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Harmonized Indices of Consumer Prices - January 1997

The annual rate of change for the EU as a whole, as measured by the Harmonized Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) of the 15 Member States was 2.2% in January 1997. This index will be referred to as the European Index of Consumer Prices (EICP). A year ago, in January 1996, the corresponding rate was 2.7%.

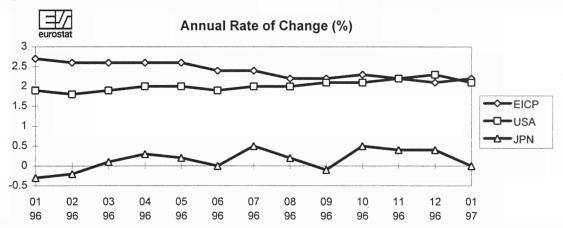
The annual rate of change (inflation rate) for the EICP increased by 0.1 percentage points between December 1996 and January 1997.

EU Member States with the lowest inflation rates in January 1997 were Finland (0.9%), Luxembourg (1.3%), and Sweden (1.3%). Highest inflation rates were reported from Greece (6.6%), Portugal (2.8%) and Spain (2.8%).

The annual rate of change for the European Economic Area as a whole was 2.2% in January 1997. A year ago, in January 1996, the corresponding rate was 2.7%. The USA* reports a decrease in the inflation rate to 2.1%. In Japan* the inflation rate declined to 0.0%. In Switzerland* the inflation rate remained stable at 0.6%.

The annual rates of change (inflation rates) in EU, USA* and Japan* from January 1996 to January 1997 are shown in the graph below:

^{*} For the USA, Japan, and Switzerland the national CPIs are given, which are not strictly comparable with the HICPs.



Sub-indices for the HICPs and national CPIs are available from the Eurostat database NEWCRONOS. For further information please contact Eurostat Data Shop by tel. +352-433522-51 or fax: +352-433522-221.

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TABLE I
HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES
INDEX NUMBERS

	EICP	В	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL		L	NL
		Annual Ave	erage Index	(.1	996 = 100	
1995	97.7*	98.3	98.1	98.8	92.7	96.6\$	98.0	:	96.2*	98.8\$	98.6
1996	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1997											
1998											•
1995		Monthly In	dex								
January	96.2*	97.8	97.2	98.0	89.3	94.9\$	97.0	:	93.3*	98.4\$	97.6
February	96.7*	97.9	97.6	98.5	88.9	95.3\$	97.3	97.0	94.0*	98.5\$	98.2
March	97.0*	97.9	97.9	98.4	91.1	95.9\$	97.5	:	94.8*	98.6\$	98.9
April	97.4*	98.0	98.2	98.6	92.1	96.4\$	97.7	:	95.3*	98.6\$	99.1
May	97.6*	98.1	98.5	98.7	93.0	96.4\$	97.8	98.0	95.9*	98.7\$	98.9
June	97.8*	98.1	98.3	99.0	93.5	96.5\$	97.8	:	96.5*	98.8\$	98.7
July	97.7*	98.4	97.7	99.2	91.8	96.5\$	97.6	:	96.7*	98.8\$	98.0
August	97.9*	98.7	97.9	99.1	91.9	96.8\$	98.1	98.0	96.9*	98.8\$	98.1
September	98.2*	98.6	98.5	99.0	94.1	97.2\$	98.5	:	97.2*	98.9\$	99.0
October	98.3*	98.4	98.5	98.9	94.8	97.3\$	98.6	:	97.5*	99.1\$	99.0
November	98.4*	98.5	98.7	98.8	95.2	97.6\$	98.7	98.4	98.1*	99.2\$	99.0
December	98.6*	98.7	98.6	99.1	96.7	97.9\$	98.8	:	98.2*	99.3\$	98.5
1996		Monthly In	dex							٠	
January	98.8\$	99.1	98.4	99.2	96.3	98.5\$	98.9	:	98.6	99.4	98.9
February	99.2\$	99.2	99.0	99.7	96.1	98.7\$	99.3	99.1	99.0	99.5	99.3
March	99.6\$	99.5	99.6	99.8	98.9	99.1\$	100.0	:	99.3	99.6	100.3
April	99.9\$	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.9	99.7\$	100.1	:	99.7	99.8	100.5
May	100.1\$	100.1	100.1	100.0	100.7	100.1\$	100.3	100.0	100.1	99.9	100.2
June	100.2\$	100.0	100.1	100.1	100.9	100.0\$	100.2	:	100.3	99.9	99.7
July	100.1\$	99.9	99.9	100.4	99.1	100.1\$	100.0	:	100.2	100.0	99.5
August	100.1\$	99.9	100.1	100.3	99.0	100.4\$	99.8	100.2	100.3	100.1	99.4
September	100.4\$	100.1	100.6	100.1	101.3	100.7\$	100.1	:	100.4	100.1	100.4
October	100.5\$	100.6	100.8	100.1	102.1	100.8\$	100.4	:	100.5	100.3	100.8
November	100.5\$	100.6	100.8	100.1	102.2	100.8\$	100.3	100.7	100.9	100.6	100.7
December	100.7\$	100.8	100.7	100.3	103.4	101.1\$	100.5	:	101.0	100.6	100.5
1997		Monthly In	dex								
January	100.9\$	101.3	101.0	100.9	102.7	101.3\$	100.7	100.2	101.2	100.7	100.7
February											
March											•
April			•								
May											
June											
July											
August											
September											
October									÷		
November											
December	1										

