take interim protective measures.

- 2. If the situation mentioned in paragraph 1 arises, the Commission shall, at the request of a Member State or on its own initiative, decide what measures are required. These shall be communicated to the Member States and shall be immediately applicable. If the Commission has received a request from a Member State it shall take a decision thereon within twenty-four hours of receiving it.
- 3. The measures decided on by the Commission may be referred to the Council by any Member State within the three working days following the day on which they were communicated. The Council shall meet without delay. It may by qualified majority amend or repeal the measures in question.

TITLE III

General provisions

Article 10

Save as otherwise provided in this Regulation, Articles 92, 93 and 94 of the Treaty shall apply to the production of and trade in the products referred to in Article 1.

Article 11

The Member States and the Commission shall communicate to each other the information necessary for implementing this Regulation. Rules for the communication and distribution of such information shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

Article 12

The regulations on the financing of the common agricultural policy shall apply to the market in the products listed in Article 1 from the date on which this Regulation enters into force.

Article 13

- There is hereby established a Management Committee for Processed Fodder (herinafter called the "Committee"), consisting of representatives of the Member States with a representative of the Commission as Chairman.
- 2. Within the Committee the votes of the Member States shall be weighted in accordance with Article 148(2) of the Treaty. The Chairman shall not vote.

Article 14

- 1. Where the procedure laid down in this Article is to be followed, the Chairman shall refer the matter to the Committee either on his own initiative or at the request of the representative of a Member State.
- 2. The representative of the Commission shall submit a draft of the measures to be taken. The Committee shall deliver its Opinion on such measures within a time limit to be set by the Chairman according to the urgency of the matter. Opinions shall be adopted by a majority of 41 votes.

3. The Commission shall adopt measures which shall be immediately applicable. However, if these measures are not in accordance with the Opinion of the Committee, the Commission shall forthwith communicate them to the Council. In such cases the Commission may defer application of the measures which it has adopted for not more than one month from the date of such communication.

The Council, acting by a qualified majority, may within one month take a different decision.

Article 15

The Committee may consider any other matter referred to it by its Chairman either on his own initiative or at the request of the representative of a Member State.

Article 16

This Regulation shall be so applied that appropriate account is taken, at the same time, of the objectives set out in Articles 39 and 110 of the Treaty.

Article 17

- 1. In the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 827/68 the wording of subheading 12.10 ex B is amended to read as follows:
- "ex B other, except for lucerne, sainfoin, clover, lupines, vetches and similar fodder products, artificially heat-dried, and except for lucerne otherwise dried and ground".
- 2. The wording of subheading 23.07 C in the same Annex is amended to read as fellows:
- "C other, excluding protein concentrates obtained from lucerne juice and from grass juice".

Article 18

Regulation (EEC) No 1067/74 is repealed with effect from 1 April 1978.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1978.

The provisions of Title I shall be applicable with effect from the 1978/79 marketing year.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No /77

of

fixing the production aid and the norm price for processed fodder for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC). No /77 of on the common organization of the market in processed fodder¹, and in particular Articles 3(3) and 4(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament²,

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee3,

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No /77 stipulates that the level of the production aid must be such as to bring about an improvement in the Community's protein supplies;

Whereas under Article 4 of the same Regulation the norm price for artificially heat-dried products must be set at a level that is fair to producers;

Whereas in view of these requirements the aid and the norm price should be set at the levels indicated hereinafter;

Whereas the norm price must be set for a standard quality representative of the average quality of dehydrated fodder produced in the Community;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

^{1&}lt;sub>OJ No</sub>

²OJ No

^{3&}lt;sub>OJ No</sub>

The rate of aid for the production of the products referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No /78 during the 1978/79 marketing year shall be 3 units of account per tonne.

Article 2

- 1. The norm price for artificially heat-dried fodder during the 1978/79 marketing year shall be 102 units of account per tonne.
- 2. This price refers to a product with
 - a meisture content of 11%;
 - a total gross protein content of 18% of the dry weight.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (REC)

laying down special measures for peas and field beans used in the feeding of animals

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament 1,

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee²,

Whereas the production of peas and field beans intended for animal feed is of increasing importance to the Community; whereas, in order to encourage the development of this production, which is subject to direct competition from oilcake imported from non-member countries at zero customs duties, it is necessary to provide for appropriate support measures;

Whereas peas and field beans need to be marketed under balanced conditions of competition with soya cake, which nevertheless provide a fair return to producers; whereas the soya cake price level which enables the above objectives to be attained may be expressed as an activating price for the granting of aid for peas and field beans;

Whereas, in view of the relationship between the price of oilcake and that of peas and field beans, a certain percentage of the difference between the activating price and the average price of oilcake recorded on the world market corresponds to the amount of aid which it is necessary to grant in order to attain the abovementioned objective;

Whereas, in order to facilitate the application of these arrangements, the aid should be granted to undertakings which process the peas and field beans; whereas, in order that farmers may benefit from the system of aid, the granting of such aid should be made conditional on the conclusion with farmers of contracts specifying a minimum purchasing price;

Whereas the expenditure incurred by Member States in consequence of obligations resulting from the application of this Regulation devolves on the Community, in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy¹, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No $1566/77^2$,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹OJ No L 94, 28.4.1970, p. 13.

²OJ No L 167, 25.7.1972, p. 5.

- 1. Each year before 1 August, for the marketing year beginning the following year, an aid activating price, hereinafter termed "activating price", in respect of the following products:
- peas, excluding chick peas, falling within subheading 07.05 B I of the Common Customs Tariff,
- field beans (vicia faba var. equina et vicia var. minor) falling within subheading 07.05 B III of this Tariff,

shall be fixed for the Community in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 43(2) of the Treaty.

However, for the 1978/79 marketing year, this price shall be fixed before 1 April 1978.

- 2. The activating price shall be fixed for soya cake at a level enabling the products referred to in paragraph 1 to be used in animal feed under conditions of normal competition with oilcake and ensuring a fair return to producers of peas and field beans.
- 3. The activating price shall apply throughout a marketing year; the marketing year shall run from 1 July to 30 June.
- 4. The activating price shall relate to a standard quality. That quality shall be determined by the Council in accordance with the procedure referred to in paragraph 1.

Article 2

- 1. When the average world market price for soya cake, as determined in accordance with Article 4, is lower than the activating price, aid shall be granted for peas and field beans harvested in the Community and used in the manufacture of animal feed. The aid shall be equal to 45% of the difference between those two prices.
- 2. Aid shall be granted only to manufacturers of animal feed who
- satisfy the conditions necessary to qualify for aid.
- have concluded contracts providing for the payment of not less than the minimum price to producers of peas and field beans.

