

COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COMPILATION OF TEXTS

IV

ASSOCIATION

EEC-CYPRUS
EEC-MALTA
EEC-TURKEY

1 January — 31 December 1987



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⁽¹⁾ For this Regulation see p. 205 of this Compilation.

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EEC-CYPRUS Association

The Compilation of Texts pertaining to the "Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus" contains all the acts adopted by the various Institutions of the Association pursuant to the Agreement signed at Brussels on 19 December 1972 as well as the acts adopted by the EEC concerning Cyprus.

GENERAL MATTERS

1. Association Agreement and related texts

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 21 December 1987

on the conclusion of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement

(87/607/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the assent of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, signed at Brussels on 19 December 1972 ⁽²⁾,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain

provisions of the Agreement, the Annexes and the Final Act and declarations and exchange of letters annexed thereto are hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The texts of the Protocol and of the Final Act are attached to this Decision.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notification provided for in Article 36 of the Protocol ⁽³⁾.

Article 3

This Decision shall take effect on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

⁽¹⁾ Assent delivered on 16 December 1987 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ See page 104 of this Official Journal.

PROTOCOL

laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY,

of the one part,

THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS,

of the other part,

HAVING REGARD to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus signed at Brussels on 19 December 1972, hereinafter referred to as the Agreement,

CONSIDERING that Article 2 (3) of the Agreement provides for the elimination of obstacles as regards the main body of trade between the European Economic Community and Cyprus in two successive stages;

CONSIDERING that, under the terms of Article 2 (2) of the Agreement, the first stage was due to expire on 30 June 1977, but this stage has, however, been extended by the Additional Protocol to the Agreement, signed on 15 September 1977, until 31 December 1979 and subsequently, by the Transitional Protocol to the Agreement, signed on 7 February 1980, until 31 December 1980;

CONSIDERING that, at its meeting of 24 November 1980, the Association Council decided that the two Parties would enter the process into the second stage of the Agreement;

CONSIDERING that the Community and Cyprus wish to strengthen still further their relations in order to take account of the new dimension created by the accession of Spain and Portugal to the European Communities on 1 January 1986;

HAVE accordingly DECIDED to conclude a Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of Article 2 (3) of the Agreement, on the establishment of a customs union, and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

Uffe ELLEMANN-JENSEN,
Minister for Foreign Affairs of Denmark,
President-in-Office of the Council of the European Communities;

Claude CHEYSSON,
Member of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS:

George IACOVOU,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

WHO, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. This Protocol lays down the conditions, arrangements and timetable for the implementation of the provisions of Article 2 (3), concerning the establishment of a customs union, of the Agreement.

2. The completion of the second stage of the Agreement shall take place in two phases, the first starting on the entry

into force of this Protocol and terminating 10 years thereafter and the second of a duration of five years that could be reduced to four years in accordance with the provisions of Article 29 of this Protocol.

3. The second stage shall be governed by the provisions of the Agreement as amended and completed by the following provisions.

TITLE I
FIRST PHASE

CHAPTER I
MOVEMENT OF GOODS

Article 2

During the first phase of the second stage, trade between the Community and Cyprus shall remain based on the system of origin rules set out in the Protocol to the Agreement determining the rules of origin to be applied to the products covered by the Agreement.

CHAPTER II
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS

Article 3

Articles 4 to 14 shall apply to industrial products; these mean products other than those falling under Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

Section I

Elimination of customs duties between the Community and Cyprus

Article 4

On the entry into force of this Protocol, the Community shall abolish the annual ceilings for the following products originating in Cyprus:

CCT heading No	Description
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments

Article 5

1. Cyprus shall, on products originating in the Community, apart from those products listed in Annex 1 to this Protocol and in Annex I, list B to the Agreement, progressively abolish customs duties and charges having an equivalent effect, including customs duties of a fiscal nature, according to the following timetable:

Timetable	Rate of reduction
Two months after the start of the second stage	9%
One year after the start of the second stage	18%
Two years after the start of the second stage	27%
Three years after the start of the second stage	36%
Four years after the start of the second stage	45%
Five years after the start of the second stage	54%
Six years after the start of the second stage	63%
Seven years after the start of the second stage	72%
Eight years after the start of the second stage	81%
Nine years after the start of the second stage	90%
Ten years after the start of the second stage	100%

2. For each product, the basic duty on which Cyprus is to apply the successive reductions shall be the duty actually applied in respect of the Community on 1 January 1986.

Article 6

1. Notwithstanding Article 5, Cyprus shall, on the products originating in the Community listed in Annex 2 progressively abolish customs duties and charges having an equivalent effect, including customs duties of a fiscal nature, according to the following timetable:

Timetable	Rate of reduction
Two months after the start of the second stage	4%
One year after the start of the second stage	8%
Two years after the start of the second stage	12%
Three years after the start of the second stage	18%
Four years after the start of the second stage	24%
Five years after the start of the second stage	30%
Six years after the start of the second stage	45%
Seven years after the start of the second stage	60%
Eight years after the start of the second stage	75%
Nine years after the start of the second stage	90%
Ten years after the start of the second stage	100%

2. For each product listed in Annex 2, the basic duty on which Cyprus is to apply the successive reductions shall be the duty actually applied in respect of the Community on 1 January 1986.

Article 7

1. The rates of Cypriot tariff dismantling set out in Articles 5 and 6 may, in the first phase of 10 years, be adapted as necessary by the Association Council to take account of the economic development of Cyprus and the priorities laid down in the Cypriot development plan.

2. Following an application by Cyprus to the Community, the Association Council may, in order to meet the requirements of industrialization and development in

Cyprus, authorize Cyprus to reintroduce, increase or establish customs duties on products originating in the Community by up to 20 % *ad valorem* and in exceptional cases by up to 25 % *ad valorem*.

3. Cyprus may take appropriate measures, in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 after informing the Association Council, where an increase in imports of a given product is or is likely to be seriously detrimental to the requirements of industrialization and development in Cyprus and where this increase is due to:

- the partial or total reduction by Cyprus, as provided for in Articles 5 and 6, of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect levied on the product in question, and
- the fact that the duties or charges having equivalent effect levied by the Community, on imports of raw materials or intermediate products used in the manufacture of the product in question are significantly lower than the corresponding duties or charges levied by Cyprus.

4. The measures referred to in paragraph 3 shall be examined within the Association Council. This examination shall take place within 30 working days of the notification of such measures by Cyprus. If the Association Council has not approved, within 30 working days, the measures taken by Cyprus, these measures shall be abolished.

5. The measures referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 may be applied only to a maximum volume of 15 % of Cypriot imports from the Community calculated on the average total value in the two preceding years for which Community statistics are available.

6. In the event of Cyprus applying tariff measures referred to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4, preference in favour of products originating in the Community shall be maintained by an adaptation of the duties applied by Cyprus in respect of imports from third countries.

7. The measures referred to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 shall be progressively eliminated according to a timetable agreed by the two contracting parties and abolished at the latest by the end of the first phase of the second stage of the Agreement.

The Association Council in exceptional cases may approve the extension of certain measures beyond the first phase.

Section II

Adoption by Cyprus of the Common Customs Tariff

Article 8

The Cypriot Customs Tariff apart from that applied on products listed in Annex 1 to this Protocol and in Annex 1,

List B to the Agreement, shall be progressively aligned on the Common Customs Tariff as it stands at any given moment on the basis of the duties actually applied by Cyprus in respect of third countries on 1 January 1986 and in accordance with the following rules:

1. In the cases of products on which the duties actually applied by Cyprus at the date indicated above do not differ from the Common Customs Tariff by more than 15 % either way, the latter shall be applied by Cyprus from the entry into force of this Protocol.
2. In other cases, Cyprus shall apply, two months after the entry into force of this Protocol, duties reducing by 9 % the difference between the rate actually applied and the duty in the Common Customs Tariff.

Nine further reductions, each of 9 % shall be made at the beginning of the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth years respectively after the entry into force of this Protocol.

The Common Customs Tariff shall be applied in its entirety at the beginning of the eleventh year following the entry into force of this Protocol, subject to the provisions of Article 7 (6) and (7).

3. In the event of the Common Customs Tariff being modified during the above period of 10 years, the rate of alignment shall be adjusted to ensure that the difference between the Cypriot Customs Tariff and the CCT is eliminated in equal steps between the date of modification of the CCT and the beginning of the eleventh year.

Article 9

Notwithstanding Article 8, Cyprus shall, for the products listed in Annex 2, align its customs tariff on the Common Customs Tariff in accordance with the following rules:

1. Cyprus shall apply, two months after the entry into force of this Protocol, duties reducing by 4 % the difference between the rate applied on 1 January 1986 and the duty in the Common Customs Tariff.
2. Two further reductions, each of 4 % shall be made at the beginning of the second and third years.

This difference shall be further reduced by three reductions, each of 6 % at the beginning of the fourth, fifth and sixth years and by four reductions each of 15 % at the beginning of the seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth years.

The Common Customs Tariff shall be applied in its entirety at the beginning of the eleventh year following the entry into force of this Protocol.

Section III

Elimination of quantitative restrictions by the Contracting Parties

Article 10

Cyprus shall abolish quantitative restrictions and all measures having equivalent effect on imports from the Community upon the entry into force of this Protocol apart from products listed in Annex I, List B to the Agreement.

Article 11

1. Notwithstanding Article 10, Cyprus may impose import licences on imports for home consumption originating in the Community for the products listed in Annex 1, according to the rules set out in paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 5.

2. Within the quantities laid down in Annex 1, the import licence shall be issued automatically within a period of five working days from the submission of the request. Should it not be issued within this period, the products in question may nevertheless be freely imported.

3. During the first phase of the second stage, the quantities for certain products listed in Annex 1 shall increase by 50 % in 10 equal annual steps of 5 %.

4. The first increase shall be made to the initial quantities on 1 January of the year following the entry into force of this Protocol. Subsequent increases shall be at the beginning of each year.

5. Annex 7 shall define the rules which shall be applied by Cyprus for the administration of the quantities laid down in Annex 1.

Article 12

1. Notwithstanding Article 10, Cyprus may impose import licences on imports for home consumption originating in the Community up to the end of the first phase of the second stage for the products listed in Annex 3, according to the rules set out in paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 5.

2. Within the quantities or values laid down in Annex 3, the import licences shall be issued automatically within a period of five working days from the submission of the request. Should it not be issued within this period, the products in question may nevertheless be freely imported.

3. During the first phase of the second stage, the quantities or values for the products listed in Annex 3 shall increase by:

- 100 % in 10 equal annual steps of 10 % for quantity limits,
- 150 % in 10 equal annual steps of 15 % for value limits.

4. Notwithstanding paragraph 3, during the first phase of the second stage the rate of increase of the quantities for the following products in Annex 3 shall be:

Cyprus tariff heading	Product description	Rate of increase in first phase
36.06	Matches	60 % in 10 equal annual steps of 6 %
69.05	Roofing tiles	80 % in 10 equal annual steps of 8 %

5. The first increase shall be made to the initial quantities or values on 1 January of the year following the entry into force of this Protocol. Subsequent increases shall be at the beginning of each calendar year.

6. Where imports into Cyprus of a product originating in the Community listed in Annex 3 have for three consecutive years been less than 80 % of the quantity limit or value limit established under the provisions of paragraphs 3, 4 and 5, imports of that product from the Member States of the Community shall be liberalized as from the beginning of the year following these three years.

7. The Association Council may, in the context of the Decision to pass from the first phase to the second phase of the second stage, approve the extension of the provisions of paragraph 1 for products in Annex 3 beyond the first phase.

8. Annex VII shall define the rules which shall be applied by Cyprus for the administration of the quantity and value limits laid down in Annex 3.

Article 13

Cyprus shall progressively adjust any State monopolies of a commercial character, so as to ensure that, when the first phase of the second stage has ended, no discrimination regarding the conditions under which goods are procured and marketed exists between nationals of Member States of the Community and nationals of Cyprus.

Section IV

Processed agricultural products

Article 14

The Community shall abolish the fixed component for the products mentioned in Annex I, List A to the Agreement, as

amended by the Additional Protocol signed at Brussels on 15 September 1977 and in Article 4 of the same Protocol, upon the entry into force of this Protocol.

CHAPTER III

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

Article 15

For the purposes of Articles 16 to 26, agricultural products shall mean all those falling under Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

Section I

Elimination of customs duties between the Community and Cyprus and adoption of the Common Customs Tariff

Article 16

1. On the entry into force of this Protocol, the Community and Cyprus shall progressively abolish residual customs duties and charges having an equivalent effect for agricultural products covered by reciprocal concessions in the Agreement and this Protocol which are listed in Annex IV and within the limits and in accordance with the conditions of such concessions. This tariff dismantlement shall apply under the same conditions and timetable laid down for industrial products in Article 5.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, the customs duties and charges having an equivalent effect applicable on the importation into Cyprus of agricultural products covered by reciprocal concessions originating in the Community mentioned in Annex 5 shall, during the first phase of the second stage of the Agreement, be those of the General Customs Tariff of Cyprus.

3. The tariff preference granted to the Community for the products listed in Annex 5 and Annex 6 shall be maintained. In addition, Cyprus shall progressively abolish residual customs duties and charges having an equivalent effect for sugar originating in the Community falling within Cypriot tariff heading 17.01 according to the timetable laid down in Article 5.

4. The Community or Cyprus may propose, during the first phase, within the Association Council, to change the list of products of Annex 4 if such a change would be to the benefit of the Contracting Parties.

Article 17

1. Cyprus shall progressively apply the Common Customs Tariff for agricultural products covered by

reciprocal concessions in the Agreement and this Protocol, under the conditions and timetable laid down for industrial products in Article 8.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, for the agricultural products covered by reciprocal concessions in the Agreement and listed in Annex 5, Cyprus, during the first phase of the second stage of the Agreement, shall not align its customs duties with the Common Customs Tariff.

Section II

Tariff quotas and calendars

Article 18

1. The tariff quota for new potatoes, falling within subheading 07.01 A II b) of the Common Customs Tariff, as laid down in the Agreement, shall be increased from 60 000 tonnes to 110 000 tonnes in 10 equal annual steps of 5 000 tonnes in the first phase of the second stage.

This tariff quota shall apply for the period from 16 May to 30 June.

2. The tariff quota for fresh table grapes falling within subheadings ex 08.04 A I a) and b) of the Common Customs Tariff, as laid down in the Agreement, shall be increased from 7 500 tonnes to 11 000 tonnes, by 600 tonnes in the first year, 500 tonnes in the second year and 300 tonnes in each of the eight years following of the first phase of the second stage.

This tariff quota shall apply for the period from 8 June to 4 August.

3. The tariff for dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, as laid down in the Agreement shall be increased from 500 tonnes to 1 500 tonnes upon the entry into force of this Protocol and thereafter at the rate laid down in paragraph 4.

4. The Community shall increase in the first phase of the second stage the Community tariff quotas for agricultural products covered by concessions in the Agreement and this Protocol and originating in Cyprus other than those referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 by 50 % in 10 equal steps of 5 % per annum of the Community tariff quota applicable at the entry into force of this Protocol. These provisions shall apply without prejudice to Article 19 (3).

5. For wines of fresh grapes falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff, put up in containers of two litres or less, originating in Cyprus, the provisions in paragraph 4 shall apply to a Community tariff quota of 35 000 hl.

For liqueur wines of an alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % or more falling within subheading ex 22.05 C originating in Cyprus, the provisions in paragraph 4 shall apply to a Community tariff quota of 150 000 hl.

Section III
New products and calendars

Article 19

1. For the products listed in paragraph 5 originating in Cyprus and imported into the Community, the customs duties applicable shall be phased out according to the procedures set out in Article 16 (1) of this Protocol and in this Article.

2. For the products referred to in paragraph 1, Cyprus shall progressively adopt the Common Customs Tariff according to the procedures set out in Article 17 (1) of this Protocol.

3. Where Community tariff quotas are applicable, these shall be increased apart from wine of fresh grapes in containers holding more than two litres, falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C I b) and C II b) of the Common Customs Tariff, according to the procedures set out in Article 18 (4).

4. For the purpose of eliminating customs duties, reference quantities are established for the following products originating in Cyprus:

- artichokes falling within subheading 07.01 L,
- kiwi fruit falling within subheading ex 08.09.

Should the volume of imports of one of these products exceed the reference quantity, the Community, having regard to the annual review of trade flows which it shall carry out, may make the product in question subject to a Community tariff quota, the volume of which shall be equal to the reference quantity.

5. For the products listed below, other than those for which a Community tariff quota or reference quantity is fixed, the Community may establish a reference quantity as provided for in paragraph 4 if it discovers, in the light of the annual review of trade flows which it shall carry out, that the volume of imports threatens to cause difficulties on the Community market.

CCT heading No	Description
06.03	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: A. Fresh (a)
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: B. Cabbages, cauliflowers and Brussels sprouts ex III. Other: — Chinese cabbage (<i>Brassica sinensis</i> and <i>Brassica Pekinensis</i>): — from 1 November to 31 December (b) D. Salad vegetables, including endives and chicory: ex I. Other (<i>Lactuca sativa</i> L. var. <i>capitata</i> type crisp head): — Iceberg lettuce: — from 1 November to 31 December (c) ex K. Asparagus: — from 1 November to end February ex L. Artichokes: — from 1 October to 31 December (d) T. Other: ex I. Courgettes: — from 1 December to 15 March
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder but not further prepared: ex B. Other: — Peppers
08.01	Dates, bananas, coconuts, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, pineapples, avocados, mangoes, guavas and mangosteens, fresh or dried, shelled or not: D. Avocados ex H. Other: — Mangoes

CCT heading No	Description
08.08	Berries, fresh: F. Other: ex II. Other: — Passion fruit
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh: — Kiwi fruit: — from 1 January to 30 April (e) — Persimmons: — from 1 December to 31 July
09.04	Pepper of the genus 'Piper'; pimento of the genus 'Capsicum' or the genus 'Pimenta': A. Neither crushed nor ground: II. Pimento: c) Other
09.10	Thyme, saffron and bay leaves; other spices: A. Thyme: I. Neither crushed nor ground: a) Wild thyme (<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>) b) Other II. Crushed or ground B. Bay leaves C. Saffron: I. Neither crushed nor ground II. Crushed or ground
12.07	Plants and parts (including seeds and fruit) of trees, bushes, shrubs or other plants, being goods of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy, or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whole, cut, crushed, ground or powdered: D. Other
20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit: B. Of a density of 1,33 g/cm ³ or less at 20 °C: I. Grape, apple and pear juice (including grape must); mixtures of apple and pear juice: a) Of a value exceeding 18 ECU per 100 kg net weight: 1. Grape juice (including grape must): aa) concentrated (f): 11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30% by weight 22. Other b) Of a value of 18 ECU or less per 100 kg net weight: 1. Grape juice (including grape must): aa) concentrated (f): 11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30% by weight 22. Other
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13% vol. in containers holding:

CCT heading No	Description
22.05 (cont'd)	<p>ex b) more than two litres</p> <p>— Wine of fresh grapes (g)</p> <p>II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13% vol. but not exceeding 15% vol., in containers holding:</p> <p>ex b) More than two litres</p> <p>— Wine of fresh grapes (g)</p>

- (a) Within a Community tariff quota of 50 tonnes.
- (b) Within a Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes.
- (c) Within a Community tariff quota of 100 tonnes.
- (d) Within a reference quantity of 100 tonnes.
- (e) Within a reference quantity of 200 tonnes.
- (f) Within a global Community tariff quota of 3 000 tonnes.
- (g) Within a global Community tariff quota of 26 000 hl.

6. For Kashkaval cheese originating in Cyprus falling within subheading ex 04.04 EI b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff the levy on imports shall be reduced.

from the representative prices recorded in the Community for the purpose of calculating the entry price of these products, within the limits set out in Article 152 (2) (c) of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal.

Section IV

Special measures to take account of the enlargement of the Community

Article 21

Article 20

1. For 1990 and for each successive marketing year, the Community shall decide, on the basis of the statistical review and analysis referred to in paragraph 2 whether to adjust the entry price, referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables, for the following products originating in Cyprus, within the following quantitative limits:

1. For wine of fresh grapes falling within heading No ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Cyprus presented in containers holding two litres or less, the fixed amount added to the price referred to in Article 53 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 on the common organization of the market in wine shall be phased out at the rate indicated below within the limit of an annual volume of 35 000 hl.

CCT heading No	Description	Quantity
08.02 A 1	Sweet oranges, fresh	67 000 tonnes
08.02 C	Lemons, fresh	15 000 tonnes
08.04 A ex 1	Fresh table grapes for the period 8 June to 4 August	10 500 tonnes

Upon the entry into force of this Protocol the fixed amount shall be reduced to 75 %.

Two years after the start of the second stage, the fixed amount shall be reduced to 60 %.

Four years after the start of the second stage, the fixed amount shall be reduced to 45 %.

Six years after the start of the second stage, the fixed amount shall be reduced to 30 %.

Eight years after the start of the second stage, the fixed amount shall be reduced to 15 %.

Ten years after the start of the second stage, the fixed amount shall be reduced to 0 %.

2. From 1987 onwards and at the end of each marketing year the Community shall carry out, on the basis of a statistical review, an analysis of the situation for the products referred to in paragraph 1 originating in Cyprus and exported to the Community.

2. The Community may fix a special frontier price for wine of fresh grapes and for liqueur wines of an alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % or more, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C presented in containers of more than two litres, if, for the marketing year current at the entry into force of this Protocol, it is established on the basis of information available at the end of this current marketing year that there is a fall in the level of exports of these wines to

For these same products, from 1989 onwards and for each subsequent year, the Community shall draw up a forecast of production and deliveries with Cyprus.

3. The possible adjustment provided for in paragraph 1 refers to the sum to be deducted, in respect of customs duty,

the Community compared to the previous marketing year. This latter marketing year shall serve as a reference year. For subsequent marketing years, the exports made shall be compared to the reference year.

Such special frontier price shall be fixed each year and before each marketing year and shall apply to imports up to an annual volume of:

- 26 000 hl for wines of fresh grapes falling within subheading ex 22.05 C,
- 73 000 hl for liqueur wines falling within subheading ex 22.05 C.

The situation shall be reviewed before 1 January 1990.

Section V

Elimination of quantitative restrictions on agricultural products

Article 22

Quantitative restrictions and measures having an equivalent effect on imports of agricultural products originating in the Community covered by reciprocal concessions shall be abolished by Cyprus upon the entry into force of this Protocol.

Article 23

1. Notwithstanding Article 22, Cyprus may continue to apply up to the end of the first phase of the second stage the existing import licensing system to imports originating in the Community for the products listed in Annex 5.

2. The Association Council may, in the context of the Decision to pass from the first phase to the second phase of the second stage approve the extension of the provisions referred to in paragraph 1 beyond the first phase.

Article 24

1. For the products set out in Annex 6 destined for home consumption originating in the Community, Cyprus shall for the quantities indicated in Annex 6 automatically issue import licences within a period of five working days from the submission of the request. Should they not be issued within this period, the goods in question may be freely imported.

2. The quantities for certain products listed in Annex 6 shall be increased by 30 % during the first phase of the second stage in 10 annual equal steps of 3 % of the initial quantity applicable upon the entry into force of this Protocol.

The first increase shall be made to the initial quantity on 1 January of the year following the entry into force of this Protocol.

3. Annex 7 shall define the rules which shall be applied by Cyprus for the administration of the quantities laid down in Annex 6.

4. Either the Community or Cyprus may propose, during the first phase, within the Association Council, to change the list of products in Annex 6 if such a change would be to the benefit of the contracting parties.

Section VI

Mechanisms of the common agricultural policy

Article 25

The application of the frontier mechanisms of the common agricultural policy shall not be affected during the first phase of the second stage, subject to special arrangements applied to certain products falling under Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community in Articles 20 and 21 of this Protocol.

Article 26

1. The free movement of agricultural products, covered in the Agreement and the present Protocol by reciprocal concessions, shall be conditional on an agreement being made in the framework of the decision taken by the Association Council for the passage to the second phase of the second stage, on the following principles:

- (i) the introduction by Cyprus of Community quality standards for these products;
- (ii) the application by Cyprus internally of domestic price constraints for these products similar to those in force in the Community, with a view to ensuring the stability of the domestic market and avoiding market crises. In this connection and with a view to preventing recourse to safeguard measures, procedures shall be set up for the identification of a state of crisis on the market and provision for measures which Cyprus should apply on its domestic market in relation to the degree of disturbance or risk of disturbance;
- (iii) the application by Cyprus of Community measures for these products at the Cyprus frontier.

2. With a view to implementing the principles referred to in paragraph 1, Cyprus shall submit suggestions to the Community during the first phase of the second stage as to the effective measures Cyprus will adopt under its own responsibility on both its domestic market and at its frontiers

which will enable free movement of the products referred to in paragraph 1 to be established.

3. The Community shall define its position on the suggestions of Cyprus referred to in paragraph 2, in the light, notably, of the policy debate within the bodies of the Association Council.

The Association Council shall decide on this subject before the end of the first phase of the second stage.

(c) any public aid which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favouring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods.

2. Should a Contracting Party note that any such practice as is referred to in paragraph 1 is being applied by its partner, it may take appropriate measures after consultations within the Association Council.

CHAPTER IV

HARMONIZATION OF ACCOMPANYING POLICIES

Article 27

1. The Contracting Parties recognize that the principles laid down in Articles 85 (agreements between undertakings), 86 (dominant position of an undertaking), 90 (public undertakings), 92 (State aid), 95 (taxation of products), 96 (repayments on exportation), 97 (turnover taxes), 98 (remissions and repayments in respect of exports) and 100 (approximation of laws) of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community shall be applied in their relations within the Association.

2. The conditions and detailed rules for the application of these principles and the guarantees relating to their proper application shall be examined by the Contracting Parties during the first phase of the second stage within the Association Council.

3. The measures referred to in paragraph 2 that are essential to ensure the smooth functioning of the Customs Union shall be agreed between the Contracting Parties and laid down in a Protocol which shall enter into force at the beginning of the second phase at the latest.

Article 28

1. From the entry into force of the second stage in accordance with the principles set out in Article 27 concerning Articles 85, 86 and 92 of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, the following are incompatible with the proper functioning of the Agreement insofar as they may affect trade between the Community and Cyprus:

- (a) all agreements between undertakings, decisions by associations of undertakings and concerted practices between undertakings which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition as regards the production of or trade in goods;
- (b) abuse by one or more undertakings of a dominant position in the territories of the Contracting Parties as a whole or in a substantial part thereof;

TITLE II

SECOND PHASE

Article 29

1. The second phase of the second stage shall enter into force by a Decision of the Association Council.

2. The second phase of the second stage shall have a duration of five years that could be reduced to four years by a Decision of the Association Council.

3. The provisions of the first phase of the second stage shall continue to apply until the entry into force of the second phase.

Article 30

1. For the passage to the second phase of the second stage, as referred to in Article 29, the Association Council shall take a Decision on:

- (a) the regime that will apply to the movement of goods;
- (b) any measures concerning accompanying policies referred to in Article 27, not adopted during the first phase of the second stage;
- (c) measures concerning the free movement of certain agricultural goods covered in the Agreement by reciprocal concessions;
- (d) the provisions referred to in Title I, Chapters II and III of this Protocol.

2. In the second phase of the second stage of the Agreement the measures decided by the Association Council, referred to in paragraph 1, that are necessary to ensure the transition to the customs union shall be applied.

3. Trade in products falling under Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and trade in products subject to specific measures of Community trade policy shall, without prejudice to the Decision of the Association Council foreseen in paragraph 1 concerning products other than those referred to above, continue to be

based on the system of rules of origin referred to in Article 2 for as long as the conditions of free circulation of these products shall not be completely fulfilled.

4. The measures agreed by the Association Council to ensure the free movement of certain agricultural products as laid down in Article 26 shall be applied by Cyprus in accordance with the agreed timetable.

5. Having regard to the actual application by Cyprus of the measures referred to in paragraph 1 according to the agreed timetable, the Community shall dismantle its own frontier price mechanisms for these products at the same time and according to the same timetable.

Article 31

The customs union shall be fully achieved at the end of the second phase of the second stage.

TITLE III

GENERAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 32

1. A Trade and Economic Cooperation Committee shall be set up for the purpose of improving the working of the institutional mechanisms of the Agreement.

The Committee shall facilitate:

- the regular exchange of information on trade and production data and forecasts,
- the regular exchange of information on the possibilities for cooperation in areas covered by the Agreement.

The office of the chairman of the Committee shall be held alternately by a representative of the Commission of the European Communities and a representative of Cyprus.

2. The Association Council shall determine as soon as possible the composition of this Committee and how it shall function in accordance with Article 14 (2) of the Agreement. It may also decide where appropriate upon the submission of reports to the Council by the Committee.

Article 33

Either Contracting Party shall, if so requested by the other Contracting Party, provide all relevant information on any agreements it concludes containing tariff or trade provisions, and on any amendments to its customs tariff or external trade arrangements.

Where such amendments or agreements have a direct and specific impact on the functioning of the Agreement, appropriate consultations shall be held within the Association Council at the request of the other Contracting Party.

Article 34

1. Either Contracting Party may refer to the Association Council any dispute relating to the interpretation of the Agreement and of concern to the Community, a Member State of the Community or Cyprus.

2. The Association Council may settle the dispute by means of a decision.

3. Each Party shall be bound to take the measures involved in carrying out the decision referred to in paragraph 2.

4. In the event of it not being possible to settle the dispute in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article, either party may notify the other of an appointment of an arbitrator; the other Party must then appoint a second arbitrator within two months. For the application of this procedure the Community and the Member States shall be deemed to be one Party to the dispute.

The Association Council shall appoint a third arbitrator.

The decisions of the arbitrators shall be taken by majority vote.

Each Party to the dispute must take the measures required for the implementation of the arbitrators' decision.

Article 35

Annexes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 and also the declarations and exchanges of letters in the Final Act shall form an integral part of this Protocol.

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus.

Article 36

1. This Protocol shall be ratified, accepted or approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures; the Contracting Parties shall notify each other of the completion of the procedures necessary to that end.

2. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the said notification.

Article 37

This Protocol is drawn up in duplicate in the English, Danish, Dutch, French, German, Greek, Italian, Portuguese and Spanish languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

En fe de lo cual, los plenipotenciarios abajo firmantes suscriben el presente Protocolo.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne protokol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Protokoll gesetzt.

Εἰς πίστωση τῶν ἀνωτέρω, οἱ υπογεγραμμένοι πληρεξούσιοι ἔθεσαν τῆς υπογραφῆς τοὺς στο παρὸν πρωτόκολλο.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Protocol hebben gesteld.

Em fé do que, os plenipotenciários abaixo assinados apuseram as suas assinaturas no final do presente Protocolo.

Hecho en Luxemburgo, el diecinueve de octubre de mil novecie..tos ochenta y siete.

Udfærdiget i Luxembourg, den nittende oktober nitten hundrede og syvogfirs.

Geschehen zu Luxemburg am neunzehnten Oktober neunzehnhundertsiebenundachtzig.

Έγινε στο Λουξεμβούργο στις δέκα εννέα Οκτωβρίου χίλια εννιακόσια ογδόντα επτά.

Done at Luxembourg on the nineteenth day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven.

Fait à Luxembourg, le dix-neuf octobre mil neuf cent quatre-vingt-sept.

Fatto a Lussemburgo, addì diciannove ottobre millenovecentottantasette.

Gedaan te Luxemburg, de negentiende oktober negentienhonderd zevenentachtig.

Feito ne Luxemburgo, em dezanove de Outubro de mil novecentos e oitenta e sete.

Por el Consejo de las Comunidades Europeas

For Rådet for De Europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

Για το Συμβούλιο των Ευρωπαϊκών Κοινοτήτων


For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

Pelo Conselho das Comunidades Europeias



C. Chyzou

Por el Gobierno de la República de Chipre

For regeringen for Republikken Cypern

Für die Regierung der Republik Zypern

Για την κυβέρνηση της Κυπριακής Δημοκρατίας

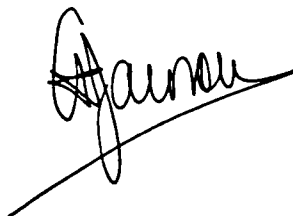
For the Government of the Republic of Cyprus

Pour le gouvernement de la république de Chypre

Per il governo della Repubblica di Cipro

Voor de Regering van de Republiek Cyprus

Pelo Governo da República de Chipre



ANNEX 1

List referred to in Articles 5, 8 and 11

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	Initial quantity
17.04	Sugar confectionary (not containing cocoa) (*)	530 t
18.06.20	Chocolates (*)	780 t
18.06.90		
19.03	Macaroni and other similar products	1 t
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes, etc. (*)	1 060 t
21.04.10	Tomato ketchup and other sauces containing tomato	40 t
21.07.20	Ice cream, ice cream powder, etc.	1 t
22.03	Beer made from malt	250 000 l
22.06	Vermouths and other flavoured wines (*)	29 000 l
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 140° proof or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength, not obtained from agricultural products listed in Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community (1)	10 000 l
22.09	Spirits (*)	230 300 l
25.23	Cement	10 t
44.02	Wood charcoal (including shell and nut charcoal), agglomerated or not	1 t
44.15.90	Plywood (2) (*)	43 m ³
ex 44.18.10	Reconstituted wood in boards or sheets other than of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm (2)	7 120 m ³
ex 84.10.90	Water pumps (3):	
	— centrifugal deep-well turbine pumps	10 u
	— centrifugal surface pumps	2 350 u

(*) The initial quantity shall increase by 50% in 10 equal steps of 5% in the first phase.

t = metric tonne

l = litre

m³ = cubic metre

u = unit

(1) Imports will be allowed only for absolute alcohol for industrial use.

(2) For exclusive use in the manufacture of travel goods.

(3) For exclusive use in the production of boards or sheets faced with low pressure melamine treated paper.

(4) Imports will be allowed only for these pumps of higher performance than those produced in Cyprus.

ANNEX 2

List referred to in Articles 6 and 9

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods
ex 19.05.99	Cheese-puffs, chipitos, and similar goods
21.07.30	Table jellies, etc.
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters and other non-alcoholic beverages not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07
25.01.90	Common salt
25.20	Gypsum
25.22	Quick lime
ex 28.04.10	Oxygen
28.13.10	Carbon dioxide
29.04	Acyclic alcohol
29.14.10	Acetic acid
31.02-04	Mineral or chemical fertilizers
ex 31.05	Other fertilizers
32.09	Paints, varnishes, lacquers, distempers, etc.
33.06	Perfumery, cosmetics and other toilet preparations, etc.
34.01	Soaps
34.02.19	Detergents
35.06	Prepared glues
36.06	Matches
39.07	Plastic articles
ex 39.01 — 39.06	Pipes and tubes and polyethylene sheets
ex 40.11.10	Used or retreaded tyres
40.13.19	Rubber gloves
42.02	Travel goods, etc.
42.03	Apparel and other articles of leather or imitation leather
44.13.10	Blocks, strips and freizes for parquet flooring
ex 44.21	Packing cases, boxes and crates of wood
44.23.20	Assembled parquet
48.16.10	Two-ply or more paper bags
48.16.20	Cigarette packets
ex 48.16.90	Carton boxes
48.21.30 + 90	Paper towels, tissues and napkins
50.09	Woven fabrics of silk, etc.
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), etc.
52.02	Woven fabrics of metal thread, etc.
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lamb's wool
53.12	Woven fabrics of horsehair or other coarse animal hair
54.05	Woven fabrics of flax or of rami
55.08;	Terry towelling, etc.
59.03.11 + 19	
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous)
58.01	Carpets, carpeting, etc.
58.02	Other carpets
58.04	Woven pile fabrics, etc.
60.01	Knitted or crocheted fabrics
60.03.90	Stocking and socks, etc.

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods
60.04	Knitted undergarments
60.05.10	Jerseys, pullovers, etc., dresses, skirts, suits and costumes, tracksuits
60.05.71, 72, 79	Bed, table, toilet and kitchen linen
62.02.12, 13, 19	
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' undergarments
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' undergarments
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets
62.03.10	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for packing of goods (polypropylene)
64.01-04	Footwear
68.11.21	Setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles
69.05	Roofing tiles
71.12-16	Jewellery, goldsmiths' and silversmiths' ware
ex 73.13.10	Galvanized corrugated steel sheets
ex 73.18	Tubes and pipes, iron or steel
ex 73.23	Metal containers (for packing of goods excluding those for canning of fruit or vegetables or juices of fruit and vegetables)
ex 73.31.19	Nails
73.32.10	Wood screws
73.36.10	Space gas heaters
73.38.12	Buckets, iron or steel
73.38.30	Iron and steel wool
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire
ex 76.02.10	Bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, polished, anodized, coated or covered
ex 76.02.90	Other: — except wire
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium
83.02.10	Hinges
83.13.10	Crown corks, Pilfer proof corks
83.15.10	Electrodes
84.18.93	Air, oil and diesel fuel oil filters for cars
84.56.10	Concrete mixers
85.04.10	Electric accumulators for motor cars
85.19.12	Switches
ex 87.06.90	Exhausts
ex 87.06.90	Motor vehicles; wheels with used tyres
93.07.10	Cartridges
94.01 + 03	Furniture
94.04	Mattresses
ex 97.03	Balloons

ANNEX 3

List referred to in Article 12

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	Initial quantity/value
ex 19.05.99	Cheese-puffs, Chipitos and similar goods	1 t
21.07.30	Table jellies, etc.	13 t
25.01.90	Common salt for table and kitchen use	280 t
	Common salt for industrial use exclusively in food and cosmetic industries	200 t
25.20	Gypsum and plasters	150 t
25.22	Quick lime	105 t
ex 28.04.10	Oxygen	1 000 kg
28.13.10	Carbon dioxide	1 t
29.04	Acyclic alcohol	490 000 l
29.14.10	Acetic acid	165 t
31.02-04	Mineral or chemical fertilizers	4 500 t
36.06	Matches	38 th gross
ex 40.11.10	Used or retreated tyres	40 000 u
40.13.19	Rubber gloves	3 000 dz pr
ex 44.21	Packing cases, boxes and crates of wood	46 th pc
48.16.10	Two ply or more paper bags	2 t
48.16.20	Cigarette packets	50 000 kg
ex 48.16.90	Carton boxes	180 t
55.08; 59.03.11 + 19	Terry rowelling	20 000 C£
60.03.90	Stockings and socks, etc.	240 000 pr
60.04	Knitted undergarments including tights:	
	tights	180 000 pr
	shirts	16 000 pc
60.05.10	other undergarments	291 000 pc
	Jerseys, pullovers, etc.	60 000 pc
	Dresses, skirts, suits and costumes	36 000 pc
61.01	Outergarments knitted	48 000 pc
	Men's and boys' coats	3 300 pc
	Men's and boys' suits	4 100 pc
	Men's and boys' trousers	32 900 pc
	Men's and boys' jackets	3 000 pc
	Men's and boys' O/GMT	12 000 pc
61.02	Women's and girls' coats and jackets	7 000 pc
	Women's and girls' suits	16 000 pc
	Women's and girls' dresses	49 000 pc
	Women's and girls' skirts	32 000 pc
	Women's and girls' blouses	52 000 pc
	Women's and girls' O/GMT	56 000 pc

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	Initial quantity/value
61.03	Men's and boys' shirts Men's and boys' pyjamas Men's and boys' U/GMT	20 600 pc 1 800 pc 3 000 pc
61.04	Women's and girls' shirts Women's and girls' U/GMT	8 200 pc 10 000 pc
60.05.71 + 72 + 79 62.02.12 + 13 + 19	Bed, table, toilet and kitchen linen	360 000 C£
62.03.10	Sacks and bags of a type used for packing of goods (polypropylene)	120 000 u
64.01-04	Footwear	165 000 pr
69.05	Roofing tiles	560 000 u
ex 73.13.10	Galvanized corrugated steel sheets	1 000 t
ex 73.18.	Tubes and pipes of iron and steel	
23		2 000 t
24		1 000 t
92		100 t
93		1 500 t
94		2 000 t
ex 73.23	Metal containers (for packing of paints only)	3 300 u
73.31.19	Nails	92 t
73.32.10	Wood screws	400 kg
73.36.10	Space gas heaters for domestic use	600 u
73.38.12	Buckets, iron or steel	136 u
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire:	
ex 76.02.10	Bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, polished, anodized, coated or covered	240 t
ex 76.02.90	Other: — Except wire	
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium	190 t
83.02.10	Hinges (of sizes 80 × 55, 90 × 55, 110 × 55)	2 000 pc
83.13.10	Pilfer proof corks Crown corks	423 th pc 2 520 th pc
83.15.10	Electrodes	16 200 kg
84.18.93	Air oil and diesel fuel; oil filters for cars	30 000 pc
84.56.10	Concrete mixers	20 u
85.04.10	Electric accumulators for motor cars	1 500 u
93.07.10	Cartridges loaded Cartridges empty	800 000 u 300 000 u
94.01 + 03	Furniture	2 mio C£
ex 97.03	Balloons	55 gross

Notes:

t = metric tonne
l = litre
th = thousand
pc = piece
pr = pair
u = unit
kg = kilogram
mio = million
C£ = Cypriot pound

ANNEX 4

List referred to in Article 16 and concerning Articles 17, 22 and 23

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	CCT heading No
06.03	Cut flowers ⁽²⁾	06.03 A
07.01.10	New potatoes ⁽²⁾	07.01 A II a) b)
07.01.90	Chinese cabbage ⁽²⁾	07.01 B ex III
07.01.90	Iceberg lettuce ⁽²⁾	07.01 D ex I
07.01.90	Fresh beans ⁽¹⁾	07.01 F II ex a)
07.01.90	Carrots ⁽²⁾	07.01 G ex II
07.01.90	Beetroot ⁽²⁾	07.01 G ex IV
07.01.90	Asparagus ⁽¹⁾	07.01 K
07.01.90	Artichokes ⁽¹⁾ ^(*)	07.01 L
07.01.90	Onions ⁽¹⁾	07.01 ex H
07.01.90	Tomatoes ⁽¹⁾	07.01 M ex I
07.01.90	Sweet peppers ⁽²⁾	07.01 S
07.01.90	Courgettes ⁽¹⁾	07.01 T I
07.01.90	Celery ⁽¹⁾	07.01 T ex III
07.01.90	Aubergines ⁽²⁾	07.01 T II
07.01.90	Okra	07.01 T ex III
ex 07.04	Dried, dehydrated vegetables (peppers)	07.04 ex B
08.01.90	Avocados	08.01 D
08.01.90	Mangos	08.01 ex H
08.02	Oranges, fresh	08.02 ex A
08.02	Mandarins, tangerines, fresh	08.02 ex B
08.02	Lemons, fresh	08.02 ex C
08.02	Grapefruit	08.02 D
08.04	Table grapes ⁽²⁾	08.04 A I ex a) ex b)
08.04	Dried grapes ⁽²⁾	08.04 B I
08.08	Strawberries ⁽¹⁾	08.08 A ex II
08.08	Passion fruit	08.08 F ex II
ex 08.09	Melons ⁽¹⁾	ex 08.09
ex 08.09	Water melons ⁽¹⁾	ex 08.09
ex 08.09	Kiwi fruit ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾	ex 08.09
ex 08.09	Persimmons (kakis) ⁽¹⁾	ex 08.09
09.04	Capsicums and pimento	09.04 A II c)
09.10	Thyme, saffron and bay leaves	09.10 A I a), b) B II C I II
ex 12.03	Seeds of plants	12.03 E
12.07	Aromatic plants	12.07 D
12.08	Locust beans and locust bean seeds	12.08 B and C

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	CCT heading No
20.06.99	Fruit salads	20.06 B II a) ex 9 b) ex 9
20.06.99	Grapefruit segments	20.06 B II a) 2 ex 8 B II b) 2 ex 8 B II c) 1 ex dd) B II c) 2 ex bb)
20.07	Orange juice	20.07 A III ex a) ex b) B II a) 1 b) 1
20.07	Grapefruit juice	20.07 A III ex a) ex b) B II a) 2 b) 2
ex 20.07	Grape juice (including grapemust) ⁽¹⁾	20.07 B I a) 1 aa) 11, 22 b) 1 aa) 11, 22
ex 22.05	Liqueur wines ⁽²⁾	22.05 C II ex a) ex b) III a) ex 2 b) ex 3 IV a) ex 2 b) ex 3
ex 22.05	Wines (of fresh grapes) ⁽³⁾	22.05 C I ex a) ex b) II ex a) ex b)

⁽¹⁾ Subject to Community calendar.

⁽²⁾ Subject to Community tariff quotas.

⁽³⁾ Subject to Community calendar and Community tariff quotas.

⁽⁴⁾ Subject to Community reference quantities.

ANNEX 5

List referred to in Articles 16, 17 and 23

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	CCT heading No
20.06.99	Fruit salads	20.06 B II a) ex 9 b) ex 9
20.06.99	Grapefruit segments	20.06 B II a) 2 ex 8 b) 2 ex 8 c)-1 ex dd) 2 ex bb)
20.07	Orange juice	20.07 A III ex a) ex b) B II a) 1 b) 1
20.07	Grapefruit juice	20.07 A III ex a) ex b) B II a) 2 b) 2
ex 20.07	Grape juice (including grape must)	20.07 B I a) 1 aa) 11, 22 b) 1 aa) 11, 22
ex 22.05	Liqueur wines	22.05 C II ex a) ex b) III a) ex 2 b) ex 3 IV a) ex 2 b) ex 3
ex 22.05	Wines (of fresh grapes)	22.05 C I ex-a) ex b) II ex a) ex b)

ANNEX 6

List referred to in Articles 16 and 24

Cyprus Tariff heading	Description of goods	Initial quantity
01.01.10	Horses	12 horses
ex 02.01	Beef	1 000 t
ex 03.01	Frozen fish (excluding swordfish and trout)	400 t
03.02	Dried salted fish (excluding smoked trout)	150 t
03.03	Crustaceans and molluscs	150 t
ex 04.02.19	Milk sweetened in containers for retail sale (*)	1 500 t
ex 04.02.19	Unsweetened concentrated milk (evaporated) in containers for retail sale (*)	500 t
04.03	Butter	450 t
ex 04.04	Cheese and curd (excluding kashkaval, touloum, halloumi, fetta, white cheese, kaseri, kefalotyri, gravyre from sheep/goat/cow milk and the like) (*)	600 t
ex 07.01.10	Seed potatoes (*) (1)	7 000 t
09.02	Tea	NQL
10.01	Wheat	NQL
10.03	Barley	NQL
10.05	Maize	NQL
10.06	Rice	NQL
11.01	Cereal flours in retail packages of 1,5 kg or less	400 t
11.02	Cereal groats (excluding bulgur) in retail packages of 1,5 kg or less	1 400 t
ex 15.07.91	Unrefined vegetable oils	5 000 t
ex 15.07.99	Refined vegetable oils	1 000 t
15.13	Margarine (*)	600 t
17.01	Sugar (2)	NQL
ex 22.05	Wines (Sparkling wines) (*)	180 hl
ex 23.01	Flours and meals, of fish, crustaceans or molluscs, unfit for human consumption	4 000 t
ex 23.04	Oil cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	11 000 t

(*) These products are not subject to the provisions of Article 24 (2).

(1) This quota could be reduced by 20% in any one year in the event of production constraints.

(2) Tariff dismantlement for imports originating in the Community according to the timetable mentioned in Article 16.

NQL = No quantitative limit.

ANNEX 7

Concerning Articles 11, 12 and 24

1. The quantities in Annexes 1, 3 and 6 shall be open in one instalment at the beginning of the calendar year.

However, the Republic of Cyprus may open these quantities in two or more equal instalments. In the case of both beef and cheese and curd these provisions will be subject to special arrangements to take into account local production. In that case, the remainder of the previous instalments shall be carried over to the subsequent instalment so as to comply with the global annual amount.

2. The Republic of Cyprus shall notify the Commission each year of the global annual quantities opened.
 3. The Republic of Cyprus shall grant the licences for the quantities within a maximum period of five working days following each request on the basis of internal arrangements regarding allocation to Cypriot importers.
 4. The import licence shall be valid for up to six months.
 5. The Republic of Cyprus shall furnish information to the Commission annually on the use of the quantities in Annexes 1, 3 and 6.
-

FINAL ACT

The Plenipotentiaries of
THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
of the one part, and
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS,
of the other part,

meeting at Luxembourg on the nineteenth day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven

for the signature of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement,

have, in signing this Protocol,

— adopted the following Joint Declarations by the Contracting Parties:

1. Joint Declaration concerning Article 29 of the Protocol;
2. Joint Declaration concerning *pro rata temporis* application of the Protocol;
3. Joint Declaration concerning new potatoes;
4. Joint Declaration concerning rules of origin;

— taken note of the Declaration by the European Economic Community concerning a third financial Protocol;

— taken note of the following Declarations by the Republic of the Federal Republic of Germany:

1. On the definition of German nationality;
2. On the application of the Protocol to Berlin;

— taken note of the following Declarations by the Republic of Cyprus:

1. On the valuation of goods for customs purposes;
2. On Annex 1, Annex 5 and Annex 6 products;

— and taken note of the following exchanges of letters:

1. Exchange of letters on the tariff quota for new potatoes referred to in Article 18 (1);
2. Exchange of letters on the tariff quota for cut flowers referred to in Article 19 (5);
3. Exchange of letters on a reduction in the levy on importations into the Community of Kashkaval cheese referred to in Article 19 (6).

The declarations and exchanges of letters listed above are annexed to this Final Act.

The Plenipotentiaries have agreed that the declarations and exchanges of letters shall be subjected, in the same manner as the Association Agreement, to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

Hecho en Luxemburgo, el diecinueve de octubre de mil novecientos ochenta y siete.

Udfærdiget i Luxembourg, den nittende oktober nitten hundrede og syvogfirs.

Geschehen zu Luxemburg am neunzehnten Oktober neunzehnhundertsiebenundachtzig.

Έγινε στο Λουξεμβούργο στις δέκα εννέα Οκτωβρίου χίλια εννιακόσια ογδόντα εκτά.

Done at Luxembourg on the nineteenth day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven.

Fait à Luxembourg, le dix-neuf octobre mil neuf cent quatre-vingt-sept.

Fatto a Lussemburgo, addi diciannove ottobre millenovecentottantasette.

Gedaan te Luxemburg, de negentiende oktober negentienhonderd zevententachtig.

Feito no Luxemburgo, em dezanove de Outubro de mil novecentos e oitenta e sete.

Por el Consejo de las Comunidades Europeas

For Rådet for De Europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

Για το Συμβούλιο των Ευρωπαϊκών Κοινοτήτων

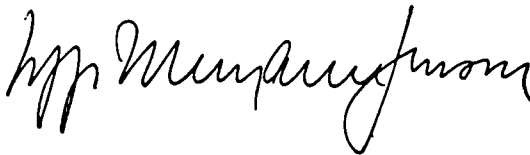
For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

Pelo Conselho das Comunidades Europeias



C. Cheyrou

Por el Gobierno de la República de Chipre

For regeringen for Republikken Cypern

Für die Regierung der Republik Zypern

Για την κυβέρνηση της Κυπριακής Δημοκρατίας

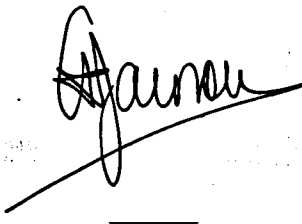
For the Government of the Republic of Cyprus

Pour le gouvernement de la république de Chypre

Per il governo della Repubblica di Cipro

Voor de Regering van de Republiek Cyprus

Pelo Governo da República de Chipre

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, written over a horizontal line. The signature is cursive and appears to be the name 'A. A. A.' or similar, with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties concerning Article 29 of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement

It is the understanding of the Contracting Parties that the completion of the second stage of the Agreement concerning the establishment of a customs union shall be fully achieved within 15 years of the entry into force of the Protocol.

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on Articles 11, 12, 18, 19, 22 and 24 of the Protocol

1. The Contracting Parties are agreed that, should the entry into force of the Protocol not coincide with the start of the calendar year, the quantitative limits referred to in Articles 11, 12, 18, 19, 22 and 24 of the said Protocol shall be applied on a *pro rata* basis.
2. The Contracting Parties are further agreed that the charging against quantitative limits of Community imports of products originating in Cyprus and Cypriot imports of products originating in the Community subject to such limits under the Protocol shall begin on 1 January of each year.

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties concerning new potatoes falling under the Common Customs Tariff heading Number 07.01 A II ex a)

To avoid disturbance on the Community market, the Contracting Parties agree to meet within an Advisory Working Party to examine the situation on the potato markets (state of harvests and supply situation) both in the Community importing countries and in the Mediterranean exporting countries. The members of this Working Party will be designated by the governments of the main exporting and importing countries.

The working party, chaired by the Commission, would meet at least three times a year and in particular before sowing takes place in the exporting countries, and at the time of deliveries.

These meetings would enable the main potato-exporting countries to be informed both about the receiving markets and about competing markets, and their purposes would be to draw up indicative export timetables designed to prevent deliveries being concentrated around sensitive periods for the Community market.

Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties concerning the rules of origin

1. The Contracting Parties, taking into consideration the progressive application by Cyprus of the Common Customs Tariff during the second stage of the Agreement, agree that, for the purpose of the implementation of the Protocol concerning the definition of 'originating' products and on methods of administrative cooperation, the special provisions mentioned in List A to that Protocol shall not be applicable to imports of products falling under tariff heading No 61.01.
2. The Community has taken good note of the additional Cypriot demands for derogations under headings 61.02 and 61.03 on which a decision will be taken in the appropriate bodies of the Community and of the Association Council within three months of the entry into force of this Protocol.
3. The Community declares its readiness to examine in the first phase of the second stage specific requests by Cyprus, duly substantiated, for further derogations from the rules of origin.
4. As to the abolition of rules of origin for trade in products covered by the customs union between the Community and Cyprus, the Association Council will take a decision in the context of Article 30 of the Protocol upon being satisfied that Cyprus:
 - has completely adopted the Common Customs Tariff for those products in the customs union,
 - has taken all measures to apply relevant Community trade policy measures, concerning which the Community will inform the Republic of Cyprus in due time.

Such decision should be taken before the end of the first phase as laid down in Article 1 (2) of the Protocol.

Declaration by the European Economic Community concerning a third financial Protocol

The Community reaffirms its willingness to examine, as from January 1, 1988, with the Republic of Cyprus the arrangements for financial cooperation that could be made in a third financial Protocol, taking into account the new relationship established with the present Protocol, which might put special emphasis on the financing of the Cypriot productive sectors in order to facilitate their adjustment to the new competitive conditions.

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the definition of German nationality

Every German person, within the meaning of the basic constitutional law applying in the Federal Republic of Germany, is considered as a national of the Federal Republic of Germany.

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Protocol to Berlin

The Protocol shall also apply to Land Berlin provided that no statement to the contrary by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany is addressed to the other Contracting Parties within three months of the entry into force of the Protocol.

Declaration by the Republic of Cyprus on the valuation of goods for customs purposes

The Government of the Republic of Cyprus declares that, with a view to facilitating the passage of the second stage of the Agreement between the Community and Cyprus and to ensuring the uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff, Cyprus will:

- take the necessary steps to accept the Agreement on Implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariff and Trade (GATT valuation code) and, no later than the date of entry into force of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, to apply the GATT valuation code,
- no later than the end of the first phase of the second stage adapt its legislation to bring it into conformity with the Community's provisions on the valuation of goods for customs purposes,
- maintain close consultation with the Commission of the European Communities on matters regarding the application of the aforesaid code and that of the aforesaid legislation and provisions.

Declaration by the Republic of Cyprus concerning the products of Annex 1, 5 and 6 of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement

The Government of the Republic of Cyprus declares that, in respect of the products in Annexes 1, 5 and 6 of the Protocol, Cyprus will ensure that the General Customs Tariff of Cyprus is not increased on these products originating in the Community and that the application of the import licensing system does not damage the Community's traditional trade in the same products. In cases where measures may appear necessary in the interests of the balanced development of the Cypriot economy, prior information will be given to the Community which may give rise to consultations within the Association Council.

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus as regards imports into the Community of new potatoes originating in Cyprus

A. Letter from the Community

Sir,

1. Under the terms of Article 18 (1) of the protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, a concession is provided for new potatoes falling within subheading 07.01 A II b) of the Common Customs Tariff.
2. In the context of this concession Cyprus undertakes to ensure that, in future, its exports of this product to the Community will be principally channelled towards its main traditional markets.
3. In order to put this concession into operation, I would be pleased if you could confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the condition mentioned in paragraph 2 of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the
Council of the European Communities*

B. Letter from the Republic of Cyprus

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

- '1. Under the terms of Article 18 (1) of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, a concession is provided for new potatoes falling within subheading 07.01 A II b) of the Common Customs Tariff.
2. In the context of this concession Cyprus undertakes to ensure that, in future, its exports of this product to the Community will be principally channelled towards its main traditional markets.
3. In order to put this concession into operation, I would be pleased if you could confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the condition mentioned in paragraph 2 of this letter.'

I have the honour to confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the condition mentioned in paragraph 2 of your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the
Government of the Republic of Cyprus*

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus as regards imports into the Community of fresh cut flowers and flower buds originating in Cyprus

A. Letter from the Community

Sir,

1. Article 19 (5) of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement provides for the progressive elimination of customs duties on imports into the Community of fresh cut flowers and flower buds falling within heading No 06.03 A of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Cyprus, subject to a limit of 50 tonnes.
2. For roses and carnations qualifying for this tariff dismantling, Cyprus undertakes to respect the price level on import into the Community as defined below:
 - the price level on import into the Community must be at least equal to 85 % of the Community price level for the same products over the same periods,
 - the Cypriot price level shall be determined by the registration of the prices of imported products, customs duties not deducted, on the representative Community import markets,
 - the Community price level shall be based on producer prices registered on representative markets of the main producer Member States,
 - for the analysis of Community producer prices and the import prices of Cypriot products, two types of roses shall be distinguished, those with large and with small flowers, and for carnations, the unifloral and multifloral types.
3. If, during two successive market days, for the same type of products and for at least 30 % of the quantities imported into the Community for which price quotations are available, the Cypriot price level is below 85 % of the Community price level, the preferential tariff shall be suspended.
4. The Community will restore the tariff preference after registering a Cypriot price level equal or superior to 85 % of the Community price level during two successive market days, or six successive working days in the absence of quotations for products originating in Cyprus.
5. If, over five to seven successive market days, the Cypriot price level fluctuates around 85 % of the Community price level and is below this limit for three days, the tariff preference shall be suspended for a period of six days. However, the preferential customs duty shall be restored by the Community if, during three successive market days, a Cypriot price level is registered equal or superior to that of the Community price level.
6. In order to put this concession into operation, I would be pleased if you could confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the conditions mentioned in paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of
the Council of the European Communities*

B. Letter from the Republic of Cyprus

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

1. Article 19 (5) of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement provides for the progressive elimination of customs duties on imports into the Community of fresh cut flowers and flower buds falling within heading No 06.03 A of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Cyprus, subject to a limit of 50 tonnes.
2. For roses and carnations qualifying for this tariff dismantling, Cyprus undertakes to respect the price level on import into the Community as defined below:
 - the price level on import into the Community must be at least equal to 85 % of the Community price level for the same products over the same periods,
 - the Cypriot price level shall be determined by the registration of the prices of imported products, customs duties not deducted, on the representative Community import markets,
 - the Community price level shall be based on producer prices registered on representative markets of the main producer Member States,
 - for the analysis of Community producer prices and the import prices of Cypriot products, two types of roses shall be distinguished, those with large and with small flowers, and for carnations, the unifloral and multifloral types.
3. If, during two successive market days, for the same type of products and for at least 30 % of the quantities imported into the Community for which price quotations are available, the Cypriot price level is below 85 % of the Community price level, the preferential tariff shall be suspended.
4. The Community will restore the tariff preference after registering a Cypriot price level equal or superior to 85 % of the Community price level during two successive market days, or six successive working days in the absence of quotations for products originating in Cyprus.
5. If, over five to seven successive market days, the Cypriot price level fluctuates around 85 % of the Community price level and is below this limit for three days, the tariff preference shall be suspended for a period of six days. However, the preferential customs duty shall be restored by the Community if, during three successive market days, a Cypriot price level is registered equal or superior to that of the Community price level.
6. In order to put this concession into operation, I would be pleased if you could confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the conditions mentioned in paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 5.

I have the honour to confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the conditions mentioned in paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 5 of your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the
Government of the Republic of Cyprus*

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus as regards imports of kashkaval cheese originating in Cyprus

A. Letter form the Community

Sir,

1. Pursuant to Article 19 (6) of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, kashkaval cheese falling within subheading ex 04.04. E 1 b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Cyprus, will be able to obtain a reduction in the levy on import into the European Economic Community. After the reduction, the resulting levy shall be fixed at the level of 65,61 ECU/100 kg.
2. The above reduction in the levy is subject to the respect by the certifying authorities in Cyprus of the provisions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82, and to the condition that the cheeses mentioned in paragraph 1 of this letter are exported to the European Economic Community at the Community free-at-frontier price fixed for these cheeses by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79, and to approval by the Commission of the agencies authorized to certify these products on export from Cyprus.
3. In order to put this concession into operation, I would be pleased if you could confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the conditions mentioned in paragraph 2 of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the
Council of the European Communities*

B. Letter from the Republic of Cyprus

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

1. Pursuant to Article 19 (6) of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement, kashkaval cheese falling within Common Customs Tariff subheading ex 04.04 E I b) 2 originating in Cyprus, will be able to obtain a reduction in the levy on import into the European Economic Community. After the reduction, the resulting levy shall be fixed at the level of 65,61 ECU/100 kg.
2. The above reduction in the levy is subject to the respect by the certifying authorities in Cyprus of the provisions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82, and to the condition that the cheeses mentioned in paragraph 1 of this letter are exported to the European Economic Community at the Community free-at-frontier price fixed for these cheeses by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79, and to approval by the Commission of the agencies authorized to certify these products on export from Cyprus.
3. In order to put this concession into operation, I would be pleased if you could confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the conditions mentioned in paragraph 2 of this letter.

I have the honour to confirm the acceptance by the Government of Cyprus of the conditions mentioned in paragraph 2 of your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the
Government of the Republic of Cyprus*

COUNCIL DECISION

of 21 December 1987

on the conclusion of the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community

(87/608/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the assent of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽²⁾, signed at Brussels on 19 December 1972, should be approved, in order to take into account the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the

Portuguese Republic to the Community is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Protocol is attached to this Decision.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notification provided for in Article 25 of the Protocol ⁽³⁾.

Article 3

This Decision shall take effect on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

⁽¹⁾ Assent delivered on 16 December 1987 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ See page 104 of this Official Journal.

PROTOCOL

to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY,

of the one part, and

THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS,

of the other part,

HAVING REGARD to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus signed at Brussels on 19 December 1972, hereinafter referred to as 'the Agreement',

WHEREAS the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic became members of the European Communities on 1 January 1986,

HAVE DECIDED to determine by common agreement the adjustments and transitional measures to the Agreement consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the European Economic Community and to this end they have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

Uffe ELLEMANN-JENSEN,

Minister for Foreign Affairs of Denmark,
President-in-Office of the Council of the European Communities;

Claude CHEYSSON,

Member of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS:

George IACOVOU,

Minister for Foreign Affairs;

WHO, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

TITLE I

ADJUSTMENTS

Article 1

The Spanish and Portuguese texts of the Agreement, including the Annexes and Protocols forming an integral part thereof and the Declarations annexed to the Final Act, shall be as authentic as the original texts. The Association Council shall approve the Spanish and Portuguese versions.

TITLE II

TRANSITIONAL MEASURES

CHAPTER I

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE KINGDOM OF SPAIN

Section I

General Provisions

Article 2

1. On the entry into force of this Protocol, the Kingdom of Spain shall apply to imports of products originating in Cyprus, other than those listed in Annex I, the same customs duties as it applies to like products from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985. This provision shall apply in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3 with Article 3.

2. The Kingdom of Spain shall dismantle customs duties on imports originating in Cyprus in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 March 1986 each duty shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1987 each duty shall be reduced to 77,5 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1988 each duty shall be reduced to 62,5 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1989 each duty shall be reduced to 47,5 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1990 each duty shall be reduced to 35 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1991 each duty shall be reduced to 22,5 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1992 each duty shall be reduced to 10 % of the basic duty,
- the final reduction of 10 % shall be made on 1 January 1993.

3. The duties calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be rounded down to one decimal place, by deletion of the second decimal.

Article 3

1. The basic duty for each product to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 2 (2) are to be applied shall be the duty actually applied by the Kingdom of Spain *vis-à-vis* the Community on 1 January 1985.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1:

— in the case of products listed in Annex I, the basic duty shall be the duty applied by the Kingdom of Spain *vis-à-vis* Cyprus on 1 January 1985,

— in the case of the following products the basic duties shall be those indicated:

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty
24.02	Manufactured tobacco and tobacco extracts and essences:	
	A. Cigarettes	50%
	B. Cigars	55%
	C. Smoking tobacco	46,8%
	D. Chewing tobacco and snuff	26%
	E. Other, including agglomerated tobacco in the form of sheets or strip	10,4%
27.09	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	exempt

Article 4

Should the Kingdom of Spain suspend customs duties on imports from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 or reduce them more rapidly than envisaged under the timetable laid down, it shall also suspend or reduce by the same percentage the customs duties applying to like products originating in Cyprus, other than products listed in Annex I.

Article 5

1. The Kingdom of Spain shall apply quantitative import restrictions:

- until 31 December 1988 for the products originating in Cyprus, listed in Annex II,
- until 31 December 1989 for the products originating in Cyprus, listed in Annex III.

2. The restrictions referred to in paragraph 1 shall take the form of quotas.

3. The initial quotas are indicated in Annex II or Annex III as appropriate.

The quotas listed in Annex II and quotas 1 to 5 and 10 to 14 in Annex III shall be increased at the beginning of each year by 25 % in the case of ECU quotas and 20 % in the case of volume quotas. Each successive increase shall be added to the quota and the subsequent increase calculated on the basis of the total thus obtained.

Quotas 6 to 9 in Annex III shall be increased by:

- 13 % on 1 January 1986,
- 18 % on 1 January 1987,
- 20 % on 1 January 1988,
- 20 % on 1 January 1989.

4. Where it is found that Spanish imports of a product listed in Annex II or III have been less than 90 % of the quota level in two consecutive years, imports of that product originating in Cyprus shall be liberalized at the beginning of the year following the two years in question provided the product concerned is at that time liberalized *vis-à-vis* the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985.

Should the Kingdom of Spain liberalize imports from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 of a product listed in Annex II or III, or increase a quota applicable to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 by more than the minimum percentage indicated in paragraph 3, it shall also liberalize imports of that product from Cyprus, or increase the quota proportionately.

5. The Kingdom of Spain shall administer the quotas referred to in paragraph 2 in accordance with the same rules and administrative practices it applies to imports of products originating in the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985.

Article 6

For products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 and originating in Cyprus, the Kingdom of Spain shall dismantle the customs duty constituting the fixed component of the charge in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 2 (2), starting from the basic duty indicated in Annex IV.

Section II

Products listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community

Article 7

1. For products originating in Cyprus and listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, the Kingdom of Spain shall, subject to the special provisions laid down below, apply a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 March 1986, the difference shall be reduced to 90,9 % of the initial difference,

- on 1 January 1987, the difference shall be reduced to 81,8 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1988, the difference shall be reduced to 72,7 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 63,6 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 54,5 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 45,4 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 36,3 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 27,2 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 18,1 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 9,0 % of the initial difference.

The Kingdom of Spain shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

2. The Kingdom of Spain shall postpone application of the preferential arrangements for fruit and vegetables covered by Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 until 31 December 1989.

From 1 January 1990, the Kingdom of Spain shall apply to those products a duty which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied on 31 December 1989 and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 85,7 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 71,4 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 57,1 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 42,8 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 28,5 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 14,2 % of the initial difference.

The Kingdom of Spain shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

3. The basic duty referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be that defined in Article 3 (1).

Article 8

For the products referred to in Article 7 (1), the Kingdom of Spain shall apply the non-tariff benefits and levy reductions

laid down by the Agreement as from the entry into force of this Protocol.

Article 9

Quantitative restrictions may be applied to imports into Spain of products originating in Cyprus:

- (a) until 31 December 1989 in respect of the products listed in Annex V;
- (b) until 31 December 1995 in respect of products subject under Article 81 of the Act of Accession to the supplementary mechanism applicable to imports into Spain from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985, other than products falling within Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

Article 10

In the case of products referred to in Article 7 (1) which are not subject on 1 March 1986 to a common organization of the market, the provisions of the Agreement concerning the elimination of charges having equivalent effect to customs duties and the abolition of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect shall not apply to such charges, restrictions or measures where they form an integral part of a national organization of the market in Spain at the time of accession.

This provision shall apply only until a common organization of the market is established for such products or until 31 December 1995, whichever is the earlier, and only insofar as is strictly necessary to ensure the functioning of the national organization.

Section III

Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla

Article 11

1. Without prejudice to the following provisions, the arrangements for trade between the Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla on the one hand and Cyprus on the other shall be the same as those for trade between the Community and Cyprus, provided the Republic of Cyprus accords products originating in the Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla the same treatment it accords those from the Community.

2. Customs duties applied by the Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla to products other than those listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and the charge known as 'arbitrio insular — tarifa general' existing in the Canary Islands shall be dismantled in respect of products originating in Cyprus in accordance with the same timetable and arrangements indicated in Articles 2, 3 and 4.

3. Customs duties existing in the Canary Islands and in Ceuta and Melilla with regard to products listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and originating in Cyprus shall be aligned progressively on the preferential duties applied by the Community in respect of such products subject to the proviso that those territories may accord more favourable treatment to such products than the Community does.

In no case shall duties be dismantled at a faster rate or otherwise than is laid down in Articles 2, 3 and 4.

4. The charge known as 'arbitrio insular — tarifa especial' in the Canary Islands shall be abolished in respect of products originating in Cyprus as from the entry into force of this Protocol.

However, the said charge may be retained in respect of imports of the products listed in Annex VI at 90 % of the rate therein indicated provided the lower rate is applied uniformly to all imports of the products in question originating in Cyprus. The charge shall be abolished when it is abolished *vis-à-vis* the Community.

The said charge may at no time be higher than the Spanish Customs Tariff as amended with a view to the phasing-in of the Common Customs Tariff.

CHAPTER II

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC

Section I

General provisions

Article 12

1. The Portuguese Republic shall abolish customs duties on imports of products originating in Cyprus as from entry into force of this Protocol.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the Portuguese Republic shall dismantle customs duties on imports originating in Cyprus of the products listed in Annexes VII and VIII in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 March 1986, each duty shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1987, each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1988, each duty shall be reduced to 65 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1989, each duty shall be reduced to 50 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1990, each duty shall be reduced to 40 % of the basic duty,

- on 1 January 1991, each duty shall be reduced to 30 % of the basic duty,
- the final two 15 % reductions shall be made on 1 January 1992 and 1 January 1993.

3. The duties calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be rounded down to one decimal place by deletion of the second decimal.

Article 13

1. The basic duty for each product to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 12 (2) are to be applied shall be the duty actually applied by the Portuguese Republic *vis-à-vis* Cyprus on 1 January 1985.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the Portuguese Republic shall dismantle customs duties on the products listed in Annex VIII starting from the basic duties indicated in that Annex, provided the said duties are higher than the duties actually applied by the Portuguese Republic *vis-à-vis* Cyprus on 1 January 1985.

Article 14

Should the Portuguese Republic suspend customs duties on imports from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 or reduce them more rapidly than envisaged in the timetable laid down, it shall also suspend or reduce by the same percentage the customs duties applying to like products originating in Cyprus, with the exception of the products listed in Annex VII B.

Article 15

1. Charges having equivalent effect to customs duties applied by the Portuguese Republic to imports originating in Cyprus shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of this Protocol.

2. The following charges applied by the Portuguese Republic to trade with Cyprus shall be progressively dismantled in accordance with the timetable indicated:

- (a) the 0,4 % *ad valorem* charge applied:
- to goods imported temporarily,
 - to re-imported goods (other than containers),
 - to goods imported under inward processing arrangements allowing drawback of duties paid on the import goods following export of the products obtained,
- shall be:
- reduced to 0,2 % on 1 January 1987, and
 - abolished on 1 January 1988;

- (b) the 0,9 % *ad valorem* charge applied to goods imported for home use shall be:
- reduced to 0,6 % on 1 January 1989,
 - reduced to 0,3 % on 1 January 1990, and
 - abolished on 1 January 1991.

Article 16

1. As from entry into force of this Protocol, the Portuguese Republic shall abolish customs duties of a fiscal nature or the fiscal component of customs duties existing at that date on imports of products originating in Cyprus.

2. In the case of the products listed in Annex IX, the customs duties of a fiscal nature or fiscal component of customs duties applied by the Portuguese Republic shall be eliminated in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 12 (2).

3. Should the Portuguese Republic exercise the option open to it under Article 196 (3) of the Act of Accession of replacing a customs duty of a fiscal nature or fiscal component of such a duty by an internal charge, such component as is not covered by that charge shall represent the basic duty to which the successive reductions shall be applied. It shall be dismantled in trade with Cyprus in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 12 (2).

Article 17

Until 31 December 1987 the Portuguese Republic shall retain quantitative restrictions on imports from Cyprus of motor vehicles subject to the special arrangements agreed between the Community and the Portuguese Republic in accordance with Protocol 18 to the Act of Accession.

Article 18

For the products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 and originating in Cyprus, the Portuguese Republic shall dismantle the customs duty constituting the fixed component of the charge in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 12 (2), starting from the basic duty indicated in Annex X.

Section II

Products listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community

Article 19

1. For products listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and originating in Cyprus, the Portuguese Republic shall, subject to the special provisions laid down below, apply a duty which

reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 March 1986, the difference shall be reduced to 90,9 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1987, the difference shall be reduced to 81,8 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1988, the difference shall be reduced to 72,7 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 63,6 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 54,5 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 45,4 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 36,3 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 27,2 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 18,1 % of the initial difference,
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 9,0 % of the initial difference.

The Portuguese Republic shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

2. The Portuguese Republic shall postpone application of the preferential arrangements for products covered by the following Regulations until the beginning of the second stage as defined in Article 260 of the Act of Accession:

- Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products,
- Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables,
- Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 on the common organization of the market in wine.

From the beginning of the second stage the Portuguese Republic shall apply a duty to these products which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied at the end of the first stage and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- (i) where the second stage runs for five years:
 - on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 83,3 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 66,6 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 49,9 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 33,2 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 16,5 % of the initial difference;

- (ii) where the second stage runs for seven years:
 - on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 87,5 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 75 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 62,5 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 50 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 37,5 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 25 % of the initial difference,
 - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 12,5 % of the initial difference;
- (iii) the Portuguese Republic shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

3. The basic duty referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be that defined in Article 13 (1).

Article 20

For the products referred to in Article 19 (2), the Portuguese Republic shall postpone until the beginning of the second stage, as defined in Article 260 of the Act of Accession, the application of the non-tariff benefits and levy reductions laid down by the Agreement.

Article 21

1. Quantitative restrictions may be applied until 31 December 1992 to Portuguese imports originating in Cyprus of the products listed in Annex XI.
2. Quantitative restrictions may be retained until 31 December 1995 for Portuguese imports originating in Cyprus of the products listed in Annex XII.

Article 22

In the case of products referred to in Article 19 (1) which are not subject on 1 March 1986 to a common organization of the market, the provisions of the Agreement concerning the elimination of charges having equivalent effect to customs duties and the abolition of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect shall not apply to such charges, restrictions or measures where they form an integral part of a national organization of the market in Portugal at the time of accession.

This provision shall apply only until a common organization of the market is established for such products or until 31 December 1995, whichever is the earlier, and only insofar as is strictly necessary to ensure the functioning of the national organization.

TITLE III

GENERAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 23

The Association Council shall make any changes to the origin rules which may be necessary consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the European Communities.

Article 24

The Annexes to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof. This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement.

Article 25

This Protocol shall be approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures. It shall enter into force on *the first day of the second month* following notification by the Contracting Parties of the completion of such procedures.

On the entry into force of this Protocol, the reductions in duties and increases in quotas and any other measures provided for by the Protocol for the year during which that entry into force takes place shall apply immediately. This Protocol shall not produce any effects with regard to periods prior to its entry into force.

Article 26

This Protocol is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian, Portuguese and Spanish languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

En fe de lo cual, los plenipotenciarios abajo firmantes suscriben el presente Protocolo.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne protokol.

Zu Urkund dessen: haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Protokoll gesetzt.

Εἰς πίστωση τῶν ἀνωτέρω, οἱ υπογεγραμμένοι κληροζούσοι ἔθεσαν τῆς υπογραφῆς τοὺς ἀπὸ παρὸν πρωτόκολλο.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Protocol hebben gesteld.

Em fé do que, os plenipotenciários abaixo assinados apuseram as suas assinaturas no final do presente Protocolo.

Hecho en Luxemburgo, el diecinueve de octubre de mil novecientos ochenta y siete.

Udfærdiget i Luxembourg, den nittende oktober nitten hundrede og syvogfirs.

Geschehen zu Luxemburg am neunzehnten Oktober neunzehnhundertsiebenundachtzig.

Έγινε στο Λουξεμβούργο στις δέκα εννέα Οκτωβρίου χίλια εννιακόσια ογδόντα επτά.

Done at Luxembourg on the nineteenth day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven.

Fait à Luxembourg, le dix-neuf octobre mil neuf cent quatre-vingt-sept.

Fatto a Lussemburgo, addì diciannove ottobre millenovecentottantasette.

Gedaan te Luxemburg, de negentiende oktober negentienhonderd zevententachtig.

Feito no Luxemburgo, em dezanove de Outubro de mil novecentos o oitenta e sete.

Por el Consejo de las Comunidades Europeas

For Rådet for De Europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

Για το Συμβούλιο των Ευρωπαϊκών Κοινοτήτων

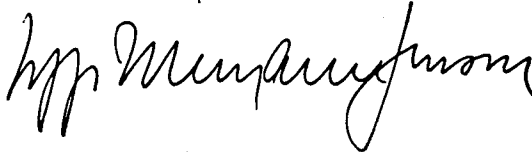
For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

Pelo Conselho das Comunidades Europeias



C. Chyzou

Por el Gobierno de la República de Chipre

For regeringen for Republikken Cypern

Für die Regierung der Republik Zypern

Για την κυβέρνηση της Κυπριακής Δημοκρατίας

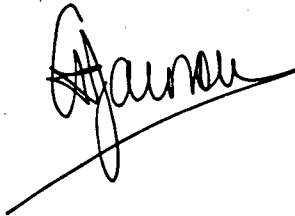
For the Government of the Republic of Cyprus

Pour le gouvernement de la république de Chypre

Per il governo della Repubblica di Cipro

Voor de Regering van de Republiek Cyprus

Pelo Governo da República de Chipre



ANNEX I

List provided for in Article 2 (1)

CCT heading No	Description
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs

ANNEX II

List provided for in the first indent of Article 5 (1)

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
1	85.15	<p>Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:</p> <p>A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:</p> <p>III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Colour television receivers, the diagonal measurement of the screen of which is: — From more than 42 cm up to and including 52 cm — More than 52 cm 	5 units
2	87.01	<p>Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys:</p> <p>ex B. Agricultural tractors (excluding walking tractors) and forestry tractors, wheeled:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — With an engine of a cylinder capacity of 4 000 cm³ or less 	2 units

ANNEX III

List provided for in second indent of Article 5 (1)

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
1	25.03	Sulphur of all kinds, other than sublimed sulphur, precipitated sulphur and colloidal sulphur	40 tonnes
2	29.03	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons: B. Nitrated and nitrosated derivatives: ex I. Trinitrotoluenes and dinitronaphthalenes: — Trinitrotoluenes	5 tonnes
	36.01	Propellent powders	
	36.02	Prepared explosives, other than propellent powders	
	ex 36.04	Safety fuses; detonating fuses; percussion and detonating caps; igniters; detonators: — Other than electrical detonators	
	36.05	Pyrotechnic articles (for example, fireworks, railway fog signals, amorces, rain rockets)	
	36.06	Matches (excluding Bengal matches)	
3	39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: I. Polyethylene: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap ex II. Polytetrahaloethylenes: — Waste and scrap ex III. Polysulphohaloethylenes: — Waste and scrap ex IV. Polypropylene: — Waste and scrap ex V. Polyisobutylene: — Waste and scrap VI. Polystyrene and copolymers of styrene: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap VII. Polyvinyl chloride: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap ex VIII. Polyvinylidene chloride; copolymers of vinylidene chloride with vinyl chloride: — Waste and scrap	1 tonne

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	39.02 (cont'd)	C. ex IX. Polyvinyl acetate: — Waste and scrap ex X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate: — Waste and scrap ex XI. Polyvinyl alcohols, acetals and ethers: — Waste and scrap ex XII. Acrylic polymers, methacrylic polymers and acrylo-methacrylic copolymers: — Waste and scrap ex XIII. Coumarone resins, indene resins and coumarone-indene resins: — Waste and scrap XIV. Other polymerization or copolymerization products: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap	
4	39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06: B. Other: I. Of regenerated cellulose III. Of hardened proteins V. Of other materials: a) Spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 c) Corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories ex d) Other: — excluding airtight clothing affording protection against radiation or radioactive contamination, not combined with breathing apparatus	1 000 ECU
5	ex 58.01 58.02	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not), other than band-made Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not): A. Carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting	500 kg
6	ex 58.04 58.09 60.01	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): — Of cotton Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs: B. Lace: ex I. Hand-made: — Other than lace made from cotton, wool and man-made textile fibres II. Mechanically made Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic nor rubberized: C. Of other textile materials: I. Of cotton	100 kg

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
7	60.04	<p>Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized:</p> <p>A. Babies' garments; girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86:</p> <p>I. T-shirts:</p> <p>a) Of cotton</p> <p>II. Lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle-neck jumpers and pullovers:</p> <p>a) Of cotton</p> <p>III. Other:</p> <p>b) Of cotton</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. T-shirts:</p> <p>a) Of cotton</p> <p>II. Lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle-neck jumpers and pullovers:</p> <p>a) Of cotton</p> <p>IV. Other:</p> <p>d) Of cotton</p>	75 kg
	60.05	<p>Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized:</p> <p>A. Outer garments and clothing accessories:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Outer garments of knitted or crocheted textile fabrics of heading No 59.08:</p> <p>— Of cotton</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>1. Babies' garments, girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86:</p> <p>cc) Of cotton</p> <p>2. Bathing costumes and trunks:</p> <p>bb) Of cotton</p> <p>3. Track suits:</p> <p>bb) Of cotton</p> <p>4. Other outer garments:</p> <p>aa) Blouses and shirt-blouses for women, girls and infants:</p> <p>55. Of cotton</p> <p>bb) Jerseys, pullovers, slipovers, waistcoats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers: (other than jackets referred to under subheading 60.05 A II b) 4 hh):</p> <p>11. Men's and boys':</p> <p>eee) Of cotton</p> <p>22. Women's, girls' and infants':</p> <p>fff) Of cotton</p> <p>cc) Dresses:</p> <p>44. Of cotton</p> <p>dd) Skirts, including divided skirts:</p> <p>33. Of cotton</p> <p>ee) Trousers:</p> <p>ex 33. Of other textile materials:</p> <p>— Of cotton</p> <p>ff) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits) for men and boys:</p> <p>ex 22. Of other textile materials:</p> <p>— Of cotton</p> <p>gg) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits), and costumes, for women, girls and infants:</p> <p>44. Of cotton</p>	

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	60.05 (cont'd)	<p>A. II. b) 4. hh) Coats, jackets (excluding anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like) and blazers: 44. Of cotton</p> <p>ijij) Anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like: ex 11. Of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres: — Of cotton</p> <p>kk) Ski suits consisting of two or three pieces: ex 11. Of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres: — Of cotton</p> <p>ll) Other outer garments: 44. Of cotton</p> <p>5. Clothing accessories: ex cc) of other textile materials: — Of cotton</p> <p>B. Other: ex III. Of other textile materials: — Of cotton</p>	
8	61.01	<p>Men's and boys' outer garments:</p> <p>A. Garments of the 'cowboy' type and other similar garments for amusement and play, less than commercial size 158; garments of textile fabric of heading No 59.08, 59.11 or 59.12:</p> <p>II. Other: ex a) Coats: — Of cotton</p> <p>ex b) Other: — Of cotton</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Industrial and occupational clothing: a) Overalls, including boiler suits and bibs and braces: 1. Of cotton</p> <p>b) Other: 1. Of cotton</p> <p>II. Swimwear: ex b) Of other textile materials: — Of cotton</p> <p>III. Bath robes, dressing gowns, smoking jackets and similar indoor wear: b) Of cotton</p> <p>IV. Parkas; anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like: b) Of cotton</p> <p>V. Other: a) Jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers: 3. Of cotton</p> <p>b) Overcoats, raincoats and other coats; cloaks and capes: 3. Of cotton</p> <p>c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits): 3. Of cotton</p> <p>d) Shorts: 3. Of cotton</p>	100 kg

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	<p data-bbox="288 245 333 284">61.01 (cont'd)</p> <p data-bbox="288 443 333 466">61.02</p>	<p data-bbox="378 245 854 408"> B. V. e) Trousers: 3. Of cotton f) Ski suits consisting of two or three pieces: ex 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres: — Of cotton g) Other garments: 3. Of cotton </p> <p data-bbox="378 443 854 1366"> Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: A. Babies' garments; girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86; garments of the 'cowboy' type and other similar garments for amusement and play, less than commercial size 158: I. Babies' garments; girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86: a) Of cotton B. Other: I. Garments of textile fabric of heading No 59.08, 59.11 or 59.12: ex a) Coats: — Of cotton ex b) Other: — Of cotton II. Other: a) Aprons, overalls, smock-overalls and other industrial and occupational clothing (whether or not also suitable for domestic use): 1. Of cotton b) Swimwear: ex 2. Of other textile materials: — Of cotton c) Bath robes, dressing gowns, bed jackets and similar indoor wear: 2. Of cotton d) Parkas, anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like: 2. Of cotton e) Other: 1. Jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers: cc) Of cotton 2. Coats and raincoats, cloaks and capes: cc) Of cotton 3. Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits), and costumes: cc) Of cotton 4. Dresses: ee) Of cotton 5. Skirts, including divided skirts: cc) Of cotton 6. Trousers: cc) Of cotton 7. Blouses and shirt-blouses: cc) Of cotton 8. Ski suits consisting of two or three pieces: ex aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres: — Of cotton 9. Other garments: cc) Of cotton </p>	

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	93.04 <i>(cont'd)</i> 93.05 93.06	ex A. Sporting and target-shooting guns, rifles and carbines: — Excluding single-barrelled, rifled sporting and target-shooting guns and carbines, and other than ring firing, of a unit value greater than 200 ECU Arms of other descriptions, including air, spring and similar pistols, rifles and guns Parts of arms, including gun barrel blanks, but not including parts of sidearms	
14	93.07	Bombs, grenades, torpedoes, mines, guided weapons and missiles and similar munitions of war, and parts thereof; ammunition and parts thereof, including cartridge wads; lead shot prepared for ammunition	1 tonne

ANNEX IV

List provided for in Article 6

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa: C. White chocolate	13,00
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products: A. Containing eggs B. Other: I. Containing no common wheat flour or metal II. Other	18,10 18,10 18,10
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion: A. Gingerbread and the like, containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): I. Less than 30 % II. 30 % or more but less than 50 % III. 50 % or more B. Other: I. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch, and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): a) Less than 70 %: — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other b) 70 % or more II. Containing 5 % or more but less than 32 % by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats 2. Other c) Containing 30 % or more but less than 40 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats 2. Other d) Containing 40 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats 2. Other III. Containing 32 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	10,00 10,00 10,00 8,70 10,00 10,00 8,70 10,00 10,00 10,00 10,00 10,00 10,00 10,00

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.08 (cont'd)	<p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats: — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other</p> <p>2. Other: — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5% or more but less than 20% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other</p> <p>c) Containing 20% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other</p> <p>IV. Containing 50% or more but less than 65% by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats: — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other 2. Other: — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other</p> <p>V. Containing 65% or more by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other b) Other</p>	<p>8,70 10,00 8,70 10,00 10,00 10,00 10,00 10,00 8,70 10,00 8,70 10,00 10,00 10,00 8,70 10,00 10,00</p>
38.19	<p>Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>T. D-Glucitol (sorbitol) other than that falling within subheading 29.04 C. III:</p> <p>I. In aqueous solution: a) Containing 2% or less by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the D-glucitol content b) Other</p> <p>II. Other a) Containing 2% or less by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the D-glucitol content b) Other</p>	<p>22,80 14,40 22,80 14,40</p>

ANNEX V

List provided for in Article 9 (1) (a)

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: B. Cabbages, cauliflowers and Brussels sprouts: I. Cauliflowers G. Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots: ex II. Carrots and turnips: — Carrots ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions and garlic M. Tomatoes
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges: — fresh B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), fresh ex C. Lemons: — fresh
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes

ANNEX VI

List provided for in Article 11 (4)

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (%)
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products: B. Other	12
21.04	Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings: B. Sauces with a basis of tomato purée	9
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahydroethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: ex IV. Polypropylene: — In strips, of width exceeding 0,1 mm VII. Polyvinyl chloride: ex b) In other forms: — In tubes	10,5 10,5
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06: B. Other: V. Of other materials: ex d) Other: — Plates with a diameter of between 17 and 21 cm and 'glasses' of polystyrene — Bags, sachets and similar articles, of polyethylene — Containers other than carboys, bottles and jars of polystyrene — Tube and pipe fittings, and finished pipes of polyvinyl chloride	15 10,5 15 10,5
42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric: ex A. Of artificial plastic sheeting: — Bags of polyethylene sheeting	10,5
48.05	Paper and paperboard, corrugated (with or without flat surface sheets), creped, crinkled, embossed or perforated, in rolls or sheets: A. Paper and paperboard, corrugated ex B. Other: — Creped household paper of a weight per m ² of 15 g or more and less than 50 g	14 12,5
ex 48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery: — Writing blocks	15
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape: ex B. Other: — Toilet paper in rolls — Paper in strips or rolls for office machines and the like	12 12
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard; box files, letter trays and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like: ex A. Boxes, bags and other packing containers: — Boxes, of corrugated paper or paperboard — Bags and sacks, of kraft paper — Boxes for cigars and cigarettes	15 11 14

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (%)
ex 48.18	Registers, exercise books, note books, memorandum blocks, order books, receipt books, diaries, blotting-pads, binders (loose-leaf or other), file covers and other stationery of paper or paperboard; sample and other albums and book covers, of paper or paperboard: — Memorandum blocks and exercise books	13
ex 48.19	Paper or paperboard labels, whether or not printed or gummed: — Labels of all kinds, excluding cigar bands	14,5
48.21	Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding: B. Napkins and napkin liners for babies: ex I. Not put up for retail sale: — Of cellulose wadding ex II. Other: — Of cellulose wadding ex D. Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen (including handkerchiefs and cleaning tissues) and kitchen linen; garments: — Hand towels and table napkins ex E. Sanitary towels and tampons: — Sanitary towels, of cellulose wadding F. Other: ex I. Articles of a kind used for surgical, medical or hygienic purposes, not put up for retail sale: — Napkins and napkin liners of a kind used for hygienic purposes, of cellulose wadding ex II. Other: — Napkins and napkin liners of a kind used for hygienic purposes, of cellulose wadding	14
		14
		14
		14
		14
		14
		14
		14
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass: — Excluding containers of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods made from glass tubing of a thickness of less than 1 mm and stoppers and other closures	9
ex 76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium: — Doors, windows, and door and window frames — Plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium alloy	8,4
		8,4
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: ex B. Other: — Beds of base metal — Shelving and parts thereof, of base metal	13
		11,5
94.04	Mattress supports; articles of bedding or similar furnishing fitted with springs or stuffed or internally fitted with any material or of expanded, foam or sponge rubber or expanded, foam or sponge artificial plastic material, whether or not covered (for example, mattresses, quilts, eiderdowns, cushions, pouffes and pillows): A. Articles of bedding of similar furnishing of expanded, foam or sponge plastic material, whether or not covered ex B. Other: — Mattress supports, mattresses and pillows	12
		13

ANNEX VII

List provided for in Article 12 (2)

A. Sensitive products *vis-à-vis* the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985

CCT heading No	Description
05.01	Human hair, unworked, whether or not washed or scoured; waste of human hair
05.02	Pigs', hogs' and boars' bristles or hair; badger hair and other brush-making hair; waste of such bristles and hair
05.03	Horsehair and horsehair waste, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material
05.05	Fish waste
05.07	Skins and other parts of birds, with their feathers or down, feathers and parts of feathers (whether or not with trimmed edges) and down; not further worked than cleaned, disinfected or treated for preservation; powder and waste of feathers or parts of feathers
05.08	Bones and horn-cores, unworked, defatted, simply prepared (but not cut to shape), treated with acid or degelatinized; powder and waste of these products
05.09	Ivory, tortoise-shell, horns, antlers, hooves, nails, claws and beaks, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, and waste and powder of these products; whalebone and the like, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, and hair and waste of these products
05.12	Coral and similar substances, unworked or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of shells
05.13	Natural sponges
05.14	Ambergris, castoreum, civet and musk; cantharides; bile, whether or not dried; animal products, fresh, chilled or frozen, or otherwise provisionally preserved, of a kind used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products
05.15	Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter 1 or Chapter 3, unfit for human consumption: ex B. Other: — Sinews and tendons; parings and similar waste, of raw hides or skins
09.03	Maté
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams
13.03	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products: A. Vegetable saps and extracts B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates: ex I. Dry: — Pectates ex II. Other: — Pectates C. Agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products

CCT heading No	Description
14.01	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaining (for example, cereal straw, cleaned, bleached or dyed, osier, reeds, rushes, rattans, bamboos, raffia and lime bark)
14.02	Vegetable materials, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material, of a kind used primarily as stuffing or as padding (for example, kapok, vegetable hair and eel-grass)
14.03	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in brushes or in brooms (for example, sorgho, piassava, couch-grass and istle), whether or not in bundles or hanks
14.05	Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included
15.05	Wool grease and fatty substances derived therefrom (including lanolin)
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)
15.08	Animal and vegetable oils, boiled, oxidized, dehydrated, sulphurized, blown or polymerized by heat in vacuum or in inert gas, or otherwise modified
15.10	Fatty acids; acid oils from refining; fatty alcohols
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
15.15	Spermaceti, crude, pressed or refined, whether or not coloured; beeswax and other insect waxes, whether or not coloured
15.16	Vegetable waxes, whether or not coloured
15.17	Degras; residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes: A. Degras
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa
18.03	Cocoa paste (in bulk or in block), whether or not defatted
18.04	Cocoa butter (fat or oil)
18.05	Cocoa powder, unsweetened
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
19.02	Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion
21.02	Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof

CCT heading No	Description
21.03	Mustard flour and prepared mustard
21.04	Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings
21.05	Soups and broths, in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized composite food preparations
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: A. Active natural yeasts C. Prepared baking powders
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared B. Ravioli, macaroni, spaghetti and similar products, not stuffed, cooked; the foregoing preparations, stuffed, whether or not cooked C. Ice-cream (not including ice-cream powder) and other ices D. Prepared yoghurt; prepared milk, in powder form, for use as infants' food or for dietetic or culinary purposes E. Cheese fondues G. Other
22.01	Waters, including spa waters and aerated waters; ice and snow
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07
22.03	Beer made from malt
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength: ex A. Denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength: — Excluding alcohol obtained from the agricultural products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty B. Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages: A. Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08), in containers holding: ex I. Two litres or less: — Excluding alcohol obtained from the agricultural products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty ex II. More than two litres: — Excluding alcohol obtained from the agricultural products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty B. Compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages C. Spirituous beverages: I. Rum, arrack and tafia II. Gin III. Whisky IV. Vodka, with an alcoholic strength of 45,4 % vol or less and plum, pear or cherry spirit (excluding liqueurs) ex V. Other: — On a cereal base

CCT heading No	Description
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences
28.01	Halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine): B. Chlorine
28.03	Carbon (including carbon black)
28.54	Hydrogen peroxide (including solid hydrogen peroxide)
29.01	Hydrocarbons: A. Acyclic: ex I. For use as power or heating fuels: — Excluding acetylene ex II. For other purposes: — Excluding acetylene B. Cyclanes and cyclenes: I. Azulene and its alkyl derivatives II. Other: ex a) For use as power or heating fuels: — Excluding decahydronaphthalene ex b) For other purposes: — Excluding decahydronaphthalene C. Cycloterpenes D. Aromatic: I. Benzene, toluene and xylenes II. Styrene III. Ethylbenzene IV. Cumene (isopropylbenzene) ex V. Naphthalene and anthracene: — Anthracene VI. Biphenyl and terphenyls ex VII. Other: — Excluding tetrahydronaphthalene
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols: II. D-Mannitol (mannitol) III. D-Glucitol (sorbitol)
29.10	Acetals and hemiacetals and single or complex oxygen-function acetals and hemiacetals, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: ex B. Other: — Methylglucosides
29.14	Monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids: ex XI. Other: — Esters of D-Glucitol (sorbitol) B. Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids: ex IV. Other: b) Other — Esters of D-Glucitol (sorbitol)

CCT heading No	Description
29.15	<p>Polycarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:</p> <p>A. Acyclic polycarboxylic acids: ex V. Other: — Itaconic acid and its salts and esters</p> <p>C. Aromatic polycarboxylic acids: I. Phthalic anhydride ex III. Other: — Dibutyl phthalates (ortho) — Dioctyl orthophthalates — Diisooctyl, diisononyl and diisodecyl phthalates — Other esters of diiso-butyl</p>
29.16	<p>Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:</p> <p>A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: I. Lactic acid and its salts and esters III. Tartaric acid and its salts and esters IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters V. Gluconic acid and its salts and esters ex VIII. Other: — Glyceric acid, glycolic acid, saccharic acid, isosaccharic acid, heptasaccharic acid and their salts and esters</p>
29.23	<p>Single or complex oxygen — function amino-compounds:</p> <p>D. Amino-acids I. Lysine and its esters, and their salts III. Glutamic acid and its salts</p>
29.35	<p>Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids:</p> <p>ex Q. Other: — Anhydride compounds of D-Glucitol (sorbitol) (e.g. sorbitans), excluding maltol and isomatol — Lactones which are internal esters of hydroxy acids and gluconic acid derivatives — Intermediary products of the chemical processing of penicillin in the antibiotics falling within tariff subheading 29.44 A or C</p>
29.38	<p>Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent:</p> <p>B. Vitamins, unmixed, whether or not in aqueous solution: ex II. Vitamins B₁, B₂, B₆, B₁₂ and H — Vitamin B₁₂ IV. Vitamin C</p>
29.43	<p>Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42:</p> <p>ex B. Other: — Levulose — Levulose salts and esters — Sorbose and its salts and esters</p>

CCT heading No	Description
29.44	Antibiotics: ex A. Penicillins: — Excluding those requiring more than 15,3 kg of white sugar to produce one kilogram ex C. Other antibiotics: — Oxytetracyclin and erythromycin and their salts
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments): A. Not put up in forms or in packings of a kind sold by retail: II. Other B. Put up in forms or in packings of a kind sold by retail: II. Other: a) Containing penicillin, streptomycin or their derivatives ex b) Other: — Containing antibiotics or their derivatives other than those listed under subheading B. II. a); insulin, gold salts for the treatment of tuberculosis, organo-arsenous products for the treatment of syphilis and products for the treatment of leprosy
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous: A. Natural sodium nitrate ex C. Other: — Excluding ammonium nitrate, calcium nitrate having a nitrogen content of not more than 16 %, calcium nitrate and magnesium nitrate
32.09	Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter: A. Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter: I. Pearl essence ex II. Other: — Excluding non-precious metals in paste form used in the manufacture of paints ex B. Stamping foils: — Common metal-based C. Dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail
32.12	Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations; stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements
32.13	Writing ink, printing ink and other inks: B. Printing ink C. Other inks
ex 34.02	Organic surface-active agents; surface-active preparations and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap: — Ethoxylates

CCT heading No	Description
35.01	Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glue
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives: A. Albumins: II. Other: a) Ovalbumin and lactalbumin
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues
35.06	Prepared glues not elsewhere specified or included; products suitable for use as glues put up for sale by retail as glues in packages not exceeding a net weight of 1 kg
35.07	Enzymes; prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included
ex 37.03	Sensitized paper, paperboard and cloth, unexposed or exposed but not developed: - Printing paper
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries: A. Prepared glazings and prepared dressings: I. With a basis of amylaceous substances
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: Q. Foundry core binders based on synthetic resins T. D-Glucitol (sorbitol) other than that falling within subheading 29.04 C III X. Other
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerized and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones): ex A. Ion exchangers: - Phenoplasts, excluding those of the Novolak type C. Other: I. Phenoplasts: ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: - Resins, excluding those of the Novolak type ex b) In other forms: - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , not printed II. Aminoplasts: ex b) In other forms: - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , not printed

CCT heading No	Description
39.01 (cont'd)	<p>C. III. Alkyds and other polyesters:</p> <p>ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to this Chapter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Non alkydic polyesters, unsaturated, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter, for polyurethanes, other than for moulding or extruding <p>ex IV. Polyamides:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex V. Polyurethanes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex VI. Silicones:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex VII. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed — Resins, other than epoxide resins, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Polyether alcohols — Systems for polyurethanes
39.02	<p>Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins):</p> <p>C. Other:</p> <p>I. Polyethylene:</p> <p>a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter:</p> <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions — Waste and scrap <p>ex II. Polytetrahaloethylenes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions

CCT heading No	Description
39.02 (cont'd)	<p>C. ex III. Polysulphoethylenes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex IV. Polypropylene:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter, and waste and scrap — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex V. Polyisobutylene:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>VI. Polystyrene and copolymers of styrene:</p> <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>VII. Polyvinyl chloride:</p> <p>a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Products for moulding — Emulsion-type resins for pastes <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex VIII. Polyvinylidene chloride; copolymers of vinylidene chloride with vinyl chloride:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex IX. Polyvinyl acetate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex XI. Polyvinyl alcohols, acetals and ethers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex XII. Acrylic polymers, methacrylic polymers and acrylo-methacrylic copolymers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>XIV. Other polymerization or copolymerization products:</p> <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions

CCT heading No	Description
39.03	<p>Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Regenerated cellulose:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 1. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0,75 mm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed <p>II. Cellulose nitrates:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <p>1. With camphor or otherwise (for example, celluloid):</p> <p>ex aa) Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of celluloid - Other, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plates, sheets, strips or tubes, of celluloid - Other plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², whether or not printed <p>III. Cellulose acetates:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <p>ex 2. Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed - Rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed <p>ex 3. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0,75 mm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>4. Other:</p> <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>IV. Other cellulose esters:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <p>ex 2. Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed

CCT heading No	Description
39.03 (cont'd)	<p>B. IV. b) ex 3. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0,75 mm: — Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed</p> <p>4. Other: ex bb) Other: — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed</p> <p>V. Cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose: b) Plasticized: — Other: ex aa) Ethylcellulose: — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed bb) Other: — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed</p> <p>ex VI. Vulcanized fibre: — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed, of artificial plastic materials</p>
39.06	<p>Other high polymers, artificial resins and artificial plastic materials, including alginic acid, its salts and esters; linoxyn:</p> <p>B. Other: I. Starches, esterified or etherified ex II. Other: — Dextrans — Heteropolysaccharine — Other, excluding linoxyn</p>
39.07	<p>Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06:</p> <p>A. Articles for technical uses, for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>B. Other: ex I. Of regenerated cellulose: — Excluding: artificial sausage casings; floor coverings; fans and hand screens, comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials, except for precious metals; corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories; articles of clothing</p> <p>ex II. Of vulcanized fibre: — Excluding: fans and hand screens comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials, except for precious metals; corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories</p> <p>ex III. Of hardened proteins: — Excluding: artificial sausage casings; fans and hand screens comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials, except for precious metals</p>

CCT heading No	Description
39.07 (cont'd)	<p>B. ex IV. Of chemical derivatives of rubber:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: floor coverings; fans and hand screens, comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials except for precious metals; corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories; articles of clothing <p>V. Of other materials:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 ex d) Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: artificial sausage casings; floor coverings; articles of clothing
ex 40.10	<p>Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of vulcanized rubber:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding transmission belts or belting, of trapezoidal cross-section
40.11	<p>Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds:</p> <p>ex A. Solid or cushion tyres and interchangeable tyre treads:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Interchangeable tyre treads weighing up to 20 kg each <p>B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex I. Pneumatic tyres for use on civil aircraft: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing up to 20 kg each ex II. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing up to 20 kg each
42.02	<p>Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric:</p> <p>ex A. Of artificial plastic sheeting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding cigar and cigarette cases, match holders, tobacco-pouches, trunks, suit-cases and valises, cases and similar articles for holding toiletries <p>ex B. Of other materials:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding cigar and cigarette cases, match holders, tobacco-pouches, trunks, suit-cases and valises, cases and similar articles for holding toiletries
44.14	<p>Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled but not further prepared, of a thickness not exceeding 5 mm; veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 5 mm</p>
48.11	<p>Wallpaper and lin crusta; window transparencies of paper</p>
48.13	<p>Carbon and other copying papers (including duplicator stencils) and transfer papers, cut to size, whether or not put up in boxes</p>
48.15	<p>Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape:</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Toilet paper
48.16	<p>Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard; box files, letter trays and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like:</p> <p>ex A. Boxes, bags and other packing containers of paper or paperboard:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Boxes, bags and other packing containers, printed, and boxes and casks, not printed