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

TABLE I CONTINUED HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES INDEX NUMBERS

* estimated

\$ provisional

revised

! definition differs

: Not available

TABLE II NATIONAL CPIs INDEX NUMBERS



A	Р	FIN	S	UK	EEAICP	IS	N	СН		USA	JAP	
				ľ					1	996 = 100		
98.3	97.2	98.5	99.2		97.7*	97.9	99.3	99.	2	97.2	99.8	1995
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100		100.0	100.0	1996
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		. 0	100.0	100.0	1997
												1998
												1995
97.8	95.9	97.8	97.9	:	96.2*	97.2	98.3	98.		95.8	100.0	January
98.0	96.4	98.2	98.3	:	96.7*	97.2	98.6	99.		96.2	99.6	February
98.1	96.8	98.3	98.8	:	97.1*	97.1	99.2	99.		96.5	99.5	March
98.1	97.3	98.4	99.4	:	97.4*	97.3	99.2	99.		96.8	99.9	April
98.2	97.2	98.5	99.5	•	97.6*	97.5	99.4 99.6	99.		97.0 97.2	100.2	May
98.4	96.9 96.9	98.7 98.7	99.3 99.0	:	97.8* 97.7*	97.5 97.8	99.6	99		97.2	100.1 99.4	June July
98.4 98.4	96.9 97.3	98.7	99.0	:	97.7	98.2	99.3	99		97.2	99.4	August
98.5	97.5	98.7	99.9	:	98.2*	98.3	99.7	99.		97.7	100.3	September
98.4	97.8	98.8	100.0	:	98.3*	98.9	99.7	99		98.0	99.8	October
98.4	97.9	98.6	100.0	:	98.4*	98.7	99.6	99		97.9	99.6	November
98.4	97.9	98.5	99.7		98.6*	98.6	99.5	99.		97.9	99.7	December
				-								
												1996
99.1\$	98.3	99.2	99.1	98.5	98.8\$	98.8	98.8	99.	7	98.4	99.6	January
99.4\$	98.8	99.5	99.3	98.9	99.2\$	99.0	98.9	99.		98.8	99.4	February
99.6\$	99.0	99.7	100.0	99.3	99.6\$	99.2	99.2	100		99.3	99.6	March
99.7\$	99.8	99.9	100.4	99.9	99.9\$	99.6	99.6	100		99.6	100.3	April
99.5\$	100.2	100.3	100.5	100.2	100.1\$	100.0	99.8	99.		99.8	100.4	May
100.0\$	100.2	100.3	100.1	100.3	100.2\$	100.0	99.9	99.	. 9	99.9	100.1	June
100.3\$	100.4	100.1	99.9	99.7	100.1\$	100.1	100.3	99.	. 8	100.1	100.0	July
100.3\$	100.7	99.9	99.6	100.2	100.1\$	100.5	100.1	100	. 1	100.3	99.8	August
100.5\$	100.7	100.2	100.4	100.7	100.4\$	100.5	100.5	100	. 2	100.6	100.2	September
100.5\$	100.5	100.4	100.4	100.7	100.5\$	100.8	101.0	100		100.9	100.4	October
100.6\$	100.7	100.2	100.2	100.7	100.5\$	100.8	100.9	100		101.1		November
100.6\$	100.7	100.2	100.2	101.0	100.7\$	100.5	100.9	100	. 2	101.1	100.2#	December
												1997
100.7\$	101.1	100.1	100.4	100.6	100.9\$	100.8	102.0	100	. 5	101.4	99.6\$	January February March
												April
												May
												June
												July
												August
												September
												October
												November
												December
_												