The minimum price shall be fixed at a level which, account being taken of market fluctuations and the cost of transport of the product from farm to factory, enables producers to obtain a fair return.

This price shall be fixed at the same time as the activating price and in accordance with the same procedure.

- 3. Aid shall be paid by the Member State on whose territory the manufacture of the animal feed in question takes place.
- 4. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt:
- (a) general rules for the granting of the aid;
- (b) detailed rules for the checking of the entitlement to aid; such checking may cover not only peas and field beans harvested in the Community but also imports from non-member countries; in connection with the latter a security may be required;
- (c) the conditions referred to in paragraph 2, first indent.
- 5. The amount of aid shall be fixed periodically by the Commission.
- 6. Detailed rules for the application of this Article, in particular as regards the standard conditions which the contracts referred to in paragraph 2 must contain, shall be determined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14 of Council Regulation (EEC) No of on the establishment of a common organization of the market in processed fodder.

Article 3

The average world market price for soya cake, calculated for a Community frontier crossing-point, and adjusted, where appropriate, for the standard quality referred to in Article 2, shall be determined on the basis of the most favourable purchasing possibilities. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall adopt the criteria on the basis of which the world market price is to be determined.

Detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No / .

Member States and the Commission shall communicate to each other the information necessary for the application of this Regulation. That information shall be determined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No / . The manner in which that information is to be communicated and distributed shall be adopted in accordance with the same procedure.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

The system of aid provided for in this Regulation shall apply from 1 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

fixing, for the 1978/79 marketing year, the activating price for aid for peas and field beans and the minimum price for these products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No /78 of laying down special measures for peas and field beans used in the feeding of animals, and in particular Articles 1(1) and (4) and 2(2) thereof¹,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament²,

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee³,

Whereas Article 1(2) of Regulation (EEC) No /78 provides that an activating price for aid for peas and field beans must be fixed in relation to soya cake at a level which, while ensuring a fair income to producers, enables peas and field beans to compete normally with soya cake for use in animal feed;

Whereas this activating price for aid for peas and field beans must relate to a standard quality of soya cake which is representative of the average quality sold on the Community market;

Whereas Article 2 of the same Regulation provides for the fixing of a minimum price which, allowing for market fluctuations and for the cost of transport of the product from farm to factory, enables producers to obtain a fair return;

Whereas pursuant to these criteria the activating price for aid and the minimum price for peas and field beans should be fixed at the levels shown below,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

OJ No

OJ No

³⁰J No

- 1. For the 1978/79 marketing year the activating price for aid for peas and field beans, as referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No / , shall be 23 units of account per 100 kilograms.
- 2. This price shall relate to soya cake having
 - a total raw protein content referred to dry matter of 44%,
 - a humidity content of 10%.

Article 2

For the 1978/79 marketing year the minimum purchase price for peas and field beans shall be 15 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing, for the 1978/1979 and 1979/1980 marketing years, the amount of aid granted for seeds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee (4),

Whereas, with regard to the seeds listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC)

No 2358/71 to be marketed during the 1978/1979 and 1979/1980 marketing years,
the market situation within the Community and its foreseeable trend does not
ensure a fair return for the producer; whereas a proportion of production
costs should be offset by aid;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 provides that, when the aid is being fixed, account must be taken of, on the one hand, the need to ensure a balance between the volume of production required in the Community and the possible outlets for that production and, on the other, the price of the products concerned on external markets,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5.11.1971, p. 1

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HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1978/1979 and 1979/1980 marketing years, the amounts of the aid granted for seeds pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No. 2358/71 shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Amount of aid u.a./loo kg
ex 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. partim (textile flax)	14.5
er 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. partim (Linseed)	11.5
	Cannabis sativa (L. monoica)	10.5
	OGIMEDIE SECTOR (IS MONOTOR)	10.7
	1. Gramingae	
ex 12.03 C	Arrhenatherum elatius (L) J. and C. Presl.	33
	Dactylis glomerata L.	28
	Festuca arundinacea Schreb.	29
1	Festuca evina L.	21
	Festuca pratensis Huds.	22
	Festuca rubra L.	19
	Lolium multiflorum Lam.	11
	Lolium perenne L.	
	- of high persistence, late or medium late	18
	- new varieties and others	14
	- of low persistence, medium late,	
	medium early or early	10
	Lolium x Hybridum Hausskn	11
	Phleum pratense L.	38
	Poa nemoralis L.	20
1	Poa pratensis L.	20
	Poa trivialis L.	20
	2. LEGUMINOSAE	
ex 07.05 A I	Pisum arvense L.	4
ex 07.05 AIII	Vicia faba L. ssp. faba var. equina Pers.	4
]	Vicia faba L. var. minor (Peterm.) bull	4
ex 12.03 C	Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes)	10
	Medicago sativa L. (varieties)	18
	Trifolium pratense L.	26
	Trifolium repens L.	28
(Trifolium repens L. var. giganteum	28
	Vicia sativa L.	16

Proposal for a Council Regulation (EEC) No

οf

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 on the Common organization of the market in seeds

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1167/77 (2), provided under certain conditions for the granting of a production aid for seeds; whereas the granting of this aid is decided each year for the marketing year beginning in the following year;

Whereas the production of most seed varieties is of a multiannual nature; whereas in order to improve the planning of production the aid as fixed hitherto should be replaced by an aid fixed for two consecutive marketing years;

Whereas it is necessary to have adequate information on the situation and the development prospects for the Community market; whereas, therefore, with regard to seeds produced in the Community, the Community system makes it possible to gather the necessary information since it stipulates that only certified seeds produced in approved establishments or under duly registered contracts can be marketed; whereas to a large extent the Community is supplied by means of multiplication contracts concluded with producers in non-member countries; whereas, therefore, registration of these contracts should

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ No L 246, 5.11.1971, p. 1

^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) OJ No L 137, 3.6.1977, p. 1

be required; whereas, moreover, this information should be covered by the obligation of statistical secrecy in order to assure the interested parties that it will not be used for other purposes, enabling perfectly objective information to be obtained,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The second subparagraph of Article 3 (1) shall read:

"With effect from the 1978/79 marketing year this aid, which shall be uniform throughout the Community for each species or group of varieties, shall be fixed every two years before 1 August for the marketing year beginning in the following year and for the subsequent marketing year".

2. The following Article 3 (a) shall be added:

"Article 3a

- 1. With effect from 1 November 1978 all seed multiplication contracts concluded between a seed undertaking or grower in the Community and a seed producer in a non-member country shall be recorded by the bodies appointed for that purpose by each Member State.
- 2. Member States shall communicate periodically to the Commission statistical data concerning the registration of multiplication contracts.
- 3. The data relating to the registration of multiplication contracts may be utilized only for the purposes of this Regulation.
- 4. The detailed rules of application for this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 11".