CCT heading No	Description
48.21	<p>Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding:</p> <p>ex A. Perforated paper and paperboard for Jacquard and similar machines: — Of paper, of a weight not exceeding 106 g/m², not printed</p> <p>B. Napkins and napkin liners, for babies: ex I. Not put up for retail sale: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper ex II. Other: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper</p> <p>ex D. Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen (including handkerchiefs and cleaning tissues) and kitchen linen; garments: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper</p> <p>ex E. Sanitary towels and tampons: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper</p> <p>F. Other: ex I. Articles of a kind used for surgical, medical or hygienic purposes, not put up for retail sale: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper ex II. Other: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper, excluding cards for statistical machines and chart paper for recording equipment</p>
ex 49.09	<p>Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings: — Picture postcards, cut to shape or in sheets</p>
49.10	<p>Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks</p>
49.11	<p>Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs: ex B. Other: — Excluding printed pictures and photographs, meteorological and scientific charts; communications, theses, dissertations and reports on scientific, literary and artistic subjects not falling within heading No 49.01, published by official bodies or cultural institutions, printed in any language and trade and tourist advertising books</p>
51.04	<p>Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02:</p> <p>A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: ex I. For tyres: — excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex II. Fabrics containing elastomeric yarn: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex IV. Other: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02</p> <p>B. Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres: ex I. For tyres: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex II. Fabrics containing elastomeric yarn: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex III. Other: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02</p>

CCT heading No	Description
56.01	<p>Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning:</p> <p>ex A. Synthetic textile fibres:</p> <p>— With the exception of polyester</p>
56.02	<p>Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous):</p> <p>A. Of synthetic textile fibres</p>
56.03	<p>Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning:</p> <p>A. Of synthetic textile fibres</p>
56.04	<p>Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning:</p> <p>A. Synthetic textile fibres</p>
56.05	<p>Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale:</p> <p>ex A. Of synthetic textile fibres:</p> <p>— Fancy yarn</p> <p>ex B. Of regenerated textile fibres:</p> <p>— Fancy yarn</p>
58.04	<p>Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05):</p> <p>— Of silk, of man-made fibres and of wool or of fine animal hair</p>
58.05	<p>Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06:</p> <p>A. Narrow woven fabrics:</p> <p>I. Pile fabrics or chenille fabrics:</p> <p>ex a) Of man-made fibres or of cotton:</p> <p>— Of man-made fibres</p> <p>b) Of silk, of noil silk or of other waste silk</p>
58.07	<p>Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like:</p> <p>ex A. Braids of a width of 5 cm or less, of man-made fibres (including monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02), of flax, or ramie or of vegetable textile fibres of Chapter 57:</p> <p>— Of silk or man-made fibres, without metals</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Of silk or man-made fibres, without metals</p>
58.08	<p>Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain:</p> <p>ex A. Tulle or other net fabrics not comprised in B below:</p> <p>— Of man-made fibres</p> <p>ex B. Knotted net fabrics:</p> <p>— Of man-made fibres</p>
58.09	<p>Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs:</p> <p>ex A. Tulle and other net fabrics:</p> <p>— Of man-made fibres</p>

CCT heading No	Description
58.09 (cont'd)	B. Lace: ex I. Hand-made: — Of man-made fibres ex II. Mechanically made: — Of man-made fibres
59.02	Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated: ex A. Felt in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape: — Rugs, carpets and runners ex B. Other: — Rugs, carpets and runners
ex 59.10	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not: — Weighing more than 1 400 g/m ²
ex 59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like: — Impregnated or coated textile fabrics of a weight not exceeding 1 400 g/m ²
ex 59.13	Elastic fabrics trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads: — of a width not exceeding 50 cm, excluding those of wool or of fine animal hair
60.01	Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic nor rubberized: A. Of wool or of fine animal hair B. Of man-made fibres C. Of other textile materials: I. Of cotton ex II. Of other textile materials: — Excluding those of silk
61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like: A. Of silk or of noil or other waste silk B. Of synthetic textile fibres C. Of regenerated textile fibres
64.05	Parts of footwear, removable in-soles, hose protectors and heel cushions, of any material except metal: ex A. Assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles: — Of rubber or artificial plastic materials ex B. Other: — Of rubber or artificial plastic materials
68.02	Worked monumental or building stone, and articles thereof (including mosaic cubes), other than goods falling within heading No 68.01 or within Chapter 69
68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, and millstones, grindstones, grinding wheels and the like (including grinding, sharpening, polishing, truing and cutting wheels, heads, discs and points), of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery, with or without cores, shanks, sockets, axles and the like of other materials, but without frameworks; segments and other finished parts of such stones and wheels, of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery:

CCT heading No	Description
68.04 <i>(cont'd)</i>	<p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Of agglomerated abrasives:</p> <p>ex a) Made of natural or synthetic diamonds: — Artificial, excluding millstones, etc.</p> <p>ex b) Other: — Artificial, excluding millstones, etc.</p> <p>ex II. Other: — Artificial, excluding millstones, etc.</p>
68.06	<p>Natural or artificial abrasive powder or grain, on a base of woven fabric, of paper, or paperboard or of other materials, whether or not cut to shape or sewn or otherwise made up</p>
69.02	<p>Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods</p>
70.04	<p>Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass), whether figured or not, in rectangles:</p> <p>ex B. Other: — Of a thickness greater than 5 mm but no greater than 10 mm</p>
ex 70.05	<p>Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles: — Of a thickness no greater than 3 mm</p>
ex 70.06	<p>Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked: — Not wired, of a thickness no greater than 5 mm</p>
70.08	<p>Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not</p>
70.14	<p>Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass:</p> <p>A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings:</p> <p>ex I. Faceted glass, plates, balls, pear-shaped drops, flower-shaped pieces, pendants and similar articles for trimming chandeliers: — Of coloured, matt, irised, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts</p> <p>ex II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lampshades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces): — Lamp glass — Of coloured, matt, irised, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts</p> <p>ex B. Other: — Of coloured, matt, irised, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts</p>
70.20	<p>Glass fibre (including wool), yarns, fabrics and articles made therefrom:</p> <p>ex B. Textile fibre, yarns, fabrics and articles made therefrom: — Rovings and mats</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 70.21	<p>Other articles of glass:</p> <p>— Of coloured, matt engraved, irisated, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts</p>
71.05	<p>Silver including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought or semi-manufactured:</p> <p>ex B. Bars, rods, wires and sections; plates, sheets and strips of a thickness, excluding any backing, greater than 0,15 mm</p> <p>— Wire; other, beaten or rolled</p> <p>D. Foil of a thickness, excluding any backing, not exceeding 0,15 mm</p>
ex 73.14	<p>Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>— Without textile coating</p>
73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <p>ex VIII. Wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>— Without textile coating, not coated with other metals and not consisting of alloy steel containing, by weight, one or more elements in the following proportions: 2% or more of silicon, 2% or more of manganese, 2% or more of chromium, 2% or more of nickel, 0,3% or more of molybdenum, 0,3% or more of vanadium, 0,5% or more of tungsten, 0,5% or more of cobalt, 0,3% or more of aluminium, 1% or more of copper</p> <p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <p>ex VIII. Wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>— Without textile coating, not coated with other metals and not consisting of alloy steel containing, by weight, one or more elements in the following proportions: 2% or more of silicon, 2% or more of manganese, 2% or more of chromium, 2% or more of nickel, 0,3% or more of molybdenum, 0,3% or more of vanadium, 0,5% or more of tungsten, 0,5% or more of cobalt, 0,3% or more of aluminium, 1% or more of copper</p>
73.18	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydroelectric conduits:</p> <p>ex A. Tubes and pipes, with attached fittings, suitable for conducting gases or liquids, for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Excluding unworked or painted, varnished, enamelled or otherwise treated tubes and pipes (including Mannesmann tubes and tubes obtained by swaging) whether or not with sockets or flanges, but not otherwise worked, seamless</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex II. Straight and of uniform wall-thickness, other than those falling in B I above, of a maximum length of 4,50 m, of alloy steel containing by weight not less than 0,90% but not more than 1,15% of carbon, not less than 0,50% but not more than 2% of chromium and not more than 0,50% of molybdenum</p> <p>ex III. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding unworked or painted, varnished, enamelled or otherwise treated tubes and pipes (including Mannesmann tubes and tubes obtained by swaging), whether or not with sockets or flanges, but not otherwise worked, seamless</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 73.21	<p>Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, strip, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel:</p> <p>— Excluding lock-gates for hydraulic plant</p>
ex 73.24	<p>Containers, of iron or steel, for compressed or liquefied gas:</p> <p>— Welded, with a capacity not exceeding 300 litres</p>
73.25	<p>Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel wire, but excluding insulated electric cables:</p> <p>A. With fittings attached, or made up into articles for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding closed or semi-closed carrying cables for cable cars and reinforcing cables for pre-stressed concrete</p>
ex 73.29	<p>Chain and parts thereof, of iron or steel:</p> <p>— Articulated link chain for Galle, Renold or Morse type, of a pitch not exceeding 2 cm, excluding key chains</p>
73.31	<p>Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, corrugated nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of iron or steel, whether or not with heads of other materials, but not including such articles with heads of copper</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— For drawing-boards and offices</p>
73.32	<p>Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), rivets, cotters, cotterpins and similar articles, of iron or steel; washers (including spring washers) of iron or steel:</p> <p>A. Not threaded or tapped:</p> <p>ex I. Screws, nuts, rivets and washers, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section, of a shank thickness or hole diameter not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Of ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding articles for fixing rails, screws and rivets</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Of ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding articles for fixing rails, screws and rivets</p> <p>B. Threaded or tapped:</p> <p>ex I. Screws and nuts, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section, of a shank thickness or hole diameter not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Nuts in ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding those put up with screws</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Of ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding articles for fixing rails, bolts and screws, when with washers and nuts fitted thereto</p>
ex 73.35	<p>Springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel:</p> <p>— Leaf-springs for vehicles, excluding those for railway rolling stock</p> <p>— Spiral springs, of wire or bars, of a diameter greater than 8 mm or of rectangular bars the smallest side of which measures more than 8 mm</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 73.37	<p>Boilers (excluding boilers of heading No 84.01) and radiators, for central heating, not electrically heated, and parts thereof, of iron or steel; air heaters and hot air distributors (including those which can also distribute cool or conditioned air), not electrically heated, incorporating a motor-driven fan or blower, and parts thereof, of iron or steel:</p> <p>— Of refined, rolled or forged iron or steel</p>
73.38	<p>Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of iron or steel; iron or steel wool; pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like, of iron or steel:</p> <p>A. Sanitary ware (excluding parts thereof) for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Sinks and wash basins and parts thereof, of stainless steel</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding iron or steel wool, pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like, and pressure cookers for direct steam cooking</p>
ex 74.07	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of copper; hollow bars of copper:</p> <p>— Excluding those unworked, painted, varnished, enamelled or otherwise prepared (including Mannesmann tubes and tubes obtained by swaging), whether or not with sockets or flanges, but not otherwise worked, of a wall-thickness greater than 1 mm and with a maximum interior cross-section of more than 80 mm</p>
ex 74.19	<p>Other articles of copper:</p> <p>— Excluding the following articles:</p> <p>— Pins, sliding rings and hairpins, excluding ornamental pins, thimbles and fittings for belts, corsets and braces</p> <p>— Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas) of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment</p> <p>— Chain and parts thereof</p>
ex 76.02	<p>Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire</p> <p>— Wire rod</p>
76.04	<p>Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0,20 mm</p>
76.06	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium</p>
76.08	<p>Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium</p>
76.12	<p>Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables</p>
76.15	<p>Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium</p>
79.01	<p>Unwrought zinc, zinc waste and scrap:</p> <p>ex A. Unwrought:</p> <p>— Electrolytic zinc (ingots) with a Zn content of 99,95% or more</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 82.01	Hand tools, the following: spades, shovels, picks, hoes, forks and rakes; axes, bill hooks and similar hewing tools; scythes, sickles, hay knives, grass shears, timber wedges and other tools of a kind used in agriculture, horticulture or forestry: — Spades, hoes, forks and rakes, scythes and sickles
82.02	Saws (non-mechanical) and blades for hand or machine saws (including toothless saw blades): A. Saws (non-mechanical) B. Saw blades: I. Bandsaw blades ex III. Other: — Handsaw blades
ex 82.04	Hand tools, including glaziers' diamonds, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter; blow lamps, anvils; vices and clamps, other than accessories for, and parts of, machine tools; portable forges; grinding wheels with frameworks (hand or pedal operated): — Hammers, mortice chisels, stone chisels, cutters, centre-punches, chasing chisels and die stocks
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits with a working part of: ex A. Base metal: — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies ex B. Metal carbides: — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies ex C. Diamond or agglomerated diamond: — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies ex D. Other materials: — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies
82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06, and blades therefor: ex A. Knives: — Excluding engineers' knives
82.14	Spoons, forks, fish-eaters, butter knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware
82.15	Handles of base metal for articles falling within heading No 82.09, 82.13 or 82.14
83.01	Locks and padlocks (key, combination or electrically operated), and parts thereof, of base metal; frames incorporating locks, for handbags, trunks or the like, and parts of such frames, of base metal; keys for any of the foregoing articles, of base metal
83.02	Base metal fittings and mountings of a kind suitable for furniture, doors, staircases, windows, blinds, coachwork, saddlery, trunks, caskets and the like (including automatic door closers); base metal hat-racks, hat-pegs, brackets and the like

CCT heading No	Description
83.06	<p>Statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors, of base metal; photograph, picture and similar frames, of base metal; mirrors of base metal:</p> <p>A. Statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors</p>
ex 83.09	<p>Clasps, frames with clasps for handbags and the like, buckles, buckleclasps, hooks, eyes, eyelets, and the like, of base metal, of a kind commonly used for clothing, travel goods, handbags or other textile or leather goods; tubular rivets and bifurcated rivets, of base metal; beads and spangles, of base metal:</p> <p>— Excluding beads and spangles, tubular rivets and bifurcated rivets</p>
83.13	<p>Stoppers, crown corks, bottle caps, capsules, bung covers, seals and plombs, case corner protectors and other packing accessories, of base metal</p>
83.15	<p>Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products, of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying</p>
ex 84.01	<p>Steam and other vapour generating boilers (excluding central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super-heated water boilers:</p> <p>— Excluding parts thereof</p>
84.06	<p>Internal combustion piston engines:</p> <p>C. Other engines:</p> <p>I. Spark ignition engines of a cylinder capacity of:</p> <p>a) 250 cm³ or less:</p> <p>ex 1. For use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Of a power of 25 kW or less and for auto-cycles of a cylinder capacity of no more than 50 cm³</p> <p>b) More than 250 cm³:</p> <p>ex 1. For the industrial assembly of:</p> <p>Agricultural walking tractors of subheading 87.01 A, Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods, with a seating capacity of less than 15, Motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials, with an engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 800 cm³, Special purpose motor vehicles of heading No 87.03: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>2. Other:</p> <p>ex aa) For use in civil aircraft: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>ex bb) Other: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>II. Compression ignition engines:</p> <p>ex a) Marine propulsion engines: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 1. For the industrial assembly of:</p> <p>Agricultural walking tractors of subheading 87.01 A, Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods, with a seating capacity of less than 15, Motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials, with an engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 500 cm³, Special purpose motor vehicles of heading No 87.03: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p>

CCT heading No	Description
84.06 (cont'd)	<p>C. II. b) ex 2. Other: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>D. Parts:</p> <p>ex I. Of engines for use in civil aircraft — Liner-cylinders, cylinder liners, piston pins, pistons and piston rings</p> <p>II. Of other engines: ex a) For aircraft: — Liner-cylinders, cylinder liners, piston pins, pistons and piston rings</p> <p>ex b) Other: — Liner-cylinders, cylinder liners, piston pins, pistons and piston rings</p>
84.07	<p>Hydraulic engines and motors (including water wheels and water turbines)</p> <p>ex A. Hydraulic engines and motors and parts thereof, for use in civil aircraft: — Excluding parts</p> <p>B. Other hydraulic engines and motors</p>
84.10	<p>Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds:</p> <p>ex A. Delivery pumps fitted, or designed to be fitted, with a measuring device: — Parts</p> <p>B. Other pumps: I. For use in civil aircraft</p> <p>II. Other: ex a) Pumps: — Excluding pumps for sprinklers and submersible pumps with motor attached, without ceramic or rubber lining, weighing not more than 1 000 kg each</p> <p>b) Parts</p> <p>C. Liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds</p>
84.11	<p>Air pumps, vacuum pumps and air or gas compressors (including motor and turbo pumps and compressors, and free-piston generators for gas turbines); fans, blowers and the like:</p> <p>C. Fans, blowers and the like: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Weighing not more than 200 kg each, excluding parts</p> <p>ex II. Other: — Weighing not more than 200 kg each, excluding parts</p>
84.15	<p>Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other):</p> <p>ex A. Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft: — Excluding equipment mounted on a common base or with interdependent elements, for freezers and cupboards and other items of furniture imported with their own freezing equipment weighing not more than 200 kg, and parts thereof</p> <p>C. Other: ex I. Refrigerators of a capacity of more than 340 litres: — Weighing more than 200 kg each</p>

CCT heading No	Description
84.15 (cont'd)	<p>C. ex II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding equipment mounted on a common base or with interdependent elements, for freezers and cupboards and other items of furniture imported with their own freezing equipment weighing not more than 200 kg, and parts thereof
84.17	<p>Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature such as heating, cooking, roasting, distilling, rectifying, sterilizing, pasteurizing, steaming, drying, evaporating, vaporizing, condensing or cooling, not being machinery or plant of a kind used for domestic purposes; instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electrical:</p> <p>ex A. Machinery and equipment for the manufacture of the products mentioned in subheading 28.51 A (Euratom):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts <p>ex B. Machinery and equipment specially designed for the separation of irradiated nuclear fuels, for the treatment of radioactive waste or for the recycling of irradiated nuclear fuels (Euratom):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts <p>C. Heat exchange units:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex I. For use in civil aircraft: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts ex II. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts <p>D. Percolators and other appliances for making coffee and other hot drinks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex I. Electrically heated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts ex II. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts <p>E. Medical and surgical sterilizing apparatus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex I. Electrically heated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts ex II. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts <p>F. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex I. Water heaters, non-electric: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For domestic use ex II. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parts
ex 84.20	<p>Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better) including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing machines, including automatic and semi-automatic balances, weighing not more than 250 kg each, excluding parts thereof
84.22	<p>Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery, telfers and conveyors (for example, lifts, hoists, winches, cranes, transporter cranes, jacks, pulley tackle, belt conveyors and teleferics), not being machinery falling within heading No 84.23:</p> <p>ex A. Machines and apparatus (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding winches and jacks <p>B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex I. Machinery and mechanical appliances specially designed for dealing with highly radioactive substances (Euratom): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding winches, hoists and pulley tackle, and all parts thereof ex II. Self-propelled cranes on wheels, not capable of running on rails: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding parts

CCT heading No	Description
84.22 (cont'd)	B. ex III. Rolling-mill machinery; roller tables for feeding and removing products; tilters and manipulators for ingots, balls, bars and slabs: — Excluding parts ex IV. Other: — Excluding winches, hoists and pulley tackle, jacks for vehicles and all parts thereof
ex 84.24	Agricultural and horticultural machinery for soil preparation or cultivation (for example, ploughs, harrows, cultivators, seed and fertilizer distributors), lawn and sports ground rollers: — Mould boards and ploughshares, excluding those of cast iron and steel, blades, discs, skim coulters, blade-shaped and disc-shaped coulters, for ploughs; teeth for cultivators and scarifiers, discs for sprayers; weeding, ridging and furrowing implements, for weeding machines
ex 84.27	Presses, crushers and other machinery, of a kind used in wine-making, cider-making, fruit juice preparation or the like: — Continuous crushing and stalk-removing machines and presses for grapes excluding parts thereof
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard: A. For making paper or paperboard ex B. Other: — Excluding ruling machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each
84.36	Machines for extruding man-made textiles; machines of a kind used for processing natural or man-made textile fibres; textile spinning and twisting machines; textile doubling, throwing and reeling (including weft-winding) machines
84.37	Weaving machines, knitting machines and machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net; machines for preparing yarns for use on such machines, including warping and warp sizing machines: ex A. Weaving machines: — Non-automatic and automatic machines weighing not more than 2 500 kg each and excluding automatic machines for cotton ex B. Knitting machines: — Flat ex C. Machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net: — Machines weighing not more than 2 500 kg each
ex 84.38	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading No 84.37 (for example, dobbies, Jacquards, automatic stop motions and shuttle changing mechanisms); parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of the present heading or with machines falling within heading No 84.36 or 84.37 (for example, spindles and spindle flyers, card clothing, combs, extruding nipples, shuttles, healds and heald-lifters and hosiery needles): — excluding continuous spinning machines (grooved beams weighing not more than 2,5 kg each; spindles, pressure cylinders, and shafts and tension pulleys for driving belts for spindles, with ball, roller or needle bearings); toothed iron or steel bands for card clothing; extruding nipples of precious metal
84.40	Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor:

CCT heading No	Description
84.40 (cont'd)	<p>B. Clothes-washing machines, each of a dry linen capacity not exceeding 6 kg; domestic wringers:</p> <p>ex I. Electrically operated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For clothes-washing, excluding parts <p>ex II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For clothes-washing, excluding parts <p>ex C. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Clothes-washing machines, excluding parts — Machinery for dyeing textile yarns, excluding parts
84.45	<p>Machine-tools for working metal, or metal carbides, not being machines falling within heading No 84.49 or 84.50:</p> <p>C. Other machine-tools:</p> <p>I. Lathes:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parallel lathes, weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Parallel lathes, weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>III. Planing machines:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>IV. Shaping machines, sawing machines and cutting-off machines, broaching machines and slotting machines:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Shaping machines and sawing machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Shaping machines and sawing machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>V. Milling machines and drilling machines:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Drilling machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Drilling machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>VI. Sharpening, trimming, grinding, honing and lapping, polishing or finishing machines and similar machines operating by means of grinding wheels, abrasives or polishing products:</p> <p>a) Fitted with a micrometric adjusting system within the meaning of Additional Note 2 to this Chapter:</p> <p>ex 1. Automated by coded information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 1. Automated by coded information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each

CCT heading No	Description
ex 84.47	<p>Machine-tools for working wood, cork, bone, ebonite (vulcanite), hard artificial plastic materials or other hard carving materials, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49:</p> <p>— Excluding hydraulic presses weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p>
84.51	<p>Typewriters, other than typewriters incorporating calculating mechanisms; cheque writing machines:</p> <p>A. Typewriters</p>
ex 84.56	<p>Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding or mixing earth, stone, ores or other mineral substances, in solid (including powder and paste) form; machinery for agglomerating, moulding or shaping solid mineral fuels, ceramic paste, unhardened cements, plastering materials or other mineral products in powder or paste form; machines for forming foundry moulds of sand:</p> <p>— Grinders weighing not more than 5 000 kg each; granulators and crushers, with or without selector sieves, weighing not more than 1 000 kg each; fixed or moveable cement-mixers weighing not more than 2 000 kg each; excluding parts of the machinery mentioned</p>
84.59	<p>Machines and mechanical appliances, having individual functions, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter:</p> <p>ex A. For the manufacture of the products mentioned in subheading 28.51 A (Euratom):</p> <p>— Hydraulic presses weighing not more than 5 000 kg each and presses with mechanical transmission weighing not more than 1 000 kg each, excluding parts thereof</p> <p>ex C. Specially designed for the recycling of irradiated nuclear fuels (for example, sintering of radioactive metal oxides, sheathing) (Euratom):</p> <p>— Hydraulic presses weighing not more than 5 000 kg each and presses with mechanical transmission weighing not more than 1 000 kg each, excluding parts thereof</p> <p>E. Other:</p> <p>ex II. Other machines and mechanical appliances:</p> <p>— Hydraulic presses weighing not more than 5 000 kg each and presses with mechanical transmission weighing not more than 1 000 kg each, excluding parts thereof</p>
ex 84.60	<p>Moulding boxes for metal foundry; moulds of a type used for metal (other than ingot moulds), for metal carbides, for glass, for mineral materials (for example, ceramic pastes, concrete or cement) or for rubber or artificial plastic materials:</p> <p>— Moulds for machine work</p>
84.61	<p>Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats and the like, including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically controlled valves</p>
ex 84.62	<p>Ball, roller or needle roller bearings:</p> <p>— Bearings with row of balls, in which balls are not detachable manually, or in which the row of balls is not separable, or in which the faces of the two rings are aligned in the same plane, of which the external diameter is more than 36 mm but not more than 72 mm; excluding parts</p>
84.63	<p>Transmission shafts, cranks, bearing housings, plain shaft bearings, gears and gearing (including friction gears and gear-boxes and other variable speed gears), flywheels, pulleys and pulley blocks, clutches and shaft couplings:</p> <p>ex A. For use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Reduction gears, step-up gears and speed variators</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>— ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Reduction gears, step-up gears and speed variators</p>

CCT heading No	Description
85.01	<p>Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:</p> <p>ex A. The following goods, for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>Generators, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:</p> <p>Electric motors of an output of not less than 0,75 kW but less than 150 kW:</p> <p>— Asynchronous three-phase motors; single-phase motors; generators, rotary or static converters (excluding rectifiers) and other motors, weighing not more than 100 kg each; transformers</p> <p>B. Other machines and apparatus:</p> <p>I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters:</p> <p>a) Synchronous motors of an output of not more than 18 watts</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Asynchronous three-phase motors; single-phase motors; generators, rotary converters and other motors, weighing not more than 100 kg each</p> <p>II. Transformers, static converters, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus; inductors:</p> <p>— Transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: weighing more than 500 kg each, static converters, excluding rectifiers, weighing not more than 100 kg each</p>
ex 85.03	<p>Primary cells and primary batteries:</p> <p>— Dry</p>
85.12	<p>Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hairdressing appliances (for example, hair dryers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon:</p> <p>A. Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters:</p> <p>I. For use in civil aircraft (excluding parts)</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding parts</p> <p>B. Electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus:</p> <p>I. For use in civil aircraft (excluding parts)</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding parts</p> <p>D. Electric smoothing irons</p> <p>E. Electro-thermic domestic appliances:</p> <p>I. Electric cooking stoves, ranges, ovens and food warmers (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Hot plates, cooking stoves, ranges, and similar cooking appliances for domestic use</p>
85.13	<p>Electrical line telephonic and telegraphic apparatus (including such apparatus for carrier-current line systems):</p> <p>ex A. Apparatus for carrier-current line systems:</p> <p>— Telephonic apparatus, including parts for telephone sets and receivers</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Telephonic apparatus, including parts for telephone sets and receivers</p>

CCT heading No	Description
85.19	<p>Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels:</p> <p>ex A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Non-automatic make-and-break switches, weighing not more than 2 kg each, other than of ceramic materials or glass, and those weighing more than 500 kg each — Automatic make-and-break switches, circuit-breakers and contactors — Parts <p>ex B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Variable resistors, weighing not more than 2 kg each, other than of ceramic materials or glass, and those weighing more than 500 kg each — Parts <p>D. Switchboards and control panels</p>
85.20	<p>Electric filament lamp and electric discharge lamps (including infra-red and ultra-violet lamps); arc lamps:</p> <p>A. Filament lamps for lighting</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>ex B. Other lamps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For lighting <p>ex C. Parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For electric lamps for lighting
85.23	<p>Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors:</p> <p>ex A. Ignition wiring sets and wiring sets, for use in civil aircraft:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — With metallic armouring or sheathing, whether or not covered with other materials, excluding coaxial cable <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — With metallic armouring or sheathing, whether or not covered with other materials, excluding coaxial cable and submarine cable
89.01	<p>Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter:</p> <p>ex A. Warships:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mechanically propelled, of a gross tonnage not exceeding 4 000 tonnes, excluding air-cushion vehicles <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex I. Sea-going vessels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mechanically propelled, of a gross tonnage not exceeding 4 000 tonnes, excluding: air-cushion vehicles; vessels designed exclusively for sporting purposes, acquired by legally constituted nautical associations or by members thereof; vessels acquired, for their service, by pilots' corporations <p>II. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Weighing 100 kg or less each:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mechanically propelled, excluding: air-cushion vehicles; vessels designed exclusively for sporting purposes, acquired by legally constituted nautical associations or by members thereof; vessels acquired, for their service, by pilots' corporations

CCT heading No	Description
89.01 (cont'd)	B. II. ex b) Other: — Mechanically propelled, of a gross tonnage not exceeding 4 000 tonnes, excluding: air-cushion vehicles, vessels designed exclusively for sporting purposes, acquired by legally constituted nautical associations or by members thereof; vessels acquired, for their service, by pilots' corporations
ex 90.03	Frames and mountings and parts thereof, for spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like: — Excluding those of gold
ex 90.04	Spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like, corrective, protecting or other: — Excluding those with frames of gold or plated metals or gold-plated or gilt and engineers' protective spectacles
90.16	Drawing, marking-out and mathematical calculating instruments, drafting machines, pantographs, drawing sets, slide rules, disc calculators and the like; measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter (for example, micrometers, callipers, gauges, measuring rods, balancing machines); profile projectors: ex A. Drawing, marking-out and mathematical calculating instruments, drafting machines, pantographs, slide rules, disc calculators and the like: — Set-squares, rulers, protractors and French curves — Cases of drawing instruments, lengthening bars of compasses, compasses, mathematical drawing pens and the like
90.24	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or automatically controlling the flow, depth, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases, or for automatically controlling temperature (for example, pressure gauges, thermostats, level gauges, flow meters, heat meters, automatic oven draught regulators), not being articles falling within heading No 90.14: ex A. For use in civil aircraft: — Manometers B. Other: — Manometers
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analysing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus: A. Electronic instruments and apparatus: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters ex II. Other: b) Other: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters B. Other: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters ex II. Other: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters
91.04	Other clocks: ex A. Electric or electronic: — For standing or suspending: assembled, weighing more than 500 g; unassembled, regardless of weight ex B. Other: — For standing or suspending: assembled, weighing more than 500 g; unassembled, regardless of weight

CCT heading No	Description
92.12	<p>Gramophone records, and other sound or similar recordings; matrices for the production of records, prepared record blanks, film for mechanical sound recording, prepared tapes, wires, strips and like articles of a kind commonly used for sound or similar recording:</p> <p>B. Recorded:</p> <p>I. Wax recordings, discs, matrices and other intermediate forms, excluding magnetically recorded tapes:</p> <p>b) Other</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Records:</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) Other recording media (tapes, wires, strips and like articles):</p> <p>1. Magnetically recorded for the scoring of cinematograph film</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding those for language teaching</p>
94.01	<p>Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof:</p> <p>ex A. Chairs and other seats, not leather covered (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Excluding those of wood, iron or steel</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex 1. Specially designed for aircraft:</p> <p>— Excluding those of wood, iron or steel</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding those of wood, iron or steel, wicker and other vegetable materials</p>
94.03	<p>Other furniture and parts thereof:</p> <p>ex A. Furniture (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Of base metal</p> <p>— Of wood, carved, veneered, waxed, polished or varnished, turned, with mouldings, painted and covered with any materials other than leather or imitations thereof or fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of wood, inlaid, lacquered, gilt, with appliqué work of fine wood, decorated with metal or other materials and covered with leather and imitations thereof or with fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of other materials, other than wicker and other vegetable materials</p> <p>ex B. Other furniture:</p> <p>— Of base metal</p> <p>— Of wood, carved, veneered, waxed, polished or varnished, turned, with mouldings, painted and covered with any materials other than leather or imitations thereof or fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of wood, inlaid, lacquered, gilt, with appliqué work of fine wood, decorated with metal or other materials and covered with leather and imitations thereof or with fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of other materials, other than wicker and other vegetable materials</p>
98.01	<p>Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles:</p> <p>ex A. Blanks and moulds:</p> <p>— Excluding cuff-links, collar-studs and shirt-studs and other such articles of faience, glass, silk or other textile fibres</p> <p>ex B. Buttons, studs, cuff-links and press-fasteners and parts thereof:</p> <p>— Excluding cuff-links, collar-studs and shirt-studs and other such articles of faience, glass, silk or other textile fibres</p>

CCT heading No	Description
98.03	<p>Fountain pens, stylograph pens and pencils (including ball point pens and pencils) and other pens, pen-holders, pencil-holders and similar holders, propelling pencil and sliding pencils; parts and fittings thereof, other than those falling within heading No 98.04 or 98.05:</p> <p>ex A. Fountain pens and stylograph pens and pencils (including ball point, felt tipped and fibre tipped pens and pencils):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Stylograph pens and ball-point pencils <p>ex B. Other pens, pen-holders; propelling pencils and sliding pencils; pencil-holders and similar holders:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Stylograph pens and ball-point pencils <p>C. Parts and fittings:</p> <p>ex I. Parts of base metal, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Of stylograph pens and ball-point pencils <p>ex II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Of stylograph pens and ball-point pencils
ex 98.08	<p>Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Ribbons on reels, for immediate use
98.10	<p>Mechanical lighters and similar lighters, including chemical and electrical lighters, and parts thereof, excluding flints and wicks:</p> <p>ex A. Parts of base metal, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section, the greatest diameter of which does not exceed 25 mm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Neither gilt, nor silvered, nor of rolled precious metal <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Neither gilt, nor silvered, nor of rolled precious metal, nor of precious metal
ex 98.12	<p>Combs, hair-slides and the like:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Of artificial plastic materials and of vulcanite

B. List of sensitive products in respect of Cyprus

CCT heading No	Description
42.02	<p>Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric:</p> <p>ex A. Of artificial plastic sheeting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Cigar and cigarette cases, match-holders, tobacco-pouches and purses; cases and similar articles with compartments for toilet requisites; trunks, suit-cases and attaché cases excluding ladies' handbags <p>ex B. Other materials:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Cigar and cigarette cases, march-holders, tobacco pouches and purses; cases and similar articles with compartments for toilet requisites; trunks, suit-cases and attaché cases excluding ladies' handbags
60.05	<p>Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized</p>
61.02	<p>Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments</p>
61.03	<p>Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs</p>

ANNEX VIII

List provided for in Article 13 (2)

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
ex 34.02	Organic surface-active agents, surface-active preparations, and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap: — Sodium dodecan-1-yl sulphate — Triethanolamine dodecan-1-yl sulphate — Sulphonic acid, sodium alkylbenzenesulphonate and ammonium alkylbenzenesulphonate — Mixtures and preparations of sodium sulphate, dodecan-1-yl and triethanolamine sulphate	20 20 20 20
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included, residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: Q. Foundry core binders based on synthetic resins ex X. Other: — Refractory coatings of a kind used in foundries to improve the surface of cast-iron pieces — Anti-sealing and similar preparations for boilers and for treatment of industrial refrigeration water	20 20 20
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerized, and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones): C. Other: II. Aminoplasts: ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: — Urea, resins, modified with furfuryl alcohol, in etherified solutions, used in foundries III. Alkyds and other polyesters: ex b) Other: — Saturated poly(ethylene terephthalate), other than black polymers, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter, prepared for moulding or extrusion — Powdered, containing additives and pigments, used for thermosetting coatings or paints ex VII. Other: — Epoxy (ethoxyline) resins, powdered, containing additives and pigments, used for thermosetting coatings or paints	25 20 20 20
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: VII. Polyvinyl chloride: ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: — In micro-suspension ex X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate: — Preparations for the moulding of gramophone records	20 20
40.06	Unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, including rubber latex, in other forms or states (for example, rods, tubes and profile shapes, solutions and dispersions); articles of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber (for example, coated or impregnated textile thread, rings and discs): ex B. Other: — Patches for repairing tubes or tyres	20

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered, and textile thread covered or impregnated with vulcanized rubber: ex A. Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered: — Thread, uncovered, of round cross-section	20
48.07	Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49), in rolls or sheets: ex D. Other: — Flocked paper and paperboard	25
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: ex A. Synthetic textile fibres: — Of polyesters, with a length of less than 65 mm and tenacity of more than 53 cN/tex	35
59.03	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated: ex B. Other: — Bonded fibre fabrics and similar bonded yarn fabrics, in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape, flocked — Bonded fibre fabrics and similar bonded yarn fabrics, in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape, weighing not less than 17 g per m ² and not more than 80 g per m ²	18
ex 59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials: — Unimpregnated, flocked with polyvinyl chloride — Unimpregnated, other than textile-faced flocked with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials with the exception of polyurethane	35
ex 59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like: — Flocked	35
ex 70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked: — Float glass, not being wired glass, other than ground but not further worked, more than 2 mm and not more than 10 mm in thickness	35
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not: ex B. Other: — Laminated glass for vehicles or boats	20
ex 70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses: — Of soda glass gathered mechanically, other than cut or otherwise decorated drinking glasses, sterilizing bottles and articles of toughened glass: — Of coloured, matt, engraved, irised, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts, excluding glassware with a simple mark or engraved inscription or with a matt area intended for engraving — Other	35
73.38	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of iron or steel; iron or steel wool; pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like, or iron or steel: B. Other: ex II. Other: — Bathtubs, of sheets or plates of iron or steel not more than 3 mm in thickness, enamelled	30

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper: copper wire: ex B. Other: — Bars and rods of round cross-section, of unalloyed copper, coiled — Wire of round cross-section, of unalloyed copper	 20 20
ex 83.01	Locks and padlocks (key, combination or electrically operated), and parts thereof, of base metal; frames incorporating locks, for handbags, trunks or the like and parts of such frames, of base metal; keys for any of the foregoing articles, of base metal: — Lock cases, cylinders and springs, carriers and cams, obtained by sintering	 20
84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds: B. Other pumps: II. Other: ex a) Pumps: — Centrifugal pumps, submersible, other than metering pumps	 30
84.12	Air conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air: ex B. Other: — Other than parts	 20
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): C. Other: ex I. Refrigerators of a capacity of more than 340 litres: — Weighing more than 200 kg each, excluding parts ex II. Other: — Refrigerators and deep-freeze storage units of the chest or cabinet type, weighing not more than 200 kg each, excluding parts	 20 20
ex 84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better) including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds: — Electronic hopper scales or scales for discharging a pre-determined weight of material into a bag or container and other electronic instruments weighing out a constant amount, programmable, excluding parts — Electronic machines for weighing and labelling pre-packed products, excluding parts — Electronic weighbridges with capacities over 5 000 kg, excluding parts — Electronic shop scales with digital display, excluding parts — Electronic weighing machines and platforms, with digital display, other than personal weighing scales, excluding parts	 20 20 20 20 20
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines: furniture specially designed for sewing machines: ex III. Parts; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: — Sewing machine parts, obtained by sintering	 20
ex 84.42	Machinery (other than sewing machines) for preparing, tanning or working hides, skins or leather (including boot and shoe machinery): — Press-cutters for hides, skins, furskins or leather, excluding parts	 20

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
85.12	<p>Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair driers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon:</p> <p>ex C. Electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair driers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Hair driers, excluding drying hoods 	20
85.13	<p>Electrical line telephonic and telegraphic apparatus (including such apparatus for carrier-current line systems):</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Automatic electronic telephone sets, excluding parts thereof 	20
85.15	<p>Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus; (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:</p> <p>A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:</p> <p>I. Transmitters:</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Using the HF and MF bands <p>II. Transmitter-receivers:</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Using the VHF band — Portable mounts for VHF transmitter-receivers <p>III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic receivers using the VLF, LF, MF and HF bands 	20
ex 85.16	<p>Electric traffic control equipment for railways, roads or inland waterways and equipment used for similar purposes in port installations or upon airfields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding equipment for railways and parts 	20
85.17	<p>Electric sound or visual signalling apparatus (such as bells, sirens, indicator panels, burglar and fire alarms), other than those of heading No 85.09 or 85.16:</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding burglar, fire and similar alarms and parts 	20
85.19	<p>Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels:</p> <p>ex A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For industrial applications, other than apparatus for making connections in electrical circuits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Rated at 1 000 V or more: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Make-and-break and isolating switches, including switches for breaking circuits under load, rated at not less than 1 kV but less than 60 kV — Fuses rated at not less than 6 kV and up to and including 36 kV, of the HT type 	35

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
87.06 (cont'd)	B. ex II. — Parts and accessories, obtained by sintering, other than parts and accessories for bodies, complete gearboxes, complete rear-axes with differentials, wheels, parts of wheels and wheel accessories, non-driving axles and disc-brake pad assemblies — Wheel-balancing weights	20 20
87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11: ex B. Other: — Toothed wheels, obtained by sintering	20
ex 90.17	Medical, dental, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances (including electro-medical apparatus and ophthalmic instruments): — Syringes of plastic materials	20
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analysing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus: A. Electronic instruments and apparatus: II. Other: ex b) Other: — Regulators — Checking and automatically controlling instruments used in industrial systems for the generation, distribution and use of electric power B. Other: ex II. Other: — Regulators	20 20 20

ANNEX IX

List provided for in Article 16 (2)

CCT heading No	Description	Customs duties	
		Fiscal component	Protective component
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa: A. Licorice extract containing more than 10% by weight of sucrose but not containing other added substances	5 Esc/kg	12 Esc/kg
21.03	Mustard flour and prepared mustard: A. Mustard flour, in immediate packings B. Prepared mustard	13 % 13 %	22 % 22 %
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80% vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength: ex B. Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80% vol or higher, in containers holding: — Two litres or less — More than two litres	280 Esc per hl of pure alcohol 214 Esc per hl of pure alcohol	2 190 Esc per hl of pure alcohol 2 256 Esc per hl of pure alcohol
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences: A. Cigarettes ex B. Cigars: — With outer-wrapper leaf in tobacco ex C. Smoking tobacco: — Shredded tobacco ex D. Chewing tobacco and snuff: — Shredded tobacco ex E. Other, including agglomerated tobacco in the form of sheets or strip: — Shredded tobacco	180 Esc/kg 200 Esc/kg 170 Esc/kg 170 Esc/kg 170 Esc/kg	Free Free Free Free Free

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.08 (cont'd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Containing 5% or more but less than 30% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other c) Containing 30% or more but less than 40% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other d) Containing 40% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other <p>III. Containing 32% or more but less than 50% by weight of starch:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other b) Containing 5% or more but less than 20% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other c) Containing 20% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other <p>IV. Containing 50% or more but less than 65% by weight of starch:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other b) Containing 5% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other <p>V. Containing 65% or more by weight of starch:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) b) Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 81,02 69,82 79,45 68,26 77,09 65,89 73,78 47,93 79,45 68,86 75,73 67,68 74,64 65,52 73,76 62,38 71,60 71,71
21.02	<p>Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> C. Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> II. Other D. Extracts, essences and concentrates of roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> II. Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 19,00 27,52

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
38.19	<p>Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>T. D-Glucitol (sorbitol) other than that falling within subheading 29.04 C III:</p> <p>I. In aqueous solution:</p> <p> a) Containing 2% or less by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the D-glucitol content</p> <p> b) Other</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p> a) Containing 2% or less by weight of D-mannitol, calculated on the D-glucitol content</p> <p> b) Other</p>	<p>12,00</p> <p>9,00</p> <p>12,00</p> <p>9,00</p>

ANNEX XI

List provided for in Article 21 (1)

CCT heading No	Description
12.08	<p>Chicory roots, fresh or dried, whole or cut, unroasted; locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared, fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading:</p> <p>B. Locust beans</p> <p>C. Locust bean seeds</p>
20.06	<p>Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>II. Not containing added spirit:</p> <p>a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments</p> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>ex 9. Mixtures of fruit:</p> <p>— Fruit salad</p> <p>b) Containing added sugar in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments</p> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>ex 9. Mixtures of fruit:</p> <p>— Fruit salad</p> <p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. Of 4,5 kg or more:</p> <p>ex dd) Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>2. Of less than 4,5 kg:</p> <p>ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p>
20.07	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A. Of a density exceeding 1,33 g/cm³ at 20 °C:</p> <p>III. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>— Grapefruit juice</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Grapefruit juice</p> <p>B. Of a density of 1,33 g/cm³ or less at 20 °C:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit juice</p> <p>b) Of a value of 30 ECU or less per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit juice</p>

ANNEX XII

List provided for in Article 21 (2)

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: M. Tomatoes ex I. From 1 November to 14 May: — From 1 December to 14 May
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: A. Oranges: I. Sweet oranges, fresh: a) From 1 April to 30 April b) From 1 to 15 May ex c) From 16 May to 15 October: — From 16 May to 31 August ex d) From 16 October to 31 March: — From 1 February to 31 March B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins, including tangerines and satsumas, fresh, from 1 November to 31 March ex C. Lemons, fresh: — From 1 June to 31 October
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol

Community Declaration concerning Article 3

The Community declares that if, after 1 January 1985 and before accession to the Community of the Kingdom of Spain, a tariff reduction is applied by Spain *vis-à-vis* the Community, such reduced duty shall be considered as the basic duty referred to in Article 3 (1).

Community Declaration concerning Articles 7 and 19

The Community declares that the schedule of reduction in customs duties applied by the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic for the products listed in Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and originating in Cyprus takes into account the provisions concerning duty reductions of the Protocol on the customs union initialled on 22 May 1987.

Declaration by the Representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the Definition of German nationality

Every German person, within the meaning of the basic constitutional law applying in the Federal Republic of Germany, is considered as a national of the Federal Republic of Germany.

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the Application of the Protocol to Berlin

The Protocol shall also apply to Land Berlin provided that no statement to the contrary by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany is addressed to the other Contracting Parties within three months of the entry into force of the Protocol.

Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions of the Agreement ⁽¹⁾ and of the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community, ⁽²⁾ signed in Luxembourg on 19 October 1987

As the instruments of notification of the completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of these Protocols were exchanged on 21 December 1987, the Protocols will enter into force, in accordance with Articles 25 and 36 thereof respectively, on 1 January 1988.

⁽¹⁾ See page 2 of this Official Journal.

⁽²⁾ See page 37 of this Official Journal.

GENERAL MATTERS

2. Provisions within the Community relating to the Association Agreement

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4165/87

of 21 December 1987

on the application of Decision No 1/87 of the EEC-Cyprus Association Council again amending Articles 6 and 17 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 19 December 1972 and entered into force on 1 June 1973;

Whereas an Additional Protocol to this Agreement ⁽²⁾ was signed in Brussels on 15 September 1977 and entered into force on 1 June 1978;

Whereas under Article 25 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, which is an integral part of the Agreement, the Association Council adopted Decision No 1/87 again amending Articles 6 and 17;

Whereas it is necessary to apply this Decision in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 1/87 of the EEC-Cyprus Association Council shall be applicable in the Community.

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 2.

DECISIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL

DECISION No 1/87 OF THE EEC-CYPRUS ASSOCIATION COUNCIL

of 11 December 1987

again amending Articles 6 and 17 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, signed in Brussels on 19 December 1972,

Having regard to the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, hereinafter called 'the Protocol', and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas the equivalent value of the ECU in certain national currencies on 1 October 1986 was less than the corresponding value on 1 October 1984; whereas the automatic change in the base date laid down in Decision No 1/81 of the Association Council would, in the case of conversion into the national currencies concerned, have the effect of reducing the limits which permit the presentation of simplified documentary evidence; whereas, in order to avoid this effect, it is necessary to increase such limits expressed in ECU,

Article 1

The Protocol is hereby amended as follows:

1. in the second subparagraph of Article 6 (1), '2 355 ECU' is replaced by '2 590 ECU';
2. in Article 17 (2), '165 ECU' is replaced by '180 ECU' and '470 ECU' by '515 ECU'.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

Done at Brussels, 11 December 1987.

For the Association Council
The President
J. E. LARSEN

PROVISIONS WITHIN THE EEC

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 6/87

of 2 January 1987

introducing a countervailing charge on clementines originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3208/86 of 22 October 1986 fixing for the 1986/87 marketing year the reference prices for clementines⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the period from 1 November 1986 to 28 February 1987 at 59,57 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by

Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for clementines originating in Cyprus the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these clementines;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 12,37 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to clementines (subheading 08.02 B I of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 January 1987.

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

(3) OJ No L 299, 23. 10. 1986, p. 14.

(4) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

(5) OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

(6) OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 January 1987.

For the Commission
FRANS ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 21/87

of 5 January 1987

repealing Regulation (EEC) No 3919/86 applying the duty in the Common
Customs Tariff to imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and
Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1252/73 of 14 May 1973 on imports of citrus fruits origi-
nating in Cyprus (1), and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3919/86 (2)
applied the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to
imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus;

Whereas, pursuant to the second paragraph of Article 4 of
Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73, this rule remains in force
until the quotations referred to in Article 2 (1) of that
Regulation, adjusted by the convention factors and
following deduction of import charges other than customs
duties, remain equal to or higher than the price laid down
in Article 3 of that Regulation for three consecutive

market days on the representative markets of the
Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the present trend of prices of Cypriot products
on the representative markets indicates that the condi-
tions set out in the second paragraph of Article 4 of
Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 are fulfilled; whereas
Regulation (EEC) No 3919/86 should therefore be
repealed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3919/86 is hereby
repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 January 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 5 January 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

(1) OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 113.

(2) OJ No L 364, 23. 12. 1986, p. 47.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 38/87
of 7 January 1987
introducing a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1661/86 of 29 May 1986 fixing for the 1986/1987 marketing year the reference prices for lemons⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of October 1986 at 47,66 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation

(EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for lemons originating in Cyprus the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these lemons;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 4,35 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to lemons (subheading 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 January 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 39.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 January 1987.

For the Commission
FRANS ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 98/87
of 14 January 1987
abolishing the countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27(2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 38/87⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus;

Whereas the present trend of prices for these products on the representative markets referred to in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that

Regulation, indicates that the application of the first subparagraph of Article 26(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 would result in the countervailing charge being fixed at zero; whereas the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Cyprus can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 38/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 15 January 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 January 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 6, 8. 1. 1987, p. 20.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 190/87
of 22 January 1987
amended Regulation (EEC) No 6/87 introducing a countervailing charge on
clementines originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and
Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72
of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the
market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 6/87 of 2
January 1987⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on
clementines originating in Cyprus;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72
laid down the conditions under which a charge intro-

duced in application of Article 25 of that Regulation is
amended; whereas if those conditions are taken into
consideration, the countervailing charge on the import of
clementines originating in Cyprus must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 6/87, '12,37 ECU' is
hereby replaced by '19,45 ECU'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 January
1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 January 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 1, 3. 1. 1987, p. 11.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 354/87

of 4 February 1987

introducing a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86 (2), and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1661/86 of 29 May 1986 fixing for the 1986/1987 marketing year the reference prices for lemons (3) fixed the reference price for products of class I for the period November 1986 to April 1987 at 45,00 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74 (4), as last amended by Regulation

(EEC) No 3811/85 (5), the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for lemons originating in Cyprus the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these lemons;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 (6),
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 7,51 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to lemons (subheading 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 February 1987.

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
(3) OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 39.
(4) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

(5) OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.
(6) OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 February 1987.

For the Commission

FRANS ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 368/87

of 5 February 1987

applying the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 of 14 May 1973 on imports of citrus fruits originating in Cyprus⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof;

Whereas Article 5 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus provides for a reduced rate of duty on imports into the Community of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus; whereas, during the period in which reference prices are applied, this reduction is dependent on the observance of a specified price on the Community market; whereas detailed rules for the application of this system are contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73;

Whereas, in certain respects, these rules refer to provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽²⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽³⁾;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 provides that, where products are imported, the duty in the Common Customs Tariff is applied where quotations for that product, in accordance with the provisions of Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 recorded on the representative Community markets at the importer/wholesaler stage or converted to that stage, adjusted by the conversion factors and following deduction of import charges other than customs duties, remain lower than the reference price in force, plus the incidence of the Common Customs Tariff on that price and a standard amount fixed at 1,2 units of account (1,44 ECU) per 100 kilograms, for three consecutive market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the conversion factors and import charges other than customs duties are those used for the purpose of

calculating the entry price referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the method of calculating import charges other than customs duties is, for certain cases, defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, it should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3(1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁴⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas application of these rules to quotations recorded for lemons imported into the Community and originating in Cyprus indicates that the conditions set out in the first paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 are fulfilled; whereas the duty in the Common Customs Tariff should, therefore, be applied to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 7 February 1987, the duty in the Common Customs Tariff shall be applied to fresh lemons (subheading 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) imported into the Community and originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 113.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 February 1987.

