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Harmonized Indices of Consumer Prices – February 1998

The rate of inflation in the EU, as measured by the European Index of Consumer Prices (EICP) was 1.4% comparing February 1998 with February 1997. The EICP is the average of the Harmonized Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) of the 15 EU Member States. A year ago, in February 1997, the corresponding rate was 2.0%.

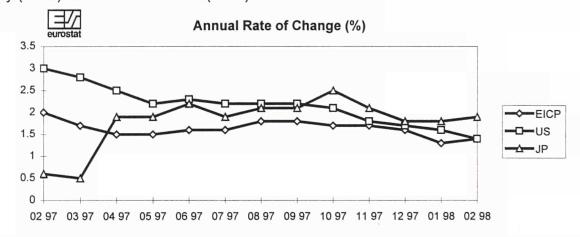
The annual rate of change for the EICP increased from 1.3% to 1.4% between January and February 1998.

EU Member States with the lowest inflation rates in February 1998 were France (0.7%), Belgium (0.8%) and Germany (0.8%). Highest inflation rates were reported for Greece (4.1%), Italy (2.1%) and the Netherlands (2.1%).

The annual rate of inflation for the European Economic Area (EEA) as a whole was 1.4% in February 1998. A year ago, in February 1997, the corresponding rate was 2.0%. The February annual rate of change remained stable at 0.0% in Switzerland*, decreased to 1.4% in the USA*, while it increased to 1.9% in Japan*.

The annual rates of change (inflation rates) for the EU, the USA* and Japan* from February 1998 to February 1997 are shown in the graph below:

^{*} For the USA, Japan, and Switzerland the national CPIs are given, which are not strictly comparable with the HICPs.



Sub-indices for the HICPs and the national CPIs are available from the Eurostat database NEWCRONOS. For further information please contact Eurostat Data Shop by tel. +352-433522-51 or fax: +352-433522-221.

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TABLE I
HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES
INDEX NUMBERS

	11.40	UMBERS									
	EICP	В	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL
	Annua	l Average	e Index						19	96 = 100	
1995	97.7*	98.3	98.0	98.8	92.7	96.6	98.0	97.9*	96.2	98.8	98.6
1996	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1997	101.7	101.5	101.9	101.5	105.4	101.9	101.3	101.2	101.9	101.4	101.9
1996	Month	ıly Index									
January	98.8*	99.2	98.4	99.2	96.3	98.5	98.9	98.5*	98.6	99.4	98.7
February	99.2	99.3	99.0	99.7	96.1	98.7	99.3	99.2	99.0	99.5	99.2
March	99.6*	99.5	99. 6	99.8	98.9	99.1	100.0	99.7*	99.3	99.6	100.4
April	99.9*	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.9	99.7	100.1	99.5*	99.7	99.8	100.7
May	100.1	100.2	100.1	100.0	100.7	100.1	100.3	99.7	100.1	99.9	100.3
June	100.2*	100.0	100.1	100.1	100.9	100.0	100.2	99.9*	100.3	99.9	99.8
July	100.0*	99.9	99.9	100.4	99.1	100.1	100.0	99.7*	100.2	100.0	99.5
August	100.1	99.9	100.1	100.3	99.0	100.4	99.8	100.3	100.3	100.1	99.3
September	100.4*	100.1	100.6	100.1	101.3	100.7	100.1	100.8*	100.4	100.1	100.4
October	100.5*	100.6	100.8	100.2	102.1	100.8	100.4	100.7*	100.5	100.3	100.7
November	100.5	100.6	100.9	100.1	102.2	100.8	100.3	100.8	100.9	100.6	100.5
December	100.7*	100.8	100.7	100.3	103.4	101.1	100.5	101.2*	101.0	100.6	100.4
1997	Month	ly index									
January	100.9	101.3	100.7	100.9	102.7	101.3	100.7	100.3	101.2	100.7	100.4
February	101.1	101.2	101.1	101.2	102.3	101.2	101.0	100.9	101.3	101.0	100.6
March	101.3	100.8	101.4	101.1	104.7	101.3	101.1	101.0	101.5	100.9	101.6
April	101.4	101.1	101.6	101.0	105.6	101.3	101.1	101.1	101.6	100.9	101.7
May	101.7	101.6	102.3	101.4	106.1	101.4	101.2	101.1	101.9	101.0	101.9
June	101.7	101.6	102.5	101.6	106.5	101.4	101.2	101.4	101.9	101.1	101.3
July	101.7	101.8	101.9	101.9	104.3	101.6	101.1	101.2	101.9	101.3	101.4
August	101.9	101.6	102.1	102.0	104.5	102.1	101.4	100.9	101.9	101.5	101.8
September	102.1	101.7	102.5	101.7	106.3	102.6	101.6	101.4	102.0	101.8	102.9
October	102.2	101.8	102.4	101.6	106.8	102.6	101.5	101.5	102.4	102.0	103.0
November	102.3	101.9	102.5	101.5	107.3	102.7	101.7	101.9	102.7	102.1	103.0
December	102.4	101.7	102.3	101.7	108.1	103.0	101.7	102.2	102.8	102.1	102.6
1998											
January	102.2	101.8	102.4	101.7	107.1	103.2	101.3	101.5	103.1	102.2	102.0
February	102.5\$	102.0	102.8	102.0	106.5	102.9	101.7	102.0	103.4	102.1	102.7\$

