

ASSOCIATION
between the European Economic
Community
and the Tunisian Republic

Collected Acts

Secretariat of the Council
of the European Communities

The updating of the Collected Acts EEC-TUNISIA Association will be completed as soon as the translations of acts adopted before 1973 are made available.

Information, Publications,
Documentation

NOTE D'INFORMATION

aux destinataires des Recueils d'Actes :

- Association CEE-CHYPRE
- Association CEE-MALTE
- Association CEE-TURQUIE
- Coopération CEE-ALGERIE
- Coopération CEE-MAROC
- Coopération CEE-TUNISIE
- Coopération CEE-EGYPTE
- Coopération CEE-JORDANIE
- Coopération CEE-SYRIE
- Coopération CEE-LIBAN
- Coopération CEE-ISRAEL

A partir de l'édition 1984 cette publication - tout en maintenant le contenu habituel - changera de périodicité, de format et de présentation.

Afin de répondre à une exigence de praticité et en tenant compte des sollicitations d'un certain nombre de lecteurs, les Recueils d'Actes paraîtront à l'avenir sous forme de brochure, en format A5 et avec périodicité annuelle. Deux publications sont prévues, regroupant respectivement les actes relatifs aux Associations et aux Coopérations.

COLLECTED ACTS - EEC - TUNISIA ASS.

Directions for use

1. Acts listed in the Compilation

The Compilation of Acts pertaining to the "Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic" contains in addition to the text of the Association Agreement signed at Tunis on 28 March 1969, all the acts adopted pursuant to this Agreement by the various Institutions of the Association between the European Economic Community (EEC) and the Tunisian Republic as well as the acts adopted by the EEC with regard to Tunisia.

Certain acts of the Institutions of the Association between the EEC and the Tunisian Republic have not been included because of their nature. This is the case for budgets, acts of a personal nature (for example appointments), etc.

2. General Structure of the Compilation

The acts are classified in 3 basic series with the following abbreviations and titles in order of classification:

GEN - General matters
INST - Institutional questions
GOODS - Free movement of goods.

Each series of acts is separated from the others by a guide card with the abbreviated title of the series indicated on the tab.

Each series of acts is subdivided under headings numbered in Roman numerals; the list of these headings appears on the 1st page of each series.

Under each heading the acts appearing in the Compilation are classified in the chronological order of the dates of adoption of the acts.

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General table of the series and headings in the Compilation
"Association between the European Economic Community
and the Tunisian Republic"

Series	Headings
General matters (GEN)	0 - General - Blank I - Association Agreement and related texts II - Provisions within the Community relating to the Association Agreement
Institutional Questions (INST)	0 - General - Blank I - Acts of the Association Council - Blank
Free movement of goods (GOODS)	0 - General - Blank I - Acts of the Association Council - Blank II - Provisions within the EEC

3. Pagination

In order that new acts can be added at any time, the Compilation is arranged in loose-leaf form.

Heading each page there is a reference composed of the following elements: an abbreviation indicating the series, a Roman numeral indicating the heading and consecutive Arabic numerals indicating the pages under each heading.

Example: INST I 10

INST indicates the "Institutional Questions" series;
I indicates the heading "Acts of the Association Council";
10 indicates page 10.

When it becomes necessary to amend a page after an alteration has been made, a replacement leaf will be supplied. This will be marked at the bottom right-hand corner so that it may be distinguished from the page to be removed which appeared previously in the collection. Example: if "No 2" and "31.8.1973" are written on the page, this means that the previous leaf has been replaced by a second leaf on 31.8.1973.

References to show that an act is related to another are given in foot-note form.

4. Tables

At the beginning of each heading in the Compilation there is a table listing the titles of the acts recorded in it. It will be brought up to date at regular intervals.

In addition to this compilation, there are also the "European Communities" Collected Acts, the Compilation of Acts of the "Association between the European Economic Community and the African States and Madagascar associated with the Community", the Compilation of Acts of the "Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey", the Compilation of Acts of the "Association between the European Economic Community and Greece" and the Compilation of Acts of the "Association between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco".

General matters

Subdivision :

- 0 - General - Blank
- I - Association Agreement and Related texts
- II - Provisions within the Community relating to the Association Agreement

I. Association Agreement and Related texts

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AGREEMENT

establishing an Association between
the European Economic Community and the
Tunisian Republic, and documents annexed thereto

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AGREEMENT**establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the
Tunisian Republic**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE PRESIDENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC,

of the other part,

DESIRING to express their mutual determination to maintain and strengthen their friendly relations in observance of the principles of the United Nations Charter,

RESOLVED to eliminate obstacles to the main body of trade between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic,

ANXIOUS to contribute to the development of international economic relations,

REFERRING to the Declaration of Intent by the Member States of the European Economic Community on the Association of the independent countries of the Franc area with the European Economic Community,

DESIRING to take a first step towards the implementation of that Declaration,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude an Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Tunisia in accordance with Article 238 of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Mr Gaston THORN,

President in Office of the Council of the European Communities,
Minister for Foreign Affairs in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Mr Jean REY,

President of the Commission of the European Communities

THE PRESIDENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC,

Mr Habib BOURGUIBA Jr,

Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs

Mr Ahmed BEN SALAH,

Secretary of State for National Economic Planning

WHO, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVING AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

By this Agreement an Association is established between the European Economic Community and Tunisia.

TITLE I

TRADE

Article 2

1. Products originating in Tunisia shall, on importation into the Community, be governed by the provisions of Annexes 1 and 2.

2. Products originating in the Community shall, on importation into Tunisia, be governed by the provisions of Annex 3.

3. The Contracting Parties shall take all appropriate measures, whether general or particular, to ensure fulfilment of the obligations arising from the Agreement.

They shall refrain from any measure liable to jeopardize the attainment of the objectives of the Agreement.

Article 3

Any internal fiscal measure or practice giving rise, directly or indirectly, to discrimination between the products of one Contracting Party and like products of the other Contracting Party shall be prohibited.

Article 4

1. Subject to special provisions relating to frontier-zone traffic, the treatment applied by Tunisia to products originating in the Community shall in no case be less favourable than that applied to products originating in the most-favoured third State.

2. Where duties are levied on products of one Contracting Party exported to the other Contracting Party, such duties may not exceed those applied to products exported to the most-favoured third State.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not preclude the maintenance or establishment by Tunisia of customs unions or free-trade areas, if these do not have the effect of modifying the trade arrangements laid down in this Agreement, and in particular the rules of origin.

In particular these provisions shall not preclude the maintenance or conclusion of agreements aimed at the progressive economic integration of the Maghreb.

Article 5

The rules of origin applicable to products covered by this Agreement are laid down in the Protocol.

Article 6

Payments relating to trade and the transfer of such payments to the Member State in which the creditor resides, or to Tunisia, shall be authorized where that trade is covered by the provisions of this Agreement.

Article 7

1. Where protective measures prove necessary for its industrialization and development, Tunisia may withdraw concessions granted in respect of the products in question other than those set out in List 5 of Annex 3, on condition that they are replaced by concessions which maintain the balance of the Agreement.

2. Such withdrawal and replacement shall take place after consultation in the Council of Association.

Article 8

1. If serious disturbances occur in a sector of the Tunisian economy or prejudice its external financial stability, or if difficulties arise which adversely affect the economic situation in a region of Tunisia, Tunisia may take the necessary protective measures.

The Council of Association shall be notified immediately of such measures and of the rules for their application.

2. If serious disturbances occur in a sector of the economy of the Community or of one or more Member States or prejudice the external financial stability of one or more Member States, or if difficulties arise which adversely affect the economic situation in a region of the Community, the Community may take, or authorize the Member State or State concerned to take, the necessary protective measures.

The Council of Association shall be notified immediately of such measures and of the rules for their application.

3. In the choice of measures to be taken in pursuance of paragraphs 1 and 2, preference shall be given to those which will least disturb the operation of the Agreement. These measures shall not exceed what is strictly necessary to remedy the difficulties that have arisen.

4. Consultations may take place in the Council of Association on the measures taken in pursuance of paragraphs 1 and 2.

Article 9

The provisions of this Agreement shall not preclude prohibitions or restrictions on imports, exports or goods in transit justified on grounds of public morality, public policy or public security; the protection of the health and life of humans, animals or plants; the protection of national treasures possessing artistic, historic or archaeological value; or the protection of industrial and commercial property. Such prohibitions or restrictions shall not, however, constitute a means of arbitrary discrimination or a disguised restriction on trade.

TITLE II

GENERAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 10

1. A Council of Association is hereby established to administer this Agreement and to ensure its proper execution. To this end it may make recommendations. It shall take decisions as provided for in this Title.

2. The Contracting Parties agree to keep each other informed and, at the request of either of them, to consult together in the Council of Association to ensure that this Agreement is correctly implemented.

3. The Council of Association shall adopt its own rules of procedure by decision.

Article 11

1. The Council of Association shall consist of members of the Council and of members of the Commission of the European Communities on the one hand, and of members of the Government of Tunisia on the other.

Members of the Council of Association may arrange to be represented in accordance with its rules of procedure.

2. The Council of Association shall act by mutual agreement between the European Economic Community and Tunisia.

Article 12

1. The Office of President of the Council of Association shall be held alternately by a member of the Council of the European Communities and a member of the Tunisian Government.

2. The Council of Association shall meet once a year on the initiative of its President.

The Council of Association shall also meet whenever necessary in accordance with its rules of procedure.

Article 13

The Council of Association may decide to set up committees to assist in the performance of its tasks.

The Council of Association shall lay down in its rules of procedure the composition, the terms of reference and methods of work of such committees.

Article 14

1. This Agreement is concluded for a period of five years from the date of its entry into force.

2. Not later than the end of the third year, negotiations may be opened with a view to concluding a new Agreement on a wider basis.

Article 15

This Agreement may be denounced by either Contracting Party giving six months' notice.

Article 16

1. This Agreement shall apply to the European Territories where the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community applies, and to the Tunisian Republic.

2. This Agreement shall apply also to the French overseas departments so far as concerns those of the fields covered by it which correspond to those listed in the first subparagraph of Article 227 (2) of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

The conditions for applying, to those departments, the provisions of this Agreement relating to other fields shall be decided at a later date by agreement between the Contracting Parties.

Article 17

Annexes 1 to 3 and the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement, shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 18

This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the day on which the Contracting Parties notify each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

Article 19

This Agreement is drawn up in two copies in the Dutch, French, German, Italian and Arabic languages, each of these texts being authentic.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Agreement.

Done at Tunis this twenty-eighth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine.

For the Council of the European Communities,

Gaston THORN

Jean REY

Subject to the reservation that the European Economic Community shall not be finally bound until notification has been given to the other Contracting Party of completion of the procedures required by the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, in particular as regards consultation of the European Parliament.

For the President of the Tunisian Republic,

Habib BOURGUIBA Jr

Ahmed BEN SALAH

ANNEX 1

on the implementation of Article 2 (1) of the Agreement

Article 1

Subject to the special provisions of Articles 2 and 3, imports of products other than those listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and other than cork and articles of cork falling within headings Nos 45.02, 45.03 and 45.04, of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be admitted into the Community without quantitative restrictions and free of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

Article 2

1. Crude petroleum oils and crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals, falling within heading No 27.09 and petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, falling within subheading No 27.11 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported into the Community without quantitative restrictions and free of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

2. Imports of petroleum products falling within headings Nos 27.10, 27.11, 27.12, 27.14 and subheading No 27.13 B, of the Common Customs Tariff, refined in Tunisia, shall be admitted into the Community free of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

3. (a) Where the importation into the Community, under the arrangements provided for in paragraph 2, of petroleum products referred to in that paragraph, refined in Tunisia, causes serious difficulties on the market of one or more Member States, the Community shall be entitled to apply customs duties to such imports, to the extent and for the period necessary to remedy that situation. The rates of customs duty thus introduced shall not exceed those applicable to third States on the same products.

(b) The provisions of (a) may be applied whenever imports into the Community of these products, refined in Tunisia, reach 100 000 metric tons per year.

4. If the Community decides to apply quantitative restrictions to imports, from all sources, of the petroleum products referred to in paragraph 2, those restrictions may also be applied to imports of such products refined in Tunisia. In such cases, Tunisia shall be given preferential treatment in relation to third States.

5. The Community shall be entitled to modify the arrangements laid down in this Article:

- when a common definition of origin is adopted for petroleum products from third States and Associated countries;
- when decisions are taken in the context of a common commercial policy;
- when a common energy policy is established.

In that event, the Community shall ensure that the imports referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are accorded advantages equivalent to those laid down in this Article.

6. Consultations may take place in the Council of Association on the measures taken in pursuance of paragraphs 4 and 5.

Article 3

Without prejudice to the levying of a variable component determined in accordance with Article 12 of Regulation No 160/66/EEC establishing trade arrangements for certain goods processed from agricultural products, the Community shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that no fixed component is levied on imports into the Community of such goods originating in Tunisia.

Article 4

1. Imports into the Community of the following products originating in Tunisia:

ex 08.02 A: Fresh oranges

ex 08.02 B: Fresh mandarins and satsumas, fresh clementines, tangerines and other similar citrus hybrids

ex 08.02 C: Fresh lemons

shall be subject to customs duties equal to 20 % of the Common Customs Tariff import duties.

2. During the period of application of reference prices, paragraph 1 shall apply on condition that on the internal Community market the prices of citrus fruit imported from Tunisia are, after customs clearance and allowance for the conversion factors operative for the various classes of citrus fruit and after deduction of transport costs and import charges other than customs duties, not less than the reference prices for the period in question, plus the incidence of the Common Customs Tariff on those reference prices and a fixed amount of 1.20 units of account per 100 kg.

3. The transport costs and import charges other than customs duties referred to in paragraph 2, shall be those laid down for calculating the entry prices referred to in Regulation No 23 on the progressive establishment of a common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables.

However, the Community shall be entitled to calculate the amount to be deducted in respect of import charges, other than customs duties, referred to in paragraph 2, in such a way as to avoid difficulties which may arise from the incidence of those charges on entry prices, depending on origin.

4. The provisions of Article 11 of Regulation No 23 shall continue to apply.

5. Where the advantages accruing from the provisions of paragraph 1 would or could be jeopardized by reason of abnormal conditions of competition, consultations may be held in the Council of Association on the problems arising from such situation.

Article 5

1. The Community shall take all measures necessary to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil other than refined olive oil, falling within subheading No 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, is the import levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Regulation 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, less 5 units of account per 100 kg.

2. Paragraph 1 shall apply on condition that the Tunisian offer prices for olive oil intended for the Community are, quality for quality, not less than the cif price for olive oil determined in accordance with Article 13 of the Regulation referred to in paragraph 1, plus the amount of the abatement provided for in paragraph 1.

3. However, the offer prices for the olive oil referred to in paragraph 1 may be less than the minimum offer price stipulated in paragraph 2 by an amount not exceeding 1 unit of account per 100 kg where:

- the fall in Tunisian offer prices for olive oil is not greater than the fall in prices on the world market;
- offers of olive oil from Tunisia are not the cause of the fall in prices on the world market.

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of paragraphs 1 to 3, the Community shall take all measures necessary to ensure that the amount of the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil other than refined olive oil, falling within subheading No 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, shall be reduced by a fixed amount of 0.5 unit of account per 100 kg.

5. Consultations on the operation of the arrangements provided for in paragraphs 1 to 3 may be held in the Council of Association.

Article 6

Without prejudice to the levying of the variable component of the levy determined in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the Community shall take all measures necessary to ensure that the fixed component shall not be levied on imports into the Community of refined olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country into the Community.

Article 7

1. Imports of the products in the following list, originating in Tunisia, shall be admitted into the Community without quantitative restrictions and free of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

CCT heading No	Description
ex 02.01 A IV	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen: A. Meat: ex IV. Other, excluding meat of domestic sheep
02.04	Other meat and edible meat offals, fresh, chilled or frozen
ex 07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split excluding those intended for sowing
ex 08.01 A	Dates in immediate containers of a net content not exceeding 35 kg
09.04 A II	Pimento of the genus 'Capsicum' or the genus 'Pimenta' neither crushed nor ground
09.04 B	Pepper of the genus 'Piper' and pimento of the genus 'Capsicum' or the genus 'Pimenta', crushed or ground
09.09	Seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin, caraway and juniper
09.10	Thyme, saffron and bay leaves; other spices
12.07	Plants and parts (including seeds and fruit) of trees, bushes, shrubs or other plants, being goods of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whole, cut, crushed, ground or powdered
12.08	Locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared; fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading
ex 20.01 B	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard; other, excluding gherkins
20.02 F	Capers and olives, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid
23.01 A	Flours and meals of meat and offals; greaves

2. The Community shall be entitled to modify the arrangements laid down in paragraph 1 with respect to dates in immediate containers of a net content not exceeding 35 kg, falling within subheading No ex 08.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff, where exports to the Community of the same products originating in Iraq would be affected by those from Tunisia.

3. Products in the following list, originating in Tunisia, shall be admitted into the Community at 50 % of the rates of import duty of the Common Customs Tariff.

CCT heading No	Description
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic-acid: A. Mushrooms B. Truffles ex H. Other, excluding carrots and mixtures
20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar: A II. Other B III. Other C III. Not specified

CCT heading No	Description
ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) bb) c) 2	Apricot halves and peach halves (including nectarines), otherwise prepared or preserved, not containing added spirit, not containing added sugar

Article 8

1. Should Community regulations be amended in respect of products covered by this Annex and coming under Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and goods processed from such products, the Community shall be entitled to modify the arrangements laid down in this Annex.

In the event of modifications of these arrangements, the Community shall grant to imports originating in Tunisia an advantage comparable to that provided for in this Annex.

2. The application of this Article may be the subject of consultations in the Council of Association.

Article 9

Products originating in Tunisia listed in this Annex may not be given more favourable treatment than that accorded under the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community by the Member States to one another.

ANNEX 2

on the implementation of Article 2 (1) of the Agreement

Article 1

1. Subject to Article 2, fisheries products falling within Chapter 3 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be subject, on importation into France, Germany or the Benelux countries, to the customs duties applicable to imports of those products from other Member States.

2. For fisheries products falling within Chapter 3 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, a duty-free tariff quota of 2000 metric tons shall be opened each year for Italy.

3. Subject to Articles 2 and 3, imports into the Community of the products referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, originating in Tunisia, shall not be subject to quantitative restrictions.

Article 2

Fresh tunny (live or dead), chilled or frozen, falling within subheading No 03.01 B I b) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, may be imported into France within an annual quota of 100 metric tons. That quota shall be free of customs duties.

Article 3

Fresh eels (live or dead), chilled or frozen, falling within subheading No 03.01 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, may be imported into the Benelux countries under the special Benelux annual quota available to third countries for that product. Such imports shall qualify for the tariff arrangements laid down in Article 1 (1).

Article 4

1. Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes, falling within heading No 16.04, and crustaceans and molluscs prepared or preserved, falling within heading No 16.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia shall, on importation into France or the Benelux countries, be subject to the customs duties applicable to imports of such products from other Member States, without quantitative restrictions.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, prepared or preserved common red tunny (*Thunnus thynnus*) falling within subheading No ex 16.04 E of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, may be imported into France within an annual quota of 150 metric tons. This quota shall be free of customs duties.

Article 5

1. For all the products referred to in Article 4 (1), originating in Tunisia, tariff quotas shall be opened annually for Germany and Italy, in the quantities and at the rates of customs duty shown below:

Member State	Quantity	Duty
Germany	1 000 metric tons	50 % of the CCT duty
Italy	500 metric tons	50 % of the CCT duty

2. The rates of Common Customs Tariff duty to be taken for calculation of customs duties laid down in paragraph 1 shall be those applicable at the time of importation.

Article 6

Flours and meals of fish, crustaceans or molluscs falling within subheading No 23.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall, on importation into a Member State, be subject to the customs duties applicable to imports of such products from other Member States, without quantitative restrictions.

Article 7

Without prejudice to Articles 1 to 6 France shall continue to apply the duty-free quotas which that State applies to

Tunisia on the date of the entry into force of this Agreement, in respect of the products referred to in Articles 1 (1), 4 (1) and 6.

Article 8

1. The quotas provided for in Articles 1 (2), 2, 4 (2) and 5 shall be open from 1 January to 31 December of each year.

2. If the Agreement does not enter into force at the beginning of a calendar year, the quotas shall be opened *pro rata temporis*:

- beginning in the first year, on the first day of the month following the date of the entry into force of this Agreement, and
- in the last year, ending on the last day of the month following the date of expiry of this Agreement.

Article 9

Subject to Article 1 (2), (3) and Articles 2, 4 and 7, the products originating in Tunisia referred to in this Annex may be given more favourable treatment than that accorded by the Member States to one another pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

Article 10

1. The provisions of Articles 1 to 8 shall apply until the entry into force in the Community of the common fisheries policy.

2. On the establishment of the common organization for fisheries products, the Community shall take into account the interests of Tunisia.

3. The Community shall be entitled, in the event of modification of the Community rules referred to in paragraph 2, to modify the arrangements laid down for Tunisia.

In that event, the Community shall grant favourable treatment, in respect of imports originating in Tunisia, comparable to that granted under paragraph 2.

4. Consultations may be held in the Council of Association on the implementation of paragraphs 2 and 3.

ANNEX 3

on the implementation of Article 2 (2) of the Agreement

Article 1

1. The customs duties on imports into Tunisia of products originating in the Community and included in List 1 shall be those of the lowest Tunisian tariff reduced as stated in that list.

2. In the event of amendment of the Tunisian Customs Tariff, the percentage reduction granted to the Community under paragraph 1 shall remain unchanged.

The customs duty on each product on which successive reductions are to be made by Tunisia, shall be the duty applied in practice in respect of third States.

Article 2

If customs duties are introduced on the following products, which on the entry into force of the Agreement may be imported free of customs duties, Tunisia shall, in respect of such products originating in the Community, grant the following rates of reduction calculated on the basis of the customs duties applied in practice in respect of third States.

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of reduction applicable		
		when duties are introduced %	18 months after duties are introduced %	36 months after duties are introduced %
31.04	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic	20	24	28
38.11 B	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations as articles (for example sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly papers), other	15	18	21
69.02	Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods	10	20	30

Article 3

1. Imports into Tunisia of the products included in List 2 shall be liberalized.

2. However, after informing the Community, Tunisia shall be entitled to introduce quantitative restrictions on imports of the products referred to in paragraph 1.

On the introduction of such restrictions, Tunisia shall liberalize one or more products representing an equivalent quantity of imports from the Community, calculated on the basis of the latest available relevant annual statistics.

Article 4

For products originating in the Community and included in List 3, Tunisia shall open the quotas shown in the third column, which shall be increased from the entry into force of this Agreement and thereafter annually in relation to the previous period by the percentage shown in the fourth column.

Article 5

1. For products originating in the Community and included in List 4, Tunisia shall open quotas equal to the percentage, shown in the third column, of total Tunisian imports during each year.
2. For the products referred to in paragraph 1 and for which the percentage shown in the third column is less than 50 %, the Community's share shall, from entry into force of the Agreement, be increased by 3 points per year until it reaches 50 %. It shall not, however, exceed that percentage.

Article 6

1. Products originating in the Community and included in List 5 shall be subject to special arrangements on account of industrialization. For such products, Tunisia shall open quotas equal to the percentage, shown in the third column, of total Tunisian imports during each year, increased as indicated in paragraph 2.
2. For the products referred to in paragraph 1, the percentage shown in the third column shall, from the entry into force of this Agreement, be adjusted as follows:
 - where the percentage is less than 50 %, the Community share shall be increased by 3 points a year up to 50 %;
 - where the percentage has reached 50 %, the Community share shall be increased by 2 points a year up to 70 %;
 - where the percentage has reached 70 %, the Community share shall be increased by 1 point a year up to 85 %.
3. The quotas opened to the Community for the products referred to in paragraph 1 may not, in any case, be less either than 10 % of the average volume of Tunisian imports from the Community over the years 1965 to 1967, or than the volume of imports in the year 1967, if the latter is less than 10 % of the average for the above years.
4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2, and as long as Tunisia has not developed the manufacture of the products mentioned below:
 - (a) Tunisia shall open the following quota for imports of products originating in the Community:

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Volume of trade
ex 85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers, including sets of such apparatus (sound-amplifier sets), excluding parts	58 037 Tunisian dinars plus 5 % a year

- (b) Tunisia shall liberalize imports of the following products originating in the Community:

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
31.04	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic
40.11 A	Solid tyres or cushion tyres (semi-pneumatic type tyres)

5. The products referred to in paragraph 1 may be the subject of consultations in the Council of Association.

In view of their purpose, which is to enable developments in the flow of trade to be studied by both sides together in the light of developments in Tunisian production of the products in question and of the import potential of the Tunisian market, such consultations shall take place at regular intervals.

Article 7

Tunisia shall take measures necessary to ensure that the objectives of this Annex are attained in the event of imports coming within the scope of a State monopoly of a commercial character of a body by means of which imports are, in law or in fact, directly or indirectly, limited, controlled, directed or influenced.

Article 8

Tunisia shall take all measures necessary to ensure that the application of this Annex shall not give rise, directly or indirectly, in law or in fact, to any discrimination between Member States and, in particular, to ensure equal conditions of competition between Member States in the administration and disposal of the quotas opened by Tunisia in favour of the Community.

LIST 1

Reduction of duties provided for in Article 1, applicable to imports into Tunisia of products originating in the Community

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	25	30	35
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled:			
	E. Seed potatoes	25	30	35
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:			
	A. Seed beans	} 15	18	21
	B. Other beans			
	E. Other seed peas			
	F. Other peas, other			
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	20	24	28
11.08	Starches; inulin:			
	A. Starches	20	24	28
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	25	30	35
15.17	Residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes	20	24	28
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	15	18	21
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	15	18	21
17.02	Other sugars; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel:			
	A. Glucose	15	18	21
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:			
	A. Mushrooms and truffles	} 15	18	21
	B. Sauerkraut			
ex 22.03	Beer made from malt, in bottles	15	18	21
27.10	Petroleum or shale oils, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of shale oils, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:			
	A. Lubricating oils and greases on importation	10	20	30
27.12	Petroleum jelly:			
	A. On importation	20	24	28

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: A. On importation	20	24	28
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum or shale oils A. On importation	20	24	28
27.15	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous shale, asphaltic rock and tar sands: A. On importation	20	24	28
27.16	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs): A. On importation	10	12	14
Chapter 28 (excluding 28.02, 28.05 A, 28.06, 28.08, 28.15 A, 28.17 A, ex 28.32, (Chlorates), 28.35 A, 28.38 B, 28.39 A, 28.40, 28.41, 28.42 A, 28.43, 28.53, 28.54, 28.56 A)	Inorganic chemicals; organic and inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare earth metals, of radio-active elements and of isotopes, excluding the products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column	20	24	28
Chapter 29 (excluding 29.16 C, 29.31 A)	Organic chemicals, excluding the products falling within subheadings in the first column	20	24	28
Chapter 30 (excluding the prohibited products falling within heading No 30.03)	Pharmaceutical products, excluding the medicaments (including veterinary medicaments) listed hereafter: All tablets containing: — Aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid) by itself or with vitamins B1 and C, such as: UPR aspirin Bayer aspirin, Vicario aspirin, Soluble aspirin, Sweet aspirin, Aspro, Vitamin C aspirin, Vitamin B1 and C aspirin — Sulfaguanidine with no other active chemical, such as: Ganidan, UPR Sulfaguanidine, Lafran Sulfaguanidine, Merck Sulfaguanidine All oily or alcoholic solutions for internal use containing vitamin D2 (calciferol), such as: Stérogyl 15, Irrasterine, Defargyl, Chauvin Blanche vitamin D2 Derambure Vitamin D2 All injectable solutions: Containing soluble camphor derivatives (sodium camphor sulphonate, piperazine	25	30	35

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
	<p>camphor sulphonate, diethylamine camphor carboxylate, etc) with no other active chemical, such as:</p> <p>Injectable Solucamphre 2 ml, 5 ml, Camphodausse, Camphydril, Camphostyl to 0.10, 0.20, 0.50, Camphostène;</p> <p>Containing only choline chloride or choline hydrochloride, such as:</p> <p>Biocholine, Chlorycholine;</p> <p>Containing the following mixture: camphor, phenol, eucalyptol, gaiacol and neutralized olive oil, such as:</p> <p>Eucalyptine 1 ml, 2 ml (with gaiacol) Eucalyptine (without gaiacol) Balsamul</p>			
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous	20	24	28
31.05	Other fertilisers, goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	20	24	28
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of the kind used as luminophores	15	18	21
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes	15	18	21
32.09	<p>Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, varnish or other paint or enamel media; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail:</p> <p>A. Pigments of the kinds listed above, crushed B. Varnishes and lacquers D. Other</p>	15	18	21
32.10	Artists', students' and signboard painters' colours, modifying tints, amusement colours and the like, in tablets, tubes, jars, bottles, pans or in similar forms or packings, including such colours in sets or outfits, with or without brushes, palettes or other accessories	15	18	21
32.11	Prepared driers	15	18	21
32.12	Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings, and stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements	15	18	21
32.13	<p>Writing ink, printing ink and other inks:</p> <p>A. Writing and drawing ink B. Other inks</p>	15	18	21

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
34.01	Soap, including medicated soap: C. Medicated soap	25	30	35
Chapter 38 (excluding 38.11 A)	Miscellaneous chemical products, excluding products falling within the subheading in the first column	15	18	21
Chapter 39 (excluding 39.03 and 39.07)	Artificial resins and plastic materials, cellulose esters and ethers; articles thereof, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column	15	18	21
40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered, and textile thread covered or impregnated with vulcanized rubber, unhardened	15	18	21
40.08	Plates, sheets, strip, rods and profile shapes, of vulcanized rubber, unhardened	15	18	21
40.09	Piping and tubing, of vulcanized rubber, unhardened	15	18	21
40.10	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of vulcanized rubber, unhardened	15	18	21
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: A. Solid or cushion tyres F. Tyre cases, including those not requiring inner tubes, other than for aircraft, not exceeding 15 kg in weight	15	18	21
40.12	Hygienic and pharmaceutical articles (including teats) of vulcanized rubber, unhardened, with or without fittings of hardened rubber	20	24	28
40.13	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories (including gloves), for all purposes, of vulcanized rubber, unhardened	20	24	28
40.14	Other articles of vulcanized rubber, unhardened	15	18	21
40.15	Hardened rubber (ebonite and vulcanite), in bulk, plates, sheets, strip, rods, profile shapes or tubes; scrap, waste and powder, of hardened rubber	15	18	21
40.16	Articles of hardened rubber (ebonite and vulcanite)	15	18	21
44.05	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm	20	24	28
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine-made, in rolls or sheets: B. Strawpaper and strawboard C. Other	20	24	28
51.03	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale: A. Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous)	20	24	28
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02	15	18	21
53.06	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale	20	24	28

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months after entry into force of the Agreement
53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale	20	24	28
53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale	20	24	28
53.09	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale	20	24	28
53.10	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool, of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale	15	18	21
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair: B. Other	15	18	21
53.12	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair other than horsehair	15	18	21
53.13	Woven fabrics of horsehair	15	18	21
54.04	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale	15	18	21
54.05	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie	15	18	21
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	20	24	28
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	15	18	21
55.07	Cotton gauze	25	30	35
55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton	15	18	21
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	15	18	21
56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale	15	18	21
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)	20	24	28
57.05	Yarn of true hemp	20	24	28
57.06	Yarn of jute	20	24	28
cx 57.07	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres, other than yarn of coir	20	24	28
57.08	Paper yarn	20	24	28
57.11	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres	20	24	28
58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): B. Others	20	24	28
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06	20	24	28
58.08	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain	20	24	28

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
58.09	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs	20	24	28
59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not, of textile yarn	15	18	21
59.05	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope	15	18	21
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses	15	18	21
59.09	Textile fabrics coated or impregnated with oil or preparations with a basis of drying oil	15	18	21
59.10	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not	15	18	21
59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods and weftless fabrics made from rubberized textile yarn	15	18	21
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths or the like	15	18	21
59.14	Wicks, of woven, plaited or knitted textile materials, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles and the like; tubular knitted gas-mantle fabric and incandescent gas mantles	15	18	21
59.15	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials	20	24	28
59.16	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not in pieces and whether or not strengthened with metal or other material	20	24	28
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	20	24	28
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized: B. Of other textile materials	15	18	21
60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings)	15	18	21
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other	15	18	21
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other	15	18	21
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs	15	18	21
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments	15	18	21

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months after entry into force of the Agreement
61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments	15	18	21
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic	15	18	21
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods	15	18	21
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel	15	18	21
62.05	Other made up textile articles, including dress patterns and cheese cloths	15	18	21
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like	15	18	21
70.02	Glass of the variety known as 'enamel' glass, in the mass, rods or tubes	20	24	28
70.03	Glass in balls, rods and tubes, unworked (not being optical glass)	15	18	21
70.04	Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass), whether figured or not, in rectangles	15	18	21
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	15	18	21
70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked	15	18	21
70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved), whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass; leaded lights and the like	15	18	21
70.08	Safety glass, consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	15	18	21
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed or backed	15	18	21
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass: C. Stoppers and other closures, of glass	15	18	21
70.11	Glass envelopes (including bulbs and tubes) for electric lamps, electronic valves or the like	15	18	21
70.12	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels, and blanks therefor	15	18	21
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses: B. Of crystal	15	18	21

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass	15	18	21
70.15	Clock and watch glasses and similar glasses (including glass of a kind used for sunglasses but excluding glass suitable for corrective lenses), curved, bent, hollowed and the like; glass spheres and segments of spheres, of a kind used for the manufacture of clock and watch glasses and the like	15	18	21
70.17	Laboratory, hygienic and pharmaceutical glassware, whether or not graduated or calibrated; glass ampoules	15	18	21
70.18	Optical glass and elements of optical glass, other than optically worked optical elements; blanks for corrective spectacle lenses	15	18	21
70.20	Glass fibre (including wool), yarns, fabrics and articles made therefrom	15	18	21
70.21	Other articles of glass	15	18	21
73.02	Ferro-alloys	15	18	21
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	20	24	28
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	20	24	28
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	20	24	28
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	15	18	21
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	20	24	28
73.19	High-pressure hydro-electric conduits of steel, whether or not reinforced	20	24	28
73.20	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and flanges) of iron or steel	20	24	28
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper: copper wire	20	24	28
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	20	24	28
82.04	Hand tools, including mounted glaziers' diamonds, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter; blow lamps, anvils; vices and clamps, other than accessories for, and parts of, machine tools; portable forges; grinding wheels mounted on frameworks (hand or pedal operated)	15	18	21
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits:			
	B. Other	20	24	28

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances	20	24	28
82.07	Tool-tips and plates, sticks and the like for tool-tips, unmounted, of sintered metal carbides (for example, carbides of tungsten, molybdenum or vanadium)	20	24	28
82.08	Coffee-mills, mincers, juice-extractors and other mechanical appliances, of a weight not exceeding 10 kg and of a kind used for domestic purposes in the preparation, serving or conditioning of food or drink	15	18	21
82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06	15	18	21
82.10	Knife blades	15	18	21
ex 82.11	Razors	15	18	21
82.12	Scissors (including tailors' shears), and blades therefor	15	18	21
82.13	Other articles of cutlery (for example, secateurs, hair clippers, butchers' cleavers, paper knives); manicure and chiropody sets and appliances (including nail files)	15	18	21
83.03	Safes, strong-boxes, armoured or reinforced strong-rooms, strong-room linings and strong-room doors, and cash and deed boxes and the like, of base metal	15	18	21
83.05	Fittings for loose-leaf binders, for files or for stationery books, of base metal; letter clips, paper clips, staples, indexing tags, and similar stationery goods, of base metal	15	18	21
83.07	Lamps and lighting fittings, of base metal, and parts thereof, of base metal (excluding switches, electric lamp holders, electric lamps for vehicles, electric battery or magneto lamps, and other articles falling within Chapter 85 except heading No 85.22): B. Electric light appliances, with or without electric fittings, and non-electric parts thereof	15	18	21
83.08	Flexible tubing and piping, of base metal	50	60	70
82.13	Stoppers, crown corks, bottle caps, capsules, bung covers, seals and plombs, case corner protectors and other packing accessories, of base metal: B. Other	15	18	21
cx 83.15	Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products, of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying, other than coated electrodes of base metal of a kind used for arc welding	50	60	70

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months after entry into force of the Agreement
Chapter 84 (excluding 84.06; 84.10 A and B; 84.12; 84.15; 84.17 A; 84.19 A; 84.20 B; 84.23 B; 84.36 to 84.39 inclusive; 84.40 C; 84.41 A and C; 84.58; 84.61; 84.63 A; and 84.64)	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column	50	60	70
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: A. Automobile and motor-cycle engines D. Other engines	} 15	18	21
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): C. Refrigerating equipment with basic components D. Parts	} 15	18	21
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors, including parts therefor	10	20	30
85.05	Tools for working in the hand, with self-contained electric motor	20	24	28
85.06	Electro-mechanical domestic appliances with self-contained electric motor, defined in Note III to this Chapter ⁽¹⁾	15	18	21
ex 85.07	Parts for shavers and hair clippers with self-contained electric motor	10	20	30
ex 85.08	Electrical starting and ignition equipment for internal combustion engines (including ignition magnetos, magneto-dynamos, ignition coils, starter motors, sparking plugs and glow plugs); dynamos and cut-outs for use in conjunction therewith, including parts therefor but excluding sparking plugs	15	18	21
85.09	Electrical lighting and signalling equipment and electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters, for cycles or motor vehicles	15	18	21
85.10	Portable electric battery and magneto lamps, other than lamps falling within heading No 85.09	15	18	21
85.12	Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair dryers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon	15	18	21

⁽¹⁾ III. Heading No 85.06 includes the following, provided they are electro-mechanical appliances of the kind commonly used for domestic purposes:

(a) vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, food grinders and mixers, fruit juice extractors and ventilators of any weight;

(b) other equipment of a maximum weight of 20 kg, excluding dish washing machines (heading No 84.19), clothes washing machines (heading No 84.18 or 84.40, according to whether they are centrifugal machines or not), ironing machines (heading No 84.16 or 84.40, according to whether rollers are used or not), sewing machines (heading No 84.41) and electro-thermic domestic appliances falling within heading No 85.12.