For the Commission
FRANS ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 423/87
of 11 February 1987
amending Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 introducing a countervailing charge on
lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and
Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72
of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the
market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 of 4
February 1987⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on
lemons originating in Cyprus;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72
laid down the conditions under which a charge intro-

duced in application of Article 25 of that Regulation is
amended; whereas if those conditions are taken into
consideration, the countervailing charge on the import of
lemons originating in Cyprus must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 '7,51' ECU is
hereby replaced by 13,80 ECU.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 12 February
1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 11 February 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 34, 5. 2. 1987, p. 42.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 443/87

of 12 February 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge on clementines originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 6/87⁽³⁾, amended by Regulation (EEC) No 190/87⁽⁴⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on clementines originating in Cyprus;

Whereas for clementines originating in Cyprus there were no prices for six consecutive working days; whereas the

conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of clementines originating in Cyprus can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 6/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 February 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 February 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 1, 3. 1. 1987, p. 11.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 21, 23. 1. 1987, p. 62.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 483/87

of 17 February 1987

amending for the second time Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 introducing a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 of 4 February 1987⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 423/87⁽⁴⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 laid down the conditions under which a charge intro-

duced in application of Article 25 of that Regulation is amended; whereas if those conditions are taken into consideration, the countervailing charge on the import of lemons originating in Cyprus must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of amended Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 '13,80 ECU' is hereby replaced by '0,50 ECU'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 February 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 February 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 34, 5. 2. 1987, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 42, 12. 2. 1987, p. 36.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 484/87

of 17 February 1987

repealing Regulation (EEC) No 368/87 applying the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 of 14 May 1973 on imports of citrus fruits originating in Cyprus (1), and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 368/87 of 5 February 1987 (2) applied the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus;

Whereas, pursuant to the second paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73, this rule remains in force until the quotations referred to in Article 2 (1) of that Regulation, adjusted by the convention factors and following deduction of import charges other than customs duties, remain equal to or higher than the price laid down in Article 3 of that Regulation for three consecutive

market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the present trend of prices of Cypriot products on the representative markets indicates that the conditions set out in the second paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 are fulfilled; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 368/87 should therefore be repealed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 368/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 18 February 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 February 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIJSEN

Vice-President

(1) OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 113.

(2) OJ No L 35, 6. 2. 1987, p. 16.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 523/87

of 20 February 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge on lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and
Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72
of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the
market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 354/87⁽³⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 483/87⁽⁴⁾, intro-
duced a countervailing charge on lemons originating in
Cyprus;

Whereas the present trend of prices for products origina-
ting in Cyprus on the representative markets referred to
in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁶⁾, recorded or calculated

in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that
Regulation, indicated that entry prices have been at least
equal to the reference price for two consecutive market
days; whereas the conditions specified in the second
indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72
are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on
imports of these products originating in Cyprus can be
abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 February
1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 20 February 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 34, 5. 2. 1987, p. 42.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 49, 18. 2. 1987, p. 22.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 850/87

of 23 March 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for carrots falling within subheading ex 07.01 G II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1987)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3700/83 of 22 December 1983 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade with Cyprus beyond 31 December 1983 (*), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3682/85 (**), provides, for the period 1 April to 15 May 1987 for the opening of a Community tariff quota of 2 500 tonnes of carrots, falling within subheading ex 07.01 G II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at a rate of customs duty equal to 40 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Community tariff quota should therefore be opened for this period;

Whereas, in accordance with Articles 180 and 367 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, the Council adopted Regulation (EEC) No 449/86 determining the arrangements to be applied by the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to trade with certain third countries (†); whereas this Regulation applies therefore to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas it is necessary, in particular, to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota to all imports of the products

concerned into all Member States, until the quota has been used up; whereas, however, since the period of application of the quota is very short, it seems possible to avoid allocating it among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, in the conditions and according to the procedure specified in Article 1 (2); whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. From 1 April to 15 May 1987, the customs duty on the import into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 for the following products shall be suspended at a level and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as follows :

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.1403	ex 07.01 G II	Carrots, originating in Cyprus	2 500	6,8

The Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and on the methods of administrative cooperation (*), annexed to the Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Cyprus, shall be applicable.

2. If an importer notifies an imminent importation of the product in question in a Member State and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned

shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to these requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve permits this.

3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) are carried out in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

(*) OJ No L 369, 30. 12. 1983, p. 1.
(†) OJ No L 351, 28. 12. 1985, p. 9.
(**) OJ No L 50, 28. 2. 1986, p. 40.
(††) OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 19.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the said quota have free access to the quota so long as the residual balance of the quota volume allows this.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been exhausted shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 March 1987.

For the Council

The President

H. DE CROO

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1051/87
of 13 April 1987
applying the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 of 14 May 1973 on imports of citrus fruits originating in Cyprus⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof;

Whereas Article 5 (2) and (3) of Annex I to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus provides for a reduced rate of duty on imports into the Community of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus; whereas, during the period in which reference prices are applied, this reduction is dependent on the observance of a specified price on the Community market; whereas detailed rules for the application of this system are contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73;

Whereas, in certain respects, these rules refer to provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽²⁾ as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽³⁾;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 provides that, where products are imported, the duty in the Common Customs Tariff is applied where quotations for that product, in accordance with the provisions of Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 recorded on the representative Community markets at the importer/wholesaler stage or converted to that stage, adjusted by the conversion factors and following deduction of import charges other than customs duties, remain lower than the reference price in force, plus the incidence of the Common Customs Tariff on that price and a standard amount fixed at 1,2 units of account (1,44 ECU) per 100 kilograms, for three consecutive market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the conversion factors and import charges other than customs duties are those used for the purpose of

calculating the entry price referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the method of calculating import charges other than customs duties is, for certain cases, defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, it should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3(1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁴⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas application of these rules to quotations recorded for lemons imported into the Community and originating in Cyprus indicates that the conditions set out in the first paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 are fulfilled; whereas the duty in the Common Customs Tariff should, therefore, be applied to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 15 April 1987, the duty in the Common Customs Tariff shall be applied to fresh lemons (subheading 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) imported into the Community and originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 113.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 April 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1060/87
of 14 April 1987

introducing a countervailing charge on fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1661/86 of 29 May 1986 fixing for the 1986/1987 marketing year the reference prices for fresh lemons⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the period November 1986 to April 1987 at 45,00 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation

(EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for fresh lemons originating in Cyprus the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these fresh lemons;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 5,77 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to fresh lemons (subheading 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 April 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 39.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 April 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1154/87
of 26 April 1987**

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for new potatoes falling within subheading 07.01 A II b) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1987)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3700/83 of 22 December 1983 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade with Cyprus beyond 31 December 1983 (⁽¹⁾), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3682/85 (⁽²⁾), provides for the opening of a Community tariff quota of 60 000 tonnes of new potatoes, originating in Cyprus and falling within subheading 07.01 A II b) of the Common Customs Tariff, at a rate of customs duty equal to 45 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff, for the period 16 May to 30 June 1987; whereas it is necessary to open this Community tariff quota for the period in question;

Whereas, in accordance with Articles 180 and 367 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, the Council adopted Regulation (EEC) No 449/86 determining the arrangements to be applied by the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to trade with certain third countries (⁽³⁾); whereas this Regulation therefore applies to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be

respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Cyprus of the products concerned:

Member States	1983	1984	1985
Benelux	6,2	6,2	2,7
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	1,9	4,0	2,8
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	0,2	0,8	1,3
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	91,7	89,0	93,2

Whereas, in view of these factors of market forecasts for the products in question and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	5,0
Denmark	0,1
Germany	2,9
Greece	0,1
France	0,1
Ireland	0,6
Italy	0,1
United Kingdom	91,1

(¹) OJ No L 369, 30. 12. 1983, p. 1.

(²) OJ No L 351, 28. 12. 1985, p. 9.

(³) OJ No L 50, 28. 2. 1986, p. 40.

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 91 % of the quota volume;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 16 May to 30 June 1987 on the import into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 the customs duty for the following products shall be suspended at the level and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as follows:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume (tonnes)	Quota duty %
09.1401	ex 07.01 A II b	New potatoes originating in Cyprus	60 000	9,4

2. The protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and on methods of administrative cooperation⁽¹⁾, annexed to the Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Cyprus, shall be applicable.

3. The second instalment of 5 000 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2) or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment amounting to 55 000 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 30 June 1987, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	2 760
Denmark	50
Germany	1 600
Greece	50
France	50
Ireland	320
Italy	50
United Kingdom	50 120

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 28. 12. 1977, p. 19.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1987.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 15 June 1987, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 10 June 1987, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 15 June 1987, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 10 June 1987 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 20 June 1987, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 26 April 1987.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 May 1987.

For the Council

The President

L. TINDEMANS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1187/87
of 29 April 1987

introducing a countervailing charge on fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and
Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No. 1035/72
of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the
market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by
Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the
second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1060/87⁽³⁾
introduced a countervailing charge on fresh lemons ori-
ginating in Cyprus;

Whereas for fresh lemons originating in Cyprus there
were no prices for six consecutive working days; whereas

the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation
(EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the counter-
vailing charge on imports of fresh lemons originating in
Cyprus can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1060/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 30 April 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 29 April 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 103, 15. 4. 1987, p. 36.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1343/87

of 14 May 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh table grapes, falling within subheading ex 08.04 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1987)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3700/83 of 22 December 1983 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade with the Republic of Cyprus beyond 31 December 1983⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3682/85⁽²⁾, provides for the opening of a Community tariff quota of 7 500 tonnes of fresh table grapes, falling within subheadings ex 08.04 A I a) and b) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at rates of customs duty equal to 40 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff, for the period 8 June to 31 July 1987; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for this period;

Whereas, in accordance with Articles 180 and 367 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, the Council adopted Regulation (EEC) No 449/86 determining the arrangements to be applied by the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to trade with certain third countries⁽³⁾; whereas this Regulation therefore applies to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be

respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Cyprus over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for the products in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volumes should be allocated in initial shares, to take into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 86 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas the method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 369, 30. 12. 1983, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 351, 28. 12. 1985, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 50, 28. 2. 1986, p. 40.

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity of the initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the

1. From 8 June to 31 July 1987, on import into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985, the duties for the following products shall be suspended at the levels and within the limit of a Community tariff quota as follows:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume tonnes	Quota duty
09.1407	08.04	Grapes fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes: a) From 1 November to 14 July: ex 2. Other: — From 8 June to 14 July originating in Cyprus ex b) From 15 July to 31 October: — From 15 to 31 July, originating in Cyprus	7 500	7,2 % 8,8 %

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.
2. The first instalment, amounting to 6 476 tonnes, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 July 1987, shall be as follows:

	(in tonnes)
Benelux	150
Denmark	10
Germany	300
Greece	2
France	2
Ireland	10
Italy	2
United Kingdom	6 000

3. The second instalment, amounting to 1 024 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that

Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 July 1987.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 15 July 1987, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 10 July 1987, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 15 July 1987, of the total quantity of the products in question imported up to 10 July 1987 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform Member States, not later than 20 July 1987, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3

are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the tariff quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commissions' request, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1987.

For the Council
The President
A. DUQUESNE

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2712/87
of 9 September 1987
introducing a countervailing charge on table grapes originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2275/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 934/87 of 31 March 1987 fixing for the 1987 marketing year the reference prices for table grapes⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I at 48,24 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the months of September and October 1987;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation

(EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for table grapes originating in Cyprus the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these table grapes;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 12,91 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to table grapes (subheading 08.04 A I of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Cyprus.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 11 September 1987.

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 209, 31. 7. 1987, p. 4.

(3) OJ No L 89, 1. 4. 1987, p. 45.

(4) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

(5) OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

(6) OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

(7) OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 September 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2842/87
of 21 September 1987**

opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for aubergines falling within subheading ex 07.01 T II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus (1987)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 3700/83 of 22 December 1983 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade with the Republic of Cyprus beyond 31 December 1983 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3682/85 ⁽²⁾, provides for the opening, in respect of the period 1 October to 30 November 1987 of a Community tariff quota of 300 tonnes of aubergines, falling within subheading 07.01 T II of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Cyprus, at a rate of customs duty equal to 40 % of the customs duty in the Common Customs Tariff; whereas, therefore, the Community tariff quota in question should be opened for this period;

Whereas according to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 449/86 of 24 February 1986 determining the arrangements to be applied by the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to trade with certain third countries ⁽³⁾, the provisions applicable by the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to trade with the Republic of Cyprus shall be subject to the tariff treatment and other trade rules applied to third countries enjoying most-favoured-nation treatment; whereas, therefore, this Regulation applies only to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas it is necessary, in particular, to ensure to all Community exporters equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application

of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, however, since the period of application of the quota is very short it seems possible to avoid allocating it among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under the conditions and according to a procedure to be laid down; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 October to 30 November 1987 the customs duty on the import into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 for the following products shall be suspended at the level and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as follows:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Quota volume (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.1405	07.01 T II	Aubergines, originating in Cyprus	300	6,4

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 369, 30. 12. 1983, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 351, 28. 12. 1985, p. 9.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 50, 28. 2. 1986, p. 40.

2. If an importer notifies an imminent importation of the product in question in a Member State and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to these requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve permits this.

3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) are carried out in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the said goods have access to the quota so long as the residual balance of the quota volume allows this.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with the conditions set out in paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 October 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1987.

For the Council

The President

N. WILHELM

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3196/87

of 26 October 1987

repealing Regulation (EEC) No 1051/87 applying the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 of 14 May 1973 on imports of citrus fruits originating in Cyprus⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1051/87 of 13 April 1987⁽²⁾ applied the duty in the Common Customs Tariff to imports of fresh lemons originating in Cyprus;

Whereas, pursuant to the second paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73, this rule remains in force until the quotations referred to in Article 2 (1) of that Regulation, adjusted by the convention factors and following deduction of import charges other than customs duties, remain equal to or higher than the price laid down in Article 3 of that Regulation for three consecutive

market days on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations;

Whereas the present trend of prices of Cypriot products on the representative markets indicates that the conditions set out in the second paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1252/73 are fulfilled; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1051/87 should therefore be repealed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1051/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 27 October 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 October 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 113.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 102, 14. 4. 1987, p. 23.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4088/87

of 21 December 1987

fixing conditions for the application of preferential customs duties on imports of certain flowers originating in Cyprus, Israel and Jordan

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Article 2

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the additional Protocols to the Association or Cooperation Agreements between the European Economic Community, on the one hand, and Cyprus, Israel and Jordan, on the other, provide that preferential customs duties shall be applied to imports into the Community of roses and carnations, within the limit of tariff quotas opened for imports of all fresh cut flowers falling within subheading 0603 10 of the combined nomenclature and originating in the said States; whereas these tariff advantages are applicable only to imports which comply with certain price conditions;

Whereas this Regulation should state the price conditions with which imports of roses and carnations must comply in order to qualify for the application of preferential customs duties and should also set both the conditions for suspending the preferential tariff arrangement when these conditions are no longer met and the conditions for its subsequent reintroduction;

Whereas price conditions to be complied with for imported products are determined according to Community producer prices; whereas, in the light of the extremely volatile and short-term fluctuations in the prices of the products in question in the Community, these producer prices should be set for two-week periods, on the basis of the average representative market price during the previous three years, excessive fluctuations being disregarded,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

This Regulation lays down the conditions for application of a preferential customs duty for large-flowered roses, small-flowered roses, uniflorous (bloom) carnations and multiflorous (spray) carnations, within the limit of tariff quotas opened annually for imports into the Community of all fresh cut flowers falling within subheading 0603 10 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus, Israel or Jordan.

1. For a given product of a given origin, the preferential customs duty shall be applicable only if the price of the imported product is at least equal to 85 % of the Community producer price referred to in Article 3.

The price of the imported product shall be established on representative Community import markets, without deducting the preferential customs duty.

2. The preferential customs duty shall, save in exceptional circumstances, be suspended and the Common Customs Tariff duty imposed for a given product of a given origin;

(a) if, on two successive market days, the prices of the imported product are less than 85 % of the Community producer price in respect of at least 30 % of the quantities for which prices are available on representative import markets; or

(b) if, over a period of five to seven successive market days, the prices of the imported product are alternately above and below 85 % of the Community producer price in respect of at least 30 % of the quantities for which prices are available on the representative import markets and if, for three days during that period, the prices of the imported product have been below that level.

3. The preferential customs duty shall be reintroduced for a given product of a given origin if the prices of the imported product (full-rate customs duty not deducted) are, in respect of a least 70 % of the quantities for which prices are available on representative Community import markets, equal to, or more than, 85 % of the Community producer price for a period, calculated from the actual date of suspension of preferential customs duty,

— of two successive market days, after suspension under paragraph 2 (a),

— of three successive market days, after suspension under paragraph 2 (b).

In the absence of available price quotations, the preferential customs duty shall be reintroduced if there are no prices for six successive working days from the date the measure was applied.

4. In the case of imports into Spain and Portugal of products originating in the countries mentioned in Article 1:

— the preferential customs duty applicable shall be determined by the special conditions of application of the Agreements between the Community and the countries referred to in Article 1, following the accession of Spain and Portugal,

— during the period when the preferential customs duty is suspended, the customs duty applicable shall be determined by application of Articles 75 and 243 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal.

Article 3

1. Community producer prices shall be set for each of the four products mentioned in Article 1 and be applicable for two-week periods. Prices shall be set twice a year, before 15 May and before 15 October.

2. For each of the four products the Community price shall correspond to the average producer price recorded on representative producer markets over the corresponding period during the three years preceding the date of price-setting referred to in paragraph 1.

The average price for each representative market shall be determined by excluding prices which, according to procedures to be established, can be considered excessively high or excessively low in relation to the normal fluctuations observed on that market.

Article 4

On the basis of information given to it periodically by Member States or information which it has itself collected, the Commission shall keep a regular check on the trends both of the price of imports from each country of origin on the import markets and of producer prices on Community markets.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

Article 5

1. In accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 234/68 (*), the Commission shall lay down detailed rules for the implementation of this Regulation, including in particular:

- the definition of the products mentioned in Article 1,
- the list of representative producer markets and representative Community, import markets,
- the information to be returned periodically to the Commission by Member States for the purposes of this Regulation.

2. In accordance with the procedure referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall:

- (a) fix Community producer prices, as provided for in Article 3;
- (b) suspend the preferential customs duty and re-establish the common customs tariff, or reintroduce the preferential customs duty, as appropriate. However, between the regular meetings of the Management Committee, these measures shall be adopted by the Commission.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply to products originating in each of the three countries concerned as from the date of application of the relevant additional Protocol.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

(*) OJ No L 55, 2. 3. 1968, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4168/87

of 21 December 1987

opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheadings 0806 20 11 or 0806 20 19 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, as supplemented by the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the said Agreement and adapting certain provisions thereof⁽¹⁾, provides for the opening of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes for dried grapes falling within subheading 0806 20 11 and 0806 20 19 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus; whereas pursuant to Article 18 of the Protocol in question, this volume is subject to an annual increase of 5 % from the entry into force of the Protocol, and will therefore be 1 575 tonnes in 1988; whereas, within the limits of the tariff quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic will apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent upon the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community⁽²⁾; whereas the Community tariff quota should therefore be opened for 1988;

Whereas from the date on which the said quota is opened, the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced by the combined nomenclature based on the International Convention on the

Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding system; whereas this Regulation must take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes within which the said products fall;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rates laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, however, the quota should not in this case be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under conditions and according to the procedure laid down in Article 1 (2); whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used and inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community of the following products shall be suspended at the level indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CN code	Description	Amount of quota (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.1413	0806 20 11 0806 20 19	Grapes, fresh or dried: - Dried: -- In immediate containers of a net capacity not exceeding 2 kg:	1 575	Free
		--- Currants --- Other:		
	ex 0806 20 91	--- Currants in immediate containers of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kg, originating in Cyprus		
	ex 0806 20 99	--- Other in immediate containers of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kg, originating in Cyprus		

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 37.

Within the limits of this tariff quota the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community.

2. If an importer gives notification of imminent imports of the product in question into a Member State and applies to take advantage of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the product concerned have free access to the quota for such time as the residual balance of the quota volume so permits.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4169/87

of 21 December 1987

opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sweet peppers falling within subheading 0709 60 10 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, as supplemented by the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the said Agreement and adapting certain provisions thereof (¹), provides for the opening of a Community tariff quota of 300 tonnes for sweet peppers falling within subheading 0709 60 10 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus; whereas, pursuant to Article 18 of the Protocol in question, this volume is subject to an annual increase of 5 % from the entry into force of the Protocol, and will therefore be 315 tonnes in 1988; whereas, within the limit of the tariff quota, the customs duty applicable is to be abolished progressively according to the timetable and under the conditions as laid down in Articles 5 and 16 of the said Protocol;

Whereas, however, the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community (²) lays down that those Member States will postpone implementation of the preferential arrangements for the products in question until 31 December 1989 and 31 December 1990 respectively; whereas, consequently, the above tariff quota applies only to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985; whereas the Community tariff quota should therefore be opened for 1988;

Whereas from the date on which the said quota is opened, the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced by the combined nomenclature based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes within which the said products fall;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rates laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, however, the quota should not in this case be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under the conditions and according to the procedure laid down in Article 1 (2); whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used and inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 of the following products shall be suspended at the levels indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CN code	Description	Volume of quota (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.1409	0709 60 10	Sweet peppers, originating in Cyprus	315	4,5 from 1 January to 29 February 4 from 1 March to 31 December

(¹) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 2.

(²) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 37.

2. If an importer gives notification of imminent imports of the product in question into a Member State and applies to take advantage of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the product concerned have free access to the quota for such time as the residual balance of the quota volume so permits.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4170/87

of 21 December 1987

opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for salad beetroot falling within subheading ex 0706 90 90 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, as supplemented by the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the said Agreement and adapting certain provisions thereof (1), provides for the opening of a Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes for salad beetroot falling within subheading ex 0706 90 90 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus; whereas, pursuant to Article 18 of the Protocol in question, this volume is subject to an annual increase of 5 % from the entry into force of the Protocol, and will therefore be 1 575 tonnes in 1988; whereas, within the limit of the tariff quota, the customs duty applicable is to be abolished progressively according to the same timetable and under the same conditions as laid down in Articles 5 and 16 of the said Protocol;

Whereas, however, the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community (2) lays down that those two Member States will postpone implementation of the preferential arrangements for the products in question until 31 December 1989 and 31 December 1990 respectively; whereas, consequently, the above tariff quota applies only to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas the Community tariff quota should therefore be opened for 1988;

Whereas from the date on which the said quota is opened, the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced by the combined nomenclature based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes and Taric code numbers within which the said products fall;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rates laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all imports of the product in question into all the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, however, the quota should not in this case be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under the conditions and according to the procedure laid down in Article 1 (2); whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used and inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 of the following products shall be suspended at the levels indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CN Code	Description	Volume of quota (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.1411	ex 0706 90 90	Salad beetroot, originating in Cyprus	1 575	8,5 from 1 January to 29 February 7,7 from 1 March to 31 December

(1) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 2.
(2) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 37.

2. If an importer gives notification of imminent imports of the product in question into a Member State and applies to take advantage of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the product concerned have free access to the quota for such time as the residual balance of the quota volume so permits.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4171/87

of 21 December 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for wine of fresh grapes, falling within subheadings 2204 21 25, 2204 21 29, ex 2204 21 35 or ex 2204 21 39 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, supplemented by the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement and adapting certain provisions thereof⁽¹⁾, provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 35 000 hectolitres for certain wines of fresh grapes falling within subheadings 2204 21 25, 2204 21 29, ex 2204 21 35 or ex 2204 21 39 of the combined nomenclature, in containers holding 2 litres or less, and originating in Cyprus;

Whereas this volume is subject to an annual increase of 5 % from the entry into force of the Protocol, and will therefore, pursuant to Article 18 of the Protocol in question, be 36 750 hectolitres in 1988; whereas, within the limits of the tariff quota, customs duties are to be abolished progressively according to the same timetables and under the same conditions as laid down in Articles 5 and 16 of the said Protocol; whereas, however, the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community⁽²⁾ stipulates that the Kingdom of Spain shall apply, from the date it enters into force, a duty reducing the gap between the rate of the basic duty and that of the preferential duty, while the Portuguese Republic shall defer application of the preferential arrangements for the products in question until the start of the second stage;

Whereas, therefore, this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1988;

Whereas from the date on which the said quota is opened, the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced by the combined nomenclature

based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes and, where appropriate, the Taric code numbers within which the said products fall;

Whereas the wine in question is subject to the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wine may qualify for this tariff quota, Article 54 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3992/87⁽⁴⁾, must be complied with;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rates laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all imports of the products in question into all the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, allocation of the tariff quota among the Member States would seem to preserve the Community nature of the quota; whereas in order to correspond as closely as possible to the real trend of the market for the product in question the allocation should reflect the requirements of the Member States based on statistics of imports of the said products from Cyprus during a representative reference period and on the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, there are no Community or national statistics concerning the wine in question and no reliable forecast of imports can be made; whereas under these circumstances it seems appropriate to divide the volume into initial quota shares allowing for the capacity of the markets of the different Member States to absorb the wine in question;

Whereas, to allow for the trend of imports of the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two parts, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve to cover any subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial share; whereas, to afford importers in each Member State some degree of certainty, an appropriate level for the first part of the Community quota would, in the present circumstances, be 67 % of the quota volume;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 84, 16. 3. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 20.

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to avoid any break in the continuity of supplies on this account, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas each time its additional share is almost used up a Member State should draw a further share and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must be able to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas if at a given date in the quota period a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that the Member State concerned should return a significant proportion thereof

to the corresponding reserve in order to prevent part of the Community tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community, with the exception of Portugal, of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the level indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CN code	Description	Volume of quota (hl)	Quota duty
09.1415	2204 21 25 2204 21 29	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must other than that of heading No 2009:	36 750	3,6 ECU/hl: from 1 January to 29 February
		- Other wine, grape must with fermentation prevented or arrested by the addition of alcohol:		
		-- In containers holding 2 litres or less:		
		---- Other:		
		----- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol:		
		----- Other:		
ex 2204 21 35	2204 21 29	----- White	3,2 ECU/hl: from 1 March to 31 December	
		----- Other		
ex 2204 21 39	ex 2204 21 35	----- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol:	4,2 ECU/hl: from 1 January to 29 February	
		----- Other		
ex 2204 21 39	ex 2204 21 35	----- White:	3,8 ECU/hl: from 1 March to 31 December	
		- Other than liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength of 15 % vol		
ex 2204 21 39	ex 2204 21 39	----- Other:	3,8 ECU/hl: from 1 March to 31 December	
		- Other than liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength of 15 % vol		

2. The wine in question shall be subject to the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines may qualify for this tariff quota, Article 54 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 must be complied with.

the following quota shares shall be valid until 31 December 1988:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	540
Denmark	1 470
Germany	1 710
Greece	70
Spain	70
France	70
Ireland	880
Italy	70
United Kingdom	19 740

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two parts.

2. An initial part of 24 620 hectolitres shall be allocated among the Member States; subject to Article 5,

3. The second part of the quota, amounting to 12 130 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less any portion returned to the reserve pursuant to Article 5, it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission and to the extent that the reserve so permits, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number.

2. If, after its initial quota share has been used up, a Member State has used 90 % or more of its second share as well, it shall forthwith, using the procedure provided for in paragraph 1 and to the extent that the reserve so permits, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of the initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, a Member State has used 90 % or more of its third share, it shall, using the procedure provided for in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those specified in the said paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used in full. Member States shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1988.

Article 5

By 1 October 1988 at the latest Member States must return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1988, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there is reason to believe that it might not be used.

By 1 October 1988 at the latest Member States must notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products concerned imported on or before 15 September

1988 and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares drawn by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up as soon as it has been notified.

It shall inform the Member States not later than 5 October 1988 of the state of the reserve following any return of quota shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional drawings of shares pursuant to Article 3 enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned have free access to the quota shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the goods in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their quota shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4172/87

of 21 December 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for liqueur wines falling within subheadings ex 2204 21 35, ex 2204 21 39, ex 2204 29 35, ex 2204 29 39, ex 2204 21 49, ex 2204 29 49, ex 2204 21 59, ex 2204 29 59 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus, supplemented by the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement and adapting certain provisions thereof (*), provides for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 000 hectolitres for certain liqueur wines falling within subheadings ex 2204 21 35, ex 2204 21 39, ex 2204 29 35, ex 2204 29 39, ex 2204 21 49, ex 2204 29 49, ex 2204 21 59 or ex 2204 29 59 of the combined nomenclature, originating in Cyprus;

Whereas this volume is subject to an annual increase of 5% from the entry into force of the Protocol, and will therefore, pursuant to Article 18 of the Protocol in question, be 157 500 hectolitres in 1988; whereas, within the limits of the tariff quota, customs duties are to be abolished progressively according to the timetables and under the conditions as laid down in Articles 5 and 16 of the said Protocol; whereas, however, the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community (*) stipulates that the Kingdom of Spain shall apply, from the date it enters into force, a duty reducing the gap between the rate of the basic duty and that of the preferential duty, while the Portuguese Republic shall defer application of the preferential arrangements for the products in question until the start of the second stage;

Whereas, therefore, this Community tariff quota should be opened for 1988;

Whereas from the date on which the said quota is opened, the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced by the combined nomenclature

based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes and, where appropriate, the Taric code numbers within which the said products fall;

Whereas qualification for this tariff quota must be dependent, on the wines being designated as liqueur wines in the V 11 document or V 12 extract provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 3590/85 (*);

Whereas the free-at-frontier reference price must be complied with for the wine in question; whereas, in order that such wine may qualify for this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 (*), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3992/87 (*), must be complied with;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rates laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all imports of the products in question into all the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, allocation of the tariff quota among the Member States would seem to preserve the Community nature of the quota; whereas in order to correspond as closely as possible to the real trend of the market for the product in question the allocation should reflect the requirements of the Member States based on statistics of imports of the said products from Cyprus during a representative reference period and on the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, there are no Community or national statistics concerning the wine in question and no reliable forecast of imports can be made; whereas under these circumstances it seems appropriate to divide the volume into initial quota shares allowing for the capacity of the markets of the different Member States to absorb the wine in question;

Whereas, to allow for the trend of imports of the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two parts,

(*) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 2.

(*) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 37.

(*) OJ No L 343, 20. 12. 1985, p. 20.

(*) OJ No L 84, 16. 3. 1987, p. 1.

(*) OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 20.

the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve to cover any subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial share; whereas, to afford importers in each Member State some degree of certainty, an appropriate level for the first part of the Community quota would, in the present circumstances, be 67 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to avoid any break in the continuity of supplies on this account, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas each time its additional share is almost used up a Member State should draw a further share and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must be able to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas if at a given date in the quota period a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that the Member State concerned should return a significant proportion thereof to the corresponding reserve in order to prevent part of the Community tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community, with the exception of Portugal, of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the level indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CN code	Description	Volume of quota (hl)	Quota duty
09.1417	ex 2204 21 35	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must other than that of heading No 2009: - Other wine; grape must with fermentation prevented or arrested by the addition of alcohol: -- In containers holding 2 litres or less: ---- Other: ----- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol: ----- Other:	157 500	5 ECU/hl: from 1 January to 29 February 4,5 ECU/hl: from 1 March to 31 December
		----- White - Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength of 15 % vol		
		ex 2204 21 39 ----- Other: - Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength of 15 % vol		
		ex 2204 21 49 ----- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % but not exceeding 18 % vol: ----- Other: - Liqueur wines:		
ex 2204 21 59	----- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol: ----- Other: - Liqueur wines	6,1 ECU/hl: From 1 January to 29 February 5,5 ECU/hl: From 1 March to 31 December 6,9 ECU/hl: From 1 January to 29 February 6,2 ECU/hl: From 1 March to 31 December		

Order No	CN code	Description	Volume of quota (hl)	Quota duty
		-- Other:		
		--- Other:		
		---- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol:		
		----- Other:		
	ex 2204 29 35	----- White		3,9 ECU/hl: From 1 January to 29 February
		- Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength of 15 % vol		3,5 ECU/hl: From 1 March to 31 December
	ex 2204 29 39	----- Other:		
		- Liqueur wines of an actual alcoholic strength of 15 % vol		
		---- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol		
		----- Other:		
	ex 2204 29 49	- Liqueur wines		5 ECU/hl: From 1 January to 29 February
		---- Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol:		4,5 ECU/hl: From 1 March to 31 December
		----- Other:		
	ex 2204 29 59	- Liqueur wines		6,9 ECU/hl: From 1 January to 29 February
				6,2 ECU/hl: From 1 March to 31 December

2. To qualify for this tariff quota, the wines must be designated as liqueur wines in the V11 document or V12 extract provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 3590/85.

3. The wine in question shall be subject to the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wine may qualify for this tariff quota, Article 54 of Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 must be adhered to.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two parts.

2. An initial part of 105 525 hectolitres shall be allocated among the Member States; subject to Article 5, the following quota shares shall be valid until 31 December 1988:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	115
Denmark	60
Germany	1 890
Greece	20
Spain	20
France	20
Ireland	60
Italy	20
United Kingdom	103 320

3. The second part of the quota, amounting to 51 975 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less any portion returned to the reserve pursuant to Article 5, it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission and to the extent that the reserve so permits, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number.

2. If, after its initial quota share has been used up, a Member State has used 90 % or more of its second share as well, it shall forthwith, using the procedure provided for in paragraph 1 and to the extent that the reserve so permits, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of the initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, a Member State has used 90 % or more of its third share, it shall, using the procedure provided for in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those specified in the said paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used in full. Member States shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1988.

Article 5

By 1 October 1988 at the latest Member States must return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1988, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there is reason to believe that it might not be used.

By 1 October 1988 at the latest Member States must notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products concerned imported on or before 15 September 1988 and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares drawn by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up as soon as it has been notified.

It shall inform the Member States not later than 5 October 1988 of the state of the reserve following any return of quota shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional drawings of shares pursuant to Article 3 enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned have free access to the quota shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the goods in question entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their quota shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4173/87

of 21 December 1987

opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for cut flowers and flower buds, fresh, falling within subheadings 0603 10 11 to 0603 10 69 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 19 of the Protocol laying down the conditions and procedures for the implementation of the second stage of the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and adapting certain provisions thereof⁽¹⁾, stipulates that cut flowers and flower buds, fresh, falling within subheadings 0603 10 11 to 0603 10 69 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Cyprus shall be imported into the Community at Reduced Rates of duty within the limits of of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 tonnes; whereas, pursuant to Articles 18 and 19 of the Protocol in question, this volume is subject to an annual increase of 5 % from the entry into force of the said Protocol, and will therefore be 52,50 tonnes in 1988; whereas, within the limits of this tariff quota, customs duties are to be abolished progressively according to the same timetables and under the same conditions as laid down in Articles 5 and 16 of the said Protocol; whereas in the context of the said quota, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic will apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community⁽²⁾;

Whereas roses with large or small flowers and carnations of the uniflora or multiflora type are covered by the quota only where they meet the conditions laid down by Council Regulation (EEC) No 4088/87 of 21 December 1987 fixing conditions for the application of preferential customs duties on imports of certain floricultural products originating in Cyprus, Israel or Jordan⁽³⁾; whereas these tariff advantages apply only to imports for

which certain price conditions are complied with; whereas the Community tariff quota should therefore be opened for the period from 1 January to 31 October 1988 amounting by virtue of the *pro rata temporis* clause in the said Protocol to 43,75 tonnes for the period in question;

Whereas from the date on which the said quota is opened, the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced by the combined nomenclature based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes within which the said products fall;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rates laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all imports of the product in question into all the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, however, the quota should not in this case be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under conditions and according to the procedure laid down in Article 1 (2); whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used and inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 October 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community of the following products originating in Cyprus shall be suspended at the level indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

(1) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 393, 31. 12. 1987, p. 37.

(3) OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1987, p. 22.

Order No	CN code	Description	Volume of quota (tonnes)	Quota duty (%)
09.1419	0603 10 51 0603 10 53 0603 10 55 0603 10 61 0603 10 65 0603 10 69 0603 10 11 0603 10 13 0603 10 15 0603 10 21 0603 10 25 0603 10 29	Cut flowers and flowers buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: - Fresh: - From 1 November to 31 May - From 1 June to 31 October, originating in Cyprus	43,75	17: from 1 January to 29 February 15,4: from 1 March to 31 May 21,8: from 1 June to 31 October

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Spain and Portugal shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus consequent on the accession of Spain and Portugal.

2. Cover by the tariff quota referred to in Article 1 (1) may be interrupted in the case of roses with large or small flowers and carnations of the unifloral or multifloral type if it is established at Community level that the price conditions laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 4088/87 are not complied with.

In such cases, the Commission shall adopt Regulations re-establishing the collection of Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the products in question and, where appropriate, reintroducing this Regulation on the dates and for the products indicated in those Regulations.

3. If an importer gives notification of imminent imports of the product in question into a Member State and applies to take advantage of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

4. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 3 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (3) enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the product concerned have free access to the quota for such time as the residual balance of the quota volume so permits.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their drawings as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

EEC-MALTA Association

The Compilation of Texts pertaining to the "Association between the European Economic Community and Malta" contains all the acts adopted by the various Institutions of the Association pursuant to the Agreement signed at Valletta on 5 December 1970 as well as the acts adopted by the EEC concerning Malta.

GENERAL MATTERS

Provisions within the Community
relating to the Association Agreement

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4164/87

of 21 December 1987

on the application of Decision No 1/87 of the EEC-Malta Association Council again amending Articles 6 and 17 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 5 December 1970 and entered into force on 1 April 1971;

Whereas a Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta ⁽²⁾ was signed in Brussels on 4 March 1976 and entered into force on 1 June 1976;

Whereas under Article 25 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, which is an integral

part of the Agreement, the Association Council adopted Decision No 1/87 again amending Articles 6 and 17;

Whereas it is necessary to apply this Decision in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 1/87 of the EEC—Malta Association Council shall be applicable in the Community.

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 61, 14. 3. 1971, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 111, 28. 4. 1976, p. 3.

DECISIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL

DECISION No 1/87 OF THE EEC-MALTA ASSOCIATION COUNCIL

of 11 December 1987

again amending Articles 6 and 17 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Malta, signed in Brussels on 5 December 1970,

Having regard to the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, hereinafter referred to as 'the Protocol', and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas the equivalent value of the ECU in certain national currencies on 1 October 1986 was less than the corresponding value on 1 October 1984; whereas the automatic change in the base date laid down in Decision No 1/82 of the Association Council would, in the case of conversion into the national currencies concerned, have the effect of reducing the limits which permit the presentation of simplified documentary evidence; whereas, in order to avoid this effect, it is necessary to increase such limits expressed in ECU,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Protocol is hereby amended as follows:

1. in the second subparagraph of Article 6 (1), '2 355 ECU' is replaced by '2 590 ECU';
2. in Article 17 (2), '165 ECU' is replaced by '180 ECU' and '470 ECU' by '515 ECU'.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

Done at Brussels, 11 December 1987.

For the Association Council

The President

J. LICARI

PROVISIONS WITHIN THE EEC

COMMISSION DECISION

of 6 November 1987

on the list of establishments in Malta approved for the purpose of importing fresh meat into the Community

(87/548/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/462/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health and veterinary inspection problems upon importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from third countries⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 87/64/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 (1) and 18 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 77/96/EEC of 21 December 1976 on the examination for *trichinae* (*trichinella spiralis*) upon importation from third countries of fresh meat derived from domestic swine⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas establishments in third countries cannot be authorized to export fresh meat to the Community unless they satisfy the general and special conditions laid down in Directive 72/462/EEC;

Whereas on the basis of a precious inspection in Malta no establishments were judged satisfactory and Commission Decision 85/222/EEC⁽⁵⁾, prohibited Member States, on a Community basis, from importing fresh meat from establishments in Malta, while still allowing those Member States whose national legislation so permitted not to interrupt existing trade flows with the establishments proposed by the Maltese authorities, for a period of seven months;

Whereas a further inspection carried out pursuant to Article 5 of Directive 72/462/EEC and Article 2 (1) of Commission Decision 86/474/EEC of 11 September 1986 on the implementation of the on-the-spot inspections to be carried out in respect of the importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from non-member countries⁽⁶⁾ has shown that the standard of hygiene in two establishments has been raised and can thus be regarded as satisfactory;

Whereas this same inspection has shown that the establishment for pigmeat visited complies with the condi-

tions of Article 2 of Directive 77/96/EEC and therefore may be authorized to carry out the examination to detect the presence of *trichinae* in fresh pigmeat;

Whereas these establishments can, in these circumstances, be included in a list of establishments authorized to export to the Community and therefore Decision 85/222/EEC must be repealed;

Whereas import of fresh meat from the establishments appearing in the Annex remains subject to provisions laid down elsewhere and to the general provisions of the Treaty; whereas, in particular, import from third countries and dispatch to other Member States of certain categories of meat, such as meat containing residues of certain substances, are covered by harmonized Community rules, which are not yet fully implemented;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. The establishments in Malta appearing in the Annex are hereby approved for the import of fresh meat into the Community pursuant to the said Annex.
2. Imports from establishments listed in the Annex shall remain subject to the Community veterinary provisions laid down elsewhere.

Article 2

Member States shall prohibit imports of fresh meat coming from establishments not appearing in the Annex.

Article 3

Decision 85/222/EEC is hereby repealed.

Article 4

This Decision shall apply with effect from 1 November 1987.

(¹) OJ No L 302, 31. 12. 1972, p. 28.
(²) OJ No L 34, 5. 2. 1987, p. 52.
(³) OJ No L 26, 31. 1. 1977, p. 67.
(⁴) OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.
(⁵) OJ No L 103, 13. 4. 1985, p. 21.
(⁶) OJ No L 279, 30. 9. 1986, p. 53.

Article 5

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 November 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

ANNEX

LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS

Approval No	Establishment/Address	Category (1)							
		SL	CP	CS	B	S/G	P	SP	SR
M 001	Civil Abattoir, Marsa	x			x		x		T
M 004	Mediterranean Meat Company Ltd, Halfar		x		x		x		

- (1) SL = Slaughterhouse
 CP = Curing Premises
 CS = Cold Store
 B = Bovine Meat
 S/G = Sheep Meat/Goat Meat
 P = Pig Meat
 SP = Meat from Solipeds
 SR = Special Remarks
 T = The establishment with the indication "T" is authorized, with the meaning of Article 4 of Directive 77/96/EEC, to perform the examination for detection of *trichinae* provided for in Article 2 of the aforementioned Directive.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3928/87
of 15 December 1987

amending and extending the periods of validity of Regulations (EEC) No 3044/79, (EEC) No 1782/80 (EEC) No 2295/82, (EEC) No 3652/85, (EEC) No 1769/86 and (EEC) No 1971/86 on Community surveillance of imports of certain textile products originating in Malta, Egypt and Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

lance of imports of certain textile products originating in Turkey;

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Whereas those Regulations expire on 31 December 1987;

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 288/82 of 5 February 1982 on common rules for imports⁽¹⁾, amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1243/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Whereas the reasons that justified the introduction of the above Regulations are still valid; whereas the said Regulations should therefore be extended for an additional period;

Having consulted the advisory committee set up under Article 5 of the said Regulation,

Whereas the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 3044/79 should be defined as applying to trousers, blouses and shirts (categories 6, 7 and 8) originating in Malta;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2819/79⁽³⁾, the period of validity of which was last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3790/87⁽⁴⁾, makes imports of certain textile products originating in certain non-member countries subject to Community surveillance;

Whereas the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 3652/85 should be defined as applying to acrylic yarn (category 22 a) originating in Turkey;

Whereas, by Regulation (EEC) No 3044/79⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3981/86⁽⁶⁾, the Commission established Community surveillance of imports of certain textile products originating in Malta;

Whereas the Community is a contracting party to the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System;

Whereas, by Regulation (EEC) No 1782/80⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 503/87⁽⁸⁾, the Commission established Community surveillance of imports of certain textile products originating in Egypt;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff⁽⁹⁾ introduces on 1 January 1988 a goods nomenclature, known as the combined nomenclature (CN) based on the harmonized system; whereas, as a consequence, the Annexes to Regulations (EEC) No 3044/79, (EEC) No 1782/80, (EEC) No 2295/82, (EEC) No 3652/85, (EEC) No 1769/86 and (EEC) No 1971/86 should be modified,

Whereas, by Regulations (EEC) No 2295/82⁽¹⁰⁾, and (EEC) No 3652/85⁽¹¹⁾, as last amended by Regulations (EEC) No 2363/87⁽¹²⁾, (EEC) No 1769/86⁽¹³⁾ and (EEC) No 1971/86⁽¹⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1765/87⁽¹⁵⁾, the Commission established Community surveil-

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Community surveillance of imports of certain textile products established by Regulations (EEC) No 3044/79, (EEC) No 1782/80, (EEC) No 2295/82, (EEC) No 3652/85, (EEC) No 1769/86 and (EEC) No 1971/86 is hereby extended until 31 December 1988.

(1) OJ No L 35, 9. 2. 1982, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 113, 30. 4. 1986, p. 1.
(3) OJ No L 320, 15. 12. 1979, p. 9.
(4) OJ No L 356, 18. 12. 1987, p. 18.
(5) OJ No L 343, 31. 12. 1979, p. 8.
(6) OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1986, p. 25.
(7) OJ No L 174, 9. 7. 1980, p. 16.
(8) OJ No L 51, 20. 2. 1987, p. 13.
(9) OJ No L 245, 20. 8. 1982, p. 25.
(10) OJ No L 348, 24. 12. 1985, p. 19.
(11) OJ No L 215, 5. 8. 1987, p. 15.
(12) OJ No L 153, 7. 6. 1986, p. 26.
(13) OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1986, p. 27.
(14) OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1987, p. 18.

(15) OJ No L 256, 7. 9. 1987, p. 1.

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 3044/79 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 is replaced by the following text:

Article 1

Without prejudice to the other provisions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2819/79, the import document referred to in Article 2 of that Regulation shall be issued or endorsed for the products listed in Annex 1 only on presentation of an export licence issued and endorsed by the competent Maltese authorities and corresponding to the specimen shown in Annex II.

2. The Annex is replaced by Annexes I and II to this Regulation.

Article 3

Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1782/80 is hereby replaced by the Annex III to this Regulation.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 December 1987.

Article 4

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2295/82 is hereby replaced by Annex IV to this Regulation.

Article 5

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3652/85 is hereby replaced by Annex V to this Regulation.

Article 6

Annexes I, II and III to Regulation (EEC) No 1769/85 are hereby replaced by Annex VI to this Regulation.

Article 7

Annexes I, II and III to Regulation (EEC) No 1971/86 are hereby replaced by Annex VII to this Regulation.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988
It shall apply until 31 December 1988.