3. The words "duly registered" shall be deleted from the third subparagraph of Article 4 (1).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

nf

fixing, for the period 16 December 1978 to 15 December 1979, the guide prices for wine

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

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Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine(1) as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2211/77(2), and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas, when the guide prices for the various types of table wine are fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community wishes to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas, to that end, the prices valid for the period 16 December 1978 to 15 December 1979 should be fixed at higher levels than those adopted for the preceding period, particularly in view of recent price trends;

Whereas the guide prices must be fixed for each type of table wine representative of Community production as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 945/70(5),

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 99, 5.5.1970, p. 1

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 256, 7.10.1977, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 114, 27.5.1970, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the period 16 December 1978 to 15 December 1979, the guide prices for table wine shall be:

Type of wine	Guide price	
RI	2.07 u.a./degree/hl	
RII	2.07 u.a./degree/hl	
RIII	32.28 u.a./hl	
AI	1.94 u.a./degree/hl	
A II	43.02 u.a./hl	
A III	49.12 u.a./hl	

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

af

fixing, for the 1978 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco (1), as last amended by the Act of Accession (2), and in particular Articles 2 (5), 4 (4) and 6 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the epinion of the European Parliament (3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee (4),

Whereas, when fixing the prices for raw tobacco, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community intends to make to the harmonious growth of world trade; whereas the aims of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to provide the agricultural population with a reasonable standard of living, guarantee security of supplies and ensure fair prices for consumers;

Whereas the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 in order, in particular, to encourage producers to convert to the cultivation of those varieties which are most competitive and most in demand;

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⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4.1970, p. 1 (2) PJ No L 73, 27. 3.1972, p. 14

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 339/77 of 14 February 1977 laying down special measures in the tobacco sector in respect of the Beneventano variety of tobacco (2) has provided for a reduction of the intervention price of these tobaccos;

Whereas it is desirable to fix, in respect of the 1977 harvest, derived intervention prices both for the varieties which, before the common organization of the market came into force, were subject to a price guarantee at the baled tobacco stage, and for the varieties which are principally grown in Germany, in order to take account of marketing practices in that country; whereas, to this end, both increased costs and increased productivity should be taken into consideration;

Whereas the premium granted to purchase of Community tobacco is intended to enable them to pay producers of leaf tobacco a price which is at the level of the norm price; whereas the amount of the premium should reflect the alterations to the norm price and the costs of first processing adopted for the 1978 harvest, account being taken of the trend in world market prices and the level of prices established by supply and demand on the Community market;

Whereas the abovementioned prices and the amount of the premium must be fixed in relation to a reference quality defined in such a way that as objective as possible an assessment can be made of the quality of the tobacco; whereas it is possible to adopt, for the 1978 harvest, the reference qualities defined by Council Regulation (EEC) No 673/75 of 4 March 1975 fixing, for the 1975 harvest, the norm prices, the intervention prices and the reference qualities for leaf tobacco (6), and by Council Regulation (EEC) No 674/75 of 4 March 1975 fixing the derived intervention prices and the reference qualities for baled tobacco from the 1975 harvest $(^{7}):$

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No of on the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture (8) provides that, from , a new representative rate shall be applied to the

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 48, 19. 2.1977, p. 4 (6) OJ No L 72, 20. 3.1975, p. 25 (7) OJ No L 72, 20. 3.1975, p. 32

currencies of certain Member States; whereas this provision should lead, from that date, to a reduction, in national currency terms, of the premiums fixed in units of account for a substantial part of the harvest in those Member States whose representative rate is revalued; whereas it seems more appropriate to the nature of this sector that the same conditions should apply to the entire harvest in a given year; whereas this objective can be achieved if the former rate of exchange for the Member States concerned were to remain applicable to premiums paid for the 1977 harvest;

Whereas the Monetary Committee shall be consulted on the exchange rates; whereas, in view of the urgency, the measures envisaged whould be adopted under the conditions provided for in Article 3 (2) of Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (9), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 (10),

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco referred to in Article 6 of that Regulation, shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

- 1. For the 1978 harvest, the reference qualities referred to in Article 2 (3) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, for each of the tobacco varieties produced in the Community, shall be those laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 673/75.
- 2. For the 1978 harvest, the reference qualities referred to in Article 6 (3) (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, for each of the baled tobacco varieties produced in the Community for which a derived intervention price is fixed, shall be those laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 674/75.

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⁽⁹⁾ OJ No 106, 30.10.1962, p. 2553/62 (10) OJ No L 263, 19.9.1973, p. 1

Article 3

The exchange rates to be applied in Germany and the Benelux countries for the purposes of the premiums for the 1977 harvest shall, until 31 March 1979, be the representative rates applicable to the currencies in question prior to

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

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For the Council

ANNEX

(u.a/kg)

			•		
Serial No	Varieties	Norm price	Intervention price	Amount of premium	Derived in- tervention
1	a) Badischer Geudertheimer b) Forchheimer Havana II c)	2,358	2,122	1,612	3,219
2	Badischer Burley E	2,818	2,536	1,653	3,620
3	Virgin D (Virgin SCR)	2,741	2,467	1,626	3,300
4	a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof b) Dragon vert and hy- brids thereof	2,101	1,891	1,310	-
5	Nijkerk	2,047	1,842	1,270	-
6	Burley (Burley x Bel)	2,251	2,026	1,098	-
7	a) Misionero and hybrids thereof b) Rio Grande and hy- brids thereof	1,899	1,709	1,310	-
8	a) Philippin b) Petit Grammont (Flobecq) c) Burley (Ergo x 6410 and Ergo x Bursana)	1,630	1,467	0,951	-
9	a) Semois b) Appelterre	1,954	1,759	1,131	-
10	Bright	2,302	2,072	1,327	2,926
11 a)	Burley I	1,684	1,516	0,823	2,275
11 b)	Maryland	1,974	1,777	1,039	2,575
12	a) Kentucky and hy- brids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	1,754	1,579	0,813	2,248
13	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	1,676	1,508	1,232	2,261
14	Beneventano	1,295	1,036	0,904	1,582

Serial No	Varieties	Norm price	Interven- tion price	Amount of premium	Derived in- tervention price
15	Xanti-Yakā	2,434	2,191	1,494	3,477
16	Perustiza	2,305	2,075	1,419	3,053
17	Erzegovina and hybrids thereof	2,070	1,863	1,254	2,751
18	a) Round Tip b) Scafati c) Sumatra I	10,856	9,770	5,500	14,793
19	a) Brasile Selvaggio b) Other varieties	1,147	1,032	0,400	-

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Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing certain prices and other amounts applicable in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Article 16(1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 of 9 December 1969 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit(3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (4), and in particular Article 7(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(5),

Whereas, pursuant to Article 16(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, a basic price and a buying-in price are to be fixed for each marketing year for each of the products listed in Annex II to the said Regulation; whereas the products harvested in a given production year, are marketed:

- as regards cauliflowers, from May to April of the following year,
- as regards tomatoes, from January to December,
- as regards peaches, from May to October
- as regards lemons, from June to May of the following year,
- as regards pears, from June to May of the following year,
- as regards table grapes, from May to April of the following year,
- as regards apples, from July to June of the following year,
- as regards mandarins from November to March of the following year,
- as regards sweet oranges, from October to June of the following year;

Whereas, however, pursuant to the third subparagraph of Article 16(1)

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20.5.1972, p. 1.