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months after entry into force of the Agreement
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor, loud-speakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers, including sound-amplifier sets	10	20	30
85.15	Radio navigational aid apparatus, radio-telegraphic and radio-telephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones) and television cameras; radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus, including parts: ex A. Parts for radio-broadcasting and television receivers	15	18	21
85.20	Electric filament lamps and electric discharge lamps (including infra-red and ultra-violet lamps); arc-lamps; electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs; parts thereof	15	18	21
86.01	Steam rail locomotives and tenders	20	24	28
86.02	Electric rail locomotives, battery operated or powered from an external source of electricity	20	24	28
86.03	Other rail locomotives	20	24	28
86.04	Mechanically propelled railway and tramway coaches, vans and trucks, and mechanically propelled track inspection trolleys	20	24	28
86.06	Railway and tramway rolling-stock, the following: workshops, cranes and other service vehicles	20	24	28
86.07	Railway and tramway goods vans, goods wagons and trucks	20	24	28
ex 86.08	Containers specially designed and equipped for carriage by one or more modes of transport	20	24	28
86.09	Parts of railway and tramway locomotives and rolling-stock	15	18	21
86.10	Railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical equipment, not electrically powered, for signalling to or controlling road, rail or other vehicles, ships or aircraft; parts of the foregoing fixtures, fittings or equipment	15	18	21
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods, or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09): A. Private motor vehicles for the transport of persons	15	18	21
87.03	Special purpose motor lorries and vans (such as breakdown lorries, fire-engines, fire-escapes, road sweeper lorries, snow-ploughs, spraying lorries, crane lorries, searchlight lorries, mobile workshops and mobile radiological units), but not including the motor vehicles of heading No 87.02	15	18	21
87.04	Chassis (including chassis-frames) fitted with engines, for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03	20	24	28
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03, including chassis-frames without engines	20	24	28

List 1 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Percentage reduction on the lowest rates of duty		
		on the entry into force of the Agreement	18 months after entry into force of the Agreement	36 months
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds	15	18	21
87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized	15	18	21
87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11	15	18	21
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound heads	15	18	21
92.13	Other parts and accessories of apparatus falling within heading No 92.11	15	18	21
94.02	Medical, dental, surgical or veterinary furniture (for example, operating tables, hospital beds with mechanical fittings); dentists' and similar chairs with mechanical elevating, rotating or reclining movements; parts of the foregoing articles	20	24	28

LIST 2

Products liberalized on importation into Tunisia, in accordance with Article 3

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
ex 01.01	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies, excluding Arab thoroughbreds
01.02	Live animals of the bovine species
01.03	Live swine
05.10	Ivory, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of ivory
05.12	Coral and similar substances, unworked or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of shells
05.14	Ambergris, castoreum, civet and musk; cantharides; bile, whether or not dried; animal products, fresh, chilled or frozen or otherwise provisionally preserved, of a kind used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products
06.01	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower: A. Dormant
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: E. Seed potatoes
07.06	Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and other similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh or dried, whole or sliced; sago pith
11.08	Starches; inulin
12.04	Sugar beet, whole or sliced, fresh dried or powdered; sugar cane
12.06	Hop cones and lupulin
12.07	Plants and parts (including seeds and fruit) of trees, bushes, shrubs or other plants, being goods of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy, or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whole, cut, crushed, ground or powdered
13.01	Raw vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in dyeing or in tanning; B. Other
14.02	Vegetable materials, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material, of a kind used primarily as stuffing or as padding (for example, kapok, vegetable hair and eel-grass)
14.03	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in brushes or in brooms (for example, sorgho, piassava, couch-grass and istle), whether or not in bundles or hanks
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's foot oil and fats from bones or waste)

List 2 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
15.17	Residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes
18.01	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted
19.02	Preparations of flour, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa
ex Chapter 24	Tobacco for the Régie nationale des tabacs et allumettes
Chapter 25 (excluding 25.01; 25.03; 25.05; 25.07; 25.08; 25.09; 25.10; ex 25.13 A (pumice stone); 25.15; ex 25.17 (crushed or broken stone); 25.22; 25.23 and ex 25.32 A (natron))	Salt, sulphur, earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement, excluding the products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column
26.01	Metallic ores and concentrates and roasted iron pyrites: ex A. Roasted iron pyrites B. Lead ore and concentrates C. Zinc ore and concentrates D. Other ores and concentrates
26.02	Slag, dross, scalings and similar waste from the manufacture of iron or steel
26.03	Ash and residues (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing metals or metallic compounds
26.04	Other slag and ash, including kelp
Chapter 27 (excluding 27.02 and 27.10)	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 28 (excluding ex 28.01 (chlorine); 28.05; 28.06 A; ex 28.17 B (caustic potash); ex 28.32 (potassium chlorate); 28.38 C; 28.39 A and ex 28.39 B; (sodium nitrate and calcium nitrate for use as a fertilizer, potassium nitrate) 28.40; ex 28.42 B (potassium carbonate); ex 28.58 (calcium cyanamide for use as a fertilizer)	Inorganic chemicals; organic and inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare earth metals, of radio-active elements and of isotopes, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column

List 2 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
Chapter 29 (excluding ex 29.08 (anethole))	Organic chemicals, excluding anethole
Chapter 30 (excluding ex 30.03)	<p>Pharmaceutical products, excluding the medicaments and veterinary medicaments listed hereafter:</p> <p>All tablets containing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid) by itself or with vitamins B 1 and C, such as: UPR aspirin, Bayer aspirin, Vicario aspirin, Soluble aspirin, Sweet aspirin, Aspro, Vitamin B 1 and C aspirin — Sulfaguanidine with no other active chemical, such as: Ganidan, UPR sulfaguanidine, Lafran sulfaguanidine, Merck sulfaguanidine <p>All oily or alcoholic solutions for internal use, containing vitamin D 2 (calciferol), such as: Stérogyl 15, Irrasterine, Defargyl, Chauvin Blanche Vitamin D 2, Derambure Vitamin D 2;</p> <p>All injectable solutions: Containing soluble camphor derivatives (sodium camphor sulphonate, piperazine camphor sulphonate, diethylamine camphor carboxylate, etc) with no other active chemical, such as: Injectable Solucamphre 2 ml, 5 ml, Camphodausse, Camphadril, Camphostyl to 0-10, 0-20, 0-50, Camphostène;</p> <p>Containing only choline chloride or choline hydrochloride, such as: Biocholine, Clorycholine;</p> <p>Containing the following mixture: camphor, phenol, eucalyptol, gaiacol and neutralized olive oil, such as: Eucalyptine 1 ml, 2 ml (with gaiacol), Eucalyptine (without gaiacol), Balsamul</p>
Chapter 31 (excluding 31.03 and 31.05)	Fertilizers, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
ex Chapter 32 (excluding 32.08 and 32.09 A and C)	Tanning and dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, colours, paints and varnishes; putty, fillers and stoppings; inks, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column
34.01	Soap, including medicated soap: C. Medicated soap

List 2 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
Chapter 35 (excluding 35.06) 36.06	Albuminoidal substances; glues excluding products falling within the heading in the first column Matches (excluding Bengal matches): A. Destined for the French 'Régie nationale des tabacs et allumettes'
Chapter 37	Photographic and cinematographic goods
Chapter 38 (excluding 38.11)	Miscellaneous chemical products, excluding products falling within the heading in the first column
Chapter 39 (excluding 39.03 and 39.07)	Artificial resins and plastic materials, cellulose esters and ethers; articles thereof, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 40 excluding 40.11 B, C, F)	Rubber, synthetic rubber, factice, and articles thereof, excluding products within the subheadings in the first column
Chapter 49 (excluding 49.09 and 49.10)	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry, manuscripts, typescripts and plans, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 51 (excluding 51.04)	Man-made fibres (continuous), excluding the products falling within the heading in the first column
Chapter 52	Metallized textiles
53.06	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale
53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale
53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale
53.09	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale
53.10	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool, of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale
Chapter 54	Flax and ramie
Chapter 55 (excluding 55.09)	Cotton, excluding the products falling within the heading in the first column
Chapter 56 (excluding 56.07)	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), excluding the products falling within the heading in the first column
Chapter 57 (excluding 57.07 ex 57.07 (coir yarn))	Other vegetable textile materials; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn, excluding coir yarn
58.07	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like
Chapter 59 (excluding 59.17 ex 59.17 (filter discs and textile bags for oil presses))	Wadding and felt; twine, cordage, ropes and cables; special fabrics; impregnated or coated fabrics; textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use, excluding filter discs and textile bags for oil presses
68.14	Friction material (segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets, plates, rolls and the like) of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos, other mineral substances or of cellulose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials

List 2 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
68.15	Worked mica and articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric (for example, micanite and micafolium)
68.16	Articles of stone or of other mineral substances (including articles of peat), not elsewhere specified or included
69.01	Heat-insulating bricks, blocks, tiles and other heat-insulating goods of infusorial earths, of kieselguhr, of siliceous fossil meal or of similar siliceous earths
69.03	Other refractory goods (for example, retorts, crucibles, muffles, nozzles, plugs, supports, cupels, tubes, pipes, sheaths and rods), other than goods falling within heading No 69.01
Chapter 70 (excluding 70.10; 70.13 and 70.19)	Glass and glassware, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 73 (excluding 70.10; 73.11; 73.13; 73.23; 73.26; 73.71 and 73.36 to 73.40)	Iron and steel and articles thereof, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 74 (excluding 74.17 and 74.18)	Copper and articles thereof, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof
Chapter 76 (excluding 76.03; 76.15 and 76.16)	Aluminium and articles thereof, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 77	Magnesium and beryllium and articles thereof
Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof
Chapter 81	Other base metals employed in metallurgy and articles thereof
Chapter 82 (excluding 82.11 and 82.13 A)	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column
Chapter 83 (excluding 83.06; 83.09; 83.13 and 83.15)	Miscellaneous articles of base metal, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
Chapter 84 (excluding ex 84.06 D (marine engines and stationary engines not exceeding 110 horse- power); 82.12; 84.15; ex 84.19 B (machinery for cleaning or drying bottles or other cont- ainers) ex 84.20 B (weighing machines and balances for checking machined parts) 84.40; 84.41 A and C; 84.58 and ex 84.61 (taps, cocks, val- ves and similar appli- ances))	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column

List 2 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description
Chapter 85 (excluding ex 85.01 (transformers and electric motors not exceeding 15 horsepower); 85.04; 85.06; 85.07; ex 85.08 (sparking plugs); 85.14 and ex 85.15 A (radio broadcasting and television reception apparatus, excluding parts))	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)
Chapter 87 (excluding 87.01; 87.02 A and B; 87.08; 87.09 and 87.14 A	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products falling within the headings or subheadings in the first column
Chapter 90 (excluding 90.05; 90.07; 90.08 and 90.09)	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus; parts thereof, excluding products falling within the headings in the first column
94.02	Medical, dental, surgical or veterinary furniture (for example, operating tables, hospital beds with mechanical fittings); dentists' and similar chairs with mechanical elevating, rotating or reclining movements; parts of the foregoing articles
97.06	Appliances, apparatus, accessories and requisites for gymnastics or athletics, or for sports and outdoor games (other than articles falling within heading No. 97.04)
97.07	Fish-hooks, line fishing rods and tackle; fish landing nets and butterfly nets; decoy 'birds', lark mirrors and similar hunting or shooting requisites
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cufflinks, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles
98.02	Slide fasteners and parts thereof
98.04	Pen nibs and nib points:
ex 98.05	A. Of base metal, not plated or coated with precious metals
98.06	Pencils (other than pencils of heading No 98.03), pencil leads, slate pencils, crayons and pastels, drawing charcoals
98.06	Slates and boards, with writing or drawing surfaces, whether framed or not
98.07	Date, sealing or numbering stamps, and the like (including devices for printing or embossing labels), designed for operating in the hand; hand-operated composing sticks and hand printing sets incorporating such composing sticks
98.08	Ribbons, impregnated with ink or colouring matter, whether or not on spools, for typewriters, calculating machines and the like; ink-pads, with or without boxes
98.09	Sealing wax (including bottle-sealing wax) in sticks, cakes, or similar forms; copying pastes with a basis of gelatine, whether or not on a paper or textile backing
98.13	Corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories
98.16	Tailors' dummies and other lay figures; automata and other animated displays of a kind used for shop window dressing

LIST 3

Annual quotas, provided for in Article 4, for importation into Tunisia of products originating in the Community

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic quota (in Tunisian dinars)	Annual increase (in percentages) ⁽¹⁾
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	887 319	5
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:		
	A. Beans, for sowing	2 654	5
	B. Other peas, for sowing	11 590	10
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	29 899	5
17.02	Other sugars; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel:		
	A. Glucose	55 428	5
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:		
	D. Sauerkraut	787	5
28.05	Alkali, alkaline-earth and rare earth metals; yttrium and scandium; mercury:		
	B. Other	554	10
ex 28.32	Chlorates and perchlorates, excluding potassium chlorate	4 706	5
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes	26 048	10
32.09	Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, varnish or other paint or enamel media; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail:		
	A. Pigments of the kind referred to above, crushed	14 827	5
44.05	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm:		
	A. General-purpose woods (other than cooery staves falling within subheading C)	54 791	5
	C. Cooery staves	1 643	5
53.12	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair other than horsehair	38 664	5

⁽¹⁾ These percentages shall not constitute a limit to increases in imports from the EEC, which shall depend on the development of markets.

List 3 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic quota (in Tunisian dinars)	Annual increase (in percentages) (1)
58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): B. Other	37 716	5
58.08	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain	1 725	5
58.09	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figures; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs	46 968	5
60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings)	988	10
61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments	208	5
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel	16 047	5
62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns and cheese cloths)	18 865	5
70.13	Glass and glassware falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses: B. Of Crystal	10 635	5
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	641 195	5
ex 82.11	Razors and parts, excluding razor blades and razor blade blanks	71 491	10
82.13	Other articles of cutlery (for example, secateurs, hair clippers, butchers' cleavers, paper knives); manicure and chiropody sets and appliances (including nail files): A. Manicure and chiropody sets and appliances (including nail files)	517	5
ex 83.15	Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying, excluding base metal electrodes used for arc welding	18 006	5
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): C. Refrigerating equipment with basic components D. Parts	44 768 12 265	5 10

(1) These percentages shall not constitute a limit to increases in imports from the EEC, which shall depend on the development of markets.

List 3 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic quota (in Tunisian dinars)	Annual increase (in percentages) ⁽¹⁾
84.40	Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor:		
	ex A. Parts of machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing and coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (other than machinery in paragraphs B and C below), including machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings	47 000	5
	B. Laundry machinery (other than machinery in paragraph C below), machinery for dyeing-scouring, dry-cleaning, ironing (including steam presses)	62 496	5
	ex D. Parts for the machinery falling within this subheading	14 000	5
85.06	Electro-mechanical domestic appliances, with self-contained electric motor, defined in Note III to this Chapter ⁽²⁾	35 759	5
ex 85.07	Parts for electric shavers and hair clippers	530	5
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09):		
	A. Private motor vehicles for the transport of persons	603 807	5
92.09	Musical instrument strings	455	5
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound heads	54 872	5
92.13	Other parts and accessories of apparatus falling within heading No 92.11	9 481	5

⁽¹⁾ These percentages shall not constitute a limit to increases in imports from the EEC, which shall depend on the development of markets.

⁽²⁾ III. Heading No 85.06 includes the following, provided they are electro-mechanical appliances of the kind commonly used for domestic purposes:

(a) vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, food grinders and mixers, fruit juice extractors and ventilators, of any weight;

(b) other equipment of a maximum weight of 20 kg, excluding dish washing machines (heading No 84.19), clothes washing machines (heading No 84.18 or 84.40, according to whether they are centrifugal machines or not), ironing machines (heading No 84.16 or 84.40, according to whether rollers are used or not), sewing machines (heading No 84.41) and electro-thermic domestic appliances falling within heading No 85.12.

LIST 4

Annual quotas, provided for in Article 5, for importation into Tunisia of products originating in the Community, expressed as a percentage of total Tunisian imports

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages (%)
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:	
	B. Beans, other	28
	F. Other peas, other	85
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	85
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	85
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:	
	A. Mushrooms and truffles	85
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	85
ex 22.03	Beer made from malt, in bottles	48
44.05	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm:	
	B. Decorative woods (other than coopery staves falling within subheading C)	23
53.13	Woven fabrics of horsehair	85
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06	85
60.05	Outer garments and other articles,, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized:	
	B. Of other textile materials	85
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic	85

(¹) These percentages shall not constitute a limit to the EEC share of imports of such products into Tunisia.

List 4 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages ⁽¹⁾
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods	85
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods: stoppers and other closures, of glass: C. Stoppers and other closures, of glass	65
83.13	Stoppers, crown corks, bottle caps, capsules, bung covers, seals and plombs, case corner protectors and other packing accessories, of base metal: B. Other	85
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): A. Furniture and appliances incorporating a refrigerating unit (cabinets, frozen foods storage containers, refrigerated counters, show cases; water or beverage fountains, etc) B. Furniture and appliances (cabinets, counters, etc) designed to be fitted with a refrigerating unit	63 12
84.40	Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor: ex A. Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing and coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (other than machinery in paragraphs B and C below), including machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings ex D. Other	85 85
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kind	65

⁽¹⁾ These percentages shall not constitute a limit to the EEC, share of imports of such products into Tunisia.

LIST 5

Annual quotas, provided for in Article 6, for importation into Tunisia of products originating in the Community, expressed as a percentage of total Tunisian imports

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages
18.05	Cocoa powder, unsweetened	85
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: T. Lubricating oils and greases on importation	73
31.04	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic	62
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)	68
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: A. Solid or cushion tyres	57
	F. Tyre cases, including those not requiring inner tubes, other than for aircraft, not exceeding 15 kg in weight	47
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine-made, in rolls or sheets: B. Strawpaper and strawboard C. Other	32 32
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02	30
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair: B. Other	40
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	12
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)	25
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	44
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other	85

List 5 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other	85
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs	73
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments	85
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like	41
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: ex D. Marine engines and stationary engines not exceeding 110 horsepower, excluding parts	47
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines with heads not exceeding 15 kg in weight (excluding the motor); sewing machine heads not exceeding 15 kg in weight (excluding the motor) C. Tables and other furniture and parts thereof, of wood, metal or other materials	41 82
ex 84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances	77
ex 85.01	Transformers and electric motors not exceeding 15 horsepower, excluding parts	75
ex 85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers and audio-frequency electric amplifiers (including sound-amplifier sets), excluding parts	69
85.15	Radio navigational aid apparatus, radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones) and television cameras; radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus, including parts: ex A. Radio-broadcasting and television receivers, excluding parts	79

PROTOCOL

on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation

TITLE I

Provisions on the definition of the concept of 'originating products'

Article 1

For the purpose of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, the following shall be considered as:

1. Products originating in the Community subject to their having been, within the meaning of Article 5, transported direct to Tunisia:

- (a) products wholly obtained or produced in the Member States;
- (b) products obtained or produced in the Member States in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) have been used, if those products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 3. This condition does not apply to products originating in Tunisia within the meaning of this Protocol;

2. Products originating in Tunisia subject to their having been, within the meaning of Article 5, transported direct to the importing Member State:

- (a) products wholly obtained or produced in Tunisia;
- (b) products obtained or produced in Tunisia in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) have been used, if those products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 3. This condition does not apply to products originating in the Community within the meaning of this Protocol.

This Protocol shall for the time being not apply to the products specified in List C.

Article 2

For the purposes of Article 1 (1) (a) and (2) (a) the following shall be considered as 'wholly obtained or produced', either in the Member States or in Tunisia:

- (a) mineral products extracted from the ground thereof;

- (b) vegetable products harvested therein;
- (c) live animals born and raised therein;
- (d) products derived from live animals raised therein;
- (e) products of hunting and fishing therein;
- (f) marine products taken from the sea by their ships;
- (g) waste and scrap derived from manufacturing processes and used articles, fit only for the recovery of raw materials, if they were collected therein;
- (h) goods derived exclusively from the animals or products referred to in subparagraphs (a) to (g) or from their derivatives.

Article 3

For the purposes of Article 1 (1) (b) and (2) (b), 'sufficiently worked or processed' means:

- (a) subjected to working or processing as a result of which the goods so manufactured are classified under a different tariff heading from that of any of the constituents, with the exception, however, of those goods specified in List A, to which the special provisions of that list apply;
- (b) subjected to the working or processing specified in List B.

'Tariff heading' means a heading of the Brussels Nomenclature for the Classification of Goods in Customs Tariffs.

Article 4

Where Lists A and B, referred to in Article 3, provide that goods manufactured in a Member State or in Tunisia may be considered as originating therein only if the value of the products used in their manufacture does not exceed a given percentage of the value of the goods so manufactured, the values for determining this percentage shall be as follows:

- on the one hand, for products the importation of which can be proved: their value for customs purposes at the time of importation;

for products of undetermined origin: the first verifiable price paid for those products in the territory of the State where manufacture takes place;

— on the other hand,

the ex-factory price of the goods manufactured, less internal charges refunded or to be refunded on exportation.

Article 5

The following shall be considered as transported direct from the exporting Member State to Tunisia, or from Tunisia to the importing Member State:

- (a) products transported without passing through territories other than those of the Contracting Parties;
- (b) products transported through territories other than those of the Contracting Parties or with transshipment in such territories provided that passage through or transshipment in such territories is covered by a single transport document made out in a Member State or in Tunisia.

Transshipment in ports situated in territories other than those of the Contracting Parties, when this transshipment is attributable to *force majeure* or events at sea, shall not be considered as interruptions of direct transport.

TITLE II

Provisions on the organization of methods of administrative cooperation

Article 6

Originating products within the meaning of this Protocol shall be accepted, in the importing Member State or in Tunisia, as coming under the Agreement, on production of a movement certificate A.TN.1 endorsed by the customs authorities of Tunisia or the Member State.

However, products sent by post (including parcel post), provided the packets contain only 'originating products', shall be accepted in Tunisia or in the Member State as coming under the Agreement, on production of form A.TN.2.

Article 7

Movement certificate A.TN.1 shall be endorsed only upon written application by the exporter made out on the form prescribed for this purpose.

Article 8

Movement certificate A.TN.1 shall be endorsed by the customs authorities of the exporting State at the time of exportation of the goods to which it relates. It shall be made available to the exporter as soon as exportation has been actually effected or ensured.

Exceptionally, movement certificate A.TN.1 may be endorsed after exportation of the goods to which it relates if, through error or inadvertent omission, it was not produced at the time of exportation. In that case a special note shall be added explaining the circumstances in which it was endorsed.

Movement certificate A.TN.1 may be endorsed only where it can constitute the proof required for the application of the preferential treatment provided for by the Agreement.

Article 9

Movement certificate A.TN.1 must be submitted within four months of the date of endorsement by the customs authorities of the exporting State to the customs office of the importing State where the goods are presented.

Article 10

Movement certificate A.TN.1 shall be made out in the form shown in the Annex to this Protocol. It shall be in one of the official languages of the European Economic Community and shall comply with the internal laws of the exporting country. It shall be typed or handwritten; if the latter, it shall be in ink in block letters.

The size of the certificate shall be 21 × 30 cm. The paper shall be free of mechanical pulp, dressed for writing purposes and shall weigh at least 64 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche-pattern background such as to reveal any falsification by mechanical or chemical means.

A band consisting of three blue stripes, each 3 mm wide, shall be printed diagonally across the front of each certificate from the lower left to the top right corner.

The Member States and Tunisia may either themselves print the certificate forms or entrust the work to printers authorized by them. In the latter

case, reference to that authorization must appear on each form. Each certificate must bear the distinguishing mark of the authorized printers and an identifying serial number.

Article 11

The movement certificate shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing State in accordance with the procedure laid down by that State. Those authorities shall have the right to require a translation of it. They may require the import declaration to be supplemented by a statement by the importer that the goods qualify under the Agreement.

Article 12

Form A.TN.2, a specimen of which is annexed to this Protocol, shall be completed by the exporter. It shall be in one of the official languages of the European Economic Community and shall comply with the internal laws of the exporting country. It shall be typed or handwritten; if the latter, it shall be in ink in block letters.

Form A.TN.2 shall consist of two parts, each measuring 21 × 14.8 cm. White paper shall be used, free of mechanical pulp, dressed for writing purposes and weighing at least 64 g/m². A band consisting of three blue stripes, each 3 mm wide, shall be printed diagonally across the front of each part from the lower left to the top right corner.

Form A.TN.2 may be perforated by machine so that the two parts may be detached, as also the label which is to be affixed to the consignment. The reverse of the label may be gummed.

The Member States and Tunisia may either themselves print the forms or entrust the work to printers authorized by them. In the latter case, reference to that authorization must appear on each form. Each part must bear the distinguishing mark of the authorized printers and an identifying serial number.

Article 13

A form A.TN.2 shall be made out for each postal packet. After completing and signing both parts the exporter shall place his declaration (part 1) inside the packet and affix the label from part 2 of form A.TN.2 to the outer wrapping.

These provisions shall not exempt exporters from compliance with the other formalities laid down by customs or postal regulations.

Article 14

Unless improper use is suspected, the customs authorities of the Member State or of Tunisia shall apply the provisions of the Agreement to the goods contained in a packet bearing a label A.TN.2.

In order to make a random check or where an irregularity is suspected, the customs authorities of the Member State or of Tunisia may request verification by the customs authorities of Tunisia or of the Member States, sending them for that purpose part 1 of form A.TN.2 which was enclosed in the packet, and they may await the results of that verification before applying the provisions of the Agreement. In such cases the goods may be released to the importer subject to such safeguards as may be considered necessary.

Article 15

1. The Member States and Tunisia shall, without requiring the production of a movement certificate A.TN.1 or the completion of a form A.TN.2, apply the provisions of the Agreement to goods imported in small packets addressed to individuals or contained in the personal luggage of travellers, if these goods serve no commercial purpose and they are declared to comply with the conditions required for the application of these provisions and the accuracy of this declaration is not in doubt.

2. Imports shall be considered as serving no commercial purpose if they are occasional and consist exclusively of goods for the personal or family use of the addressees or travellers; the nature or quantity of such goods must not be such as might indicate that they are being imported for commercial reasons. Furthermore, the total value of these goods must not exceed 60 units of account for small packets or 200 units of account for the contents of the personal luggage of travellers.

Article 16

The Member States and Tunisia shall afford each other assistance through their respective customs authorities in verifying the authenticity and accuracy of movement certificates A.TN.1 and of the exporter's declaration on forms A.TN.2, in order to ensure that this Title is properly applied.

The Council of Association shall make such recommendations as are necessary for the application of this Protocol, and in particular of this Title, so that methods of administrative cooperation may be concerted in good time in the Member States and in Tunisia.

TITLE III

Final provisions

Article 17

The Member States and Tunisia shall take all necessary measures to ensure that movement certificates A.TN.1 may be produced, in accordance with Article 11, from the date of the entry into force of the Agreement.

Article 18

Tunisia, the Member States and the Community shall, each for its part, take the measures necessary for the implementation of this Protocol.

Article 19

The Explanatory Notes, Lists A, B and C, the specimen movement certificate A.TN.1 and the specimen form A.TN.2 shall form an integral part of this Protocol.

Article 20

Goods which comply with the provisions of Title I and which, on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement, are either in transit, or are in a Member State or in Tunisia in temporary storage, in bonded warehouses or in free zones, may benefit from the provisions of the Agreement, subject to the production, within four months from that date, to the customs authorities of the importing country of a certificate A.TN.1 issued retrospectively by the competent authorities of the exporting State, together with the supporting documents covering direct transportation.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Note 1 — to Article 1:

The expression 'in the Member States' or 'in Tunisia' shall also cover territorial waters and ships operating on the high seas, including 'factory ships', on board which fishery catches are processed or prepared, provided that they satisfy the conditions set out in Explanatory Note 4.

Note 2 — to Article 1:

For the purpose of determining whether goods originate in the Community or in Tunisia, the question whether the fuel and power, equipment, machinery and tools used in manufacturing those goods originated in a third State shall be irrelevant.

Note 3 — to Article 1:

Packaging shall be considered as forming an integral part of the products which it contains. Nevertheless, this provision shall not apply to packaging which is not of the usual type for the product packed and which has a lasting utility value of its own apart from its nature as packaging.

Note 4 — to Article 2 (f):

The expression 'their ships' shall apply only in respect of ships:

- which are registered or recorded in a Member State or in Tunisia;
- which fly the flag of a Member State or of Tunisia;
- which are owned at least as to half by nationals of the Member States or of Tunisia or by a company or firm whose head office is situated in one of those States, and of which the manager or managers, the chairman of the board of directors or of the supervisory board and the majority of the members of these boards are nationals of the Member States or of Tunisia and of which, whether or not it is with limited liability, at least half the capital is owned by those States, by bodies governed by public law or by nationals of those States;

- whose officers are all nationals of the Member States or of Tunisia;
- of which at least 75 % of the crew is composed of nationals of the Member States or of Tunisia.

Note 5 — to Article 4:

'Ex-factory price' means the price paid to the manufacturer by whom the goods have been sufficiently worked or processed. Where such working or processing has been done successively by two or more manufacturers, the price shall be that paid to the last manufacturer.

Note 6 — to Article 8:

Where a movement certificate A.TN.1 relates to products originally imported from a Member State or from Tunisia and later re-exported in the same state, the new certificates issued by the re-exporting State must show the State in which the first movement certificate was issued.

Note 7 — to Article 13:

After having completed from A.TN.2, the exporter shall enter 'A.TN.2' followed by the serial number of the form used, either on the green C 1 label or on the C 2 or C 2 M declaration, or in the section 'Remarks' of customs declarations CP 3 or CP 3 M.

LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result in a change of tariff heading without conferring the status of 'originating product' on the products undergoing such operations, or conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
All heading Nos of the Common Customs Tariff	All products	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Operations intended to prevent deterioration of goods during carriage and storage (ventilation, spreading out, drying, chilling, placing in brine, in sulphur water or in other solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations) 2. Simple operations consisting of removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting up 3. (a) Changes of packings, dividing up and assembling of parcels; (b) placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc., and all other simple market preparation operations 4. Affixing of marks, labels and other like distinguishing signs on the products or their packings 5. Simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds, where one or more components of the mixture do not comply with the recommendations made by the Association Council to be considered as originating either in the Community or in Tunisia. 6. Simple assembly of parts of articles in order to constitute a complete article 7. A combination of two or more operations referred to in items 1 to 6 above 8. Slaughtering of animals 	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat or smoking of meat and edible meat offals of headings Nos 02.01 and 02.04	
03.02	Fish, salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of fish	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream	
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of headings Nos 04.01, 04.02 and 04.03	
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables	
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01	
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation, cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of headings Nos 07.01 to 07.03	
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	Freezing of fruit	
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of headings Nos 08.01 to 08.09	
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05	Drying of fruit	
11.01	Cereal flours	Manufacture from cereals	
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except husked, glazed, polished or broken rice; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	Manufacture from cereals	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
11.03	Flours of the leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05	Manufacture from dried leguminous vegetables	
11.04	Flours of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8	Manufacture from fruits of Chapter 8	
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato	Manufacture from potatoes	
11.06	Flour and meal of sago and of manioc, arrowroot, salep and other roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06	Manufacture from products of heading No 07.06	
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	Manufacture from barley	
11.08	Starches; intulin	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7	
11.09	Gluten and gluten flour; roasted or not	Manufacture from cereals or cereal flours	
15.01	Lard and other rendered pig fat; rendered poultry fat	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.02	Unrendered fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats; tallow (including 'premier jus') produced from those fats	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined	Manufacture from fish or marine mammals caught by fishing vessels of third countries	
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neats-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including Chinawood oil, myrtle-wax, Japan wax or oil of tung nuts, oleococca seeds or oiticica seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products	Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
17.02	Other sugar; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel	Manufacture from any product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17	
17.05	Flavoured or coloured sugars, syrups and molasses, but not including fruit juices containing added sugar in any proportion	Manufacture from any product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa		Manufacture from 'originating products' of Chapter 17
19.02	Preparations of flour, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk and sugars	
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products	Manufacture from any product	
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	Manufacture from any product	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn-flakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product	
20.01	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without added salt, spices, mustard or sugar	Preserving vegetables fresh or frozen	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar		Manufacture from 'originating fruit' of Chapter 8 and 'originating products' of Chapter 17
20.04	Fruit, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)		Manufacture from fruit and 'originating products' of Chapter 17
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar		Manufacture from fruit and 'originating products' of Chapter 17
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit		Manufacture from 'originating products' of Chapters 8, 17 and 22
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit		Manufacture from 'originating products' of Chapters 8 and 17
cx 21.01	Roasted chicory; extracts, essences and concentrates thereof	Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	
cx 22.06	Vermouths	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
23.04	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from any products	
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars and cheroots, smoking tobacco		Manufacture in which at least 70 % by quantity of the products of heading No 24.01 used are 'originating products'
ex 28.13	Hydrobromic acid	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.01	
ex 28.19	Zinc oxide	Any manufacture from products of heading No 79.01	
28.27	Lead oxides; red lead and orange lead	Any manufacture from products of heading No 78.01	
ex 28.28	Lithium hydroxide	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.42	
ex 28.29	Lithium fluoride	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.28 or 28.42	
ex 28.30	Lithium chloride	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.28 or 28.42	
ex 28.33	Bromides	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.01 or 28.13	
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.20	
ex 28.42	Lithium carbonate	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.28	
ex 29.02	Organic bromides	Any manufacture from products of heading No 28.01 or 28.13	
ex 29.02	Trichlorodi-(chlorophenyl)-ethane		Processing of ethanol into chloral and condensation of chloral with monochlorobenzene

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 29.35	Pyridine; alphapicoline; betapicoline; gammapicoline		Processing of acetylene into acetaldehyde and processing of acetaldehyde into pyridine or picoline
ex 29.35	Vinylpyridine		Processing of acetaldehyde into picoline and processing of picoline into vinylpyridine
ex 29.38	Nicotinic acid (Vitamin PP)		Processing of acetaldehyde into betapicoline and processing of betapicoline into nicotinic acid
ex 30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments) containing antibiotics	Any manufacture from antibiotics of heading No 29.44	
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
32.06	Colour lakes	Any manufacture from products of heading No 32.04 or 32.05	
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk, barium carbonate and satin white	
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues	Manufacture from any products	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weedkillers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations, and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products) not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Fusel oil and Dippel's oil; — Naphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of naphthenic acids; — Sulphonaphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids; — Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanalamines; thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts; — Mixed alkylenes; — Mixed alkylbenzenes or mixed alkyl-naphthalenes; — Ion exchangers; — Catalysts; 		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 38.19 (cont'd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Getters for vacuum tubes; — Refractory cements, or mortars and similar preparations; — Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas; — Carbon (excluding artificial graphite of heading No ex 38.01) in metal-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures 		
ex 39.02	Polymers	Any manufacture from monomers of Chapter 29	
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06	Working of artificial plastic materials, cellulose ethers and esters, and artificial resins	
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
41.02	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	Tanning of raw hides and skins of heading No 41.01	
41.03	Sheep and lamb skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	Tanning of raw hides and skins of heading No 41.01	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
41.04	Goat and kid skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	Tanning of raw hides and skins of heading No 41.01	
41.05	Other kinds of leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	Tanning of raw hides and skins of heading No 41.01	
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather		Varnishing or metallizing of leather of headings Nos 41.02 to 41.07 (other than leather of Indian cross-bred sheep and of Indian goat or kid, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, or if otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use in the manufacture of leather articles), in which the value of the leather used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up of furskin in plates, crosses and similar forms (heading No ex 43.02)	
44.21	Complete wooden packing cases; boxes, crates, drums and similar packings		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01
48.06	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
50.04	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01
51.03	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
53.06	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from wool not carded or combed
53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from wool not carded or combed
53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manufactured from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53.02
53.09	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.03, not prepared
53.10	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool, of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 05.03 or 53.01 to 53.04
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 53.01 to 53.05
54.04	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from products of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.07	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from products of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from products of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from products of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
56.04	Man-made fibres, (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 56.01 to 56.03
57.09	Woven fabrics of true hemp		Manufacture from products of heading No 57.01
57.10	Woven fabrics of jute		Manufacture from raw jute
57.11	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from products of heading No 57.02 or 57.04
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.02	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04 or 56.01 to 56.03
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.06	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04 or 56.01 to 56.03

List A (continued)

CCT heading No	Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
	Description			
58.08	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain			Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04 or 56.01 to 56.03
58.09	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs			Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04 or 56.01 to 56.03
59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not			Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.05	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope			Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.06	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics			Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses			Manufacture from yarn
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated or coated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials			Manufacture from yarn
59.09	Textile fabrics coated or impregnated with oil or preparations with a basis of drying oil			Manufacture from yarn
59.10	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not			Manufacture from yarn
59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods			Manufacture from yarn

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn
59.15	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from single yarn
59.16	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from single yarn
59.17	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
Chapter 60	Knitted and crocheted goods:		
	— Man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous)		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 56.01 to 56.03, from chemical products or textile pulp
	— Other		Manufacture from carded or combed natural fibres
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments		Manufacture from yarn or unbleached textile fabrics
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments		Manufacture from yarn or unbleached textile fabrics
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from yarn or unbleached textile fabrics
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn or unbleached textile fabrics
61.05	Handkerchiefs		Manufacture from yarn
61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like		Manufacture from yarn
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments		Manufacture from yarn
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods		Manufacture from yarn
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets)		Manufacture from yarn
ex 62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets other than electrically heated		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from yarn
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn
62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns)		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 40% of the value of the manufactured product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies (eg uppers affixed to inner soles or to other bottom parts and without outer soles), of any material except metal	
ex 64.02	Footwear with leather uppers	Manufacture from assemblies (eg uppers affixed to inner soles or to other bottom parts and without outer soles), of any material except metal	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 64.02	Footwear other than with leather uppers	Manufacture from assemblies (eg uppers affixed to inner soles or to other bottom parts and without outer soles), of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or cork	Manufacture from assemblies (eg uppers affixed to inner soles or to other bottom parts and without outer soles), of any material except metal	
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies (eg uppers affixed to inner soles or to other bottom parts and without outer soles), of any material except metal	
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from fibre
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from yarn
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 68.04 ex 68.05 ex 68.06	Articles of artificial abrasives with a basis of silicon carbide	Any manufacture from silicon carbide (heading No ex 28.56)	
ex 70.07	Cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved), whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of headings Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.08	Safety-glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of headings Nos 70.04 to 70.06	

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of headings Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Cutting without rolling of iron or steel coils of heading No 73.08	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Cutting without rolling of iron or steel coils of heading No 73.08	
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.06	Copper powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material, of copper, of a capacity exceeding 300 l, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.12	Expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.13	Chain and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.14	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.15	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.16	Springs, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
74.19	Other articles of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes, and sections of nickel; nickel wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of nickel; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
75.06	Other articles of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.08	Structures, parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material, of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 l, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.11	Containers of aluminium, for compressed or liquified gas		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.13	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, reinforcing fabric and similar materials, of aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.14	Expanded metal, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wire; wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes, of magnesium; hollow bars of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
77.03	Other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
78.04	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 700 g/m ² ; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends), of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Products manufactured		
79.05	Gutters, roof capping, skylight frames, and other fabricated building components, of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin of a weight exceeding 1 kg/m ²		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m ² ; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw-driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) of heading No 84.15 and excluding sewing machines and furniture specially designed for sewing machines, of heading No ex 84.41		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
ex 84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are 'originating products', and — the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are 'originating products'
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof, excluding products of headings Nos 85.14 and 85.15		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products' and — all the transistors are 'originating products'

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of components and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of 'originating' components and parts, the first verifiable price which was paid for them, or which would be paid in case of sale, in the territory of the State where assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other components and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol on:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radiobroadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products', and — all the transistors are 'originating products'
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Assembly in which the value of components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
87.09	Motorcycles, autocycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without sidecars; sidecars of all kinds		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, except products of headings Nos 90.05, 90.07, 90.08, 90.12 and 90.26		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of components and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of 'originating' components and parts, the first verifiable price which was paid for them, or which would be paid in case of sale, in the territory of the State where assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other components and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol on:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
90.08	Cinematographic cameras, projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers; any combination of these articles		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of headings Nos 91.04 and 91.08		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
91.04	Other clocks		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
91.08	Clock movements, assembled		Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of components and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of 'originating' components and parts, the first verifiable price which was paid for them, or which would be paid in case of sale, in the territory of the State where assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other components and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol on:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

List A (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which does not confer the status of 'originating product'	Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product' when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments; sound recorders and reproducers; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic; parts and accessories of such articles, excluding products of heading No 92.11		Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic		Assembly in which the value of 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that: — at least 50 % of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products', and — all the transistors are 'originating products'
ex 93.07	Lead shot prepared for sporting ammunition		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
96.02	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the constituent products does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 98.15	Vacuum flasks and other vacuum vessels, complete with cases		Manufacture from products of heading No 70.12

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of components and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of 'originating' components and parts, the first verifiable price which was paid for them, or which would be paid in case of sale, in the territory of the State where assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other components and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol on:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result in a change of tariff heading, but which do confer the status of 'originating product' on the products undergoing such operations

Products manufactured		Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product'
CCT heading No	Description	
		Incorporation of 'non-originating' components and parts in machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapters 84 to 92 does not make such products lose their status of 'originating product', provide that the value of these components and parts do not exceed 5 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 25.09	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex 25.15	Marble not further worked than squared by sawing, of a thickness of 25 cm or less	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, of a thickness greater than 25 cm including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared, or squared by sawing
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, of a thickness of 25 cm or less, not further worked than roughly squared by sawing	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, of a thickness greater than 25 cm, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite, agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
ex 33.01	Essential oils other than of citrus fruit, terpeneless	Deterpenation of essential oils other than of citrus fruit
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 40.01	Plates of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
ex 40.07	Rubber thread and cord, textile-covered	Manufacture from rubber thread or cord
ex 41.01	Sheep and lamb skins without the wool	Removing of wool from sheep and lamb skins

List B (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product'
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 41.03	Retanned skin-leather of Indian cross-bred sheep	Retanning of Indian cross-bred sheep skin-leather not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.04	Retanned Indian goat or kid skin-leather	Retanning of Indian goat or kid skin-leather not further prepared than tanned
ex 50.09 ex 50.10 ex 51.04 ex 53.11 ex 53.12 ex 53.13 ex 54.05 ex 55.07 ex 55.08 ex 55.09 ex 56.07	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operations (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling, mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 47.5 % of the value of the finished product
ex 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 70.13	Cut glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious or semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unworked rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold

List B (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product'
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unworked rolled gold on base metal or silver
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum and other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unworked rolled platinum or other platinum group metals on base metal or precious metal
73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14	<p>Manufacture from alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in headings Nos 73.06 to 73.14 involving conversion from one of the undermentioned categories to another:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars 2. Roughly forged pieces 3. Coils for re-rolling; universal plates 4. Bars and rods (including wire rod and hollow mining drill steel) and angles, shapes and sections 5. Hoop and strip 6. Sheets and plates 7. Wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated
ex 74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefined copper (blister copper and other), copper waste or scrap
ex 74.01	Copper alloys	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined copper, copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes falling within heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, of nickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy
ex 77.04	Beryllium, wrought, and articles of beryllium	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrought beryllium, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 81.01	Tungsten, wrought, and articles thereof	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought, and articles thereof	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought, and articles thereof	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product

List B (continued)

Products manufactured		Working or processing which confers the status of 'originating product'
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 81.04	Other base metals, wrought, and articles thereof	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrought, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Assembly in which the value of the components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product
ex 84.08	Other engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ are 'originating products'
ex 84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines	Assembly in which the value of the 'non-originating' components and parts does not exceed 40 % of the value of the manufactured product, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % by value of the components and parts ⁽¹⁾ used for assembly of the head (motor excluded) are 'originating products' and — the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are 'originating products'
ex 95.01	Articles of tortoise-shell	Manufacture from worked tortoise-shell
ex 95.02	Articles of mother of pearl	Manufacture from worked mother of pearl
ex 95.03	Articles of ivory	Manufacture from worked ivory
ex 95.04	Articles of bone	Manufacture from worked bone
ex 95.05	Articles of horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) or of other animal carving material	Manufacture from worked horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) or other animal carving material
ex 95.06	Articles of vegetable carving material (for example, corozo)	Manufacture from worked vegetable carving material (for example, corozo)
ex 95.07	Articles of jet (and mineral substitutes for jet), amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum	Manufacture from worked jet (and mineral substitutes for jet), amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls	Manufacture from rough blocks of wood or root

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of components and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of 'originating' components and parts, the first verifiable price which was paid for them, or which would be paid in case of sale, in the territory of the State where assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other components and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol on:
- the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

LIST C

List of products temporarily excluded from the scope of this Protocol

CCT heading No	Description
ex 27.07	Aromatic oils as defined in Note 2 to Chapter 27, of which more than 65 % by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250 °C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzol), intended for use as power or heating fuels
27.09 to 27.16	Mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes
ex 29.01	Hydrocarbons: — Acyclic — Cyclanes and cyclenes, excluding azulenes — Benzene, toluene, xylenes intended for use as power or heating fuels
ex 34.03	Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, but not including preparations containing 70 % or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
ex 34.04	Waxes with a basis of paraffin wax, of petroleum waxes, of waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, of slack wax or of scale wax
ex 38.14	Prepared additives for lubricants
ex 38.19	Mixed alkylenes

REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION OF THIS MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1

The undersigned customs officer requests verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate:

.....
 Official stamp (Place and date of signature)

 (Signature of customs officer)

RESULT OF VERIFICATION

Verification carried out by the undersigned customs officer shows that this movement certificate A.TN.1:

1. Was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate ⁽¹⁾;
2. Does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see notes appended) ⁽¹⁾.