For the Commission
Willy DE CLERCQ
Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

ANNEX I

Category	CN code	Description	Units	Third countries
6	6203 41 10 6203 41 90 6203 42 31 6203 42 33 6203 42 35 6203 42 90 6203 43 19 6203 43 90 6203 49 19 6203 49 50 6204 61 10 6204 62 31 6204 62 33 6204 62 35 6204 63 19 6204 69 19	Men's or boys' woven breeches, shorts other than swimwear and trousers (including slacks); women's or girls' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Malta
7	6106 10 00 6106 20 00 6106 90 10 6206 20 00 6206 30 00 6206 40 00	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, whether or not knitted or crocheted, of wool, cotton or man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Malta
8	6205 10 00 6205 20 00 6205 30 00	Men's or boys' shirts, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, cotton or man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Malta

ANEXO II — BILAG II — ANHANG II — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ II — ANNEX II — ANNEXE II — ALLEGATO II —
BIJLAGE II — ANEXO II

1 Exporter (name, full address, country).	ORIGINAL	2 No
	3 Quota year	4 Category number
5 Consignee (name, full address, country)	EXPORT LICENCE (Textile products)	
	6 Country of origin	7 Country of destination
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport	9 Supplementary details	
10 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages — DESCRIPTION OF GOODS		11 Quantity (¹)
		12 FOB Value (²)
<p>13 CERTIFICATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY</p> <p>I, the undersigned, certify that the goods described above have been charged against the quantitative limit established for the year shown in box No 3 in respect of the category shown in box No 4 by the provisions regulating trade in textile products with the European Economic Community.</p>		
14 Competent authority (name, full address, country)		Aton
		(Signature) (Stamp)

(¹) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category where other than net weight
(²) In the currency of the sale contract

ANNEX III

ANNEX I

Category	CN-code	Description	Units	Third country
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
I	5204 11 00	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	tonnes	Egypt
	5204 19 00			
	5205 11 00			
	5205 12 00			
	5205 13 00			
	5205 14 00			
	5205 15 10			
	5205 15 90			
	5205 21 00			
	5205 22 00			
	5205 23 00			
	5205 24 00			
	5205 25 10			
	5205 25 30			
	5205 25 90			
	5205 31 00			
	5205 32 00			
	5205 33 00			
	5205 34 00			
	5205 35 10			
	5205 35 90			
	5205 41 00			
	5205 42 00			
	5205 43 00			
	5205 44 00			
	5205 45 10			
	5205 45 30			
	5205 45 90			
	5206 11 00			
	5206 12 00			
	5206 13 00			
	5206 14 00			
	5206 15 10			
	5206 15 90			
	5206 21 00			
	5206 22 00			
	5206 23 00			
	5206 24 00			
	5206 25 10			
	5206 25 90			
	5206 31 00			
	5206 32 00			
	5206 33 00			
	5206 34 00			
	5206 35 10			
	5206 35 90			
	5206 41 00			
	5206 42 00			
	5206 43 00			
	5206 44 00			
	5206 45 10			
	5206 45 90			
ex 5604 90 00				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2	5208 11 10 5208 11 90 5208 12 11 5208 12 13 5208 12 15 5208 12 19 5208 12 91 5208 12 93 5208 12 95 5208 12 99 5208 13 00 5208 19 00 5208 21 10 5208 21 90 5208 22 11 5208 22 13 5208 22 15 5208 22 19 5208 22 91 5208 22 93 5208 22 95 5208 22 99 5208 23 00 5208 29 00 5208 31 00 5208 32 11 5208 32 13 5208 32 15 5208 32 19 5208 32 91 5208 32 93 5208 32 95 5208 32 99 5208 33 00 5208 39 00 5208 41 00 5208 42 00 5208 43 00 5208 49 00 5208 51 00 5208 52 10 5208 52 90 5208 53 00 5208 59 00 5209 11 00 5209 12 00 5209 19 00 5209 21 00 5209 22 00 5209 29 00 5209 31 00 5209 32 00 5209 39 00 5209 41 00 5209 42 00 5209 43 00 5209 49 10 5209 49 90 5209 51 00 5209 52 00 5209 59 00 5210 11 10 5210 11 90 5210 12 00 5210 19 00	Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics	tonnes	Egypt

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2	5210 21 10			
(cont'd)	5210 21 90			
	5210 22 00			
	5210 29 00			
	5210 31 10			
	5210 31 90			
	5210 32 00			
	5210 39 00			
	5210 41 00			
	5210 42 00			
	5210 49 00			
	5210 51 00			
	5210 52 00			
	5210 59 00			
	5211 11 00			
	5211 12 00			
	5211 19 00			
	5211 21 00			
	5211 22 00			
	5211 29 00			
	5211 31 00			
	5211 32 00			
	5211 39 00			
	5211 41 00			
	5211 42 00			
	5211 43 00			
	5211 49 11			
	5211 49 19			
	5211 49 90			
	5211 51 00			
	5211 52 00			
	5211 59 00			
	5212 11 10			
	5212 11 90			
	5212 12 10			
	5212 12 90			
	5212 13 10			
	5212 13 90			
	5212 14 10			
	5212 14 90			
	5212 15 10			
	5212 15 90			
	5212 21 10			
	5212 21 90			
	5212 22 10			
	5212 22 90			
	5212 23 10			
	5212 23 90			
	5212 24 10			
	5212 24 90			
	5212 25 10			
	5212 25 90			
	ex 5811 00 00			
	ex 6308 00 00			
2 a)	5208 31 00	a) of which :		
	5208 32 11	other than unbleached or bleached		
	5208 32 13			
	5208 32 15			
	5208 32 19			
	5208 32 91			
	5208 32 93			
	5208 32 95			
	5208 32 99			
	5208 33 00			

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2 a) (cont'd)	5208 39 00 5208 41 00 5208 42 00 5208 43 00 5208 49 00 5208 51 00 5208 52 10 5208 52 90 5208 53 00 5208 59 00			
	5209 31 00 5209 32 00 5209 39 00 5209 41 00 5209 42 00 5209 43 00 5209 49 10 5209 49 90 5209 51 00 5209 52 00 5209 59 00			
	5210 31 10 5210 31 90 5210 32 00 5210 39 00 5210 41 00 5210 42 00 5210 49 00 5210 51 00 5210 52 00 5210 59 00			
	5211 31 00 5211 32 00 5211 39 00 5211 41 00 5211 42 00 5211 43 00 5211 49 11 5211 49 19 5211 49 90 5211 51 00 5211 52 00 5211 59 00			
	5212 13 10 5212 13 90 5212 14 10 5212 14 90 5212 15 10 5212 15 90 5212 23 10 5212 23 90 5212 24 10 5212 24 90 5212 25 10 5212 25 90			
	ex 5811 00 00			
	ex 6308 00 00			

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
4	6105 10 00 6105 20 10 6105 20 90 6105 90 10 6109 10 00 6109 90 10 6109 90 30 6110 20 10 6110 30 10	Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pull-overs (other than of wool or fine animal hair), undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted	1 000 pieces	Egypt
20	6302 21 00 6302 22 90 6302 29 90 6302 31 10 6302 31 90 6302 32 90 6302 39 90	Bed linen, other than knitted or crocheted	tonnes	Egypt

ANNEX IV

'ANNEX'

Category	CN code	Description	Units	Third countries
1	5204 11 00	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	tonnes	Turkey
	5204 19 00			
	5205 11 00			
	5205 12 00			
	5205 13 00			
	5205 14 00			
	5205 15 10			
	5205 15 90			
	5205 21 00			
	5205 22 00			
	5205 23 00			
	5205 24 00			
	5205 25 10			
	5205 25 30			
	5205 25 90			
	5205 31 00			
	5205 32 00			
	5205 33 00			
	5205 34 00			
	5205 35 10			
	5205 35 90			
	5205 41 00			
	5205 42 00			
	5205 43 00			
	5205 44 00			
	5205 45 10			
	5205 45 30			
	5205 45 90			
	5206 11 00			
	5206 12 00			
	5206 13 00			
	5206 14 00			
	5206 15 10			
	5206 15 90			
	5206 21 00			
	5206 22 00			
	5206 23 00			
	5206 24 00			
	5206 25 10			
	5206 25 90			
	5206 31 00			
	5206 32 00			
	5206 33 00			
	5206 34 00			
	5206 35 10			
	5206 35 90			
	5206 41 00			
	5206 42 00			
	5206 43 00			
	5206 44 00			
	5206 45 10			
	5206 45 90			
ex 5604 90 00				

ANNEX V

ANNEX

Category	CN code	Description	Units	Thirdcountries
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2	5208 11 10 5208 11 90 5208 12 11 5208 12 13 5208 12 15 5208 12 19 5208 12 91 5208 12 93 5208 12 95 5208 12 99 5208 13 00 5208 19 00 5208 21 10 5208 21 90 5208 22 11 5208 22 13 5208 22 15 5208 22 19 5208 22 91 5208 22 93 5208 22 95 5208 22 99 5208 23 00 5208 29 00 5208 31 00 5208 32 11 5208 32 13 5208 32 15 5208 32 19 5208 32 91 5208 32 93 5208 32 95 5208 32 99 5208 33 00 5208 39 00 5208 41 00 5208 42 00 5208 43 00 5208 49 00 5208 51 00 5208 52 10 5208 52 90 5208 53 00 5208 59 00 5209 11 00 5209 12 00 5209 19 00 5209 21 00 5209 22 00 5209 29 00 5209 31 00 5209 32 00 5209 39 00 5209 41 00 5209 42 00 5209 43 00 5209 49 10 5209 49 90 5209 51 00 5209 52 00 5209 59 00	Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics	tonnes	Turkey

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2 (cont'd)	5210 11 10 5210 11 90 5210 12 00 5210 19 00 5210 21 10 5210 21 90 5210 22 00 5210 29 00 5210 31 10 5210 31 90 5210 32 00 5210 39 00 5210 41 00 5210 42 00 5210 49 00 5210 51 00 5210 52 00 5210 59 00			
	5211 11 00 5211 12 00 5211 19 00 5211 21 00 5211 22 00 5211 29 00 5211 31 00 5211 32 00 5211 39 00 5211 41 00 5211 42 00 5211 43 00 5211 49 11 5211 49 19 5211 49 90 5211 51 00 5211 52 00 5211 59 00			
	5212 11 10 5212 11 90 5212 12 10 5212 12 90 5212 13 10 5212 13 90 5212 14 10 5212 14 90 5212 15 10 5212 15 90 5212 21 10 5212 21 90 5212 22 10 5212 22 90 5212 23 10 5212 23 90 5212 24 10 5212 24 90 5212 25 10 5212 25 90			
	ex 5811 00 00			
	ex 6308 00 00			
2 a)	5208 31 00 5208 32 11 5208 32 13 5208 32 15 5208 32 19 5208 32 91 5208 32 93	a) of which : other than unbleached or bleached		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2 a) (cont'd)	S208 32 95 S208 32 99 S208 33 00 S208 39 00 S208 41 00 S208 42 00 S208 43 00 S208 49 00 S208 51 00 S208 52 10 S208 52 90 S208 53 00 S208 59 00 S209 31 00 S209 32 00 S209 39 00 S209 41 00 S209 42 00 S209 43 00 S209 49 10 S209 49 90 S209 51 00 S209 52 00 S209 59 00 S210 31 10 S210 31 90 S210 32 00 S210 39 00 S210 41 00 S210 42 00 S210 49 00 S210 51 00 S210 52 00 S210 59 00 S211 31 00 S211 32 00 S211 39 00 S211 41 00 S211 42 00 S211 43 00 S211 49 11 S211 49 19 S211 49 90 S211 51 00 S211 52 00 S211 59 00 S212 13 10 S212 13 90 S212 14 10 S212 14 90 S212 15 10 S212 15 90 S212 23 10 S212 23 90 S212 24 10 S212 24 90 S212 25 10 S212 25 90 ex 5811 00 00 ex 6308 00 00			
9	5802 11 00 5802 19 00 6302 60 00	Terry towelling and similar woven terry fabrics of cotton ; toilet linen and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted, of terry towelling and woven terry fabrics, of cotton	tonnes	Turkey

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ex 32	5801 25 00 5801 26 00 ex 5801 30 00	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or terry fabrics of cotton and narrow woven fabrics) and tufted textile surfaces, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	tonnes	Turkey
56	5508 10 90 5511 10 00 5511 20 00	Yarn of staple synthetic fibres (including waste), put up for retail sale	tonnes	Turkey
22 a)	5508 10 19 5509 31 10 5509 31 90 5509 32 10 5509 32 90	Yarn of staple or wastes synthetic fibres, not put up for retail sale: a) of which: acrylic	tonnes	Turkey ¹

ANNEX VI

ANNEX I

Category	CN code	Description	Units	Third country
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
4	6105 10 00 6105 20 10 6105 20 90 6105 90 10 6109 10 00 6109 90 10 6109 90 30 6110 20 10 6110 30 10	Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers (other than of wool or fine animal hair), undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted	1 000 pieces	Turkey
5	6101 10 90 6101 20 90 6101 30 90 6102 10 90 6102 20 90 6102 30 90 6110 10 10 6110 10 31 6110 10 39 6110 10 91 6110 10 99 6110 20 91 6110 20 99 6110 30 91 6110 30 99	Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waistcoats, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers (other than jackets and blazers), anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like, knitted or crocheted	1 000 pieces	Turkey
6	6203 41 10 6203 41 90 6203 42 31 6203 42 33 6203 42 35 6203 42 90 6203 43 19 6203 43 90 6203 49 19 6203 49 50 6204 61 10 6204 62 31 6204 62 33 6204 62 35 6204 63 19 6204 69 19	Men's or boys' woven breeches, shorts other than swimwear and trousers (including slacks); women's or girls' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Turkey
7	6106 10 00 6106 20 00 6106 90 10 6206 20 00 6206 30 00 6206 40 00	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, whether or not knitted or crocheted, of wool, cotton or man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Turkey
8	6205 10 00 6205 20 00 6205 30 00	Men's or boys' shirts, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, cotton or man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Turkey

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
12	6115 12 00 6115 19 10 6115 19 90 6115 20 11 6115 20 90 6115 91 00 6115 92 00 6115 93 10 6115 93 30 6115 93 99 6115 99 00	Panty-hose and tights, stockings, understockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, other than for babies, including stockings for varicose veins, other than products of category 70	1 000 pairs	Turkey
13	6107 11 00 6107 12 00 6107 19 00 6108 21 00 6108 22 00 6108 29 00	Men's or boys' underpants and briefs, women's or girls' knickers and briefs, knitted or crocheted, of wool, cotton or man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	Turkey
20	6302 21 00 6302 22 90 6302 29 90 6302 31 10 6302 31 90 6302 32 90 6302 39 90	Bed linen, other than knitted or crocheted	tonnes	Turkey
39	6302 51 10 6302 51 90 6302 53 90 ex 6302 59 00 6302 91 10 6302 91 90 6302 93 90 ex 6302 99 00	Table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted, other than of terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton	tonnes	Turkey
83	6101 10 10 6101 20 10 6101 30 10 6101 30 10 6102 10 10 6102 20 10 6102 30 10 6103 31 00 6103 32 00 6103 33 00 ex 6103 39 00 6104 31 00 6104 32 00 6104 33 00 ex 6104 39 00 ex 6112 20 00 6113 00 90 6114 10 00 6114 20 00 6114 30 00	Overcoats, jackets, blazers and other garments, including ski suits, knitted or crocheted, excluding garments of categories 4, 5, 7, 13, 24, 26, 27, 28, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75	tonnes	Turkey

(*) In the currency of the sale contract. — Dans la monnaie du contrat de vente.

(†) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category. Indiquer le poids net en kilogrammes ainsi que la quantité dans l'unité prévue pour la catégorie.

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)		ORIGINAL		2 No	
		3 Management year: Année de gestion:		4 Category number: Numéro de catégorie:	
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)		EXPORT INFORMATION DOCUMENT (Textile products) DOCUMENT INFORMATION D'EXPORTATION (Produits textiles)			
To be sent to the importer Copie à envoyer à l'importateur		6 Country of origin Pays d'origine		7 Country of destination Pays de destination	
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport		9 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires			
10 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis DÉSIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES		11 Combined nomenclature (CN) codes Codes de la nomenclature combinée (NC)		12 Quantity (†) Quantité	
				13 Value (†) fob Turkey Valeur fob Turquie	
<p>This document must be presented to the competent authorities in the importer member country within one month of its date of issue. Le présent document doit être présenté aux autorités compétentes du pays membre importateur dans un délai d'un mois à compter de la date de sa délivrance.</p>					
<p>14 CERTIFICATION BY THE TURKISH AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ASSOCIATION EXPORTATRICE TURQUE :</p> <p>I, the undersigned, certify the authenticity of the above information. Je soussigné certifie l'authenticité des informations données ci-dessus.</p> <p>At-A On-Le</p>					
15 COMPETENT ASSOCIATION (name, full address, country) ASSOCIATION COMPÉTENTE (nom, adresse complète, pays)		Signature		Stamp-Cachet	

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)		ORIGINAL		2 No	
		EXPORT INFORMATION DOCUMENT in regard to handlooms, textile handicrafts and traditional textile products of the cottage industry DOCUMENT INFORMATION D'EXPORTATION relatif aux tissus tissés sur métiers à main, aux produits textiles faits à la main, et aux produits textiles relevant du folklore traditionnel, de fabrication artisanale			
3 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)		4 Country of origin Pays d'origine		5 Country of destination Pays de destination	
To be sent to the importer Copie à envoyer à l'importateur		6 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport		7 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires	
8 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis DESIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES		9 Combined nomenclature (CN) codes Codes de la nomenclature combinée (NC)	10 Quantity (*) Quantité	11 Value (*) fob Turkey Valeur fob Turquie	
This document must be presented to the competent authorities in the importer member country within one month of its date of issue. Le présent document doit être présenté aux autorités compétentes du pays membre importateur dans un délai d'un mois à compter de la date de sa délivrance.					
12 CERTIFICATION BY THE TURKISH EXPORTING ASSOCIATION — VISA DE L'ASSOCIATION EXPORTATRICE TURQUE : I, the undersigned, certify that the consignment described above includes only the following textile products of the cottage industry of the country shown in box No 4 a) fabrics woven on looms operated solely by hand or foot (handlooms) (*) b) garments or other textile articles obtained manually from the fabrics described under a) and sewn solely by hand without the aid of any machine (handicrafts) (*) c) traditional folklore handicraft textile products made by hand, as defined in the list agreed between the European Economic Community and the Associations shown in box No 13 Je soussigné certifie que l'envoi décrit ci-dessus contient exclusivement les produits textiles suivants, relevant de la fabrication artisanale du pays figurant dans la case 4 a) tissus tissés sur des métiers actionnés à la main ou au pied (handlooms) (*) b) vêtements ou autres articles textiles obtenus manuellement à partir de tissus décrits au point a) et cousus uniquement à la main sans l'aide d'une machine (handicrafts) (*) c) produits textiles relevant du folklore traditionnel fabriqués à la main, comme définis dans la liste convenue entre la Communauté économique européenne et les associations indiquées dans la case 13.					
13 COMPETENT ASSOCIATION (name, full address, country) ASSOCIATION COMPÉTENTE (nom, adresse complète, pays)		At-À		On-Le	
		Signature		Stamp-Cachet	

(*) In the currency of the sale contract. — Dans la monnaie du contrat de vente.
 (*) Delete as appropriate — Biffer la (les) mention(s) inutile(s)

(*) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category.
 Indiquer le poids net en kilogrammes ainsi que la quantité dans l'unité prévue pour la catégorie.

ANNEX VII

ANNEX I

Category	CN code	Description	Units	Third countries
73	6112 11 00 6112 12 00 6112 19 00	Track suits of knitted or crocheted fabric, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Turkey

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	ORIGINAL		2 No	
	3 Management year: Année de gestion:		4 Category number: Numéro de catégorie:	
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	EXPORT INFORMATION DOCUMENT (Textile products) DOCUMENT INFORMATION D'EXPORTATION (Produits textiles)			
To be sent to the importer Copie à envoyer à l'importateur	6 Country of origin Pays d'origine		7 Country of destination Pays de destination	
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport	9 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires			
10 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis DÉSIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES	11 Combined nomenclature (CN) codes Codes de la nomenclature combinée (NC)		12 Quantity (1) Quantité	13 Value (1) fob Turkey Valeur fob Turquie
	This document must be presented to the competent authorities in the importer member country within one month of its date of issue. Le présent document doit être présenté aux autorités compétentes du pays membre importateur dans un délai d'un mois à compter de la date de sa délivrance.			
14 CERTIFICATION BY THE TURKISH AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ASSOCIATION EXPORTATRICE TURQUE: I, the undersigned, certify the authenticity of the above information. Je soussigné certifie l'authenticité des informations données ci-dessus. At-A On-Le				
15 COMPETENT ASSOCIATION (name, full address, country) ASSOCIATION COMPÉTENTE (nom, adresse complète, pays)		Signature		Stamp-Cachet

(1) In the currency of the sale contract. — Dans le monnaie du contrat de vente.

(1) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category.
indiquer le poids net en kilogrammes ainsi que la quantité dans l'unité prévue pour la catégorie.

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	ORIGINAL		2 No	
3 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	EXPORT INFORMATION DOCUMENT in regard to handlooms, textile handicrafts and traditional textile products of the cottage industry DOCUMENT INFORMATION D'EXPORTATION relatif aux tissus tissés sur métiers à main, aux produits textiles faits à la main, et aux produits textiles relevant du folklore traditionnel, de fabrication artisanale			
To be sent to the importer Copie à envoyer à l'importateur	4 Country of origin Pays d'origine	5 Country of destination Pays de destination		
6 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport	7 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires			
8 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis DÉSIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES	9 Combined nomenclature (CN) codes Codes de la nomenclature combinée (NC)	10 Quantity (l) Quantité	11 Value (l) fob Turkey Valeur fob Turquie	
This document must be presented to the competent authorities in the importer member country within one month of its date of issue. Le présent document doit être présenté aux autorités compétentes du pays membre importateur dans un délai d'un mois à compter de la date de sa délivrance.				
12 CERTIFICATION BY THE TURKISH EXPORTING ASSOCIATION — VISA DE L'ASSOCIATION EXPORTATRICE TURQUE: I, the undersigned, certify that the consignment described above includes only the following textile products of the cottage industry of the country shown in box No 4 a) fabrics woven on looms operated solely by hand or foot (handlooms) (l) b) garments or other textile articles obtained manually from the fabrics described under a) and sewn solely by hand without the aid of any machine (handicrafts) (l) c) traditional folklore handicraft textile products made by hand, as defined in the list agreed between the European Economic Community and the Associations shown in box No 13 Je soussigné certifie que l'envoi décrit ci-dessus contient exclusivement les produits textiles suivants, relevant de la fabrication artisanale du pays figurant dans la case 4 a) tissus tissés sur des métiers actionnés à la main ou au pied (handlooms) (l) b) vêtements ou autres articles textiles obtenus manuellement à partir de tissus décrits au point a) et cousus uniquement à la main sans l'aide d'une machine (handicrafts) (l) c) produits textiles relevant du folklore traditionnel fabriqués à la main, comme définis dans la liste convenue entre la Communauté économique européenne et les associations indiquées dans la case 13. At-A On-Le				
13 COMPETENT ASSOCIATION (name, full address, country) ASSOCIATION COMPÉTENTE (nom, adresse complète, pays)		Signature		Stamp-Cachet

(l) In the currency of the sale contract. — Dans le monnaie du contrat de vente.
 (l) Delete as appropriate — — — — — Effacer le (les) mention(s) inutile(s)

(l) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category.
 Indiquer le poids net en kilogrammes ainsi que la quantité dans l'unité prévue pour la catégorie

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4166/87

of 21 December 1987

establishing ceilings and Community surveillance for imports of certain products originating in Malta (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the provisions of the Additional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta (*), have lapsed;

Whereas the arrangements which the Community applies to trade with Malta within the context of the association with that country should be extended for 1988;

Whereas the Council has adopted Regulation (EEC) No 2357/86 of 24 July 1986 amending Regulations (EEC) No 3555/80, (EEC) No 3394/85 and (EEC) No 3668/85 as regards imports into Greece of certain products originating in Malta (**); whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must take the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act, whereas this Regulation applies to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas the abovementioned Additional Protocol provides for the total abolition of customs duties in respect of the products to which the Agreement applies; whereas, however, exemption from duties in respect of a number of products is subject to ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reimposed; whereas the ceilings to be applied in 1988 should therefore be determined; whereas those ceilings can be applied only if the Community is regularly informed of imports of the said products originating in Malta; whereas imports of those products should therefore be subject to a system of surveillance;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on charging imports of the products in question against the ceilings at Community level as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation; whereas this administrative procedure must provide for the possibility of the applicable customs duties being reimposed as soon as the ceilings are reached at Community level;

Whereas the nomenclature used will be replaced from 1 January 1988 by the combined nomenclature based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must therefore take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes and, where appropriate, the Taric code numbers of the products concerned;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to follow the progress of quantities charged against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation has to be particularly close since the Commission must be able to take appropriate measures to reimpose customs tariffs if one of the ceilings is reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 imports into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 of the products listed in the Annex and originating in Malta shall be subject to annual ceilings and Community surveillance.

The description of the products referred to in the first subparagraph, the corresponding combined nomenclature codes and the ceilings are set out in the Annex.

(*) OJ No L 304, 29. 11. 1977, p. 2.

(**) OJ No L 205, 29. 7. 1986, p. 9.

2. Quantities shall be charged against the ceilings as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation accompanied by a movement certificate in accordance with the rules contained in the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation annexed to the Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta (*).

Goods may be charged against the ceiling only if the movement certificate is submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The extent to which a ceiling is used up shall be determined at Community level on the basis of the imports charged against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

Member States shall inform the Commission of imports charged in accordance with the above procedure at the intervals and within the time limits specified in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings have been reached, the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing until the end of the calendar year the customs duties applicable to third countries.

4. Member States shall send the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of the quantities charged during the preceding month. If the Commission so requests, they shall provide such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of the end of each 10-day period.

Article 2

The Commission, in close cooperation with the Member States, shall take all appropriate measures for the purposes of applying this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

(*) OJ No L 111, 28. 4. 1976, p. 3.

ANNEX

List of products subject to import ceilings in 1988

Order No	CN code	Description	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
11.0010	5204	Cotton sewing thread, whether or not put up for retail sale: - Not put up for retail sale:	application of ceiling suspended
	5204 11 00	-- Containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton	
	5204 19 00	-- Other	
	5205	Coton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton, not put up for retail sale	
	5206	Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing less than 85 % by weight of cotton, not put up for retail sale	
	5604	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics:	
ex 5604 90 00		- Other:	
		-- Of cotton	
11.0020	5208	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton, weighing not more than 200 g/m ²	application of ceiling suspended
	5209	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton, weighing more than 200 g/m ²	
	5210	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing less than 85 % by weight of cotton, mixed mainly or solely with man-made fibres, weighing not more than 200 g/m ²	
	5211	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing less than 85 % by weight of cotton, mixed mainly or solely with man-made fibres, weighing more than 200 g/m ²	
	5212	Other woven fabrics of cotton	
	5801	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics, other than fabrics of heading No 5802 or 5806: - Of cotton:	
	5801 21 00	-- Uncut weft pile fabrics	
	ex 5811 00 00	Quilted textile products of cotton in the piece, composed of one or more layers of textile materials assembled with padding by stitching or otherwise, other than embroidery of heading No 5810	
ex 6308 00 00		Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, of cotton, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale	
11.0030	5506	Synthetic staple fibres, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning	application of ceiling suspended
	5507	Artificial staple fibres, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning	
11.0040	5608	Knotted netting of twine, cordage or rope; made-up fishing nets and other made-up nets, of textile materials: - Of man-made textile materials:	
	5608 19	-- Other:	
		----- Made-up nets:	
	5608 19 19	----- Of nylon or other polyamides:	
		----- Other	
	5608 19 39	----- Other:	
5608 90 00	----- Other		

Order No	CN code	Description	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
11.0040 (cont'd)	6101	Men's or boys' overcoats, car-coats, capes, cloaks, anoraks (including ski-jackets), wind-cheaters, wind-jackets and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, other than those of heading No 6103	
	6102	Women's or girls' overcoats, car-coats, capes, cloaks, anoraks (including ski-jackets), wind-cheaters, wind-jackets and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, other than those of heading No 6104	
	6103	Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts (other than swimwear), knitted or crocheted	
	6104	Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts, divided skirts, trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts (other than swimwear), knitted or crocheted	
	6106	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, knitted or crocheted	
	6107	Men's or boys' underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, knitted or crocheted: - Other:	
	6107 91 00	-- Of cotton	
	6107 92 00	-- Of man-made fibres	
	6107 99 00	-- Of other textile materials	
	6108	Women's or girls' slips, petticoats, briefs, panties, nightdresses, pyjamas, negligés, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, knitted or crocheted: - Other:	
	6108 91 00	-- Of cotton	
	6108 92 00	-- Of man-made fibres	
	6108 99	-- Of other textile materials:	
	6108 99 10	--- Of wool or fine animal hair	
	6108 99 90	--- Of other textile materials	
	6110	Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waistcoats and similar articles, knitted or crocheted:	
	6110 10	- Of wool or fine animal hair: - Other: --- Men's or boys':	
	6110 10 31	----- Of wool	
	6110 10 39	----- Of fine animal hair	
	6110 10 91	----- Women's or girls': ----- Of wool	
	6110 10 99	----- Of fine animal hair	
	6110 20	- Of cotton: -- Other:	
	6110 20 91	--- Men's or boys'	
	6110 20 99	--- Women's or girls'	
	6110 30	- Of man-made fibres: -- Other:	
	6110 30 91	--- Men's or boys'	
	6110 30 99	--- Women's or girls'	
	6110 90	- Of other textile materials:	
	6110 90 10	-- Of flax or ramie	
	6110 90 90	-- Other	

Order No	CN code	Description	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
11.0040 (cont'd)	6111	Babies' garments and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted:	
	6111 10	- Of wool or fine animal hair:	
	6111 10 90	-- Other	
	6111 20	- Of cotton:	
	6111 20 90	-- Other	
	6111 30	- Of synthetic fibres:	
	6111 30 90	-- Other	
	6111 90 00	- Of other textile materials	
	6112	Track suits, ski suits and swimwear, knitted or crocheted:	
		- Track suits:	
	6112 11 00	-- Of cotton	
	6112 12 00	-- Of synthetic fibres	
	6112 19 00	-- Of other textile materials	
	6112 20 00	- Ski suits	
		- Men's or boys' swimwear:	
	6112 31	-- Of synthetic fibres:	
	6112 31 90	--- Other	
	6112 39	-- Of other textile materials:	
	6112 39 90	--- Other	
		- Women's or girls' swimwear:	application of ceiling suspended
	6112 41	-- Of synthetic fibres:	
	6112 41 90	--- Other	
	6112 49	-- Of other textile materials:	
	6112 49 90	--- Other	
	6113 00	Garments, made up of knitted or crocheted fabrics of heading No 5903, 5906 or 5907:	
	6113 00 90	- Other	
	6114	Other garments, knitted or crocheted	
	6117	Other made up clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted; knitted or crocheted parts of garments or of clothing accessories	
	6301	Blankets and travelling rugs:	
	6301 20	- Blankets (other than electric blankets) and travelling rugs, of wool or of fine animal hair:	
	6301 20 10	-- Knitted or crocheted	
	6301 30	- Blankets (other than electric blankets) and travelling rugs, of cotton:	
	6301 30 10	-- Knitted or crocheted	
	6301 40	- Blankets (other than electric blankets) and travelling rugs, of synthetic fibres:	
	6301 40 10	-- Knitted or crocheted	

Order No	CN code	Description	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
11.0040 (cont'd)	6301 90	- Other blankets and travelling rugs:	application of ceiling suspended
	6301 90 10	-- Knitted or crocheted	
	6302	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen:	
	6302 10	- Bed linen, knitted or crocheted:	
	6302 10 10	-- Of cotton	
	6302 10 90	-- Of other textile materials	
	6302 40 00	- Table linen, knitted or crocheted	
	6303	Curtains (including drapes) and interior blinds; curtain or bed valances:	
		- Knitted or crocheted:	
	6303 11 00	-- Of cotton	
	6303 12 00	-- Of synthetic fibres	
	6303 19 00	-- Of other textile materials	
	6304	Other furnishing articles, excluding those of heading No 9404:	
		- Bedspreads:	
	6304 11 00	-- Knitted or crocheted	
		- Other:	
	6304 91 00	-- Knitted or crocheted	
	6305	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods:	
	6305 20 00	- Of cotton	
		- Of man-made textile materials:	
	6305 31	-- Of polyethylene or polypropylene strip or the like	
	ex 6305 39 00	-- Other:	
		--- Of cotton	
	ex 6305 90 00	- Of other textile materials:	
		-- Of cotton	
	6307	Other made up articles, including dress patterns:	
	6307 10	- Floor-cloths, dish-cloths, dusters and similar cleaning cloths:	
	6307 10 10	-- Knitted or crocheted	
	6307 90	- Other:	
	6307 90 10	-- Knitted or crocheted	
11.0050	6201	Men's or boys' overcoats, car-coats, capes, cloaks, anoraks (including ski-jackets), wind-cheaters, wind-jackets and similar articles, other than those of heading No 6203	
	6203	Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts (other than swimwear)	
	6207	Men's or boys' singlets and other vests, underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles:	
		- Other:	
	6207 91 00	-- Of cotton	
	6207 92 00	-- Of man-made fibres	
	6207 99 00	-- Of other textile materials	

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4167/87

of 21 December 1987

totally or partially suspending the duties applicable to certain products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Malta (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, pursuant to Annex I to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Malta⁽²⁾, the Community must partially suspend the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to certain products; whereas it would also be appropriate provisionally to adjust or supplement certain of the tariff benefits provided for in the said Annex; whereas, in respect of products listed in the Annex to this Regulation and originating in Malta, the Community should accordingly suspend the fixed component of the charge applicable to goods covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 and the customs duty applicable to other goods at the levels indicated for each product from 1 January to 31 December 1988;

Whereas the Council has adopted Regulation (EEC) No 2357/86 of 24 July 1986 amending Regulations (EEC) No 3555/80, (EEC) No 3394/85 and (EEC) No 3668/85 as regards imports into Greece of certain products originating in Malta⁽³⁾; whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community must take the measures referred to in Articles 180 and 367 of that Act; whereas this Regulation applies to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985;

Whereas the nomenclature used in the Common Customs Tariff will be replaced from 1 January 1988 by the combined nomenclature based on the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System; whereas this Regulation must therefore take account of that fact by indicating the combined nomenclature codes and, where appropriate, the TARIC code numbers of the products concerned;

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 products listed in the Annex and originating in Malta shall be imported into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 at the rates of duty indicated in the Annex for each product.

2. For the purposes of applying this Regulation, the rules of origin shall be those in force at the time for the implementation of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta.

Article 2

Where products benefiting from the arrangements provided for in Article 1 are imported into the Community in such quantities or at such prices that they cause or threaten to cause material injury to Community producers of like or directly competing products, the duties applicable may be partially or totally reimposed on the products concerned. Such measures may be taken also in the event of material injury or threat of material injury limited to one region of the Community.

Article 3

1. In order to implement Article 2 the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing customs duties for a given period.

2. Where a Member State asks the Commission to adopt such a Regulation, the Commission shall reach its decision within a maximum of 10 working days from the day on which it receives the request and shall inform the Member States of the action taken.

3. Any Member State may refer the measure taken by the Commission to the Council within ten working days of notification. The fact that the matter is referred to the Council shall not cause the measure to be suspended. The Council shall meet immediately. It may, acting on a qualified majority, amend or rescind the measure in question.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 61, 14. 3. 1971, p. 3.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 205, 29. 7. 1986, p. 9.

Order No	CN code	Description	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
11.0050 (cont'd)	6210	Garments, made up of fabrics of heading Nos 5602, 5603, 5903, 5906 or 5907:	
	6210 10	- Of fabrics of heading No 5602 or 5603:	
		-- Of fabrics of heading No 5603:	
	6210 10 91	--- In sterile packs	
	6210 10 99	--- Other	
	6210 20 00	- Other garments, of the type described in subheadings 6201 11 to 6201 19	
	6210 40 00	- Other men's or boys' garments	
	6211	Track suits, ski suits and swimwear; other garments:	
		- Swimwear:	
	6211 11 00	-- Men's or boys'	
	6211 20 00	- Ski suits	1 392 tonnes
		- Other garments, men's or boys':	
	6211 31 00	-- Of wool or fine animal hair	
	6211 32	-- Of cotton:	
	6211 32 10	--- Industrial and occupational clothing	
	6211 32 90	--- Other	
	6211 33	-- Of man-made fibres:	
	6211 33 10	--- Industrial and occupational clothing	
	6211 33 90	--- Other	
	6211 39 00	-- Of other textile materials	
6217	Other made up clothing accessories; parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading No 6212:		
6217 90 00	- Parts		

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council

The President

B. HAARDER

ANNEX (a)

Order No	CN code	Description	Rate of duty
16.0001	0203 11 90 0203 12 90 0203 19 90 0203 21 90 0203 22 90 0203 29 90	Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen: - Fresh of chilled: -- Carcasses and half-carcasses: --- Other -- Hams, shoulders and cuts thereof, with bone in: --- Other -- Other: --- Other - Frozen	Free
16.0003	0208 90 10	Other meat and edible meat offal, fresh, chilled or frozen: - Other: -- Of domestic pigeons	5 %
16.0005	0208 10 90 ex 0208 90 30	-- Of furred game	Free
16.0007	0208 20 00	- Frogs' legs	Free
16.0009	0208 90 90	- Other	Free
16.0011	0409 00 00	Natural honey	25 %
16.0023	ex 0603 90 00	-- Other --- Cut flowers, dried but not otherwise prepared	7 %
16.0025	ex 0603 90 00	- Cut flowers, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared	15 %
16.0027	0706 90 30	Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled: - Horse-radish (<i>Cochlearia armoracia</i>)	13 %
16.0029	ex 0709 90 90	-- Other: --- 'Comboux' (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L. Moench)) <i>Moringa oleifera</i> (drumsticks)	Free
16.0031	ex 0710 80 90	Vegetables (uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water), frozen: -- Other: --- 'Comboux' (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L. Moench))	13 %
16.0033	ex 0711 90 70	Vegetables provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption: - Other vegetables: -- 'Comboux' (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L. Moench)) Dried vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared: - Other:	Free
16.0035	ex 0712 90 90	-- Horse-radish (<i>Cochlearia armoracia</i>)	Free
16.0037	ex 0712 90 90	-- 'Comboux' (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L. Moench))	11 %

(a) Notwithstanding the rules for the interpretation of the combined nomenclature, the wording for the designation of the products is to be considered as having no more than an indicative value, the preferential scheme being determined, within the context of this Annex, by the application of the combined nomenclature code.

Order No	CN code	Description	Rate of duty
16.0039	0810 0810 20 90 0810 30 90 0810 40 90 ex 0810 90 90	Other fruit, fresh: - Fresh berries	5 %
16.0041	1519 13 00 1519 19 00 1519 20 00	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols: - Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids: -- Tall oil fatty acids - Other - Acid oils from refining	Free
16.0043	ex 1602 20 10	Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood: - Goose or duck liver	10 %
16.0045	ex 1602 90 31	--- Of game or rabbit: ---- Of game	8 %
16.0047	ex 1602 90 31 1602 50 ex 1602 50 90	--- Of game or rabbit: ---- Of rabbit - Of bovine animals: - Other	14 %
16.0049	1602 90	- Prepared or preserved tongues - Other, including preparations of blood of an animal:	17 %
16.0051	ex 1602 90 71 ex 1602 90 79	-- Of sheep	18 %
16.0053	ex 1602 90 71 ex 1602 90 79	-- Of goats	16 %
16.0055	ex 1602 90 99 1605 90 90	-- Other	16 %
16.0057	2003 20 00	Mushrooms and truffles, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid - Truffles	14 %
16.0059	ex 2004 90 99 2005 60 00	Vegetables and fruits, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid: - Asparagus	20 %
16.0061	ex 2004 90 30 2005 30 00	- Sauerkraut	15 %
16.0063	ex 2004 90 30 2005 90 30	- Capers	12 %
16.0065	ex 2004 90 99 2005 90 90 ex 2009 80 39	- Other, including mixtures: -- Moringa oleifera (drumsticks) Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, unfermented and not containing added spirit, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter: - of a density exceeding 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20 °C: -- of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: ---- Date juice	Free
16.0069	ex 2009 80 39	- Other juice of fruits falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig and date juice), 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10, 0810 90 90	8 %
16.0071	ex 2009 80 31 2009 90 21	-- Of a value not exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: ---- Juice of fruits falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig juice), 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10 or 0810 90 90	8 % + AGR

Order No	CN code	Description	Rate of Duty
16.0073	ex 2009 20 99	- Of a density not exceeding 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20°C: -- Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg: --- Grapefruit juice	7 %
16.0075	ex 2009 30 31	--- Juice of any other single citrus fruit (other than lemon juice) containing added sugar	13 %
16.0077	ex 2009 30 39	--- Juice of any other single citrus fruit (other than lemon juice) not containing added sugar	13 %
16.0079	ex 2009 80 80	--- Juice of any other single fruit or vegetable: ---- Juice of other fruits or vegetables falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig juice), 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10 or 0810 90 90	8 %
16.0081	ex 2009 80 80	--- Juice of other fruits or vegetables containing added sugar: ---- Other, excluding apricot juice and peach juice	17 %
16.0083	ex 2009 80 95	--- Juice of other fruits or vegetables not containing added sugar:	
	ex 2009 80 99	---- Other juice of fruits falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig juice), 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10 or 0810 90 90	8 %
16.0085	ex 2009 80 99	--- Juice of other fruits or vegetables not containing added sugar: ---- Other, excluding apricot juice and peach juice	18 %
	ex 2009 90 51	- Mixture of juices: -- Of a density not exceeding 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20°C: -- Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: ---- Other excluding mixtures containing, singly or in combination, more than 25 % of grape juice, citrus fruit juices, pineapple juice, apple juice, pear juice, tomato juice, apricot juice or peach juice	
16.0087		----- Containing added sugar	17 %
16.0089	ex 2009 90 59	----- Not containing added sugar	18 %
16.0091	2009 20 91	- Grapefruit juice: -- Of a density not exceeding 1,33 g/cm ³ at 20°C: -- Of a value not exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight and with an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight	7 % + AGR
16.0093	2009 20 99	--- Other	7 %
16.0095	2009 30	--- Juice of any other single citrus fruit:	
	ex 2009 30 91	----- With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight	14 % + AGR
16.0097	2009 30 95	----- With an added sugar content not exceeding 30 % by weight	14 %
16.0099	2009 30 99	----- Not containing added sugar	15 %
16.0101	ex 2009 80 91	--- Juice of any other single fruit or vegetable with an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight: ---- Juice of fruits falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig juice), and 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10 or 0810 90 90	8 % + AGR
16.0103	ex 2009 80 91	---- Other, excluding apricot juice and peach juice	17 % + AGR

Order No	CN code	Description	Rate of duty
16.0105	ex 2009 80 93	--- With an added sugar content not exceeding 30 % by weight: ---- Juice of fruits falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig juice), and 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10 or 0810 90 90	8 %
16.0107	ex 2009 80 93	---- Other, excluding apricot juice and peach juice	17 %
16.0109	ex 2009 80 99	--- Juice of other fruit or vegetables not containing added sugar: ---- Juice of fruits falling within codes 0801, 0803, 0804 (excluding fig juice), 0807 20 00, 0810 20 90, 0810 30 90, 0810 40 10, 0810 40 50, 0810 40 90, 0810 90 10 or 0810 90 90	8 %
16.0111	ex 2009 80 99	---- Other, excluding apricot juice and peach juice	18 %
16.0113	ex 2009 90 91	--- Mixtures of juices: ---- Other, excluding mixtures containing, singly or in combination, more than 25 % of grape juice, citrus fruit juices, pineapple juice, apple juice, pear juice, tomato juice, apricot juice or peach juice: ----- With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight:	17 % + AGR
16.0115	2009 90 93	----- With an added sugar content not exceeding 30 % by weight	17 %
16.0117	2009 90 99	----- Not containing added sugar	18 %
	2102	Yeasts (active or inactive); other single-cell micro-organisms, dead (but not including vaccines of heading No 3002); prepared baking powders: - Active yeasts: -- Culture yeast:	
16.0119	2102 10 31	--- Dried	4 % + MOB
16.0121	2101 10 39	--- Other	4 % + MOB
16.0123	2301 20 00	Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption; greaves: - Flours, meals and pellets, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates	Free

Abbreviations:

AGR = levy.
MOB = variable component.

EEC-TURKEY Association

The Compilation of Texts pertaining to the "Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey" contains all the acts adopted by the various Institutions of the Association pursuant to the Agreement signed at Ankara on 12 September 1963 as well as the acts adopted by the EEC concerning Turkey.

GENERAL MATTERS

1. Association Agreement and related texts

AGREEMENT

in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex IV to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council of 17 May 1977 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2 of that Decision is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the said Article.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex IV, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 10,88 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows :

'Annex IV to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council of 17 May 1977 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2 of that Decision is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the said Article.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex IV, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 10,88 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the Republic of Turkey*

GENERAL MATTERS

2. Provisions within the Community relating to the Association Agreement

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 797/87

of 16 March 1987

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council of 17 May 1977 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community, and in particular Annex IV thereto,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽¹⁾,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an Exchange of Letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987 is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 March 1987.

For the Council

The President

L. TINDEMANS

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 20 February 1987 (not yet published in the *Official Journal*).

PROVISIONS WITHIN THE EEC

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 75/87

of 12 January 1987

introducing a countervailing charge and suspending the preferential customs duty on imports of apples originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2034/86 of 30 June 1986 fixing the reference price for apples for the 1986/87 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of January 1987 at 48,40 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative price or the arithmetic mean of the lowest prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consid-

eration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Turkish apples the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these apples;

Whereas, in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, when the Commission introduces a countervailing charge on imports of apples in Turkey, at the same time it reintroduces for the product in question the conventional rate of customs duty; whereas, therefore, a rate of customs duty of 8 % should be reintroduced for these apples, with a minimum charge of 2,30 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A countervailing charge of 9,50 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied on imports of apples falling within subheading 08.06 A II of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Turkey.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 173, 1. 7. 1986, p. 52.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 3.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

2. The rate of customs duty on imports of these products shall be 8 % with a minimum charge of 2,30 ECU per 100 kilograms net.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 January 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 January 1987.

For the Commission
FRANS ANDRIJSEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 160/87

of 21 January 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge and re-establishing a preferential customs duty on imports of apples originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 75/87 of 12 January 1987⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on apples originating in Turkey and suspended the preferential customs duty on imports of these products;

Whereas the present trend of prices for Turkish products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regulation, indicated that entry prices have been at least equal to the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas

the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Turkey can be abolished;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, the preferential rate of customs duty should be re-established at the same time as the countervailing charge is abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 75/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 January 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 January 1987.

For the Commission

FRANS ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 11, 13. 1. 1987, p. 26.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 366/87

of 5 February 1987

introducing a countervailing charge and suspending the preferential customs duty on imports of lemons originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1661/86 of 29 May 1986 fixing the reference price for lemons for the 1986/87 marketing year ⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the period from November 1986 to April 1987 at 45,00 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative price or the arithmetic mean of the lowest prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85 ⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for lemons originating in Turkey, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these lemons;

Whereas, in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey ⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84 ⁽⁷⁾, a rate of customs duty of 4 % should be reintroduced.

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 ⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 7,30 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied on imports of lemons falling within subheading 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Turkey.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 February 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 39.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 3.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 February 1987.

For the Commission
FRANS ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 424/87

of 11 February 1987

introducing a countervailing charge and suspending the preferential customs duty on imports of apples originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2034/86 of 30 June 1986 fixing the reference price for apples for the 1986/87 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of February 1987 at 50,21 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative price or the arithmetic mean of the lowest prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consid-

eration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Turkish apples the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these apples;

Whereas, in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, when the Commission introduces a countervailing charge on imports of apples in Turkey, at the same time it reintroduces for the product in question the conventional rate of customs duty; whereas, therefore, a rate of customs duty of 8 % should be reintroduced for these apples, with a minimum charge of 2,30 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A countervailing charge of 4,33 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied on imports of apples falling within subheading 08.06 A II of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Turkey.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 173, 1. 7. 1986, p. 52.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 3.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

2. The rate of customs duty on imports of these products shall be 8 % with a minimum charge of 2,30 ECU per 100 kilograms net.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 February 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 February 1987.

For the Commission
Franz ANDRESSEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 441/87

of 12 February 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge and re-establishing a preferential customs duty on imports of lemons originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 366/87 of 5 February 1987⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Turkey and suspended the preferential customs duty on imports of these products;

Whereas the present trend of prices for Turkish products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regulation, indicated that entry prices have been at least equal to the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas

the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Turkey can be abolished;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, the preferential rate of customs duty should be re-established at the same time as the countervailing charge is abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 354/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 February 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 February 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 35, 4. 2. 1987, p. 42.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 630/87

of 2 March 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge and re-establishing a preferential customs duty on imports of apples originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 424/87⁽³⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on apples originating in Turkey and suspended the preferential customs duty on imports of these products;

Whereas for this product originating in Turkey there were no prices for six consecutive days; whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing

charge on imports of apples originating in Turkey can be abolished;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁵⁾, the preferential rate of customs duty should be re-established at the same time as the countervailing charge is abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 424/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 March 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 March 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 42, 12. 2. 1987, p. 37.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 800/87
of 16 March 1987**

**amending Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 on imports into the Community of
certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (1986/87)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽¹⁾,

Whereas Annex IV to Council Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that the additional amount, if any, to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, is to be fixed for each year of application by an Exchange of Letters between the Community and Turkey;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 415/86⁽³⁾, implements the abovementioned Decision, in particular as regards olive oil;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 March 1987.

Whereas the contracting parties have agreed, by an Exchange of Letters, to fix the additional amount in question at 10,88 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987;

Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 9 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 is hereby replaced by the following:

'(b) an amount equal to the special export charge imposed by Turkey on such oil within a limit of 10,88 ECU per 100 kilograms, that amount being increased from 1 November 1986 to 31 October 1987 by 10,88 ECU per 100 kilograms.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

L. TINDEMANS

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 20 February 1987 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 3.

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 802/87
of 16 March 1987**

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1910/86 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, by Regulation (EEC) No 1910/86⁽¹⁾, the Council opened, for the period 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987, a Community tariff quota of 90 tonnes, at a duty rate of 2.3 % for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey; whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 4115/86 of 22 December 1986 on imports into the Community of agricultural products in Turkey⁽²⁾ provides that the duty applicable for the purposes of that tariff quota is to be reduced to 0 % as from 1 January 1987; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1910/86 should therefore be amended,

Article 1

Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1910/86 is hereby replaced by the following:

'2. Within the limit of this tariff quota, the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be totally suspended.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 March 1987.

For the Council
The President
L. TINDEMANS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 165, 21. 6. 1986, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1986, p. 16.

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 10 April 1987

terminating the anti-dumping proceeding on imports of synthetic fibres of polyesters originating in the German Democratic Republic, Romania, Turkey and Yugoslavia

(87/236/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 of 23 July 1984 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9 thereof,

After consultations within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

(1) In December 1985 the Commission received a complaint lodged by CIRFS, the International Rayon and Synthetic Fibres Committee (Paris), on behalf of producers of synthetic fibres of polyesters whose collective output constitutes practically all Community production of the product in question. The complaint, which was subsequently completed and updated, contained evidence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding. The Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽²⁾, the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of synthetic fibres of polyesters falling within Common Customs Tariff subheadings 56.01 A and 56.02 A,

corresponding to NIMEXE codes 56.01-13 and 56.02-13 and originating in the German Democratic Republic, Romania, Turkey and Yugoslavia, and commenced an investigation.

- (2) The Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned, the representatives of the exporting countries and the complainants, and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing.
- (3) All of the known producers/exporters and some importers made their views known in writing. Most of the known producers/exporters and some importers requested and were granted hearings.
- (4) The exporter of the product concerned originating in Romania and the main Turkish producer, assisted by a user of the product concerned, requested and were granted the opportunity to meet representatives of the complainants for the purpose of presenting their opposing views.
- (5) Submissions were made by and on behalf of some Community processors of synthetic fibres of polyesters.
- (6) The Commission sought and verified all information to be deemed to be necessary for the purposes of a preliminary determination and carried out investigations at the premises of the following :

(a) *EEC producers*

— Du Pont de Nemours GmbH (Düsseldorf),
Federal Republic of Germany,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 30. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 125, 24. 5. 1986, p. 2.

- Enichem Fibre spA (Milano), Italy,
- Hoechst AG (Frankfurt am Main), Federal Republic of Germany,
- Montefibre SpA (Milano), Italy,
- Rhône-Poulenc Fibres SA (Lyon), France.

(b) *Non-EEC producers/exporters*

(i) In Turkey :

- Sasa Artificial and Synthetic Fibres (Adana) subsidiary company of Sabanci Holding,
- Sönmez Filament (Bursa) belonging to the Sönmez Industrial Holding.

(ii) In Yugoslavia :

- Ohis Commerce (Skopje),
- Vartilen (Varazdin), assisted by their main exporter Textil Import-Export (Zagreb).

- (7) The investigation of dumping and price undercutting covered the period from 1 July 1985 to 30 April 1986.

B. NORMAL VALUE

(a) Turkey

(i) *Sasa*

- (8) Normal value was provisionally determined on the basis of the domestic prices of this producer who exported to the Community and who provided sufficient evidence.
- (9) However, normal value was calculated excluding the following :

(1) The prices charged by Sasa to two related companies, i.e. Bossa and Teksa, both large producers of textiles. As no satisfactory evidence was available showing that these prices were comparable to those involved in transactions between unrelated parties as provided for by Article 2 (7) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84, they were considered to relate to transactions not being in the ordinary course of trade.

(2) The prices charged by Sasa to Bozkurt, an unrelated customer which purchased the products exclusively for transformation into material destined for exports. These prices were on the basis of a special contract between Sasa and Bozkurt frozen at a level significantly (up to 15 %) below the prices charged to other unrelated customers, because Sasa had to match foreign suppliers' prices which, due to Turkey's foreign currency and import

duties regulations relating to imports of raw materials used for production of finished goods destined for export, were particularly low. In these circumstances, it is considered that the prices charged to Bozkurt do not constitute comparable prices actually paid or payable in the ordinary course of trade for the product intended for consumption in Turkey.

- (10) Normal value was established on a monthly basis for each of the following categories, types and qualities :

(a) staple :

- white : first quality, second quality,
- black : first quality, second quality,
- coloured : first quality, second quality ;

(b) tow ;

(c) fiberfill.

(ii) *Sönmez Filament*

- (11) Normal value was provisionally determined on the basis of the domestic prices of this producer, who exported to the Community and who provided sufficient evidence.

- (12) For this purpose, the sales prices charged by the producer's sales companies to independent customers were used. Article 2 (3) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 requires normal value to be based on prices actually paid or payable in the ordinary course of trade ; Article 2 (7) entitles the Commission to disregard the prices charged in transactions between associated companies, unless the prices and costs involved are comparable to those involved in transactions between parties which have no such link. In this case, since there were no sales by the manufacturing company to non-associated third parties, the Commission could not satisfy itself that the prices and costs involved in the sales to the sales companies corresponded to transactions between non-associated companies.

The evidence given during the investigation showed that the manufacturing company and the sales companies form an integral part of the corporate structure, in which these sales companies have functions which are substantially similar to those of a sales branch or sales department. The fact that they are legally separate entities does not alter the existence of a single economic entity. What is relevant is not the legal structure but the fact that the principal function of these sales companies is to sell or to facilitate the sale of the corporate product, that they are either wholly

owned or controlled by the corporate parent company, or that there are strong links with respect to management personnel and staff.

One or more of these three conditions was fulfilled in this case. Consequently, the sales companies are to be considered part of Sönmez corporate structure and it is only the sales prices of these sales companies to their customers that can be relied on to reflect the true normal value of the product.

(b) Yugoslavia

(i) Obis Commerce

- (13) Normal value was provisionally determined on the basis of the domestic prices of this producer, who exported to the Community and who provided sufficient evidence.
- (14) During the on-the-spot investigation it was found that the product concerned was sold on the domestic market, during the period under investigation, under several categories, mainly staple (of which there were several types). Since it was not possible to determine, on the basis of the data made available by the company, the quantities sold of each type of staple, normal value was determined on the basis of the prices actually paid in the ordinary course of trade for the most representative type, i.e. T-140. As not only staple but also fiberfill was exported to the Community, normal value for fiberfill was provisionally determined on the basis of the prices payable for this type on the domestic market as they appeared on the price lists; it was found that the actual prices for staple were in line with the list prices, and that there appear not to be significant differences between staple and fiberfill as far as the cost of production is concerned.

(ii) Vartilen

- (15) Normal value was provisionally determined on the basis of the domestic prices of this producer, who exported to the Community and who provided sufficient evidence. Since exports to the Community during the period under investigation consisted only of first quality, which is staple, it was considered appropriate to determine normal value only for this product.

(c) German Democratic Republic and Romania

- (16) In order to establish whether the imports from the German Democratic Republic and Romania were dumped, the Commission had to take account of the fact that these countries do not have market

economies, and the Commission therefore had to base its determinations on the normal value in a market-economy country. In this connection, the complainants had suggested the Turkish market. Objections were made to this suggestion by the exporters in the German Democratic Republic and Romania, mainly on the grounds that the Turkish market is protected by high duties on imports of the product concerned, making it very difficult for suppliers in third countries to compete with the local manufacturers. Both exporters were unable, however, to propose any other viable alternative method for establishing normal value on any other basis provided for under Article 2 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84. The Romanian exporter suggested that establishing normal value on the basis of a constructed value in Turkey would be the fairest solution.

- (17) Contrary to the argument put forward by these exporters, the Commission has not found that there were extraordinary differences between the production process and scale of production in Turkey and those in the GDR and Romania; price levels in Turkey are in reasonable proportion to production costs.

The Commission therefore concluded that it would be appropriate and not unreasonable to determine normal value on the basis of domestic prices in Turkey.

Accordingly, and after having taken account of the range of the products exported by these exporters during the period under investigation, normal value of Sasa was taken for the following categories and types:

German Democratic Republic

- white staple: first quality,
- tow: white, first quality;

Romania:

- white staple: first and second quality,
- black staple: first and second quality.

C. EXPORT PRICE

(a) Turkey

(i) Sasa

- (18) With regard to exports made during the period under investigation to unrelated customers in the Community, export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community.

(ii) *Sönmez Filament*

- (19) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community.

(c) *Yugoslavia*

(i) *Obis*

- (20) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community. It was found that the types exported were white staple and fiberfill.

(ii) *Vartilen*

- (21) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community.

(d) *German Democratic Republic and Romania*

- (22) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community.

D. COMPARISON

(a) *Turkey*

(i) *Sasa*

- (23) Since the export prices were expressed in foreign currencies, it was necessary, for making a proper comparison, to convert the export prices to national currency of the exporting country or *vice versa*.
- (24) The normal value determined per category, type and quality was then compared with the export prices charged for the corresponding category, type and quality.
- (25) When comparing normal value and export price account was taken, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability. As far as differences in conditions and terms of sale are concerned, allowances were limited to those differences which bear a direct relationship to the sales under consideration, such as differences in credit terms, commissions, transport and insurance.
- (26) *Sasa* requested the Commission to make an allowance for differences in import charges on raw material physically incorporated in the product

concerned exported to the Community, as is provided for under Article 2 (10) (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84. This request was granted.

- (27) All comparisons were made at an ex-works level.

(ii) *Sönmez Filament*

- (28) When comparing normal value and export price account was taken, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability. As far as differences in conditions and terms of sale are concerned, allowances were limited to those differences which bear a direct relationship to the sales under consideration, such as commissions, transport and insurance.

- (29) The request for an allowance for differences in import charges on raw materials physically incorporated in the product concerned exported to the Community was granted.

- (30) All comparisons were made at ex-works level.

(b) *Yugoslavia*

(i) *Obis*

- (31) In comparing normal value with export prices the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability.

- (32) As far as differences in conditions and terms of sale are concerned, allowances were limited to those differences which bear a direct relationship to the sales under consideration, such as differences in credit terms, transport, insurance and commissions. Since no evidence supporting the claim for differences in servicing and salesmen's salaries was submitted, no adjustments were made for them.