^{(2) 0}J No L

^{(3) 0}J No L 318, 18.12.1969, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No C

of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, no basic price or buying—in price must be fixed for the slack marketing periods at the beginning and at the end of the marketing year;

Whereas, when the basic prices and buying—in prices for fruit and vegetables are fixed, account should be taken of the aims of the common agricultural policy and the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available, and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas, the basic prices must be fixed by reference to the trend in the average prices recorded during the three preceding years on the most representative producer markets within the Community for a product with defined commercial characteristics, such as variety or type, quality class, size and packaging; whereas the buying-in prices must be fixed by reference to the basic price in accordance with Article 16(3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas the amount of the financial compensation for oranges, mandarins, clementines and lemons must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 7(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the basic prices and the buying-in prices for fruit and vegetables, the periods during which they shall apply, and the standard qualities to which they relate shall be as set out in Annex I.

Article 2

For the 1978/79 marketing year, the financial compensation for oranges, mandarins, clementines and lemons shall be as set out in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 318, 18.12.1969, p. 1

publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

ANNEX 1

BASIC PRICES AND BUYING-IN PRICES

CAULIFLOWERS

For the period from 1 May 1978 to 30 April 1979

•	Basic price u.a./100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
May	12.01	5.25
June	14.74	6.40
July	12.43	5.35
August	12.43	5.35
September	13.90	5.88
October	14.63	6.19
November	11.38	4.93
December	11.38	4.93
January	11.38	4.93
February	10.22	4.41
March	11.06	4.72
April	11.27	4.93

These prices relate to the following packed products:

- cauliflowers 'with leaves' of Quality Class I, for the months of May,
 November, December, January, February, March and April.
- 'trimmed' cauliflowers of Quality Class I, for the months of June, July, August, September and October.

TOMATOES

For the period from 1 June 1978 to 30 November 1979

	Basic price u.a./100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
June first 10 days	-	-
second 10 days	19.25	8.01
third 10 days	17 . 15	7.38
July	15.05	6.23
August	13.05	5.49
September	14.10	5.91
October	17.67	7.28
November	19.14	8.43

These prices relate to packed 'round' and 'ribbed' tomatoes of Quality Class I, size 57/67 mm.

PEACHES

(excluding nectarins)

For the period from 1 June 1978 to 30 September 1979

Basic price
Buying-in price
u.a./100 kg net
u.a. 100/kg net

June	28.33 .	17.25
July to September	26.44	16.31

These prices relate to the following packed products:

peaches of the Fior di Maggio (May Flower) variety, Quality Class I, size 51/61 mm, for the month of June.

- peaches of the Amsden, Charles Ingouf and Sant'Anna varieties, Quality
 Class I, size 61/67 mm, for the month of July,
- peaches of the Red Haven and Fair Haven varieties Quality Class I, size
 61/67 mm, for the month of August,
- peaches of the J.H. Hale variety, Quality Class I, size 61/67 mm for the month of September.

LEMONS

For the period from 1 June 1978 to 31 May 1979

,	Basic price u.a. /100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
	a.a. , 100 kg 1.00	arary too kg tiot
June	27.64	16.64
July	28.48	17.16
August	28.37	17.06
September	24.49	15.90
October	22.70	15.69
November	21.86	13.17
December	21.34	12 . 96
January	22.18	13.38
February	21 .13	12.86
March	22.28	13.38
April	23.65	14.22
May	24.38	14.64

These prices relate to packed lemons of Quality Class I, size 53/62 mm.

PEARS

(other than perry pears) For the period 1 July 1978 to 30 April 1979

	Basic price u.a. /100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
July	17.37	8.86
August	15.80	8.54
September	14.85	8.02
October	15.69	8.02
November	16.01	8.23
December	16.32	8.54
January to April	16.53	8.75

These prices relate to the following packed products:

- (a) pears of the Dr Jules Guyot variety, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the month of July;
- (b) pears of the Dr Jules Guyot, Clapp's favourite, and Bon chrétien Williams varieties, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the month of August;
- (c) pears of the Bon chrétien Williams and Conférence varieties, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more for the months of September and October;
- (d) pears of the Conférence and Alexandrine Douillard varieties, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the month of November,
 - pears of the Passe-Crassane variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month of November.

- (e) pears of the Conférence variety, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the months December to April,
 - pears of the Passe-Crassane variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month December to April.

TABLE GRAPES

For the period 1 August to 31 October 1978

	Basic price u.a./100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
August	21 .3 2	13.88
September and October	18.17	11.04

These prices relate to packed table grapes of the Regina dei Vigneti and Regina (Mennavacca bianca) varieties, Quality Class I,

APPLES

(Other than cider apples)

For the period 1 August 1978 to 31 May 1979

Basic price	Buying-in price
u.a./100 kg net	u.a./100 kg net
15.59	7.95
15.59	7.95
15.59	8.05
15.91	8.16
17.06	8.79
18.53	9.52
19.79	10.05
21.26	10.78
	u.a./100 kg net 15.59 15.59 15.59 15.91 17.06 18.53 19.79

These prices relate to the following packed products:

- (a) apples of the James Grieve variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month of August;
- (b) apples of the James Grieve and Golden Delicious varieties, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month of September,
 - apples of the Reine des reinettes variety, Quality Class I, size
 65 mm or more, for the month of September;
- (c) apples of the Golden Delicious variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the months October to May.

MANDARINS

For the period 16 November 1978 to 28 February 1979

	Basic price u.a./100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
16 to 30 November	27.70	18.28
December	27 . 39	17.86
January	26.97	17.23
February	25.60	16.81

These prices relate to packed mandarines of Quality Class I, size 54/64 mm.

