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AGRICULTURAL BACKGROUND NOTE

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A NEW DIRECTION FOR THE CAP

Last week's decision on agricultural prices for the crop year 1977/78 by the Council of the European Communities marks a new orientation allowing for a European Common Agricultural policy that could affect farm structure. It steps away from interventionist policies and places less reliance on market prices.

The moderate price rise -- an average of 3.9 per cent for the nine nations of the European Community -- is considered remarkable in the current inflationary situation. The price package also includes revisions in compensatory monetary amounts paid to member states and redirects the Common Agricultural Policy into a tighter price framework. Taking into account the agro-monetary measures, the price rises result in price increases ranging from 2 per cent for West Germany to as high as 10.7 per cent for Italy and Ireland.

EC Agricultural Commissioner Finn Olav Gundelach said after the price package was accepted Tuesday, April 26, that he was "very satisfied." The package is close to the initial proposals and retains the essential elements for change in the dairy sector.

A spokesman for the main lobby groups representing the 9 million farmers in the EC said, however, that the package remained well short of the 7.4 per cent increase his organization had sought. The spokesman for the Committee of Agricultural Organization in the European Community (COPA) said that farmers' costs in the Community had risen by an average 13 per cent last year.

Both EC Commission President Roy Jenkins and Vice President in charge of Agricultural Affairs, Gundelach, had urged changes in the CAP.

In a February speech before the European Parliament, Jenkins said the EC farm price proposals would be framed so that they were consistent with overall EC economic objectives and with the need to combat inflation.

Gundelach had called in several statements for prudent price increases to make the forces of the market work and to reduce the member nations' dependency on the use of artificial "green currencies."

"We owe it to our farmers to avoid sudden changes in their working and living conditions," Gundelach said in a speech at Berlin's Green Week in January. "We must give our farmers the chance to switch to more viable forms of agriculture or other productions. That is the essence of the strengthened agricultural structural policy which we need. To this policy must be added strengthened regional policies designed to overcome geographical imbalances in our Community."

Action was particularly needed, said the Agricultural Commissioner, "in the area of surpluses and in particular in the dairy products section."

Difficulties in reaching agreement on the 1977/78 price increases centered on disputes over dairy products, sugar and on the "green" rates -- the artificial currencies that were created when exchanges began to fluctuate frequently.

New reductions in the green rates are expected to bring the currency rates used to calculate farm prices more into line with actual foreign exchange levels.

According to the Agriculture Council, the green rates for 1977/78 will be the following:

DM= 0.293033 UA

(green UA = approx.\$1.35)

BF/LF= 0.0202640 UA (rate unchanged) F1.NL= 0.293884 UA (rate unchanged)

Ir.= 1.35190 UA

FF= 0.172995 UA

It.L= 0.0970873 UA

St= 1.70463 UA

DKr= 0.122877 UA

Britain agreed to a reduction of the green rate in exchange for an EC subsidy on butter consumption (see Agricultural Background Note, 2/1977). The EC decision to move toward a price policy for agriculture and away from protectionist policies is expected to prompt a favorable response in the United States. Last year the United States had an agricultural trade surplus of \$ 5.2 billion with the European Community.

On sugar and isoglucose, the Council agreed to a 5 u.a. levy per 100 kilograms of dry matter on production of isoglucose (corn syrup), which competes with liquid sugar.

In the dairy products sector, which Gundelach has called the "problem child" of the Community, the Community seeks to reduce milk production through a coresponsibility levy on producers of 1.5 per cent from September 17, 1977 until the end of the 1977/78 milk year. A proposed tax on vegetable and marine fats was rejected in favor of the butter consumption subsidy.

A complete table on the 1977/78 Agricultural prices follows:

Prices by sector

CEREALS

UA/t 1977/1978 Commodity COMMON WHEAT Common single intervention price: 118.10 $\binom{1}{2}$ in Denmark 118.63 (!) in Ireland 111.55 (1) in the United Kingdom in the other member states 120.06 Reference Price bread wheat: $133.58 (^{1})$ in Denmark 132.07 (!) in Ireland 125.44 (¹) in the United Kingdom 135.59 (2)in the other member states 158.08 Target price RYE $128.96 (^3)$ Single intervention price 155.12 Target price

⁽¹⁾ From January 1, 1978, the Community intervention price and the reference price for common wheat of bread-making quality valid in other member states will apply in Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom.

⁽²⁾ Common wheat of bread-making quality meeting only minimum requirements for bread-making.