- (33) The company requested the Commission also to take account of differences in quantities, as is provided for under Article 2 (10) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84. However, no evidence in support of this claim was provided and therefore no adjustment was made.

(ii) *Vartilen*

- (34) In comparing normal value with export prices the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability.

- (35) As far as differences in conditions and terms of sale are concerned, allowances were limited to those differences which bear a direct relationship to the sales under consideration, such as differences in credit terms, transport, insurance and commissions.

(c) German Democratic Republic and Romania

- (36) In comparing normal value with export prices the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability.
- (37) As far as differences in conditions and terms of sale are concerned, allowances were limited to those differences which bear a direct relationship to the sales under consideration, such as differences in credit terms, transport, insurance and commissions.

E. MARGINS

- (38) The margin of dumping was calculated for each exporter as the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for each export transaction to the Community on the transaction by transaction basis.
- The preliminary examination of the facts showed the existence of dumping in respect of the producers/exporters involved in this proceeding.
- (39) These margins vary according to the exporter, the weighted average margin for each of the exporters investigated being as follows:

(a) *Turkey*

Sasa :	6,6 %
Sönmez Filament :	11,2 %

(b) *Yugoslavia*

Ohis Commerce :	36,6 %
Vartilen :	60,8 %

(c) *German Democratic Republic*

Textil Commerz :	12,6 %
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(d) *Romania*

Danubiana :	37,8 %
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F. MATERIAL INJURY

- (40) With regard to the injury allegedly being caused by the dumped imports, the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports of synthetic fibres of polyesters into the Community originating in the German Democratic Republic, Romania, Turkey and Yugoslavia increased from 17 626 tonnes in 1982 to 33 835 tonnes in 1985. During the first four months of 1986 these imports amounted to 13 912 tonnes; on the assumption that imports continued at this rate for the rest of the year, imports for these countries would have

shown an increase of more than 20 % in 1986 compared to 1985.

The development of these imports represented an increase of the combined market share held by the dumped imports from 5,2 % in 1982 to 8,1 % in 1985 and to 9,5 % during the first four months of 1986, whereas the market share held by the Community producers decreased from 85,3 % in 1982 to 81,7 % in 1985 and further to 79,3 % during the first four months of 1986.

- (41) With regard to the resale prices of the imports involved in this proceeding it was found that during the period under investigation they undercut the prices of the Community producers by the following levels:

German Democratic Republic :	up to 16,1 %
Romania :	up to 20,9 %
Turkey :	up to 33,2 %
Yugoslavia :	up to 28,7 %

- (42) As far as the possible impact of the dumped imports on the situation of the Community producers is concerned, account had to be taken of the following factors:

- (a) the reduction of the production capacity of Community producers by 11 % between 1982 and 1985 is to be disregarded from the injury assessment, since it was carried out pursuant to an agreement signed by the majority of the producers in the Community, as constituted prior to 1 January 1986, in order to enable the Community manufacturers to achieve a rate of capacity utilization of a least 85 %.

The total production capacity in the Community increased during 1986, when compared to its 1985, level due mainly to expansion in the Netherlands, Ireland and Portugal;

- (b) the production of synthetic fibres of polyesters by the Community industry increased from approximately 369 000 tonnes in 1982 to approximately 412 000 tonnes in 1985, i.e. by more than 11 %. During the first four months of 1986 it increased further by 9 % on the basis of extrapolated figures for the full calendar year; sales by Community producers of polyester fibres in the Community increased by 18 % from 1982 to 1985. During the first four months of 1986 they increased further by 2 % on the basis of extrapolated figures for the full year.

Stocks in 1985 were approximately 20 % lower than in 1982. This trend, however, was reversed in 1986, whereby an increase of 12 % was registered;

- (c) the rate of the capacity utilization of the Community manufacturers increased from 69,7 % in 1982 to 87,7 % in 1985 and further to more than 90 % during the first four months of 1986. This trend is in line with the expectations of the Community producers who consider at present a target of 90 % as necessary for achieving a reasonable profitability;
 - (d) the profitability of the Community producers generally improved between 1982 and 1985, and also during the first four months of 1986. Even Italian producers, who have been operating at a loss, improved their profitability situation over the years under consideration.
- (43) It is considered, therefore, that neither the increase in volume and market share of the dumped imports nor the price undercutting had a significant impact on the Community industry, as indicated by actual of potential trends of the relevant economic factors referred to above, and that the dumped imports did not cause material injury to the Community manufacturers of the product concerned.

G. THREAT OF INJURY

- (44) In order to examine whether a threat of injury existed, it was examined whether a change in circumstances that would create a situation in which the dumping would cause material injury could be clearly foreseen and was imminent.
- (45) As to the rate of increase of the dumped imports it was found that those originating in Turkey, Yugoslavia and Romania increased between 1982 and 1985 from 8 513 tonnes to 25 474 tonnes, and reached 11 656 tonnes during the first four months of 1986. Given the decrease of the dumped imports originating in the German Democratic Republic, from 9 113 tonnes to 8 361 tonnes in 1985 and to 2 256 tonnes during the first four months of 1986, and the lower level of price undercutting, it is considered appropriate not to aggregate these imports with those originating in the order countries involved in the proceeding.
- (46) With regard to production and export capacity, the manufacturers in Turkey, Yugoslavia and Romania have an estimated spare capacity of 22 000 tonnes available (based on 1985 figures).
- (47) As to the likelihood that this spare capacity will be used to produce exports to the Community, it is possible that, given the import trend over the last

years, at least, part of this production will be exported to the Community. However, it was found that, during the last years, despite an increase of the dumped imports from 8 543 tonnes in 1982 to 25 474 tonnes in 1985, the Community industry was able to increase its production, its capacity utilization rate and its profitability (see recital 42). This was at least to some extent due to a reduction of the production capacity of the Community industry.

- (48) It follows, therefore, that, even if it were assumed that a change of circumstances which would make the dumped imports likely to affect the Community industry could at present be foreseen and was imminent, it would, on the basis of the facts relating to the period under investigation, not be possible to assess the impact on the Community industry of such a threat of injury.

H. REGIONAL INJURY OR THREAT OF REGIONAL INJURY

- (49) In the light of the claim of the Community industry that the Italian market was the most affected by the dumped imports, the conditions laid down in Article 4 (5) second indent of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 were examined with a view to possible measures on a regional basis. However, given the size of the market share (approximately 30 % in 1985) held in Italy by other EEC producers and the volume of sales made by the Italian producers outside their home market, the Italian market could not, in the present proceeding, be considered as constituting an isolated market within the meaning of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84.

I. TERMINATION OF THE PROCEEDING

- (50) In these circumstances, therefore, the proceeding concerning imports of synthetic fibres of polyesters originating in the German Democratic Republic, Romania, Turkey and Yugoslavia should be terminated without the imposition of measures.
- (51) The complainants were informed of the essential facts and considerations on the basis of which the Commission intended to terminate this proceeding. Subsequently, they made their comment known to the Commission.
- (52) Objections to this course of action were raised in the Advisory Committee, but were withdrawn after further consultations,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Sole Article

The anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of synthetic textile fibres and continuous filament tow of polyesters, falling within Common Customs Tariff subheadings 56.01 A and 56.02 A, corresponding to NIMEXE codes 56.01-13 and 56.02-13 and originating in the German Democratic Republic, Romania, Turkey and Yugoslavia, is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 10 April 1987.

For the Commission

Willy DE CLERCQ

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1135/87

of 24 April 1987

introducing a countervailing charge and suspending the preferential customs duty on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 829/87 of 23 March 1987 fixing the reference price for tomatoes for the 1987 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of April 1987 at 197,27 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative price or the arithmetic mean of the lowest prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or,

in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the first indent of Article 1 (2) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 829/87;

Whereas, for Turkish tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, when the Commission introduces a countervailing charge on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey, at the same time it reintroduces for the product in question the conventional rate of customs duty; whereas, therefore, a rate of customs duty of 11 % should be reintroduced for these tomatoes, with a minimum charge of 2,00 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A countervailing charge of 17,47 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied on imports of tomatoes falling within subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Turkey.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 80, 24. 3. 1987, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 3.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

2. The rate of customs duty on imports of these products shall be 11 % with a minimum charge of 2,00 ECU per 100 kilograms net.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 April 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 April 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1299/87

of 8 May 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge and re-establishing a preferential customs duty on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1135/87⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Turkey and suspended the preferential customs duty on imports of these products;

Whereas for this product originating in Turkey there were no prices for six consecutive days; whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing

charge on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey can be abolished;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁵⁾, the preferential rate of customs duty should be re-established at the same time as the countervailing charge is abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1135/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 May 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 May 1987.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 110, 25. 4. 1987, p. 19.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1574/87

of 4 June 1987

introducing a countervailing charge and suspending the preferential customs duty on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 829/87 of 23 March 1987 fixing the reference price for tomatoes for the 1987 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the period 1 June to 10 July 1987 at 99,96 ECU per 100 kilograms net and for the month of May 1987 at 136,75 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative price or the arithmetic mean of the lowest prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or,

in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the second and third indents of Article 1 (2) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 829/87;

Whereas, for Turkish tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, when the Commission introduces a countervailing charge on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey, at the same time it reintroduces for the product in question the conventional rate of customs duty; whereas, therefore, a rate of customs duty of 18 % should be reintroduced for these tomatoes, with a minimum charge of 3,50 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁸⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A countervailing charge of 9,74 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied on imports of tomatoes falling within subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Turkey.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 80, 24. 3. 1987, p. 12.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 3.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

2. The rate of customs duty on imports of these products shall be 18 % with a minimum charge of 3,50 ECU per 100 kilograms net.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 June 1987.

For the Commission

FRANS ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1639/87
of 9 June 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 4115/86 of 22 December 1986 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (*) provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 90 tonnes at zero duty for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey; whereas such a quota has been opened for the period up to 30 June 1987 by Regulation (EEC) No 1910/86 (†); whereas the tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the abovementioned volume for the period 1 July 1987 to 30 June 1988;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 (1) of the 1979 Act of Accession and in Articles 179 and 366 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal does not exist, the Community adopted the measures envisaged respectively in Article 119 and in Articles 180 and 367 of those Acts, in Regulations (EEC) No 3555/80 (‡) and (EEC) No 449/86 (§), determining the arrangements to be applied to imports into Greece and Spain and Portugal respectively, originating in particular in Turkey; whereas the quota concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas it is necessary, in particular, to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, however, since the quota is to cover requirements which cannot be determined with sufficient accuracy, it should not be allocated among the Member States, without prejudice to the drawing against the quota volume of such quantities as they may need, under the conditions and according to a procedure to be determined; whereas this method of management requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to monitor the rate at which the quota is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within, and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1987 to 30 June 1988, the Common Tariff duty on the following products shall be suspended, in the Community of Nine, at the level and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as follows:

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	Amount of tariff quota (tonnes)	Rate of duty (%)
09.0203	20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: c) not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity: 1. of 4,5 kg or more: aa) apricots	90	0

(*) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1986, p. 16.
(†) OJ No L 165, 21. 6. 1986, p. 4.
(‡) OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1980, p. 1.
(§) OJ No L 50, 28. 2. 1986, p. 40.

2. If an importer notifies an imminent importation of the product in question in a Member State and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.
3. The shares drawn pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be valid until the end of the quota period.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that their drawings pursuant to Article 1 (2) are carried out in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
2. Each Member State shall ensure that importers of the product concerned have access to the quota for such time as the residual balance of the quota volume so permits.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the product concerned against their drawings as and when the goods are entered for free circulation.

4. The extent to which the quota has been used up shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 3

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against the quota.

Article 4

Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 9 June 1987.

For the Council

The President

H. DE CROO

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1672/87

of 15 June 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge and re-establishing a preferential customs duty on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1351/86⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1574/87⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Turkey and suspended the preferential customs duty on imports of these products;

Whereas for this product originating in Turkey there were no prices for six consecutive days; whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing

charge on imports of tomatoes originating in Turkey can be abolished;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁴⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁵⁾, the preferential rate of customs duty should be re-established at the same time as the countervailing charge is abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1574/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 June 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 June 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 46.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 145, 5. 6. 1987, p. 54.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2573/87

of 11 August 1987

laying down the arrangements for trade between Spain and Portugal on the one hand and Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey on the other

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Association or Co-operation Agreements have been concluded between the European Economic Community, of the one part, and Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey of the other part;

Whereas the Protocols to the aforementioned Agreements which are to be concluded consequent on the accession of Spain and Portugal to the Community are to be approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures;

Whereas, pending completion of those procedures, without which the said Protocols cannot enter into force, the arrangements for trade between Spain and Portugal on the one hand and the countries in question on the other, which are to replace the arrangements laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 449/86⁽¹⁾ should be laid down,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply to trade in the products covered by the Agreements with Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey respectively, hereinafter referred to as the 'Mediterranean non-member countries', the arrangements resulting from those Agreements, subject to the specific provisions set out below.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 50, 28. 2. 1986, p. 40.

CHAPTER I

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE KINGDOM OF SPAIN

Section I

General Provisions

Article 2

1. On the entry into force of this Regulation, the Kingdom of Spain shall apply to imports of products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, other than those listed in Annex I, the same customs duties as it applies to like products from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985. The provision shall apply in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article and with Article 3.

2. The Kingdom of Spain shall dismantle customs duties on imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, each duty shall be reduced to 77,5 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1988 each duty shall be reduced to 62,5 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1989 each duty shall be reduced to 47,5 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1990 each duty shall be reduced to 35 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1991 each duty shall be reduced to 22,5 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1992 each duty shall be reduced to 10 % of the basic duty;
- the final 10 % reduction shall be made on 1 January 1993.

3. The duties calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be rounded down to one decimal place, by deleting the second decimal.

Article 3

1. The basic duty for each product to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 2 (2) are to be applied shall be the duty actually applied by the Kingdom of Spain vis-à-vis the Community on 1 January 1985.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1:

— in the case of products listed in Annex I, the basic duty shall be the duty applied by the Kingdom of Spain vis-à-vis each of the Mediterranean non-member countries concerned on 1 January 1985;

— in the case of the following products the basic duties shall be those indicated:

Heading No of Common Customs Tariff	Description	Basic duty
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences:	
	A. Cigarettes	50 %
	B. Cigars	55 %
	C. Smoking tobacco	46,8 %
	D. Chewing tobacco	26 %
	E. Other, including agglomerated tobacco in the form of sheets or strip	10,4 %
27.09	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	exempt

Article 4

Should the Kingdom of Spain suspend customs duties on imports from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 or reduce them more rapidly than envisaged under the timetable laid down, it shall also suspend or reduce by the same percentage the customs duties applying to like products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, other than products listed in Annex I.

Article 5

1. The Kingdom of Spain shall apply quantitative import restrictions:

— until 31 December 1988 for the products listed in Annex II and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries;

— until 31 December 1989 for the products listed in Annex III and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries.

The Kingdom of Spain may also apply quantitative import restrictions until 31 December 1989 to products listed in Annex IV and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, provided it applies similar measures vis-à-vis non-preferential third countries.

2. The restrictions referred to in paragraph 1 shall take the form of quotas.

3. The initial quotas are indicated in Annex II, Annex III or Annex IV as appropriate.

The quotas listed in Annexes II and IV and quotas 1 - 5 and 10 - 14 in Annex III shall be increased at the beginning of each year by 25 % in the case of ECU quotas and 20 % in the case of volume quotas. Each successive increase shall be added to the quota and the following increase calculated on the basis of the total thus obtained.

Quotas 6 - 9 in Annex III shall be increased by 20 % at the beginning of each year.

4. Where it is found that Spanish imports of a product listed in Annex II, III or IV and originating in one of the Mediterranean non-member countries have been less than 90 % of the quota level in two consecutive years, imports of that product originating in the Mediterranean non-member country concerned shall be liberalized at the beginning of the year following the two years in question provided the product concerned is at that time liberalized vis-à-vis the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985.

Should the Kingdom of Spain liberalize imports from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 of a product listed in Annex II or III, or increase a quota applicable to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 by more than the minimum percentage indicated in paragraph 3, it shall also liberalize imports of that product from the Mediterranean non-member countries, or increase the quota proportionately.

5. The Kingdom of Spain shall administer the quotas referred to in paragraph 2 in accordance with the same rules and administrative practices it applies to imports of products originating in the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985.

Article 6

1. For products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80⁽¹⁾ and originating in the Mediterranean

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.

non-member countries, the Kingdom of Spain shall dismantle, as from the entry into force of this Regulation, the customs duty constituting the fixed component of the charge in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 2 (2), starting from the basic duty indicated in Annex V.

2. For the products referred to in paragraph 1 and originating in Turkey, the Kingdom of Spain shall, from the date of entry into force of this Regulation, apply the preferential rates resulting from the Agreement to the variable component of the charge.

Section II

Products listed in Annex II to the Treaty

Article 7

1. For products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries and listed in Annex II to the Treaty, the Kingdom of Spain shall, subject to the special provisions laid down below, apply a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, the difference shall be reduced to 81,8% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1988, the difference shall be reduced to 72,7% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 63,6% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 54,5% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 45,4% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 36,3% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 27,2% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 18,1% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 9,0% of the initial difference.

The Kingdom of Spain shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

2. The Kingdom of Spain shall postpone application of the preferential arrangements for olive oil, oil seeds and oleaginous fruit covered by Regulation No 136/66/EEC (1) and for products derived therefrom until 31 December 1990.

From 1 January 1991, the Kingdom of Spain shall apply to those products a duty which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied on 31 December 1990 and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 83,3% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 66,6% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 49,9% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 33,2% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 16,5% of the initial difference.

The Kingdom of Spain shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

3. The Kingdom of Spain shall postpone application of the preferential arrangements for fruit and vegetables covered by Regulation (EEC) No 1835/72 (2) until 31 December 1989.

From 1 January 1990 the Kingdom of Spain shall apply to those products a duty which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied on 31 December 1989 and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 85,7% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 71,4% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 57,1% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 42,8% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 28,5% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 14,2% of the initial difference.

The Kingdom of Spain shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

4. The Kingdom of Spain shall apply to fishery products falling within heading or subheading No 03.01, 03.02, 03.03, 16.04, 16.05 or 23.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, the difference shall be reduced to 75,0% of the initial difference;

(1) OJ No L 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

(2) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

- on 1 January 1988, the difference shall be reduced to 62,5 % of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 50,0 % of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 37,5 % of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 25,0 % of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 12,5 % of the initial difference.

The Kingdom of Spain shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1993.

However, for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading No 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff, the Kingdom of Spain shall apply a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the timetable laid down in paragraph 1.

5. The basic duty referred to in paragraph 1 and 4 shall be that defined in Article 3 (1). However, for domestic rabbits falling within subheading No 01.06 A of the Common Customs Tariff, the basic duty shall be set at 6,5 %.

Article 8

For the products referred to in Article 7 (1), the Kingdom of Spain shall apply the non-tariff benefits and levy reductions laid down by the Agreements as of the entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 9

1. Quantitative restrictions may be applied to imports into Spain of products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries:

- a) until 31 December 1989 in respect of the products listed in Annex VI;
- b) until 31 December 1995 in respect of the products listed in Annex VII;
- c) in respect of products subject, under Article 81 of the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal to the Community, to the supplementary mechanism applicable to imports into Spain from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985, other than products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

2. Until 31 December 1990, quantitative restrictions may be applied to imports into Spain of products originating in Turkey and referred to:

— in Article 1 (2) (a) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, other than soya beans falling within subheading No ex 12.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff;

— in Article 1 (2) (b) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, other than products falling within subheading 15.17 B II or 23.04 B of the Common Customs Tariff.

3. Until 31 December 1992 quantitative restrictions may be applied to imports into Spain of products listed in Annex VIII and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries.

Article 10

In the case of products referred to in Article 7 (1) which are not subject on 1 March 1986 to a common organization of the market, the provisions of the Agreements concerning the elimination of charges having equivalent effect to customs duties and the abolition of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect shall not apply to such charges, restrictions or measures where they form an integral part of a national organization of the market in Spain at the time of accession to the Community.

The provision shall apply only until a common organization of the market is established for such products or until 31 December 1995, whichever is the earlier, and only insofar as is strictly necessary to ensure the functioning of the national organization.

Section III

Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla

Article 11

1. Without prejudice to the following provisions, the arrangements for trade between the Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla on the one hand and the Mediterranean non-member countries on the other shall be the same as those for trade between the Community and the said countries, provided those countries accord products originating in the Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla the same treatment they accord those from the Community.

2. Customs duties applied by the Canary Islands and Ceuta and Melilla to products other than those listed in Annex II to the Treaty and the charge known as 'arbitrio insular - tarifa general' existing in the Canary Islands shall be dismantled in respect of products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries in accordance with the same timetable and arrangements indicated in Articles 2, 3 and 4.

3. Customs duties existing in the Canary Islands and in Ceuta and Melilla with regard to products listed in Annex II to the Treaty and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries shall be aligned progressively on the preferential

duties applied by the Community in respect of such products subject to the proviso that those territories may accord more favourable treatment to such products than the Community does.

In no case shall duties be dismantled at a faster rate or otherwise than is laid down in Articles 2, 3 and 4.

4. The charge known as 'arbitrio insular - tarifa especial' in the Canary Islands shall be abolished in respect of products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries as of the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

However, the said charge may be retained in respect of imports of the products listed in Annex IX at 90 % of the rate therein indicated provided the lower rate is applied uniformly to all imports of the products in question originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries. The charge shall be abolished when it is abolished vis-à-vis the Community.

The said charge may at no time be higher than the Spanish Customs Tariff as amended with a view to the phasing in of the Common Customs Tariff.

CHAPTER II

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC

Section I

General provisions

Article 12

1. The Portuguese Republic shall abolish customs duties on imports of products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries as of the entry into force of this Regulation.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the Portuguese Republic shall dismantle customs duties on imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries of the products listed in Annex X in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1988 each duty shall be reduced to 65 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1989 each duty shall be reduced to 50 % of the basic duty;
- on 1 January 1990 each duty shall be reduced to 40 % of the basic duty;

- on 1 January 1991 each duty shall be reduced to 30 % of the basic duty;
- the final two 15 % reductions shall be made on 1 January 1992 and 1 January 1993.

3. The duties calculated in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be rounded down to one decimal place by deleting the second decimal.

Article 13

1. The basic duty for each product to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 12 (2) are to be applied shall be the duty actually applied by the Portuguese Republic vis-à-vis each of the Mediterranean non-member countries on 1 January 1985.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the Portuguese Republic shall dismantle customs duties on the products listed in Annex XI starting from the basic duties indicated in that Annex, provided the said duties are higher than the duties actually applied by the Portuguese Republic vis-à-vis each of the Mediterranean non-member countries on 1 January 1985.

Article 14

Should the Portuguese Republic suspend customs duties on imports from the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985 or reduce them more rapidly than envisaged in the timetable laid down, it shall also suspend or reduce by the same percentage the customs duties applying to like products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, with the exception of the products listed in Annex X, section B.

Article 15

1. Charges having equivalent effect to customs duties applied by the Portuguese Republic to imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

2. The following charges applied by the Portuguese Republic to trade with the Mediterranean non-member countries shall be progressively dismantled in accordance with the timetable indicated:

- (a) the 0,4 % ad valorem charge applied:
 - to goods imported temporarily,
 - to reimported goods (other than containers),
 - to goods imported under inward processing arrangements allowing drawback of duties paid on the import goods following export of the products obtained,
 shall be
 - reduced to 0,2 % on the date of entry into force of this Regulation and
 - abolished on 1 January 1988;

- (b) the 0,9% ad valorem charge applied to goods imported for home use shall be
 - reduced to 0,6% on 1 January 1989,
 - reduced to 0,3% on 1 January 1990, and
 - abolished on 1 January 1991.

Article 16

1. As of entry into force of this Regulation, the Portuguese Republic shall abolish customs duties of a fiscal nature of the fiscal component of customs duties existing at that date on imports of products originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries.
2. In the case of the products listed in Annex XII, the customs duties of a fiscal nature or fiscal component of customs duties applied by the Portuguese Republic shall be eliminated in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 12 (2).
3. Should the Portuguese Republic exercise the option open to it under Article 196 (3) of the Act of Accession of replacing a customs duty of a fiscal nature or fiscal component of such a duty by an internal charge, such component as is not covered by that charge shall represent the basic duty to which the successive reductions shall be applied. It shall be dismantled in trade with the Mediterranean non-member countries in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 12 (2).

Article 17

Until 31 December 1987 the Portuguese Republic shall retain quantitative restrictions on imports from the Mediterranean non-member countries of motor vehicles subject to the special arrangements agreed between the Community and the said Portuguese Republic in accordance with Protocol No 18 to the Act of Accession.

Article 18

1. For the products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, the Portuguese Republic shall dismantle the customs duties constituting the fixed component of the charge in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 12 (2), starting from the basic duty indicated in Annex XIII.
2. For the products which are referred to in paragraph 1 and originate in Turkey, the Portuguese Republic shall, in respect of the variable component of this charge, apply the preferential rates provided for in the Agreement from the date in the first year of the second stage of the transitional arrangements on which the second-stage rules come into force in respect of the commodities whose marketing year starts the latest.

Section II

Products listed in Annex II to the Treaty

Article 19

1. For products listed in Annex II to the Treaty and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries, the Portuguese Republic shall, subject to the special provisions laid down below, apply a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:
 - on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, the difference shall be reduced to 81,8% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1988, the difference shall be reduced to 72,7% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 63,6% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 54,5% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 45,4% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 36,3% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 27,2% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 18,1% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 9,0% of the initial difference.

The Portuguese Republic shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

2. The Portuguese Republic shall postpone application of the preferential arrangements for olive oil, oil seeds and oleaginous fruits covered by Regulation No 136/66/EEC and for products derived therefrom until 31 December 1990.

From 1 January 1991 the Portuguese Republic shall apply to those products a duty which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied on 31 December 1990 and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 83,3% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 66,6% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 49,9% of the initial difference;

- on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 33,2% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 16,5% of the initial difference.

The Portuguese Republic shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

3. The Portuguese Republic shall postpone application of the preferential arrangements for products covered by the following Regulations until the beginning of the second stage as defined in Article 260 of the Act of Accession:

- Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products ⁽¹⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽²⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables,
- Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽³⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 on the common organization of the market in pigmeat ⁽⁴⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 2771/75 on the common organization of the market in eggs ⁽⁵⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 2777/75 on the common organization of the market in poultrymeat ⁽⁶⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 on the common organization of the market in rice ⁽⁷⁾,
- Regulation (EEC) No 822/87 on the common organization of the market in wine ⁽⁸⁾.

From the beginning of the second stage the Portuguese Republic shall apply a duty to these products which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied at the end of the first stage and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- (i) where the second stage runs for five years:
 - on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 83,3% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 66,6% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 49,9% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 33,2% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 16,5% of the initial difference;

- (ii) where the second stage runs for seven years:
 - on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 87,5% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 75,0% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 62,5% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 50,0% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1993, the difference shall be reduced to 37,5% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 25,0% of the initial difference;
 - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 12,5% of the initial difference;
- (iii) The Portuguese Republic shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

4. The Portuguese Republic shall apply to fishery products falling within heading or subheading No 03.01, 03.02, 03.03, 05.15 A, 16.04, 16.05 or 23.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, the difference shall be reduced to 75,0% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1988, the difference shall be reduced to 62,5% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1989, the difference shall be reduced to 50,0% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1990, the difference shall be reduced to 37,5% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1991, the difference shall be reduced to 25,0% of the initial difference;
- on 1 January 1992, the difference shall be reduced to 12,5% of the initial difference.

The Portuguese Republic shall apply the preferential rates in full from 1 January 1993.

However, for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff, the Portuguese Republic shall apply a duty which reduces the difference between the basic duty and the preferential duty in accordance with the timetable laid down in paragraph 1.

5. The basic duty referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 shall be that defined in Article 13 (1).

Article 20

For the products referred to in Article 19 (3) the Portuguese Republic shall postpone until the beginning of the second

(1) OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.
(2) OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.
(3) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
(4) OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
(5) OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 49.
(6) OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 77.
(7) OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.
(8) OJ No L 84, 27. 3. 1987, p. 1.

stage, as defined in Article 260 of the Act of Accession, the application of the non-tariff benefits and levy reductions laid down by the Agreements.

Article 21

1. Quantitative restrictions may be applied until 31 December 1992 to Portuguese imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries of the products listed in Annex XIV.

2. Quantitative restrictions may be retained until 31 December 1995 for Portuguese imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries of the products listed in Annex XV.

3. Quantitative restrictions may be applied until 31 December 1990 to Portuguese imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries of oil seeds, oleaginous fruits, flour from which the oil has not been extracted and all vegetable oils, other than olive oil intended for human consumption in Portugal's internal market.

4. Quantitative restrictions may be retained until 31 December 1992 for Portuguese imports originating in the Mediterranean non-member countries of the products listed in Annex XVI.

Article 22

In the case of products referred to in Article 19 (1) which are not subject on 1 March 1986 to a common organization of the market, the provisions of the Agreements concerning the elimination of charges having equivalent effect to customs duties and the abolition of quantitative restrictions and

measures having equivalent effect shall not apply to such charges restrictions or measures where they form an integral part of a national organization of the market in Portugal at the time of accession.

This provision shall apply only until a common organization of the market is established for such products or until 31 December 1995, whichever is the earlier, and only insofar as is strictly necessary to ensure the functioning of the national organization.

CHAPTER III

GENERAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 23

The Co-operation Council shall make any changes to the origin rules which may be necessary consequent on the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the Community.

Article 24

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 449/86, 'Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey' shall be added after 'Switzerland'.

Article 25

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1987.

It shall apply in respect of each Mediterranean non-member country until the individual Protocol referring to the country concerned enters into force.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 August 1987.

For the Council

The President

K. E. TYGESEN

ANNEX I

List provided for in Article 2

ALGERIA

CCT heading No	Description
28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution
29.01	Hydrocarbons
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins)
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)

EGYPT

CCT heading No	Description
29.01	Hydrocarbons
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins)
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)
58.02	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)

CCT heading No	Description
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus

LEBANON

CCT heading No	Description
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06

TUNISIA

CCT heading No	Description
28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins)
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)
58.02	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)
60.01	Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized
60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles
69.08	Glazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus

TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloracetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-iodene resins)
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)
58.02	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanic' rugs and the like (made up or not)
58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05)
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles
69.08	Glazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles
89.01	Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter: B. Other

ANNEX II

List provided for in the first indent of Article 5 (1)

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota (1)
1	85.15	<p>Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:</p> <p>A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:</p> <p>III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Colour television receivers, the diagonal measurement of the screen of which is: — From more than 42 cm up to and including 52 cm — More than 52 cm 	<p>7 units</p> <p>Tunisia: 29 units</p> <p>Turkey: 58 units</p>
2	87.01	<p>Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys:</p> <p>ex B. Agricultural tractors (excluding walking tractors) and forestry tractors, wheeled:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — With an engine of a cylinder capacity of 4 000 cm³ or less 	3 units

(1) The amounts indicated apply to each of the Mediterranean non-member countries, unless otherwise specified.

ANNEX III

List provided for in second indent of Article 5 (1)

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota (1)
1	25.03	Sulphur of all kinds, other than sublimed sulphur, precipitated sulphur and colloidal sulphur	58 tonnes Turkey: 288 tonnes
2	29.03 36.01 36.02 ex 36.04 36.05 36.06	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons: B. Nitrated and nitrosated derivatives: ex I. Trinitrotoluenes and dinitronaphthalenes: — Trinitrotoluenes Propellent powders Prepared explosives, other than propellent powders Safety fuses; detonating fuses; percussion and detonating caps; igniters; detonators: — Other than electrical detonators Pyrotechnic articles (for example, fireworks, railway fog signals, amorces, rain rockets) Matches (excluding Bengal matches)	7 tonnes
3	39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: I. Polyethylene: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap ex II. Polytetrahaloethylenes: — Waste and scrap ex III. Polysulphohaloethylenes: — Waste and scrap ex IV. Polypropylene: — Waste and scrap ex V. Polyisobutylene: — Waste and scrap VI. Polystyrene and copolymers of styrene: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap VII. Polyvinyl chloride: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap ex VIII. Polyvinylidene chloride; copolymers of vinylidene chloride with vinyl chloride: — Waste and scrap	1,5 tonnes Tunisia: 3 tonnes

(1) The amounts indicated apply to each of the Mediterranean non-member countries, unless otherwise specified.

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	39.02 (cont'd)	C. ex IX. Polyvinyl acetate: — Waste and scrap ex X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate: — Waste and scrap ex XI. Polyvinyl alcohols, acetals and ethers: — Waste and scrap ex XII. Acrylic polymers, methacrylic polymers and acrylo-methacrylic copolymers: — Waste and scrap ex XIII. Coumarone resins, indene resins and coumarone-indene resins: — Waste and scrap XIV. Other polymerization or copolymerization products: ex b) In other forms: — Waste and scrap	
4	39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06: B. Other: I. Of regenerated cellulose III. Of hardened proteins V. Of other materials: a) Spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 c) Corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories ex d) Other: — Excluding airtight clothing affording protection against radiation or radioactive contamination, not combined with breathing apparatus	1 600 ECU Tunisia: 78 000 ECU Lebanon: 19 000 ECU
5	ex 58.01 58.02	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not), other than hand-made Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not): A. Carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting	720 kg
6	ex 58.04 58.09 60.01	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): — Of cotton Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs: B. Lace: ex I. Hand-made: — Other than lace made from cotton, wool and man-made textile fibres II. Mechanically made Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic nor rubberized: C. Of other textile materials: I. Of cotton	130 kg

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	60.05 (cont'd)	<p>A. II. b) 4. hh) Coats, jackets (excluding anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like) and blazers: 44. Of cotton</p> <p>ijij) Anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like: ex 11. Of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres: — Of cotton</p> <p>kk) Ski suits consisting of two or three pieces: ex 11. Of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres: — Of cotton</p> <p>ll) Other outer garments: 44. Of cotton</p> <p>5. Clothing accessories: ex cc) of other textile materials: — Of cotton</p> <p>B. Other: ex III. Of other textile materials: — Of cotton</p>	
8	61.01	<p>Men's and boys' outer garments</p> <p>A. Garments of the 'cowboy' type and other similar garments for amusement and play, less than commercial size 158; garments of textile fabric of heading No 59.08, 59.11 or 59.12:</p> <p>II. Other: ex a) Coats: — Of cotton</p> <p>ex b) Other: — Of cotton</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Industrial and occupational clothing: a) Overalls, including boiler suits and bibs and braces: 1. Of cotton</p> <p>b) Other: 1. Of cotton</p> <p>II. Swimwear: ex b) Of other textile materials: — Of cotton</p> <p>III. Bath robes, dressing gowns, smoking jackets and similar indoor wear: b) Of cotton</p> <p>IV. Parkas; anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like: b) Of cotton</p> <p>V. Other: a) Jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers: 3. Of cotton</p> <p>b) Overcoats, raincoats and other coats; cloaks and capes: 3. Of cotton</p> <p>c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits): 3. Of cotton</p> <p>d) Shorts: 3. Of cotton</p>	130 kg

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
9	61.03 61.04	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: A. Shirts: II. Of cotton B. Pyjamas: II. Of cotton C. Other: II. Of cotton Women's, girls' and infants' under garments: A. Babies' garments; girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86: I. Of cotton B. Other: I. Pyjamas and nightdresses: b) Of cotton II. Other: b) Of cotton	65 kg
10	84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only), of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: a) Sewing machines having a value (not including frames, tables or furniture) of more than 65 ECU each b) Other	1 unit
11	85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus: A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radiobroadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras: III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers: b) Other: ex 2. Other: — Colour television receivers, the diagonal measurement of the screen of which is 42 cm or less	4 units Tunisia: 14 units Turkey: 29 units
12	87.01	Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys: A. Agricultural walking tractors, with either a spark ignition or a compression ignition engine	1 unit
13	93.02 93.04	Revolvers and pistols, being firearms Other firearms, including Very pistols, pistols and revolvers for firing blank ammunition only, line-throwing guns and the like:	7 800 ECU

Quota No	CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
	93.04 <i>(cont'd)</i>	ex A. Sporting and target-shooting guns, rifles and carbines: — Excluding single-barrelled, rifled sporting and target-shooting guns and carbines, and other than ring firing, of a unit value greater than 200 ECU	
	93.05	Arms of other descriptions, including air, spring and similar pistols, rifles and guns	
	93.06	Parts of arms, including gun barrel blanks, but not including parts of sidearms	
14	93.07	Bombs, grenades, torpedoes, mines, guided weapons and missiles and similar munitions of war, and parts thereof; ammunition and parts thereof, including cartridge wads; lead shot prepared for ammunition	1,5 tonnes

ANNEX IV

List provided for in the last subparagraph of Article 5 (1)

ALGERIA/TUNISIA

CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: VII. Polyvinyl chloride	3 tonnes ⁽¹⁾
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits, switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels	Algeria: 7 tonnes Tunisia: 58 tonnes
85.21	Thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes); photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits	100 kg ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ For each of the countries.

TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description	Basic quota
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels	7 tonnes
89.01	Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter: B. Other: I. Sea-going vessels	160 000 ECU

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
18.06 (cont'd)	<p>C. Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled; sugar confectionery and substitutes therefor made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa:</p> <p>I. Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Less than 50%</p> <p>2. 50% or more</p> <p>b) Containing by weight of milkfats:</p> <p>1. 1,5% or more but less than 3%</p> <p>2. 3% or more but less than 4,5%</p> <p>3. 4,5% or more but less than 6%</p> <p>4. 6% or more</p> <p>D. Other:</p> <p>I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats:</p> <p>a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less</p> <p>b) Other</p> <p>II. Containing by weight of milkfats:</p> <p>a) 1,5% or more but not more than 6,5%:</p> <p>1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) More than 6,5% but less than 26%:</p> <p>1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>c) 26% or more:</p> <p>1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less</p> <p>2. Other</p>	<p>10,92</p> <p>12,71</p> <p>9,66</p> <p>7,04</p> <p>10,03</p> <p>10,02</p> <p>7,37</p> <p>0,00</p> <p>0,00</p> <p>3,96</p> <p>3,96</p> <p>0,00</p> <p>0,00</p> <p>0,00</p> <p>0,00</p>
19.02	<p>Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa:</p> <p>A. Malt extract:</p> <p>I. With a dry extract content of 90% or more by weight</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Containing malt extract and not less than 30% by weight of reducing sugars (expressed as maltose)</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats:</p> <p>1. Containing less than 14% by weight of starch:</p> <p>aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p>bb) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>11. 5% or more but less than 60%</p> <p>22. 60% or more</p>	<p>19,50</p> <p>19,50</p> <p>17,30 (1)</p> <p>17,30 (1)</p> <p>17,30 (1)</p> <p>17,30 (1)</p> <p>17,30 (1)</p>

(1) Minimum 2,87 Pta/kg.

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.02 (cont'd)	B. II. a) 2. Containing 14 % or more but less than 32 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 3. Containing 32 % or more but less than 45 % weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 4. Containing 45 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 5. Containing 65 % or more but less than 80 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 6. Containing 80 % or more but less than 85 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 7. Containing 85 % or more by weight of starch b) Containing by weight of milkfats: 1. 1,5 % or more but less than 5 % 2. 5 % or more	17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*)
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products: A. Containing eggs B. Other: I. Containing no common wheat flour or meal II. Other	18,10 18,10 18,10
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches — From yucca or manioc — Of potato starch — Other	19,20 11,40 14,30
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products): A. Obtained from maize B. Obtained from rice C. Other	16,80 16,80 16,80
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products: A. Crispbread B. Matzos C. Communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products D. Other, containing by weight of starch: I. Less than 50 % II. 50 % or more	6,10 6,10 6,10 6,10 6,10

(*) Minimum 2,87 Pts/kg.

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
21.07 (cont'd)	D. II. Other, containing by weight of milkfats:	
	a) Less than 1,5% and containing by weight of milk proteins (nitrogen content \times 6,38):	
	1. Less than 40%	16,80
	2. 40% or more but less than 55%	16,80
	3. 55% or more but less than 70%	16,80
	4. 70% or more	16,80
	b) 1,5% or more	16,80
	E. Cheese fondues	16,80
	G. Other:	
	I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats:	
	a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5% or more but less than 32%	16,30
	bb) 32% or more but less than 45%	16,60
	cc) 45% or more	16,80
	b) Containing 5% or more but less than 15% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch	16,80
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5% or more but less than 32%	16,80
	bb) 32% or more but less than 45%	16,80
	cc) 45% or more	16,80
	c) Containing 15% or more but less than 30% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch	16,80
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5% or more but less than 32%	16,80
	bb) 32% or more but less than 45%	16,80
	cc) 45% or more	16,80
	d) Containing 30% or more but less than 50% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch	16,80
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5% or more but less than 32%	16,80
	bb) 32% or more	16,80
	e) Containing 50% or more but less than 85% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch	16,80
	2. Other	16,80
	f) Containing 85% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)	16,80
	II. Containing 1,5% or more but less than 6% by weight of milkfats:	
	a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch	16,80

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
18.06 (cont'd)	C. II. b) Containing by weight of milkfats: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 1,5% or more but less than 3% 2. 3% or more but less than 4,5% 3. 4,5% or more but less than 6% 4. 6% or more 	11,01 12,03 12,01 9,00
19.02	Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dieteric or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa: <p>A. Malt extract:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. With a dry extract content of 90% or more by weight II. Other <p>B. Other:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. Containing malt extract and not less than 30% by weight of reducing sugars (expressed as maltose) II. Other: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing less than 14% by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. 5% or more but less than 60% 22. 60% or more 2. Containing 14% or more but less than 32% by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 3. Containing 32% or more but less than 45% weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 4. Containing 45% or more but less than 65% by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 5. Containing 65% or more but less than 80% by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 6. Containing 80% or more but less than 85% by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 7. Containing 85% or more by weight of starch 	19,50 19,50 17,30 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*) 17,30 (*)

(*) Minimum 2,87 Pta/kg.

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.02 (cont'd)	B. II. b) Containing by weight of milkfats: 1. 1,5% or more but less than 5% 2. 5% or more	17,30 ⁽¹⁾ 17,30 ⁽¹⁾
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products: A. Containing eggs B. Other: I. Containing no common wheat flour or meal II. Other	21,10 21,10 21,10
ex 19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches — From yucca or manioc — Of potato starch — Other	29,20 21,40 16,30
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products): A. Obtained from maize B. Obtained from rice C. Other	16,80 16,80 16,80
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products: A. Crispbread B. Matzos C. Communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products D. Other, containing by weight of starch: I. Less than 50% II. 50% or more	6,10 6,10 6,10 6,10 6,10
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion: A. Gingerbread and the like, containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): I. Less than 30% II. 30% or more but less than 50% III. 50% or more B. Other: I. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch, and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): a) Less than 70% — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other b) 70% or more II. Containing 5% or more but less than 32% by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) — Not containing sugar or cocoa — Other	10,00 10,00 10,00 8,70 10,00 10,00 8,70 10,00

⁽¹⁾ Minimum 2,87 Pta/kg.

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.08 (cont'd)	<p>B. II. b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>c) Containing 30 % or more but less than 40 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>d) Containing 40 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>III. Containing 32 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>ex 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats:</p> <p>— Not containing sugar or cocoa</p> <p>— Other</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Not containing sugar or cocoa</p> <p>— Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 20 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>c) Containing 20 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>IV. Containing 50 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats:</p> <p>— Not containing sugar or cocoa</p> <p>— Other</p> <p>2. Other:</p> <p>— Not containing sugar or cocoa</p> <p>— Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>V. Containing 65 % or more by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>— Not containing sugar or cocoa</p> <p>— Other</p> <p>b) Other</p>	<p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>8,70</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>8,70</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>8,70</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>8,70</p> <p>10,00</p> <p>10,00</p>

ANNEX VI

List provided for in Article 9 (1) (a)

ALGERIA/JORDAN/TUNISIA

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: B. Cabbages, cauliflowers and Brussels sprouts: I. Cauliflowers G. Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots: ex II. Carrots and turnips: — Carrots ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions and garlic M. Tomatoes
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges: — fresh B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), fresh ex C. Lemons: — fresh
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes

EGYPT

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions and garlic M. Tomatoes
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges, fresh B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), fresh ex C. Lemons, fresh
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes

LEBANON

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions and garlic
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges, fresh B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), fresh ex C. Lemons, fresh
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes

TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: B. Cabbages, cauliflowers and Brussels sprouts: I. Cauliflowers G. Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots: ex II. Carrots and turnips: — Carrots ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions and garlic M. Tomatoes
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: A. Oranges B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas) C. Lemons
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes
08.06	Apples, pears and quinces, fresh: A. Apples B. Pears
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh: A. Apricots ex B. Peaches, including nectarines: — Peaches

ANNEX VII

List provided for in Article 9 (1) (b)

ALGERIA/TUNISIA

CCT heading No	Description
02.04	Other meat and edible meat offals, fresh, chilled or frozen: ex A. Of domestic pigeons and domestic rabbits: — Meat of domestic rabbits

TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
01.03	Live swine: A. Domestic species: II. Other
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen: A. Meat: III. Of swine: a) Of domestic swine B. Offals: II. Other: c) Of domestic swine
02.04	Other meat and edible meat offals, fresh, chilled or frozen: ex A. Of domestic pigeons and domestic rabbits: — Meat of domestic rabbits
02.05	Pig fat free of lean meat and poultry fat (not rendered or solvent-extracted), fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked: A. Subcutaneous pig fat: ex I. Fresh, chilled, frozen, salted or in brine: — Fresh, chilled or frozen II. Dried or smoked ex B. Pig fat, other than that falling within subheading A: — Fresh, chilled, frozen, dried or smoked
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked: B. Meat and edible meat offals of domestic swine
11.01	Cereal flours: A. Wheat or meslin flour

CCT heading No	Description
11.02	<p>Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled but not further prepared), except rice falling within heading No 10.06; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground:</p> <p>A. Cereal groats and cereal meal</p> <p>B. Hulled grains (shelled or husked), whether or not sliced or kibbled</p> <p>C. Pearled grains</p> <p>D. Grains not otherwise worked than kibbled</p> <p>E. Rolled grains; flaked grains:</p> <p> I. Barley and oats:</p> <p> a) Rolled</p> <p> II. Other cereals:</p> <p> ex a) Wheat:</p> <p> — Rolled</p> <p> ex b) Rye:</p> <p> — Rolled</p> <p> ex c) Maize:</p> <p> — Rolled</p> <p> d) Other:</p> <p> ex 2. Other:</p> <p> — Rolled</p>
11.08	<p>Starches; inulin:</p> <p>A. Starches:</p> <p> III. Wheat starch</p>
11.09	<p>Wheat gluten, whether or not dried</p>
16.01	<p>Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood</p>
16.02	<p>Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal:</p> <p>A. Liver:</p> <p> II. Other</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p> III. Other:</p> <p> a) Containing meat or offal of domestic swine</p>

ANNEX VIII

List provided for in Article 9 (3)

ALGERIA/TUNISIA/TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen: B. Saltwater fish: I. Whole, headless or in pieces: h) Cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i> , <i>Boreogadus saida</i> , <i>Gadus ogac</i>): 1. Fresh or chilled p) Anchovies (<i>Engraulis spp.</i>): 1. Fresh or chilled t) Hake (<i>Merluccius spp.</i>): 1. Fresh or chilled 2. Frozen x) Blue whiting (<i>Micromesistius pontassou</i> or <i>Gadus pontassou</i>) ex y) Other: — Horse mackerel (<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>), fresh or chilled II. Fillets: ex a) Fresh or chilled: — Of Cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i> , <i>Boreogadus saida</i> , <i>Gadus ogac</i>) b) Frozen: 9. Of hake (<i>Merluccius spp.</i>)
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process: A. Dried, salted or in brine: I. Whole, headless or in pieces: ex c) Cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i> , <i>Boreogadus saida</i> , <i>Gadus ogac</i>): — Not dried, salted or in brine
03.03	Crustaceans or molluscs, whether in shell or not, fresh (live or dead), chilled, frozen, salted, in brine or dried; crustaceans, in shell, simply boiled in water: A. Crustaceans: III. Crabs and freshwater crayfish: ex b) Other: — Spinous spider crab (<i>Maia squinado</i>), fresh (live) B. Molluscs: IV. Other: b) Other: ex 2. Other: — Venus clam (<i>Venus gallina</i>), fresh or chilled

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (%)
21.04	Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings: B. Sauces with a basis of tomato purée	9
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages: C. Spirituous beverages: I. Rum, arrack and tafia, in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Rum	
	ex b) More than two litres: — Rum	39,1 Ptas/litre
		39,1 Ptas/litre
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: ex IV. Polypropylene: — In strips, of a width exceeding 0,1 mm	10,5
	VII. Polyvinyl chloride: ex b) In other forms: — In tubes	10,5
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06: B. Other: V. Of other materials: ex d) Other: — Plates with a diameter of between 17 and 21 cm and 'glasses' of polystyrene	15
	— Bags, sachets and similar articles, of polyethylene	10,5
	— Containers other than carboys, bottles and jars of polystyrene	15
	— Tube and pipe fittings, and finished pipes of polyvinyl chloride	10,5
42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric: ex A. Of artificial plastic sheeting: — Bags of polyethylene sheeting	10,5
ex 48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery: — Writing blocks	15
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape: ex B. Other: — Toilet paper in rolls	12
	— Paper in strips or rolls for office machines and the like	12
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard; box files, letter trays and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like: ex A. Boxes, bags and other packing containers: — Boxes, of corrugated paper or paperboard	15
	— Bags and sacks, of kraft paper	11
	— Boxes for cigars and cigarettes	14

CCT heading No	Description	Rate (%)
ex 48.18	Registers, exercise books, note books, memorandum blocks, order books, receipt books, diaries, blotting-pads, binders (loose-leaf or other), file covers and other stationery of paper or paperboard; sample and other albums and book covers, of paper or paperboard: — Memorandum blocks and exercise books	13
ex 48.19	Paper or paperboard labels, whether or not printed or gummed: — Labels of all kinds, excluding cigar bands	14,5
48.21	Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding: B. Napkins and napkin liners for babies: ex I. Not put up for retail sale: — Of cellulose wadding ex II. Other: — Of cellulose wadding ex D. Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen (including handkerchiefs and cleaning tissues) and kitchen linen; garments: — Hand towels and table napkins ex E. Sanitary towels and tampons: — Sanitary towels, of cellulose wadding F. Other: ex I. Articles of a kind used for surgical, medical or hygienic purposes, not put up for retail sale: — Napkins and napkin liners of a kind used for hygienic purposes, of cellulose wadding ex II. Other: — Napkins and napkin liners of a kind used for hygienic purposes, of cellulose wadding	14 14 14 14 14 14
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass: — Excluding containers of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods made from glass tubing of a thickness of less than 1 mm and stoppers and other closures	9
ex 76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium: — Doors, windows, and door and window frames — Plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium alloy	8,4 8,4
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: ex B. Other: — Beds of base metal — Shelving and parts thereof, of base metal	13 11,5
94.04	Mattress supports; articles of bedding or similar furnishing fitted with springs or stuffed or internally fitted with any material or of expanded, foam or sponge rubber or expanded, foam or sponge artificial plastic material, whether or not covered (for example, mattresses, quilts, eiderdowns, cushions, pouffes and pillows): A. Articles of bedding of similar furnishing of expanded, foam or sponge artificial plastic material, whether or not covered ex B. Other: — Mattress supports, mattresses and pillows	12 13

ANNEX X

List provided for in Article 12 (2)

A. Sensitive products *vis-à-vis* the Community as constituted on 31 December 1985

CCT heading No	Description
05.01	Human hair, unworked, whether or not washed or scoured; waste of human hair
05.02	Figs', hogs' and boars' bristles or hair; badger hair and other brush-making hair; waste of such bristles and hair
05.03	Horsehair and horsehair waste, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material
05.05	Fish waste
05.07	Skins and other parts of birds, with their feathers or down, feathers and parts of feathers (whether or not with trimmed edges) and down; not further worked than cleaned, disinfected or treated for preservation; powder and waste of feathers or parts of feathers
05.08	Bones and horn-cores, unworked, defatted, simply prepared (but not cut to shape), treated with acid or degelatinized; powder and waste of these products
05.09	Ivory, tortoise-shell, horns, antlers, hooves, nails, claws and beaks, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, and waste and powder of these products; whalebone and the like, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, and hair and waste of these products
05.12	Coral and similar substances, unworked or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of shells
05.13	Natural sponges
05.14	Ambergris, castoreum, civet and musk; cantharides; bile, whether or not dried; animal products, fresh, chilled or frozen, or otherwise provisionally preserved, of a kind used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products
05.15	Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter 1 or Chapter 3, unfit for human consumption: ex B. Other: — Sinews and tendons; parings and similar waste, of raw hides or skins
09.03	Maté
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams
13.03	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products: A. Vegetable saps and extracts B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates: ex I. Dry: — Pectates ex II. Other: — Pectates C. Agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products