SWEET ORANGES For the period 1 December 1978 to 31 May 1979

	Basic price u.a./100 kg net	Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net
December	24.79	16.15
January	21.85	14.68
February	22.37	15.10
March	23.95	15.31
April and May	24.47	15.52

These prices relate to the following packed products:

- oranges of the Moro variety, Quality Class I, size 67/80 mm for the month of December
- oranges of the Sanguinello variety, Quality Class I, size 67/80 mm, for the months January to May.

NB: The prices quoted in this Annex do not include the cost of the packaging in which the product is presented.

ANNEX II

Amount of financial compensation

For the 1978/79 marketing year

- 8.89 units of account per 100 kilograms net for oranges of the Moro, Tarocco, Ovale calabrese, Belladonna, Navel and Valencia late varieties,
- 7.63 units of account per 100 kilograms net for oranges of the Sanguinello variety,
- 5.02 units of account per 100 kilograms net for oranges of the Sanguigno and Biondo comune varieties,
- 7.63 units of account per 100 kilograms net for mandarins,
- 4.45 units of account per 100 kilograms net for clementines,
- 2.67 units of account per 100 kilograms net for lemons.

NB: Financial compensation is only granted in respect of products belonging to Quality Classes Extra and I.

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

of

amending Regulations (EEC) No 2511/69 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit and (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 of 9 December 1969 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1034/77², extended the grant of financial compensation for the marketing of lemons until the end of the 1977/78 marketing year;

Whereas such measures have encouraged the marketing of better quality products, and whereas this trend may change if the measures suddenly cease to be applied; whereas financial compensation should continue to be granted for two marketing years with provision being made for a phased reduction of its amount; whereas it is therefore necessary to change the criteria for fixing financial compensation in respect of lemons and accordingly to derogate from the criteria for fixing the reference price for that product, as defined in Article 23 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)

¹OJ No L 318, 18.12.1969, p. 1.

²OJ No L 125, 19.5.1977, p. 1.

³OJ No L 118, 20.5.1972, p. 1.

⁴⁰J No L

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (REC) No 2511/69 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In the second subparagraph of Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 the date "1 June 1978" shall read "1 June 1980".

In Article 7(2)

- the words "and lemons" are deleted,
- the following subparagraph is added:

"For the 1978/79 and 1979/80 marketing years, the amount of financial compensation applicable to lemons shall be limited to 50% and 25% respectively of the amount applicable in the 1977/78 marketing year".

Article 2

The following Article 23a is added to Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72: "Article 23a

By way of derogation from Article 23(2) and (4), the reference prices for lemons for the 1978/79 and 1979/80 marketing years shall be fixed by applying the criteria specified in Article 23(2) in respect of products other than those qualifying for financial compensation but the amount to be granted for transport costs shall be limited to the difference between the financial compensation applicable in each of the said marketing years and that applicable in the 1977/78 marketing year.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

fixing the target price for milk and the intervention prices for butter, skimmed-milk powder and Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheese for the 1978/79 milk year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Articles 3(4) and 5(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas, when fixing the common agricultural prices, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to secure an equitable standard of living for the agricultural community and to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the target price for milk should bear a balanced relationship to the prices for other agricultural products and in particular to that for beef and veal, and be consistent with the proposed orientation of cattle farming; whereas it is also necessary, in fixing those prices, to take account of the Community's efforts to establish a long-term balance between supply and demand on the market in milk, allowing for external trade in milk and milk products;

Whereas the intervention prices for butter and for skimmed-milk powder are designed to contribute to the achivement of the target price for milk; whereas it is necessary to determine the price levels in the light of both the general state of supply and demand on the Community market in milk and the opportunity for disposal of butter and skimmed-milk powder on the Community and world markets;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 13.

^{(2) 0}J No L

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁴⁾ OJ NO C

Whereas the intervention prices for Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 milk year, the target price for milk and the intervention prices for milk products shall be as follows:

		units of account per 100 kilogr	am
(a)	Target price for milk	17,70	
(b)	Intervention price:		
	butter	235,33	
	skimmed-milk powder	95,63	
	Grana Padano cheese		
	- of an age from 30 to 60 days	227,31	
	 of an age of at least six months 	273,13	
Parm	igiano Reggiano cheese of an age of at le	east	
six	months	296,36	

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on

This Regulationshall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg,

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No of

fixing the threshold prices for certain milk products for the 1978/79 milk year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No (2), and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas threshold prices should be fixed so that, taking account of the protection required for the Community processing industry, the prices of imported milk products correspond to the level of the target price for milk; whereas, consequently, the threshold price should be fixed on the basis of the target price for milk, taking into account the relationship desired between the value of milkfat and that of skimmed milk, as well as the standardized costs and yields for each of the milk products in question; whereas a fixed amount should be included to ensure adequate protection of the Community processing industry;

Whereas threshold prices should be fixed for the marketing stage at which imported milk products first come into competition with milk products manufactured within the Community, i.e. the 'delivered free wholesaler' stage,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 13.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L

Article 1

1. For the 1978/79 milk year the threshold prices shall be as follows:

mits of account per 100 kilograms
27,00 112,11 172,57 68,30 88,72 256,34 253,10 205,26 327,86 220,91 203,16

2. The pilot products referred to in paragraph 1 are those described in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 823/68 of 28 June 1968 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2560/77 (4).

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg,

For the Council
The President

(2)

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 151, 30.6.1968, p. 3.

- Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

/77

of

amending Regulations (EEC) No 823/68 as regards the conditions for the entry of cheeses falling within certain tariff headings and (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products¹, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No ², and in particular Article 14(6) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Annex II to Council Regulation (EEC) No 823/68 of 28 June 1968 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products³, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 874/77⁴, lays down conditions for the entry into the Community of Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse and Appenzell cheeses falling within subheading 04.04 A I and Cheddar cheese falling within subheading 04.04 E I(b) 1(aa) of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas those conditions include observance of the free-at-frontier values corresponding to those bound under GATT; whereas these values must be aligned on the Community target price for milk and the threshold price for Group 10 which are fixed for the 1978/79 milk year;

Whereas, as regards the products falling within subheadings 04.02 A III(a) and 04.02 B II(a) of the Common Customs Tariff, the descriptions of the goods given in the said Annex should be amended to take account of improvements in packaging techniques and also in the interests of simplification;

Whereas the tariff nomenclature employed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 823/68 is also that of the Common Customs Tariff annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 of 28 June 1968^5 , as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No $2500/77^6$,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The descriptions of goods falling within subheadings 04.02 A III(a), 04.02 B II(a), 04.04 A I and 04.04 E I(b) 1(aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 823/68 are hereby amended as shown in Annex I hereto.