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

TABLE I CONTINUED HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES

TABLE II
NATIONAL CPIS



INDEX NUMBERS INDEX NUMBERS IS Р FIN S UK EEAICP Ν CH US JΡ Α 1996 = 100 97.6* 97.7* 97.9 99.3 99.2 97.2 98.3 97.2 98.9 99.2 99.9 1995 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1996 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 102.6 100.6 101.9 101.8 101.7 101.8 102.3 101.7 1997 101.2 101.9 101.2 1996 99.1 98.5 98.8* 98.8 98.8 99.7 98.4 99.6 99.4 98.3 99.2 January 98.8 98.9 99.0 98.9 99.4 99.7 99.6 99.3 99.2 99.9 98.8 February 100.0 99.0 99.8 100.0 99.4 99.6* 99.2 99.2 100.0 99.3 99.6 March 99.9 99.9* 99.6 99.6 99.6 100.2 April 99.9 99.8 100.0 100.4 100.1 100.2 100.0 99.8 99.8 100.4 May 100.3 100.5 100.1 99.8 99.8 100.2 100.3 100.0 100.0 99.9 100.1 June 100.1 100.2 100.3 100.1 100.2* 99.9 100.3 99.9 99.6 100.1* 100.1 100.3 99.8 100.1 100.0 July 100.2 100.4 99.9 100.7 99.9 99.6 100.2 100.1 100.5 100.1 100.1 100.3 99.9 August 100.5 100.6 100.3 September 99.9 100.7 100.1 100.4 100.7 100.4* 100.5 100.1 100.5* 100.8 100.3 100.9 100.5 October 100.2 100.4 100.6 101.0 100.1 100.5 100.7 100.8 100.9 100.1 101.1 100.2 November 100.4 100.7 100.0 100.2 100.5 100.7* 100.5 100.9 100.2 101.1 100.3 December 100.7 100.7 100.2 100.2 101.0 1997 100.6 101.1 100.1 100.4 100.6 100.9 100.8 102.0 100.5 101.4 100.2 January 101.1 100.9 101.1 100.9 102.3 100.7 101.8 100.0 February 100.2 100.4 101.2 101.3 100.9 102.6 100.6 102.0 100.0 March 101.2 101.3 100.5 101.0 101.1 April 101.1 101.4 100.9 101.7 101.4 101.4 101.8 102.3 100.7 102.1 102.1 101.8 101.7 101.5 102.6 100.4 102.1 102.3 May 101.1 102.1 101.2 101.8 102.3 101.1 101.8 101.4 101.8 102.0 101.7 101.6 102.8 100.5 102.2 June 101.1 101.6 101.6 101.7 101.7 102.3 100.3 102.3 101.9 July 101.8 101.4 102.2 101.9 102.0 102.2 100.6 102.5 102.0 August 101.2 102.3 101.6 101.7 100.6 102.8 102.7 September 101.1 102.2 101.7 103.0 102.5 102.1 102.4 102.6 102.6 102.2 102.9 102.9 100.6 103.0 103.0 October 101.9 103.1 101.2 102.1 102.6 102.3 102.7 103.0 100.5 103.0 102.3 November 101.5 102.6 101.8 102.9 102.6 100.6 102.8 102.1 December 101.7 102.8 101.8 102.9 102.8 102.4 103.1 1998 101.8# 102.7 101.9 102.5 102.1 102.2 103.0 103.6 100.6 103.0 102.0 January 102.1\$ 102.4 102.4 102.5\$ 102.8 103.8 100.7 103.2 101.9 February 102.5 101.9