CCT heading No	Description
14.01	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, cereal straw, cleaned, bleached or dyed, osier, reeds, rushes, rattans, bamboos, raffia and lime bark)
14.02	Vegetable materials, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material, of a kind used primarily as stuffing or as padding (for example, kapok, vegetable hair and eel-grass)
14.03	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in brushes or in brooms (for example, sorgho, piassava, couch-grass andistle), whether or not in bundles or hanks
14.05	Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included
15.05	Wool grease and fatty substances derived therefrom (including lanolin)
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)
15.08	Animal and vegetable oils, boiled, oxidized, dehydrated, sulphurized, blown or polymerized by heat in vacuum or in inert gas, or otherwise modified
15.10	Fatty acids; acid oils from refining; fatty alcohols
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
15.15	Spermaceti, crude, pressed or refined, whether or not coloured; beeswax and other insect waxes, whether or not coloured
15.16	Vegetable waxes, whether or not coloured
15.17	Degras; residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes: A. Degras
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa
18.03	Cocoa paste (in bulk or in block), whether or not defatted
18.04	Cocoa butter (fat or oil)
18.05	Cocoa powder, unsweetened
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
19.02	Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion
21.02	Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof

CCT heading No	Description
21.03	Mustard flour and prepared mustard
21.04	Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings
21.05	Soups and broths, in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized composite food preparations
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: A. Active natural yeasts C. Prepared baking powders
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared B. Ravioli, macaroni, spaghetti and similar products, not stuffed, cooked; the foregoing preparations, stuffed, whether or not cooked C. Ice-cream (not including ice-cream powder) and other ices D. Prepared yoghurt; prepared milk, in powder form, for use as infants' food or for dietetic or culinary purposes E. Cheese fondues G. Other
22.01	Waters, including spa waters and aerated waters; ice and snow
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07
22.03	Beer made from malt
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength: ex A. Denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength: — Excluding alcohol obtained from the agricultural products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty B. Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages: A. Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08), in containers holding: ex I. Two litres or less: — Excluding alcohol obtained from the agricultural products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty ex II. More than two litres: — Excluding alcohol obtained from the agricultural products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty B. Compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages C. Spirituous beverages: I. Rum, arrack and tafia II. Gin III. Whisky IV. Vodka, with an alcoholic strength of 45,4 % vol or less and plum, pear or cherry spirit (excluding liqueurs) ex V. Other: — On a cereal base

CCT heading No	Description
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences
28.01	Halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine): B. Chlorine
28.03	Carbon (including carbon black)
28.54	Hydrogen peroxide (including solid hydrogen peroxide)
29.01	Hydrocarbons: A. Acyclic: ex I. For use as power or heating fuels: — Excluding acetylene ex II. For other purposes: — Excluding acetylene B. Cyclanes and cyclenes: I. Azulene and its alkyl derivatives II. Other: ex a) For use as power or heating fuels: — Excluding decahydronaphthalene ex b) For other purposes: — Excluding decahydronaphthalene C. Cycloterpenes D. Aromatic: I. Benzene, toluene and xylenes II. Styrene III. Ethylbenzene IV. Cumene (isopropylbenzene) ex V. Naphthalene and anthracene: — Anthracene VI. Biphenyl and terphenyls ex VII. Other: — Excluding tetrahydronaphthalene
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols: II. D-Mannitol (mannitol) III. D-Glucitol (sorbitol)
29.10	Acetals and hemiacetals and single or complex oxygen-function acetals and hemiacetals, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: ex B. Other: — Methylglucosides
29.14	Monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids: ex XI. Other: — Esters of D-Glucitol (sorbitol) B. Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids: ex IV. Other: b) Other — Esters of D-Glucitol (sorbitol)

CCT heading No	Description
29.15	<p>Polycarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:</p> <p>A. Acyclic polycarboxylic acids: ex V. Other: — Itaconic acid and its salts and esters</p> <p>C. Aromatic polycarboxylic acids: I. Phthalic anhydride ex III. Other: — Dibutyl phthalates (ortho) — Dioctyl orthophthalates — Diisooctyl, diisononyl and diisodecyl phthalates — Other esters of diiso-butyl</p>
29.16	<p>Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:</p> <p>A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: I. Lactic acid and its salts and esters III. Tartaric acid and its salts and esters IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters V. Gluconic acid and its salts and esters ex VIII. Other: — Glyceric acid, glycolic acid, saccharic acid, isosaccharic acid, heptasaccharic acid and their salts and esters</p>
29.23	<p>Single or complex oxygen — function amino-compounds:</p> <p>D. Amino-acids I. Lysine and its esters, and their salts III. Glutamic acid and its salts</p>
29.35	<p>Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids:</p> <p>ex Q. Other: — Anhydride compounds of D-Glucitol (sorbitol) (e.g. sorbitans), excluding maltol and isomatol — Lactones which are internal esters of hydroxy acids and gluconic acid derivatives — Intermediary products of the chemical processing of penicillin in the antibiotics falling within tariff subheading 29.44 A or C</p>
29.38	<p>Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent:</p> <p>B. Vitamins, unmixed, whether or not in aqueous solution: ex II. Vitamins B₂, B₃, B₆, B₁₂ and H — Vitamin B₁₂ IV. Vitamin C</p>
29.43	<p>Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42:</p> <p>ex B. Other: — Levulose — Levulose salts and esters — Sorbose and its salts and esters</p>

CCT heading No	Description
29.44	<p>Antibiotics:</p> <p>ex A. Penicillins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding those requiring more than 15,3 kg of white sugar to produce one kilogram <p>ex C. Other antibiotics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Oxytetracyclin and erythromycin and their salts
30.03	<p>Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments):</p> <p>A. Not put up in forms or in packings of a kind sold by retail:</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>B. Put up in forms or in packings of a kind sold by retail:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing penicillin, streptomycin or their derivatives <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Containing antibiotics or their derivatives other than those listed under subheading B. II. a); insulin, gold salts for the treatment of tuberculosis, organo-arsenous products for the treatment of syphilis and products for the treatment of leprosy
31.02	<p>Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous:</p> <p>A. Natural sodium nitrate</p> <p>ex C. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding ammonium nitrate, calcium nitrate having a nitrogen content of not more than 16 %, calcium nitrate and magnesium nitrate
32.09	<p>Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter:</p> <p>A. Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter:</p> <p>1. Pearl essence</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding non-precious metals in paste form used in the manufacture of paints <p>ex B. Stamping foils:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Common metal-based <p>C. Dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail</p>
32.12	<p>Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations; stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements</p>
32.13	<p>Writing ink, printing ink and other inks:</p> <p>B. Printing ink</p> <p>C. Other inks</p>
ex 34.02	<p>Organic surface-active agents; surface-active preparations and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Ethoxylates

CCT heading No	Description
35.01	Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glue
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives: A. Albumins: II. Other: a) Ovalbumin and lactalbumin
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues
35.06	Prepared glues not elsewhere specified or included; products suitable for use as glues put up for sale by retail as glues in packages not exceeding a net weight of 1 kg
35.07	Enzymes; prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included
ex 37.03	Sensitized paper, paperboard and cloth, unexposed or exposed but not developed: - Printing paper
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries: A. Prepared glazings and prepared dressings: I. With a basis of amylaceous substances
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: Q. Foundry core binders based on synthetic resins T. D-Glucitol (sorbitol) other than that falling within subheading 29.04 C III X. Other
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerized and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones): ex A. Ion exchangers: - Phenoplasts, excluding those of the Novolak type C. Other: I. Phenoplasts: ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: - Resins, excluding those of the Novolak type ex b) In other forms: - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , not printed II. Aminoplasts: ex b) In other forms: - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m ² , not printed

CCT heading No	Description
39.01 (cont'd)	<p>C. III. Alkyds and other polyesters:</p> <p>ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (d) to this Chapter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Non alkydic polyesters, unsaturated, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter, for polyurethanes, other than for moulding or extruding <p>ex IV. Polyamides:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex V. Polyurethanes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex VI. Silicones:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex VII. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, neither rigid nor spongy, weighing more than 160 g/m², not printed — Resins, other than epoxide resins, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Polyether alcohols — Systems for polyurethanes
39.02	<p>Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins):</p> <p>C. Other:</p> <p>I. Polyethylene:</p> <p>a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter:</p> <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions — Waste and scrap <p>ex II. Polytetrahaloethylenes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions

CCT heading No	Description
39.02 (cont'd)	<p>C. ex III. Polysulphohaloethylenes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex IV. Polypropylene:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter, and waste and scrap — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex V. Polyisobutylene:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>VI. Polystyrene and copolymers of styrene:</p> <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>VII. Polyvinyl chloride:</p> <p>a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Products for moulding — Emulsion-type resins for pastes <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex VIII. Polyvinylidene chloride; copolymers of vinylidene chloride with vinyl chloride:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex IX. Polyvinyl acetate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex XI. Polyvinyl alcohols, acetals and ethers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>ex XII. Acrylic polymers, methacrylic polymers and acrylo-methacrylic copolymers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions <p>XIV. Other polymerization or copolymerization products:</p> <p>ex b) In other forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Adhesives based on resin emulsions

CCT heading No	Description
39.03	<p>Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Regenerated cellulose:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 1. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0,75 mm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed <p>II. Cellulose nitrates:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <p>1. With camphor or otherwise (for example, celluloid):</p> <p>ex aa) Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of celluloid - Other, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plates, sheets, strips or tubes, of celluloid - Other plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², whether or not printed <p>III. Cellulose acetates:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <p>ex 2. Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed - Rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed <p>ex 3. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0,75 mm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>4. Other:</p> <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>IV. Other cellulose esters:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <p>ex 2. Film in rolls or in strips, for cinematography or photography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed - Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed

CCT heading No	Description
39.03 (cont'd)	<p>B. IV. b) ex 3. Sheets, film or strip, coiled or not, of a thickness of less than 0,75 mm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>4. Other:</p> <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>V. Cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose:</p> <p>b) Plasticized:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Other: ex aa) Ethylcellulose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed bb) Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed — Plates, sheets or strip, of a weight not exceeding 160 g/m², not printed <p>ex VI. Vulcanized fibre:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Plates, sheets or strip, rigid, weighing more than 160 g/m², whether or not printed, of artificial plastic materials
39.06	<p>Other high polymers, artificial resins and artificial plastic materials, including alginic acid, its salts and esters; linoxyn:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Starches, esterified or etherified</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Dextrans — Heteropolysaccharine — Other, excluding linoxyn
39.07	<p>Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06:</p> <p>A. Articles for technical uses, for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex I. Of regenerated cellulose:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: artificial sausage casings; floor coverings; fans and hand screens, comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials, except for precious metals; corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories; articles of clothing <p>ex II. Of vulcanized fibre:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: fans and hand screens comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials, except for precious metals; corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories <p>ex III. Of hardened proteins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: artificial sausage casings; fans and hand screens comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials, except for precious metals

CCT heading No	Description
39.07 (cont'd)	<p>B. ex IV. Of chemical derivatives of rubber:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: floor coverings; fans and hand screens, comprising sheets of plastic materials and frames and handles of all materials except for precious metals; corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories; articles of clothing <p>V. Of other materials:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 ex d) Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding: artificial sausage casings; floor coverings; articles of clothing
ex 40.10	<p>Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of vulcanized rubber:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding transmission belts or belting, of trapezoidal cross-section
40.11	<p>Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds:</p> <p>ex A. Solid or cushion tyres and interchangeable tyre treads:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Interchangeable tyre treads weighing up to 20 kg each <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex I. Pneumatic tyres for use on civil aircraft:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing up to 20 kg each <p>ex II. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Weighing up to 20 kg each
42.02	<p>Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric:</p> <p>ex A. Of artificial plastic sheeting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding cigar and cigarette cases, match holders, tobacco-pouches, trunks, suit-cases and valises, cases and similar articles for holding toiletries <p>ex B. Of other materials:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding cigar and cigarette cases, match holders, tobacco-pouches, trunks, suit-cases and valises, cases and similar articles for holding toiletries
44.14	<p>Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled but not further prepared, of a thickness not exceeding 5 mm; veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 5 mm</p>
48.11	<p>Wallpaper and linocrusta; window transparencies of paper</p>
48.13	<p>Carbon and other copying papers (including duplicator stencils) and transfer papers, cut to size, whether or not put up in boxes</p>
48.15	<p>Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape:</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Toilet paper
48.16	<p>Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard; box files, letter trays and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like:</p> <p>ex A. Boxes, bags and other packing containers of paper or paperboard:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Boxes, bags and other packing containers, printed, and boxes and casks, not printed

CCT heading No	Description
48.21	<p>Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding:</p> <p>ex A. Perforated paper and paperboard for Jacquard and similar machines: — Of paper, of a weight not exceeding 106 g/m², not printed</p> <p>B. Napkins and napkin liners, for babies: ex I. Not put up for retail sale: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper ex II. Other: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper</p> <p>ex D. Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen (including handkerchiefs and cleaning tissues) and kitchen linen; garments: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper</p> <p>ex E. Sanitary towels and tampons: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper</p> <p>F. Other: ex I. Articles of a kind used for surgical, medical or hygienic purposes, not put up for retail sale: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper ex II. Other: — Of paper pulp, cellulose wadding or unprinted paper, excluding cards for statistical machines and chart paper for recording equipment</p>
ex 49.09	<p>Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings: — Picture postcards, cut to shape or in sheets</p>
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks
49.11	<p>Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs: ex B. Other: — Excluding printed pictures and photographs, meteorological and scientific charts; communications, theses, dissertations and reports on scientific, literary and artistic subjects not falling within heading No 49.01, published by official bodies or cultural institutions, printed in any language and trade and tourist advertising books</p>
51.04	<p>Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02:</p> <p>A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: ex I. For tyres: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex II. Fabrics containing elastomeric yarn: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex IV. Other: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02</p> <p>B. Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres: ex I. For tyres: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex II. Fabrics containing elastomeric yarn: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02 ex III. Other: — Excluding materials of monofil and artificial straw falling within heading No 51.02</p>

CCT heading No	Description
56.01	<p>Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: ex A. Synthetic textile fibres: — With the exception of polyester</p>
56.02	<p>Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous): A. Of synthetic textile fibres</p>
56.03	<p>Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: A. Of synthetic textile fibres</p>
56.04	<p>Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: A. Synthetic textile fibres</p>
56.05	<p>Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: ex A. Of synthetic textile fibres: — Fancy yarn ex B. Of regenerated textile fibres: — Fancy yarn</p>
58.04	<p>Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): — Of silk, of man-made fibres and of wool or of fine animal hair</p>
58.05	<p>Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06: A. Narrow woven fabrics: I. Pile fabrics or chenille fabrics: ex a) Of man-made fibres or of cotton: — Of man-made fibres b) Of silk, of noil silk or of other waste silk</p>
58.07	<p>Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like: ex A. Braids of a width of 5 cm or less, of man-made fibres (including monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02), of flax, or ramie or of vegetable textile fibres of Chapter 57: — Of silk or man-made fibres, without metals ex B. Other: — Of silk or man-made fibres, without metals</p>
58.08	<p>Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain: ex A. Tulle or other net fabrics not comprised in B below: — Of man-made fibres ex B. Knotted net fabrics: — Of man-made fibres</p>
58.09	<p>Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs: ex A. Tulle and other net fabrics: — Of man-made fibres</p>

CCT heading No	Description
58.09 (cont'd)	B. Lace: ex I. Hand-made: — Of man-made fibres ex II. Mechanically made: — Of man-made fibres
59.02	Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated: ex A. Felt in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape: — Rugs, carpets and runners ex B. Other: — Rugs, carpets and runners
ex 59.10	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not: — Weighing more than 1 400 g/m ²
ex 59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like: — Impregnated or coated textile fabrics of a weight not exceeding 1 400 g/m ²
ex 59.13	Elastic fabrics trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads: — of a width not exceeding 50 cm, excluding those of wool or of fine animal hair
60.01	Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic nor rubberized: A. Of wool or of fine animal hair B. Of man-made fibres C. Of other textile materials: I. Of cotton ex II. Of other textile materials: — Excluding those of silk
61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like: A. Of silk or of noil or other waste silk B. Of synthetic textile fibres C. Of regenerated textile fibres
64.05	Parts of footwear, removable in-soles, hose protectors and heel cushions, of any material except metal: ex A. Assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles: — Of rubber or artificial plastic materials ex B. Other: — Of rubber or artificial plastic materials
68.02	Worked monumental or building stone, and articles thereof (including mosaic cubes), other than goods falling within heading No 68.01 or within Chapter 69
68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, and millstones, grindstones, grinding wheels and the like (including grinding, sharpening, polishing, truing and cutting wheels, heads, discs and points), of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery, with or without cores, shanks, sockets, axles and the like of other materials, but without frameworks; segments and other finished parts of such stones and wheels, of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery:

CCT heading No	Description
68.04 (cont'd)	B. Other: I. Of agglomerated abrasives: ex a) Made of natural or synthetic diamonds: — Artificial, excluding millstones, etc. ex b) Other: — Artificial, excluding millstones, etc. ex II. Other: — Artificial, excluding millstones, etc.
68.06	Natural or artificial abrasive powder or grain, on a base of woven fabric, of paper, or paperboard or of other materials, whether or not cut to shape or sewn or otherwise made up
69.02	Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods
70.04	Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass), whether figured or not, in rectangles: ex B. Other: — Of a thickness greater than 5 mm but no greater than 10 mm
ex 70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles: — Of a thickness no greater than 3 mm
ex 70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked: — Not wired, of a thickness no greater than 5 mm
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass: A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings: ex I. Faceted glass, plates, balls, pear-shaped drops, flower-shaped pieces, pendants and similar articles for trimming chandeliers: — Of coloured, matt, irisated, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts ex II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lampshades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces): — Lamp glass — Of coloured, matt, irisated, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts ex B. Other: — Of coloured, matt, irisated, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts
70.20	Glass fibre (including wool), yarns, fabrics and articles made therefrom: ex B. Textile fibre, yarns, fabrics and articles made therefrom: — Rovings and mats

CCT heading No	Description
ex 70.21	<p>Other articles of glass:</p> <p>— Of coloured, matt engraved, irisated, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts</p>
71.05	<p>Silver including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought or semi-manufactured:</p> <p>ex B. Bars, rods, wires and sections; plates, sheets and strips of a thickness, excluding any backing, greater than 0,15 mm</p> <p>— Wire; other, beaten or rolled</p> <p>D. Foil of a thickness, excluding any backing, not exceeding 0,15 mm</p>
ex 73.14	<p>Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>— Without textile coating</p>
73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <p>ex VIII. Wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>— Without textile coating, not coated with other metals and not consisting of alloy steel containing, by weight, one or more elements in the following proportions: 2 % or more of silicon, 2 % or more of manganese, 2 % or more of chromium, 2 % or more of nickel, 0,3 % or more of molybdenum, 0,3 % or more of vanadium, 0,5 % or more of tungsten, 0,5 % or more of cobalt, 0,3 % or more of aluminium, 1 % or more of copper</p> <p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <p>ex VIII. Wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>— Without textile coating, not coated with other metals and not consisting of alloy steel containing, by weight, one or more elements in the following proportions: 2 % or more of silicon, 2 % or more of manganese, 2 % or more of chromium, 2 % or more of nickel, 0,3 % or more of molybdenum, 0,3 % or more of vanadium, 0,5 % or more of tungsten, 0,5 % or more of cobalt, 0,3 % or more of aluminium, 1 % or more of copper</p>
73.18	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydroelectric conduits:</p> <p>ex A. Tubes and pipes, with attached fittings, suitable for conducting gases or liquids, for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Excluding unworked or painted, varnished, enamelled or otherwise treated tubes and pipes (including Mannesmann tubes and tubes obtained by swaging) whether or not with sockets or flanges, but not otherwise worked, seamless</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex II. Straight and of uniform wall-thickness, other than those falling in B I above, of a maximum length of 4,50 m, of alloy steel containing by weight not less than 0,90 % but not more than 1,15 % of carbon, not less than 0,50 % but not more than 2 % of chromium and not more than 0,50 % of molybdenum</p> <p>ex III. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding unworked or painted, varnished, enamelled or otherwise treated tubes and pipes (including Mannesmann tubes and tubes obtained by swaging), whether or not with sockets or flanges, but not otherwise worked, seamless</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 73.21	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, strip, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel: — Excluding lock-gates for hydraulic plant
ex 73.24	Containers, of iron or steel, for compressed or liquefied gas: — Welded, with a capacity not exceeding 300 litres
73.25	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel wire, but excluding insulated electric cables: A. With fittings attached, or made up into articles for use in civil aircraft ex B. Other: — Excluding closed or semi-closed carrying cables for cable cars and reinforcing cables for pre-stressed concrete
ex 73.29	Chain and parts thereof, of iron or steel: — Articulated link chain for Galle, Renold or Morse type, of a pitch not exceeding 2 cm, excluding key chains
73.31	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, corrugated nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of iron or steel, whether or not with heads of other materials, but not including such articles with heads of copper ex B. Other: — For drawing-boards and offices
73.32	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), rivets, cotters, cotterpins and similar articles, of iron or steel; washers (including spring washers) of iron or steel: A. Not threaded or tapped: ex I. Screws, nuts, rivets and washers, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section, of a shank thickness or hole diameter not exceeding 6 mm: — Of ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding articles for fixing rails, screws and rivets ex II. Other: — Of ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding articles for fixing rails, screws and rivets B. Threaded or tapped: ex I. Screws and nuts, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section, of a shank thickness or hole diameter not exceeding 6 mm: — Nuts in ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding those put up with screws ex II. Other: — Of ordinary cast iron, cast steel and malleable cast iron, excluding articles for fixing rails, bolts and screws, when with washers and nuts fitted thereto
ex 73.35	Springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel: — Leaf-springs for vehicles, excluding those for railway rolling stock — Spiral springs, of wire or bars, of a diameter greater than 8 mm or of rectangular bars the smallest side of which measures more than 8 mm

CCT heading No	Description
ex 73.37	<p>Boilers (excluding boilers of heading No 84.01) and radiators, for central heating, not electrically heated, and parts thereof, of iron or steel; air heaters and hot air distributors (including those which can also distribute cool or conditioned air), not electrically heated, incorporating a motor-driven fan or blower, and parts thereof, of iron or steel:</p> <p>— Of refined, rolled or forged iron or steel</p>
73.38	<p>Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of iron or steel; iron or steel wool; pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like, of iron or steel:</p> <p>A. Sanitary ware (excluding parts thereof) for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Sinks and wash basins and parts thereof, of stainless steel</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding iron or steel wool, pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like, and pressure cookers for direct steam cooking</p>
ex 74.07	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper:</p> <p>— Excluding those unworked, painted, varnished, enamelled or otherwise prepared (including Mannesmann tubes and tubes obtained by swaging), whether or not with sockets or flanges, but not otherwise worked, of a wall-thickness greater than 1 mm and with a maximum interior cross-section of more than 80 mm</p>
ex 74.19	<p>Other articles of copper:</p> <p>— Excluding the following articles:</p> <p>— Pins, sliding rings and hairpins, excluding ornamental pins, thimbles and fittings for belts, corsets and braces</p> <p>— Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas) of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment</p> <p>— Chain and parts thereof</p>
ex 76.02	<p>Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire</p> <p>— Wire rod</p>
76.04	<p>Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0,20 mm</p>
76.06	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium</p>
76.08	<p>Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium</p>
76.12	<p>Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables</p>
76.15	<p>Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium</p>
79.01	<p>Unwrought zinc, zinc waste and scrap:</p> <p>ex A. Unwrought:</p> <p>— Electrolytic zinc (ingots) with a Zn content of 99,95% or more</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 82.01	<p>Hand tools, the following: spades, shovels, picks, hoes, forks and rakes; axes, bill hooks and similar hewing tools; scythes, sickles, hay knives, grass shears, timber wedges and other tools of a kind used in agriculture, horticulture or forestry:</p> <p>— Spades, hoes, forks and rakes, scythes and sickles</p>
82.02	<p>Saws (non-mechanical) and blades for hand or machine saws (including toothless saw blades):</p> <p>A. Saws (non-mechanical)</p> <p>B. Saw blades:</p> <p> I. Bandsaw blades</p> <p> ex III. Other:</p> <p> — Handsaw blades</p>
ex 82.04	<p>Hand tools, including glaziers' diamonds, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter; blow lamps, anvils; vices and clamps, other than accessories for, and parts of, machine tools; portable forges; grinding wheels with frameworks (hand or pedal operated):</p> <p>— Hammers, mortice chisels, stone chisels, cutters, centre-punches, chasing chisels and die stocks</p>
82.05	<p>Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits with a working part of:</p> <p>ex A. Base metal:</p> <p> — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies</p> <p>ex B. Metal carbides:</p> <p> — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies</p> <p>ex C. Diamond or agglomerated diamond:</p> <p> — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies</p> <p>ex D. Other materials:</p> <p> — Chisels, twist drills, spoon bits, drills, reamers (other than adjustable or extensible), screwing dies, taps and chaser dies</p>
82.09	<p>Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06, and blades therefor:</p> <p>ex A. Knives:</p> <p> — Excluding engineers' knives</p>
82.14	Spoons, forks, fish-eaters, butter knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware
82.15	Handles of base metal for articles falling within heading No 82.09, 82.13 or 82.14
83.01	<p>Locks and padlocks (key, combination or electrically operated), and parts thereof, of base metal; frames incorporating locks, for handbags, trunks or the like, and parts of such frames, of base metal; keys for any of the foregoing articles, of base metal</p>
83.02	<p>Base metal fittings and mountings of a kind suitable for furniture, doors, staircases, windows, blinds, coachwork, saddlery, trunks, caskets and the like (including automatic door closers); base metal hat-racks, hat-pegs, brackets and the like</p>

CCT heading No	Description
83.06	Statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors, of base metal; photograph, picture and similar frames, of base metal; mirrors of base metal: A. Statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors
ex 83.09	Clasps, frames with clasps for handbags and the like, buckles, buckleclasps, hooks, eyes, eyelets, and the like, of base metal, of a kind commonly used for clothing, travel goods, handbags or other textile or leather goods; tubular rivets and bifurcated rivets, of base metal; beads and spangles, of base metal: — Excluding beads and spangles, tubular rivets and bifurcated rivets
83.13	Stoppers, crown corks, bottle caps, capsules, bung covers, seals and plombs, case corner protectors and other packing accessories, of base metal
83.15	Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products, of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying
ex 84.01	Steam and other vapour generating boilers (excluding central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super-heated water boilers: — Excluding parts thereof
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: C. Other engines: I. Spark ignition engines of a cylinder capacity of: a) 250 cm ³ or less: ex 1. For use in civil aircraft: — Of a power of 25 kW or less ex 2. Other: — Of a power of 25 kW or less and for auto-cycles of a cylinder capacity of no more than 50 cm ³ b) More than 250 cm ³ : ex 1. For the industrial assembly of: Agricultural walking tractors of subheading 87.01 A, Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods, with a seating capacity of less than 15, Motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials, with an engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 800 cm ³ , Special purpose motor vehicles of heading No 87.03: — Of a power of 25 kW or less 2. Other: ex aa) For use in civil aircraft: — Of a power of 25 kW or less ex bb) Other: — Of a power of 25 kW or less II. Compression ignition engines: ex a) Marine propulsion engines: — Of a power of 25 kW or less b) Other: ex 1. For the industrial assembly of: Agricultural walking tractors of subheading 87.01 A, Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods, with a seating capacity of less than 15, Motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials, with an engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 500 cm ³ , Special purpose motor vehicles of heading No 87.03: — Of a power of 25 kW or less

CCT heading No	Description
84.06 (cont'd)	<p>C. II. b) ex 2. Other: — Of a power of 25 kW or less</p> <p>D. Parts:</p> <p>ex I. Of engines for use in civil aircraft — Liner-cylinders, cylinder liners, piston pins, pistons and piston rings</p> <p>II. Of other engines: ex a) For aircraft: — Liner-cylinders, cylinder liners, piston pins, pistons and piston rings</p> <p>ex b) Other: — Liner-cylinders, cylinder liners, piston pins, pistons and piston rings</p>
84.07	<p>Hydraulic engines and motors (including water wheels and water turbines)</p> <p>ex A. Hydraulic engines and motors and parts thereof, for use in civil aircraft: — Excluding parts</p> <p>B. Other hydraulic engines and motors</p>
84.10	<p>Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds:</p> <p>ex A. Delivery pumps fitted, or designed to be fitted, with a measuring device: — Parts</p> <p>B. Other pumps: I. For use in civil aircraft II. Other: ex a) Pumps: — Excluding pumps for sprinklers and submersible pumps with motor attached, without ceramic or rubber lining, weighing not more than 1 000 kg each</p> <p>b) Parts</p> <p>C. Liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds</p>
84.11	<p>Air pumps, vacuum pumps and air or gas compressors (including motor and turbo pumps and compressors, and free-piston generators for gas turbines); fans, blowers and the like:</p> <p>C. Fans, blowers and the like: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Weighing not more than 200 kg each, excluding parts</p> <p>ex II. Other: — Weighing not more than 200 kg each, excluding parts</p>
84.15	<p>Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other):</p> <p>ex A. Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft: — Excluding equipment mounted on a common base or with interdependent elements, for freezers and cupboards and other items of furniture imported with their own freezing equipment weighing not more than 200 kg, and parts thereof</p> <p>C. Other: ex I. Refrigerators of a capacity of more than 340 litres: — Weighing more than 200 kg each</p>

CCT heading No	Description
84.15 (cont'd)	C. ex II. Other: — Excluding equipment mounted on a common base or with interdependent elements, for freezers and cupboards and other items of furniture imported with their own freezing equipment weighing not more than 200 kg, and parts thereof
84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature such as heating, cooking, roasting, distilling, rectifying, sterilizing, pasteurizing, steaming, drying, evaporating, vaporizing, condensing or cooling, not being machinery or plant of a kind used for domestic purposes; instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electrical: ex A. Machinery and equipment for the manufacture of the products mentioned in subheading 28.51 A (Euratom): — Parts ex B. Machinery and equipment specially designed for the separation of irradiated nuclear fuels, for the treatment of radioactive waste or for the recycling of irradiated nuclear fuels (Euratom): — Parts C. Heat exchange units: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Parts ex II. Other: — Parts D. Percolators and other appliances for making coffee and other hot drinks: ex I. Electrically heated: — Parts ex II. Other: — Parts E. Medical and surgical sterilizing apparatus: ex I. Electrically heated: — Parts ex II. Other: — Parts F. Other: ex I. Water heaters, non-electric: — For domestic use ex II. Other: — Parts
ex 84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better) including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds: — Weighing machines, including automatic and semi-automatic balances, weighing not more than 250 kg each, excluding parts thereof
84.22	Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery, trolleys and conveyors (for example, lifts, hoists, winches, cranes, transporter cranes, jacks, pulley tackle, belt conveyors and teleferics), not being machinery falling within heading No 84.23: ex A. Machines and apparatus (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft: — Excluding winches and jacks B. Other: ex I. Machinery and mechanical appliances specially designed for dealing with highly radioactive substances (Euratom): — Excluding winches, hoists and pulley tackle, and all parts thereof ex II. Self-propelled cranes on wheels, not capable of running on rails: — Excluding parts

CCT heading No	Description
84.22 (cont'd)	<p>B. ex III. Rolling-mill machinery; roller tables for feeding and removing products; tilters and manipulators for ingots, balls, bars and slabs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding parts <p>ex IV. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding winches, hoists and pulley tackle, jacks for vehicles and all parts thereof
ex 84.24	<p>Agricultural and horticultural machinery for soil preparation or cultivation (for example, ploughs, harrows, cultivators, seed and fertilizer distributors), lawn and sports ground rollers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mould boards and ploughshares, excluding those of cast iron and steel, blades, discs, skim coulters, blade-shaped and disc-shaped coulters, for ploughs; teeth for cultivators and scarifiers, discs for sprayers; weeding, ridging and furrowing implements, for weeding machines
ex 84.27	<p>Presses, crushers and other machinery, of a kind used in wine-making, cider-making, fruit juice preparation or the like:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Continuous crushing and stalk-removing machines and presses for grapes excluding parts thereof
84.31	<p>Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard:</p> <p>A. For making paper or paperboard</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding ruling machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each
84.36	<p>Machines for extruding man-made textiles; machines of a kind used for processing natural or man-made textile fibres; textile spinning and twisting machines; textile doubling, throwing and reeling (including weft-winding) machines</p>
84.37	<p>Weaving machines, knitting machines and machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net; machines for preparing yarns for use on such machines, including warping and warp sizing machines:</p> <p>ex A. Weaving machines:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Non-automatic and automatic machines weighing not more than 2 500 kg each and excluding automatic machines for cotton <p>ex B. Knitting machines:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Flat <p>ex C. Machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Machines weighing not more than 2 500 kg each
ex 84.38	<p>Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading No 84.37 (for example, dobbies, Jacquards, automatic stop motions and shuttle changing mechanisms); parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of the present heading or with machines falling within heading No 84.36 or 84.37 (for example, spindles and spindle flyers, card clothing, combs, extruding nipples, shuttles, healds and heald-lifters and hosiery needles):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — excluding continuous spinning machines (grooved beams weighing not more than 2,5 kg each; spindles, pressure cylinders, and shafts and tension pulleys for driving belts for spindles, with ball, roller or needle bearings); toothed iron or steel bands for card clothing; extruding nipples of precious metal
84.40	<p>Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor:</p>

CCT heading No	Description
84.40 (cont'd)	<p>B. Clothes-washing machines, each of a dry linen capacity not exceeding 6 kg; domestic wringers:</p> <p>ex I. Electrically operated:</p> <p>— For clothes-washing, excluding parts</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— For clothes-washing, excluding parts</p> <p>ex C. Other:</p> <p>— Clothes-washing machines, excluding parts</p> <p>— Machinery for dyeing textile yarns, excluding parts</p>
84.45	<p>Machine-tools for working metal, or metal carbides, not being machines falling within heading No 84.49 or 84.50:</p> <p>C. Other machine-tools:</p> <p>I. Lathes:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <p>— Parallel lathes, weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Parallel lathes, weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>III. Planing machines:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <p>— Weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>IV. Shaping machines, sawing machines and cutting-off machines, broaching machines and slotting machines:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <p>— Shaping machines and sawing machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Shaping machines and sawing machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>V. Milling machines and drilling machines:</p> <p>ex a) Automated by coded information:</p> <p>— Drilling machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Drilling machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>VI. Sharpening, trimming, grinding, honing and lapping, polishing or finishing machines and similar machines operating by means of grinding wheels, abrasives or polishing products:</p> <p>a) Fitted with a micrometric adjusting system within the meaning of Additional Note 2 to this Chapter:</p> <p>ex 1. Automated by coded information:</p> <p>— Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 1. Automated by coded information:</p> <p>— Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Saw-sharpening machines weighing not more than 2 000 kg each</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 84.47	Machine-tools for working wood, cork, bone, ebonite (vulcanite), hard artificial plastic materials or other hard carving materials, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49: — Excluding hydraulic presses weighing not more than 2 000 kg each
84.51	Typewriters, other than typewriters incorporating calculating mechanisms; cheque writing machines: A. Typewriters
ex 84.56	Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding or mixing earth, stone, ores or other mineral substances, in solid (including powder and paste) form; machinery for agglomerating, moulding or shaping solid mineral fuels, ceramic paste, unhardened cements, plastering materials or other mineral products in powder or paste form; machines for forming foundry moulds of sand: — Grinders weighing not more than 5 000 kg each; granulators and crushers, with or without selector sieves, weighing not more than 5 000 kg each; fixed or moveable cement-mixers weighing not more than 2 000 kg each; excluding parts of the machinery mentioned
84.59	Machines and mechanical appliances, having individual functions, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter: ex A. For the manufacture of the products mentioned in subheading 28.51 A (Euratom): — Hydraulic presses weighing not more than 5 000 kg each and presses with mechanical transmission weighing not more than 1 000 kg each, excluding parts thereof ex C. Specially designed for the recycling of irradiated nuclear fuels (for example, sintering of radio-active metal oxides, sheathing) (Euratom): — Hydraulic presses weighing not more than 5 000 kg each and presses with mechanical transmission weighing not more than 1 000 kg each, excluding parts thereof E. Other: ex II. Other machines and mechanical appliances: — Hydraulic presses weighing not more than 5 000 kg each and presses with mechanical transmission weighing not more than 1 000 kg each, excluding parts thereof
ex 84.60	Moulding boxes for metal foundry; moulds of a type used for metal (other than ingot moulds), for metal carbides, for glass, for mineral materials (for example, ceramic pastes, concrete or cement) or for rubber or artificial plastic materials: — Moulds for machine work
84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats and the like, including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically controlled valves
ex 84.62	Ball, roller or needle roller bearings: — Bearings with row of balls, in which balls are not detachable manually, or in which the row of balls is not separable, or in which the faces of the two rings are aligned in the same plane, of which the external diameter is more than 36 mm but not more than 72 mm; excluding parts
84.63	Transmission shafts, cranks, bearing housings, plain shaft bearings, gears and gearing (including friction gears and gear-boxes and other variable speed gears), flywheels, pulleys and pulley blocks, clutches and shaft couplings: ex A. For use in civil aircraft: — Reduction gears, step-up gears and speed variators B. Other: — ex II. Other: — Reduction gears, step-up gears and speed variators

CCT heading No	Description
85.01	<p>Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:</p> <p>ex A. The following goods, for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>Generators, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:</p> <p>Electric motors of an output of not less than 0,75 kW but less than 150 kW:</p> <p>— Asynchronous three-phase motors; single-phase motors; generators, rotary or static converters (excluding rectifiers) and other motors, weighing not more than 100 kg each; transformers</p> <p>B. Other machines and apparatus:</p> <p>I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters:</p> <p>a) Synchronous motors of an output of not more than 18 watts</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Asynchronous three-phase motors; single-phase motors; generators, rotary converters and other motors, weighing not more than 100 kg each</p> <p>II. Transformers, static converters, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus; inductors:</p> <p>— Transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: weighing more than 500 kg each, static converters, excluding rectifiers, weighing not more than 100 kg each</p>
ex 85.03	<p>Primary cells and primary batteries:</p> <p>— Dry</p>
85.12	<p>Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hairdressing appliances (for example, hair dryers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon:</p> <p>A. Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters:</p> <p>I. For use in civil aircraft (excluding parts)</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding parts</p> <p>B. Electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus:</p> <p>I. For use in civil aircraft (excluding parts)</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding parts</p> <p>D. Electric smoothing irons</p> <p>E. Electro-thermic domestic appliances:</p> <p>I. Electric cooking stoves, ranges, ovens and food warmers (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Hot plates, cooking stoves, ranges, and similar cooking appliances for domestic use</p>
85.13	<p>Electrical line telephonic and telegraphic apparatus (including such apparatus for carrier-current line systems):</p> <p>ex A. Apparatus for carrier-current line systems:</p> <p>— Telephonic apparatus, including parts for telephone sets and receivers</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Telephonic apparatus, including parts for telephone sets and receivers</p>

CCT heading No	Description
85.19	<p>Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels:</p> <p>ex A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Non-automatic make-and-break switches, weighing not more than 2 kg each, other than of ceramic materials or glass, and those weighing more than 500 kg each — Automatic make-and-break-switches, circuit-breakers and contactors — Parts <p>ex B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Variable resistors, weighing not more than 2 kg each, other than of ceramic materials or glass, and those weighing more than 500 kg each — Parts <p>D. Switchboards and control panels</p>
85.20	<p>Electric filament lamp and electric discharge lamps (including infra-red and ultra-violet lamps); arc lamps:</p> <p>A. Filament lamps for lighting</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>ex B. Other lamps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For lighting <p>ex C. Parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For electric lamps for lighting
85.23	<p>Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors:</p> <p>ex A. Ignition wiring sets and wiring sets, for use in civil aircraft:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — With metallic armouring or sheathing, whether or not covered with other materials, excluding co-axial cable <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — With metallic armouring or sheathing, whether or not covered with other materials, excluding co-axial cable and submarine cable
89.01	<p>Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter:</p> <p>ex A. Warships:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mechanically propelled, of a gross tonnage not exceeding 4 000 tonnes, excluding air-cushion vehicles <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex I. Sea-going vessels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mechanically propelled, of a gross tonnage not exceeding 4 000 tonnes, excluding: air-cushion vehicles; vessels designed exclusively for sporting purposes, acquired by legally constituted nautical associations or by members thereof; vessels acquired, for their service, by pilots' corporations <p>II. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Weighing 100 kg or less each:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mechanically propelled, excluding: air-cushion vehicles; vessels designed exclusively for sporting purposes, acquired by legally constituted nautical associations or by members thereof; vessels acquired, for their service, by pilots' corporations

CCT heading No	Description
89.01 (cont'd)	B. II. ex b) Other: — Mechanically propelled, of a gross tonnage not exceeding 4 000 tonnes, excluding: air-cushion vehicles, vessels designed exclusively for sporting-purposes, acquired by legally constituted nautical associations or by members thereof; vessels acquired, for their service, by pilots' corporations
ex 90.03	Frames and mountings and parts thereof, for spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like: — Excluding those of gold
ex 90.04	Spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like, corrective, protecting or other: — Excluding those with frames of gold or plated metals or gold-plated or gilt and engineers' protective spectacles
90.16	Drawing, marking-out and mathematical calculating instruments, drafting machines, pantographs, drawing sets, slide rules, disc calculators and the like; measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter (for example, micrometers, callipers, gauges, measuring rods, balancing machines); profile projectors: ex A. Drawing, marking-out and mathematical calculating instruments, drafting machines, pantographs, slide rules, disc calculators and the like: — Set-squares, rulers, protractors and French curves — Cases of drawing instruments, lengthening bars of compasses, compasses, mathematical drawing pens and the like
90.24	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or automatically controlling the flow, depth, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases, or for automatically controlling temperature (for example, pressure gauges, thermostats, level gauges, flow meters, heat meters, automatic overdraught regulators), not being articles falling within heading No 90.14: ex A. For use in civil aircraft: — Manometers B. Other: I. Manometers
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analysing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus: A. Electronic instruments and apparatus: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters ex II. Other: b) Other: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters B. Other: ex I. For use in civil aircraft: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters ex II. Other: — Non-recording galvanometers, with thermal scale, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters
91.04	Other clocks: ex A. Electric or electronic: — For standing or suspending: assembled, weighing more than 500 g; unassembled, regardless of weight ex B. Other: — For standing or suspending: assembled, weighing more than 500 g; unassembled, regardless of weight

CCT heading No	Description
92.12	<p>Gramophone records, and other sound or similar recordings; matrices for the production of records, prepared record blanks, film for mechanical sound recording, prepared tapes, wires, strips and like articles of a kind commonly used for sound or similar recording:</p> <p>B. Recorded:</p> <p>1. Wax recordings, discs, matrices and other intermediate forms, excluding magnetically recorded tapes:</p> <p>b) Other</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Records:</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) Other recording media (tapes, wires, strips and like articles):</p> <p>1. Magnetically recorded for the scoring of cinematograph film</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding those for language teaching</p>
94.01	<p>Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof:</p> <p>ex A. Chairs and other seats, not leather covered (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Excluding those of wood, iron or steel</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex 1. Specially designed for aircraft:</p> <p>— Excluding those of wood, iron or steel</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding those of wood, iron or steel, wicker and other vegetable materials</p>
94.03	<p>Other furniture and parts thereof:</p> <p>ex A. Furniture (excluding parts thereof), for use in civil aircraft:</p> <p>— Of base metal</p> <p>— Of wood, carved, veneered, waxed, polished or varnished, turned, with mouldings, painted and covered with any materials other than leather or imitations thereof or fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of wood, inlaid, lacquered, gilt, with appliqué work of fine wood, decorated with metal or other materials and covered with leather and imitations thereof or with fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of other materials, other than wicker and other vegetable materials</p> <p>ex B. Other furniture:</p> <p>— Of base metal</p> <p>— Of wood, carved, veneered, waxed, polished or varnished, turned, with mouldings, painted and covered with any materials other than leather or imitations thereof or fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of wood, inlaid, lacquered, gilt, with appliqué work of fine wood, decorated with metal or other materials and covered with leather and imitations thereof or with fabrics containing silk and man-made textile fibres</p> <p>— Of other materials, other than wicker and other vegetable materials</p>
98.01	<p>Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles:</p> <p>ex A. Blanks and moulds:</p> <p>— Excluding cuff-links, collar-studs and shirt-studs and other such articles of faience, glass, silk or other textile fibres</p> <p>ex B. Buttons, studs, cuff-links and press-fasteners and parts thereof:</p> <p>— Excluding cuff-links, collar-studs and shirt-studs and other such articles of faience, glass, silk or other textile fibres</p>

CCT heading No	Description
98.03	Fountain pens, stylograph pens and pencils (including ball point pens and pencils) and other pens, pen-holders, pencil-holders and similar holders, propelling pencil and sliding pencils; parts and fittings thereof, other than those falling within heading No 98.04 or 98.05: ex A. Fountain pens and stylograph pens and pencils (including ball point, felt tipped and fibre tipped pens and pencils): — Stylograph pens and ball-point pencils ex B. Other pens, pen-holders; propelling pencils and sliding pencils; pencil-holders and similar holders: — Stylograph pens and ball-point pencils C. Parts and fittings: ex I. Parts of base metal, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section: — Of stylograph pens and ball-point pencils ex II. Other: — Of stylograph pens and ball-point pencils
ex 98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes: — Ribbons on reels, for immediate use
98.10	Mechanical lighters and similar lighters, including chemical and electrical lighters, and parts thereof, excluding flints and wicks: ex A. Parts of base metal, turned from bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections or wire, of solid section, the greatest diameter of which does not exceed 25 mm: — Neither gilt, nor silvered, nor of rolled precious metal ex B. Other: — Neither gilt, nor silvered, nor of rolled precious metal, nor of precious metal
ex 98.12	Combs, hair-slides and the like: — Of artificial plastic materials and of vulcanite

B. List of sensitive products vis-à-vis Mediterranean countries:

ALGERIA

CCT heading No	Description
ex 28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution: — Anhydrous ammonia

EGYPT

CCT heading No	Description
ex 53.05	Sheep's or lambs' wool or other animal hair (fine or coarse) carded or combed: — Wool or fine animal hair other than rabbit or hare hair, combed in the form of slivers, dyed
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
58.02	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)

JORDAN

CCT heading No	Description
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg: A. Other fertilizers

TUNISIA

CCT heading No	Description
31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic: A. Mentioned in Note 2 (A) to this Chapter: I. Superphosphates ex B. Mentioned in Note 2 (B) to this Chapter: — Single, double or triple superphosphates, whether or not mixed with other calcium phosphates or non-fertilizing products
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg: A. Other fertilizers
42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksu-ks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric: ex A. Of artificial plastic sheeting: — Cigar and cigarette cases, match-holders, tobacco-pouches and purses; cases and similar articles with compartments for toilet requisites; trunks, suit-cases and attaché cases excluding ladies' handbags ex B. Other materials: — Cigar and cigarette cases, match-holders, tobacco pouches and purses; cases and similar articles with compartments for toilet requisites; trunks, suit-cases and attaché cases excluding ladies' handbags
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs

CCT heading No	Description
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic
64.05	Parts of footwear, removable in-soles, hose protectors and heel cushions, of any material except metal: ex A. Assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles: — excluding artificial plastic materials ex B. Other: — excluding artificial plastic materials
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels: ex A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits: — excluding non-automatic make-and-break switches and isolating switches not exceeding 2 kg per unit in weight in materials other than ceramic or glass and those weighing more than 500 kg per unit; automatic make-and-break switches, circuit breakers and contractors; parts of apparatus of this subheading ex B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers) other than heating resistors: — excluding variable resistors not exceeding 2 kg in weight in materials other than ceramic or glass and those weighing more than 500 kg per unit; parts falling within this subheading C. Printed circuits

TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
ex 53.05	Sheep's or lambs' wool or other animal hair (fine or coarse), carded or combed: — Wool or fine animal hair other than rabbit or hare hair, combed, in the form of slivers, dyed
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: ex A. Of synthetic textile fibres: — excluding effect yarns ex B. Of regenerated textile fibres: — excluding effect yarns
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)
ex 58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): — Unbleached or bleached, excluding those of silk, synthetic or regenerated textile fibres and wool or fine animal hair

CCT heading No	Description
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles
69.08	Glazed sets, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles
ex 70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses: — excluding articles made of glass with a low coefficient of expansion

ANNEX XI

List provided for in Article 13 (2)

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
ex 34.02	Organic surface-active agents, surface-active preparations, and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap: — Sodium dodecan-1-yl sulphate — Triethanolamine dodecan-1-yl sulphate — Sulphonic acid, sodium alkylbenzenesulphonate and ammonium alkylbenzenesulphonate — Mixtures and preparations of sodium sulphate, dodecan-1-yl and triethanolamine sulphate	20 20 20 20
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: Q. Foundry core binders based on synthetic resins ex X. Other: — Refractory coatings of a kind used in foundries to improve the surface of cast-iron pieces — Anti-sealing and similar preparations for boilers and for treatment of industrial refrigeration water	20 20 20
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerized, and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones): C. Other: II. Aminoplasts: ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: — Urea, resins, modified with furfuryl alcohol, in etherified solutions, used in foundries III. Alkyds and other polyesters: ex b) Other: — Saturated poly(ethylene terephthalate), other black polymers, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter, prepared for moulding or extrusion — Powdered, containing additives and pigments, used for thermosetting coatings or paints ex VII. Other: — Epoxy (ethoxyline) resins, powdered, containing additives and pigments, used for thermosetting coatings or paints	25 20 20 20
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: VII. Polyvinyl chloride: ex a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter: — In micro-suspension ex X. Copolymers of vinyl chloride with vinyl acetate: — Preparations for the moulding of gramophone records	20 20
40.06	Unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, including rubber latex, in other forms or states (for example, rods, tubes and profile shapes, solutions and dispersions); articles of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber (for example, coated or impregnated textile thread, rings and discs): ex B. Other: — Patches for repairing tubes or tyres	20

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered, and textile thread covered or impregnated with vulcanized rubber: ex A. Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered: — Thread, uncovered, of round cross-section	20
48.07	Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49), in rolls or sheets: ex D. Other: — Flocked paper and paperboard	25
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: ex A. Synthetic textile fibres: — Of polyesters, with a length of less than 65 mm and tenacity of more than 53 cN/tex	35
59.03	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated: ex B. Other: — Bonded fibre fabrics and similar bonded yarn fabrics, in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape, flocked — Bonded fibre fabrics and similar bonded yarn fabrics, in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape, weighing not less than 17 g per m ² and not more than 80 g per m ²	18 20
ex 59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials: — Unimpregnated, flocked with polyvinyl chloride — Unimpregnated, other than textile-faced flocked with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials with the exception of polyurethane	35 35
ex 59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like: — Flocked	35
ex 70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked: — Float glass, not being wired glass, other than ground but not further worked, more than 2 mm and not more than 10 mm in thickness	35
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not: ex B. Other: — Laminated glass for vehicles or boats	20
ex 70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses: — Of soda glass gathered mechanically, other than cut or otherwise decorated drinking glasses, sterilizing bottles and articles of toughened glass: — Of coloured, matt, engraved, irised, cut, marbled, opaque, opaline or painted glass, or of moulded glass with hollows or protruding parts, excluding glassware with a simple mark or engraved inscription or with a matt area intended for engraving — Other	35 10
73.38	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of iron or steel; iron or steel wool; pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like, or iron or steel: B. Other: ex II. Other: — Bathtubs, of sheets or plates of iron or steel not more than 3 mm in thickness, enamelled	30

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper: copper wire: ex B. Other: — Bars and rods of round cross-section, of unalloyed copper, coiled — Wire of round cross-section, of unalloyed copper	20 20
ex 83.01	Locks and padlocks (key, combination or electrically operated), and parts thereof, of base metal; frames incorporating locks, for handbags, trunks or the like and parts of such frames, of base metal; keys for any of the foregoing articles, of base metal: — Lock cases, cylinders and springs, carriers and cams, obtained by sintering	20
84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds: B. Other pumps: II. Other: ex a) Pumps: — Centrifugal pumps, submersible, other than metering pumps	30
84.12	Air conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air: ex B. Other: — Other than parts	20
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other): C. Other: ex I. Refrigerators of a capacity of more than 340 litres: — Weighing more than 200 kg each, excluding parts ex II. Other: — Refrigerators and deep-freeze storage units of the chest or cabinet type, weighing not more than 200 kg each, excluding parts	20 20
ex 84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better) including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds: — Electronic hopper scales or scales for discharging a pre-determined weight of material into a bag or container and other electronic instruments weighing out a constant amount, programmable, excluding parts — Electronic machines for weighing and labelling pre-packed products, excluding parts — Electronic weighbridges with capacities over 5 000 kg, excluding parts — Electronic shop scales with digital display, excluding parts — Electronic weighing machines and platforms, with digital display, other than personal weighing scales, excluding parts	20 20 20 20 20
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines: furniture specially designed for sewing machines: ex III. Parts; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: — Sewing machine parts, obtained by sintering	20
ex 84.42	Machinery (other than sewing machines) for preparing, tanning or working hides, skins or leather (including boot and shoe machinery): — Press-cutters for hides, skins, furskins or leather, excluding parts	20