Article 2

The Common Customs Tariff annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 is hereby amended as shown in Annex II hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council The President

OJ No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 13

²OJ No L

³OJ No L 151, 30.6.1968, p. 3

⁴OJ No L 106, 29.4.1977, p. 20.

⁵OJ No L 172, 22.7.1968, p. 1.

⁶OJ No L 289, 14.11.1977, p. 1.

CCT headin	g No	Description of goods
04.02		A III. Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules:
-		(a) in immediate packings of a net content of 2.5 kg or less and of a fat content by weight not exceeding 11%:
		 Unchanged) Unchanged)
		(b) (Unchanged)
		1. (Unchanged) 2. (Unchanged)
		B II. Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules:
		(a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2.5 kg or less and of a fat content by weight not exceeding 9.5%:
		(b) (Unchanged)
		1. (Unchanged) 2. (Unchanged)
⁻ 04.04		Cheese and curd:
		A. Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse and Appenzell, not grated or powered:
		 Of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months (2):
		a) Whole cheeses (*) of a free-at-frontier value (*) per 100 kg net weight of:
		1. 225,60 u.s. or more, but less than 245,60° u.s. 2. 245,60 u.s. or more
		b) Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas:
		1. With rind on at least one side, of a net weight:
		as) Of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg and of a free-at-frontier value (*) of not less than 245, W. u.a. but less than 243, W. u.a. per 100 kg net weight
		bb) Of not less than 450 g and of a free-at-frontier value (5) of not less than 273,60.a. per 100 kg net weight
		2. Other, of a net weight of not less than 75 g but not more than 250 g (*) and of a free-at-frontier value (*) of not less than 293,60 a. per 100 kg net weight
		II. (Unchanged)
		B. (Unchanged)
		1. (Unchanged)
		a) (Unchanged)
		b) (Unchanged)
		1. (Unchanged)
		(aa) Whole Cheddar cheeses (*), made from unpasteurized milk, of a minimum fat content of 50 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least nine months and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 216,91 u.a. per 100 kg net weight (*)
		(bb) (unchanged)

ANNEX II

In Chapter 4 of the Common Customs Tariff subheadings 04.02 A III(a), 04.02 B II(a), 04.04 A I and 04.04 E I(b), 1(aa) are amended, with effect from 1 April 1978, as follows:

CCT			Rate	of duty	
heading No	,	Description of goods	autonomous % or levy (L)	conventional	
04.02	A III.	Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules:			
		(a) In immediate packings of a net content of 2.5 kg or less and of a fat content by weight not exceeding 11%:			
		1. Of a fat content by weight not exceeding 8.9%	18 (L)	_	
		2. Other	18 (L)	-	
		(b) Other, of a fat content by weight:		1	
	•	1. Not exceeding 45%	18 (L) 18 (L)	-	
	B II.	Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules:			
		(a) In immediate packings of a net content of 2.5 kg or less and of a fat content by weight not exceeding 9.5%	23 (L)		
		(b) Other, of a fat content by weight:			
		1. Not exceeding 45%	23 (L) 23 (L)	_	

356	CCT heading No Description of goods		Rate of Duty	
heading			Conven- tional %	
1	2	3	4	
04.04	Cheese and curd (a):	,		
	A. Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse and Appenzell, not grated or powdered:		;	
,	1. Of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months (b):	·		
	(a) Whole cheeses of a free-at-frontier value per 100 kg net weight of:			
	1. 225,60 u.a. or more, but less than .245,60 u.a.	23 (L)	(c)	
	2. 245, 60 u.a. or more	23 (L)	(c)	
	(b) Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas:			
,	1. With rind on at least one side, of a net weight:			
	(aa) Of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg and of a free-at- frontier value of not less than 245, 13 u.a. but less than 273, 69 u.a. per 100 kg net weight	23 (L)	(c)	
	(bb) Of not less than 450 g and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 273,60 u.a. per 100 kg net weight	23 (L)	(c)	
	2. Other, of a net weight of not less than 75 g but not more than 250 g and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 294, 100 u.s., per 100 kg net weight	23 (L)	(c)	
	II. Other			
04.04	E. Other:	-	<u>.</u>	
(continued)	I. Not grated or powdered, of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 40% and a water content, calculated by weight, of the non-fatty matter:			
	(a) Not exceeding 47%	23 (L)	_	
	(b) Exceeding 47% but not exceeding 72%:]	,	
	1. Cheddar; (aa) Whole Cheddar cheeses, made from unpasteurised milk, of a minimum fat content of 50% by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least 9 months, and of a free-at-			
	frontier value of not less than 210,44 UA per 100 kg	23 (L)		
	net weight (b)(bb) Other	23 (L)		

4

The exchange rate to be applied in converting into national currencies the unit of account referred to in the subdivisions of this heading shall, notwithstanding General Rule C 3 contained in Part I, Section I, be the representative rate, if such a rate is fixed pursuant to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (O) No 106, 30, 10, 1962, p. 2583/62),
 Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

⁽c) See Annex.

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No/77 of

fixing the co-responsibility levy for the 1978/79 milk year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 of 17 May 1977 on a co-responsibility levy and on measures for expanding the market in milk and milk products, and in particular Article 2(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament²,

Having regard to the Opinion of the Economic and Social Committee3,

Whereas the levy introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 is to be fixed for the 1978/79 milk year after the Commission has consulted producer organizations at Community level;

Whereas the levy is between 1.5 and 4% of the milk target price valid for the milk year in question and must, moreover, take account of the market situation, of forward estimates of supply of and demand for milk products, and of the development of stocks;

Whereas, in accordance with these criteria, the levy applicable until the end of the 1977/78 milk year should be continued, subject to any alteration under Article 2(4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹OJ No L 131, 26.5.1977, p. 6.

²OJ No C

^{3&}lt;sub>OJ No C</sub>

Article 1

For the 1978/79 milk year, the co-responsibility levy referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 shall be ______ 1.5% of the target price for milk.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No /77

of

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1080/77 as regards the Community contribution towards the price reduction for milk and certain milk products supplied to schoolchildren

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products¹, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No /78, and in particular the second paragraph of Article 26 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas: Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1080/77 of 17 May 1977 on the supply of milk and certain milk products at reduced prices to schoolchildren³, provides that this measure, for the purposes of financing the Community contribution, is to be included among those referred to Article 4 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1079/77 of 17 May 1977 on a co-responsibility levy and on measures for expanding the markets in milk and milk products⁴;

Whereas, in order to make this measure more effective, the said Community contribution should be increased, and it should be made possible to assimilate only a part of the contribution to one of the abovementioned measures, HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

¹OJ No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 13.

²OJ No L

³OJ No L 131, 26.5.1977, p. 8.

⁴OJ No L 131, 26.5.1977, p. 6.