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

eurostat

TABLE III
HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES

RATE OF CHANGE (%)

eurostat	RATE OF ((%)								
	EICP	В	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	1]	L	NL
	A	ınnual Av	∕erage Ra	te of Cha	inge				199	6 = 100	
1996	2.4*	1.8	2.1	1.2	7.9	3.6	2.1	2.2*	4.0	1.2	1.4
1997	1.7*	1.5	1.9	1.5	5.4	1.9	1.3	1.2*	1.9	1.4	1.9
1996	A	innual Ra	ite of Cha	nge						(t/t-12)	
January	2.7*	1.4	1.4	1.3	7.8	3.8	2.0	2.3*	5.7	1.0	1.1
February	2.6*	1.4	1.6	1.2	8.1	3.6	2.1	2.3	5.3	0.9	1.0
March	2.7*	1.6	1.9	1.4	8.6	3.3	2.6	2.4*	4.7	1.0	1.5
April	2.6*	2.0	1.9	1.2	8.5	3.4	2.5	1.9*	4.6	1.2	1.6
May	2.6*	2.1	1.8	1.3	8.3	3.8	2.6	1.9	4.4	1.2	1.4
June	2.4*	1.9	2.0	1.1	7.9	3.6	2.5	1.9*	3.9	1.1	1.1
July	2.4*	1.5	2.4	1.2	8.0	3.7	2.5	1.9*	3.6	1.2	1.5
August	2.2*	1.2	2.4	1.2	7.7	3.7	1.7	2.0	3.5	1.3	1.2
September	2.2*	1.5	2.3	1.1	7.7	3.6	1.6	2.3*	3.3	1.1	1.4
October	2.3*	2.2	2.4	1.3	7.7	3.6	1.8	2.2*	3.1	1.2	1.7
November	2.2*	2.1	2.4	1.3	7.4	3.3	1.6	2.1	2.9	1.3	1.5
December	2.1*	2.1	2.2	1.2	6.9	3.3	1.7	2.4*	2.9	1.3	1.9
1997	A	nnual Ra	ite of Cha	nge						(t/t-12)	
January	2.2*	2.1	2.3	1.7	6.6	2.8	1.8	1.8*	2.6	1.3	1.7
February	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.5	6.5	2.5	1.7	1.7	2.3	1.5	1.4
March	1.7*	1.3	1.8	1.3	5.9	2.2	1.1	1.3*	2.2	1.3	1.2
April	1.5*	1.1	1.7	1.2	5.7	1.6	1.0	1.6*	1.9	1.1	1.0
May	1.5	1.4	2.2	1.4	5.4	1.3	0.9	1.4	1.8	1.1	1.6
June	1.6*	1.6	2.4	1.5	5.6	1.4	1.0	1.5*	1.6	1.2	1.5
Jul y	1.6*	1.9	2.0	1.5	5.2	1.5	1.1	1.5*	1.7	1.3	1.9
August	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.7	5.6	1.7	1.6	0.6	1.6	1.4	2.5
September	1.8*	1.6	1.9	1.6	4.9	1.9	1.5	0.6*	1.6	1.7	2.5
October	1.7*	1.2	1.6	1.4	4.6	1.8	1.1	0.8*	1.9	1.7	2.3
November	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.4	5.0	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.8	1.5	2.5
December	1.6*	0.9	1.6	1.4	4.5	1.9	1.2	1.0*	1.8	1.5	2.2
1998											
January	1.3	0.5	1.7	8.0	4.3	1.9	0.6	1.2	1.9	1.5	1.6
February	1.4\$	8.0	1.7	8.0	4.1	1.7	0.7	1.1	2.1	1.1	2.1\$

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

TABLE III CONTINUED HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES

TABLE IV NATIONAL CPIs

RATE OF CHANGE (%)

eurostat

RATE OF CHANGE (%)