.....
 Official stamp (Place and date of signature)

 (Signature of customs officer)

⁽¹⁾ Delete as necessary.

I. GOODS FOR WHICH A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1 MAY BE ENDORSED

A movement certificate A.TN.1 may be endorsed only for goods which, in the exporting country, fall within one of the following categories:

1. Goods wholly obtained or produced either in the Member States or in Tunisia.
 The following shall be considered as being wholly obtained or produced in the Member States or in Tunisia:
 - (a) mineral products extracted from the ground thereof;
 - (b) vegetable products harvested therein;
 - (c) live animals born and raised therein;
 - (d) products derived from live animals raised therein;
 - (e) products of hunting and fishing carried on therein;
 - (f) marine products taken from the sea by their ships;
 - (g) waste and scrap derived from manufacturing processes and used articles, fit only for the recovery of raw materials, if they were collected therein;
 - (h) goods derived exclusively from the animals or products referred to in subparagraphs (a) to (g) or from their derivatives.
2. Goods obtained or produced within the Member States or in Tunisia and manufactured entirely from products originally imported from

Tunisia or from the Member States and which on exportation met the conditions for the issue of an A.TN.1 certificate or, from a combination of such products and category 1 products.

3. Goods obtained or produced within the Member States or in Tunisia, in the manufacture of which were used products other than those falling within categories 1 or 2, provided that the working or processing operations which these products (hereinafter called 'third country products') have undergone:
 - (a) have had the effect of placing the resultant goods under a tariff heading ^(*) other than those in which any of the third country products fell, unless the working or processing operations in question appear in List A annexed to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation; or
 - (b) if appearing in List A referred to under (a), meet the special conditions laid down with respect to them in List A; or
 - (c) have not had the effect of placing the resultant goods under a tariff heading other than those in which any of the third country products fell, but appear in List B annexed to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation.

II. SCOPE OF THE MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1

Movement certificate A.TN.1 may be used only if the goods to which it relates are transported direct from the exporting country to the importing country.

The following shall be considered as transported direct from the exporting country to the importing country:

- (a) goods transported without passing through territories other than those of the Contracting Parties;

- (b) goods transported through territories other than those of the Contracting Parties or with transshipment in such territories provided that carriage through such territories is covered by a single transport document made out in a Member State or in Tunisia;
- (c) goods transhipped in ports situated in territories other than those of the Contracting Parties when this transshipment is attributable to *force majeure* or events at sea.

III. RULES FOR COMPLETING MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1

1. Movement certificate A.TN.1 must be completed in one of the official languages of the European Economic Community and shall comply with the internal laws of the exporting country.
2. Movement certificate A.TN.1 must be typed or handwritten; if the latter, it must be completed in ink in block letters. It must not contain any erasure or superimposed correction. Any alteration must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and be endorsed by the customs authorities.
3. Each item listed in movement certificate A.TN.1 must be preceded by

a serial number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through so as to make any later addition impossible.

4. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified
5. The exporter or carrier may insert a reference to the transport document in the part of the certificate reserved for the declaration by the exporter. The exporter or the carrier is also advised to enter the serial number of the movement certificate A.TN.1 on the relevant transport document.

IV. EFFECT OF MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1

When correctly used, movement certificate A.TN.1 entitles the goods described therein to benefit in the importing country from the provisions of the Agreement of Association between the EEC and Tunisia.

The customs authorities of the importing country may, if they consider it to be necessary, require submission of any other supporting documentary evidence and in particular the relevant transport documents under cover of which the goods were dispatched.

V. TIME LIMIT FOR SUBMISSION OF MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1

Movement certificate A.TN.1 must be submitted at the customs office of the importing country where the goods are presented, within four

months of the date of endorsement.

^(*) Tariff headings shall be those of the Brussels Nomenclature.

(Continuation of the declaration by the exporter on the front page of this form)

DECLARE that these goods were obtained or produced in and fall within category (1) in Note 1 on the back of movement certificate A.TN.1.

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have conferred the status of 'originating products' on these goods (2):

.....
.....
.....

SUBMIT the following supporting documents (3):

.....
.....
.....

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any additional supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing this certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities.

REQUEST the issue of a movement certificate A.TN.1 for these goods.

.....
(Place and date of signature)

.....
(Signature of exporter)

(1) Indicate the Category number, adding where appropriate the corresponding subparagraph letter, eg 1 (a), 3 (b) etc.

(2) To be completed in the case of goods in the manufacture of which were used products imported from a third country or products of undetermined origin. Indicate the products used, their tariff heading and their origin and, where appropriate, the manufacturing process qualifying the goods as originating in the country of manufacture (application of List B or of the conditions laid down in List A), the goods obtained and their tariff heading.

If, as a condition for conferring the status of 'originating products' on the goods obtained, the value of the products used may not exceed a certain percentage of the value of these goods, indicate:

— for the products used:

— the value for customs purposes, where these products originate in third countries;

— the earliest verifiable price paid for the said products in the territory of the State in which manufacture takes place, where the products in question are of undetermined origin;

for the goods obtained: the 'ex-factory' price, ie the price paid to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing has been carried out, including the value of all products used in the manufacture.

(3) For example, import documents, invoices, etc, referring to the products used in manufacture.

FORM A.TN.2

(PART 1)

TO BE INSERTED IN THE PARCEL

EEC-TUNISIA ASSOCIATION	FORM A.TN.2 A 05/000
Declaration by the exporter	Description of goods
<p>I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described herein and contained in this postal packet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">— declare that they are situated in (exporting country) and meet the conditions set out on the reverse of part 2 of this declaration;— undertake to submit at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require and to agree to any inspection of my accounts and any check on the processes of manufacture of the goods described herein carried out by the said authorities.— Country of destination: 19 (Place and date of signature)..... (Signature of exporter)Exporter: (Surname and forename or name of firm and full address of exporter)	<p>.....</p> <p>Remarks (!):</p> <p>.....</p> <p>Authorities in the exporting country responsible for verification of the declaration by the exporter:</p> <p>.....</p>
Give the references of any verification already carried out by the competent authorities.	

REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION	RESULT OF VERIFICATION
<p>The undersigned customs officer requests that the declaration by the exporter on the front of this form A.TN.2 be verified (*).</p> <p>..... (Place and date of signature)</p> <p>Official stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature of customs officer)</p>	<p>The verification carried out by the undersigned customs officer shows that:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the details and information given in this form are accurate ⁽¹⁾; 2. this A.TN.2 form does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see notes appended) ⁽¹⁾. <p>..... (Place and date of signature)</p> <p>Official stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature of customs officer)</p> <p>⁽¹⁾ Delete as necessary.</p>

(*). Subsequent verification of form A.TN.2 is carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing country have reasonable doubt as to the true origin of the goods in question or of constituents thereof.

The customs authorities of the importing country must send the form A.TN.2 contained in the parcel to the authorities of the exporting country responsible for verification, specifying the reasons relating to fact or from which justify an inquiry. Wherever possible, they must attach to that form the invoice submitted to them or a copy thereof, and give any information which it has been possible to obtain and which suggests that the particulars given in the form A.TN.2 are inaccurate.

If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to await the results of the verification before applying the provisions of the Agreement, they shall offer the importer release of the goods subject to such safeguards as may be considered necessary.

GOODS FOR WHICH A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE A.TN.1 MAY BE ENDORSED OR A FORM A.TN.2 MADE OUT

A movement certificate A.TN.1 may be endorsed or a form A.TN.2 made out for goods which in the exporting country fall within one of the following categories:

Category 1

Goods wholly obtained or produced either in the Member States or in Tunisia.

The following shall be considered as being wholly obtained or produced in the Member States or in Tunisia:

- (a) mineral products extracted from the ground thereof;
- (b) vegetable products harvested therein;
- (c) live animals born and raised therein;
- (d) products derived from live animals raised therein;
- (e) products of hunting and fishing carried on therein;
- (f) marine products taken from the sea by their ships;
- (g) waste and scrap derived from manufacturing processes and used articles, fit only for the recovery of raw materials, if they were collected therein;
- (h) goods derived exclusively from the animals or products referred to in subparagraphs (a) to (g) or from their derivatives.

Category 2

Goods obtained or produced within the Member States or in Tunisia and manufactured entirely from products originally imported from Tunisia or from the Member States and which, on exportation, met the conditions for the issue of an A.TN.1 certificate or, where appropriate, from a combination of such products and Category 1 products.

Category 3

Goods obtained or produced within the Member States or in Tunisia, in the manufacture of which were used products other than those falling within Categories 1 or 2, provided that the working or processing operations which these products (hereinafter called 'third country products') have undergone:

- (a) have had the effect of placing the resultant goods under a tariff heading (*) other than those in which any of the third country products fell, unless the working or processing operations in question appear in List A annexed to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation; or
- (b) if appearing in List A referred to under (a) meet the special conditions laid down with respect to them in List A; or
- (c) have not had the effect of placing the resultant goods under a tariff heading other than those in which any of the third country products fell, but appear in List B annexed to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation.

(*) Tariff headings shall be those of the Brussels Nomenclature.

FINAL ACT

The Plenipotentiaries of

The Council of the European Economic Community,

of the one part, and

The President of the Tunisian Republic,

of the other part,

meeting at Tunis on the twenty-eighth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine,

for the signature of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic,

have, in signing that Agreement,

— adopted the Joint Declarations by the Contracting Parties listed below:

1. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of Annex 1 to the Agreement,
2. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on the interpretation of Article 8 of Annex 1 to the Agreement,
3. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on the treatment to be applied to imports into the Community of olive oil in immediate containers of a net content not exceeding 20 kg,

— taken note of the Declarations by the Community delegation listed below:

1. Declaration by the Community delegation on the application of Article 4 of the Agreement,
2. Declaration by the Community delegation on relations between Tunisia and the developing countries,

— and have recorded the Exchange of Letters concerning the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement (postal packets).

The abovementioned Declarations and the Exchange of Letters are annexed to this Final Act.

The Plenipotentiaries have agreed that these Declarations shall be subjected, in the same manner as for the Agreement, to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Final Act.

Done at Tunis this twenty-eighth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine.

For the Council of the European Communities,

Gaston THORN

Jean REY

Subject to the reservation that the European Economic Community shall not be finally bound until notification has been given to the other Contracting Party of the completion of the procedures required by the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, in particular as regards consultation of the European Parliament;

For the President of the Tunisian Republic,

Habib BOURGUIBA Jr

Ahmed BEN SALAH

ANNEX

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of Annex 1 to the Agreement

The Contracting Parties agree that where reference is made, in Annex 1 to the Agreement, to the provisions of Article 12 of Regulation No 160/66/EEC, Article 11 of Regulation No 23 and Articles 13 and 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the Community is referring to the arrangements applicable to third States at the time of importation of the products in question.

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on the interpretation of Article 8 of Annex 1 to the Agreement

The Contracting Parties agree that the undertaking to grant a comparable advantage if Community Regulations are amended shall not, in respect of those of the products listed in Article 7 of Annex 1 to the Agreement and listed below, create any title to an improvement of the preferences already granted to Tunisia; these preferences shall, therefore, remain unchanged if such an amendment, affecting the said products of

Tunisian origin, occurs in the process of standardizing the import regulations of Member States with regard to third States:

- ex 20.01 B Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard, without sugar, other, excluding gherkins
- 20.02 Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:
- A. Mushrooms
- B. Truffles
- ex H. Other, excluding carrots and mixtures
- 20.02 F Capers and olives, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid
- 20.05 Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar:
- A II — Other
- B III — Other
- C III — Not specified
- ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) Apricot halves and peach halves (including nectarines)
- bb) otherwise prepared or preserved, without added spirit, without added sugar
- c) 2

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on the treatment to be applied to imports into the Community of olive oil in immediate containers of a net content not exceeding 20 kilogrammes

The Contracting Parties agree that, in respect of olive oil in immediate containers of a net content not exceeding 20 kilogrammes, any provisions which the Community adopts with respect to third States to prevent imports at abnormally low prices and shall apply to Tunisia.

Measures adopted for this purpose, including any which may be adopted in respect of Tunisia, shall be applied without prejudice to the arrangements laid down in Articles 5 and 6 of Annex 1 to the Agreement.

The application to Tunisia of provisions adopted by the Community to prevent imports at abnormally low prices will not constitute a modification, within the meaning of Article 8 of Annex 1 to the Agreement, of the arrangements laid down in the Agreement in respect of the products in question.

Declaration by the Community Delegation on the application of Article 4 of the Agreement

The Community, having taken cognizance of the Agreements concluded between the Tunisian Republic and Saudi Arabia, Ivory Coast, Mauritania, Niger and Senegal, renounces the right to invoke the most-favoured-nation clause referred to in Article 4 of the Agreement with regard to relations between Tunisia and those countries.

Declaration by the Community Delegation on the relations between Tunisia and developing countries

The Community declares that it attaches great importance to the progress of the work of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and to the results achieved thereby.

In particular, it declares its readiness to lend support to the efforts initiated by developing countries towards the strengthening of their economic cooperation, especially in the field of trade.

Exchange of letters concerning the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Agreement (postal packets)

Brussels, 19 March 1969.

Your Excellency,

I have the honour to confirm that the procedures laid down in Articles 13 and 14 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation will apply to postal packets (including parcels) up to a value of one thousand units of account per packet.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Helmut SIGRIST

*Head of the Delegation
of the European Economic Community*

Brussels, 19 March 1969.

Your Excellency,

You were good enough to make the following communication to me in your letter of today's date:

'Your Excellency,

I have the honour to confirm that the procedures laid down in Articles 13 and 14 of the Protocol on the definition of "originating products" and on methods of administrative cooperation will apply to postal packets (including parcels) up to a value of one thousand units of account per packet.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your communication and to confirm that my Government is in agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Slaheddine EL GOULLI

*Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary*

*Head of the Delegation
of the Tunisian Republic*

Information on the date of entry into force of the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community

The exchange of instruments notifying the completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement (1) establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community, signed in Brussels on 28 February 1973, having taken place in Brussels on 19 July 1974, the Protocol will enter into force on 1 August 1974, in accordance with Article 10 thereof.

(1) cf. GEN II 8

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

**amending Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association
between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic**

Brussels, 20 July 1973.

Your Excellency,

During the negotiations that took place on 11 and 12 January 1973 the Parties to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic agreed to replace the provisions of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the said Agreement by the provisions annexed to this letter.

It was agreed that the new provisions of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement would enter into force on the first day of the month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notified each other that the procedures necessary to this end had been completed.

We should be grateful if you would be good enough to acknowledge this letter and confirm that your Government is in agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of our highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

ANNEX

New Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

1. Provided that Tunisia applies a special export charge in respect of olive oil other than refined olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and provided that this special charge is reflected in the import price, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that:
 - (a) The levy on imports into the Community of the said oil, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, shall be the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, applicable upon importation, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg;
 - (b) the amount of the levy resulting from the calculation mentioned under (a) shall be reduced by an amount equal to that of the special charge of not more than 5 units of account per 100 kg that has been paid.
2. If Tunisia does not apply the charge referred to in paragraph 1, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil, other than refined olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, applicable upon importation, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg.
3. Each Contracting Party shall take the measures necessary to ensure application of paragraph 1 and shall supply, in the event of difficulties, the information necessary to the proper operation of the arrangements at the request of the other Party.
4. Consultations on the operation of the arrangements provided for in this Article may be held within the Association Council.

Brussels, 20 July 1973.

Your Excellencies,

You were good enough to make the following communication to me in your letter of today's date :

'During the negotiations that took place on 11 and 12 January 1973 the Parties to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic agreed to replace the provisions of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the said Agreement by the provisions annexed to this letter.

It was agreed that the new provisions of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement would enter into force on the first day of the month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notified each other that the procedures necessary to this end had been completed.

We should be grateful if you would be good enough to acknowledge this letter and confirm that your Government is in agreement with its contents.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your communication and to confirm that my Government is in agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Your Excellencies,
the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the President
of the Tunisian Republic*

ANNEX

New Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

1. Provided that Tunisia applies a special export charge in respect of olive oil other than refined olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and provided that this special charge is reflected in the import price, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that :

- (a) the levy on imports into the Community of the said oil, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, shall be the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, applicable upon importation, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg ;
- (b) the amount of the levy resulting from the calculation mentioned under (a) shall be reduced by an amount equal to that of the special charge of not more than 5 units of account per 100 kg that has been paid.

2. If Tunisia does not apply the charge referred to in paragraph 1, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil, other than refined olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, applicable upon importation, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg.

3. Each Contracting Party shall take the measures necessary to ensure application of paragraph 1 and shall supply, in the event of difficulties, the information necessary to the proper operation of the arrangements at the request of the other Party.

4. Consultations on the operation of the arrangements provided for in this Article may be held within the Association Council.

27. 7. 74

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 206/45

Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters concerning the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

The exchange of instruments notifying the completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters concerning the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, signed at Brussels on 20 July 1973 having taken place on 24 July 1974 in Brussels, the Agreement will enter into force on 1 August 1974, in accordance with the text thereof⁽¹⁾.

(1) cf. GEN II 28

AGREEMENT

extending the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

of the one part ;

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC

of the other part ;

CONSIDERING that the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, signed in Tunis on 28 March 1969, expires on 31 August 1974 ;

CONSIDERING that the Contracting Parties to this Agreement have made it their aim to negotiate a new Agreement on a broader basis to comprise, in addition to a preferential system for trade, other cooperation measures ;

RECOGNIZING that it has proved impossible to complete the current negotiations within the prescribed time ;

HAVE DECIDED to extend the current Agreement until the entry into force of the new Agreement or until 31 August 1975, whichever is sooner, and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries :

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES :

Mr Brendan DILLON,

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Representative of Ireland, Chairman of the Permanent Representatives Committee ;

Mr Jean DURIEUX,

Director in the Directorate-General for Development and Cooperation of the Commission of the European Communities ;

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC :

Mr Ismaël KHELIL,

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Head of the Mission of the Tunisian Republic to the European Economic Community ;

WHO, having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

The first paragraph of Article 14 of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic shall be replaced by the following :

'1. This Agreement shall be applied until the date of entry into force of the new Agreement on a broader basis or until 31 August 1975, whichever is sooner.'

Article II

This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notify each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

Article III

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Arabic languages, each of these texts being authentic.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne aftale.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Abkommen gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below this Agreement.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent accord.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente accordo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder deze Overeenkomst hebben gesteld.

واثباتا لذلك ، وقع المفوضين اسفل هذا الاتفاق .

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den fjortende februar nittenhundrede og femoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am vierzehnten Februar neunzehnhundertfünfundsiebzig.

Done at Brussels on the fourteenth day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five.

Fait à Bruxelles, le quatorze février mil neuf cent soixante-quinze.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì quattordici febbraio millenovecentosettantacinque.

Gedaan te Brussel, de veertiende februari negentienhonderdvijfenzeventig.

حرر ببروكسل في الرابع عشر من شهر فبراير سنة الف وتسعمائة خمسة وسبعين .

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber
 Im Namen des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften
 For the Council of the European Communities
 Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes
 Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee
 Voor de Raad der Europese Gemeenschappen

عن مجلس المجموعات الأوروبية

Maurice Dillen

J. Micouk

Med forbehold af at Fællesskabet først bliver endeligt forpligtet efter at have givet den anden kontraherende part meddelelse om gennemførelsen af de i henhold til traktaten om oprettelse af Det europæiske økonomiske Fællesskab krævede procedurer, især høring af Europa-Parlamentet.

Mit dem Vorbehalt, daß für die Europäische Wirtschaftsgemeinschaft erst dann endgültig eine Verpflichtung besteht, wenn sie der anderen Vertragspartei notifiziert hat, daß die durch den Vertrag zur Gründung der Europäischen Wirtschaftsgemeinschaft vorgeschriebenen Verfahren, namentlich die Anhörung des Europäischen Parlaments, stattgefunden haben.

With the reserve that the Community shall only be finally bound after notification to the other Contracting Party of the completion of the procedures required by the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and in particular the consultation of the Parliament.

Sous réserve que la Communauté économique européenne ne sera définitivement engagée qu'après notification à l'autre partie contractante de l'accomplissement des procédures requises par le traité instituant la Communauté économique européenne et notamment la consultation de l'Assemblée.

Con riserva che la Comunità economica europea sarà definitivamente vincolata soltanto dopo la notifica all'altra parte contraente dell'espletamento delle procedure richieste dal trattato che istituisce la Comunità economica europea e, in particolare, dell'avvenuta consultazione del Parlamento europeo.

Onder voorbehoud dat de Europese Economische Gemeenschap eerst definitief gebonden zal zijn na kennisgeving aan de andere Overeenkomstsluitende Partij van de vervulling der door het Verdrag tot oprichting van de Europese Economische Gemeenschap vereiste procedures, met name van de raadpleging van het Europese Parlement.

مع التحفظ الا تكون المجموعة الاقتصادية الأوروبية ملتزمة التزاما نهائيا الا بعد

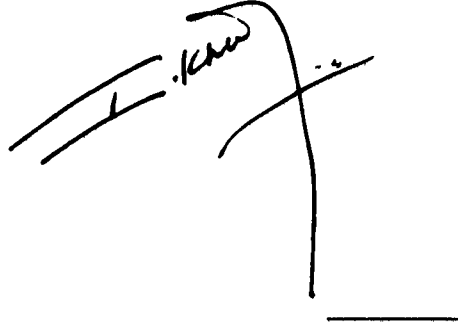
الملاع الطرف المتعاقد الاخر تنهية الاجراءات التي تستوجبها المعاهدة

المنسبة للمجموعة الاقتصادية الأوروبية ، ولا سيما استشارة الجمعية

البرلمانية الأوروبية .

For Regeringen for republikken Tunesien
Für die Regierung der Tunesischen Republik
For the Government of the Tunisian Republic
Pour le gouvernement de la République tunisienne
Per il governo della Repubblica tunisina
Voor de Regering van de Republiek Tunesië

عن رئيس الجمهورية التونسية



4. 7. 75

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 173/33

Information on the date of entry into force of the Agreement extending the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

The exchange of instruments notifying the completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement extending the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, signed in Brussels on 14 February 1975, having taken place on 30 June 1975, in Brussels, the Agreement will enter into force on 1 July 1975, in accordance with Article II thereof (1).

No 2

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1289/76
of 28 May 1976
on the conclusion of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic
Community and the Republic of Tunisia

(see GEN II 30)

INTERIM AGREEMENT
between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

(see GEN II 31)

PROTOCOL

**on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of
administrative cooperation**

(see GEN II 54)

FINAL ACT

(see GEN II 116)

28. 6. 76

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 169/13

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1510/76

of 24 June 1976

concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia was signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas the Interim Agreement ⁽¹⁾ on the advance implementation of the trade provisions of the Cooperation Agreement signed on the same day enters into force on 1 July 1976;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia should be concluded,

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia is hereby concluded on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

For the Council
The President
G. THORN

(1) GEN II 31

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and in Article 12 of the Interim Agreement, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia, I have the honour to inform you that the Tunisian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 July to 31 December 1976 do not exceed 50 metric tons.

To this end the Tunisian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the 'Office de Commerce de Tunisie' (Tunisian Board of Trade).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Board of Trade and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 55% reduction in the Common Customs Tariff provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and in Article 12 of the Interim Agreement and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, I have the honour to inform you that the Tunisian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 July to 31 December 1976 do not exceed 50 metric tons.

To this end the Tunisian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the "Office de Commerce de Tunisie" (Tunisian Board of Trade).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures, agreed between the Board of Trade and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55% reduction in the Common Customs Tariff will apply from 1 July to 31 December 1976 to the quantities of fruit salads originating in Tunisia referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1512/76

of 24 June 1976

concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia was signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas the Interim Agreement on the advance implementation of the trade provisions of the Cooperation Agreement signed on the same day enters into force on 1 July 1976;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia should be concluded,

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia is hereby concluded on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you as follows:

For the implementation of Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia it is agreed that the following provisions be adopted:

1. The variable component of the levy on imports into the Community of bran, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals, other than of maize and rice, falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia shall be as calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice, less the amount specified in paragraph 3 below.
2. Paragraph 1 shall apply provided that Tunisia levies on exports of the products referred to a special charge which is equal to the amount by which the variable component of the levy is reduced and is reflected in the Community import price.
3. The amount by which the variable component of the levy is reduced shall be equal to 60% of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month in which the amount in question was fixed.

The amount shall be fixed by the Commission not later than the tenth day of the month preceding the quarter during which the amount shall apply.

'Quarter' shall mean a period of three months beginning on 1 February, 1 May, 1 August or 1 November in each year.

However, should the entry into force of the Agreement not coincide with the beginning of one of these quarters, the first reduction in the levy shall be applicable for the month of the current quarter.

4. Proof that the special charge on exports has been collected shall be provided by the insertion by the customs authorities under 'Remarks' on the movement certificate of one of the following endorsements:

Taxe spéciale à l'exportation appliquée
 Saerlig udførselsafgift opkraevet
 Sonderausfuhrabgabe erhoben
 Special export charge collected
 Applicata tassa speciale all'esportazione
 Bijzondere uitvoerheffing voldaan
 (signature and official stamp)

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge this letter and confirm the agreement of your Government with its contents.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you inform me as follows:

'For the implementation of Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia it is agreed that the following provisions be adopted:

1. The variable component of the levy on imports into the Community of bran, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals, other than of maize and rice, falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia shall be as calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice, less the amount specified in paragraph 3 below.
2. Paragraph 1 shall apply provided that Tunisia levies on exports of the products referred to a special charge which is equal to the amount by which the variable component of the levy is reduced and is reflected in the Community import price.
3. The amount by which the variable component of the levy is reduced shall be equal to 60% of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month in which the amount in question was fixed.

The amount shall be fixed by the Commission not later than the tenth day of the month preceding the quarter during which the amount shall apply.

"Quarter" shall mean a period of three months beginning on 1 February, 1 May, 1 August or 1 November in each year.

However, should the entry into force of the Agreement not coincide with the beginning of one of these quarters, the first reduction in the levy shall be applicable for the month or months of the current quarter.

4. Proof that the special charge on exports has been collected shall be provided by the insertion by the customs authorities under "Remarks" on the movement certificate of one of the following endorsements:

Taxe spéciale à l'exportation appliquée
 Særlig udførselsafgift opkrævet
 Sonderausfuhrabgabe erhoben
 Special export charge collected
 Applicata tassa speciale all'esportazione
 Bijzondere uitvoerheffing voldaan
 (signature and official stamp)

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge this letter and confirm the agreement of your Government with its contents.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter and to confirm the agreement of my Government with its contents.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Information concerning the date of the entry into force of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

(see GEN II 126)

Information relating to the date of signing of the Agreements, in the form of an exchange of letters, between the EEC and the countries of the Maghreb

Information on the date of signing of :

- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia ;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Algeria (1);
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria (2);
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 13 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Morocco (3);
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco (4).

The abovementioned Agreements in the form of exchanges of letters were signed on 29 June 1976.

(1) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 27.
(2) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 38.
(3) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 48.
(4) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 54.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 148/77
of 18 January 1977

concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia was signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas the Interim Agreement on the advance implementation of the trade provisions of the Cooperation Agreement⁽¹⁾ signed on the same day entered into force on 1 July 1976;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia should be concluded; whereas the Agreement expires on 30 June 1977; whereas the Community intends to maintain its trading relations with that country; whereas the provisions governing the second part of 1977 should not be less favourable than those laid down for the first; whereas in order not to disrupt

trading patterns for the products in question, there should be provision for applying these import arrangements for the whole of 1977,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia is hereby concluded on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community⁽²⁾.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 January 1977.

For the Council

The President

Anthony CROSLAND

⁽²⁾ The date of signature of the Agreement will be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* on the initiative of the Secretary-General of the Council.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia

A. Letter from Tunisia

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and in Article 12 of the Interim Agreement, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia, I have the honour to inform you that the Tunisian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1977 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Tunisian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the 'Office de Commerce de Tunisie' (Tunisian Board of Trade).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Board of Trade and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Tunisian Government

B. Letter from the Community

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows :

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and in Article 12 of the Interim Agreement and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, I have the honour to inform you that the Tunisian Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1977 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Tunisian Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the "Office de Commerce de Tunisie" (Tunisian Board of Trade).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Board of Trade and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1977 to the quantities of fruit salads originating in Tunisia referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Council
of the European Communities*

Information on the date of signing of the Agreements in the form of exchanges of letters between the European Economic Community on the one hand and Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia and Israel on the other

Information on the date of signing of :

- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 13 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Morocco ⁽¹⁾;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Algeria ⁽²⁾;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia ⁽³⁾;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Israel ⁽⁴⁾;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Israel ⁽⁵⁾;
- the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria concerning the import into the Community of tomato concentrates originating in Algeria ⁽⁶⁾.

The above Agreements in the form of exchanges of letters were signed on 28 January 1977.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 23, 27. 1. 1977, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 23, 27. 1. 1977, p. 4.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 23, 27. 1. 1977, p. 10.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 23, 27. 1. 1977, p. 13.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 23, 27. 1. 1977, p. 15.

No L 159/12

Official Journal of the European Communities

29. 6. 77

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1408/77

of 28 June 1977

on the conclusion of the Agreement extending the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission.

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia signed in Tunis on 25 April 1976 expires not later than 30 June 1977;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia signed in Tunis on the same day, it is necessary to extend the Interim Agreement,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 28 June 1977.

Article 1

The Agreement extending the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and the declaration annexed to that Agreement are hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the persons empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

W. RODGERS

AGREEMENT

extending the Interim Agreement Between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TUNISIA,

of the other part,

WHEREAS the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia signed in Tunis on 25 April 1976 expires not later than 30 June 1977,

WHEREAS, pending the entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia signed in Tunis on the same day, it is necessary to extend the Interim Agreement,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Agreement and to this end have designed as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TUNISIA:

WHO, having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

Article 1

The date '31 December 1977' shall be substituted for '30 June 1977' specified in the second subparagraph of Article 42 (2) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia.

Article 2

The texts given in Annexes I and II to this Agreement shall be substituted for the texts of Annexes B and C to the Interim Agreement.

Article 3

The joint declaration by the Contracting Parties, annexed to this Agreement, concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, shall be included in the Final Act of the Interim Agreement.

Article 4

The date '31 December 1977' shall be substituted for '30 June 1977' specified in Article 30 (2) of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation.

Article 5

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, Germany, Italian and Arabic languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 6

This Agreement shall enter into force on 1 July 1977.

ANNEX

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on Annex B concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff

The Contracting Parties agree that the additional amount, if any, to be applied for the 1977/78 marketing year, could be maintained at its previous level should the exceptional situation because of which the additional amount of 10 units of account per 100 kilograms was fixed for the period ending on 31 October 1977 still exist at that time.

ANNEX I

ANNEX B

concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff

1. In order to take account of:

- the importance of olive oil for the Tunisian economy,
- the programmes and efforts undertaken by Tunisia to rationalize and improve the conditions on its olive-oil market,
- the traditional trade flows in this product between Tunisia and the European Economic Community,

the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 9 (1) (b) of the Agreement concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, may be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of Article 9 (1) (b) of the Agreement.

2. The additional amount provided for in paragraph 1, if any, shall be fixed for each year of application by an exchange of letters between the Contracting Parties in the light of conditions on the olive-oil market.
3. In view of the exceptional conditions currently affecting the olive-oil market, the additional amount shall be fixed at 10 units of account for the period ending on 31 October 1977.
-

ANNEX II

ANNEX C

Minimum prices applicable from 1 July 1977

Size		Net weight		Semi-gross weight	Capacity	Coefficients	Minimum prices (customs duties included) in u.a. per carton 100 tins	
Trade specifications	Total height (mm)	Ounces	Grams	Grams	cm ³		Community:	
						in olive oil	other	
Rectangular base:								
$\frac{1}{10}$ club	20	2	56	95	53	0.60	11.70	10.80
$\frac{1}{8}$ club	25	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	80	120	75	0.70	13.65	12.60
$\frac{1}{4}$ reduced	18	2 $\frac{5}{8}$	74	130	73	0.77	15.02	13.86
$\frac{1}{8}$ club	30	3 $\frac{1}{4}$	90	140	93	0.80	15.60	14.40
$\frac{1}{4}$ special	25	3 $\frac{1}{8}$	90	140	90	0.85	16.58	15.30
$\frac{1}{8}$ low plat	24	3 $\frac{3}{8}$	95	145	96	0.90	17.55	16.20
$\frac{1}{4}$ club	30	4 $\frac{3}{8}$	125	190	125			
$\frac{1}{8}$ P 25				176	125			
$\frac{1}{4}$ usual	22	3 $\frac{3}{4}$	105	180	106	1.00	19.50	18.00
$\frac{1}{8}$ (club 30)				188	130			
$\frac{1}{4}$ usual	24	4 $\frac{3}{8}$	125	195	125	1.10	21.45	19.80
$\frac{1}{4}$ usual	30	5 $\frac{1}{4}$	150	240	169			
$\frac{1}{4}$ club	40	6 $\frac{1}{4}$	175	250	178	1.30	25.35	23.40
$\frac{1}{4}$ P 30				250	187			
$\frac{1}{4}$ American	30	7	200	300	207	1.60	31.20	28.80
$\frac{1}{4}$ usual	40	9 $\frac{1}{4}$	260	326	250			
$\frac{1}{3}$ P				337	250	1.80	35.10	32.40
$\frac{1}{4}$ club long	40	8 $\frac{3}{4}$	248	320	241			
$\frac{1}{2}$ low	30	9 $\frac{1}{4}$	260	370	245	2.20	42.90	39.60
$\frac{1}{4}$ usual long	40	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	325	423	313	2.50	48.75	45.00
$\frac{1}{4}$ usual	48	11	310	390	297	2.60	50.70	46.80
$\frac{1}{2}$ large	40	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	325	460	330	2.70	52.65	48.60
$\frac{1}{2}$ P				476	375			
$\frac{1}{1}$				902	750	4.65	90.68	83.70
$\frac{4}{4}$	80	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	780	950	771			
Oval base:								
$\frac{1}{2}$ oval	40	15	425	555	452	3.40	66.30	61.20

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2383/77

of 28 October 1977

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, signed on 25 April 1976, and to the Interim Agreement (1), which entered into force on 1 July 1976 and whose term of validity was extended by the Agreement annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 1408/77, and in particular to Annex B to each of these Agreements,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 28 October 1977.

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

G. SPITAEELS

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement and Annex B to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia stipulate that for untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 9 (1) (b) of the Interim Agreement is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive-oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to maintain the additional amount at 10 units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement and Annex B to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia stipulate that for untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 9 (1) (b) of the Interim Agreement is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive-oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to maintain the additional amount at 10 units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the Republic of Tunisia*

II. Provisions within the Community relating to the Association Agreement

Table

I

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Regulation (EEC) No 1468/69 of The Council of 23 July 1969 on the conclusion of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic and on measures and procedures required for the implementation thereof	1 - 3
Regulation (EEC) No 1985/70 of The Council of 29 September 1970 on the conclusion of an Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, and on a correction of substance to be made to List 5 of Annex 3 to that Agreement	A3 - 11
Regulation (EEC) No 2286/73 of the Council of 24 July 1973 on the conclusion of a Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community.....	A8 - 27
Regulation (EEC) No 1911/74 of the Council of 22 July 1974 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic	28
Regulation (EEC) No 867/75 of the Council of 18 March 1975 concluding the Agreement extending the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic	29
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1289/76 of 28 May 1976 on the conclusion of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia	30
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Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation	54 - 115
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Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia	126
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1664/77 of 18 July 1977 on the safeguard measures provided for in the Cooperation Agreement and the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia	127 - 128

N° 3

REGULATION (EEC) No 1468/69 OF THE COUNCIL
of 23 July 1969

on the conclusion of the Agreement establishing an
Association between the European Economic Community and
the Tunisian Republic and on measures and
procedures required for the implementation thereof

(OJ No L 198/1 - 8.8.69)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic
Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament

Whereas an Agreement establishing an Association between the
European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, and a
Final Act were signed at Tunis on 28 March 1969;

Whereas it is necessary to lay down the procedure determining
the position to be taken by the Community in the Council of
Association established by the Agreement;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, its Annexes, the Protocol thereto and the Declarations annexed to the Final Act are concluded approved and confirmed on behalf of the Community.

The texts of the Agreement and of the Final Act are annexed to this Regulation.

The Agreement shall, in accordance with Article 18 thereof, enter into force on the first day of the month following the day on which the Contracting Parties notify each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

Article 2

The President of the Council of the European Communities, shall, on behalf of the Community, issue the notification that the procedures necessary for entry into force of the Agreement have been completed pursuant to Article 18 of the Agreement.

Article 3

The position which the Community is to take in the Council of Association shall be determined by the Council of the European Communities acting on a proposal from the Commission in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty.

Article 4

Where consultation is requested by the Community, in implementation of the provisions of the Agreement, the following procedure shall apply:

- (a) a request for consultation made by a Member State or by the Commission shall require discussion at a meeting of the Council of the European Communities so as to determine the common position of the Community;
- (b) the Community shall adopt the position of the requesting Member State, or of the Commission, unless the Council of the European Communities decides otherwise by a qualified majority;
- (c) a request for consultation shall be forwarded to the Council of Association by the President of the Council of the European Communities acting on behalf of the European Economic Community.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 July 1969

For the Council
The President
J.M.A.H. LUNS

COLLECTED ACTS - EEC - TUNISIA ASS.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1985/70 OF THE COUNCIL

of 29 September 1970

on the conclusion of an Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, and on a correction of substance to be made to List 5 of Annex 3 to that Agreement

OJ No L 218/5 - 30.10.70

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas an Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic (1) and on a correction of substance to be made to List 5 of Annex 3 to that Agreement, was signed at Brussels on 11 September 1970,

(1) cf. GEN I 3

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

An Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic and on a correction of substance to be made to List 5 of Annex 3 to that Agreement is hereby concluded on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Exchange of Letters is annexed to this Regulation.

This Agreement shall enter into force, in accordance with the provisions of the Exchange of Letters, on the first day of the month following the day on which the Contracting Parties advise each other of the completion of the necessary procedures to that end.

Article 2

The President of the Council of the European Communities shall, on behalf of the Community, advise in accordance with the provisions of the Exchange of Letters, that the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement have been completed.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 September 1970

For the Council

The President

S. von BRAUN

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement
establishing an Association between the European
Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic
and on a correction of substance to be made to
List 5 of Annex 3 to that Agreement

Brussels, 11 September 1970

Your Excellency,

At the negotiations on 8 July 1970 the parties to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic agreed to substitute the text set out in the Annex to this letter for Article 5 of Annex 1 to that Agreement.

At these negotiations the Contracting Parties also agreed to make the necessary corrections to List 5 of Annex 3 to the Agreement (in the five authentic languages) as regards the two subheadings Nos 48.01 B and 48.01 C mentioned in the List 5 in question, to make clear that the EEC share of 32 per cent shown opposite those subheadings applies to the two taken together and not to each subheading.

It was agreed that the new Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the day on which the Contracting Parties advise each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

Kindly acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm the agreement of your Government with its content.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of our highest consideration.