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1080/77 is hereby amended as follows:

- l. In the first sentence of Article 1(2), for "50% of its
 target price" read " 13 units of account per
 100 kilograms".
- 2. In the first subparagraph of Article 2(5), for "50%" read "33%".
- 3. Article 3 shall read:

"Article 3

۲.

For the purpose of the Community contribution, this measure shall be, in a proportion to be determined, one of the measures referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No. 1079/77".

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposel for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

of

amending Regulation (EEC) No 880/77 on the granting of a consumer subsidy for butter

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No $1/78^2$, and in particular Article 12(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament³,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee 4,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 880/77 of 26 April 1977 on the granting of a consumer subsidy for butter⁵ authorizes the Member States to grant, in favour of final private consumers, a subsidy for butter which may not exceed 56 units of account per 100 kilograms; whereas Article 3 of that Regulation lays down the method of calculating the Community contribution to this subsidy, by way of derogation from the arrangements referred to in Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy⁶, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2788/72;

whereas special financing arrangements apply until 31 December 1978 in order to facilitate the grant of subsidies in the United Kingdom; whereas, for the period from 1 April to 31 December 1978, the level of Community financing should be set in such a way as gradually to align these special arrangements on the Community arrangements for financing the subsidy,

¹0,J No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 13.

²OJ No L

³ OU No C

^{4&}lt;sub>OJ No C</sub>

⁵OJ No L 106, 29.4.1977, p. 31.

⁶OJ No L 94, 28.4.1970, p. 13.

⁷OJ No L 295, 30.12.1972, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Article 3(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 880/77 is hereby amended as follows: 1. Subparagraph (b) shall read:

- "(b) during the period from 1 April 1978 to 30 June 1978:
 - in respect of that portion of the subsidy not exceeding 28 units of account per 100 kilograms: to 100%,
 - in respect of that portion of the subsidy in excess of 28 units of account per 100 kilograms: to 25%."

The following subparagraphs (c) and (d) are hereby added:

- "(c) during the period from 1 July 1978 to 30 September 1978 :
 - in respect of that portion of the subsidy not exceeding 23 units of account per 100 kilograms : to 100%,
 - in respect of that portion of the subsidy in excess of
 23 units of account per 100 kilograms: to 25%.
 - (d) during the period from 1 October 1978 to 31 December 1978 :
 - in respect of that portion of the subsidy not exceeding
 18 units of account per 100 kilograms: to 100%,
 - in respect of that portion of the subsidy in excess of 18 units of account per 100 kilograms: to 25%."

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No of

fixing the guide price and the intervention price for adult bovine animals for the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal(1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 425/77(2), and in particular Article 3(3), the first paragraph of Article 4 and the second subparagraph of Article 6(4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas, when the guide price for adult bovine animals is fixed, account should be taken both of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the common agricultural policy aims inter alia to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to guarantee the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the guide price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 3(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68; whereas for the 1978/79 marketing year it should be fixed at a slightly higher level than that adopted for the previous marketing year;

Whereas, moreover, in view of the current economic situation on the beef and veal market the intervention price for the 1978/79 marketing year for adult bovine animals should be fixed at the same level in relation to the guide price as that adopted for the previous marketing year;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 provides for an intervention system including inter alia the obligation to buy in beef meeting certain quality requirements; whereas the reasons, which in the 1976/77 and 1977/78 marketing years resulted in provisions being made for the possible suspension of intervention measures in regions where prices were relatively high, are still valid for

the 1978/79 marketing year,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 24 (2) OJ No L 61, 5.3.1977, p. 1

⁽³⁾ OJ No

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1978/79 marketing year the guide price for adult bovine animals shall be 124. 44 units of account per 100 kilograms liveweight.

Article 2

For the 1978/79 marketing year:

- the intervention price referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 6(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 shall be 112,00 units of account per 100 kilograms liveweight.
- the price level referred to in the first sentence of Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 shall be \$\frac{112}{00}\$ units of account per 100 kilograms liveweight.

Article 3

By way of derogation from Article 6(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68, the intervention measures may be totally or partially suspended in a Member State or a region when the price recorded on the representative market or markets of that Member State or of that region is equal to or higher than 95% of the guide price for a certain period.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 April 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No /77

of

on the grant of a premium for the birth of calves during the 1978/79 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament 1.

Whereas the intervention price applicable in the beef and veal sector for the 1978/79 marketing year was fixed at a level below that resulting from the implementation of Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal², as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 425/77³; whereas the Member States which, during the three preceding marketing years, have applied the system of premium for the birth of calves referred to in Article 6 of Council Regulation (EEC)
No 464/75 of 27 February 1975 establishing systems of premiums for producers of bovine animals⁴, as amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 390/76⁵, and as extended by Council Regulations(EEC) Nos620/76 of 19 March 1976 on the grant of a premium for the birth of calves during the 1976/77 marketing year⁶ and

871/77 of 26 April 1977 on the grant of a premium for the birth of calves during the 1977/78 marketing year, should therefore continue to grant this premium for a further period of 12 months;

¹ OJ No

²OJ No L 148, 28.6.1968, p. 24.

³OJ No L 61, 5.3.1977, p. 1.

⁴OJ No L 52, 28.2.1975, p. 5.

⁵OJ No L 48, 24.2.1976, p. 2.

⁶OJ No L 74, 20.3.1976, p. 1.

⁷OJ No L 106, 29.4.1977, p. 16.

Whereas this premium constitutes an intervention on the internal market within the meaning of Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy, as last amended by the Act of Accession,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- 1. Member States which apply the system of a premium for the birth of calves referred to in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 870/77 shall continue to grant a premium for every calf born on their territory during a further period of 12 months and still alive six menths after its birth.
- 2. The amount of the new premium referred to in paragraph 1 shall be 35 units of account, payable by the Guarantee Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund. It shall be paid in a single instalment.

Article 2

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted according to the procedure laid down in Article 27 of Regulation (EEC) No 805/68.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply from the day following that on which the application of the system laid down by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 871/77 ends.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

(8) OJ No L 94, 28.4.1970, p.13.