⁽³⁾ A special bonus of 3.11 UA/t is proposed for rye of bread-making quality with an amylographic index of 200 or more

⁵¹⁴ e/77 (Presse 56) hmcg

	UA/t
Commodity	1977/1978
BARLEY Common single intervention price - in Denmark - in Ireland - in the United Kingdom - in the other member states Target price	118.21 (1) 116.88 (1) 111.01 (1) 120.06 144.97
MAIZE Single intervention price Target price	118.03 144.97
DURUM WHEAT Single intervention price Target price	203.01 224.27

Aid for durum wheat: 60 UA/ha; to be limited to the Italian Zone "A" plus the Marches, Latium and Tuscany, plus most mountainous areas in Italy.

Transfer from intervention stocks: An additional 200,000 t. of wheat to Italy from German intervention stocks before the end of the current marketing year, if necessary.

Abatement for maize levy in Italy: 3 UA/ton.

RICE

UA/t

	1977/1978
Intervention price at Vercelli (paddy rice)	171.55
Market component (including ACP/OCT) preference of 1.5 UA/t Housing costs for paddy rice Price of husked rice at Vercelli (coeff, 1.25) Transport costs (Vercelli-Duisburg)	18.87 25.96 270.48 24.90
Target price for husked rice at Duisburg	295.71

⁽¹⁾ As from January 1, 1978, the Community intervention price and the reference price for common wheat of bread-making quality valid in the other member states will apply in Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom.

SUGAR AND ISOGLUCOSE

UA

	1977/1978
Minimum price per ton of beet	25.43
a) Intervention price per 199 kg of white sugar b) Storage costs levy c) Total a + b d) Target price per 100 kg of white sugar e) Storage costs levy f) Total d + e g) Intervention price per 100 kg of raw sugar h) Storage costs levy i) Total g + h	32.83 1.77 34.60 34.56 1.77 36.33 27.25 1.63 28.88
Threshold price per 100 kg of white sugar 39.72	
Refund of storage costs for white sugar (q1/month) Coefficient for fixing the maximum quota 1.35	

National aid authorized in Italy: Maintained at 9.9 UA/ton for "A" quota sugal increased by 170,000 tons. If total production exceeds 1.4 mio tons, the aid may be applied over the whole production within the total permitted limit of 106.62 mio UA.

OILS AND FATS OF VEGETABLE ORIGIN

UA/100 kg

	1977/1978
Colza and rape seeds - Target price - Intervention price	28.53 27.71
Sunflower seed - Target price - Intervention price	30.78 29.89
Soya seed - Guide price	30.64
Flax + seed - Guide price	31.18

Linseed

Agreement in principle on a minimum aid level of 105 UA/ha for one year.

Cotton seed

Agreement in principle on annual aid at 104 UA/ha.

Fiber flax

Agreement in principle to increase the aid to 194.74 UA/ha (in the United Kingdom 163.72 UA/ha).

Hemp

Agreement in principle to annual aid of 176.87 UA/ha.

Dehydrated fodder

Agreement in principle to production aid of 9.55 UA/t.

Silkworms

Agreement in principle to annual aid at 40.20 UA pe box of silkworm eggs used with the understanding that the additional aid be fixed at 14.07 UA.

Olive oil

	UA/100 kg
	1977/78
Target production price	187.78
Target market price	141.91
Intervention price	134.62

Seeds

CCT heading No	Description of goods	Amount of aid UA/100 kg
ex 12.01 A	Linum usitatissimum L. partim (fibre flax)	13
	Linum usitatissimum L. partim (lin seed)	10
	Cannabis sativa (L. monoica)	9
	1. GRAMINEAE	
ex 12.03 C	Arrhenatherum elatius (L)J. and C. Presl. Dactylis glomerata L. Festuca arundinacea Schreb. Festuca ovina L. Festuca pratensis Huds. Festuca rubra L. Lolium multiflorum Lam. Lolium perenne L.	31 27 27 19 21 18 11
	 of high persistence, late or medium late new varieties and others of low persistence, medium 	17 13
	late, medium early or early Lolium x Lybridum Hausskn. Phleum pratense L. Poa nemoralis L. Poa pratensis L. Poa tri Vialis L. 2. LEGUMINOSAE	10 11 33 19 19 19
ex 07.05 A I	Pisum arvense L.	4
ex 07.05 A III	Vicia faba L. ssp. faba var. equina Pers. Vica faba L. var. minor	4
ex 12.03 C	(Peterm.) bull Medicago sativa (ecotypes) Medicago sativa L. (varieties) Trifolium pratense L. Trifolium repens L. Trifolium repens L. var.	4 8 13 22 24
	giganteum Vicia sativa L.	25 14

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

Intervention prices

- + 4% for cauliflower, tomatoes, peaches and lemons
- + 3% for apples, pears, oranges, mandarines
- + 2% for table grapes.

Marketing period for oranges: Extended until May 1978, the price for the month of April being applicable.

Marketing premium for oranges, mandarines and clementines: increased by 3%.

TOBACCO

a) Norm price: To be increased between 0% and 4% according to the variety.