IXXIL OI	011/110	(70)						10/112-01	CHANGE	- (/ 0 /	
Α	Р	FIN	S	UK	EEAICP	IS	N	CH	US	JP	
									1996 = 100	`	
									1990 - 100	J	
1.8	2.9	1.1	0.8	2.5*	2.4*	2.2	0.7	0.8	2.9	0.1	1996
1.2	1.9	1.2	1.8	1.8	1.7*	1.8	2.6	0.5	2.3	1.7	1997
											1
											1996
1.6	2.5	0.4	1.2	2.8*	2.7*	1.6	0.5	1.5	2.7	-0.5	January
1.7	2.5	0.5	1.0	2.7*	2.6*	1.9	0.3	0.8	2.7		February
1.9	2.3	0.8	1.2	2.6*	2.6*	2.2	0.0	0.9	2.8		March
1.8	2.6	1.0	1.0	2.5*	2.5*	2.4	0.4	0.9	2.9	0.2	April
1.6	3.1	1.2	1.0	2.3*	2.6*	2.6	0.4	0.7	2.9		
1.7	3.4	1.1	8.0	2.5*	2.4*	2.6	0.3	0.7	2.8	0.0	June
1.8	3.6	1.1	0.9	2.3*	2.4*	2.4	0.8	0.7	3.0	0.4	July
1.5	3.5	1.0	0.6	2.3*	2.2*	2.3	0.9	0.6	2.9	0.2	August
1.4	3.3	1.2	0.5	2.3*	2.1*	2.2	0.8	0.6	3.0	0.0	September
1.7	2.8	1.3	0.4	2.5*	2.3*	1.9	1.3	0.8	3.0	0.5	October
2.0	2.9	1.4	0.2	2.8*	2.2*	2.1	1.3	0.7	3.3	0.5	November
2.3	2.9	1.7	0.5	2.3*	2.1*	1.9	1.4	0.8	3.3	0.6	December
											1997
1.2	2.8	0.9	1.3	2.1	2.2*	2.0	3.2	0.8	3.0	0.6	January
1.4	2.4	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	3.4	0.8	3.0	0.6	February
1.2	2.3	0.7	1.0	1.7	1.7*	1.7	3.4	0.5	2.8	0.5	March
1.2	1.6	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.5*	2.2	2.7	0.5	2.5		April
1.3	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.8	0.6	2.2		May
1.0	1.6	1.1	1.7	1.7	1.6*	1.6	2.9	0.5	2.3	2.2	June
0.9	1.4	1.1	1.7	2.0	1.7*	1.6	2.0	0.5	2.2		July
1.3	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.5	2.1	0.5	2.2		August
1.2	1.5	1.6	2.6	1.8	1.8*	1.9	2.1	0.4	2.2	2.1	September
1.1	1.6	1.7	2.7	2.0	1.7*	2.1	1.9	0.3	2.1		October
1.1	1.9	1.8	2.7	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.1	0.4	1.8		November
1.0	2.1	1.6	2.7	1.8	1.7*	2.1	2.2	0.4	1.7	1.8	December
											1998
1.2#	1.6	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.3	2.2	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.8	January
1.0\$	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.4\$	1.9	1.5	0.0	1.4	1.9	February

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available



TABLE V
MAIN CATEGORIES OF HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES

ANNUAL RATE OF CHANGE (%)