On behalf of the Council of the European Communities

Hans Georg SACHS

Helmut SIGRIST

Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary

Director-General for
External Relations
of the Commission of
the European Communities

Head of the Committee of
Permanent Representatives
to the European Communities

Subject to the reservation that the European Economic Community shall not be finally bound until notification has been given to the other Contracting Party of completion of the procedures required by the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, in particular as regards consultation of the European Parliament.

ANNEX

NEW ARTICLE 5 OF ANNEX 1

to the Agreement establishing an Association between
the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

- "1. The Community shall take all measures necessary to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil other than refined olive oil, falling within subheading No 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, shall be the import levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organisation of the market in oils and fats, less 0.50 units of account per 100 kg.
2. Furthermore, provided that Tunisia applies a special export charge and that this special charge is reflected in the import price, the Community shall reduce the amount of the levy resulting from the calculation referred to in paragraph 1 by an amount equal to that of the charge paid, up to a limit of 5 units of account per 100 kg.

Each Contracting Party shall take the measures necessary for the application of this paragraph.
3. Consultations on the operation of the arrangements laid down in this Article may be held in the Council of Association."

Brussels, 11 September 1970

(Letter to the Ambassador and to the Director-General)

Your Excellencies,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date in the following terms:

"Your Excellency,

At the negotiations on 8 July 1970 the parties to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic agreed to substitute the text set out in the Annex to this letter for Article 5 of Annex 1 to that Agreement.

At these negotiations the Contracting Parties also agreed to make the necessary corrections to List 5 of Annex 3 to the Agreement (in the five authentic languages) as regards the two sub-headings Nos 48.01 B and 48.01 C mentioned in the List 5 in question, to make clear that the EEC share of 32 per cent shown opposite those subheadings applies to the two taken together and not to each subheading.

It was agreed that the new Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the day on which the Contracting Parties advise each other of the completion of the procedure necessary to that end.

Kindly acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm the agreement of your Government with its contents.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of our highest consideration.

Subject to the reservation that the European Economic Community shall not be finally bound until notification has been given to the other Contracting Party of completion of the procedures required by the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, in particular as regards consultation of the European Parliament."

I have the honour to confirm the agreement of the Tunisian Government with the content of your letter.

Please accept, Your Excellencies, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Moncef GHARLANI
Minister Plenipotentiary,
Representative of the Tunisian Republic
to the European Economic Community

ANNEX

NEW ARTICLE 5 OF ANNEX 1

to the Agreement establishing an Association between
the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

- "1. The Community shall take all measures necessary to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil other than refined olive oil, falling within subheading No 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly produced in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, shall be the import levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organisation of the market in oils and fats, less 0.50 units of account per 100 kg.
 2. Furthermore, provided that Tunisia applies a special export charge and that this special charge is reflected in the import price, the Community shall reduce the amount of the levy resulting from the calculation referred to in paragraph 1 by an amount equal to that of the charge paid, up to a limit of 5 units of account per 100 kg.

Each Contracting Party shall take the measures necessary for the application of this paragraph.
 3. Consultations on the operation of the arrangements laid down in this Article may be held in the Council of Association."
-

27. 8. 73

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 239/105

REGULATION (EEC) No 2286/73 OF THE COUNCIL

of 24 July 1973

on the conclusion of a Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof;

Having regard to the Treaty concerning the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 108 of the Act annexed thereto;

Having regard to the recommendation of the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas a Protocol should be concluded laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community;

Article 1

The Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community, the Annexes thereto and the declaration and exchange of letters annexed to the Final Act, are concluded, approved and confirmed on behalf of the Community. The texts of the Protocol and the Final Act are annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council of the European Communities shall, pursuant to the provisions of Article 10 of the Protocol, give notification that the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Protocol have been completed in respect of the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1973.

For the Council

The President

I. NØRGAARD

PROTOCOL

laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE PRESIDENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC,

of the other part,

CONSIDERING that the Contracting Parties to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, signed at Tunis on the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine, hereinafter called 'the Agreement of Association', have made it their aim to negotiate a new agreement on a broader basis and that the Community has envisaged that this new agreement would comprise, in addition to a preferential system for trade, other measures of cooperation,

HAVE DECIDED to determine in the meantime, by mutual agreement, the transitional measures and adjustments to the Agreement of Association which are necessary consequent on the Accession of the Kingdom of Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the European Economic Community, and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Mr Renaat A. J. C. VAN ELSLANDE,

President of the Council of the European Communities

Mr François-Xavier ORTOLI,

President of the Commission of the European Communities

THE PRESIDENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC,

Mr Mohamed MASMOUDI,

Minister for Foreign Affairs,

WHO, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The text of the Agreement of Association, including the protocols, declarations and exchanges of letters relating thereto, drawn up in the English and Danish languages and annexed to this Protocol, shall be authentic under the same conditions as the original texts.

Article 2

1. The volume of imports into the Community of petroleum products refined in Tunisia, referred to in Article 2 (3) (b) of Annex 1 to the Agreement of Association, shall be raised to 150 000 metric tons.

2. The amounts or percentages to be adhered to by the Tunisian Republic in opening quotas in favour of the Community in accordance with Articles 4, 5 and 6 of Annex 3 to the Agreement of Association and as shown in Lists 3, 4 and 5 thereto shall be replaced by the amounts of percentages set out in Lists 3, 4 and 5 of Annex I to this Protocol. However, the amount of the quota provided for in Article 6 (4) (a) of Annex 3 to the Agreement of Association for the products of heading ex 85.14 shall be raised to 61 281 dinars.

Article 3

1. The new Member States shall apply in respect of the Tunisian Republic the reductions in customs duties and charges having equivalent effect provided for in the Agreement of Association at the rates shown therein, on the understanding, however, that the duties resulting from these reductions may in no case be lower than those applied by the new Member States to the Community as originally constituted.

2. The rates on the basis of which the new Member States apply to the Tunisian Republic the reductions provided for in paragraph 1 shall be those which they apply at the time in respect of third countries.

3. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, should the application of these provisions temporarily result in tariff movements away from alignment on the final duty, the new Member States may maintain their duties until the level of these duties has been reached on the occasion of a subsequent alignment, or they may apply the duty resulting from a subsequent alignment as soon as this alignment reaches or passes the said level.

4. Subject to the effect to be given by the Community to Article 39 (5) of the Act concerning the Conditions of Accession and the Adjustments to the Treaties, annexed to the Treaty of Accession, as regards the specific duties or the specific part of mixed duties of the customs tariffs of Ireland and the United Kingdom, paragraph 1 shall be applied by rounding off to the fourth decimal place.

Article 4

Where, for the products listed in Annex 1 to the Agreement of Association, the new Member States apply duties comprising protective and fiscal elements, only the protective elements of these duties, within the meaning of Article 38 of the Act concerning the Conditions of Accession and the Adjustments to the Treaties, shall be aligned on the preferential duties set out in that Annex and reduced as provided in Article 3 (1) and (2).

Article 5

The Tunisian Republic shall in respect of the new Member States reduce the difference between the customs duties and charges having equivalent effect which it applies in respect of third countries and those which it applies pursuant to the Agreement of Association in respect of the Community as originally constituted, in accordance with the same schedule as is applied by the new Member States for the elimination of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect in respect of the Community as originally constituted.

Article 6

1. As regards the application of Article 1 (1) (b) of the Protocol, annexed to the Agreement of Association, on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation, the condition as regards sufficient working or processing, within the meaning of Article 3 thereof, shall be waived only in the case of products originating, within the meaning of that Protocol, in Tunisia or in the Member States, which receive in Tunisia a treatment not less favourable than that applying to products wholly obtained in the Member State where the products were obtained.

As regards the application of Article 1 (2) (b) of the abovementioned Protocol, this condition shall be waived only in the case of products originating, within the meaning of the Protocol, in the Member State of destination or in the other Member States, which receive in the Member State of destination, a

treatment not less favourable than that applying to products wholly obtained or produced in Tunisia.

2. The following words shall be added to the heading of the specimen movement certificate A.TN.1 provided for in Article 19 of the Protocol referred to in paragraph 1:

'Movement certificate'

'Varecertifikat'

3. The following text shall be added to Section I 'Goods for which a movement certificate A.TN.1 may be endorsed' appearing on the back of the said certificate and on the back of Part 2 of the form A.TN.2:

'These provisions shall be valid subject to the transitional measures and adjustments set out in the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community annexed to the Agreement'.

4. The footnote (*) appearing on the back of the movement certificate A.TN.1 and on the back of Part 2 of the form A.TN.2 shall be deleted.

5. Movement certificates A.TN.1 and forms A.TN.2 made out in the form shown in the Annex to the Protocol referred to in paragraph 1 may continue to be used until 31 August 1974.

Article 7

1. The quantitative restrictions in force in Ireland which are referred to in Protocols Nos 6 and 7 of the Act concerning the Conditions of Accession and the Adjustments to the Treaties shall be removed as regards Tunisia in accordance with procedures to be determined, account being taken of the provisions of the abovementioned Protocols.

In this connection, consultations shall take place within the Association Council.

2. Imports into the United Kingdom of the products listed in Annex II to this Protocol and originating in Tunisia may be limited to the following annual quotas:

1973: 100 metric tons,

1974: 125 metric tons.

Article 8

1. The minimum price referred to in Article 4 of Annex 1 of the Agreement of Association shall be calculated in the new Member States by reference to the incidence of the duties they apply at any given time to third countries.

2. The variable and fixed components of the levies referred to in Annex 1 of the Agreement of Association shall be calculated in the new Member States by reference to the duties they apply at any given time to third countries.

Article 9

This Protocol including Annexes I and II thereto shall form an integral part of the Agreement of Association.

Article 10

This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notify each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

Article 11

This Protocol is drawn up in two copies in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Arabic languages, each of these texts being authentic.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne protokol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Protokoll gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below this Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente Protocollo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Protocol hebben gesteld.

واثباتنا لذلك ، وقع المفوضون اسفل هذا البروتوكول .

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den otteogtyvende februar nitten hundrede og treoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am achtundzwanzigsten Februar neunzehnhundertdreiundsiebzig.

Done at Brussels on this twenty-eighth day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-three.

Fait à Bruxelles, le vingt-huit février mil neuf cent soixante-treize.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì ventotto febbraio millenovecentosettantatré.

Gedaan te Brussel, achtentwintig februari negentienhonderd drieënzeventig.

عـرر بـبروكـسـل في الثامن والعشرين من فيفري سنة الف وتسعمائة وثلاث

وسبعون .

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber,

Im Namen des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften,

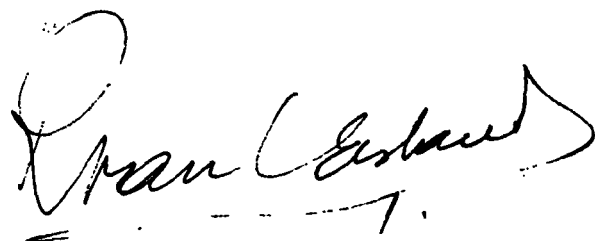
For the Council of the European Communities,

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes,

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee,

Voor de Raad der Europese Gemeenschappen,

عن مجلس المجموعات الأوروبية




For Præsidenten for Republikken Tunesien,

Im Namen des Präsidenten der Tunesischen Republik,

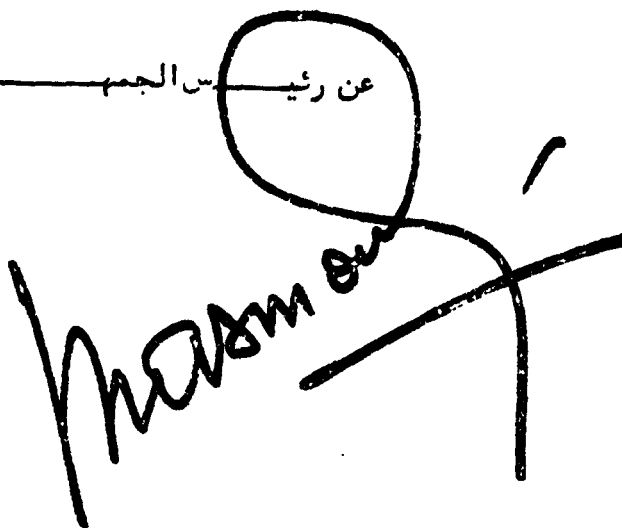
For the President of the Republic of Tunisia,

Pour le Président de la République tunisienne,

Per il Presidente della Repubblica tunisina,

Voor de President van de Tunesische Republiek,

عن رئيس الجمهورية التونسية



ANNEX I

LIST 3

Annual quotas provided for in Article 4 for imports into Tunisia of products originating in the Community

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic quota (in Tunisian dinars)	Annual increase (in percentages) ⁽¹⁾
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	894 981	5
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:		
	A. Beans, for sowing	2 654	5
	E. Other peas, for sowing	11 590	10
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	37 573	5
17.02	Other sugars; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel:		
	A. Glucose	55 446	5
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:		
	D. Sauerkraut	787	5
28.05	Alkali, alkaline-earth and rare earth metals; yttrium and scandium; mercury:		
	B. Other	562	10
ex 28.32	Chlorates and perchlorates, excluding potassium chlorate	4 706	5
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes	26 048	10
32.09	Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, varnish or other paint or enamel media; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail:		
	A. Pigments of the kind referred to above, crushed	14 981	5
44.05	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm:		
	A. General-purpose woods (other than cooperly staves falling within subheading C)	57 905	5
	C. Cooperly staves	1 643	5

⁽¹⁾ These percentages do not impose a limit on the increase of imports from the EEC which shall depend on market trends.

List 3 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic quota (in Tunisian dinars)	Annual increase (in percentages) ⁽¹⁾
53.12	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair other than horsehair	38 664	5
58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): B. Other	37 722	5
58.08	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain	1 727	5
58.09	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs	46 968	5
60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings)	988	10
61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallais, bodicefronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments	208	5
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel	16 232	5
62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns and cheese cloths)	19 902	5
70.13	Falling within heading No 70.19 of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses: B. Of crystal	10 635	5
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	641 552	5
ex 82.11	Razors and parts, excluding razor blades and razor blade blanks	71 494	10
82.13	Other articles of cutlery (for example, secateurs, hair clippers, butchers' cleavers, paper knives); manicure and chiropody sets and appliances (including nail files): A. Manicure and chiropody sets and appliances (including nail files)	517	5
ex 83.15	Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying, excluding base metal electrodes used for arc welding	18 627	5
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): C. Refrigerating equipment with basic components D. Parts	146 002 18 357	5 10

⁽¹⁾ These percentages do not impose a limit on the increase of imports from the EEC which will depend on market trends.

List 3 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic quota (in Tunisian dinars)	Annual increase (in percentages) ⁽¹⁾
84.40	Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor:		
	ex A. Parts of machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing and coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (other than machinery in paragraphs B and C below), including machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings	48 429	5
	B. Laundry machinery (other than machinery in paragraph C below), machinery for dyeing-scouring, dry-cleaning, ironing (including steam presses)	67 335	5
	ex D. Parts for the machinery falling within this subheading	14 064	5
85.06	Electro-mechanical domestic appliances, with self-contained electric motor, defined in Note III to this Chapter ⁽²⁾	38 335	5
ex 85.07	Parts for electric shavers and hair clippers	530	5
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09):		
	A. Private motor vehicles for the transport of persons	688 852	5
92.09	Musical instrument strings	455	5
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound heads	55 442	5
92.13	Other parts and accessories of apparatus falling within heading No 92.11	9 485	5

⁽¹⁾ These percentages do not impose a limit on the increase of imports from the EEC which shall depend on market trends.

⁽²⁾ III. Heading No 85.06 includes the following, provided they are electro-mechanical appliances of the kind commonly used for domestic purposes:

(a) vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, food grinders and mixers, fruit juice extractors and ventilators, of any weight;

(b) other equipment of a maximum weight of 20 kg excluding dish washing machines (heading No 84.19), clothes washing machines (heading No 84.18 or 84.40, according to whether they are centrifugal machines or not), ironing machines (heading No 84.16 or 84.40, according to whether rollers are used or not), sewing machines (heading No 84.41) and electro-thermic domestic appliances falling within heading No 85.12.

LIST 4

Annual quotas provided for in Article 5 for imports into Tunisia of products originating in the Community, expressed as a percentage of total Tunisian imports

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages (%)
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:	
	B. Beans, other	28
	F. Other peas, other	85
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	85
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	85
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:	
	A. Mushrooms and truffles	85
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	85
ex 22.03	Beer made from malt, in bottles	73
44.05	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm:	
	B. Decorative woods (other than cooper's staves falling within subheading C)	47
53.13	Woven fabrics of horsehair	85
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06	85
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	
	B. Of other textile materials	85
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassieres, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic	85
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods	85
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass:	
	C. Stoppers and other closures, of glass	65

(¹) These percentages do not impose a limit on the share of EEC imports of such products into Tunisia.

List 4 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages ⁽¹⁾
83.13	Stoppers, crown corks, bottle caps, capsules, bung covers, seals and plombs, case corner protectors and other packing accessories, of base metal: B. Other	85
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): A. Furniture and appliances incorporating a refrigerating unit (cabinets, frozen food storage containers, refrigerated counters, show cases, water or beverage fountains, etc) B. Furniture and appliances (cabinets, counters, etc) designed to be fitted with a refrigerating unit	69 12
84.40	Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor: ex A. Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing and coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (other than machinery in paragraphs B and C below), including machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings ex D. Other	85 85
87.09	Motorcycles, autocycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without sidecars; sidecars of all kinds	65

⁽¹⁾ These percentages do not impose a limit on the share of EEC imports of such products into Tunisia.

LIST 5

Annual quotas provided for in Article 6 for imports into Tunisia of products originating in the Community, expressed as a percentage of total Tunisian imports

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages
18.05	Cocoa powder, unsweetened	85
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: T. Lubricating oils and greases on importation	73
31.04	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic	62
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)	69
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: A. Solid or cushion tyres	60
	F. Tyre cases, including those not requiring inner tubes, other than for aircraft, not exceeding 15 kg in weight	50
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine-made, in rolls or sheets: B. Strawpaper and strawboard	32
	C. Other	32
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02	30
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lamb's wool or of fine animal hair: B. Other	69
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	15
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)	26
60.04	Undergarments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	44
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other	85

List 5 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other	85
61.03	Men's and boys' undergarments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs	73
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' undergarments	85
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like	41
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: ex D. Marine engines and stationary engines not exceeding 110 horsepower, excluding parts	73
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines with heads not exceeding 15 kg in weight (excluding the motor); sewing machine heads not exceeding 15 kg in weight (excluding the motor) C. Tables and other furniture and parts thereof, of wood, metal or other materials	45
ex 84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances	81
ex 85.01	Transformers and electric motors not exceeding 15 horsepower, excluding parts	77
ex 85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers and audio-frequency electric amplifiers (including sound-amplifier sets), excluding parts	72
85.15	Radio navigational aid apparatus, radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones) and television cameras; radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus, including parts: ex A. Radio-broadcasting and television receivers, excluding parts	80

List 5 (continued)

Tunisian Customs Tariff heading No	Description	EEC percentages
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other	85
61.03	Men's and boys' undergarments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs	73
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' undergarments	85
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like	41
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: ex D. Marine engines and stationary engines not exceeding 110 horsepower, excluding parts	73
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines with heads not exceeding 15 kg in weight (excluding the motor); sewing machine heads not exceeding 15 kg in weight (excluding the motor) C. Tables and other furniture and parts thereof, of wood, metal or other materials	45 82
ex 84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances	81
ex 85.01	Transformers and electric motors not exceeding 15 horsepower, excluding parts	77
ex 85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers and audio-frequency electric amplifiers (including sound-amplifier sets), excluding parts	72
85.15	Radio navigational aid apparatus, radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones) and television cameras; radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus, including parts: ex A. Radio-broadcasting and television receivers, excluding parts	80

FINAL ACT

The Plenipotentiaries of

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE PRESIDENT OF THE TUNISIAN REPUBLIC,

of the other part,

meeting at Brussels on the twenty-eighth of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-three,

for the signature of the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisia Republic consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community,

have, in signing this Protocol,

- taken note of the Declaration by the European Economic Community relating to the conclusion of a new agreement on broader bases,
- and recorded the Exchange of Letters relating to Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic.

The Declaration and the Exchange of Letters are annexed to this Final Act.

The Plenipotentiaries have agreed that the Declaration and the Exchange of Letters shall be subjected in the same manner as for the Protocol to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne slutakt.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter diese Schlußakte gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below the Final Act.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent acte final.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente Atto finale.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder deze Slotakte hebben gesteld.

• واثباتا لذلك وقع المفوضون اسفل هذا العقد الختامي .

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den otteogtyvende februar nitten hundrede og treoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am achtundzwanzigsten Februar neunzehnhundertdreiundsiebzig.

Done at Brussels on this twenty-eighth day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-three.

Fait à Bruxelles, le vingt-huit février mil neuf cent soixante-treize.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì ventotto febbraio millenovecentosettantatré.

Gedaan te Brussel, achtentwintig februari negentienhonderd drieënzeventig.

حرر ببروكسـل في الثامن والعشرين من فيفري سنة الف وتسعمائة
• وثلاث وسبعون .

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber,

Im Namen des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften,

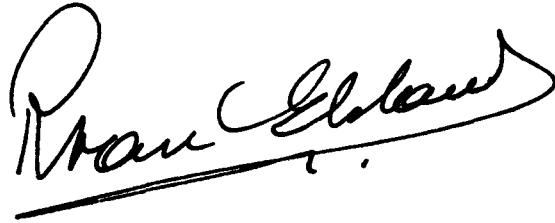
For the Council of the European Communities,

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes,

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee,

Voor de Raad der Europese Gemeenschappen,

عن مجلس المجموعات الأوروبية





For Præsidenten for Republikken Tunesien,

Im Namen des Präsidenten der Tunesischen Republik,

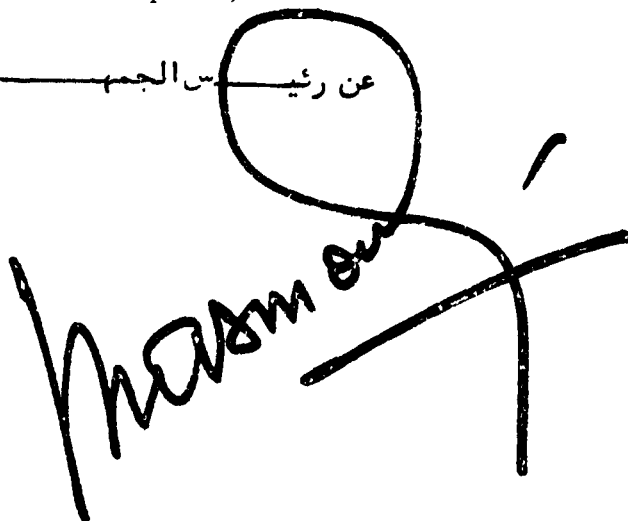
For the President of the Republic of Tunisia,

Pour le Président de la République tunisienne,

Per il Presidente della Repubblica tunisina,

Voor de President van de Tunesische Republiek,

عن رئيس الجمهورية التونسية



For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber,

Im Namen des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften,

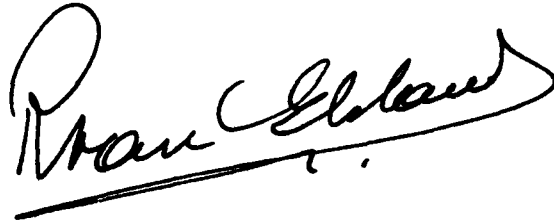
For the Council of the European Communities,

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes,

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee,

Voor de Raad der Europese Gemeenschappen,

عن مجلس المجموعات الأوروبية





For Præsidenten for Republikken Tunesien,

Im Namen des Präsidenten der Tunesischen Republik,

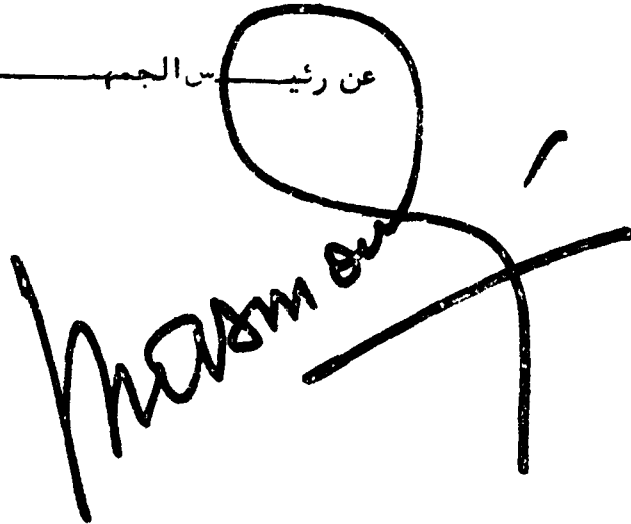
For the President of the Republic of Tunisia,

Pour le Président de la République tunisienne,

Per il Presidente della Repubblica tunisina,

Voor de President van de Tunesische Republiek,

عن رئيس الجمهورية التونسية



Exchange of letters concerning Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

Brussels, 20 July 1973.

Your Excellency,

During the negotiations which took place on 11 and 12 January 1973, the parties to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic have agreed as follows:

During 1973 Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement of Association shall not apply to trade between Tunisia, on the one hand, and Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, on the other.

We shall be obliged if you will acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm the agreement of your Government with its contents.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of our highest consideration.

*For the Council of
the European Communities*

N. E. N. ERSBØLL

H. B. KROHN

Exchange of letters concerning Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

Brussels, 20 July 1973.

Your Excellency,

During the negotiations which took place on 11 and 12 January 1973, the parties to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic have agreed as follows:

During 1973 Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement of Association shall not apply to trade between Tunisia, on the one hand, and Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, on the other.

We shall be obliged if you will acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm the agreement of your Government with its contents.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of our highest consideration.

*For the Council of
the European Communities*

N. E. N. ERSBØLL

H. B. KROHN

24. 7. 74

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 202/1

REGULATION (EEC) No 1911/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 22 July 1974

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof;

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas an Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement⁽¹⁾ establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, was signed at Brussels on 20 July 1973,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

On behalf of the Community, the Agreement, constituted by an exchange of letters amending Article 5 of

Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic is hereby concluded.

The text of the exchange of letters is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

As regards the Community, the President of the Council of the European Communities shall, in pursuance of the provisions laid down in the exchange of letters, announce when the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement have been completed.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. SAUVAGNARGUES

(1) cf. GEN I 3

REGULATION (EEC) No 867/75 OF THE COUNCIL

of 18 March 1975

concluding the Agreement extending the Agreement establishing an association
between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian RepublicTHE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof ;

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission ;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament ;

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic expires on 31 August 1974 ;

Whereas this Agreement provides for the opening of negotiations with a view to the conclusion of a new Agreement on a broader basis ;

Whereas, pending the conclusion and entry into force of the new Agreement, the Agreement extending the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic should be concluded,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Agreement extending the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic is hereby concluded on behalf of the Community.

The text thereof is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

Pursuant to Article 2 of the Agreement, the President of the Council of the European Communities shall notify the other Contracting Party that the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement have been completed by the Community (1).

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 March 1975.

For the Council

The President

R. RYAN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1289/76

of 28 May 1976

on the conclusion of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Co-operation Agreement signed in Tunis on 25 April 1976, it is necessary to conclude the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia signed in Tunis the same day,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

and the declarations and exchanges of letters annexed to the Final Act are hereby concluded, approved and confirmed on behalf of the Community.

The texts of the Interim Agreement and of the Final Act are annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall carry out, on behalf of the Community, the notification procedure provided for in Article 42 of the Interim Agreement.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 May 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

INTERIM AGREEMENT**between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
of the one part, and

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TUNISIA,
of the other part,

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS a Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia was signed this day in Tunis;

WHEREAS pending the entry into force of that Agreement, certain provisions of the Agreement relating to trade in goods should be implemented as speedily as possible by means of an Interim Agreement,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Agreement, and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

Gaston THORN,

President-in-Office of the Council of the European Communities,

President and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;

Claude CHEYSSON,

Member of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE REPUBLIC OF TUNISIA:

Habib CHATTY,

Minister for Foreign Affairs.

TITLE I**TRADE COOPERATION***Article 1*

The object of this Agreement is to promote trade between the Contracting Parties, taking account of their respective levels of development and of the need to ensure a better balance in their trade, with

a view to increasing the rate of growth of Tunisia's trade and improving the conditions of access for its products to the Community market.

A. Industrial products*Article 2*

1. Subject to the special provisions of Articles 4, 5 and 7, products originating in Tunisia which are not listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the

European Economic Community shall be imported into the Community free of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect, and of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

2. The new Member States shall apply the provisions of paragraph 1, it being understood that in no case may they apply more favourable treatment to Tunisia than to the Community as originally constituted.

Article 3

1. In the case of customs duties comprising a protective element and a fiscal element, Article 2 shall apply to the protective element.

2. The United Kingdom shall replace the fiscal element of the customs duties referred to in paragraph 1 by an internal tax in accordance with Article 38 of

the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties of 22 January 1972.

Article 4

The measures provided for in Article 1 of Protocol 7 to the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties referred to in Article 3 on imports of motor vehicles and the motor vehicle assembly industry in Ireland, shall apply to Tunisia.

Article 5

1. Imports of the following products shall be subject to annual ceilings above which the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries may be reintroduced in accordance with paragraph 2, the ceiling fixed for the year of the entry into force of the Agreement being indicated in each case.

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (in metric tons)
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to Chapter 27 d) For other purposes	175 000
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99%: I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (in metric tons)
27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	175 000
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	
45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	50
45.03	Articles of natural cork	50
45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	800

2. When a ceiling fixed for imports of a product referred to in paragraph 1 is reached, the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries may be reimposed on imports of the product in question until the end of the calendar year.

When imports into the Community of a product subject to ceilings reach 75% of the level fixed, the Community shall inform the Joint Committee.

Article 6

1. The Community reserves the right to modify the arrangements applicable to the petroleum products falling within subheadings or heading Nos 27.10,

27.11 A and B I, 27.12, 27.13 B and 27.14 of the Common Customs Tariff:

— upon adoption of a common definition of origin for petroleum products,

— upon adoption of decisions under a common commercial policy, or

— upon establishment of a common energy policy.

2. In that event the Community shall ensure that imports of these products will enjoy advantages equivalent to those provided for in this Agreement.

For the application of this paragraph consultations shall be held within the Joint Committee at the request of the other party.

3. Subject to paragraph 1, this Agreement shall not affect the non-tariff rules applied to imports of petroleum products.

Article 7

For goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products listed in Annex A, the reductions specified in Article 2 shall apply to the fixed component of the charge levied on imports of these products into the Community.

B. Agricultural products

Article 8

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of the products originating in Tunisia which are listed below shall be reduced by the rates indicated for each of them.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
01.01	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies: A. Horses: II. For slaughter (a) III. Other	80 % 80 %
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen: A. Meat: ex IV. Other: — Excluding meat of domestic sheep	100 %
02.04	Other meat and edible meat offals, fresh, chilled or frozen	100 %
Chapter 3	Fish, crustaceans and molluscs	100 %
06.02	Other live plants, including trees, shrubs, bushes, roots, cuttings and slips: ex D. Other: — Rose trees and bushes, excluding cuttings of rose trees and bushes	60 %
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: A. Potatoes: II. New potatoes: ex a) From 1 January to 15 May: — From 1 January to 31 March	40 %

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities of the Community.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
07.01 (cont'd)	<p>F. Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled:</p> <p>I. Peas:</p> <p>ex a) From 1 September to 31 May: — From 1 October to 30 April</p> <p>II. Beans (of the species Phaseolus):</p> <p>ex a) From 1 October to 30 June: — From 1 November to 30 April</p> <p>G. Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots:</p> <p>ex II. Carrots, from 1 January to 31 March</p> <p>ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions, from 15 February to 15 May</p> <p>ex L. Artichokes: — From 1 October to 31 December</p> <p>M. Tomatoes:</p> <p>ex I. From 1 November to 14 May: — From 15 November to 30 April</p> <p>S. Sweet peppers</p> <p>ex T. Other: — Aubergines, from 1 December to 30 April — Courgettes, from 1 December to the last day of February</p>	<p>60 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>40 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>30 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>40 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>60 %</p>
07.03	<p>Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption:</p> <p>A. Olives:</p> <p>I. For uses other than the production of oil (a)</p> <p>B. Capers</p>	<p>60 %</p> <p>90 %</p>
07.05	<p>Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:</p> <p>A. For sowing:</p> <p>ex I. Peas (including chick peas) and beans (of the species Phaseolus): — Peas</p> <p>ex III. Other: — Broad beans and horse beans</p> <p>B. Other</p>	<p>60 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>100 %</p>

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities of the Community.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
08.01	Dates, bananas, coconuts, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, pineapples, avocados, mangoes, guavas and mangosteens, fresh or dried, shelled or not: ex A. Dates: — In immediate containers of a net capacity of 35 kg or less	100%
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges: — Fresh ex B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Fresh ex C. Lemons: — Fresh D. Grapefruit	80% 80% 80% 80%
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes: ex a) From 1 November to 14 July: — From 15 November to 30 April	60%
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh: D. Plums: ex II. From 1 October to 30 June: — From 1 November to 15 June	60%
08.08	Berries, fresh: A. Strawberries: ex II. From 1 August to 30 April: — From 1 November to 31 March ex D. Raspberries, black currants and red currants: — Raspberries, from 15 May to 15 June	60% 50%
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh: — Melons, from 1 November to 31 May — Watermelons, from 1 April to 15 June	50% 50%

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
08.11	<p>Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption:</p> <p>ex B. Oranges: — Comminuted</p> <p>ex E. Other: — Comminuted citrus fruit</p>	<p>80 %</p> <p>80 %</p>
09.04	<p>Pepper of the genus 'Piper'; pimento of the genus 'Capsicum' or the genus 'Pimenta':</p> <p>A. Neither crushed nor ground: II. Pimento</p> <p>B. Crushed or ground</p>	<p>100 %</p> <p>100 %</p>
09.09	Seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin, caraway and juniper	100 %
09.10	Thyme, saffron and bay leaves; other spices	100 %
12.03	<p>Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing:</p> <p>E. Other (a)</p>	60 %
12.07	Plants and parts (including seeds and fruit) of trees, bushes, shrubs or other plants, being goods of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy, or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whole, cut, crushed, ground or powdered	100 %
12.08	Locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared; fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading	100 %
13.03	<p>Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products:</p> <p>ex B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates: — Pectic substances and pectinates</p>	25 %

(a) This concession is solely for seeds complying with the provisions of the Directives on the marketing of seeds and plants.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes:	
	A. Caviar and caviar substitutes	100 %
	B. Salmonidae	100 %
	C. Herring	100 %
	E. Tunny	60 %
	F. Bonito (Sarda sp.p.) mackerel and anchovies	100 %
	G. Other	100 %
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	100 %
20.01	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard:	
	ex B. Other:	
	— Without added sugar, with the exception of gherkins	100 %
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:	
	A. Mushrooms:	
	— Forced mushrooms	50 %
	— Other	60 %
	B. Truffles	70 %
	ex C. Tomatoes:	
	— Peeled tomatoes	30 %
	D. Asparagus	20 %
	F. Capers and olives	100 %
	G. Peas: beans in pod	20 %
	H. Other, including mixtures:	
	— Carrots and mixtures	20 %
	— Others	50 %
20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purée and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar:	
	A. Chestnut purée and paste:	
	II. Other	50 %
	B. Jams and marmalades of citrus fruit:	
	III. Other	50 %
	C. Other:	
	III. Other	50 %

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
20.06	<p>Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>II. Not containing added spirit:</p> <p>a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments 80 %</p> <p>ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:</p> <p>— Comminuted 80 %</p> <p>ex 7. Peaches and apricots:</p> <p>— Apricots 20 %</p> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <p>— Comminuted oranges and lemons 80 %</p> <p>b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments 80 %</p> <p>ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:</p> <p>— Comminuted 80 %</p> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <p>— Comminuted oranges and lemons 80 %</p> <p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. Of 4.5 kg or more:</p> <p>ex aa) Apricots:</p> <p>— Apricot halves 50 %</p> <p>ex bb) Peaches (including nectarines) and plums:</p> <p>— Peach halves and nectarine halves 50 %</p> <p>ex dd) Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit segments 80 %</p> <p>— Citrus pulp 40 %</p> <p>— Comminuted citrus fruit 80 %</p> <p>2. Of less than 4.5 kg:</p> <p>ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit:</p> <p>— Apricot halves, peach halves and nectarine halves 50 %</p> <p>— Grapefruit segments 80 %</p> <p>— Comminuted citrus fruit 80 %</p>	

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
20.07	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A. Of a specific gravity exceeding 1.33 at 15 °C:</p> <p>III. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Orange juice — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices <p>ex b) Of a value not exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Orange juice — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices <p>B. Of a specific gravity of 1.33 or less at 15 °C:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice <p>ex 3. Lemon juice and other citrus fruit juices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Other citrus fruit juices (excluding lemon juice) <p>b) Of a value of 30 u.a. or less per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice 	<p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p>
23.01	Flours and meals, of meat, offals, fish, crustaceans or molluscs, unfit for human consumption; greaves	100 %

2. As from the implementation of Community rules on potatoes, the tariff reduction provided for in paragraph 1 for the products of subheading 07.01 A II ex a) shall be 50% and shall be applicable for the period from 1 January to 15 April.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to fresh lemons of subheading 08.02 ex C of the Common Customs

Tariff on condition that on the internal Community market the prices of lemons imported from Tunisia are, after customs clearance and deduction of import charges other than customs duties, not less than the reference price plus the incidence on that reference price of the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries and a fixed amount of 1.20 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

4. The import charges other than customs duties referred to in paragraph 3 shall be those laid down for calculating the entry prices referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables.

However, the Community shall be entitled to calculate the amount to be deducted in respect of the import charges other than customs duties referred to in paragraph 3 in such a way, according to origin, as to avoid difficulties which may arise from the incidence of those charges on entry prices.

Articles 23 to 28 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 shall continue to apply.

Article 9

1. Provided that Tunisia levies a special charge on exports of olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and provided also that this special charge is reflected in the import price, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that:

- (a) the levy on imports into the Community of the said olive oil, wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, is the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes;
- (b) the amount of the levy calculated in the manner described under (a) is reduced by an amount equal to that of the special charge paid but not exceeding 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

2. If Tunisia does not levy the charge referred to in paragraph 1, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, is the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the

establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes.

3. Each Contracting Party shall take the measures necessary for implementation of paragraph 1 and, in the event of difficulties and at the request of the other Contracting Party, shall supply the information required for the proper operation of the system.

4. Consultations on the functioning of the system provided for in this Article shall take place within the Joint Committee at the request of one of the Contracting Parties.

Article 10

Without prejudice to the collection of the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the fixed component shall not be imposed on imports into the Community of olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community.

Article 11

1. From 1 July 1976, prepared and preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia may be imported into the Community free of customs duties subject to observance of the minimum prices set out in Annex C.

2. Exemption from the customs duties referred to in paragraph 1 shall apply only from the date and for the periods determined by the exchanges of letters laying down the technical rules for applying this Article.

Article 12

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of the products originating in Tunisia which are listed below shall be reduced by the following rates:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid: ex C. Tomatoes: — Tomato concentrates	30 %
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg: ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad	55 %
	b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less: ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad	55 %

2. The tariff reduction referred to in paragraph 1 shall apply only from the date and for the periods determined by exchanges of letters to be concluded between the Contracting Parties for the purpose of establishing the conditions and detailed rules for such reduction.

Article 13

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of wine of fresh grapes falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia shall be reduced by 80%, provided that the import prices of such wine plus the customs duties actually levied are not less at any given time than the Community reference prices for such wine.

2. Wine referred to in paragraph 1 which is entitled to a designation of origin under Tunisian law, is listed in an exchange of letters to be concluded between the Contracting Parties, and is put up in bottles, shall be exempt from customs duties on importation into the Community within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres.

In order to qualify for the treatment specified in the first subparagraph the wine must be put up in containers holding two litres or less.

For the purposes of applying this paragraph, Tunisia shall be responsible for verifying the identity of the above wine in accordance with its national rules, particularly as regards analysis criteria. To this end, all the wine concerned shall be accompanied by

a certificate of designation of origin issued by the relevant Tunisian authority, in accordance with the model given in Annex D to this Agreement.

3. The tariff reduction provided for in paragraph 2 shall be applicable once the exchange of letters referred to in paragraph 2 has been concluded following verification of the equivalence of Tunisian and Community legislation with regard to wine entitled to a designation of origin; it shall be applied from the date fixed in that exchange of letters.

Article 14

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of the following products originating in Tunisia shall be reduced by 30% within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 4 300 metric tons.

CCT heading No	Description
22.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity: 1. Of 4.5 kg or more: ex aa) Apricots: — Apricot pulp

2. If paragraph 1 does not apply to a full calendar year, the tariff quota shall be opened *pro rata*.

Article 15

1. The Community shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of bran, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals, other than of maize and rice, falling within sub-heading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Tunisia, is the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1052/68 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice, less a fixed amount equivalent to 60% of the variable component of the levy, and that the fixed component is not imposed.

2. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall apply provided that Tunisia levies on exports of the products referred to therein a special charge equal to the amount by which the levy is reduced and that this charge is reflected in the Community import price.

3. Detailed rules for the application of this Article shall be laid down in an exchange of letters between the Community and Tunisia.

4. Consultations on the functioning of the arrangement provided for in this Article shall take place within the Joint Committee at the request of one of the Contracting Parties.

Article 16

1. The rates of reduction specified in Articles 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14 shall apply to the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries.

2. However, the duties resulting from the reductions made by Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom may in no case be lower than those applied by the said countries to the Community as originally constituted.

3. In derogation from paragraph 1, should the application thereof temporarily result in tariff movements away from alignment on the final duty, Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom may maintain their duties until the level of these duties has been reached on the occasion of a subsequent

alignment, or they may apply the duty resulting from a subsequent alignment as soon as a tariff movement reaches or passes the said level.

4. The reduced duties calculated in accordance with Articles 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14 shall be rounded off to the first decimal place.

However, subject to the application by the Community of Article 39 (5) of the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties referred to in Article 3, as regards the specific duties or the specific part of the mixed duties in the Customs Tariffs of Ireland and of the United Kingdom, the reduced duties shall be rounded off to the fourth decimal place.

5. In the new Member States the variable component of the levy referred to in Article 15 shall be calculated taking into account the rates actually applied in respect of third countries.

Article 17

1. Should specific rules be introduced as a result of implementation of its agricultural policy or modification of the existing rules, or should the provisions on the implementation of its agricultural policy be modified or developed, the Community may modify the arrangements laid down in the Agreement in respect of the products concerned.

In such cases the Community shall take appropriate account of the interests of Tunisia.

2. If the Community, in applying paragraph 1, modifies the arrangements made by this Agreement for products covered by Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, it shall accord imports originating in Tunisia an advantage comparable to that provided for in this Agreement.

3. Any modification of the arrangements made by this Agreement shall be the subject, at the request of the other Contracting Party, of consultations within the Joint Committee.

C. Common provisions

Article 18

1. The products originating in Tunisia referred to in this Agreement may not enjoy more favourable

treatment when imported into the Community than that applied by the Member States between themselves.

2. For the application of paragraph 1, account shall not be taken of the customs duties and charges having equivalent effect resulting from the application of Articles 32, 36 and 59 of the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties referred to in Article 3.

Article 19

1. Subject to the special provisions relating to frontier-zone trade, Tunisia shall grant the Community in the field of trade treatment no less favourable than most-favoured-nation treatment.

2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply in the case of the maintenance or establishment of customs unions or free-trade areas.

3. Furthermore, Tunisia may derogate from the provisions of paragraph 1 in the case of measures adopted with a view to the economic integration of the Maghreb, or measures benefiting the developing countries. Such measures shall be notified to the Community.

Article 20

1. The Contracting Parties shall inform each other, within three months of the date of signature of this Agreement, of the provisions relating to the trade arrangements they apply.

2. Tunisia shall be entitled to introduce into its trade arrangements with the Community new customs duties or charges having equivalent effect and new quantitative restrictions or measures having equivalent effect and to increase the duties or charges and the quantitative restrictions or measures having equivalent effect applied to products originating in or going to the Community, where such measures are necessitated by Tunisia's industrialization and development requirements. Such measures shall be notified to the Community.

For the application of these measures consultations shall be held within the Joint Committee at the request of the other Contracting Party.

Article 21

Where Tunisia applies quantitative restrictions in the form of quotas to a given product in accordance with its own legislation it shall treat the Community as a single entity.

Article 22

The concept of 'originating products' for the purposes of implementing this Title and the methods of administrative cooperation relating thereto are laid down in the Protocol annexed to this Agreement.

Article 23

In the event of modifications to the nomenclature of the customs tariffs of the Contracting Parties affecting products referred to in this Agreement, the Joint Committee may adapt the tariff nomenclature of these products to conform with such modifications, subject to the maintenance of the real advantages resulting from this Agreement.

Article 24

The Contracting Parties shall refrain from any measure or practice of an internal fiscal nature establishing, whether directly or indirectly, discrimination between the products of one Contracting Party and like products originating in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

Products exported to the territory of one of the Contracting Parties may not benefit from repayment of internal taxation in excess of the amount of direct or indirect taxation imposed upon them.

Article 25

Payments relating to commercial transactions carried out in accordance with foreign trade and exchange regulations and the transfer of such payments to the Member State of the Community in which the creditor is resident or to Tunisia shall be free from any restrictions.

Article 26

The Agreement shall not preclude prohibitions or restrictions on imports, exports or goods in transit justified on grounds of public morality, public policy or public security; the protection of health and life of humans, animals or plants; the protection of national treasures of artistic, historic or archaeological value; the protection of industrial and commercial property, or rules relating to gold or silver. Such prohibitions or restrictions must not, however, constitute a means of arbitrary discrimi-

nation or a disguised restriction on trade between the Contracting Parties.

Article 27

1. If one of the Contracting Parties finds that dumping is taking place in trade with the other Contracting Party, it may take appropriate measures against this practice in accordance with the Agreement on implementation of Article VI of the General Agreement on tariffs and trade, under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 29.

2. In the event of measures being directed against bounties or subsidies the Contracting Parties undertake to respect the provisions of Article VI of the General Agreement on tariffs and trade.

Article 28

If serious disturbances arise in any sector of the economy or if difficulties arise which might bring about serious deterioration in the economic situation of a region, the Contracting Party concerned may take the necessary safeguard measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 29.

Article 29

1. In the event of a Contracting Party subjecting imports of products liable to give rise to the difficulties referred to in Article 28 to an administrative procedure, the purpose of which is to provide rapid information on the trend of trade flows, it shall inform the other Contracting Party.

2. In the cases specified in Articles 27 and 28, before taking the measures provided for therein or, in cases to which paragraph 3 (b) applies, as soon as possible, the Contracting Party in question shall supply the Joint Committee with all relevant information required for a thorough examination of the situation with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Contracting Parties.

In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of the Agreement. Such measures must not exceed the limits of what is strictly necessary to counteract the difficulties which have arisen.

The safeguard measures shall be notified immediately to the Joint Committee and shall be the subject of periodic consultations within the Joint Committee, particularly with a view to their abolition as soon as circumstances permit.

3. For the implementation of paragraph 2, the following provisions shall apply:

- (a) as regards Articles 27 and 28, consultation in the Joint Committee shall take place before the Contracting Party concerned takes the appropriate measures;
- (b) where exceptional circumstances requiring immediate action make prior examination impossible, the Contracting Party concerned may, in the situations specified in Articles 27 and 28, apply forthwith such precautionary measures as are strictly necessary to remedy the situation.

Article 30

Where one or more Member States of the Community or Tunisia is in serious difficulties or is seriously threatened with difficulties as regards its balance of payments, the Contracting Party concerned may take the necessary safeguard measures. In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of the Agreement. They shall be notified immediately to the other Contracting Party and shall be the subject of periodic consultations within the Joint Committee, particularly with a view to their abolition as soon as circumstances permit.

TITLE II

General and final provisions

Article 31

1. A Joint Committee is hereby established which shall have the power, for the purpose of attaining the objectives set out in the Agreement, to take decisions in the cases provided for in the Agreement.

The decisions taken shall be binding on the Contracting Parties, which shall take such measures as are required to implement them.

2. The Joint Committee may also formulate any resolutions, recommendations or opinions which it considers desirable for the attainment of the common objectives and the smooth functioning of the Agreement.

3. The Joint Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure.

Article 32

1. The Joint Committee shall be composed of representatives of the Community on the one hand and of representatives of the Republic of Tunisia on the other.

2. The Joint Committee shall act by mutual agreement between the Community and Tunisia.

Article 33

1. The office of Chairman of the Joint Committee shall be held alternately by each of the Contracting Parties, in accordance with detailed rules to be laid down in its rules of procedure.

2. Meetings of the Joint Committee shall be called by its chairman.

The Joint Committee shall, in addition, meet whenever necessary, at the request of one of the Contracting Parties, in accordance with the conditions to be laid down in its rules of procedure.

3. The Joint Committee may decide to set up any working party that can assist it in carrying out its duties.

Article 34

Either Contracting Party shall, if so requested by the other Contracting Party, provide all relevant information on any agreements it concludes involving tariff or trade provisions, and on any amendments to its customs tariff or external trade arrangements.

Where such amendments or agreements have a direct and particular incidence on the functioning of the Agreement, appropriate consultations shall be held within the Joint Committee at the request of the other Contracting Party so that the interests of the Contracting Parties may be taken into consideration.

Article 35

When the Community concludes an Association Agreement having a direct and particular incidence on the functioning of the Agreement, appropriate consultations shall be held within the Joint Committee so that the Community may take into consideration the interests of the Contracting Parties as defined by this Agreement.

Article 36

1. The Contracting Parties shall take any general or specific measures required to fulfil their obligations under the Agreement. They shall see to it that the objectives set out in the Agreement are attained.

2. If either Contracting Party considers that the other Contracting Party has failed to fulfil an obligation under the Agreement, it may take appropriate measures. Before so doing, it shall supply the Joint Committee with all relevant information required for a thorough examination of the situation with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Contracting Parties.

In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of the Agreement. These measures shall be notified immediately to the Joint Committee and shall be the subject of consultations within the Joint Committee if the other Contracting Party so requests.

Article 37

Nothing in the Agreement shall prevent a Contracting Party from taking any measures:

- (a) which it considers necessary to prevent the disclosure of information contrary to its essential security interests;
- (b) which relate to trade in arms, munitions or war materials or to research, development or production indispensable for defence purposes, provided that such measures do not impair the conditions of competition in respect of products not intended for specifically military purposes;
- (c) which it considers essential to its security in time of war or serious international tension.

Article 38

In the fields covered by the Agreement:

- the arrangements applied by Tunisia in respect of the Community shall not give rise to any discrimination between the Member States, their nationals, or their companies or firms;
- the arrangements applied by the Community in respect of Tunisia shall not give rise to any discrimination between Tunisian nationals, companies or firms.

Article 39

The Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, and Annexes A, B, C and D shall form

an integral part of the Agreement. The declarations and exchanges of letters shall appear in the Final Act, which shall form an integral part of the Agreement.

Article 40

This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories to which the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community applies under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other, to the territory of the Republic of Tunisia.

Article 41

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Arabic languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 42

1. This Agreement shall be subject to approval by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures. They shall notify each other when the procedures necessary to this end have been completed.

2. This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the notifications provided for in paragraph 1 have been carried out.

It shall be applicable until the entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement signed this day or until 30 June 1977, whichever is the earlier. However, the period during which this Agreement is applied shall be taken into account for the purposes of applying Article 12 (2) of the Cooperation Agreement and also for the purposes of the declaration by the Community on the provisions of Article 20 (2) of the said Cooperation Agreement.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne interimsaftale.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Interimsabkommen gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below this Interim Agreement.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent accord intérimaire.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente accordo interinale.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder deze Interimovereenkomst hebben gesteld.

واشباتا لذلك ، وقع المفوضون اسفل هذا الاتفاق المؤقت .

Udfærdiget i Tunis, den femogtyvende april nitten hundrede og seksoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Tunis am fünfundzwanzigsten April neunzehnhundertsechundsiebzig.

Done at Tunis this twenty-fifth day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six.

Fait à Tunis, le vingt-cinq avril mil neuf cent soixante-seize.

Fatto a Tunisi, addì venticinque aprile millenovecentosettantasei.

Gedaan te Tunis, de vijfentwintigste april negentienhonderd zesenzeventig.

حرر بتونس ، في الخامس والعشرين من شهر ابريل سنة الف وتسعمائة وستة وسبعين

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

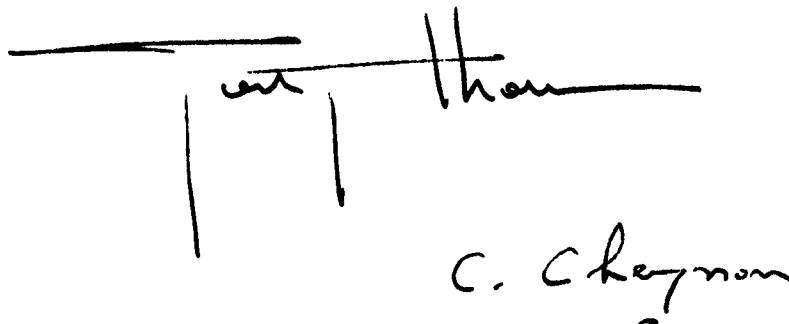
For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

عن مجلس المجموعات الاوربية



C. Cheyrou

For præsidenten for Den tunesiske Republik

Für den Präsidenten der Tunesischen Republik

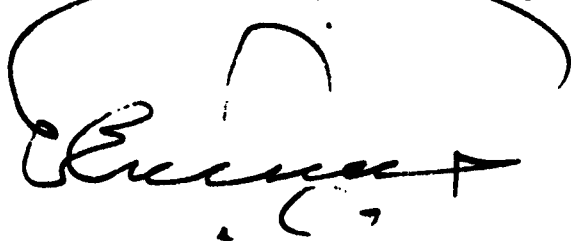
For the President of the Republic of Tunisia

Pour le président de la République tunisienne

Per il presidente della Repubblica di Tunisia

Voor de President van de Republiek Tunesië

عن رئيس الجمهورية التونسية



ANNEX A

relating to the products referred to in Article 7

CCT heading No	Description
ex 17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa, but not including liquorice extract containing more than 10% by weight of sucrose but not containing other added substances
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
19.01	Malt extract
19.02	Preparations of flour, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, cornflakes and similar products)
19.06	Communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion
ex 21.01	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, extracts, essences and concentrates thereof: — Excluding roasted chicory and extracts thereof
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: A. Active natural yeasts: II. Bakers' yeast
ex 21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing sugar, dairy products, cereals or products based on cereals ⁽¹⁾
ex 22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07; — Containing milk or milkfats

⁽¹⁾ This heading covers only products which, on importation into the Community, are subject to the duty laid down in the Common Customs Tariff, comprising an *ad valorem* duty constituting the fixed component and a variable component.

CCT heading No	Description
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols: II. Mannitol III. Sorbitol
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries: A. Prepared glazings and prepared dressings: I. With a basis of amylaceous substances
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: T. Sorbitol, other than that falling within subheading 29.04 C III: I. In aqueous solution: a) Containing 2% or less by weight of mannitol, calculated on the sorbitol content b) Other II. Other: a) Containing 2% or less by weight of mannitol, calculated on the sorbitol content b) Other

ANNEX B

concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff

In order to take account of

- the importance of olive oil for the Tunisian economy;
- the programmes and efforts undertaken by Tunisia to rationalize and improve the conditions on its olive-oil market;
- the traditional trade flows in this product between Tunisia and the European Economic Community,

the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 9 (1) (b) of the Agreement concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff shall be increased, in view of the exceptional circumstances at present affecting the olive-oil market, by an additional amount of 10 units of account under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of Article 9 (1) (b) of the Agreement.

ANNEX C

Size		Net weight		Semi-gross weight	Capacity	Coefficients	Minimum prices (customs duties included) in u.a. per carton 100 tins			
Trade specifications	Total height (mm)	Ounces	Grammes	Grammes	cm ³		Community excluding United Kingdom and Denmark:		United Kingdom and Denmark:	
						in olive oil	other	in olive oil	other	
Rectangular base:										
1/10 club	20	2	56	95	53	0.60	11.10	10.20	10.66	9.79
1/8 club	25	2 3/4	80	120	75	0.70	12.95	11.90	12.43	11.42
1/4 reduced	18	2 5/8	74	130	73	0.77	14.25	13.09	13.68	12.56
1/8 club	30	3 1/4	90	140	93	0.80	14.80	13.60	14.21	13.06
1/4 special	25	3 1/6	90	140	90	0.85	15.73	14.45	15.10	13.87
1/8 low plat	24	3 3/8	95	145	96	0.90	16.65	15.30	15.98	14.69
1/4 club	30	4 3/8	125	190	125					
1/6 P 25				176	125	1.00	18.50	17.00	17.76	16.32
1/4 usual	22	3 3/4	105	180	106					
1/6 (club 30)				188	130					
1/4 usual	24	4 3/8	125	195	125	1.10	20.35	18.70	19.54	17.95
1/4 usual	30	5 1/4	150	240	169					
1/4 club	40	8 1/4	175	250	178	1.30	24.05	22.10	23.09	21.22
1/4 P 30				250	187					
1/4 American	30	7	200	300	207	1.60	29.60	27.20	28.42	26.11
1/4 usual	40	9 1/4	260	326	250					
1/3 P				337	250	1.80	33.30	30.60	31.97	29.38
1/4 club long	40	8 3/4	248	320	241					
1/2 low	30	9 1/4	260	370	245	2.20	40.70	37.40	39.07	35.90
1/4 usual long	40	11 1/2	325	423	313	2.50	46.25	42.50	44.40	40.80
1/4 usual	48	11	310	390	297	2.60	48.10	44.20	46.18	42.43
1/2 large	40	11 1/2	325	460	330	2.70	49.95	45.90	47.95	44.06
1/2 P				476	375					
1/1				902	750	4.65	86.03	79.05	82.58	75.89
3/4	80	27 1/2	780	950	771					
Oval base:										
1/2 oval	40	15	425	555	452	3.40	62.90	57.80	60.38	55.49

ANNEX D

1. المصدر - Eksportør - Ausfühler - Exporter - Exportateur - Esportatore - Exporteur:	2. الرقم - Nummer - Nummer - Number - Numéro - Numero - Nummer	00000	
4. المرسل اليه - Modtager - Empfänger - Consignee - Destinataire - Destinataro - Geadresseerde:	3. (Name of authority guaranteeing the designation of origin)		
6. وسيلة النقل - Transportmiddel - Beförderungsmittel - Means of transport - Moyen de transport - Mezzo di trasporto - Vervoermiddel:	5. شهادة التسمية الاصلية CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSESBETEGNELSE BESCHEINIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG		
8. مكان الافراغ - Losningssted - Entladungsort - Place of unloading - Lieu de déchargement - Luogo di sbarco - Plaats van lossing:	7. (Designation of origin)		
9. الانواع والارقام ، عدد ونوع الطرود Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli	10. الوزن الخام Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht	11. لترات Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter	
12. لترات (بالحروف) - Liter (i bogstaver) - Liter (in Buchstaben) - Litres (in words) - Litres (en lettres) - Litri (in lettere) - Liter (voluit):			
13. تأشيرة الهيئة المرسله - Pâtegning fra udstedende organ - Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle - Certificate of the issuing authority - Visa de l'organisme émetteur - Visto dell'organismo emittente - Visum van de instantie van afgifte:			
14. تأشيرة الحمارك - Toldstedets attest - Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle - Customs stamp - Visa de la douane - Visto della dogana - Visum van de douane	(Oversættelse se nr. 15 - Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 - see the translation under No 15 - Voir traduction au n° 15 - Vedi traduzione al n. 15 - Zie voor vertaling nr. 15)		

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i området og ifølge tunesisk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelse: ».....«

Alkohol tilsat denne vin er alkohol fremstillet af vin.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk gewonnen wurde und ihm nach tunesischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.

Der diesem Wein zugefügte Alkohol ist aus Wein gewonnener Alkohol.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Tunisian legislation as entitled to the designation of origin '.....'

The alcohol added to this wine is alcohol of vinous origin.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de et est reconnu, suivant la loi tunisienne, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «.....»

L'alcool ajouté à ce vin est de l'alcool d'origine vinique.

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge tunisina, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «.....»

L'alcole aggiunto a questo vino è alcole di origine vinica.

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van en dat volgens de Tunesische wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....“ erkend wordt.

De aan deze wijn toegevoegde alcohol is alcohol, uit wijn gewonnen.

16. (1)

يحتفظ بهذه الخانة لبيانات اخرى من الدولة المصدر

(1) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(1) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(1) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(1) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(1) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(1) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

PROTOCOL

on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

TITLE I

Definition of the concept of 'originating products'

Article 1

1. For the purpose of implementing the Agreement and without prejudice to paragraphs 2 and 3, on condition that they were transported in conformity with Article 5, the following shall be considered as:

(a) products originating in Tunisia:

- products wholly obtained in Tunisia,
- products obtained in Tunisia, in the manufacture of which products other than those wholly obtained in Tunisia are used, provided that the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 3;

(b) products originating in the Community:

- products wholly obtained in the Community,
- products obtained in the Community, in the manufacture of which products other than those wholly obtained in the Community are used, provided that the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 3.

2. For the purpose of implementing the first indent of paragraph 1 (a), when products wholly obtained in Algeria, in Morocco or in the Community undergo working or processing in Tunisia, they shall be considered as having been wholly obtained in Tunisia.

For the purpose of implementing the second indent of paragraph 1 (a), working or processing carried out in Algeria, in Morocco or in the Community shall be considered as having been carried out in Tunisia, when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in Tunisia.

This paragraph shall apply subject to the condition that the products concerned are transported in conformity with Article 5.

3. For the purpose of implementing the first indent of paragraph 1 (b), when products wholly obtained in Tunisia undergo working or processing in the Community, they shall be considered as having been wholly obtained in the Community.

For the purposes of implementing the second indent of paragraph 1 (b), working or processing carried out in Tunisia shall be considered as having been carried out in the Community, when the products obtained undergo subsequent working or processing in the Community.

This paragraph shall apply subject to the condition that the products concerned are transported in conformity with Article 5.

4. In derogation from paragraph 1 where, pursuant to the provisions of the above paragraphs, and provided that all the conditions laid down in those paragraphs are fulfilled, the originating products are obtained in two or more of the States referred to in these provisions or in the Community, they shall be considered as originating products of the State or the Community according to where the last working or processing took place. For this purpose the working or processing referred to in Article 3 (3) shall not be considered as working or processing.

5. The products in List C in Annex IV shall be temporarily excluded from the scope of this Protocol.

6. The provisions contained in paragraph 2 shall only be applicable to Algeria and Morocco in so far as the rules governing trade between Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco, in the field of these provisions, are identical to the provisions of this Protocol, and on condition that the necessary administrative cooperation between Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco for the control of these provisions is established.

Article 2

The following shall be considered as 'wholly obtained' in Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco or the Community within the meaning of Article 1 (1), (2) and (3):

- (a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed;

- (b) vegetable products harvested there;
- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea by their vessels;
- (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
- (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (j) goods produced there exclusively from products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (i).

Article 3

1. For the purpose of implementing Article 1, the following shall be considered as sufficient working or processing:

- (a) working or processing as a result of which the goods obtained receive a classification under a heading other than that covering each of the products worked or processed, except, however, working or processing specified in List A in Annex II, where the special provisions of that list apply;
- (b) working or processing specified in List B in Annex III.

'Sections', 'chapters' and 'headings' shall mean the sections, chapters and headings in the Brussels Nomenclature for the classification of goods in customs tariffs.

2. When, for a given product obtained, a percentage rule limits in Lists A and B the value of the materials and parts which can be used, the total value of these materials and parts, whether or not they have changed heading in the course of the working, processing or assembly within the limits and under the conditions laid down in each of those two lists, may not exceed, in relation to the value of the

product obtained, the value corresponding either to the common rate, if the rates are identical in both lists, or to the higher of the two if they are different.

3. For the purpose of implementing Article 1, the following shall always be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating product, whether or not there is a change of heading:

- (a) operations to ensure the preservation of merchandise in good condition during transport and storage (ventilation, spreading out, drying, chilling, placing in salt, sulphur dioxide or other aqueous solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations);
- (b) simple operations consisting of removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting up;
- (c) (i) changes of packaging and breaking up and assembly of consignments,
- (ii) simple placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc. and all other simple packaging operations;
- (d) affixing marks, labels or other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (e) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds, where one or more components of the mixture do not meet the conditions laid down in this Protocol to enable them to be considered as originating in Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco or the Community;
- (f) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article;
- (g) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (f);
- (h) slaughter of animals.

Article 4

Where Lists A and B referred to in Article 3 provide that goods obtained in Tunisia or in the Community shall be considered as originating therein only if the value of the products worked or processed does not exceed a given percentage of the value of the goods obtained, the values to be taken into consideration for such a percentage shall be:

— on the one hand,

as regards products whose importation can be proved: their customs value at the time of importation;

as regards products of undetermined origin: the earliest ascertainable price paid for such products in the territory of the Contracting Party where manufacture takes place;

— and on the other hand,

the ex-works price of the goods obtained, less internal taxes refunded or refundable on exportation.

Article 5

1. For the purpose of implementing Article 1 (1), (2) and (3), originating products whose transport is effected without entering into territory other than that of Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco or the Community shall be considered as transported directly from Tunisia to the Community or from the Community to Tunisia. However, goods originating in Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco or the Community and constituting one single consignment which is not split up may be transported through territory other than that of these countries or the Community with, should the occasion arise, transshipment or temporary warehousing in such territory, provided that the crossing of the latter territory is justified for geographical reasons and that the goods have remained under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing, that they have not entered into commerce of such countries nor been delivered for home use there and have not undergone operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to maintain them in good condition.

2. Evidence that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the responsible customs authorities in the Community or in Tunisia by the production of:

- (a) a through bill of lading issued in the exporting beneficiary country covering the passage through the country of transit; or
- (b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
 - giving an exact description of the goods;
 - stating the dates of unloading and re-loading of the goods or of their embarkation or disembarkation, identifying the ships used;

— certifying the conditions under which the goods remained in the transit country;

(c) or failing these, any substantiating documents.

TITLE II

Arrangements for administrative cooperation

Article 6

1. Evidence of originating status of products, within the meaning of this Protocol, is given by a movement certificate EUR. 1 of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol.

However, the evidence of originating status, within the meaning of this Protocol, of products which form the subject of postal consignments (including parcels), provided that they consist only of originating products and that the value does not exceed 1 000 units of account per consignment, may be given by a form EUR. 2, of which a specimen is given in Annex VI to this Protocol.

The unit of account (u.a.) has a value of 0.88867088 gramme of fine gold. Should the unit of account be changed, the Contracting Parties shall make contact with each other at the level of the Joint Committee to redefine the value in terms of gold.

2. Without prejudice to Article 3 (3), where, at the request of the person declaring the goods at the customs, a dismantled or non-assembled article falling within Chapter 84 or 85 of the Brussels Nomenclature is imported by instalments on the conditions laid down by the competent authorities, it shall be considered to be a single article and a movement certificate may be submitted for the whole article upon importation of the first instalment.

3. Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or are not separately invoiced shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

Article 7

1. A movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State when the goods to which it relates are exported. It shall be made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

2. In exceptional circumstances a movement certificate EUR. 1 may also be issued after exportation of the goods to which it relates if it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances. In this case, the certificate shall bear a special reference to the conditions in which it was issued.

3. A movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued only on application having been made in writing by the exporter. Such application shall be made on a form, of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol, which shall be completed in accordance with this Protocol.

4. A movement certificate EUR. 1 may be issued only where it can serve as the documentary evidence required for the purpose of implementing the Agreement.

5. Applications for movement certificates EUR. 1 must be preserved for at least two years by the customs authorities of the exporting State.

Article 8

1. The movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State, if the goods can be considered 'originating products' within the meaning of the Agreement.

2. For the purpose of verifying whether the conditions stated in paragraph 1 have been met, the customs authorities shall have the right to call for any documentary evidence or to carry out any check which they consider appropriate.

3. It shall be the responsibility of the customs authorities of the exporting State to ensure that the forms referred to in Article 9 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the goods has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions. To this end, the description of the goods must be indicated without leaving any blank lines. Where the space is not

completely filled a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.

4. The date of issue of the movement certificate must be indicated in the part of the certificate reserved for the customs authorities.

Article 9

Movement certificates EUR. 1 shall be made out on the form of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up. Certificates shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State; if they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.

Each certificate shall measure 210 × 297 mm, a tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length being allowed. The paper used must be white, sized writing paper not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche-pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.

The exporting States may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each certificate must include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

Article 10

1. Under the responsibility of the exporter, he or his authorized representative shall request the issue of a movement certificate EUR. 1.

2. The exporter or his representative shall submit with his request any appropriate supporting document proving that the goods to be exported are such as to qualify for the issue of a movement certificate EUR. 1.

Article 11

A movement certificate EUR. 1 must be submitted, within five months of the date of issue by the customs

authorities of the exporting State, to the customs authorities of the importing State where the goods are entered.

Article 12

Movement certificates EUR. 1 shall be submitted to customs authorities in the importing State, in accordance with the procedures laid down by that State. The said authorities may require a translation of a certificate. They may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the goods meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Agreement.

Article 13

1. A movement certificate EUR. 1 which is submitted to the customs authorities of the importing State after the final date for presentation specified in Article 11 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit the certificate by the final date set is due to reasons of *force majeure* or exceptional circumstances.

2. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing State may accept the certificates where the goods have been submitted to them before the said final date.

Article 14

The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the movement certificate EUR. 1 and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the goods shall not *ipso facto* render the certificate null and void if it is duly established that the certificate does correspond to the goods submitted.

Article 15

It shall always be possible to replace one or more movement certificates by one or more certificates, provided that this is done at the customs office where the goods are located.

Article 16

Form EUR. 2, a specimen of which is given in Annex VI, shall be completed by the exporter or, under his responsibility, by his authorized representative. It

shall be made out in one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If it is handwritten it must be completed in ink and in capital letters. If the goods contained in the consignment have already been subject to verification in the exporting State by reference to the definition of the concept of 'originating products' the exporter may refer to this check in the 'remarks' box of form EUR. 2.

Form EUR. 2 shall measure 210 × 148 mm, a tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length being allowed. The paper used shall be white, sized writing paper not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 64 g/m².

The exporting States may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each form must include a reference to such approval. In addition, each form must bear the distinctive sign attributed to the approved printer and a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

A form EUR. 2 shall be completed for each postal consignment.

These provisions do not exempt exporters from complying with any other formalities required by customs or postal regulations.

Article 17

1. Goods sent as small packages to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the production of a movement certificate EUR. 1 or the completion of a form EUR. 2, provided that such goods are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the conditions required for the application of these provisions, and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such declaration.

2. Importations which are occasional and consist solely of goods for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as importations by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the goods that no commercial purpose is in view. Furthermore, the total value of these goods must not exceed 60 units

of account in the case of small packages or 200 units of account in the case of the contents of travellers' personal luggage.

Article 18

1. Goods sent from the Community or from Tunisia for exhibition in a country other than Algeria and Morocco and sold after the exhibition for importation into Tunisia or into the Community shall benefit on condition that the goods meet the requirements of this Protocol entitling them to be recognized as originating in the Community or in Tunisia and provided that it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) an exporter has consigned these goods from the Community or from Tunisia to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the goods have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to someone in Tunisia or in the Community;
- (c) the goods have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter to Tunisia or to the Community in the state in which they were sent for exhibition;
- (d) the goods have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.

2. A movement certificate EUR. 1 must be produced to the customs authorities in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the nature of the goods and the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organized for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign goods, and during which the goods remain under customs control.

Article 19

1. When a certificate is issued within the meaning of Article 7 (2) of this Protocol after the goods to

which it relates have actually been exported, the exporter must in the application referred to in Article 7 (3) of this Protocol:

- indicate the place and date of exportation of the goods to which the certificate relates;
- certify that no movement certificate EUR. 1 was issued at the time of exportation of the goods in question, and state the reasons.

2. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR. 1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.

Certificates issued retrospectively must be endorsed with one of the following phrases: 'NACHTRÄGLICH AUSGESTELLT', 'DÉLIVRÉ A POSTERIORI', 'RILASCIATO A POSTERIORI', 'AFGEGEVEN A POSTERIORI', 'ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY', 'UDSTEDT EFTERFØLGENDE', 'مسلمة في وقت لاحق'

Article 20

In the event of the theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR. 1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with one of the following words: 'DUPLIKAT', 'DUPLICATA', 'DUPLICATO', 'DUPLICAAT', 'DUPLICATE', 'نسخة'

Article 21

1. When paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of Article 1 are applied for the issue of a movement certificate EUR. 1 the competent customs office in the State requested to issue the certificate for products in the manufacture of which products coming from Algeria, Morocco or the Community are used, shall take into consideration the declaration, of which a specimen is given in Annex VII, given by the exporter in the State from which it came, either on the commercial invoice applicable to these products, or on a supporting document to that invoice.

2. The submission of the information certificate, issued under the conditions set out in Article 22 and of which a specimen is given in Annex VIII, may however be requested of the exporter by the customs office concerned, either for checking the authenticity

and accuracy of information given on the declaration provided for in paragraph 1, or for obtaining additional information.

Article 22

The information certificate concerning the products taken into use shall be issued at the request of the exporter of these products, either in the circumstances envisaged in Article 21 (2), or at the initiative of this exporter, by the competent customs office in the State from which these goods were exported. It shall be made out in duplicate. One copy shall be given to the exporter who has requested it, who shall send it either to the exporter of the final products or to the customs office where the issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 for these products has been requested. The second copy shall be preserved by the office which has issued it for at least two years.

Article 23

Tunisia and the Community shall take all necessary steps to ensure that goods traded under cover of a movement certificate EUR. 1, and which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not replaced by other goods and that they do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.

Article 24

In order to ensure the proper application of this Title, Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco and the Community shall assist each other, through their respective customs administrations, in checking the authenticity of movement certificates EUR. 1 and the accuracy of the information concerning the actual origin of the products concerned and the declarations by exporters on forms EUR. 2 and the authenticity and accuracy of the information certificates referred to in Article 21.

Article 25

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who, in order to enable goods to be accepted as eligible for preferential treatment, draws up or causes to be drawn up, either a document which contains incorrect particulars for the purpose of obtaining a movement certificate EUR.1 or a form EUR.2 containing incorrect particulars.

Article 26

1. Subsequent verifications of movement certificates EUR. 1 and of forms EUR. 2 shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubt as to the authenticity of the document or the accuracy of the information regarding the true origin of the goods in question.

2. For the purpose of implementing paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing State shall return the movement certificate EUR. 1 or the form EUR. 2, or a photocopy thereof, to the customs authorities of the exporting State, giving where appropriate, the reasons of form or substance for an inquiry. The invoice, if it has been submitted, or a copy thereof shall be attached to the form EUR. 2 and the customs authorities shall forward any information that has been obtained suggesting that the particulars given on the said certificate or the said form are inaccurate.

If the customs authorities of the importing State decide to suspend execution of the Agreement while awaiting the results of the verification, they shall offer to release the goods to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

3. The customs authorities of the importing State shall be informed of the results of the verification as soon as possible. These results must be such as to make it possible to determine whether the disputed movement certificate EUR. 1 or form EUR. 2 applies to the goods actually exported, and whether these goods can, in fact, qualify for the application of the preferential arrangements.

When such disputes cannot be settled between the customs authorities of the importing State and those of the exporting State, or when they raise a question as to the interpretation of this Protocol, they shall be submitted to the Customs Cooperation Committee provided for in Article 29.

In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing State shall be under the legislation of the said State.

Article 27

The subsequent verification of the information certificate referred to in Article 21 shall be carried out in the circumstances envisaged in Article 26 following a similar procedure to that envisaged in that Article.

Article 28

The Joint Committee shall examine annually the application of the provisions of this Protocol and their economic effect with a view to making any necessary changes. This examination may be carried out at more frequent intervals at the request either of the Community or Tunisia.

Article 29

1. A Customs Cooperation Committee shall be set up, charged with carrying out administrative cooperation with a view to the correct and uniform application of this Protocol and with carrying out any other task in the customs field which may be entrusted to it.

2. The Committee shall be composed on the one hand of customs experts of the Member States and of officials of the departments of the Commission of the European Communities who are responsible for customs questions, and on the other hand of Tunisian customs experts.

Article 30

1. The Community and Tunisia shall take any measures necessary to enable movement certificates EUR. 1 as well as forms EUR. 2 to be submitted, in accordance with Articles 11 and 12 of this Protocol, from the day on which the Agreement enters into force.

2. The certificates of type A.TN.1 as well as forms A.TN.2 may be used until stocks are exhausted and at the latest up to and including 30 June 1977, under the conditions laid down by this Protocol.

3. The movement certificates EUR. 1 and the forms EUR. 2 printed in the Member States before the date of the entry into force of the Agreement, and which do not conform to the models in Annexes V and VI to this Protocol, may continue to be used until stocks are exhausted, under the conditions laid down by this Protocol.

Article 31

The Community and Tunisia shall each take the steps necessary to implement this Protocol.

Article 32

The Annexes to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 33

The provisions of the Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of Title I and which on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement are either in transit or are in the Community or in Tunisia in temporary storage in bonded warehouses or in free zones subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing State within four months of that date of a certificate A.TN.1 issued under the conditions of Article 30 (2) or of a certificate EUR. 1 endorsed retrospectively by the competent authorities of the exporting State together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly.

Article 34

The endorsements referred to in Articles 19 and 20 shall be inserted in the 'remarks' box of the certificate.

ANNEX I

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Note 1 — Articles 1 and 2

The terms 'the Community' or 'Tunisia' shall also cover the territorial waters of the Member States of the Community or of Tunisia respectively.

Vessels operating on the high seas, including factory ships, on which fish caught is worked or processed, shall be considered as part of the territory of the State to which they belong provided that they satisfy the conditions set out in Explanatory Note 6.

Note 2 — Article 1

In order to determine whether goods originate in the Community, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco, it shall not be necessary to establish whether the power and fuel, plant and equipment, and machines and tools used to obtain such goods originate in third countries or not.

Note 3 — Article 1

Where a percentage rule is applied in determining originating status of a product obtained in a Member State, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco, the value added by the working or processing referred to in Article 1 shall correspond to the ex-works price of the product obtained less the customs value of third products imported into the Community, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco.

Note 4 — Articles 3 (1), (2) and 4

The percentage rule constitutes, where the product obtained appears in List A, a criterion additional to that of change of heading for any non-originating product used.

Note 5 — Article 1

Packing shall be considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. This provision, however, shall not apply to packing which is not of the normal type for the article packed and which has intrinsic utilization value and is of a durable nature, apart from its function as packing.

Note 6 — Article 2 (f)

The term 'their vessels' shall apply only to vessels:

- which are registered or recorded in a Member State, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco,
- which sail under the flag of a Member State, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco,
- which are owned to an extent of at least 50% by nationals of the Member States, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco or by a company with its head office in a Member State, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco, of which the manager, managers, chairman of the board of directors or of the supervisory board, and the majority of the members of such board are nationals of the Member States, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco, of which, in addition in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least half the capital belongs to the Member States, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco or to public bodies or nationals of the Member States, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco,
- of which at least 50 % of the crew, captain and officers included, are nationals of the Member States, Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco.

Note 7 — Article 4

'Ex-works price' shall mean the price paid to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the products used in manufacture.

'Customs value' shall be understood as meaning the customs value laid down in the Convention concerning the valuation of goods for customs purposes signed in Brussels on 15 December 1950.

Note 8 — Article 5

For the purposes of applying Article 5, the ports of embarkation of products originating in Tunisia for destination in the Community are for example:

Algiers — Al-Hoceima — Agadir — Annaba — Arzew — Azilah — Bajaia — Beni-Saf — Bizerta — Casablanca — Ceuta — Constantine — Dellys — El Jadida — Essaouira — Gabès — Ghazaouet — Ifni — Kenitra — Larache — Melilla — Mohammedia — Oran — Rabat — Safi — Sfax — Sikda — Sousse — Tanger — Tarfaya — Ténès — Tunis.

Note 9 — Article 24

The authorities consulted shall furnish any information concerning the conditions under which the product has been made, indicating especially the conditions in which the rules of origin have been respected in the various Member States and in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco.