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TABLE III
HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES
RATE OF CHANGE (%)

Carostat	RATE OF C	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	ı	L	NL
	А	nnual Ave	erage Rate	of Change					19	96 = 100	
1996	2.4*	1.8	1.9	1.2	7.9	3.6\$	2.1	:	4.0*	1.2\$	1.5
1997											
1998											
1999											
1996	A	nnual Rat	e of Chang	е						(t/t-12)	
January	2.7*	1.3	1.2	1.2	7.8	3.8\$	2.0	:	5.7*	1.0\$	1.3
February	2.6*	1.3	1.4	1.2	8.1	3.6\$	2.1	2.2	5.3*	1.0\$	1.1
March	2.6*	1.6	1.7	1.4	8.6	3.3\$	2.6	:	4.7*	1.0\$	1.4
April	2.6*	2.0	1.7	1.2	8.5	3.4\$	2.5	:	4.6*	1.2\$	1.4
May	2.6*	2.0	1.6	1.3	8.3	3.8\$	2.6	2.0	4.4*	1.2\$	1.3
June	2.4*	1.9	1.8	1.1	7.9	3.6\$	2.5	:	3.9*	1.1\$	1.0
July	2.4*	1.5	2.3	1.2	8.0	3.7\$	2.5	:	3.6*	1.2\$	1.5
August	2.2*	1.2	2.2	1.2	7.7	3.7\$	1.7	2.2	3.5*	1.3\$	1.3
September	2.2*	1.5	2.1	1.1	7.7	3.6\$	1.6	:	3.3*	1.2\$	1.4
October	2.3*	2.2	2.3	1.2	7.7	3.6\$	1.8	:	3.1*	1.2\$	1.8
November	2.2*	2.1	2.1	1.3	7.4	3.3\$	1.6	2.3	2.9*	1.4\$	1.7
December	2.1*	2.1	2.1	1.2	6.9	3.3\$	1.7	:	2.9*	1.3\$	2.0
1997	A	nnual Rat	e of Chang	е					+	(t/t-12)	
January	2.2\$	2.2	2.6	1.7	6.6	2.8\$	1.8	1.9\$	2.6	1.3	1.8
February											
March											
April	-										
May											
June											
July	•										
August						•					
September											
October											
November											
December											
1998	A	nnual Rat	e of Chang	e						(t/t-12)	
January						•					
February]										
March											
April											
May											
June											
July											
August											
September											
October											
November	1										
December											

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

TABLE III CONTINUED HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES RATE OF CHANGE (%)

TABLE IV NATIONAL CPIS RATE OF CHANGE (%)