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
85.12.	<p>Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair driers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon:</p> <p>ex C. Electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair driers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Hair driers, excluding drying hoods 	20
85.13	<p>Electrical line telephonic and telegraphic apparatus (including such apparatus for carrier-current line systems):</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Automatic electronic telephone sets, excluding parts thereof 	20
85.15	<p>Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus; (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:</p> <p>A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:</p> <p>I. Transmitters:</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Using the HF and MF bands <p>II. Transmitter-receivers:</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Using the VHF band — Portable mounts for VHF transmitter-receivers <p>III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic receivers using the VLF, LF, MF and HF bands 	20 20 20 20
ex 85.16	<p>Electric traffic control equipment for railways, roads or inland waterways and equipment used for similar purposes in port installations or upon airfields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding equipment for railways and parts 	20
85.17	<p>Electric sound or visual signalling apparatus (such as bells, sirens, indicator panels, burglar and fire alarms), other than those of heading No 85.09 or 85.16:</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Excluding burglar, fire and similar alarms and parts 	20
85.19	<p>Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels:</p> <p>ex A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — For industrial applications, other than apparatus for making connections in electrical circuits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Rated at 1 000 V or more: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Make-and-break and isolating switches, including switches for breaking circuits under load, rated at not less than 1 kV but less than 60 kV — Fuses rated at not less than 6 kV and up to and including 36 kV, of the HT type 	35 35

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
85.19 (<i>cont'd</i>)	ex A. — Rated at less than 1 000 V: — NH-type fuses — Switches from 63 A up to 1 000 A, three- or four-pole, double breaking ex D. Switchboard and control panels: — Fitted with apparatus and instruments: — For industrial applications other than for telecommunications and instrument applications: — Not less than 1 000 V, including removable cells with switches or circuit breakers for metal clad transformers — 1 000 V or less	35 35 25 25
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: ex B. Other: — Wires and cables for power distribution rated at 60 kV or less, not ready for connectors to be fitted or already provided with connectors, insulated with polyethylene, excluding winding wire — Copper winding wire, lacquered, varnished or enamelled, of a diameter of 0,40 mm or more but not more than 1,20 mm (class F, grades I and II)	20 20
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09): A. For the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods: I. With either a spark ignition or a compression ignition engine: ex b) Other: — With four-wheel drive, a ground clearance of more than 205 mm, an unladen weight of more than 1 350 kg and less than 1 900 kg, a total laden weight of 1 950 kg or more and less than 3 600 kg, a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of more than 1 560 cm ³ and less than 2 900 cm ³ or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of more than 1 980 cm ³ and less than 2 500 cm ³ B. For the transport of goods or materials: II. Other: a) With either a spark ignition or a compression ignition engine: 1. Motor lorries with either a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of 2 800 cm ³ or more or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of 2 500 cm ³ or more: ex bb) Other: — With four-wheel drive, a ground clearance of more than 205 mm, an unladen weight of more than 1 350 kg and less than 1 900 kg, a total laden weight of 1 950 kg or more and less than 3 600 kg, a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 900 cm ³ 2. Other: ex bb) Other: — With four-wheel drive, ground clearance of more than 205 mm, an unladen weight of more than 1 350 kg and less than 1 900 kg, a total laden weight of 1 950 kg or more and less than 3 600 kg, a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of more than 1 560 cm ³ and less than 2 900 cm ³ or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of more than 1 980 cm ³ and less than 2 500 cm ³	20 20
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: B. Other: ex II. Other: — Pistons and rod guides for shock absorbers, obtained by sintering	20

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (%)
87.06 (cont'd)	B. ex II. — Parts and accessories, obtained by sintering, other than parts and accessories for bodies, complete gearboxes, complete rear-axles with differentials, wheels, parts of wheels and wheel accessories, non-driving axles and disc-brake pad assemblies — Wheel-balancing weights	20 20
87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11: ex B. Other: — Toothed wheels, obtained by sintering	20
ex 90.17	Medical, dental, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances (including electro-medical apparatus and ophthalmic instruments): — Syringes of plastic materials	20
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analysing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus: A. Electronic instruments and apparatus: II. Other: ex b) Other: — Regulators — Checking and automatically controlling instruments used in industrial systems for the generation, distribution and use of electric power B. Other: ex II. Other: — Regulators	20 20 20

ANNEX XII

List provided for in Article 16 (2)

CCT heading No	Description	Customs duties	
		Fiscal component	Protective component
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa: A. Licorice extract containing more than 10% by weight of sucrose but not containing other added substances	5 Esc/kg	12 Esc/kg
21.03	Mustard flour and prepared mustard: A. Mustard flour, in immediate packings B. Prepared mustard	13 % 13 %	22 % 22 %
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength: ex B. Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher, in containers holding: — Two litres or less — More than two litres	280 Esc per hl of pure alcohol 214 Esc per hl of pure alcohol	2 190 Esc per hl of pure alcohol 2 256 Esc per hl of pure alcohol
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences: A. Cigarettes ex B. Cigars: — With outer-wrapper leaf in tobacco ex C. Smoking tobacco: — Shredded tobacco ex D. Chewing tobacco and snuff: — Shredded tobacco ex E. Other, including agglomerated tobacco in the form of sheets or strip: — Shredded tobacco	180 Esc/kg 200 Esc/kg 170 Esc/kg 170 Esc/kg 170 Esc/kg	Free Free Free Free Free

ANNEX XIII

List provided for in Article 18

applicable to all the countries except Turkey

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed components) (%)
17.04	<p>Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa:</p> <p>B. Chewing gum containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> I. Less than 60 %</p> <p> II. 60 % or more</p> <p>C. White chocolate</p> <p>D. Other:</p> <p> I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats:</p> <p> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p> b) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> 1. 5 % or more but less than 30 %</p> <p> 2. 30 % or more but less than 40 %</p> <p> 3. 40 % or more but less than 50 %:</p> <p> aa) Containing no starch</p> <p> bb) Other</p> <p> 4. 50 % or more but less than 60 %</p> <p> 5. 60 % or more but less than 70 %</p> <p> 6. 70 % or more but less than 80 %</p> <p> 7. 80 % or more but less than 90 %</p> <p> 8. 90 % or more</p> <p> II. Other:</p> <p> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p> b) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> 1. 5 % or more but less than 30 %</p> <p> 2. 30 % or more but less than 50 %</p> <p> 3. 50 % or more but less than 70 %</p> <p> 4. 70 % or more</p>	<p>80,43</p> <p>79,33</p> <p>79,09</p> <p>82,24</p> <p>87,26</p> <p>78,35</p> <p>84,21</p> <p>81,73</p> <p>69,63</p> <p>76,92</p> <p>86,37</p> <p>68,25</p> <p>92,36</p> <p>60,05</p> <p>71,11</p> <p>72,69</p> <p>64,09</p> <p>69,80</p>
18.06	<p>Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa:</p> <p>A. Cocoa powder, not otherwise sweetened than by the addition of sucrose, containing by weight of sucrose:</p> <p> I. Less than 65 %</p> <p> II. 65 % or more but less than 80 %</p> <p> III. 80 % or more</p> <p>B. Ice-cream (not including ice-cream powder) and other ices:</p> <p> I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 3 % by weight of such fats</p> <p> II. Containing by weight of milkfats:</p> <p> a) 3 % or more but less than 7 %</p> <p> b) 7 % or more</p> <p>C. Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled; sugar confectionery and substitutes therefor made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa:</p> <p> I. Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p> II. Other:</p> <p> a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p>	<p>51,14</p> <p>46,69</p> <p>14,00</p> <p>43,23</p> <p>45,57</p> <p>35,66</p> <p>50,19</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed components) (%)
18.06 (cont'd)	C. II. a) 1. Less than 50% 2. 50% or more b) Containing by weight of milkfats: 1. 1,5% or more but less than 3% 2. 3% or more but less than 4,5% 3. 4,5% or more but less than 6% 4. 6% or more D. Other: I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats: a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less b) Other II. Containing by weight of milkfats: a) 1,5% or more but not more than 6,5%: 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less 2. Other b) More than 6,5% but less than 26%: 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less 2. Other c) 26% or more: 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less 2. Other	56,23 54,91 49,28 53,36 53,86 48,28 46,78 33,04 44,93 44,93 14,00 14,00 33,04 33,04
19.02	Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa: A. Malt extract: I. With a dry extract content of 90% or more by weight II. Other B. Other: I. Containing malt extract and not less than 30% by weight of reducing sugars (expressed as maltose) II. Other: a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats: 1. Containing less than 14% by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 11. 5% or more but less than 60% 22. 60% or more 2. Containing 14% or more but less than 32% by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 3. Containing 32% or more but less than 45% by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other	11,00 11,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 31,55 31,55

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed components) (%)
19.02 (cont'd)	B. II. a) 4. Containing 45 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 5. Containing 65 % or more but less than 80 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 6. Containing 80 % or more but less than 85 % by weight of starch: aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 7. Containing 85 % or more by weight of starch b) Containing by weight of milkfats: 1. 1,5 % or more but less than 5 % 2. 5 % or more	12,00 12,00 13,58 19,82 20,92 13,65 16,57 13,00 15,62
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products: A. Containing eggs B. Other: I. Containing no common wheat flour or meal II. Other	36,96 35,82 35,00
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	0,00
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products): A. Obtained from maize B. Obtained from rice C. Other	63,85 0,00 0,00
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products: A. Crispbread B. Matzos C. Communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products D. Other, containing by weight of starch: I. Less than 50 % II. 50 % or more	12,63 0,00 0,00 35,00 5,57
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion: A. Gingerbread and the like, containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): I. Less than 30 % II. 30 % or more but less than 50 % III. 50 % or more	82,95 81,87 77,11

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed components) (%)
19.08 (cont'd)	<p>B. Other:</p> <p>I. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch, and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>a) Less than 70 %</p> <p>b) 70 % or more</p> <p>II. Containing 5 % or more but less than 32 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>c) Containing 30 % or more but less than 40 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>d) Containing 40 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>III. Containing 32 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 20 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>c) Containing 20 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>IV. Containing 50 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p>	<p>79,44</p> <p>70,97</p> <p>88,96</p> <p>81,02</p> <p>69,82</p> <p>79,45</p> <p>68,26</p> <p>77,09</p> <p>65,89</p> <p>73,78</p> <p>47,93</p> <p>79,45</p> <p>68,86</p> <p>75,73</p> <p>67,68</p> <p>74,64</p> <p>65,52</p> <p>73,76</p> <p>62,38</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.08 (cont'd)	B. V. Containing 65% or more by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) b) Other	71,60 71,71
21.02	Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof: C. Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes: II. Other D. Extracts, essences and concentrates of roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes: II. Other	11,00 27,52
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: A. Active natural yeasts: II. Bakers' yeast a) Dried b) Other	0,00 19,18
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared: I. Maize II. Rice III. Other B. Ravioli, macaroni, spaghetti and similar products, not stuffed, cooked; the foregoing preparations, stuffed, whether or not cooked: I. Not stuffed, cooked: a) Dried b) Other II. Stuffed: a) Cooked b) Other C. Ice-cream (not including ice-cream powder) and other ices: I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 3% by weight of such fats II. Containing by weight of milkfats: a) 3% or more but less than 7% b) 7% or more D. Prepared yoghurt; prepared milk, in powder form, for use as infants' food or for dietic or culinary purposes: I. Prepared yoghurt: a) In powder form, containing by weight of milkfats: 1. Less than 1,5% 2. 1,5% or more b) Other, containing by weight of milkfats: 1. Less than 1,5% 2. 1,5% or more but less than 4% 3. 4% or more II. Other, containing by weight of milkfats: a) Less than 1,5% and containing by weight of milk proteins (nitrogen content x 6,38): 1. Less than 40% 2. 40% or more but less than 55%	0,00 11,00 0,00 70,21 70,86 81,46 64,96 11,00 14,50 17,45 0,00 0,00 15,34 7,10 0,00 0,00 0,00

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
21.07 (cont'd)	D. II. a) 3. 55 % or more but less than 70 % 4. 70 % or more b) 1,5 % or more	0,00 0,00 0,00
	E. Cheese fondues	0,00
	G. Other:	
	I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats:	
	a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 %	86,35
	bb) 32 % or more but less than 45 %	84,69
	cc) 45 % or more	75,59
	b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 15 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch	87,69
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 %	84,15
	bb) 32 % or more but less than 45 %	81,31
	cc) 45 % or more	71,36
	c) Containing 15 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch	86,66
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 %	78,92
	bb) 32 % or more but less than 45 %	77,38
	cc) 45 % or more	75,12
	d) Containing 30 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch	80,26
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 %	85,01
	bb) 32 % or more	78,61
	e) Containing 50 % or more but less than 85 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch	75,14
	2. Other	79,37
	f) Containing 85 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)	75,61
	II. Containing 1,5 % or more but less than 6 % by weight of milkfats:	
	a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch	71,13
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 %	53,41
	bb) 32 % or more but less than 45 %	45,54
	cc) 45 % or more	46,43

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
21.07 (cont'd)	<p>G. II. b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 15 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 54,43</p> <p>2. Containing by weight of starch:</p> <p>aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 % 45,78</p> <p>bb) 32 % or more 41,31</p> <p>c) Containing 15 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 64,55</p> <p>2. Containing by weight of starch:</p> <p>aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 % 64,00</p> <p>bb) 32 % or more 56,72</p> <p>d) Containing 30 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch. 67,58</p> <p>2. Other 56,64</p> <p>e) Containing 50 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) 67,25</p> <p>III. Containing 6 % or more but less than 12 % by weight of milkfats:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 61,46</p> <p>2. Containing by weight of starch:</p> <p>aa) 5 % or more but less than 32 % 77,79</p> <p>bb) 32 % or more 60,10</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 15 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 61,05</p> <p>2. Other 35,00</p> <p>c) Containing 15 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 58,85</p> <p>2. Other 52,59</p> <p>d) Containing 30 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 68,64</p> <p>2. Other 35,00</p> <p>e) Containing 50 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) 48,25</p> <p>IV. Containing 12 % or more but less than 18 % by weight of milkfats:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch 70,22</p> <p>2. Other 68,88</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 15 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p>	

List provided for in Article 18 applicable to Turkey

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
17.04	<p>Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa:</p> <p>B. Chewing gum containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> I. Less than 60 %</p> <p> II. 60 % or more</p> <p>C. White chocolate</p> <p>D. Other:</p> <p> I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats:</p> <p> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p> b) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> 1. 5 % or more but less than 30 %</p> <p> 2. 30 % or more but less than 40 %</p> <p> 3. 40 % or more but less than 50 %:</p> <p> aa) Containing no starch</p> <p> bb) Other</p> <p> 4. 50 % or more but less than 60 %</p> <p> 5. 60 % or more but less than 70 %</p> <p> 6. 70 % or more but less than 80 %</p> <p> 7. 80 % or more but less than 90 %</p> <p> 8. 90 % or more</p> <p> II. Other:</p> <p> a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p> b) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> 1. 5 % or more but less than 30 %</p> <p> 2. 30 % or more but less than 50 %</p> <p> 3. 50 % or more but less than 70 %</p> <p> 4. 70 % or more</p>	<p>80,43</p> <p>79,33</p> <p>79,09</p> <p>82,24</p> <p>87,26</p> <p>78,35</p> <p>84,21</p> <p>81,73</p> <p>69,63</p> <p>76,92</p> <p>86,37</p> <p>68,25</p> <p>92,36</p> <p>60,05</p> <p>71,11</p> <p>72,69</p> <p>64,09</p> <p>69,80</p>
18.06	<p>Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa:</p> <p>A. Cocoa powder, not otherwise sweetened than by the addition of sucrose, containing by weight of sucrose:</p> <p> I. Less than 65 %</p> <p> II. 65 % or more but less than 80 %</p> <p> III. 80 % or more</p> <p>C. Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled; sugar confectionery and substitutes therefor made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa:</p> <p> I. Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p> II. Other:</p> <p> a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p> 1. Less than 50 %</p> <p> 2. 50 % or more</p>	<p>51,14</p> <p>46,69</p> <p>17,00</p> <p>50,19</p> <p>56,23</p> <p>54,91</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
18.06 (cont'd)	C. II. b) Containing by weight of milkfats: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 1,5 % or more but less than 3 % 2. 3 % or more but less than 4,5 % 3. 4,5 % or more but less than 6 % 4. 6 % or more 	49,28 53,36 53,86 48,28
19.02	Malt extract, preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa: <p>A. Malt extract:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. With a dry extract content of 90 % or more by weight II. Other <p>B. Other:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. Containing malt extract and not less than 30 % by weight of reducing sugars (expressed as maltose) II. Other: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Containing less than 14 % by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. 5 % or more but less than 60 % 22. 60 % or more 2. Containing 14 % or more but less than 32 % by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 3. Containing 32 % or more but less than 45 % weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 4. Containing 45 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 5. Containing 65 % or more but less than 80 % by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 6. Containing 80 % or more but less than 85 % by weight of starch: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) bb) Other 7. Containing 85 % or more by weight of starch 	11,00 11,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 12,00 31,55 31,55 12,00 12,00 13,58 19,82 20,92 13,65 16,57

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.02 (<i>cont'd</i>)	B. II. b) Containing by weight of milkfats: 1. 1,5% or more but less than 5 % 2. 5 % or more	13,00 15,62
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products: A. Containing eggs B. Other: I. Containing no common wheat flour or meal II. Other	38,00 38,00 38,00
ex 19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches: — Other	2,00
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products): A. Obtained from maize B. Obtained from rice C. Other	63,85 0,00 0,00
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products: A. Crispbread B. Matzos C. Communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products D. Other, containing by weight of starch: I. Less than 50 % II. 50 % or more	12,63 0,00 0,00 35,00 5,57
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion: A. Gingerbread and the like, containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): I. Less than 30 % II. 30 % or more but less than 50 % III. 50 % or more B. Other: I. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch, and containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): a) Less than 70 % b) 70 % or more II. Containing 5 % or more but less than 32 % by weight of starch: a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 30 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose): 1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats 2. Other	82,95 81,87 77,11 79,44 70,97 88,96 81,02 69,82

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
19.08 <i>(cont'd)</i>	<p>B. II. c) Containing 30 % or more but less than 40 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>d) Containing 40 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>III. Containing 32 % or more but less than 50 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more but less than 20 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>c) Containing 20 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>IV. Containing 50 % or more but less than 65 % by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>b) Containing 5 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p>1. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5 % by weight of such fats</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>V. Containing 65 % or more by weight of starch:</p> <p>a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose)</p> <p>b) Other</p>	<p>79,45</p> <p>68,26</p> <p>77,09</p> <p>65,89</p> <p>73,78</p> <p>47,93</p> <p>79,45</p> <p>68,86</p> <p>75,73</p> <p>67,68</p> <p>74,64</p> <p>65,52</p> <p>73,76</p> <p>62,38</p> <p>71,60</p> <p>71,71</p>
21.02	<p>Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof:</p> <p>C. Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes:</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>D. Extracts, essences and concentrates of roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes</p> <p>II. Other</p>	<p>11,00</p> <p>27,52</p>
21.06	<p>Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders:</p> <p>A. Active natural yeasts:</p> <p>II. Bakers' yeast:</p> <p>a) Dried</p> <p>b) Other</p>	<p>0,00</p> <p>19,18</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Basic duty (fixed component) (%)
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:	
	A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared:	
	I. Maize	3,00
	II. Rice	14,00
	III. Other	2,00
	E. Cheese fondues	6,50
	G. Other:	
	I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1,5% by weight of such fats:	
	a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	ex aa) 5% or more but less than 32%:	
	— Sweet potatoes for human consumption, otherwise prepared or preserved than by adding sugar or syrup	86,35
	ex bb) 32% or more but less than 45%:	
	— Sweet potatoes for human consumption, otherwise prepared or preserved than by adding sugar or syrup	84,69
	— 'Bulgur' wheat groats (partly hulled, coarsely ground grain, containing a small proportion of whole grains, heat treated (pre-cooked))	84,69
	ex cc) 45% or more:	
	— 'Bulgur' wheat groats (partly hulled, coarsely ground grain, containing a small proportion of whole grains, heat treated (pre-cooked))	75,59
	b) Containing 5% or more but less than 15% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	ex aa) 5% or more but less than 32%:	
	— Sweet potatoes for human consumption, otherwise prepared or preserved than by adding sugar or syrup	84,15
	ex bb) 32% or more but less than 45%:	
	— Sweet potatoes for human consumption, otherwise prepared or preserved than by adding sugar or syrup	81,31
	ex cc) 45% or more:	
	— Ground maize, pressure-cooked in water, with added malt extract, sugar and salt, dried, for use as an intermediate product in the manufacture of corn flakes and like products	71,36
	c) Containing 15% or more but less than 30% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	2. Containing by weight of starch:	
	ex cc) 45% or more:	
	— Ground maize, pressure-cooked in water, with added malt extract, sugar and salt, dried, for use as an intermediate product in the manufacture of corn flakes and like products	75,12
	e) Containing 50% or more but less than 85% by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	ex 1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5% by weight of starch:	
	— Food preparations consisting of natural honey enriched with royal jelly	75,14
	ex 2. Other:	
	— Food preparations consisting of natural honey enriched with royal jelly	79,37
	ex f) Containing 85% or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):	
	— Food preparations consisting of natural honey enriched with royal jelly	75,61

ANNEX XIV

List provided for in Article 21 (1)

ALGERIA

CCT. heading No	Description
02.04	Other meat and edible meat, offals, fresh, chilled or frozen: ex A. Of domestic pigeons and domestic rabbits: — Of domestic rabbits
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption: ex E. Other: — Citrus fruit, finely ground
12.08	Chicory roots, fresh or dried, whole or cut, unroasted; locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared; fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading
20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purees and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar: A. Chestnut purée and paste: II. Other B. Jams and marmalades of citrus fruit: III. Other C. Other: III. Other
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg: 2. Grapefruit segments ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Finely ground ex 7. Peaches and apricots: — Apricots ex 8. Other fruits: — Oranges and lemons, finely ground ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad b) Containing added sugar in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less: 2. Grapefruit segments ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Finely ground ex 8. Other fruits: — Oranges and lemons, finely ground ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad

CCT heading No	Description
20.06 (cont'd)	B. II. c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Of 4,5 kg or more: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex aa) Apricots: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Apricot halves ex bb) Peaches (including nectarines) and plums: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Peach halves (including nectarine halves) ex dd) Other fruits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Grapefruit segments — Citrus fruit pulp — Citrus fruit, finely ground 2. Of less than 4,5 kg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Apricot halves and peach halves (including nectarine halves) — Grapefruit segments — Citrus fruit, finely ground
20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Of a density exceeding 1,33 g/cm³ at 20°C: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> III. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices, excluding orange and lemon juice ex b) Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices, excluding orange and lemon juice B. Of a density of 1,33 g/cm³ or less at 20°C: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> II. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice ex 3. Lemon juice and other citrus fruit juices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Other citrus fruit juices (excluding lemon juice) b) Of a value of 30 ECU or less per 100 kg net weight: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice

EGYPT/LEBANON

CCT heading No	Description
12.08	Chicory roots, fresh or dried, whole or cut, unroasted; locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared; fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading

JORDAN

CCT heading No	Description
06.03	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>A. Fresh:</p> <p>ex I. From 1 June to 31 October:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Roses - Carnations <p>ex II. From 1 November to 31 May:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Roses - Carnations

TUNISIA

CCT heading No	Description
02.04	<p>Other meat and edible meat, offals, fresh, chilled or frozen:</p> <p>ex A. Of domestic pigeons and domestic rabbits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Of domestic rabbits
06.02	<p>Other live plants, including trees, shrubs, bushes, roots, cuttings and slips:</p> <p>ex D. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rose bushes, excluding cuttings
08.11	<p>Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption:</p> <p>ex E. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Citrus fruit, finely ground
12.08	<p>Chicory roots, fresh or dried, whole or cut, unroasted; locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared; fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading</p>
20.05	<p>Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar:</p> <p>A. Chestnut purée and paste:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> II. Other <p>B. Jams and marmalades of citrus fruit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> III. Other <p>C. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> III. Other
20.06	<p>Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> II. Not containing added spirit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Grapefruit segments ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Finely ground

CCT heading No	Description
<p>20.06 (cont'd)</p>	<p>B. II. a) ex 7. Peaches and apricots: — Apricots ex 8. Other fruits: — Oranges and lemons, finely ground ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad</p> <p>b) Containing added sugar in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less: 2. Grapefruit segments ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Finely ground ex 8. Other fruits: — Oranges and lemons, finely ground ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad</p> <p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity: 1. Of 4,5 kg or more: ex aa) Apricots: — Apricot halves — Apricot pulp ex bb) Peaches (including nectarines) and plums: — Peach halves (including nectarine halves) ex dd) Other fruits: — Grapefruit segments — Citrus fruit pulp — Citrus fruit, finely ground 2. Of less than 4,5 kg: ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit: — Apricot halves and peach halves (including nectarine halves) — Grapefruit segments — Citrus fruit, finely ground</p>
<p>20.07</p>	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A. Of a density exceeding 1,33 g/cm³ at 20 °C:</p> <p> III. Other: ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices, excluding orange and lemon juice ex b) Other: — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices, excluding orange and lemon juice</p> <p>B. Of a density of 1,33 g/cm³ or less at 20 °C:</p> <p> II. Other: a) of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight: 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice ex 3. Lemon juice and other citrus fruit juices: — Other citrus fruit juices (excluding lemon juice)</p> <p>b) Of a value of 30 ECU or less per 100 kg net weight: 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice</p>

TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
02.04	Other meat and edible meat, offals, fresh, chilled or frozen: ex A. Of domestic pigeons and domestic rabbits: — Of domestic rabbits
06.02	Other live plants, including trees, shrubs, bushes, roots, cuttings and slips: ex D. Other: — Rose bushes, excluding cuttings
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption: ex E. Other: — Citrus fruit, finely ground
12.08	Chicory roots, fresh or dried, whole or cut, unroasted; locust beans, fresh or dried, whether or not kibbled or ground, but not further prepared; fruit kernels and other vegetable products of a kind used primarily for human food, not falling within any other heading
20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar: A. Chestnut purée and paste: II. Other B. Jams and marmalades of citrus fruit: III. Other C. Other: III. Other
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg: 2. Grapefruit segments ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Finely ground ex 7. Peaches and apricots: — Apricots ex 8. Other fruits: — Oranges and lemons, finely ground ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad b) Containing added sugar in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less: 2. Grapefruit segments ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Finely ground ex 8. Other fruits: — Oranges and lemons, finely ground ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salad

CCT heading No	Description
20.06 (cont'd)	<p>B. II. c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. Of 4,5 kg or more:</p> <p>ex aa) Apricots:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Apricot halves — Apricot pulp <p>ex bb) Peaches (including nectarines) and plums:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Peach halves (including nectarine halves) <p>ex dd) Other fruits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Grapefruit segments — Citrus fruit pulp — Citrus fruit, finely ground <p>2. Of less than 4,5 kg:</p> <p>ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Apricot halves and peach halves (including nectarine halves) — Grapefruit segments — Citrus fruit, finely ground
20.07	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A. Of a density exceeding 1,33 g/cm³ at 20 °C:</p> <p>III. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices, excluding orange and lemon juice <p>ex b) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Grapefruit juice — Other citrus fruit juices, excluding orange and lemon juices <p>B. Of a density of 1,33 g/cm³ or less at 20 °C:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Of a value exceeding 30 ECU per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice <p>ex 3. Lemon juice and other citrus fruit juices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Other citrus fruit juices (excluding lemon juice) <p>b) Of a value of 30 ECU or less per 100 kg net weight:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Orange juice 2. Grapefruit juice

ANNEX XV

List provided for in Article 21 (2)

ALGERIA/TUNISIA/TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: M. Tomatoes ex I. From 1 November to 14 May: — From 1 December to 14 May
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: A. Oranges: I. Sweet oranges, fresh: a) From 1 April to 30 April b) From 1 to 15 May ex c) From 16 May to 15 October: — From 16 May to 31 August ex d) From 16 October to 31 March: — From 1 February to 31 March B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins, including tangerines and satsumas, fresh, from 1 November to 31 March ex C. Lemons, fresh: — From 1 June to 31 October
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol

EGYPT/JORDAN/LEBANON

CCT heading No	Description
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: M. Tomatoes ex I. From 1 November to 14 May: — From 1 December to 14 May
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: A. Oranges: I. Sweet oranges, fresh: a) From 1 April to 30 April b) From 1 to 15 May ex c) From 16 May to 15 October: — From 16 May to 31 August ex d) From 16 October to 31 March: — From 1 February to 31 March B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: ex II. Other: — Mandarins, including tangerines and satsumas, fresh, from 1 November to 31 March ex C. Lemons, fresh: — From 1 June to 31 October

ANNEX XVI

List provided for in Article 21 (4)

ALGERIA/TUNISIA/TURKEY

CCT heading No	Description
03.01	<p>Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen:</p> <p>B. Saltwater fish:</p> <p>I. Whole, headless or in pieces:</p> <p>h) Cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i>, <i>Boreogadus saida</i>, <i>Gadus ogac</i>):</p> <p>2. Frozen</p> <p>ij) Saithe (<i>Pollachius virens</i>):</p> <p>2. Frozen</p> <p>k) Haddock (<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>):</p> <p>2. Frozen</p> <p>m) Ling (<i>Molva</i> spp.):</p> <p>2. Frozen</p> <p>n) Alaska pollack (<i>Theragra chalcogramma</i>) and pollack (<i>Pollachius pollachius</i>):</p> <p>2. Frozen</p> <p>t) Hake (<i>Merluccius</i> spp.):</p> <p>1. Fresh or chilled</p> <p>2. Frozen</p> <p>ex y) Other:</p> <p>— Horse mackerel (<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen</p> <p>— Similar to cod, frozen (<i>Gadus macrocephalus</i>, <i>Brosme brosme</i>)</p> <p>II. Fillets:</p> <p>b) Frozen:</p> <p>1. Of cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i>, <i>Boreogadus saida</i>, <i>Gadus ogac</i>)</p> <p>3. Of haddock (<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>)</p> <p>9. Of hake (<i>Merluccius</i> spp.)</p> <p>11. Of plaice (<i>Pleuronectes platessa</i>)</p> <p>12. Of flounder (<i>Platichthys flesus</i>)</p>
03.02	<p>Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process:</p> <p>A. Dried, salted or in brine:</p> <p>I. Whole, headless or in pieces:</p> <p>b) Cod (<i>Gadus morhua</i>, <i>Boreogadus saida</i>, <i>Gadus ogac</i>)</p> <p>ex f) Other:</p> <p>— Products similar to cod (saithe, haddock, Alaska pollack, pollack, <i>Gadus macrocephalus</i>, <i>Brosme brosme</i>)</p>
03.03	<p>Crustaceans and molluscs, whether in shell or not, fresh (live or dead), chilled, frozen, salted, in brine or dried; crustaceans, in shell, simply boiled in water:</p> <p>A. Crustaceans:</p> <p>IV. Shrimps and prawns:</p> <p>ex a) Prawns and shrimps of the <i>Pandalidae</i> family:</p> <p>— Frozen</p> <p>b) Shrimps of the genus <i>Crangon</i>:</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Frozen</p> <p>ex c) Other:</p> <p>— Frozen</p> <p>V. Other:</p> <p>a) Norway lobsters (<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>):</p> <p>1. Frozen</p> <p>B. Molluscs:</p> <p>IV. Other:</p> <p>a) Frozen:</p> <p>1. Squid</p>

EGYPT

CCT heading No	Description
03.03	Crustaceans and molluscs, whether in shell or not, fresh (live or dead), chilled, frozen, salted, in brine or dried; crustaceans, in shell, simply boiled in water: A. Crustaceans: IV. Shrimps and prawns: ex a) Prawns and shrimps of the <i>Phandalidae</i> family: — Frozen b) Shrimps of the genus <i>Crangon</i> : ex 2. Other: — Frozen ex c) Other: — Frozen

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2850/87

of 24 September 1987

introducing a countervailing charge and suspending the preferential customs duty on imports of fresh lemons originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2275/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1426/87 of 25 May 1987 fixing the reference price for fresh lemons for the 1987/88 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of September 1987 at 55,24 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative price or the arithmetic mean of the lowest prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for fresh lemons originating in Turkey, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these lemons;

Whereas, in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁷⁾, a rate of customs duty of 4 % should be reintroduced.

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁸⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁹⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent and the aforesaid coefficient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A countervailing charge of 10,27 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied on imports of fresh lemons falling within subheading 08.02.C of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Turkey.
2. The import duty on these products is fixed at 4 %.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 26 September 1987.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 209, 31. 7. 1987, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 136, 26. 5. 1987, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 3.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 September 1987.

For the Commission

FRANS ANDRIESSEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2957/87
of 1 October 1987
amending Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87 introducing a countervailing charge on
fresh lemons originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2275/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87 of 24 September 1987⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on fresh lemons originating in Turkey;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 laid down the conditions under which a charge intro-

duced in application of Article 25 of that Regulation is amended; whereas if those conditions are taken into consideration, the countervailing charge on the import of fresh lemons originating in Turkey must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87 '10,27' ECU is hereby replaced by '20,31' ECU.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 October 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States:

Done at Brussels, 1 October 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 209, 31. 7. 1987, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 272, 25. 9. 1987, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3014/87

of 7 October 1987

amending, for the second time, Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87 introducing a countervailing charge on fresh lemons originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2275/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87 of 24 September 1987⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2957/87⁽⁴⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on fresh lemons originating in Turkey;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 laid down the conditions under which a charge intro-

duced in application of Article 25 of that Regulation is amended; whereas if those conditions are taken into consideration, the countervailing charge on the import of fresh lemons originating in Turkey must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87, '20,31' ECU is hereby replaced by '5,88' ECU.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 October 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 October 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 209, 31. 7. 1987, p. 4.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 272, 25. 9. 1987, p. 15.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 279, 2. 10. 1987, p. 11.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3053/87

of 12 October 1987

abolishing the countervailing charge and re-establishing a preferential customs duty on imports of fresh lemons originating in Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2275/87⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3014/87⁽⁴⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on fresh lemons originating in Turkey and suspended the preferential customs duty on imports of these products;

Whereas the present trend of prices for Turkish products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁶⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regulation, indicated that entry prices have been at least equal to the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas

the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Turkey can be abolished;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3671/81 of 15 December 1981 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1555/84⁽⁸⁾, the preferential rate of customs duty should be re-established at the same time as the countervailing charge is abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2850/87 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 October 1987.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 October 1987.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 209, 31. 7. 1987, p. 4.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 272, 25. 9. 1987, p. 15.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 285, 8. 10. 1987, p. 30.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 367, 23. 12. 1981, p. 9.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 150, 6. 6. 1984, p. 4.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3794/87
of 17 December 1987

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1637/87 and (EEC) No 1639/87 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain agricultural products originating in Morocco or Turkey

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 15 thereof,

Whereas Council Regulations (EEC) No 1637/87⁽²⁾ and (EEC) No 1639/87⁽³⁾ opened Community tariff quotas at zero duty for certain wines originating in Morocco and apricot pulp originating in Turkey for the period 1 July 1987 to 30 June 1988 as provided for in preferential Agreements concluded with those countries;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 has established, with effect from 1 January 1988, the new nomenclature for goods, known as the combined nomenclature, which meets the requirements of both the Common Customs Tariff and the External Trade Statistics of the Community

and which replaces the present nomenclature; whereas the validity of Regulations (EEC) No 1637/87 and (EEC) No 1639/87 which refer to the nomenclature of the Common Customs Tariff is extended beyond 1 January 1988;

Whereas, in consequence, these Regulations should be adjusted according to the combined nomenclature;

Whereas such adjustment is purely technical without involving any change in the substance,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1637/87 is hereby amended as follows:

The table appearing in Article 1 (1) is replaced by the following table:

Serial No	CN code	Description	Volume of tariff quota (hectolitres)	Rate of duty (%)
09.1107	ex 2204 21 25 ex 2204 21 29 ex 2204 21 35 ex 2204 21 39	Wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: Berkane, Sais, Beni M'Tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour, Zennata of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding two litres or less, originating in Morocco	50 000	Free'

Article 2

Regulation (EEC) No 1639/87 is hereby amended as follows:

The table appearing in Article 1 (1) is replaced by the following table:

Serial No	CN code	Description	Volume of tariff quota (tonnes)	Rate of duty (%)
09.0203	2008 2008 50 2008 50 91	Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants, otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or spirit, not elsewhere specified or included: - Apricots: - - not containing added spirit: - - - Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net content: - - - - Of 4,5 kg or more	90	0'

⁽¹⁾ OJ NO L 256, 7. 9. 1987, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 2.
⁽³⁾ OJ NO L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 8.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 December 1987.

For the Commission
COCKFIELD
Vice-President

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4174/87

of 21 December 1987

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or not, falling within code No 0802 21 00 or 0802 22 00 of the combined nomenclature and originating in Turkey (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3721/84 of 18 December 1984 on imports into the Community of agricultural products originating in Turkey ⁽¹⁾, provides that fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or not, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey shall be admitted on importation into the Community at zero duty within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 25 000 tonnes; whereas the Community tariff quota concerned should therefore be opened for 1988;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 119 of the Act of Accession of Greece, the Council adopted Regulation (EEC) No 3555/80 of 16 December 1980 determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey ⁽²⁾; whereas, the Council has also adopted Regulation (EEC) No 2573/87 of 11 August 1987 laying down the arrangements for trade between Spain and Portugal, on the one hand, and Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey, on the other ⁽³⁾; whereas the tariff quota in question applies therefore to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1980;

Whereas the Community has adopted, with effect from 1 January 1988, a combined nomenclature for goods which meets the requirements of the Common Customs Tariff and the Nomenclature of Goods for the External Trade Statistics of the Community and Statistics of Trade between Member States; whereas in order to accommodate specific Community rules this nomenclature has been expanded by the establishment of an integrated tariff of the European Communities (Taric); whereas, from that date, the combined nomenclature and, where appropriate, the Taric code numbers should therefore be used for the description of the products covered by this Regulation;

Whereas equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all importers of the Member States and the rate laid down for the quota should be applied consistently to all imports of the products in question into the said Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, allocation of the tariff quota among the Member States would seem to preserve the Community nature of the quota; whereas in order to correspond as closely as possible to the real trend of the market for the products in question the allocation should reflect the requirements of the Member States based on statistics of imports of the said products from Turkey during a representative reference period and on the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, on the basis of the currently available statistical data, imports of the product in question from Turkey into the Member States have developed as follows over the years 1984, 1985 and 1986; whereas they represent the following percentages of total imports into the Community from Turkey:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 343, 31. 12. 1984, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1980, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 250, 1. 9. 1987, p. 1.

Member State	1984		1985		1986	
	Tonnes	%	Tonnes	%	Tonnes	%
Benelux	6 816	8,36	5 266	7,10	6 202	8,24
Denmark	997	1,23	792	1,07	872	1,16
Germany	53 830	66,06	47 225	63,65	49 716	66,08
France	9 013	11,06	9 416	12,69	9 169	12,19
Ireland	22	0,03	28	0,03	0	0
Italy	2 904	3,56	5 206	7,02	3 179	4,23
United Kingdom	7 901	9,70	6 264	8,44	6 098	8,10
Total	81 483		74 197		75 236	

Whereas, in view of these factors and of market forecasts for the products concerned for 1988 and, in particular, the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial percentage shares can be expressed approximately as follows:

Benelux	7,99
Denmark	1,22
Germany	65,29
France	12,50
Ireland	0,03
Italy	4,25
United Kingdom	8,78;

Whereas, to allow for the trend of imports of the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two parts, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve to cover any subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, to afford importers in each Member State some degree of certainty, the first part of the tariff quota should be set at a relatively high level, which in this case could be approximately 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas Member States may use up their initial shares at different rates; whereas, to provide for this eventuality and to avoid any break in the continuity of supplies, any Member State which has used up its initial share should draw additional shares in quantities corresponding to their real requirements, as many times as the reserve allows; whereas this form of administration requires close cooperation between Member States and the Commission and the latter must be able to monitor the extent to which the quota volume

has been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas if at a given date in the quota period a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that the Member State concerned should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve in order to prevent part of the Community tariff quotas from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others; whereas in view of the seasonal nature of the imports, it seems appropriate to set the threshold for such returns to the reserve at 40 % of the initial share;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the customs duty applicable to imports into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1980 of the following products shall be suspended at the level indicated and within the limits of a Community tariff quota as shown below:

Order No	CN code	Description	Amount of quota (tonnes)	Rate of quota duty (%)
09.0201	0802 21 00 0802 22 00	Fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or not, originating in Turkey	25 000	0

2. Imports of the products in question may not be charged against this tariff quota if they already qualify for the same customs duties under other preferential tariff arrangements.

3. This tariff quota shall be allocated and administered in accordance with the following articles.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 (1) shall be divided into two parts.

2. The first part, amounting to 18 750 tonnes, shall be allocated among the Member States; the quota shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1988, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	1 485
Denmark	228
Germany	12 242
France	2 343
Ireland	7
Italy	799
United Kingdom	1 646

3. The second part of the quota, amounting to 6 250 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

If a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less any portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied has been used up entirely, the following provisions shall apply.

If an importer presents, in a Member State, a declaration as to entry into free circulation comprising a request for preferential treatment for a product covered by this Regulation, and this request is accepted by the customs authorities, the Member State concerned shall, by notifying the Commission, draw an amount corresponding to its requirements from the reserve referred to in Article 2 (3).

Requests to draw on the reserve together with the date of acceptance of the customs declarations must be forwarded to the Commission without delay.

Drawings shall be granted by the Commission on the basis of the date of acceptance of goods for entry into free circulation by the customs authorities of the Member State concerned, provided a sufficient amount remains in the reserve.

If a Member State does not use the quantities drawn, it shall return them to the reserve as soon as possible.

If requests for drawings exceed the amount remaining in the reserve, an allocation shall be made pro rata. The Member States shall be informed by the Commission in accordance with the same procedure.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1988.

Article 5

By 1 October 1988 at the latest Member States must return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1988, is in excess of 40 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there is reason to believe that it might not be used.

By 1 October 1988 at the latest Member States must notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products concerned imported on or before 15 September 1988 and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares drawn by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up as soon as it has been notified.

It shall inform the Member States not later than 5 October 1988 of the state of the reserve following any return of quota shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional drawings of shares pursuant to Article 3 enable imports to be charged without interruption against their accumulated share of the Community tariff quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned have free access to the quota shares allocated to them or which they have drawn from the reserve.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the goods are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their quota shares.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1988.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4175/87

of 21 December 1987

opening and providing for the administration of a Community preferential ceiling for certain petroleum products refined in Turkey and establishing Community surveillance for imports thereof (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 7 of the Supplementary Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and Turkey consequent on the accession of new Member States to the Community⁽¹⁾, which was signed in Ankara on 30 June 1973 and entered into force on 1 March 1986⁽²⁾, provides for the total suspension of customs duties applicable to certain petroleum products refined in Turkey falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 340 000 tonnes; whereas, for the products concerned, a provisional adjustment should be made to those tariff preferences, consisting essentially of substituting for the Community tariff quota a Community ceiling amounting, after successive increases, to 705 000 tonnes, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established;

Whereas the Community has adopted, with effect from 1 January 1988, a combined nomenclature for goods which meets the requirements of the Common Customs Tariff and the external trade statistics of the Community and statistics of trade between Member States; whereas in order to accommodate specific Community measures this nomenclature has been expanded into an integrated tariff of the European Communities (Taric); whereas, from the date given above, the combined nomenclature and, where appropriate, the Taric code numbers should be used for the description of the products covered by this Regulation;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 119 of the Act of Accession of Greece, the Council adopted Regulation (EEC) No 3555/80 of 16 December 1980 determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey⁽³⁾; whereas, the Council has also adopted Regulation (EEC) No 2573/87 of 11 August 1987 laying down the arrangements for trade between Spain and Portugal, on the one hand, and Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey, on the

other⁽⁴⁾; whereas the tariff quota in question applies therefore to the current Community with the exception of Greece;

Whereas the application of ceilings requires the Community to be regularly informed of the trend of imports of the relevant products originating in Turkey; whereas imports should, therefore, be made subject to a system of surveillance;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on offsetting imports of the products in question against the ceiling at Community level as and when these products are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the possible re-establishment of customs tariff duties as soon as the ceiling is reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly swift cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to follow the progress of quantities charged against the ceiling and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation has to be particularly close since the Commission must be able to take the appropriate measures to re-establish customs tariff duties if the ceiling is reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1988 the duties applicable to imports into the current Community with the exception of Greece of the petroleum products refined in Turkey indicated below shall be suspended in full within the limits of a Community ceiling of 705 000 tonnes.

Within the limits of this ceiling, the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic shall apply the duties calculated in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2573/87.

2. The petroleum products to which paragraph 1 applies shall be the following:

(1) OJ No L 361, 31. 12. 1977, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 36.

(3) OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1980, p. 1.

(4) OJ No L 250, 1. 9. 1987, p. 1.

Order No	CN code	Description
13.0010	2710 00	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70 % or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:
		- Light oils:
		- - For other purposes:
		- - - Special spirits:
	2710 00 21	- - - - White spirit
	2710 00 25	- - - - Other
		- - - - Other:
		- - - - Motor spirit:
	2710 00 31	- - - - - Aviation spirit:
		- - - - - Other, with a lead content:
	2710 00 33	- - - - - Not exceeding 0,013 g/l
	2710 00 35	- - - - - Exceeding 0,013 g/l
	2710 00 37	- - - - - Spirit type jet fuel
	2710 00 39	- - - - - Other light oils
		- Medium oils:
		- - For other purposes:
		- - - Kerosene:
	2710 00 51	- - - - Jet fuel
	2710 00 55	- - - - Other
	2710 00 59	- - - Other
		- Heavy oils:
		- - Gas oils:
	2710 00 69	- - - For other purposes
		- - Fuel oils:
	2710 00 79	- - - For other purposes
		- - Lubricating oils; other oils:
	2710 00 95	- - - To be mixed in accordance with the terms of additional note 6 (CN) to this chapter (1)
	2710 00 99	- - - For other purposes
	2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:
	2711 12	- - Propane:
		- - - Other:
	2711 12 99	- - - - For other purposes
	2711 13	- - Butanes:
	2711 13 90	- - - For other purposes
	2712	Petroleum jelly, paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes, and similar products obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured:
	2712 10	- Petroleum jelly:
	2712 10 10	- - Crude
	2712 10 90	- - Other
	2712 20 00	- Paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0,75 % of oil

Order No	CN code	Description
13.0010 (cont'd)	2712 90	- Other: - - Other: - - - Crude:
	2712 90 39	- - - - For other purposes
	2712 90 90	- - - - Other
	2713	Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals:
	2713 90	- Other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals:
	2713 90 90	- - Other

(¹) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions laid down in the relevant Community provisions.

3. Imports of the petroleum products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be subject to Community surveillance.

4. Quantities shall be charged against the ceiling as and when products are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

5. The extent to which the ceiling is used up shall be determined at Community level on the basis of the imports charged against it, in the manner specified in paragraph 4.

6. Member States shall inform the Commission, at the intervals and within the time limits specified in Article 3, of imports effected in accordance with the rules referred to in this Article.

Article 2

As soon as the ceiling referred to Article 1 (1) has been reached at Community level, the Commission may adopt a Regulation re-establishing, until the end of the calendar year, the collection of Common Customs Tariff duties.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

Article 3

Member States shall send the Commission statements of the quantities charged for the preceding month no later than the 15th day of each month. At the Commission's request, they shall send statements of the quantities charged for periods of ten days, to be forwarded within five clear days of the end of each ten-day period.

Article 4

The Commission shall take all appropriate measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, to ensure the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1988.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 4176/87

of 21 December 1987

suspending wholly or in part the Common Customs Tariff duties on certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (1988)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas under Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol laying down the conditions, procedures and timetables for implementing the transitional phase referred to in Article 4 of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Turkey⁽²⁾ and under Article 9 of the Supplementary Protocol to the Association Agreement between the European Economic Community and Turkey consequent on the accession of new Member States to the Community⁽³⁾, which was signed in Ankara on 30 June 1973 and entered into force on 1 March 1986⁽⁴⁾, the Community must wholly or in part suspend the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to certain products; whereas it also appears necessary, on a provisional basis, to adjust or supplement some of the advantages provided for in the abovementioned Annex 6; whereas the Community should, therefore, with regard to the products originating in Turkey contained in the list annexed to this Regulation, suspend until 31 December 1988 either the fixed component of the charge applicable to the goods falling within the scope of Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 or the customs duty applicable to the other products, at the levels indicated for each of them;

Whereas the Community has adopted, with effect from 1 January 1988, a combined nomenclature for goods which meets the requirements of the Common Customs Tariff and the external trade statistics of the Community and statistics of trade between Member States; whereas in order to accommodate specific Community measures this nomenclature has been expanded into an integrated tariff of the European Communities (Taric); whereas, from the date given above, the combined nomenclature and, where appropriate, the Taric code numbers should be used for the description of the products covered by this Regulation;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 119 of the Act of Accession of Greece, the Council adopted Regulation (EEC) No 3555/80 of 16 December 1980 determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey⁽⁵⁾; whereas the Council has also adopted Regulation (EEC) No 2573/87 of 11 August 1987 laying down the arrangements for trade between Spain and Portugal, on the one hand, and Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Tunisia and Turkey, on the other⁽⁶⁾; whereas this Regulation applies therefore to the Community as constituted on 31 December 1980,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1988 the customs duties on imports into the Community as constituted on 31 December 1980 of the products originating in Turkey listed in the Annex shall be those indicated for each of them, in the said Annex.
2. For the purposes of application of this Regulation, 'originating products' shall mean those products which fulfil the conditions laid down in Association Council Decision No 4/72 attached to Regulation (EEC) No 428/73⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Decision No 1/75 attached to Regulation (EEC) No 1431/75⁽⁸⁾.

The methods of administrative cooperation for ensuring that the products listed in the Annexes benefit from the total or partial suspension shall be those laid down in Association Council Decision No 5/72 attached to Regulation (EEC) No 428/73, as last amended by Decision No 1/83, attached to Regulation (EEC) No 993/83⁽⁹⁾.

Article 2

When imports of products qualifying for the arrangements provided for in Article 1 come into the Community in quantities or at prices which cause or threaten to cause

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No 217, 29. 12. 1964, p. 3687/64.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 361, 31. 12. 1977, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1980, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 250, 1. 9. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 59, 5. 3. 1973, p. 73.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 142, 4. 6. 1975, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 112, 8. 4. 1983, p. 1.

serious injury to the Community producers of similar products or directly competitive products, the Common Customs Tariff duties may be partially or wholly re-established for the products in question. These measures may also be taken in the event of serious injury or the threat of serious injury limited to a single region of the Community.

Article 3

1. In order to ensure the application of Article 2, the Commission may decide by means of a Regulation to re-establish Common Customs Tariff duties for a limited period.

2. Where the Commission has been requested by a Member State to take action it shall take a decision within a maximum period of 10 working days from receipt of the

request and shall inform the Member States of the action taken.

3. Any Member State may refer the Commission's action to the Council, within a period of 10 working days following the day of its notification.

Referring the matter to the Council shall not have a suspensory effect. The Council shall meet without delay. It may by a qualified majority amend or annul the measure taken.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1987.

For the Council
The President
B. HAARDER

ANNEX

List of products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 originating in Turkey for which there are grounds for total or partial suspension of the Common Customs Tariff

Order No	CN code	Description	Rate of duty
15.0001	ex 0709 30 00	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: - Aubergines, from 1 to 14 January	9%
15.0003	ex 0807 10 10	Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh: - Watermelons, from 1 November to 31 March	6,5%
15.0005	ex 1806 10 10 ex 1806 10 30 ex 1806 10 90	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa: - Cocoa powder, not otherwise sweetened than by the addition of sucrose	3% + MOB
15.0007	ex 1806 20 10 ex 1806 20 30 ex 1806 20 50 ex 1806 20 90 1806 31 00 1806 32 10 1806 32 90 1806 90 11 1806 90 19 1806 90 31 1806 90 39 1806 90 50	Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled, sugar confectionery and substitutes therefor made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa	9% + MOB with a max. of 27% + AD 5/Z
15.0009	ex 1901 90 90	- Preparation based on flour of leguminous vegetables in the form of sun-dried discs of dough, known as 'papad'	Free
15.0011	ex 1903 00 00	Tapioca, other than tapioca prepared from potato starch Preparations:	2% + MOB
15.0013	0710 40 00 0711 90 30 2001 90 30 2004 90 10 2005 80 00 2008 99 85	- - Of maize	3% + MOB
15.0015	1904 90 10	- - Of rice	3% + MOB
15.0017	1904 90 90	- - Of other cereals	2% + MOB

Abbreviations:

MOB = variable component,

AD 5/Z = additional duty on sugar.

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