ANNEX II

LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result in a change of tariff heading without conferring the status of 'originating products' on the products undergoing such operations, or conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat and edible meat offals of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.04	
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine, smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	Drying, salting, placing in brine; smoking of fish, whether cooked or not	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream	
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 04.01, 04.02 and 04.03	
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables	
07.03	Vegetables, provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01	
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of heading Nos 07.01 to 07.03	
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	Freezing of fruit	
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of heading Nos 08.01 to 08.09	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05	Drying of fruit	
11.01	Cereal flours	Manufacture from cereals	
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except husked, glazed, polished or broken rice; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	Manufacture from cereals	
11.03	Flours of the leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05	Manufacture from dried leguminous vegetables	
11.04	Flours of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8	Manufacture from fruits of Chapter 8	
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato	Manufacture from potatoes	
11.06	Flour and meal of sago and of manioc, arrowroot, salep and other roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06	Manufacture from products of heading No 07.06	
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	Manufacture from cereals	
11.08	Starches; inulin	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7	
11.09	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried	Manufacture from wheat or wheat flours	
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.02	Fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats, unrendered; rendered or solvent-extracted fats (including 'premier jus') obtained from those unrendered fats	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.06	
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined	Manufacture from fish or marine mammals caught by fishing vessels of third countries	
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including Chinawood oil, myrtle-wax, Japan wax or oil of tung nuts, oleococca seeds or oiticia seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products	Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
17.02	Other sugars; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel	Manufacture from any product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
17.05	Flavoured or coloured sugars, syrups and molasses, but not including fruit juices containing added sugar in any proportion	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.01	Malt extract	Manufacture from products of heading No 11.07	
19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derivatives thereof, meat and milk, or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products		Manufacture from durum wheat

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes from potato or other starches	Manufacture from potato starch	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, cornflakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product other than of Chapter 17 ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of the products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.06	Communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper, and similar products	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
20.01	Vegetables and fruit prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Preserving vegetables fresh or frozen	
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.04	Fruits, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:		

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where the use of maize of the 'zea indurata' type or 'durum wheat' is concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
20.06 (cont'd)	A. Nuts		Manufacture, without added sugar or spirit, in which the value of the constituent 'originating products' of heading Nos 08.01, 08.05 and 12.01, represents at least 60% of the value of the manufactured product
	B. Other fruits	Manufactured from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 21.01	Roasted chicory and extracts thereof	Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	
21.05	Soups and broths in liquid, solid or powder forms; homogenized food preparations	Manufacture from products of heading No 20.02	
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07	Manufacture from fruit juices ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where fruit juices of pineapple, lime and grapefruit are concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 23.03	Residues from the manufacture of maize starch (excluding concentrated steeping liquours), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40% by weight	Manufacture from maize or maize flour	
23.04	Oil cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from various products	
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco		Manufacture from products of heading No 24.01 of which at least 70% by quantity are 'originating products'
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of Chapter 31 in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
32.06	Colour lakes	Manufacture from materials of heading No 32.04 or 32.05 ⁽¹⁾	
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk barium carbonate and satin white ⁽¹⁾	
33.05	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses	Manufacture from products of heading No 33.01 ⁽¹⁾	
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues		Manufacture from maize or potatoes

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
37.01	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or cloth	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
37.02	Film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, perforated or not	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 ⁽¹⁾	
37.04	Sensitized plates and film, exposed but not developed, negative or positive	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 or 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.19	<p>Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Fusel oil and Dippel's oil; — Naphthenic acids and their non-water-soluble salts, esters of naphthenic acids; — Sulphonaphthenic acids and their non-water-soluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids; — Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines, thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts; — Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkyl-naphthalenes; — Ion exchangers; — Catalysts; — Getters for vacuum tubes; — Refractory cements or mortars and similar preparations; — Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas; — Carbon (excluding that in artificial graphite of heading No 38.01) of metallo-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures — Sorbitol other than sorbitol of heading No 29.04 		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 39.02	Polymerization products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather		Varnishing or metallizing of leather of heading Nos 41.02 to 41.07 (other than skin leather of crossed Indian sheep and of Indian goat or kid, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, or if otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use in the manufacture of leather articles) in which the value of the skin leather used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up from furskin in plates, crosses and similar forms (heading No ex 43.02) ⁽¹⁾	
44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
48.06	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
50.04 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products other than those of heading No 50.04
50.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn spun from silk waste other than noil, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
50.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn spun from noil silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
50.07 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03
ex 50.08 ⁽¹⁾	Imitation catgut of silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01 or from products of heading No 50.03 neither carded nor combed

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
50.09 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of silk or of waste silk other than noil		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
50.10 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of noil silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
51.01 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.02 ⁽²⁾	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.03 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.04 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
52.01 ⁽²⁾	Metallized yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
52.02 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of metal thread or of metallized yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
53.05 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.07 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
53.08 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53.02
53.09 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.03
53.10 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool, of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 05.03 and 53.01 to 53.04
53.11 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 53.01 to 53.05
53.12 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair other than horsehair		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 53.02 to 53.05
53.13 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of horsehair		Manufacture from horsehair of heading No 05.03
54.03 ⁽¹⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture either from products of heading No 54.01 neither carded nor combed or from products of heading No 54.02
54.04 ⁽¹⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
55.05 ⁽¹⁾	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.06 ⁽¹⁾	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.07 ⁽²⁾	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.08 ⁽²⁾	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09 ⁽²⁾	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings No ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.03	Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.07 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03
57.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from raw true hemp
57.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
57.07 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from raw vegetable textile fibres of heading No 57.02 or 57.04

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confer the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
57.08	Paper yarn		Manufacture from products of Chapter 47, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
57.09 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of true hemp		Manufacture from products of heading No 57.01
57.10 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fabrics of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
57.11 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from materials of heading No 57.02 or 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
57.12	Woven fabrics of paper yarn		Manufacture from paper, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
58.01 ⁽²⁾	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.02 ⁽²⁾	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
58.04 ⁽²⁾	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton of heading No 55.08 and fabrics of heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
58.05 ⁽¹⁾	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.06 ⁽¹⁾	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.07 ⁽¹⁾	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.08 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.09 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture in which the value of the product used does not exceed 50% of the value of finished product
59.01 ⁽¹⁾	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.02 ⁽¹⁾	Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- (i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- (ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 59.02 ⁽¹⁾	Needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture from fibre or continuous polypropylene filament of which the denomination of the filaments is less than eight denier and of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
59.03 ⁽¹⁾	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.04 ⁽¹⁾	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.05 ⁽¹⁾	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.06 ⁽¹⁾	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		Manufacture from yarn
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		Manufacture from yarn
59.09	Textile fabrics coated or impregnated with oil or preparations with a basis of drying oil		Manufacture from yarn
59.10 ⁽¹⁾	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods		Manufacture from yarn
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13 ⁽¹⁾	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn
59.15 ⁽¹⁾	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.16 ⁽¹⁾	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.17 ⁽¹⁾	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex Chapter 60 ⁽¹⁾	Knitted and crocheted goods, excluding knitted or crocheted goods obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from natural fibres, carded or combed, from materials of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03, from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ^(*)

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

^(*) Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlinings) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, anklesocks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.06	Other articles, knitted or crocheted, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings), obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.01	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, not embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn of natural textile fibres or discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, or from chemical products or textile pulp ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, not embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.10	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sun-blinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or cork	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from textile fibres
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved) whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet-bars (including tinplate bars) of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06	
73.08	Iron or steel coils re-rolling	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07 or 73.08	
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.10, 73.12 or 73.13	
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09 or 73.13	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.10	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bed-plates, ties and other material specialized for joining or fixing rails		Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07 or heading No 73.15 in the forms specified in heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.06	Copper powder and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquified gas), of copper, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.12	Expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.13	Chain and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.14	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.15	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.16	Springs, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.19	Other articles of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of nickel; nickel wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of nickel; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.06	Other articles of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.08	Structures, complete or incomplete, whether or not assembled, and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquified gas), of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.11	Containers of aluminium for compressed or liquified gas		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.13	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, reinforcing fabric and similar materials, of aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.14	Expanded metal, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wire; wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of magnesium; hollow bars of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.03	Other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.04	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1.7 kg/m ² ; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.05	Gutters, roof capping, skylight frames, and other fabricated building components, of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m ² ; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screwdriving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances and parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) (No 84.15) and sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines (ex No 84.41)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽²⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

⁽²⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture for sewing machines		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that:</p> <p>(a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and</p> <p>(b) the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products</p>
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof; excluding products of heading No 85.14 or 85.15		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating material and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product</p>
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that:</p> <p>(a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and</p> <p>(b) the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾</p>

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radio-telephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: (a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and (b) the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
87.09	Motor-cycles, autocycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 90.05, 90.07, 90.08, 90.12 or 90.26		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
- (i) the value of imported products,
- (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.08	Cinematographic cameras projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers; any combination of these articles		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 91.04 or 91.08		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
91.04	Other clocks		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
91.08	Clock movements, assembled		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments; sound recorders and reproducers; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic; parts and accessories of such articles; excluding products of heading No 92.11		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: (a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and (b) the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

(a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

(i) the value of imported products,

(ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40 %.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts thereof		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
96.02	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

ANNEX III

LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result in a change of tariff heading, but which do confer the status of 'originating products' on the products undergoing such operations

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
		Incorporation of non-originating materials and parts in boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapters 84 to 92 in boilers and radiators of heading No 73.37 and in the products contained in heading Nos 97.07 and 98.03 does not make such products lose their status of originating products, provided that the value of these products does not exceed 5% of the value of the finished product
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 22.09	Whisky of an alcoholic strength of less than 50°	Manufacture from alcohol deriving exclusively from the distillation of cereals and in which the value of the non-originating constituent products does not exceed 15% of the value of the manufactured product
ex 25.09	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex 25.15	Marble squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite; agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
ex Chapters 28 to 37	Products of the chemical and allied industries excluding calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally (ex 31.03) and essential oils other than of citrus fruit, terpeneless (ex 33.01)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating products used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 31.03	Calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally	Crushing and powdering of calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally
ex 33.01	Essential oils, other than of citrus fruit, terpeneless	Deterpenation of essential oils other than of citrus fruit
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products, other than refined tall oil (ex 38.05) and sulphate turpentine refined (ex 38.07)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 38.07	Sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification consisting of the distillation or refining of raw sulphate turpentine
ex Chapter 39	Artificial plastic materials, cellulose ethers and esters, artificial resins and articles made of these materials, excepting films of ionomers (ex 39.02)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 39.02	Ionomer film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium
ex 40.01	Slabs of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
ex 40.07	Rubber thread and cord, textile-covered	Manufacture from rubber thread or cord
ex 41.01	Sheep and lambskins without the wool	Removing wool from sheep and lambskins in the wool
ex 41.02	Retanned bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.03	Retanned sheep and lambskin leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of sheep and lambskin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.04	Retanned goat and kidskin leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of goat and kidskin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.05	Other kinds of retanned leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of other kinds of leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 43.02	Assembled furskins	Bleaching, dyeing, dressing, cutting and assembling of tanned or dressed furskins
ex 50.03	Silk waste carded or combed	Carding or combing waste silk

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 50.09 ex 50.10 ex 51.04 ex 53.11 ex 53.12 ex 53.13 ex 54.05 ex 55.07 ex 55.08 ex 55.09 ex 56.07	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operations (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling, mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 47.5% of the value of the finished product
ex 59.14	Incandescent gas mantles	Manufacture from tubular gas mantle fabric
ex 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut-glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product or decoration, with the exception of silk-screen printing, carried out entirely by hand, of hand-blown glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious and semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones
ex 71.05	Silver and silver alloys, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought silver and silver alloys

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought gold or gold alloys
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled gold on base metal or silver
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled platinum or other unwrought platinum group metals or precious metal
ex 73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel:	
	— in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.07 to 73.13	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06
	— in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.14	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 or 73.07
ex 74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefined copper (blister copper and other), copper waste or scrap
ex 74.01	Copper alloy	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined copper, copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes of heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, of nickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel except nickel alloys	Refining of waste by electrolysis, by melting or by chemical means of waste and scrap

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 76.01	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment of unalloyed aluminium and scrap
ex 77.04	Beryllium wrought	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrought beryllium the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 78.01	Refined lead	Manufacture by thermal refining from bullion lead
ex 81.01	Tungsten, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.04	Other base metals, wrought	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrought the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 83.06	Indoor ornaments made from base metals other than statuettes	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.08	Engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass working machines) and cylinders thereof	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

(a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

- (i) the value of imported products,
- (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature, for wood, paper pulp, paper and paperboard manufacturing industries	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.33	Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <p>(a) at least 50% of the materials and parts⁽¹⁾ used for assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and</p> <p>(b) the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products</p>
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audiofrequency electric amplifiers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽²⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio, broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽²⁾
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of heading Nos 87.01 to 87.03	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 15% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products in the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
- (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ The application of this rule must not have the effect of allowing the exceeding of the percentage of 3% for the originating transistors laid down in List A for the same tariff heading.

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02) whether or not convertible into beds, made of base metals	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 94.03	Other furniture of base metal	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g/m ² or less in the form ready to use of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 95.01	Articles of tortoise-shell	Manufacture from worked tortoise-shell
ex 95.02	Articles of mother of pearl	Manufacture from worked mother of pearl
ex 95.03	Articles of ivory	Manufacture from worked ivory
ex 95.04	Articles of bone (excluding whalebone)	Manufacture from worked bone (excluding whalebone)
ex 95.05	Articles of horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) or of other animal carving material	Manufacture from worked horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) or other animal carving material
ex 95.06	Articles of vegetable carving material (for example, corozo)	Manufacture from worked vegetable carving material (for example, corozo)
ex 95.07	Articles of jet (and mineral substitutes for jet), amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum	Manufacture from worked jet (and mineral substitutes for jet), amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls, of wood, root or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

ANNEX IV

LIST C

List of products excluded from the scope of this Protocol

CCT heading No	Description
ex 27.07	Assimilated aromatic oils as defined in Note 2 to Chapter 27, of which more than 65% by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250° C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels
27.09 to 27.16	} Mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes
ex 29.01	Hydrocarbons: — acyclic — cyclanes and cyclenes, excluding azulenes — benzene, toluene, xylenes for use as power or heating fuels
ex 34.03	Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, but not including preparations containing 70 % or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
ex 34.04	Waxes with a basis of paraffin, of petroleum waxes, of waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, of slack wax or of scale wax
ex 38.14	Prepared additives for lubricants

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR.1 No A 000.000		
See notes overleaf before completing this form			
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Certificate used in preferential trade between and (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating		5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination	
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks		
8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages ⁽¹⁾; Description of goods	9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)	
11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT Declaration certified Export document ⁽²⁾		12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate.	
Form No Customs office Issuing country or territory Date (Signature)		Place and date: (Signature)	

⁽¹⁾ If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

⁽²⁾ Complete only where the regulations of the exporting country or territory require.

<p>13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to</p>	<p>14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION,</p>
<p>Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested.</p>	<p>Verification carried out shows that this certificate ⁽¹⁾</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).</p>
<p>..... (Place and date) Stamp</p>	<p>..... (Place and date) Stamp</p>
<p>..... (Signature)</p>	<p>..... (Signature)</p>

⁽¹⁾ Insert X in the appropriate box.

NOTES

1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR. 1 No A 000.000		
	See notes overleaf before completing this form		
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between and (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
	4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination	
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks		
8. Item number ; Marks and numbers ; Number and kind of packages ⁽¹⁾ ; Description of goods	9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)	

⁽¹⁾ If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:

SUBMIT the following supporting documents ⁽¹⁾:

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;

REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.

(Place and date)

(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

ANNEX VI

(RECTO)
 Before completing this form read carefully the instructions on the other side.

FORM EUR. 2 No		1	Form used in preferential trade between ⁽¹⁾ and		
2	Exporter (Name, full address, country)	3	Declaration by exporter I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described below, declare that the goods comply with the requirements for the completion of this form and that the goods have obtained the status of originating products within the provisions governing preferential trade shown in box 1.		
4	Consignee (Name, full address, country)	5	Place and date		
		6	Signature of exporter		
7	Remarks ⁽²⁾	8	Country of origin ⁽³⁾	9	Country of destination ⁽⁴⁾
				10	Gross weight (kg)
11	Marks; Numbers of consignment; Description of goods	12	Authority in the exporting country ⁽⁴⁾ responsible for verification of the declaration by the exporter		

⁽¹⁾ Insert the countries, groups of countries or territories concerned.

⁽²⁾ Refer to any verification already carried out by the appropriate authorities.

⁽³⁾ The term 'country of origin' means country, group of countries or territory where the goods are considered to be originating.

⁽⁴⁾ The term 'country' means country, group of countries or territory of destination.

<p>13 Request for verification</p> <p>The verification of the declaration by the exporter on the front of this form is requested (*)</p> <p>..... 19..... (Place and date) Stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature)</p>	<p>14 Result of verification</p> <p>Verification carried out shows that (1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the statements and particulars given in this form are accurate.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> this form does not meet the requirements as to accuracy and authenticity (see remarks appended.)</p> <p>..... 19..... (Place and date) Stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature)</p> <p>(1) Insert X in the appropriate box.</p>
--	--

(*) Subsequent verifications of forms EUR. 2 shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubt as to the accuracy of the information regarding the authenticity of the forms and the true origin of the goods in question.

Instructions for the completion of form EUR. 2

1. A form EUR. 2 may be made out only for goods which in the exporting country fulfil the conditions specified by the provisions governing the trade referred to in box 1. These provisions must be studied carefully before the form is completed.
2. In the case of a consignment by parcel post the exporter attaches the form to the dispatch note. In the case of a consignment by letter post he encloses the form in a package. The reference 'EUR. 2' and the serial number of the form should be stated on the customs green label declaration C1 or on the customs declaration C2/CP3, as appropriate.
3. These instructions do not exempt the exporter from complying with any other formalities required by customs or postal regulations.
4. An exporter who uses this form is obliged to submit to the appropriate authorities any supporting evidence which they may require and to agree to any inspection by them of his accounts and of the processes of manufacture of the goods described in box 11 of this form.

(VERSO)

ANNEX VII

SPECIMEN OF DECLARATION

I, the undersigned, declare that the goods listed on this invoice were obtained in

and (as appropriate):

(a) (1) satisfy the rules on the definition of the concept of 'wholly obtained products'

or

(b) (1) were produced from the following products:

Description	Country of origin (2)	Value (1)
.....
.....
.....
.....

and have undergone the following processes:

..... (indicate processings)

in

.....

Done at (Signature)

(1) Complete if necessary

(2) Complete if necessary In the event that:

the goods originate in a country covered by the Agreement or Convention concerned: indicate the country; - the products originate in another country: indicate 'third country'.

ANNEX VIII

1. Supplier ⁽¹⁾	INFORMATION CERTIFICATE to facilitate the issue of a MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE for preferential trade between the								
2. Consignee ⁽¹⁾	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 0 auto; width: 80%;"> EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY and (in block letters) </div>								
3. Processor ⁽¹⁾	4. State in which the working or processing has been carried out								
6. Customs office of importation ⁽²⁾	5. For official use								
7. Import document ⁽²⁾ Form No Series Date <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; width: 60px; height: 15px; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px;"></td></tr></table>									
GOODS SENT TO THE MEMBER STATE OF DESTINATION									
8. Marks, numbers, quantity and kind of package	9. Tariff heading number and description of goods	10. Quantity ⁽³⁾							
		11. Value ⁽⁴⁾							
IMPORTED GOODS USED									
12. Tariff heading number and description	13. Country of origin ⁽⁵⁾	14. Quantity ⁽⁶⁾	15. Value ^{(7) (8)}						
16. Nature of the working or processing carried out									
17. Remarks									
18. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT Declaration certified Document Form No Customs office Date <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; width: 60px; height: 15px; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px;"></td></tr></table> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 60px; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; text-align: center; padding: 5px;"> Official stamp </div> (Signature)					19. DECLARATION BY THE SUPPLIER I, the undersigned, declare that the information on this certificate is accurate (Place) <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; width: 60px; height: 15px; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px;"></td></tr></table> (Date) (Signature)				

⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁴⁾ ⁽⁵⁾ ⁽⁶⁾ ⁽⁷⁾ ⁽⁸⁾ See footnotes on verso

REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION	RESULT OF VERIFICATION
<p>The undersigned customs official requests verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this information certificate</p>	<p>Verification carried out by the undersigned customs official shows that this information certificate:</p> <p>(a) was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate (*)</p> <p>(b) does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see notes appended) (*)</p>
<p>..... (Place and date)</p>	<p>..... (Place and date)</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 80px; height: 50px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <p>Official stamp</p> </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 80px; height: 50px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <p>Official stamp</p> </div>
<p>..... (Official's signature)</p>	<p>..... (Official's signature)</p>
	<p>(*) Delete where not applicable.</p>

CROSS REFERENCES

- (¹) Name of individual or business and full address.
- (²) Optional information.
- (³) Kg, hl, m³ or other measure.
- (⁴) Packaging shall be considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. However, this provision shall not apply to packaging which is not of the normal type for the article packed, and which has a lasting utility value of its own, apart from its function as packaging.
- (⁵) Complete if necessary. In the event that:
 - the goods originate in a country covered by the Agreement or Convention concerned: indicate the country;
 - the products originate in another country: indicate 'third country'.
- (⁶) The value must be indicated in accordance with the provisions on rules of origin.

ANNEX IX

Joint declaration

For the implementation of Article 28 of the Protocol, the Community is prepared to examine any request from Tunisia for derogations to the rules of origin after the signature of the Agreement.

FINAL ACT

The Plenipotentiaries of
the Council of the European Communities,
of the one part, and

The President of the Republic of Tunisia,
of the other part,

meeting at Tunis this twenty-fifth day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six for the purpose of signing the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia,

have, on signing this Agreement,

— adopted the following joint declarations by the Contracting Parties:

1. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 5 (1) of the Agreement,
2. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 8 of the Agreement,
3. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff,
4. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on olive oil,
5. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on wines entitled to a designation of origin,
6. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on agricultural products,
7. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on the consultations provided for in Articles 6, 17, 20, 34 and 35 of the Agreement,
8. Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on the presentation of the Agreement to GATT by the Community;

— taken note of the following declarations:

1. Declaration by the European Economic Community on Article 13 (2) of the Agreement,
2. Declaration by the European Economic Community on the regional application of certain provisions of the Agreement,
3. Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the definition of German nationality,
4. Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Agreement to Berlin;

— and taken note of the following exchanges of letters:

1. Exchange of letters on the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff,
2. Exchange of letters on goods originating in and coming from certain countries and enjoying special treatment when imported into a Member State,
3. Exchange of letters on Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement.

The declarations and exchanges of letters listed above are annexed to this Final Act.

The Plenipotentiaries have agreed that the declarations and exchanges of letters shall be subjected, in the same manner as the Agreement, to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne slutakt.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter diese Schlußakte gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below this Final Act.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent acte final.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente atto finale.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder deze Slorakte hebben gesteld.

واثباتا لذلك ، وقع المفوضون اسفل هذا الاتفاق النهائي .

Udfærdiget i Tunis, den femogtyvende april nitten hundrede og seksoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Tunis am fünfundzwanzigsten April neunzehnhundertsechundsiebzig.

Done at Tunis this twenty-fifth day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six.

Fait à Tunis, le vingt-cinq avril mil neuf cent soixante-seize.

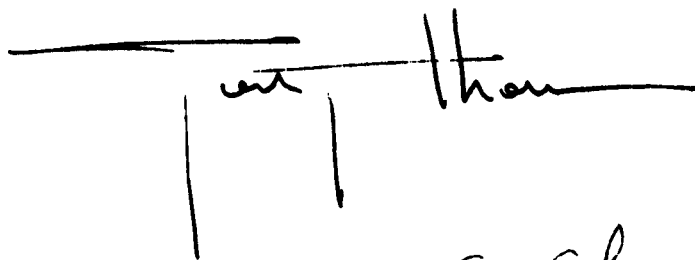
Fatto a Tunisi, addì venticinque aprile millenovecentosettantasei.

Gedaan te Tunis, de vijfentwintigste april negentienhonderd zesenzeventig.

حرر بتونس ، في الخامس والعشرين من شهر ابريل سنة الف وتسعمائة وستة وسبعين

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber
Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften
For the Council of the European Communities
Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes
Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee
Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

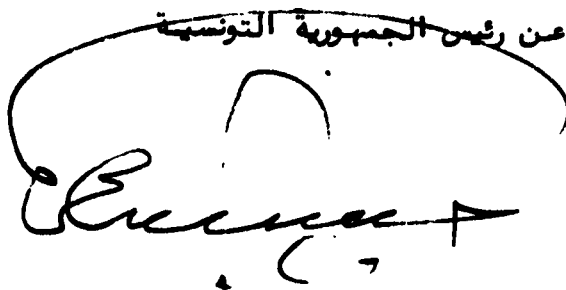
عن مجلس المجموعات الاوربية



C. Cheyrou

For Præsidenten for Den tunesiske Republik
Für den Präsidenten der Tunesischen Republik
For the President of the Republic of Tunisia
Pour le Président de la République tunisienne
Per il presidente della Repubblica di Tunisia
Voor de President van de Republiek Tunesië

عن رئيس الجمهورية التونسية



Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 5 (1) of the Agreement

The Contracting Parties agree that, should the date of entry into force of the Agreement not coincide with the beginning of the calendar year, the ceilings referred to in Article 5 (1) of the Agreement will be applied *pro rata*.

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 8 of the Agreement

The Contracting Parties agree that, without prejudice to the implementation of the first subparagraph of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, the products listed in Article 8 of the Agreement and set out in Annex III to that Regulation shall be admitted into the Community during the period for which the reductions in duty are applicable free of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect.

Furthermore, the Contracting Parties agree that, where reference is made in the Agreement to the provisions of Articles 23 to 28 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, the Community is referring to the arrangements applicable to third countries at the time of importation of the products in question.

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff

The Contracting Parties agree that if, in the light of the results of the Agreement and taking into account the trend of trade flows between the Community and the Mediterranean countries, the advantages accruing from the provisions of Article 8 in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff are or are likely to be jeopardized by abnormal conditions of competition, the situation shall be examined within the Joint Committee in order to identify the problems and seek appropriate solutions.

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on olive oil

The Contracting Parties agree to cooperate closely in order to identify any difficulties which might arise in respect of olive oil and to seek appropriate solutions.

To this end, the Contracting Parties will hold periodic consultations to follow the trend of the olive-oil market.

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on wines entitled to a designation of origin

The Contracting Parties agree that, as regards the wines entitled to a designation of origin referred to in Article 13 (2) of the Agreement, the results of the application of the provision in question will be examined after one year.

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on agricultural products

1. The Contracting Parties declare their readiness to foster, so far as their agricultural policies allow, the harmonious development of trade in agricultural products to which the Agreement does not apply.

As regards veterinary, health and plant health matters the Contracting Parties shall apply their rules in a non-discriminatory fashion and shall refrain from introducing any new measures that have the effect of unduly obstructing trade.

2. They shall examine within the Joint Committee any difficulties that might arise in their trade in agricultural products and shall endeavour to seek appropriate solutions.
-

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on the consultations provided for in Articles 6, 17, 20, 34 and 35 of the Agreement

For the implementation of the consultations provided for in Articles 6, 17, 20, 34 and 35 of the Agreement, the Community and Tunisia propose to lay down in the rules of procedure of the Joint Committee suitable procedures in order to ensure appropriate consultations.

Joint declaration by the Contracting Parties on the presentation of the Agreement to GATT by the Community

The Contracting Parties to the Agreement will consult when the provisions of the Agreement that relate to trade are presented and examined under GATT.

Declaration by the European Economic Community on Article 13 (2) of the Agreement

Until such time as Tunisia has sufficient plant to bottle the wines entitled to a designation of origin referred to in Article 13 (2), the Community is willing to apply the abovementioned provisions for a period of one year to wine exported in bulk in respect of quantities corresponding to the future capacity of the plant under construction, up to a volume not exceeding 20 000 hl.

Declaration by the European Economic Community concerning the regional application of certain provisions of the Agreement

The European Economic Community declares that the application of any measures it may take under Articles 27 and 28 of the Agreement, in accordance with the procedure and under the arrangements set out in Article 29, or under Article 30, may be limited to one of its regions by virtue of Community rules.

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the definition of German nationality

Every German person, within the meaning of the basic constitutional law applying in the Federal Republic of Germany, is considered as a national of the Federal Republic of Germany.

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Agreement to Berlin

The Agreement shall also apply to Land Berlin provided that no statement to the contrary by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany is addressed to the other Contracting Parties within three months of the entry into force of the Agreement.

Exchange of letters on the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff

Tunis, 25 April 1976.

Sir,

Tunisia considers that the advantages accruing from the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff should enable it to consolidate its competitive position on the Community market.

Should abnormal conditions of competition or market disturbances jeopardize these advantages the purpose of the examination provided for in the joint declaration on the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff would be to seek solutions to enable Tunisia to maintain its competitive position in relation to other suppliers to the Community.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Ismail KHELLIL

Head of the Tunisian delegation

Tunis, 25 April 1976.

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you inform me as follows:

'Tunisia considers that the advantages accruing from the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff should enable it to consolidate its competitive position on the Community market.

Should abnormal conditions of competition or market disturbances jeopardize these advantages the purpose of the examination provided for in the joint declaration on the provisions of Article 8 of the Agreement in respect of products falling within subheadings 08.02 ex A, ex B, ex C and D of the Common Customs Tariff would be to seek solutions to enable Tunisia to maintain its competitive position in relation to other suppliers to the Community.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter. I confirm that in the sector in question the Community is resolved to make every effort to ensure the proper functioning of its organization of the market.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Jean DURIEUX

Head of the delegation

of the European Economic Community

Exchange of letters on goods originating in and coming from certain countries and enjoying special treatment when imported into a Member State

Tunis, 25 April 1976.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that the Representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Economic Community have made the following declaration :

- '1. For those products originating in and coming from Tunisia which are not specified in Title I (Trade cooperation) of the Agreement between that country and the European Economic Community the Protocol on goods originating in and coming from certain countries and enjoying special treatment when imported into a Member State, annexed to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, shall remain applicable.
2. For the products specified in Title I, the application of the Protocol referred to in paragraph 1 shall be suspended for the duration of the Agreement and shall take effect again once the Agreement is no longer in force.
3. However, a derogation shall be made for certain products from the suspension referred to in paragraph 2 pending the review which is to take place in 1978 in accordance with Article 54 of the Cooperation Agreement.'

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Jean DURIEUX
*Head of the delegation
of the European Economic Community*

Tunis, 25 April 1976.

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you inform me as follows:

- '“1. For those products originating in and coming from Tunisia which are not specified in Title I (Trade cooperation) of the Agreement between that country and the European Economic Community the Protocol on goods originating in and coming from certain countries and enjoying special treatment when imported into a Member State, annexed to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, shall remain applicable.

2. For the products specified in Title I, the application of the Protocol referred to in paragraph 1 shall be suspended for the duration of the Agreement and shall take effect again once the Agreement is no longer in force.
3. However, a derogation shall be made for certain products from the suspension referred to in paragraph 2 pending the review which is to take place in 1978 in accordance with Article 54 of the Cooperation Agreement."

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Ismail KHELIL

Head of the Tunisian delegation

Exchange of letters on Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement

Tunis, 25 April 1976.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you of the following declaration by my Government on Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement:

'The Republic of Tunisia hereby declares that in applying Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement its undertakings do not require it to repeal laws and regulations in force in so far as they remain necessary for the protection of its essential security interests. Tunisia will see to it that such laws and regulations are applied in such a way as to ensure compliance with Article 36 (1) of the Agreement.'

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Ismail KHELIL

Head of the Tunisian delegation

Tunis, 25 April 1976.

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you communicate to me a declaration by your Government on Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement.

I have the honour to inform you of the following declaration by the European Economic Community on Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement:

1. The European Economic Community notes the declaration by the Republic of Tunisia.
2. The European Economic Community expects the principles set out in the Agreement, including those in Articles 26 and 38 of the Agreement, to be put into full application.

The European Economic Community considers in particular that the application of the principle of non-discrimination should ensure the correct and smooth application of the Agreement.'

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Jean DURIEUX

*Head of the delegation
of the European Economic Community*

Information concerning the date of the entry into force of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

The exchange of instruments of notification of the completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, signed at Tunis on 25 April 1976, having taken place on 31 May 1976 at Brussels, the Interim Agreement will enter into force, in accordance with its Article 42, on 1 July 1976. ♦

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1664/77

of 18 July 1977

on the safeguard measures provided for in the Cooperation Agreement and the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Article 2

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, hereinafter referred to as 'the Cooperation Agreement', and an Interim Agreement⁽¹⁾ were signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas for the purpose of implementing the safeguard clauses and precautionary measures provided for in Articles 35 to 37 and 50 of the Cooperation Agreement and in Articles 27 to 29 and 36 of the Interim Agreement, detailed rules should be laid down for the application of Community Regulations, in particular Council Regulation (EEC) No 1439/74 of 4 June 1974 on common rules for imports⁽²⁾ and Council Regulation (EEC) No 459/68 of 5 April 1968 on protection against dumping or the granting of bounties or subsidies by countries which are not members of the European Economic Community⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2011/73⁽⁴⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

In the case of practices liable to lay the Community open to safeguard measures on the basis of Article 37 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 29 of the Interim Agreement, the Commission shall decide, without prejudice to Article 2 of this Regulation and after examining the case on its own initiative or at the request of a Member State, whether the practices in question are compatible with the Agreement.

In the case of dumping or public aids liable to warrant the Community applying the measures provided for in Article 35 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 27 of the Interim Agreement, the introduction of anti-dumping or countervailing duties shall be decided upon in accordance with the procedure and detailed rules laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 459/68.

Article 3

In the case of practices liable to warrant the Community applying the measures provided for in Articles 36 and 50 of the Cooperation Agreement and Articles 28 and 36 of the Interim Agreement, appropriate safeguard measures may, on the conditions defined in these Articles, be adopted by the Council in accordance with the procedure and detailed rules laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1439/74, and in particular Article 13 (2) and (3) thereof.

In an emergency and on the conditions laid down in Article 36 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 28 of the Interim Agreement :

- the Commission may adopt the appropriate safeguard measures in accordance with the procedure and detailed rules laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1439/74, and in particular Article 12 (2) and (3) thereof,
- any Member State may take the interim safeguard measures in conformity with the procedure described in Article 14 (1) to (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1439/74 pursuant to paragraphs 2 to 4 of that Article.

Article 4

1. This Regulation shall not preclude the application of Regulations on the common organization of agricultural markets or of Community or national administrative provisions resulting therefrom or of the special Regulations adopted under Article 235 of the Treaty for processed agricultural products; it shall apply in addition thereto.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 194.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 159, 15. 6. 1974, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 93, 17. 4. 1968, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 206, 27. 7. 1973, p. 3.

2. However, the second indent of the second paragraph of Article 3 shall not apply to products covered by such Regulations.

Article 5

The Commission shall notify the Cooperation Council and the Joint Committee as laid down in

Article 37 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 29 of the Interim Agreement.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 July 1977.

For the Council

The President

A. HUMBLET

Institutional Questions

Subdivision :

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I. Acts of the Association Council - Blank

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REGULATION (EEC) No 1469/69 OF THE COUNCIL
of 23 July 1969

on the protective measures provided for in the Agreement
establishing an Association between the
European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic
OJ No L 198/90 - 8.8.69

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Articles 111 and 113
thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas an Agreement establishing an Association between
the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic
was signed at Tunis on 28 March 1969;

Whereas, the procedures to be followed for implementing
the protective clauses of the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community are laid down in that Treaty;

Whereas, on the other hand, it is necessary to lay down the
detailed rules for the application of the protective clauses
of Article 8 of the Agreement and of Article 2 of Annex 1
thereto;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The Commission may, at the request of a Member State or on its own initiative, decide to apply to products originating in Tunisia the protective measures which the Community is entitled to take under Article 8(2) of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic (hereinafter called the "Agreement"); in particular the Commission may temporarily withdraw all or part of the tariff and other concessions granted to Tunisia by the Community.

The protective measures shall be communicated to the Member States and shall be immediately applicable. If the Commission receives a request from a Member State, it shall take a decision thereon within three working days following receipt of the request.

2. The measures decided upon by the Commission may be referred to the Council by any Member State within ten working days following the day on which they were communicated. The Council shall meet without delay. It may, acting by a qualified majority, amend or repeal the measures in question.

Article 2

1. Without prejudice to the application of Article 1, the Commission may authorise a Member State to take protective measures in order to remedy the disturbances or difficulties mentioned in Article 8(2) of the Agreement.

Such measures and the decision of the Commission shall be notified to all Member States.

2. In urgent cases, the Member State or States concerned may introduce quantitative restrictions on imports. They shall immediately notify the Commission and the other Member States of these measures.

The Commission shall, as a matter of urgency and within five working days from the notification referred to in the first subparagraph, decide whether these measures shall be maintained, amended or repealed.

The decision of the Commission shall be notified to all Member States. It shall be given effect forthwith.

3. The decision of the Commission may be referred to the Council by any Member State within ten working days following its notification. The Council shall meet without delay. It may, acting by a qualified majority, amend or repeal the decision of the Commission.

Where a Member State which has taken measures in accordance with paragraph 2 refers the matter to the Council, the decision of the Commission shall be suspended. If the Council does not amend or repeal the decision of the Commission within thirty days of the matter being referred to it, the suspension shall then be lifted.

4. In applying this Article, preference shall be given to such measures as will cause the least possible disturbance to the functioning of the common market.
5. Not later than three months before the end of the transitional period, the Council, acting in accordance with the voting procedure laid down in Article 111(3) of the Treaty on a proposal from the Commission, shall decide what amendments to this Article are required by the introduction of a common commercial policy.

Article 3

For products listed in Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2041/68 (1) of 10 December 1968 on the establishment, in respect of third countries, of a common list for the liberalisation of imports into the Community, quantitative restrictions may be reintroduced on the basis of the provisions of that Regulation, excepting Article 8(1) thereof.

Article 4

1. The Commission, before deciding to apply protective measures on the basis of Article 1(1) or authorising a Member State to take such measures, or pronouncing on the measures taken by the Member State or States concerned pursuant to Article 2(1) and (2), shall enter into consultations.

(1) cf. RELEX/EEC I

2. The consultations shall be held in an advisory committee consisting of representatives of each Member State and presided over by a representative of the Commission.
3. The Committee shall meet when convened by its Chairman. He shall provide the Member States, as promptly as possible, with all relevant information.

Article 5

1. The Commission shall, at the request of a Member State or on its own initiative, establish whether imports into the Community of petroleum products refined in Tunisia under the arrangements laid down in Article 2(2) of Annex 1 to the Agreement cause real difficulties on the market of one or more Member States.
2. Where such difficulties have been ascertained and, in any case, where imports into the Community of petroleum products refined in Tunisia have reached 100,000 metric tons in a year and if, in the latter case, a request is made by a Member State, the Commission shall decide that customs duties applicable to such imports will be introduced to the extent and for the period necessary to remedy that situation. Customs duties thus introduced may not exceed those applicable to third countries in respect of such products.

3. The measures adopted by the Commission under paragraph 2 shall be notified to all Member States. They shall be immediately applicable.

The measures adopted by the Commission may be referred to the Council by any Member State within ten working days following the day on which they were communicated. The Council shall meet without delay. It may, acting by a qualified majority, amend or repeal the measures adopted by the Commission.

4. Articles 1 and 2 shall not apply to the products referred to in this Article.

Article 6

Articles 1, 2 and 5 shall not prejudice the application of the protective clauses as laid down in the Treaty, and in particular in Articles 108 and 109 thereof.

Article 7

This Regulation shall not preclude the full application of regulations on the common organisation of agricultural markets. Article 2 shall not apply to products coming within the scope of those regulations.

Article 8

The notification by the Community provided for in Article 8(2) of the Agreement shall be given to the Council of Association by the Commission.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 July 1969

For the Council
The President
J.M.A.H. LUNS

REGULATION (EEC) No 1470/69 OF THE COUNCIL

of 23 July 1969

laying down special provisions for imports into the Community of goods coming under Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 and originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69¹ of 28 May 1969 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products, and in particular Article 12 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, signed at Tunis on 28 March 1969, the Community must take all the measures required to ensure that, without prejudice to the levying of a variable component determined in accordance with Article 12 of Regulation No 160/66/EEC² no fixed component is levied on imports of goods coming under that Regulation which originate in Tunisia within the meaning of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating' products and on methods of administrative co-operation, appended to the Agreement;

Whereas as from 1 July 1969, the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 shall be substituted for those of Regulation No 160/66/EEC; whereas those provisions do not, however, amend the system of protection introduced by the latter Regulation in

respect of goods-imported into the Community from third countries; whereas, in particular, Articles 6 and 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 correspond to Article 12 of Regulation No 160/66/EEC; whereas the laying down of special provisions for goods originating in Tunisia by reference to the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 is therefore consistent with Article 3 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

On imports into the Community of goods coming under Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 originating in Tunisia within the meaning of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating' products and on methods of administrative co-operation, appended to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic:

- (a) no fixed component shall be levied,
- (b) the variable component determined in accordance with the provisions of that Regulation shall be levied.

Article 2

The system laid down by this Regulation shall apply from the entry into force of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic and throughout the application of that Agreement.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 July 1969.

For the Council

The President

J. M. A. H. LUNS

¹ OJ No L 141, 12.6.1969, p. 1.

² OJ No 195, 27.10.1966, p. 3361/66.

COLLECTED ACTS - EEC - TUNISIA ASS.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1472/69 OF THE COUNCIL

of 23 July 1969

on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament¹;

Whereas Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic lays down rules for a tariff reduction in respect of imports into the Community of certain citrus fruit originating in Tunisia; whereas, during the period of application of reference prices, that reduction is dependent on the observance of a price on the Community market; whereas detailed rules of application are required to put this system in practice;

Whereas the proposed system must be included in the framework of the common organisation of the market in fruit and vegetables; whereas account should therefore be taken of the provisions of Regulation No 23² on the progressive establishment of a common organisation of the market in fruit and vegetables and further provisions adopted in pursuance of that Regulation;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

This Regulation fixes the detailed rules for applying the preferential treatment laid down in Article 4 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the

Tunisian Republic (hereinafter called the 'Agreement') in respect of the following products originating in Tunisia:

ex 80.02 A: Fresh oranges

ex 08.02 B: Fresh mandarins and satsumas; fresh clementines, tangerines and other similar hybrid citrus fruit

ex 08.02 C: Fresh lemons

Article 2

1. In order that the conditions laid down in Article 4 (2) of Annex 1 to the Agreement shall be fulfilled, the quotations recorded at the wholesale stage on the representative markets of the Community, adjusted by conversion factors and reduced by transport costs and import charges other than customs duties—conversion factors, costs and charges laid down for the calculation of the entry price referred to in Regulation No 23—must remain equal to or higher than the price laid down in Article 3 for a specific product adjusted to quality Class I where the quotations recorded do not refer to that class.