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Proposal for a COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

Λf

fixing the basic price and the standard quality for slaughtered pigs for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in pigmeat(1), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 367/76(2), and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(3),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(4),

Whereas, when the basic price for slaughtered pigs is fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the basic price must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 4(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 for a standard quality defined according to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2760/75 of 29 October 1975 determining the Community scale for grading pig carcases(5);

Whereas the most representative class and categories of weight in Community production should be taken as the standard quality;

Whereas the application of those criteria results in the basic price being fixed at a level higher than that adopted for the previous period,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1.11.1975, p. 1

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 45, 21. 2.1976, p. 1

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 282, 1.11.1975, p. 10

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979, the basic price for slaughtered pigs of the standard quality shall be 123,81 units of account per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

The standard quality shall be the quality for pig carcases of Class II of the Community scale for grading pig carcases laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 2760/75, excluding those carcases with a weight of less than 70 kilograms and those with a weight equal to or greater than 160 kilograms.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

Proposal for a / COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

fixing the amount of aid in respect of silkworms for the 1978/79 rearing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 of 24 April 1972 laying down special measures to encourage silkworm rearing(1), and in particular Article 2(3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament(2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee(3),

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 provides that the amount of aid for silkworms reared within the Community must be fixed each year in such a way as to help ensure a fair income for silkworm rearers, taking into account the state of the market in cocoons and raw silk, of foreseeable trends on that market and of import policy;

Whereas application of these criteria entails fixing the amount of aid at a higher level than that adopted for the preceding year,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

For the 1978/79 rearing year, the amount of aid in respect of silkworms as referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 shall be fixed at 50 units of account per box of silkworms eggs used.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 100, 27.4.1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C

⁽³⁾ OJ No C

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION

temporarily suspending incentives for investment in the milk

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community. and in particular Articles 42 and 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament 1.

Whereas, given the serious imbalance on the market in milk and milk products, incentives for investment in that sector should be restricted so that equilibrium can be restored;

Whereas restrictions on investment incentives must prevent an intensification of milk production, without interfering with the development of those farms which produce most of the feedingstuffs required by the cattle kept;

Whereas restrictions on investment incentives are not necessary in the Mezzogiorno because the density of dairy cows per hectare of utilized agricultural area is very low and milk deliveries to dairies do not cover demand for drinking milk;

Whereas it is therefore necessary to suspend the granting of the incentives provided for by Council Directive of 17 April 1972 on the modernizations of farms, as last amended by the Directive of 15 November 1973.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 96, 23.04.1972, p. 1 (3) OJ No L 326, 27.11.1973, p. 17

Article 1

- 1. Notwithstanding article 92 (2) of the Treaty, the granting of the aids for investment provided for by articles 8 and 14 of Directive 72/159/EEC in the sector of milk production, is prohibited.
- 2. Paragraph 1 of this article shall not be applicable
 - to aids granted for investments equal to or less than 20 000 UA per UTH.
 - to aids granted for farms when it appears that these farms produce at least 80 % of the fodder necessary for feeding their cattle.
 - in the Mezzogiorno region, including the islands.

Article 2

This regulation shall enter into force on

It shall be applicable from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all member states.

Done at

For the Council

Commission report to the Council concerning the calculation of threshold prices for cereals and

rice

At its meetings of 7.6.1977 and 12.7.1977, the Special Agricultural Committee asked the Commission to submit to the Council a report on the problems involved in fixing the threshold prices for cereals and rice. This document is the result of that request.

1. According to the basic Regulations, the threshold prices are to be fixed in such a way that imported products will arrive on the Duisburg market at the target price level. With this in mind the threshold prices are derived by subtracting from the target price the transport costs between Rotterdam and Duisburg, discharge costs and a commercial margin.

a) Transport costs

The cheapest transport between Rotterdam and Duisburg is along the Rhine. River freights are therefore used in fixing the threshold price. Since such traffic is international, fixed rates are not laid down but rates result from supply and demand. They are negotiated daily for each boat by ship brokers and are publicly known.

The river freights available when the respective threshold price proposals for cereals and for rice were made (on different dates) for the 1977/78 marketing year, covered the period from February 1976 to February 1977 as regards cereals and from April 1976 to April 1977 as regards rice. Within these reference periods the cheapest rates for cereals were noted in February and March 1976 and for rice in April 1976 and February 1977. The relatively low level of those freights is due to an excess of transport capacity which has affected the Rhine for several years.

Cereals are generally transported in barges of 1,000 to 1,500 tonnes, this being the tonnage used for the threshold price calculation. The freight rates, noted in DM, are converted to units of account using the agricultural rate since this is the rate used in calculating the target price. Its use is justified in that calculation by the existence of monetary compensatory amounts.

Rice is transported in barges of 250 to 1,200 tonnes unless it is US rice destined for rice mills near the port, in which case it is almost always delivered in "IASH" 1) units of a capacity of 370 to 860 tonnes. These floating containers which are not generally used on the Rhine are sent intact from the Gulf of Mexico to the rice mill.

Since the quantity of rice transported on the Rhine is relatively small when compared with cereals, freight quotations for rice are rare. The freights noted by the Commission therefore are for the transport of cereals by barges of 250 - 500 tonnes. Such freights are quoted in florins and are converted to units of account using the current exchange rate. This is justified by the absence of monetary compensatory amounts for rice and by the fact that the current rate is also used for calculating the transport costs from Vercelli to Duisburg when deriving the target price.

b) Discharge posts

Cereals and rice are generally imported bulk.

Gereals are discharged by means of elevators. The costs of discharge are fixed in tariffs subject to annual revision. For the calculation of the threshold price the discharge costs cover the stage ship's railing/barge's hold. The stage ship's hold/railing is covered by the level of the cif price.

Rice is discharged from sea-going vessels to barges by means of grabs if the product is for human consumption or by means of elevators if it is for animal feed. Since the quantity of rice transhipped at Rotterdam is small compared to cereals there are special rates for that product. Those rates applicable to grabs are higher than those for elevators.

c) Commercial margin

This third element in the derivation, the commercial margin, is the most difficult to assess because it must cover not only any additional costs but also a trading margin. Amongst the additional costs, one must take into account the surveillance, customs elearance and interest charges. As regards cereals the commercial margin has finally been assessed on the basis of detailed information concerning the

¹⁾ LASH - lighteraboard ship.

additional costs and a fixed trading margin. The total has varied from 0.81 u.a./t. in 1971/72 to 1.20 u.a./t. for 1977/78.

As regards <u>rice</u> the total commercial margin was fixed at 2 u.a./t. in 1964/65 and was increased by 8 % in 1971/72 (2.16 u.a./t.) and was finally fixed at 2.24 u.a./t. in 1975/76. Since that time it has not been revised.

2. Since the beginning of the common market organisation for cereals (July 1967) the relative prices of barley and the minor cereals have always been fixed in such a way that the threshold prices for the minor cereals were slightly lower than that for barley. This situation does not appear to have led to any disturbance on Community markets.

3. Conclusion

As the threshold prices for cereals and rice are simply derived from the respective target prices on the basis of technical elements, it is proposed that in the future they be fixed by the Commission according to the procedure laid down in Articles 26 and 27 of the basic Regulations.