TOTAL OF C									CHANGE (
A	Р	FIN	S	UK	EEAICP	IS	N	СН	USA	JAP	
									1996 = 100		
									1990 - 100		
1.8\$	2.9	1.5	0.8	.	2.4*	2.2	0.7	0.8	2.9	0.2	1996
]						1997
											1998
											1999
					1						
											1996
1 26	2 5	1 4	1 0		2 74	1 6	٥.5		1.0	0 2	lanuani
1.3\$	2.5	1.4	1.2		2.7*	1.6	0.5	1.1	1.9		January February
1.4\$	2.5	1.3	1.0	:	2.6*	1.9	0.3	0.6	1.8		1
1.5\$	2.3	1.4	1.2	:	2.6*	2.2	0.0	0.7	1.9		March
1.6\$	2.6	1.5	1.0	:	2.5*	2.4	0.4	0.7	2.0		April May
1.3\$	3.1	1.8	1.0	:	2.6*	2.6	0.4	0.5	2.0		(
1.6\$	3.4	1.6	0.8	:	2.4*	2.6	0.3	0.5	1.9	0.0	June
1.9\$	3.6	1.4	0.9	:	2.4*	2.4	0.8	0.5	2.0	0.5	July
1.9\$	3.5	1.4	0.6	:	2.2*	2.3	0.9	0.5	2.0	0.2	August
2.0\$	3.3	1.5	0.5	:	2.2*	2.2	0.8	0.4	2.1	-0.1	September
2.1\$	2.8	1.6	0.4	:	2.3*	1.9	1.3	0.6	2.1	0.5	October
2.2\$	2.9	1.6	0.2	:	2.2*	2.1	1.3	0.5	2.2	0.4	November
2.2\$	2.9	1.7	0.5	:	2.1*	1.9	1.4	0.6	2.3	0.4#	December
											1997
						0.0	2 0		0.1	0.00	lanuan.
1.6\$	2.8	0.9	1.3	2.1	2.2\$	2.0	3.2	0.6	2.1	0.05	January
											February
											March
											April
											May
											June
											July
				1							August
											September
											October
				ŀ							November
											December
											1998
					1						January
											February
											March
											April
											May
											June
											July
											August
											September
				1							October
				1							November
											December

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	



TABLE V
MAIN CATEGORIES OF HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES
RATE OF CHANGE (%)

		EU	В	DK	D	EL	Е	F
COICOP/HICP								
Group No	January 1997 / January 1996	,	Annual R	Rate of Ch	ange			
00.	HICP (all-items index)	2.2\$	2.2	2.6	1.7	6.6	2.8\$	1.8
01.	FOOD AND NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	1.7\$	1.9	2.5	1.3	6.3	1.1\$	2.5
02.	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO	3.6\$	4.6	1.9	2.2	8.0	7.6\$	5.1
03.	CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	1.1\$	0.6	8.4	0.7	7.4	2.4\$	-0.1
04.	HOUSING, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS AND OTHER FUELS	3.4\$	3.5	3.9	3.3	6.2	3.9\$	2.7
05.	FURNISHINGS, HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF THE HOUSE	1.4\$	0.8	1.5	0.5	6.5	3.3\$	0.6
06A.	HEALTH	3.3\$	0.7	-0.1	0.6	0.9	3.4\$	2.9
07.	TRANSPORT	2.7\$	3.8	2.5	1.2	5.5	4.6\$	2.5
08.	COMMUNICATIONS	-1.0\$	8.2	0.0	-1.3	4.7	0.2\$	-2.8
09.	RECREATION AND CULTURE	1.6\$	0.4	0.0	2.6	6.7	2.9\$	0.3
10A.	EDUCATION	3.2\$:	2.0	3.3	8.0	4.4\$:
11.	HOTELS, CAFES AND RESTAURANTS	2.5\$	2.0	2.7	0.9	7.3	3.1\$	1.5
12.	MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES	2.1\$	0.5	1.9	1.1	8.7	2.4\$:



TABLE VI MAIN CATEGORIES OF HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES RATE OF CHANGE (%)

		EU	В	DK	D	EL	Е	F
COICOP/HICP								
Group No	January 1996 / January 1995		Annual R	ate of Cha	ange			
00.	HICP (all-items index)	2.7*	1.3	1.2	1.2	7.8	3.8\$	2.0
01.	FOOD AND NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	2.2*	-0.1	1.1	0.1	5.2	4.1\$:
02.	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO	3.6*	1.2	2.9	1.3	6.1	6.3\$:
03.	CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	2.3*	0.9	-5.0	0.7	9.7	2.9\$:
04.	HOUSING, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS AND OTHER FUELS	3.7*	2.8	2.9	2.2	10.7	4.0\$:
05.	FURNISHINGS, HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF THE HOUSE	3.1*	0.7	1.2	1.0	7.6	4.5\$:
06A.	HEALTH	2.2*	1.4	0.9	0.1	1.4	2.9\$:
07.	TRANSPORT	3.5*	2.3	2.2	1.6	4.8	3.9\$:
08.	COMMUNICATIONS	4.2*	6.8	0.0	2.7	10.4	-0.1\$:
09.	RECREATION AND CULTURE	2.2*	0.8	-1.2	0.4	8.4	3.5\$:
10A.	EDUCATION	4.7*	:	2.2	5.5	9.7	4.3\$:
11.	HOTELS, CAFES AND RESTAURANTS	3.6*	2.0	1.0	1.7	11.0	4.0\$:
12.	MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES	3.9*	1.6	2.4	1.2	12.2	3.7\$:

I* estimated	(C	44	! definition differs	. Niek erreitekte	
i estimaten	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

TABLE V CONTINUED MAIN CATEGORIES OF HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES RATE OF CHANGE (%)



IRL	1	L	NL	Α	Р	FIN	S	UK	EEA	IS	N
1	007 / 1	400	•								
January 1	9977Jan	uary 199	6	F	Annual R	ate of Ch	ange	İ			
1.9\$	2.6	1.3	1.8	1.6\$	2.8	0.9	1.3	2.1	2.2\$	2.0	3.2
:	1.8	0.3	2.0	0.2\$	2.2	0.5	0.0	0.8	1.7\$	2.7	2.8
:	2.3	0.7	1.4	2.9\$	4.2	2.0	2.0	4.2	3.6\$	2.1	8.7
:	3.1	0.5	-0.2	-1.7\$	1.2	-1.6	2.4	-2.6	1.1\$	-0.4	0.6
:	3.6	4.4	5.1	5.3\$	2.6	3.0	4.0	2.5	3.5\$	4.0	7.9
:	2.8	0.5	0.0	0.6\$	2.7	0.2	0.0	0.7	1.3\$	1.8	0.6
:	8.0	1.0	1.7	1.0\$	4.6	1.4	2.0	1.8	3.3\$	7.1	-0.9
:	2.2	1.3	1.3	2.1\$	4.6	-0.3	1.2	5.3	2.7\$	3.9	2.8
:	-1.7	3.4	0.9	2.7\$	2.6	1.5	-1.3	-3.0	-1.0\$	-3.1	-3.4
:	1.8	0.9	0.9	1.2\$	1.8	0.9	-1.4	1.0	1.5\$	-0.3	1.3
:	1.2	0.0	1.8	7.4\$	4.6	1.0	0.2	4.7	3.2\$:	6.3
:	3.3	1.2	1.5	1.5\$	3.1	0.9	1.0	3.6	2.5\$	2.3	2.4
:	2.7	1.6	1.0	1.3\$	4.2	1.0	1.8	3.4	2.1\$	0.3	1.2

TABLE VI CONTINUED

MAIN CATEGORIES OF HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES

RATE OF CHANGE (%)



IRL	t	L	NL	Α	Р	FIN	S	UK	EEA	IS	N
January 1	1996 / Jani	uary 1995	5		Annual R	ate of Ch	ange				
:	5.7*	1.0\$	1.3	1.3\$	2.5	1.4	1.2	:	2.7*	1.6	0.5
:	5.1*	:	-0.2	-1.1\$	0.0	-3.8	-5.3	:	2.2*	3.6	-0.3
:	10.2*	:	1.2	-0.7\$	4.9	3.3	3.4	:	3.6*	0.4	2.9
. :	4.5*	:	-0.2	-2.4\$	1.6	-0.4	-1.7	:	2.3*	0.1	-1.8
:	6.1*	:	4.4	4.1\$	1.7	3.7	4.3	:	3.7*	1.3	0.8
:	5.7*	:	0.3	0.1\$	3.7	1.7	5.6	:	3.0*	3.0	0.9
:	4.8*	:	0.5	0.3\$	10.1	2.2	3.1		2.2*	1.9	4.6
:	8.0*	:	0.5	4.7\$	4.3	3.1	2.0	:	3.4*	2.1	0.3
:	5.3*	:	8.0	0.5\$	5.3	-5.1	6.2	:	4.1*	-5.2	-2.8
:	4.3*	:	0.2	0.1\$	6.4	0.6	1.9	:	2.2*	0.3	1.6
:	3.3*	:	2.3	6.7\$	5.9	.0.7	-7.3	:	4.7*	:	2.9
:	4.7*	:	2.1	2.4\$	2.8	1.4	3.4	:	3.6*	-0.2	1.9
:	6.4*	:	1.2	0.5\$	5.1	-0.4	2.2	:	3.9*	2.1	2.7