2. For the deduction of import charges other than customs duties referred to in paragraph 1, in so far as the prices notified by the Member States of the Commission include the incidence of charges other than customs duties, the amount to deducted shall be calculated by the Commission in order to avoid the difficulties which may arise because of the incidence of those charges on entry prices depending on origin. In that case an average corresponding to the average between the lowest and the highest incidence shall be taken into account.

Detailed rules for applying this paragraph shall be fixed, where appropriate, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 13 of Regulation No 23.

3. The Community markets used for recording quotations on the basis of which the entry price

¹ OJ No C 79, 21.6.1969, p. 1.

² OJ No 30, 20.4.1962, p. 965/62.

referred to in Regulation No 23 is calculated shall be considered as representative for the purpose of paragraph 1.

Article 3

The price referred to in Article 2 (1) shall be equal to the reference price in force during the period in question, plus the incidence of the Common Customs Tariff on that price, and a standard amount fixed at 1.2 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 4

In cases where, in respect of one of the products listed in Article 1, the quotations referred to in Article 2 (1), adjusted by the conversion factors and reduced by the transport costs and import charges other than customs duties, remain lower than the price laid down in Article 3 on three consecutive market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations, the Common Customs Tariff duty in force on the date of importation shall be applied to the product in question.

These rules shall remain in force until quotations are equal to or higher than the price laid down in Article 3 on three consecutive market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 July 1969.

Article 5

The Commission, on the basis of the quotations recorded on the representative markets of the Community and notified by the Member States, shall keep a regular check on price trends and shall keep the records referred to in Article 4.

The necessary measures shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down by Regulation No 23 in respect of the application of countervailing duties to fruit and vegetables.

Article 6

The provisions of Article 11 of Regulation No 23 shall remain in force.

Article 7

The rules laid down by this Regulation shall apply from the entry into force of the Agreement and throughout its application.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

J. M. A. H. LUNS

29.10.70

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 238/4

REGULATION (EEC) No 2165/70 OF THE COUNCIL

of 27 October 1970

on imports of olive oil from Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament¹;

Whereas Article 5 of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, as amended by the Agreement signed in Brussels on 11 September 1970, and Article 6 of the same Annex make provision for special treatment to be accorded to imports of olive oil falling within sub-heading No 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff obtained entirely in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community; whereas, before that treatment can be accorded, rules for its application must be adopted;

Whereas this special treatment involves a standard rebate of 0.50 units of account per 100 kilogrammes on the levy charged on such oil on importation into the Community; whereas, on condition that Tunisia imposes a special charge on exports, this treatment also involves a reduction in the levy corresponding to the amount of that special charge up to a maximum of 5 units of account per 100 kilogrammes;

Whereas, in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, the special export charge should have the effect of increasing the price of oil on importation into the Community; whereas, to ensure that the treatment in question is correctly applied, the special export charge should have been paid when the oil is imported;

¹ OJ No C 129, 26.10.1970, p. 31.

Article 1

The levy on imports into the Community of olive oil other than refined olive oil falling within sub-heading No 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, obtained entirely in Tunisia and transported direct from that country into the Community, shall be the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC² of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organisation of the market in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1253/70,³ applicable at the time of importation, less 0.50 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 2

The levy charged on imports into the Community for the product specified in Article 1 shall be the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of that Article less an amount equal to the special charge imposed by Tunisia on exports to the Community of the olive oil referred to in Article 1, up to a maximum of 5 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 3

The treatment provided for in Article 2 shall be applied to all imports in respect of which the special export charge has been paid up to an amount which does not exceed either the amount of the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 and applicable when the oil is imported into the Community or 5 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

² OJ No 172, 30.9.1966, p. 3025/66.

³ OJ No L 143, 1.7.1970, p. 1.

Article 4

Without prejudice to the charging of the variable component of the levy determined in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the fixed component of that levy shall not be charged, on importation into the Community, in respect of refined olive oil falling within sub-heading No 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff obtained entirely in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community.

Article 5

The levy referred to in Article 4 shall be fixed by the Commission.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 27 October 1970.

Article 6

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation, and of Article 3 in particular, shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC.

Article 7

Council Regulation (EEC) No 1471/69¹ of 23 July 1969 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia is hereby repealed.

Article 8

The treatment provided for in this Regulation shall apply from 1 November 1970 to 31 October 1971.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

W. SCHEEL

¹ OJ No L 198, 8.8.1969, p. 93.

REGULATION (EEC) No 2366/70 OF THE COUNCIL

of 23 November 1970

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69¹ of 23 July 1969 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia lays down the conditions of application of the particular system established by that Regulation in respect of imports into the Community of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia with reference to the quotations recorded at the wholesale stage on the representative markets of the Community; whereas these recordings were made in accordance with the provisions of Article 11 (2) of Regulation No 23² on the progressive establishment of a common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables;

Whereas those provisions have since been amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2512/69³; whereas the entry prices must in consequence be calculated on the basis of the quotations recorded at or converted to the import/wholesale stage; whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 should be adjusted accordingly;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1970.

For the Council

The President

W. SCHEEL

Article 1

The following shall be substituted for Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69:

'In order that the conditions laid down in Article 4 (2) of Annex I to the Agreement shall be fulfilled, the quotations recorded on the representative markets of the Community at the import/wholesale stage or converted to that stage, account being taken of conversion factors and after deduction of transport costs and import charges other than customs duties—these conversion factors, costs and taxes being those laid down for the calculation of the entry price referred to in Regulation No 23—must remain equal to or higher than the price laid down in Article 3, for a specific product adjusted to quality class I, where appropriate, pursuant to the provisions of the first indent, seventh subparagraph of Article 11 (2) of Regulation No 23.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

¹ OJ No L 198, 8.8.1969, p. 95.

² OJ No 30, 20.4.1962, p. 965/62.

³ OJ No L 318, 18.12.1969, p. 4.

REGULATION (EEC) No 1706/71 OF THE COUNCIL

of 26 July 1971

concerning imports into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;¹

Whereas implementation of the common fishery policy has rendered null and void the system provided for in Annex 2 of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic; whereas the Community must, pursuant to Article 10 (2) of that Annex, take account of the interests of Tunisia when establishing the common organisation of the market in fishery products;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2142/70² of 20 October 1970 on the common organisation of the market in fishery products established a system of trade with third countries based on the application of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Community may meet its obligations with regard to Tunisia by granting that country considerable tariff concessions which can go as far as exemption from duty for products falling within Chapter 3 of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, pending the definition of Community rules on imports of trout, carp and prepared and preserved sardines and tunny, definition of a system applicable to imports of those products originating in Tunisia should be deferred;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The products listed in Article 1 (2) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 2142/70, with the exception of trout and carp, falling respectively within heading Nos 03.01 A I (a) and 03.01 A III, of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported into the Community free of customs duty.

Article 2

The products listed in Article 1 (2) (e) and (f) of Regulation (EEC) No 2142/70, with the exception of prepared and preserved sardines and tunny, falling respectively within headings Nos 16.04 D and 16.04 E, of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported into the Community at customs duties equal to 30% of the applicable Common Customs Tariff duties.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1971.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 1971.

For the Council
The President
A. MORO

¹ OJ No C 78, 2.8.1971, p. 11.

² OJ No L 236, 27.10.1970, p. 5.

REGULATION (EEC) No 2277/71 OF THE COUNCIL

of 26 October 1971

amending Regulations (EEC) Nos 2164/70, 2165/70, 463/71 and 1235/71 on imports of olive oil from Spain, Tunisia, Morocco and Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2164/70¹ of 27 October 1970 on imports of olive oil from Spain, Council Regulation (EEC) No 2165² of 27 October 1970 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia, Council Regulation (EEC) No 463/71³ of 1 March 1971 on imports of olive oil from Morocco, and Council Regulation (EEC) No 1235/71⁴ of 7 June 1971 on imports of olive oil from Turkey laid down rules according special treatment to imports into the Community of olive oil from the above-mentioned countries;

Whereas for sound administration it should be made clear that the application of Article 2 of the above-mentioned Regulations must be subject to the production of proof that the export charge has been paid by the exporter; whereas, in view of this, the limitation on the period of validity of those Regulations should be abolished;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The following shall be substituted for Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2164/70:

¹ OJ No L 238, 29.10.1970, p. 3.

² OJ No L 238, 29.10.1970, p. 4.

³ OJ No L 53, 5.3.1971, p. 9.

⁴ OJ No L 130, 16.6.1971, p. 55.

'The treatment provided for in Article 2 shall be applied to all imports in respect of which the importer furnishes proof that the special export charge has been paid by the exporter up to an amount which does not exceed either the amount of the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 and applicable when the oil is imported into the Community or 4 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.'

2. The first paragraph of Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2164/70 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

1. The following shall be substituted for Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2165/70:

'The treatment provided for in Article 2 shall be applied to all imports in respect of which the importer furnishes proof that the special export charge has been paid by the exporter up to an amount which does not exceed either the amount of the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 and applicable when the oil is imported into the Community or 5 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.'

2. The first paragraph of Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 2165/70 is hereby repealed.

Article 3

1. The following shall be substituted for Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 463/71:

'The treatment provided for in Article 2 shall be applied to all imports in respect of which the importer furnishes proof that the special export charge has been paid by the exporter up to an amount which does not exceed either the amount

of the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 and applicable when the oil is imported into the Community or 5 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.'

2. The first paragraph of Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 463/71 is hereby repealed.

Article 4

1. The following shall be substituted for Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1235/71:

'The treatment provided for in Article 2 shall be applied to all imports in respect of which the

importer furnishes proof that the special export charge has been paid by the exporter up to an amount which does not exceed either the amount of the levy calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 and applicable when the oil is imported into the Community or 4.50 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.'

2. Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1235/71 is hereby repealed.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November 1971.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 26 October 1971.

For the Council

The President

L. NATALI

29.12.71

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 285/51

REGULATION (EEC) No 2823/71 OF THE COUNCIL**of 20 December 1971****on the temporary partial suspension of the Common Customs Tariff duties on wine originating in and coming from Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas, following the entry into force of Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70¹ of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2504/71², it is desirable, pending definitive arrangements, to establish interim arrangements with respect to Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey in order to avoid an interruption in exports of wine from those countries;

Whereas those interim arrangements, which must be uniform for the whole Community, must not compromise the protection of the Community market afforded by the Regulations mentioned above; whereas a partial suspension of the Common Customs Tariff duties, subject to observance of the reference price, would serve the purpose;

Whereas those interim arrangements must apply for a limited period to enable Turkey to implement

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1971.

For the Council

The President

M. PEDINI

Article 11 of Annex 5 to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and Turkey and the other countries to adopt definitive arrangements,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The customs duties on imports into the Community of wine of fresh grapes falling within subheading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey, shall amount to 60% of the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable on the date of importation.

2. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall apply only if the conditions set out in the second subparagraph of Article 9 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 are fulfilled.

However, in the application of the subparagraph mentioned above, the customs duties applied under paragraph 1 shall be substituted for those shown in the Common Customs Tariff.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1972.

It shall apply until 31 August 1972 at the latest.

¹ OJ No L 99, 5.5.1970, p. 1.

² OJ No L 261, 26.11.1971, p. 1.

No L 28/6

Official Journal of the European Communities

1. 2. 72

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 227/72

of 31 January 1972

concerning imports into the Community of certain fishery products originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the system defined by Regulation (EEC) No 1706/71 ⁽¹⁾ for imports into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia does not cover trout, carp, preserved sardines and preserved tunny since a Community system for imports of those products has not yet been defined;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 1822/71 ⁽²⁾ the system applied to imports of these products, originating in Tunisia, was extended until 31 January 1972, the final date of validity of the transitional measures which the Commission is entitled to take in respect of products covered by that Regulation, prior to the entry into force of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2142/70 of 20 October 1970 on the common organization of the market in fishery products ⁽³⁾; whereas pending the implementation of the Community system for import of these products, a transitional system should be defined in order to avoid any disturbances in trade in the products in question between the Community and Tunisia;

Whereas in 1971 the import needs of certain Member States were greater than the quantities provided for in the tariff quotas fixed in 1969,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 176, 5. 8. 1971, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 189, 21. 8. 1971, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 236, 27. 10. 1970, p. 5.

Article 1

The following products, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported into the Community free of customs duty:

CCT heading No	Description
03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen: A. Freshwater fish: I. Trout and other salmonidae: a) Trout III. Carp

Article 2

1. Member States shall retain the import system applying on 31 January 1972 to the following products, originating in Tunisia:

CCT heading No	Description
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes: D. Sardines E. Tunny

2. However, Member States who open tariff quotas under the system referred to in paragraph 1 may increase the volumes provided for in those quotas by up to 30%.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1972.

It shall apply until the implementation of a Community system for imports into the Community of the products referred to in this Regulation and until 31 December 1972 at the latest.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 January 1972.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

No L 167/6

Official Journal of the European Communities

25.7.72

REGULATION (EEC) No 1567/72 OF THE COUNCIL

of 20 July 1972

extending Regulations (EEC) Nos 2313/71 and 2823/71 partially and temporarily suspending Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to wines originating in and coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) Nos 2313/71¹ and 2823/71² pending adoption of a definitive system established a provisional system for the importation of wines from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey

into the Community; whereas since the definitive system has not yet been adopted the provisional system must be extended under the same conditions as those which applied when it was set up;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Sole Article

In the second paragraph of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2313/71 and of Regulation (EEC) No 2823/71, the date 31 August 1973 shall be substituted for the date 31 August 1972.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 July 1972.

*For the Council**The President*

T. WESTERTERP

¹ OJ No L 244, 30.9.1971, p. 10.

² OJ No L 285, 29.12.1971, p. 51.

No L 298/14

Official Journal of the European Communities

31.12.72

REGULATION (EEC) No 2827/72 OF THE COUNCIL

of 28 December 1972

extending Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 on imports into the Community of
certain fish products originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas the arrangements for imports into the Community of fish products originating in Tunisia, are laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 1706/71,¹ do not cover trout, carp, preserved sardines or tunny, since no Community import arrangements have as yet been specified for such products;

Whereas, by Regulation (EEC) No 227/72,² the Council laid down transitional arrangements for the import of such products originating in Tunisia; whereas these arrangements are applicable until 31 December 1972; whereas the

Community arrangements for the import of the products in question into the Community have not yet entered into force; whereas the transitional arrangements should therefore be extended in order to maintain continuity in the trade of the abovementioned products between the Community and Tunisia;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 227/72, the date 31 December 1972 shall be replaced by 31 December 1973.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1973.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 December 1972.

For the Council

The President

T. WESTERTERP

¹ OJ No L 176, 5.8.1971, p. 3.

² OJ No L 28, 1.2.1972, p. 6.

REGULATION (EEC) No 2012/73 OF THE COUNCIL**of 24 July 1973****extending for the second time Regulations (EEC) Nos 2313/71 and 2823/71 partially and temporarily suspending Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to wine originating in and coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof ;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament ;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) Nos 2313/71 ⁽¹⁾ and 2823/71, extended by Regulation (EEC) No 1567/72 pending adoption of a definitive system, established a provisional system for the importation of wines from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey into the Community ; whereas, since the definitive system has not yet been adopted, the provisional system must be extended under the same conditions as those which applied when it was set up ;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Sole Article

In the second paragraph of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2313/71 and of Regulation (EEC) No 2823/71 '31 August 1973' shall be replaced by '31 August 1974.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 July 1973.

*For the Council**The President*

I. NØRGAARD

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XVI 166

REGULATION (EEC) No 250/74 OF THE COMMISSION
of 30 January 1974
applying the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to lemons originating in Tunisia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 of 23 July 1969, on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2366/72 and in particular Article 5 thereof;

Whereas Article 4 of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia provides for a reduced rate of duty on imports into the Community of certain citrus fruit originating in Tunisia; whereas, during the period in which reference prices are applied, this reduction is dependent on the observance of a specified price on the Community market, whereas detailed rules for the application of this system are contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69;

Whereas, in certain respects, these rules refer to provisions of Regulation No 23 which were incorporated in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 (1) of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2745/72 (2) whereas, in this case, reference should be made to Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, in accordance with the table which appears in Annex IV thereto;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 provides that, where one of the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation is imported, the duty in the Common Customs Tariff is applied where quotations for that product, converted where necessary to Class 1 in accordance with the provisions of Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 recorded on the representative Community markets at the importer/wholesaler stage or converted to that stage, adjusted by the conversion factors and following deduction of transport costs and import charges other than customs duties, remain lower than the reference price in force, plus the incidence of the Common Customs Tariff on that price and a standard amount fixed at 1.2 units of account

per 100 kilogrammes, for three consecutive market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the conversion factors, the transport costs and import charges other than customs are those used for the purpose of calculating the entry price referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the method of calculating import charges other than customs duties is, for certain cases, defined in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment, within a band of 2.25 % a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas application of these rules to quotations recorded for lemons imported into the Community and originating in Tunisia indicates that the conditions set out in the first paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 are fulfilled; whereas the duty in the Common Customs Tariff should, therefore, be applied to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 1 February 1974 the duty in the Common Customs Tariff shall be applied to lemons (subheading No ex 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) imported into the Community and originating in Tunisia.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XI 1965
 (2) cf. AGRI/EEC XI 2128

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 January 1974.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

REGULATION (EEC) No 307/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 4 February 1974

extending the period of application of Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 on imports into the Community of certain fishery products originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas the arrangements for the importation into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia, as laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 1706/71, do not cover trout, carp, preserved sardines or tunny, since no Community import arrangements have as yet been established for such products;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 the Council laid down transitional arrangements for the importation of such products originating in Tunisia;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 2827/72 the Council, in order to avoid disrupting trade in these products between the Community and Tunisia, extended these transitional arrangements; whereas there are still no Community arrangements in force for the importation of the products in question into the Community; whereas, to avoid any disruption in the trade in these products between the Community and Tunisia, the transitional arrangements should therefore again be extended;

Whereas provision should be made to ensure that the arrangements applied by Member States to the importation of the products in question originating in Tunisia be no less favourable than those applied from 1 January 1974 to the like products originating in other third countries, taking account of the provisions of the Act of Accession,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 227/72, the date '31 December 1973' shall be replaced by the date '31 December 1974'. However, the arrangements applied to the import of those products originating in Tunisia to which Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 applies may in no case be less favourable than those applied to the like products originating in other third countries.

Article 2

The import arrangements provided for in this Regulation shall be extended for the duration of 1974.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 February 1974.

For the Council

The President

W. SCHEEL

REGULATION (EEC) No 568/74 OF THE COMMISSION
of 11 March 1974
repealing Regulation (EEC) No 250/74 applying Common Customs Tariff duty
to lemons originating in Tunisia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 of 23 July 1969 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2366/70, and in particular Article 5 thereof;

Having regard to the Opinion of the Monetary Committee;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 250/74 of 30 January 1974 applied the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to lemons originating in Tunisia,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 4(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69, this rule remains in force until the quotations referred to in Article 2(1) of that Regulation, adjusted by the conversion factors and following deduction of transport costs and import charges other than customs duties, remain equal to or higher than the price laid down in Article 3 of that Regulation for three consecutive market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the conversion factors, the transport costs and import charges other than customs duties are those used for the purpose of calculating the entry price referred to in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72⁽¹⁾ of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2745/72⁽²⁾, whereas the method of calculating import charges

other than customs duties is, for certain cases, defined in Article 2(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, it should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other, at any given moment, within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period, in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous subparagraph;

Whereas application of these rules to quotations recorded for lemons imported into the Community and originating in Tunisia indicates that the conditions set out in Article 4(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1472/69 are fulfilled, whereas Regulation (EEC) No 250/74 should therefore be repealed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 250/74 of 30 January 1974 applying Common Customs Tariff duty to lemons imported from Tunisia is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 March 1974.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XI 1965

(2) cf. AGRI/EEC XI 2128

REGULATION (EEC) No 1220/74 OF THE COMMISSION
of 15 May 1974
fixing export refunds for raw tobacco for the 1973 crop

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community ;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 ⁽¹⁾ of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco, as last amended by the Act concerning the Conditions of Accession and the Adjustments to the Treaties, and in particular the first sentence of the third subparagraph of Article 9 (2) thereof ;

Whereas by virtue of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 the difference between the world market prices of the products referred to in Article 1 of that Regulation and their prices within the Community may be covered by an export refund ;

Whereas by virtue of Council Regulation (EEC) No 326/71 ⁽²⁾ of 15 February 1971, laying down general rules for granting export refunds on raw tobacco and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds, the granting of export refunds shall be limited to baled tobacco produced from leaf tobacco harvested in the Community ; whereas the refunds shall be fixed for each variety produced in the Community in the light of the factors indicated in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 326/71 ;

Whereas, in view of the export opportunities available and of market conditions in the Community it is

appropriate that a refund be granted for certain varieties only, limited to the 1973 crop and to the countries listed in the Annex ;

Whereas the application of the abovementioned rules and criteria to existing conditions in the tobacco market and in particular to prices in the Community and on the world market leads to the fixing of a refund in the amounts quoted in the Annex in respect of the products therein listed, destined to the countries therein named ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Opinion of the Management Committee for Raw Tobacco,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The list of varieties of baled tobacco from the 1973 crop in respect of which the export refund provided for in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 is granted, the amounts of the refund, and the third countries of destination, are as shown in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 May 1974.

For the Commission

The President

François-Xavier ORTOLI

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XXIII 3
 (2) cf. AGRI/EEC XXIII 62

ANNEX

Serial number	Varieties	Amounts of refund for the 1973 crop u.a./kg	Countries of destination
11 a	Burley I	0.16	Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco, Spanish customs territory, Austria, and countries or states with a planned economy in central and eastern Europe, Arab Republic of Egypt and Portugal
12	a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof b) Moro di Cori c) Salento	0.24	Tunisia, Morocco, Algeria, Spanish customs territory, Switzerland and countries or states with a planned economy in central and eastern Europe, Arab Republic of Egypt and Portugal
13	a) Nostrano del Brenta b) Resistente 142 c) Gojano	0.22	Austria, Spanish customs territory, Algeria, Tunisia and countries or states with a planned economy in central and eastern Europe, Arab Republic of Egypt and Portugal
14	Beneventano	0.20	Austria, Spanish customs territory, Algeria, Tunisia and countries or states with a planned economy in central and eastern Europe, Arab Republic of Egypt and Portugal

REGULATION (EEC) No 1912/74 OF THE COUNCIL
of 22 July 1974
on imports of olive oil from Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Articles 5 and 6 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, as last amended by the Agreement signed in Brussels on 20 July 1973, make provision for special treatment to be accorded to imports of olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A of the Common Customs Tariff, obtained entirely in Tunisia and transported directly from that country into the Community; whereas, before that treatment can be accorded, rules for its application must be adopted, in particular with respect to oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II;

Whereas, in the case of oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II, on condition that Tunisia imposes a special export charge, the special treatment provides for a standard rebate of 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg on the levy charged on such oil, and a reduction of the levy by the amount of the special charge, up to 5 units of account per 100 kg;

Whereas it is necessary to ensure that, in accordance with the Agreement, the special export charge has the effect of increasing the price of oil on importation into the Community; whereas, to ensure that the treatment in question is correctly applied, the necessary steps must be taken to ensure that the special export charge has been paid when the oil is imported,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Where Tunisia imposes the special export charge on olive oil other than refined olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, obtained entirely in Tunisia and transported directly from that country into the Community, the

levy on imports of such oil into the Community shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC⁽¹⁾ of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73, less:

- 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg, and
- an amount equal to the special export charge levied on the oil in Tunisia, up to 5 units of account per 100 kg.

Article 2

The arrangements provided for in Article 1 shall be applied to all imports in respect of which the importer can prove that the special export charge referred to in that Article is duly reflected in the import price.

Article 3

Where Tunisia does not impose the special export charge, the levy on imports into the Community of oil as defined in Article 1 shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kg.

Article 4

Without prejudice to the charging of the variable component in the levy determined in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the fixed component of that levy shall not be charged on importation into the Community of refined olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, obtained entirely in Tunisia and transported directly from that country into the Community.

Article 5

The levy referred to in Article 4 shall be fixed by the Commission.

Article 6

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation and of Article 2 in particular, shall be adopted in

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XVII 9

accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC.

Article 7

Council Regulation (EEC) No 2165/70 of 27 October 1970 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia is repealed.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of the entry into force of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters signed on 20 July 1973, amending Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1974

For the Council

The President

J. SAUVAGNARGUES

REGULATION (EEC) No 1942/74 OF THE COUNCIL

of 22 July 1974

extending for the third time Regulations (EEC) No 2313/71 and (EEC) No 2823/71 partially and temporarily suspending Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to wines originating in and coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Council Regulations (EEC) No 2313/71 (1) and (EEC) No 2823/71, as last extended by Regulation (EEC) No 2012/73, pending the adoption of a definitive system, established a provisional system for the importation of wines from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey into the Community; whereas since the definitive system has not yet been adopted, the provisional system must be extended under the same conditions as those which applied when it was set up,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Sole Article

In the second paragraph of Article 2 of Regulations (EEC) No 2313/71 and (EEC) No 2823/71 '31 August 1974' shall be replaced by '31 August 1975'.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. SAUVAGNARGUES

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XVI 166

REGULATION (EEC) No 1988/74 OF THE COUNCIL
of 22 July 1974
extending the arrangements applicable to trade with Tunisia beyond the date of
expiry of the Association Agreement

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas the Agreement ⁽¹⁾ establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, signed in Tunis on 28 March 1969, expires on 31 August 1974;

Whereas negotiations are in progress with a view to concluding a new Association Agreement;

Whereas, in anticipation of the conclusion of this Agreement, the arrangements which the Community applies to trade with Tunisia under the association with that country should be extended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The trade arrangements provided for by the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Tunisian Republic, including the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to that Agreement consequent on the accession of new Member States to the Community and the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Association Agreement, or implemented pursuant to these acts, shall remain applicable in the Community beyond 31 August 1974, until the entry into force of a new Agreement or until 31 August 1975, whichever is the sooner.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1974

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1974.

For the Council

The President

J. SAUVAGNARGUES

(1) cf. GEN I 3

REGULATION (EEC) No 346/75 OF THE COUNCIL
of 10 February 1975
concerning the importation into the Community of certain fishery products
originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas the arrangements for the importation into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 1706/71 did not cover trout, carp, preserved sardines or tunny since no Community import arrangements had as yet been established for those products;

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 1822/71 the arrangements applied by Member States to imports of these products originating in Tunisia prior to the entry into force of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2142/70 (1) of 20 October 1970 on the common organization of the market in fishery products were extended to 31 January 1972, on which date transitional measures which the Commission was empowered to take in respect of products covered by the latter Regulation ceased to be valid; whereas pending the introduction of Community arrangements Council Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 of 31 January 1972 concerning the importation into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia laid down transitional arrangements in order to avoid any disruption in trade in those products between the Community and Tunisia;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 307/74 extended the period of application of Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 until 31 December 1974;

Whereas the second paragraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 provides for that Regulation to apply until Community arrangements for imports become operative but not in any event beyond 31 December 1974;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1555/74 introduced, with effect from 25 June 1974, Community import arrangements for carp and trout;

Whereas negotiations are in progress with a view to concluding a new Association Agreement between Tunisia and the European Economic Community; whereas this new Agreement will provide for special import arrangements for carp, trout and preserved sardines and tunny;

Whereas, to avoid any disruption in trade in these products between the Community and Tunisia, the transitional arrangements instituted by Regulation (EEC) No 227/72 should be extended until the entry into force of the Agreement referred to above, but not in any event beyond 31 December 1975;

Whereas, having regard to the provisions of the Act of Accession, the import arrangements applied by the Member States to the products in question originating in Tunisia must not be less favourable than those applied from 1 January 1975 to the like products originating in other third countries,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The following products shall when originating in Tunisia be imported duty free into the Community:

(1) cf. AGRI/EEC XV 9

CCT heading No	Description of goods
03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen : A. Freshwater fish : I. Trout and other salmonidae a) Trout III. Carp

Article 2

1. Member States shall maintain in force the import arrangements effective on 31 January 1972 to the following products originating in Tunisia :

CCT heading No	Description of goods
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes : D. Sardines E. Tunny

2. However, Member States which open tariff quotas under the arrangements referred to in para-

graph 1 may increase the quantity of such quotas by not more than 30 %.

3. The import arrangements applied to products as specified in paragraph 1 originating in Tunisia shall in no case be less favourable than those applied to the like products originating in other third countries.

Article 3

Council Regulation (EEC) No 307/74 is hereby repealed.

Article 4

The arrangements provided for in this Regulation shall apply for 1975, until the entry into force of the new Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and not later than 31 December 1975.

In respect of the products specified in Article 1 it shall apply with effect from 25 June 1974.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 February 1975.

For the Council

The President

G. FITZGERALD

REGULATION (EEC) No 1936/75 OF THE COMMISSION
of 25 July 1975

laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Tunisia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1912/74 of 22 July 1974 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia, and in particular Article 6 thereof;

Whereas, by Regulation (EEC) No 1912/74, the Council adopted rules for the application of the special treatment of imports of olive oil from Tunisia provided for in the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Tunisia; whereas detailed procedures must be adopted for the application of those rules;

Whereas Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1912/74 provides that when Tunisia applies a special export charge on olive oil other than that having undergone a refining process the levy applicable shall be reduced by (i) 0.50 u.a./100 kg and (ii) an amount equal to that of the special charge levied, subject to a maximum of 5 u.a./100 kg;

Whereas, in pursuance of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1912/74, the arrangements for reducing the levy are to be applied to all imports in respect of which it can be proved that the special charge is reflected in the import price; whereas, for the purposes of applying the above arrangements, it should be laid down that the importer supply proof of having refunded the charge in question to the exporter;

Whereas, if the arrangements are to function correctly, the importer must be able to inform the exporter of the amount both of the levy and of the charge applicable to the imported product;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2495/71 of 19 November 1971 on rules for imports of olive oil from Tunisia should be repealed;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the Opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Application of the arrangements provided for in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1912/74 shall be

subject to production by the importer of proof that he has refunded to the exporter, subject to the maximum specified in the second indent of that Article, the special export charge deductible at the time of importation into the Community.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'the exporter' means the person indicated on certificate ATN 1.

3. The proof referred to in paragraph 1 may be supplied only by submission of a receipt issued by a bank approved for the purpose into which the sum referred to in paragraph 1 has been paid by way of refund of the charge; such receipt must contain at least the following:

- particulars of the exporter,
- the number of the document ATN 1 relating to the transaction,
- particulars of the amount paid.

Article 2

The bodies responsible in the Member States for collecting the import levy shall issue to the importer a document containing the following information:

- (a) details of the export document as given under the heading 'Customs endorsement' on the certificate ATN 1 relating to the product in question, or the number of that certificate;
- (b) the net weight of the olive oil as recorded by the relevant authorities when customs import formalities are completed;
- (c) the rate of the levy applicable to the products in question, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, less 0.50 unit of account/100 kg;
- (d) the amount refunded by the importer to the exporter.

Article 3

Regulation (EEC) No 2495/71 is hereby repealed.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 25 July 1975.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

REGULATION (EEC) No 2107/75 OF THE COUNCIL
of 6 August 1975
extending the arrangements applicable to trade with Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia⁽¹⁾, signed in Tunis on 28 March 1969, was extended until 31 August 1975 at the latest by an Agreement, signed in Brussels on 14 February 1975⁽²⁾, pending conclusion of a new Agreement;

Whereas negotiations are still in progress with a view to concluding a new Agreement and the arrangements which the Community applies to trade with Tunisia should therefore again be extended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The trade arrangements provided for by the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, including the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to that Agreement consequent on the accession of new Member States to the Community⁽³⁾ and the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters on the amendment of Article 5 of Annex 1 to the Association Agreement⁽⁴⁾, or implemented pursuant to these acts, shall remain applicable in the Community beyond 31 August 1975, until the entry into force of a new Agreement or until 31 December 1975, whichever is the sooner.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 August 1975.

For the Council

The President

M. RUMOR

(1) cf. GEN I 1
 (2) cf. GEN J 95
 (3) cf. GEN II 9
 (4) cf. GEN I 90

REGULATION (EEC) No 2916/75 OF THE COUNCIL
of 5 November 1975

extending for the fourth time Regulations (EEC) No 2313/71 and (EEC) No 2823/71 partially and temporarily suspending Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to wines originating in and coming from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 2313/71 (1) and (EEC) No 2823/71, as last extended by Regulation (EEC) No 1942/74, pending the adoption of a definitive system, established a provisional system for the importation of wines from Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Turkey into the Community; whereas since the definitive system has not yet been adopted, the provisional system must be extended on the same conditions as those on which it was set up, so as to avoid any interruption which might harm wine exports from those countries to the Community; whereas the period of validity of this provisional system must end on the date when the definitive system is implemented or on 31 August 1976, whichever shall be the earlier,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The second paragraph of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2313/71 shall be replaced by the following:

'It shall be applicable, as regards Algeria, until the implementation of a definitive tariff system for the products in question, or until 31 August 1976, whichever shall be the earlier.'

2. The second paragraph of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 2823/71 shall be replaced by the following:

'It shall be applicable as regards each of the countries concerned until the implementation of a definitive tariff system for the products in question, or until 31 August 1976, whichever shall be the earlier.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 September 1975.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 November 1975.

For the Council

The President

M. RUMOR

(1) cf. OJ N° L 244, 30.10.1971, p. 10

REGULATION (EEC) No 3413/75 OF THE COUNCIL**of 30 December 1975****extending the term of validity of Council Regulation (EEC) No 346/75 concerning the importation into the Community of certain fishery products originating in Tunisia**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof ;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament ;

Whereas by Council Regulation (EEC) No 346/75 of 10 February 1975 concerning the importation into the Community of certain fishery products originating in Tunisia, transitional arrangements were laid down concerning trade in trout, carp, preserved sardines and tunny between the Community and Tunisia ;

Whereas negotiations are in progress with a view to concluding a new Association Agreement between Tunisia and the European Economic Community ; whereas this new Agreement will provide for special import arrangements for the products in question ;

Whereas, to avoid any disruption in the trade in these products between the Community and Tunisia, the

transitional arrangements instituted by Regulation (EEC) No 346/75 should be extended until the introduction of the Agreement referred to above, but not in any event beyond 31 December 1976,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The first paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 346/75 shall be replaced by the following text :

'The arrangements provided for by this Regulation shall apply for 1976, until the introduction of the new Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia but not later than 31 December 1976.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 December 1975.

For the Council

The President

M. TOROS

31. 12. 75

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 337/3

REGULATION (EEC) No 3415/75 OF THE COUNCIL
of 30 December 1975

extending the term of validity of Regulation (EEC) No 2107/75 extending the arrangements applicable to trade with Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2107/75 extended the arrangements applied by the Community to trade with Tunisia under the association with that country until 31 December 1975 at the latest, pending the conclusion of a new Association Agreement;

Whereas negotiations for the conclusion of the new Agreement have not yet been completed and the arrangements which the Community applies to trade with Tunisia should therefore again be extended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2107/75 '31 December 1975' shall be replaced by '30 June 1976'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 December 1975.

For the Council

The President

M. TOROS

28. 1. 76

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 20/53

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 112/76

of 19 January 1976

concerning imports into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas implementation of the common fishery policy has rendered null and void the system provided for in Annex 2 to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia; whereas the Community must, pursuant to Article 10 (2) of that Annex, take account of the interests of Tunisia when establishing the common organization of the market in fishery products;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 100/76 of 19 January 1976 on the common organization of the market in fishery products established a system of trade with third countries based on the application of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas it is possible for the Community to meet its obligations with regard to Tunisia by granting that country considerable tariff concessions which can go as far as exemption from duty for products falling within Chapter 3 of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas negotiations are in progress for the conclusion of a new Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia; whereas this new Agreement should lay down special import arrangements for carp and trout as well as preserved sardines and tunny; whereas transitional arrangements for importation of those products into the Community should therefore be provided;

Whereas, having regard to the provisions of the Act of Accession, the import arrangements applied by the Member States to the products in question originating in Tunisia must not be less favourable

than those applied from 1 January 1975 to like products originating in other third countries,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The products listed in Article 1 (2) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (g) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/76, with the exception of trout and carp, falling respectively within subheadings 03.01 A I a) and 03.01 A III of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported into the Community free of customs duty.

Article 2

The products listed in Article 1 (2) (e) and (f) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/76, with the exception of prepared and preserved sardines and tunny, falling respectively within subheadings 16.04 D and 16.04 E of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported into the Community at customs duties equal to 30 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable.

Article 3

The trout and carp, falling respectively within subheadings 03.01 A I a) and 03.01 A III of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia, shall be imported duty free into the Community.

Article 4

1. Member States shall maintain in force the import arrangements effective on 31 January 1972 to prepared and preserved sardines and tunny, falling respectively within subheadings 16.04 D and 16.04 E of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia.

2. However, Member States which open tariff quotas under arrangements referred to in paragraph 1 may increase the quantity of such quotas by not more than 30 %.

3. The import arrangements applied to products as specified in paragraph 1 originating in Tunisia shall in no case be less favourable than those applied to like products originating in other third countries.

Article 5

The arrangements provided for in Articles 3 and 4 shall apply for 1976, until the entry into force of the new Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and not later than 31 December 1976.

Article 6

1. The following Regulations are hereby repealed:

— Council Regulation (EEC) No 1706/71 of 26 July 1971 concerning imports into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia,

— Council Regulation (EEC) No 346/75 of 10 February 1975 concerning the importation into the Community of certain fishery products originating in Tunisia, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3413/75.

2. References to the Regulations repealed by paragraph 1 shall be construed as references to this Regulation.

References to Articles of those Regulations are to be read in accordance with the correlation given in the Annex.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 January 1976.

For the Council

The President

J. HAMILIUS

ANNEX

Correlation table

Regulation (EEC) No 346/75

Article 1
Article 2
Article 4

This Regulation

Article 3
Article 4
Article 5

5. 3. 76

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 58/5

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 471/76

of 24 February 1976

suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons, originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey in accordance with Agreements between the European Economic Community and each of these countries

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas:

- the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus (1),
- the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain (2),
- the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel (3),
- the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (4),
- the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt (5),
- the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia (6),
- the Additional Protocol (7) annexed to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Turkey,

provide *inter alia* for a tariff reduction on imports into the Community of lemons originating in these countries on condition that a fixed price is observed on the internal Community market;

Whereas the application of the said condition should be suspended with regard to imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey;

Whereas Council Regulations:

- (EEC) No 1252/73 of 14 May 1973 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Cyprus (8),
- (EEC) No 2047/70 of 13 October 1970 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Spain (9),
- (EEC) No 1627/75 of 26 June 1975 on imports of fresh lemons originating in Israel (10),
- (EEC) No 1467/69 of 23 July 1969 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Morocco (11),
- (EEC) No 2411/73 of 24 July 1973 on imports of citrus fruit originating in the Arab Republic of Egypt (12),
- (EEC) No 1472/69 of 23 July 1969 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia (13) and
- (EEC) No 1233/71 of 7 June 1971 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Turkey (14),

(1) cf. GEN I 1

(2) OJ No L 182, 16. 8. 1970, p. 4.

(3) OJ No L 136, 28. 5. 1975, p. 3.

(4) cf. GEN I 1

(5) OJ No L 251, 7. 9. 1973, p. 2.

(6) cf. GEN I 1

(7) cf. GEN I 73

(8) OJ No L 228, 15. 10. 1970, p. 2.

(9) OJ No L 165, 28. 6. 1975, p. 9.

(10) OJ No L 251, 7. 9. 1973, p. 101.

have laid down the implementing rules for the condition referred to above; whereas, therefore, the application of these Regulations as far as the said implementing rules are concerned should also be suspended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The application of the following provisions shall be suspended as regards imports of fresh lemons originating in the countries in question:

- Article 5 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus;
- Article 7 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain;
- Article 8 (3) and (4) of Protocol I annexed to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel;
- Article 4 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 February 1976.

- Article 6 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt;
- Article 4 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Republic of Tunisia;
- Article 4 (3) and (4) of Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol annexed to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Turkey.

Article 2

The application of Regulations (EEC) No 1252/73, (EEC) No 2047/70, (EEC) No 1627/75, (EEC) No 1467/69, (EEC) No 2411/73, (EEC) No 1472/69 and (EEC) No 1233/71, shall be suspended as regards imports of fresh lemons originating in the countries concerned.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1976.

It shall be applicable until 31 May 1976.