No.	Variety	% premium increase
1	Badischer Geudertheimer	4.5
2	Badischer Burley	4.5
3	Virgin D	8
4	Paraguay	5
5	Nijkerk	5 3
5 6	Burley (B + B)	3
7	Misionero	5
8	Philippin	6
9	Semois	6
10	Bright	4
lla	Burley	2.5
11b	Maryland	4
12	Kentucky	4
13	Nostrano	0
14	Beneventano	0
15	Xanti Yaka	1
16	Perustitiza	2
17	Erzegovina	1
18	Round Tip	2
19	Brasile	8

WINE

Type of wine		1977/1978	
RI	(UA/*h1)	2.03	
RII	(UA/*h1)	2.03	
RIII	(UA/*h1)	31.65	
A 1	(UA/*h1)	1.90	
A 1 1	(UA/*h1)	42.18	
A 1 1 1	(UA/*h1)	48.16	

The conversion premiums are extended to the 1977/1978 and 1978/1979 marketing years at the rates applicable for the 1976/1977 marketing year, i.c. a basic premium of 1,500 UA/h1.

BEEF AND VEAL

1977/	1978
Ireland and the United Kingdom	Other member states and from 1 January 1978 all member states
118.27 UA/100 kg 106.44 UA/100 kg	122.90 UA/100 kg 110.61 UA/100 kg

Guide price for beef animals (liveweight) Intervention price for beef animals (liveweight)

Agreement in principle to maintenance of existing arrangements concerning the slaughter premium for certain adult bovine animals for slaughter during the 1977/78 marketing year. The system of calving premiums (35 u.a. per calf) and the conditions for its application is extended until the 1977/78 marketing year.

PIGMEAT

1977/1978

Basic price (pig carcases)

120.20 UA/100 kg (as from 1/11/1977)

MILK PRODUCTS

1977/78 UA/100 kg on 1 May 1977

Target price for milk	17.35
Intervention price:	
Butter	
- in Ireland	226.96
- in the United Kingdom	205.45
- in the other member states and from 1 January, 1978, in all member states	230.95
Skimmed milk powder Grana Padano cheeses	94.09
- aged from 30 to 60 days	223.72
- aged over 6 months	269.34
Parmigiano-Reggiano cheese aged over 6 months	292.57

The Agreement in principle on a general butter subsidy, of which the Community contribution will be as follows:

- (a) for subsidy levels up to 20 UA/100 kg, the Community contribution will be 25%, and
- (b) for subsidy levels between 20 and 56 UA/100 kg, the Community contribution will be 50%.

Consumer subsidy for butter in the United Kingdom: 33 UA per 100 kg with effect from May 1, 1977, until March 31, 1978, to be financed 100% by the EAGGF, in respect of Community butter only. Subsidy to be gradually reduced as from April 1, 1978, so as to cease completely on December 31, 1978.

Non-marketing subsidy and conversion premium

The EAGGF financial contribution will be 100% (60% from the "Guarantee" Section and 40% from the "Guidance" Section).

Amounts are as follows: up to 30,000kg, 95%; from 30 to 50,000 kg, 90%; and from 50 to 120,000 kg, 75%, of the target price. The conversion premium is to be 90% of the target price for up to 120,000 kg.

General rules on the granting of aid for skimmed milk and skimmed milk powder intended for use as feedingstuffs:

- Grant supplemenary aid for liquid skimmed milk used by pig farmers and for skimmed milk powder used in the manufacture of compound feedingstuffs for pigs or poultry (including fresh powder).
- Set a maximum for the water content of skimmed milk powder for which aid may be granted.

* Community actions for the eradication of brucellosis, tuberculosis and lukosis in cattle: Commission proposal adopted and date for enforcing criteria set at August 1, 1977.

School milk: Commission proposal adopted.

Intervention prices for Italian cheeses: Grana and Parmesan cheese prices fixed to take account of a 10% increase in manufacturing margins.

Temporary suspension of aid for the purchase of dairy cows: To remain in effect until December 31, 1979

^{*} See Agricultural Background Note 1/1977

SCHEDULE OF EVENTS -- MAY 1977

(All events are in Brussels unless otherwise noted)

May	3 -	Foreign Affairs Council convenes
May	5 -	President Roy Jenkins visits Luxembourg
May	5 - 6	Negotiations continue on fishing: EEC/Poland
May	7 - 8	London economic summit
May	9 - 13	European Parliament convenes in Strasbourg
May	10 -11	Negotiations continue on fishing: EEC / East Germany
May	16 - 17	Council on Agriculture
May	30 - June	l Conference on International Economic Cooperation : Paris North / South Dialogue
May	31	Meeting of Council on Foreign Affairs
May	31	Conference of Economic and Financial Ministers