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	
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HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Treaty on European Union sets a timetable for achieving Stage III of Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) by 1 January 1999 at the latest. Participating Member States are required to have achieved a high degree of sustainable economic convergence. One of the criteria is to have sustainable price performance and an average rate of inflation over a year that does not exceed by more than one and a half percentage points that of, at most, the three best-performing Member States (in terms of price stability). Furthermore, to conform to the Protocol on the convergence criteria "inflation shall be measured by means of the Consumer Price Index on a comparable basis, taking into account differences in national definitions".

Harmonized Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) provide such a measurement and will be used by the Commission and European Monetary Institute (EMI) in the assessment of inflation convergence as required under the Treaty. They will subsequently form the basis of the Monetary Union Index of Consumer Prices (MUICP) to be used by, among others, the future European Central Bank. The HICPs are primarily designed to facilitate international comparisons of consumer price inflation across the European Union. The focus lies on comparability among the indices of the different countries as well as their relative movements.

The interim indices which Eurostat launched on 29 February 1996 and published during 1996 were based entirely on existing national CPIs, adjusted solely so as to make the product coverage as similar as possible. In contrast to the interim indices, the HICPs are harmonized not only on coverage but also in several methodological aspects. Although very considerable progress has been made, more work remains to be done for achieving further harmonization.

The product coverage of the HICPs has been extended as compared to the interim indices. The HICPs now cover, for example, insurance for cars and dwellings' contents, package holidays, banking services, evening classes, and health goods that are obtainable without prescription. However, some difficult categories, such as health and educational services, are still not covered. Some CPIs include either imputed rents or mortgage interest payments in respect of owner occupiers. These are excluded from the HICPs.

In order to keep HICPs broadly in step with each other and up-to-date in terms of market developments, they will incorporate new

products, such as mobile phones and personal computers, when they achieve a significant sales volume. The HICPs must be shown to be based on samples sufficient to yield reliable and comparable results, taking account of the national diversity of products and of prices. The samples must be kept well up to date, in particular by banning the practice whereby "missing" prices are simply assumed to be equal to the last observed prices. In order to measure "pure" price changes, the prices included in the HICPs need to be adjusted for changes in the quality of the goods and services to which they relate. Certain extreme practices in this area, such as "automatic linking", have been ruled out. Furthermore, the HICPs have to be compiled using either a particular, specified, formula for combining sets of detailed price data to a price index number, or an alternative that can be shown to give similar results.

The analysis of sources of inflationary pressure requires a sub-division of the HICP into component parts relating to different product groups. The HICPs are compiled using a version of the international classification COICOP (Classification Of Individual COnsumption by Purpose) which has been specially adapted for the HICPs and is known as COICOP/HICP. The sub-indices and weights published by Eurostat are based on this classification. There is no "uniform basket" applying to all Member States.

The European Index of Consumer Prices (EICP) is calculated as a weighted average of the HICPs of the 15 EU Member States. The index is computed as an annual chain index allowing for country weights changing each year. The weight of a Member State is its proportion of final consumption expenditure of households in the EU total. The values of final consumption expenditure in national currencies are converted into purchasing power standards (PPS) using purchasing power parities of final consumption. The country weights used in 1997 are national accounts data for 1995 at 1996 prices. The European Economic Area Index of Consumer Prices (EEAICP) is calculated in the same way, with the inclusion of Iceland and Norway.

More methodological details are given in the Eurostat news release "Harmonizing the way the EU measures inflation", No 21/97, of 5 March 1997, in the regular "Progress Report on HICPs" by Eurostat and in Regulations (EC) No 2494/95, No 1749/96 and No 2214/96.