For the Council

The President

M. MART

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1493/76

of 24 June 1976

suspending the application of the condition to which imports of certain citrus fruit originating in Morocco or Tunisia are subject under the Association Agreements between the Community and each of those countries

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 2108/75⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3416/75⁽²⁾, extended the arrangements applied by the Community to trade with Morocco within the framework of the Association with that country; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 2107/75, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3415/75, extended the arrangements applied by the Community to trade with Tunisia within the framework of the Association with that country;

Whereas Article 4 (2) and (3) of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco⁽³⁾, and Article 4 (2) and (3) of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia⁽⁴⁾, provide, *inter alia*, for the application to imports into the Community of certain fresh citrus fruit falling within subheadings 08.02 A I and ex B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in those countries, of arrangements comprising a tariff reduction subject, during the period of application of reference prices, to the observance of a specific price on the Community market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1467/69 of 23 July 1969 on imports of citrus fruits originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2365/70⁽⁶⁾ and Council Regulation (EEC) No

1472/69 of 23 July 1969 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Tunisia, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2366/70, laid down detailed rules for the application of those provisions;

Whereas the application of the condition governing the tariff reduction for imports of certain fresh citrus fruit falling within subheadings 08.02 A I and ex B of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Morocco and Tunisia should be suspended;

Whereas, as a result, the application of Regulations (EEC) No 1467/69 and (EEC) No 1472/69 should also be suspended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the following products:

CCT heading No	Description of goods
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried : A. Oranges : I. Sweet oranges, fresh ex B. Mandarines (including tangerines and satsumas), clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids, fresh

originating in Morocco and Tunisia, the application of the following provisions, extended by Regulations (EEC) No 3416/75 and (EEC) No 3415/75 respectively, shall be suspended:

— Article 4 (2) and (3) of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 215, 13. 8. 1975, p. 2
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 337, 31. 12. 1975, p. 4
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 197, 8. 8. 1969, p. 1
(4) GEN I 8
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 197, 8. 8. 1969, p. 95
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 257, 26. 11. 1970, p. 1

— Article 4 (2) and (3) of Annex 1 to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia.

(EEC) No 1467/69 and (EEC) No 1472/69 shall be suspended.

Article 2

For the products listed in Article 1 originating in Morocco and Tunisia, the application of Regulations

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

28. 6. 76

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 169/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1507/76

of 24 June 1976

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products
originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia (1976)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreements between the European Economic Community of the one part and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Kingdom of Morocco and the Republic of Tunisia of the other part each stipulate in Article 9 that products originating in these countries shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties; whereas, by way of derogation therefrom, Article 12 of each of these Agreements provides that the reduction of duties shall apply to imports of the products listed therein only up to ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reimposed;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of these Agreements, the Interim Agreements⁽¹⁾ on trade in goods between the Community and Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia provide for the advance application of these tariff measures probably with effect from 1 July 1976; whereas the *pro rata temporis* clause shall apply; whereas the ceilings to be applied in the second half of 1976 should therefore be determined; whereas the application of ceilings requires the Community to be regularly informed of the trend of imports of the relevant products originating in these countries; whereas imports should therefore be made subject to a system of supervision;

(1) GEN II 31

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on setting off imports of the products in question against the ceilings at Community level, as and when these products are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of declarations that they have been made available for consumption; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the reintroduction of customs tariff duties as soon as the ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to follow the progress of amounts set off against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation must be all the closer in that the Commission must be able to take adequate measures to reintroduce customs tariff duties whenever one of the ceilings is reached.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July to 31 December 1976 imports of the products originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia which are listed in Annexes I, II and III respectively shall be subject to annual ceilings and Community supervision.

The description of the products referred to in the first paragraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the ceilings are given in Annexes I, II and III.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings as and when products are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of a declaration that they have been made available for consumption and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in the Protocols on rules of origin annexed to the Cooperation and Interim Agreements between the Community of the one part and Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia of the other part. However, in the case of products falling within Chapter 27, a certificate of origin may be substituted for the movement certificate.

Goods shall be set off against the ceiling only if the movement certificate or, in the case of goods falling within Chapter 27, the certificate of origin has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it as defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

Member States shall inform the Commission at the intervals and within the time limits specified in para-

graph 4 of imports effected in accordance with the above rules.

3. As soon as the ceilings have been reached, the Commission may issue a Regulation reimposing the customs duties applicable to third countries until the end of the calendar year.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days from the expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

For the implementation of this Regulation the Commission shall take all necessary measures in close cooperation with the Member States.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

ANNEX I

List of products originating in Algeria subject to import ceilings in 1976

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe Code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I DZ 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10—15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10—34, 38, 39 27.10—59 27.10—69 27.10—75 27.10—79	550 000
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99% : I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11—03 27.11—19	
	27.12	Petroleum jelly A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12—19 27.12—90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13—89 27.13—90	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe Code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
IDZ 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14—99	
IDZ 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02 all Nos	25
IDZ 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03 all Nos	75
IDZ 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04 all Nos	1 000

ANNEX II

List of products originating in Morocco subject to import ceilings in 1976

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe Code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I MA 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10—15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10—34, 38, 39 27.10—59 27.10—69 27.10—75 27.10—79	
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 % : I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11—03 27.11—19	87 500
	27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12—19 27.12—90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13—89 27.13—90	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe Code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I MA 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I MA 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02 all Nos	25
I MA 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03 all Nos	300
I MA 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04 all Nos	1 000

ANNEX III

List of products originating in Tunisia subject to import ceilings in 1976

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe Code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
ITN 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10—15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10—34, 38, 39 27.10—59 27.10—69 27.10—75 27.10—79	87 500
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99% : I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11—03 27.11—19	
	27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12—19 27.12—90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13—89 27.13—90	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe Code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I TN 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14—99	
I TN 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02 all Nos	25
I TN 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03 all Nos	25
I TN 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04 all Nos	400

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1508/76
of 24 June 1976
on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and the Interim Agreement (1) on the advance implementation of certain provisions of the Cooperation Agreement relating to trade in goods were signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas Articles 16 and 17 of the Cooperation Agreement and Annex B thereto and Articles 9 and 10 of the Interim Agreement and Annex B thereto provide for special arrangements for imports of olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community; whereas the implementation of these arrangements requires that implementing rules be adopted, particularly as regards oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II;

Whereas provided that Tunisia levies a special charge on exports of oil falling within subheading 15.07 A II, the said special arrangements provide for a standard abatement of 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes of the levy applicable to such oil and a reduction of the said levy by an amount equal to the special charge, but not exceeding:

— 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes, representing the reduction provided for in Article 16 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement or Article 9 of the Interim Agreement,

— 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes, representing the additional amount provided for in Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement or to the Interim Agreement;

Whereas in accordance with the Cooperation Agreement and the Interim Agreement, the special charge on exports should be reflected in the price of the oil upon importation into the Community; whereas, in order to ensure the correct application of the arrangements in question, the necessary measures should be adopted to ensure that the special charge on exports is paid at the latest when the oil is imported,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Where Tunisia levies the special charge on exports of olive oil other than olive oil which has undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community, the levy applicable to imports of the said oil into the Community shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats (2), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 (3), less:

- (a) 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes, and
- (b) an amount equal to the special charge levied by Tunisia on exports of the said oil but not exceeding 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes, such amount being increased until 31 October 1977 by 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

(1) GEN II 31

(2) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.
 (3) OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

Article 2

The arrangements provided for in Article 1 shall apply to any import transaction in respect of which the importer furnishes proof, when importing the olive oil, that the special charge on exports referred to in Article 1 has been reflected in the import price.

Article 3

Where Tunisia does not apply the special charge on exports, the levy charged on imports into the Community of the oil defined in Article 1 shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes.

Article 4

Without prejudice to the charging of the variable component of the levy determined in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the fixed component of the said levy shall not be charged on imports into the Community of olive oil which has undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported direct from that country to the Community.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

Article 5

The levy referred to in Article 4 shall be fixed by the Commission.

Article 6

The detailed rules for the application of this Regulation and, in particular, of Article 2 shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC.

Article 7

Council Regulation (EEC) No 1912/74 of 22 July 1974 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia ⁽¹⁾ is hereby repealed.

Article 8

The arrangements provided for in this Regulation shall apply from the date of entry into force of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia.

Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 202, 24. 7. 1974, p. 6.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1509/76

of 24 June 1976

on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 112/76 of 19 January 1976 concerning imports into the Community of fishery products originating in Tunisia established transitional arrangements for imports of carp, trout and preserved sardines and tunny originating in that country;

Whereas these arrangements apply until the entry into force of a new Agreement between the Community and Tunisia;

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement and an Interim Agreement⁽¹⁾ between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia were signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas, therefore, from the time of entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement or the Interim Agreement on the advance implementation of certain provisions relating to trade in goods, the transitional arrangements referred to above shall no longer apply;

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement and the Interim Agreement contain provisions relating to imports of the fishery products in question, which will not, however, apply to imports of prepared and preserved sardines until an exchange of letters has been concluded;

(1) GEN II 31

Whereas, in order to avoid any interruption in trade in the said products between the Community and Tunisia pending the conclusion of that exchange of letters, the arrangements laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 112/76 should continue to apply on a transitional basis to prepared and preserved sardines,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Member States shall maintain in force the import arrangements applied on 31 January 1972 to prepared and preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia.
2. However, Member States which open tariff quotas under the arrangements referred to in paragraph 1 may increase the quantity of such quotas by not more than 30%.
3. The import arrangements applied to the products specified in paragraph 1 originating in Tunisia shall in no case be less favourable than those applied to like products originating in third countries.

Article 2

1. This Regulation shall apply until the entry into force of the arrangements laid down in the exchange of letters referred to in Article 11 (4) of the Interim Agreement and Article 18 (4) of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia or until 31 December 1976, whichever is the earlier.

2. This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1511/76

of 24 June 1976

on the opening, allocation and administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia (1976)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, signed on 25 April 1976, provides in Article 21 for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 4 300 metric tons of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70% of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas, pending the entry into force of this Agreement, the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia (1) provides for the advance application of this tariff measure, probably with effect from 1 July 1976; whereas the *pro rata temporis* clause shall apply; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the second half of 1976;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all importers in the Member States to the quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the product in question into all Member States until the said quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the tariff quota among the Member States; whereas,

(1) GEN II 31

to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics relating to imports of the said product from Tunisia over a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Tunisia of the products concerned:

	(in %)		
	1972	1973	1974
Benelux	4.9	15.8	3.4
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	10.5	10.2	2.5
France	84.6	74.0	94.1
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	10%,
Denmark	5%,
Germany	10%,
France	61%,
Ireland	4%,
Italy	5%,
United Kingdom	5%;

Whereas, in order to take account of future trends in imports into the various Member States of the product concerned, the quota should be divided into two instalments; the first to be allocated among all the Member States and the second to form a reserve intended to cover any subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security for importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community tariff quota should be set at 66% of the quota;

Whereas Member States may use up their initial shares at different rates; whereas, to provide for this eventuality and to avoid disruption of supplies, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State when each of its additional shares has been almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares should be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to keep a record of the extent to which the quota has been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve so as to prevent a part of the quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that Economic Union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the period 1 July to 31 December 1976 a Community tariff quota of 2 150 metric tons shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9%.

3. Within the limits of this tariff quota the new Member States shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the Agreement between the Community and Tunisia and the Act of Accession.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 1 420 metric tons of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1976, shall be as follows:

Benelux	140 metric tons,
Denmark	70 metric tons,
Germany	140 metric tons,
France	880 metric tons,
Ireland	50 metric tons,
Italy	70 metric tons,
United Kingdom	70 metric tons.

2. The second instalment of 730 metric tons shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90% or more of any Member State's initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), or 90% of that share less any portion returned to the reserve, where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up that Member State shall forthwith by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, to the extent that the reserve so permits.

2. If after its initial share has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share.

3. If after its second share has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This procedure shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those specified therein if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1976.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 15 November 1976, the unused portions of their initial shares which, on 1 November 1976, are in excess of 20% of the initial amounts. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portions may not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 15 November 1976, of the total quantity of the product in question imported up to and including 1 November 1976 and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 20 November 1976, of the state of the reserve after amounts have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said products against their shares as and when the product in question is entered for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, Member States shall inform it of the imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1513/76

of 24 June 1976

concerning imports of bran, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or other working of certain cereals originating in Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and the Interim Agreement (1) on the advance implementation of certain provisions of the Cooperation Agreement were signed on 25 April 1976;

Whereas, under Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement, provided that Tunisia levies a special charge on exports of bran, sharps and residues derived from sifting, milling or other working of cereals, other than of maize or rice, falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, the variable component of the import levy shall be reduced by an amount equivalent to 60% of the average of the variable components of the levies on the product in question for the three months preceding the month in which such an amount is fixed and the fixed component shall not be imposed;

Whereas this special charge on exports must be reflected in the import price of these products in the Community;

Whereas, in order to ensure that these Agreements are correctly applied, measures should be adopted requiring the importer, at the time when the bran,

sharps and other residues are imported, to furnish proof that the special charge on exports has been collected by Tunisia;

Whereas, pursuant *inter alia* to the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, these Agreements require detailed rules for their application,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The variable component of the levy on imports into the Community of bran, sharps and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals, other than of maize or rice, falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia shall be that calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export for products processed from cereals and from rice, less an amount equivalent to 60% of the average of the variable components of the levies on the product in question for the three months preceding the month in which such an amount is fixed.

Article 2

Article 1 shall apply to all imports in respect of which the importer can furnish proof that the special charge on exports has been collected by Tunisia in

(1) GEN II 31

accordance with Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement or with Article 15 of the Interim Agreement.

Article 3

Detailed rules for the application of this Regulation, in particular as regards the fixing of the amount by which the levy is to be reduced, shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation No (EEC) No 2727/75.

Article 4

The fixed component of the levy on imports into the Community of bran, sharps and other residues

derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals, other than of maize or rice, falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Tunisia shall not be imposed.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of the entry into force of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 June 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1554/76

of 29 June 1976

suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in the Mediterranean countries with which the Community concludes agreements

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community has concluded agreements with several Mediterranean countries providing, *inter alia*, for a reduced tariff on imports into the Community of fresh lemons originating in those countries, provided that a stated price is observed on the internal Community market;

Whereas the adoption of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2481/75 of 29 September 1975 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit ⁽¹⁾ has enabled the abovementioned condition to be suspended during the period for which Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 ⁽²⁾ is applicable;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/76 of 6 April 1976 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables and Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit ⁽³⁾, *inter alia*, maintains in force until 31 May 1977 the special measures in respect of Community lemons provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69;

Whereas, in these circumstances, it is necessary to extend beyond 31 May 1976 the provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 of 24 February 1976 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons, originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey in accordance with Agreements between the European Economic Community and each of these countries;

Whereas the Community signed Cooperation Agreements with Tunisia on 25 April 1976 and with

Morocco on 27 April 1976; whereas these Agreements contain the same provisions governing imports of lemons as the Association Agreements concluded with those countries ⁽⁴⁾, whereas the trade arrangements applicable by the Community under those Association Agreements were extended in respect of Tunisia by Regulation (EEC) No 2107/75, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3415/75, and in respect of Morocco by Regulation (EEC) No 2108/75 ⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3416/75 ⁽⁶⁾; whereas the Community signed, on the same day as the Cooperation Agreement with each of those countries, Interim Agreements ⁽⁷⁾ designed to bring forward the application of certain provisions of the Cooperation Agreements relating to trade;

Whereas on 26 April 1976 the Community signed a Cooperation Agreement and an Interim Agreement ⁽⁸⁾ with Algeria containing, with regard to lemons, similar provisions to those contained in the agreements between the European Economic Community and Tunisia and between the European Economic Community and Morocco; whereas comparable provisions are also to be included in the agreements under negotiation with the Arab Republic of Egypt, Syria, Jordan and the Lebanon;

Whereas, therefore, application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in those Mediterranean countries with which the Community concludes agreements should be suspended during the period of application of Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The following is hereby added to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76:

— Article 15 (3) and (4) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 8 (3) and (4) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia,

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 198, 8. 8. 1969, p. 1 and OJ No L 197, 8. 8. 1969, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 215, 13. 8. 1975, p. 2.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 337, 31. 12. 1975, p. 4.

⁽⁷⁾ GEN II 31 and OJ No L 141, 28.8.1976, p. 98

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 141, 28.5.1976, p. 27 and 2.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 254, 1. 10. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 318, 18. 12. 1969, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 93, 8. 4. 1976, p. 1.

- Article 15 (3) and (4) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 8 (3) and (4) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco,
- Article 15 (3) and (4) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 8 (3) and (4) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria.'

Article 2

The second paragraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 is hereby amended to read as follows :

'It shall be applicable until 31 May 1977.'

Article 3

The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, may extend the application of Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 to similar provisions in the agreements under negotiation with the Arab Republic of Egypt, Syria, Jordan and the Lebanon.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 June 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 June 1976.

For the Council

The President

G. THORN

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1586/76

of 30 June 1976

laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil originating in Tunisia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas by the said Regulation the Council adopted the rules for the application of the special arrangements for imports of olive oil from Tunisia provided for in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and Tunisia; whereas detailed rules must be adopted for the application of those rules:

Whereas Article 1 thereof provides that when Tunisia applies a special export charge on olive oil other than that which has undergone a refining process the levy applicable shall be reduced by (i) 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes and (ii) an amount equal to that of the special charge levied, subject to a maximum of 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes, this amount being increased, until 31 October 1977, by 10 units of account per 100 kilogrammes;

Whereas, under Article 2 thereof, the arrangements for reducing the levy shall apply to all imports in respect of which it can be proved that the special charge is reflected in the import price; whereas, for the purposes of applying these arrangements, the importer must supply proof that he has refunded the charge concerned to the exporter;

Whereas, to ensure that these arrangements function correctly, the importer must be able to inform the exporter of the amount both of the levy and of the charge applicable to the imported product;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1936/75 of 25 July 1975 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Tunisia should be repealed;

Whereas the introduction of the tendering procedure for the levy makes it necessary to specify the detailed rules for the application of these new arrangements to olive oil imports from Tunisia;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The arrangements provided for in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 shall apply where proof is supplied by the importer that he has refunded to the exporter, subject to the maximum specified under (b) in that Article, the special export charge deductible at the time of importation into the Community.
2. For the purposes of this Regulation, the exporter means the person indicated on certificate EUR 1.
3. The proof referred to in paragraph 1 may only be supplied by the submission of a receipt issued by a bank approved for the purpose into which the sum referred to in paragraph 1 has been paid by way of refund of the charge; such receipt must contain at least the following:
 - the designation of the exporter,
 - the number of the document EUR 1 relating to the transaction,
 - the amount of the sum paid.
4. Where the tendering procedure referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 601/76 applies, the abatements provided for in Articles 1 to 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 shall apply to the levies indicated in the offers where those levies are not less than the minimum levy.

Article 2

The bodies responsible in the Member States for collecting the import levy shall issue to the importer a document containing the following information:

- (a) details of the export document as given under the heading 'Customs endorsement' on the document EUR 1 relating to the product concerned, or the number of that certificate;
- (b) the net weight of the olive oil as recorded by the competent authorities at the time of completing the customs import formalities;
- (c) the rate of the levy applicable to the products concerned, calculated in accordance with Article

13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilogrammes;

- (d) the amount refunded by the importer to the exporter.

Article 3

Regulation (EEC) No 1936/75 is hereby repealed.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 June 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

DECISION

OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

of 29 June 1976

opening tariff preferences for products covered by that Community and originating in Tunisia

(76/564/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Whereas the Member States have concluded among themselves the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community;

With effect from 1 July 1976, the duties applicable in the Community to imports of products covered by the European Coal and Steel Community and originating in Tunisia shall be suspended.

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, signed in Tunis on 25 April 1976, is to enter into force on 1 July 1976;

Article 2

Whereas the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the Republic of Tunisia is subject to the approval of each signatory State in accordance with its own constitutional rules;

The provisions laying down the rules of origin for the implementation of the interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia shall apply to the products referred to in Article 1.

Anxious to apply autonomously and concomitantly the tariff reductions laid down in that Agreement;

Article 3

In agreement with the Commission,

The Member States shall decide by common accord on any contingent protective measures suggested by one or more Member States or by the Commission.

(¹) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 195.

Article 4

This Decision shall expire on the entry into force of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the Republic of Tunisia, and no later than 30 June 1977.

Article 5

Member States shall adopt all the measures necessary for the implementation of this Decision.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 June 1976.

The President

G. THORN

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1903/76
of 30 July 1976**

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
15 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
14 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
16 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange
of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import
and export system for products processed from cereals
and from rice⁽⁴⁾ is to be reduced by an amount fixed
by the Commission each quarter; whereas this
amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the
variable components of the levies in force during the
three months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during the months of April,
May and June 1976 are to be taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement
annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No
1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be
deducted from the variable component applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively shall be as shown in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August
1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 July 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

(1) GEN II 129

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 30 July 1976 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

CCT heading No	u.a./metric ton
23.02 A II a)	5.29
23.02 A II b)	21.17

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2033/76

of 17 August 1976

fixing the amounts by which the variable component of the levy on bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia is to be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreements in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provide

that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾ is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the Agreements entered into force on 1 July; whereas, in accordance with the provisions of the last subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters, the amounts to be deducted for July should be fixed by reference to the variable components applicable during the months of March, April and May 1976 to products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amounts as referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of letters forming the Agreements annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria or Morocco shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply, where the party concerned so requests, from 1 to 31 July 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 August 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

(1) GEN II 129

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	t/a/metric ton
23.02 A II a)	5.09
23.02 A II b)	20.36

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2471/76

of 11 October 1976

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during the months of July, August and September 1976 are to be taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 October 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

(1) GEN II 129

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.a./metric ton
23.02 A II a)	5-01
23.02 A II b)	20-03

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2766/76 (*)
of 15 November 1976
fixing the minimum import levies on olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 162/66/EEC of 27 October 1966 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece⁽³⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 601/76 of 15 March 1976 laying down special measures in particular for the determination of the offers of olive oil on the world market⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 602/76 of 15 March 1976 laying down special measures in particular for the determination of the offers of olive oil on the Greek market⁽⁵⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Algeria⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Morocco⁽⁷⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia⁸, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas, in Regulation (EEC) No 1362/76 of 14 June 1976⁹, the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix the levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 4 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1046/76 of 4 May 1976 on detailed rules for the implementation of the special measures for the determination of offers of olive oil on the world market

and the Greek market⁽⁹⁾, lays down the criteria for fixing the rate of the minimum levy;

Whereas that rate must be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of an examination of the world or Greek markets and of the Community market, and also of the levy rates indicated by the tenderers;

Whereas account should be taken of the oil content of products other than olive oil; whereas, however, no levies are applied to imports of oil-cake and other residues falling within subheading 23.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff and having an oil content of not more than 3 %;

Whereas account should be taken in applying the levy of the provisions of the agreements between the Community and certain non-member countries; whereas, in particular, the levy must be calculated on the basis of the levy to be collected on imports from non-member countries;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2661/76 of 29 October 1976⁽¹⁰⁾, has foreseen special conditions for tendering procedures for fixing the levy on olive oil during November 1976;

Whereas the application of the rules described above to the levy rates submitted by tenderers between 9 and 12 November 1976 results in the fixing of the minimum levies as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on imports of olive oil shall be as shown in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 November 1976.

(*) A similar text containing other statistics appears regularly in the Official Journal. It is suggested that the latest Official Journal be consulted.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 197, 29. 10. 1966, p. 3393/66.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 72, 18. 3. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 72, 18. 3. 1976, p. 3.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 13.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 119, 6. 5. 1976, p. 7.
⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 300, 30. 10. 1976, p. 60.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 November 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission

ANNEX

(u.a / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	7-00	9-00
07.03 A II	7-00	8-00
15.07 A I a)	36-00	50-00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	56-00	103-00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II a)	32-50	42-00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	37-50	65-00 ⁽²⁾
15.17 A I	16-00	21-00
15.17 A II	26-00	34-00
23.04 A	3-00	3-00 ⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3-20 u.a. / 100 kg

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 6 u.a. / 100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Greece and Spain : 0-50 u.a. / 100 kg .

(b) Turkey : 0-50 u.a. / 100 kg , in addition, and provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by Turkey, the levy is reduced by 4-5 u.a. / 100 kg .

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia : 20-50 u.a. / 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries, however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant to Article 3 of Regulations (EEC) No 601/76 and (EEC) No 602/76, no import levy is collected on oil-cake and other residues falling within subheading 23.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff and having an oil content of not more than 3 %.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3047/76

of 9 December 1976

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia (1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreements⁽¹⁾ between the European Economic Community of the one part and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Kingdom of Morocco and the Republic of Tunisia of the other part each stipulate in Article 2 that products originating in these countries shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties; whereas, by way of derogation therefrom, Article 5 of each of these Agreements provides that the reduction of duties shall apply to imports of the products listed therein only up to ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reimposed; whereas the ceilings to be applied in 1977 should therefore be established; whereas, however the Agreements expire on 30 June 1977; whereas the Community intends to maintain its trading relations with these countries; whereas the provisions governing the second half of 1977 should not be less favourable than those laid down for the first; whereas in order not to disrupt trading patterns for the products in question, ceilings should be established for the whole of 1977;

Whereas the application of ceilings requires the Community to be regularly informed of the trend of imports of the relevant products originating in these countries; whereas imports should therefore be made subject to a system of supervision;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on setting off imports of the products in question against the ceilings at Community level, as and when these

products are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of declarations that they have been made available for consumption; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the reintroduction of tariff duties as soon as the ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to follow the progress of amounts set off against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation must be all the closer in that the Commission must be able to take adequate measures to reintroduce customs tariff duties whenever one of the ceilings is reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1977, imports of the products originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia which are listed in Annexes I, II and III respectively shall be subject to annual ceilings and Community supervision.

The description of the products referred to in the first paragraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the ceilings are given in Annexes I, II and III.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings as and when products are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of a declaration that they have been made available for consumption and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in the Protocols on rules of origin annexed to the Interim Agreements between the Community of the one part and Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia of the other part. However, in the case

(¹) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976.

of products falling within Chapter 27, a certificate of origin may be substituted for the movement certificate.

Goods shall be set off against the ceiling only if the movement certificate or, in the case of goods falling within Chapter 27, the certificate of origin has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it as defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

Member States shall inform the Commission at the intervals and within the time limits specified in paragraph 4 of imports effected in accordance with the above rules.

3. As soon as the ceilings have been reached, the Commission may issue a Regulation reimposing the

customs duties applicable to third countries until the end of the calendar year.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days from the expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

For the implementation of this Regulation the Commission shall take all necessary measures in close cooperation with the Member States.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 December 1976.

For the Council

The President

P. J. J. MERTENS

ANNEX I

List of products originating in Algeria subject to import ceilings in 1977

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimex code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I DZ 1	27.10	<p>Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:</p> <p>A. Light oils:</p> <p> III. For other purposes</p> <p>B. Medium oils:</p> <p> III. For other purposes</p> <p>C. Heavy oils:</p> <p> I. Gas oils:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p> <p> II. Fuel oils:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p> <p> III. Lubricating oils; other oils:</p> <p> c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a)</p> <p> d) For other purposes</p>	<p>27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29</p> <p>27.10-34, 38, 39</p> <p>27.10-59</p> <p>27.10-69</p> <p>27.10-75</p> <p>27.10-79</p>	1 100 000
	27.11	<p>Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:</p> <p>A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 % :</p> <p> I. For use as power or heating fuel</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p> I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p>	<p>27.11-03</p> <p>27.11-19</p>	
	27.12	<p>Petroleum jelly:</p> <p>A. Crude:</p> <p> III. For other purposes</p> <p>B. Other</p>	<p>27.12-19</p> <p>27.12-90</p>	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I DZ 1 (cont'd)	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	
	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I DZ 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02 all Nos	50
I DZ 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03 all Nos	150
I DZ 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04 all Nos	2 000

ANNEX II

List of products originating in Morocco subject to import ceilings in 1977

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimex code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)	
1	2	3	4	5	
I MA 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:			175 000
		A. Light oils:			
		III. For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29		
		B. Medium oils:			
		III. For other purposes	27.10-34, 38, 39		
		C. Heavy oils:			
		I. Gas oils:			
		c) For other purposes	27.10-59		
		II. Fuel oils:			
		c) For other purposes	27.10-69		
III. Lubricating oils; other oils:					
c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a)	27.10-75				
d) For other purposes	27.10-79				
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:			
		A. Propane of a purity not less than 99%:			
		I. For use as power or heating fuel	27.11-03		
		B. Other:			
		I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:			
		c) For other purposes	27.11-19		
	27.12	Petroleum jelly:			
		A. Crude:			
		III. For other purposes	27.12-19		
		B. Other	27.12-90		

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimex code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I MA 1 (cont'd)	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	
	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I MA 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02 all Nos	50
I MA 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03 all Nos	600
I MA 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04 all Nos	2 000

ANNEX III

List of products originating in Tunisia subject to import ceilings in 1977

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimexe code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)	
1	2	3	4	5	
I TN 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:			175 000
		A. Light oils:			
		III. For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29		
		B. Medium oils:			
		III. For other purposes	27.10-34, 38, 39		
		C. Heavy oils:			
		I. Gas oils:			
		c) For other purposes	27.10-59		
		II. Fuel oils:			
		c) For other purposes	27.10-69		
III. Lubricating oils; other oils:					
c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a)	27.10-75				
d) For other purposes	27.10-79				
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:			
		A. Propane of a purity not less than 99%:			
		I. For use as power or heating fuel	27.11-03		
		B. Other:			
		I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:			
		c) For other purposes	27.11-19		
	27.12	Petroleum jelly:			
		A. Crude:			
		III. For other purposes	27.12-19		
		B. Other	27.12-90		

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Nimex code	Level of ceiling (metric tons)
1	2	3	4	5
I TN 1 (cont'd)	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	
	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I TN 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02 all Nos	50
I TN 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03 all Nos	50
I TN 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04 all Nos	800

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3049/76

of 9 December 1976

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia (1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia (4), signed on 25 April 1976, provides in Article 14, for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 4 300 metric tons of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70% of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1977; whereas, however, the Agreement expires on 30 June 1977; whereas the Community intends to maintain its trading relations with that country; whereas the conditions governing the second half of 1977 should not be less favourable than those laid down for the first; whereas in order not to disrupt trading patterns for the products in question, the Community tariff quota should be opened for the whole of 1977;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all importers in the Member States to the quota and uninterrupted ap-

plication of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the product in question into all Member States until the said quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics relating to imports of the said product from Tunisia over a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Tunisia of the products concerned:

	1973	1974	1975
Benelux	15.8	3.4	3.8
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	10.2	2.5	—
France	74.0	94.1	95.2
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	1.0
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate

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percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	10
Denmark	5
Germany	10
France	62
Ireland	3
Italy	5
United Kingdom	5

Whereas, in order to take account of future trends in imports into the various Member States of the product concerned, the quota should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated among all the Member States and the second forming a reserve intended to cover any subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security for importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community tariff quota should be set at 66% of the quota;

Whereas Member States may use up their initial shares at different rates; whereas, to provide for this eventuality and to avoid disruption of supplies, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State when each of its additional shares has been almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares should be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to keep a record of the extent to which the quota has been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve so as to prevent a part of the quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that

economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1977, a Community tariff quota of 4 300 metric tons shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Tunisia.
2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9%.
3. Within the limits of this tariff quota the new Member States shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the Interim Agreement between the Community and Tunisia and the Act of Accession.

Article 2

1. A first instalment, amounting to 2 840 metric tons of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1977, shall be as follows:

Benelux	280 metric tons,
Denmark	140 metric tons,
Germany	280 metric tons,
France	1 760 metric tons,
Ireland	100 metric tons,
Italy	140 metric tons,
United Kingdom	140 metric tons.

2. The second instalment of 1 460 metric tons shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90% or more of any Member State's initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), or 90% of that share less any portion returned to the reserve, where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15% of its

initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, to the extent that the reserve so permits.

2. If after its initial share has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share.

3. If after its second share has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This procedure shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those specified therein if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1977.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1977, the unused portions of their initial shares which, on 15 September 1977, are in excess of 20% of the initial amounts. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portions may not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1977, of the total quantity of the product in question imported up to and including 15 September 1977, and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2

and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1977, of the state of the reserve after amounts have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said products against their shares as and when the product in question is entered for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, Member States shall inform it of the imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 December 1976.

For the Council

The President

P. J. J. MERTENS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 52/77

of 12 January 1977

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia is to be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during the months of October, November and December 1976 are to be taken into consideration.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 January 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) GEN II 129

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.a/tonne
23.02 A II a)	8.08
23.02 A II b)	32.32

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 126/77

of 18 January 1977

extending the period of validity of Regulations (EEC) No 1509/76 and (EEC) No 1522/76 on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Tunisia and Morocco respectively

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1509/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Tunisia, and Council Regulation (EEC) No 1522/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Morocco (1) provided for transitional arrangements for the said imports to apply until 31 December 1976 at the latest;

Whereas the conditions which gave rise to these transitional arrangements still exist for the products concerned;

Whereas the present arrangements for these products should therefore be temporarily extended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1509/76 and Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1522/76, the date '31 December 1976' is hereby replaced by '30 June 1977'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 January 1977.

For the Council

The President

Anthony CROSLAND

(1) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 45.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 148/77

of 18 January 1977

concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 12 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of fruit salads originating in Tunisia

(see GEN I 101)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 442/77
of 2 March 1977

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1586/76, (EEC) No 1587/76 and (EEC) No 1588/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

1. The following paragraph is added to Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1586/76 :

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

'The receipt referred to above may also be issued by a bank established in the importing Member State with which Tunisia has opened a special account for the purpose of refunding the charge in the currency of the abovementioned Member State. Where this is the case, Tunisia shall provide the Commission, which without delay shall inform the importing Member State, with all relevant particulars as to the opening of this account.'

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

2. The following paragraph is added to Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1587/76 :

Whereas, under Article 1 (1) of Commission Regulations (EEC) No 1586/76, (EEC) No 1587/76 and (EEC) No 1588/76 of 30 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco, the arrangements for reducing the levy on olive oil originating in these three countries apply to all imports in respect of which proof is supplied that the importer has refunded an amount in respect of the special export charge equal to the amount deductible at the time of importation into the Community ;

'The receipt referred to above may be also issued by a bank established in the importing Member State with which Algeria has opened a special account for the purpose of refunding the charge in the currency of the abovementioned Member State. Where this is the case, Algeria shall provide the Commission, which without delay shall inform the importing Member State, with all relevant particulars as to the opening of this account.'

Whereas Article 1 (3) of the abovementioned Regulations lays down the procedure for furnishing this proof ;

3. The following paragraph is added to Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1588/76 :

Whereas experience has shown that in some cases there are difficulties in furnishing this proof ; whereas, to remove these difficulties, the conditions under which the proof may be furnished should be made clear ;

'The receipt referred to above may also be issued by a bank established in the importing Member State with which Morocco has opened a special account for the purpose of refunding the charge in the currency of the abovementioned Member State. Where this is the case, Morocco shall provide the Commission, which without delay shall inform the importing Member State, with all relevant particulars as to the opening of this account.'

Whereas the Management Committee for Oils and Fats has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

(1) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

(2) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

(3) OJ No L 174, 1. 7. 1976, p. 16.

(4) OJ No L 174, 1. 7. 1976, p. 18.

Article 2

In Article 1 (4) of Regulations (EEC) No 1586/76, (EEC) No 1587/76 and (EEC) No 1588/76, the words 'the tendering procedure referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 601/76' are hereby replaced by the words 'a procedure of tendering for the levy'.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply until 31 October 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 March 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 730/77

of 6 April 1977

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia is to be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during the months of January, February and March 1977 are to be taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 April 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) GEN II 129

(2) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

(3) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

(4) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.s./tonne
23.02 A II a)	9.09
23.02 A II b)	36.37

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1178/77

of 17 May 1977

further extending the period of validity of Regulations (EEC) No 1509/76 and (EEC) No 1522/76 on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Tunisia and Morocco respectively

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Council Regulations (EEC) No 1509/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Tunisia, and (EEC) No 1522/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports into the Community of prepared and preserved sardines originating in Morocco (1), the period of validity of which was extended by Regulation (EEC) No 126/77, provided for transitional arrangements for the said imports to apply until 30 June 1977 at the latest;

Whereas the conditions which gave rise to these transitional arrangements still exist;

Whereas the present arrangements for these products should therefore be temporarily extended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1509/76 and Article 2(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1522/76, the date '30 June 1977' is hereby replaced by '31 December 1977'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1977.

For the Council

The President

J. SILKIN

(1) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 45.

29. 6. 77

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 158/3

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1388/77

of 21 June 1977

amending Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 in respect of the period of suspension of the application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in certain Mediterranean countries

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 868/77 of 26 April 1977 fixing certain prices and other amounts applicable in the fruit and vegetables sector for the 1977/78 marketing year (1), provides for the maintenance for the 1977/78 marketing year of the financial compensation measures for lemons which led to the adoption of Council Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 of 24 February 1976 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab

Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey in accordance with Agreements between the European Economic Community and each of these countries (2), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1554/76 (3); whereas, therefore, it is necessary to extend for the 1977/78 marketing year the suspension in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The second paragraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 is amended to read as follows :

'It shall apply until 31 May 1978.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 June 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 21 June 1977.

For the Council

The President

D. OWEN

(1) OJ No L 106, 29 4 1977, p. 5.

(2) OJ No L 58, 5. 3. 1976, p. 5.

(3) OJ No L 172, 1. 7. 1976, p. 3.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1389/77

of 21 June 1977

amending Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in various Mediterranean countries

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1554/76 of 29 June 1976 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in the Mediterranean countries with which the Community concludes Agreements⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission, Whereas on 18 January 1977 the Community signed with both Egypt⁽²⁾ and Jordan⁽³⁾ a Cooperation Agreement and an Interim Agreement for the advance implementation of certain provisions of the Cooperation Agreement relating to trade in goods; whereas on 3 May 1977 it signed a Cooperation Agreement and an Interim Agreement with Lebanon⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas these Agreements contain, with regard to lemons, similar provisions to those suspended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 of 24 February 1976 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey in accordance with Agreements between the European Economic Community and each of these countries⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1388/77; whereas it is therefore necessary to extend the scope of application of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The fifth indent of Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 is amended to read as follows:

— Article 17 (2) and (3) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 10 (2) and (3) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt;

2. The following shall be added to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76:

— Article 17 (2) and (3) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 10 (2) and (3) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan;

— Article 16 (2) and (3) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 9 (2) and (3) of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from the date of entry into force of the Interim Agreements.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 21 June 1977.

For the Council

The President

D. OWEN

(1) OJ No L 172, 1. 7. 1976, p. 3.

(2) OJ No L 126, 23. 5. 1977, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 126, 23. 5. 1977, p. 166.

(4) OJ No L 133, 27. 5. 1977, p. 1.

(5) OJ No L 58, 5. 3. 1976, p. 5.

7. 7. 77

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 169/25

DECISION
OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

of 28 June 1977

extending the period of validity of Decision 76/564/ECSC opening tariff preferences for products covered by that Community and originating in Tunisia

(77/417/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

Whereas pending the entry into force of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the Republic of Tunisia signed on 25 April 1976, the representatives of the Governments of the Member States adopted autonomously and concomitantly Decision 76/564/ECSC opening tariff preferences for products covered by that Community and originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, which is applicable until 30 June 1977 at the latest;

Whereas the said Agreement has not yet entered into force; whereas the period of validity of the autonomous measures should be extended by one year;

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

In Article 4 of Decision 76/564/ECSC the date '30 June 1977' is hereby replaced by '30 June 1978'.

Article 2

Member States shall adopt all the measures necessary for the implementation of this Decision.

Done at Luxembourg, 28 June 1977.

The President

W. RODGERS

8. 7. 77

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 170/9

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1529/77

of 6 July 1977

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia is to be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during the months of April, May and June 1977 are to be taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 July 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) GEN I 103

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.a./tonne
23.02 A II a)	10-34
23.02 A II b)	41-38

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2221/77
of 6 October 1977

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia is to be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
15 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
14 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
16 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the letters exchanged,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange
of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import
and export system for products processed from cereals
and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed
by the Commission each quarter; whereas this
amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the
variable components of the levies in force during the
three months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during the months of July,
August and September 1977 are to be taken into
consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement
annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No
1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be
deducted from the variable component applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as shown in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November
1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 October 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

(1) GEN II 129

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.a./tonne
23.02 A II a)	11-92
23.02 A II b)	47-69

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2383/77

of 28 October 1977

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978

(see GEN I 116)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Tunisia, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978

(see GEN I 117)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2388/77

of 28 October 1977

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 16 of and Annexes B to the Cooperation Agreements and Articles 9, 10 and 9 of and Annexes B to the Interim Agreements between the European Economic Community and Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, Morocco ⁽²⁾ and Algeria ⁽³⁾ respectively stipulate that, if the country in question levies a special export charge on imports into the Community of olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a fixed amount of 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms and by an amount equal to the special charge, but not exceeding 10 units of account per 100 kilograms in the case of reduction provided for in the aforementioned Articles and 10 units of account per 100 kilograms in the case of the additional amount provided for in the aforementioned Annexes B;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were

implemented by Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76 ⁽⁴⁾, (EEC) No 1514/76 ⁽⁵⁾ and (EEC) No 1521/76 ⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at 10 units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, the date '31 October 1977' is hereby replaced by '31 October 1978'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 28 October 1977.

For the Council

The President

G. SPITAELS

(1) GEN II 31

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 98.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

Office of Official Publication of the
European Communities - Luxembourg