	ANNUAL RATE OF CHANGE (%)						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		EU	В	DK	D	EL	E	F
COICOP/HICP								
Group No	February 1998 / February 1997		Annual R	ate of Ch	ange			
00.	HICP (all-items index)	1.4\$	0.8	1.7	0.8	4.1	1.7	0.7
01.	FOOD AND NON-ALCOHOLIC	1.5\$	2.7	2.9	2.2	4.1	0.4	1.6
	BEVERAGES							
02.	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO	3.4\$	0.9	1.4	0.2	9.7	10.9	1.8
03.	CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	0.3\$	8.0	-0.2	0.3	5.5	1.6	-0.7
04.	HOUSING, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS AND OTHER FUELS	1.3\$	0.1	2.7	8.0	3.1	2.0	0.6
05.	FURNISHINGS, HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF THE HOUSE	1.0\$	0.1	1.0	0.6	2.8	1.5	0.6
06A.	HEALTH	2.8\$	1.1	0.3	0.9	-16.6	0.5	2.2
07.	TRANSPORT	1.0\$	-1.2	0.7	-0.1	2.5	0.5	0.7
08.	COMMUNICATIONS	-0.5\$	0.1	0.0	8.0	1.5	0.3	-4.3
09.	RECREATION AND CULTURE	0.9\$	1.9	0.7	0.5	5.0	2.8	0.2
10A.	EDUCATION	4.0\$:	0.9	5.1	7.2	2.4	0.9
11.	HOTELS, CAFES AND RESTAURANTS	2.5\$	1.1	1.4	8.0	6.7	2.9	1.8
12.	MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES	1.6\$	0.7	2.7	0.3	5.3	1.8	0.7
COICOP/HICP Group No	February 1997 / February 1996		Annual P	ate of Cha	ango			
·				ate of one	•			
00.	HICP (all-items index)	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.5	6.5	2.5	1.7
01.	FOOD AND NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	0.9	0.7	3.2	0.9	5.5	0.4	1.5
02.	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO	3.5	4.7	2.0	2.3	7.2	7.3	5.0
03.	CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	1.1	0.5	-4.5	0.6	8.9	2.3	1.9
04.	HOUSING, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS AND OTHER FUELS	3.2	2.3	3.4	2.9	5.5	3.9	2.3
05.	FURNISHINGS, HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF THE HOUSE	1.2	0.8	1.4	0.5	7.6	2.8	0.8
06A.	HEALTH	3.7	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.9	3.4	2.7
07.	TRANSPORT	2.5	3.6	3.3	0.9	5.1	3.9	2.1
08.	COMMUNICATIONS	-1.0	8.2	0.0	-0.9	4.7	0.2	-2.4
09.	RECREATION AND CULTURE	1.5	1.3	0.3	2.7	6.2	2.7	0.2
10A.	EDUCATION	3.0	:	2.0	2.0	8.0	4.4	:
11.	HOTELS, CAFES AND RESTAURANTS	2.6	3.0	2.9	1.3	6.8	3.1	1.5
12.	MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES	1.9	0.5	2.1	1.6	8.7	2.2	· :

- 1						
	* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	

TABLE V CONTINUED MAIN CATEGORIES OF HARMONIZED INDICES OF CONSUMER PRICES

ANNUAL RATE OF CHANGE (%)

IRL	ı	L	NL	А	P	FIN	S	UK	EEA	IS	N N
	·	L	145 1			1 114			LLA	10	1 11
February	1998 / Fe	bruary 199	7		Annual F	Rate of Ch	ange				
1.1	2.1	1.1	2.1\$	1.0\$	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.4\$		1.5
2.7	0.7	3.0	1.8\$	2.8\$	2.8	3.3	1.7	0.4	1.5\$	5.4	3.9
3.0	4.0	2.3	4.0\$	0.5\$	2.1	1.9	15.7	5.3	3.5\$	13.5	9.8
-7.5	2.5	1.4	4.5\$	-1.2\$	-11.5	-4.0	-0.1	-3.5	0.3\$	-5.5	-3.8
-2.6	2.8	-0.3	3.7\$	1.0\$	2.8	1.8	1.8	0.5	1.2\$		-1.9
2.7	1.8	1.1	0.9\$	0.7\$	1.9	-0.5	0.1	0.9	1.0\$	0.6	0.1
2.1	1.0	1,1	0.94	0.7\$	1.9	-0.5	0.1	0.9	1.05	0.6	0.1
4.3	6.9	0.3	1.3\$	-2.3\$	4.5	1.9	1.3	4.7	2.8\$	-7.7	4.8
0.7	2.3	-0.4	0.6\$	-0.2\$	3.3	2.8	0.7	2.7	1.0\$		2.7
- 4 .8	1.1	4.0	-0.2\$	-1.2\$	-1.2	-0.9	2.2	-1.0	-0.5\$		1.2
1.2	1.2	0.6	1.2\$	0.5\$	-0.6	0.5	-0.2	0.9	0.9\$		1.0
3.0	2.1	4.5	2.9\$	2.9\$	4.4	8.5	2.1	5.8	4.0\$		1.9
3.0	2.9	2.7	2.0\$	2.7\$	2.6	2.9	1.3	3.9	2.5\$		3.6
				•							
3.4	2.2	0.4	1.5\$	1.1\$	3.0	0.9	1.9	3.5	1.6\$	3.9	4.3
	4007 / [-1	L			A)_4f Oh					
February	1997 / Fei	bruary 199	ю		Annuai F	Rate of Ch	ange				
1.7	2.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	2.4	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	3.4
1.0	1.1	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.9	-0.3	0.3	-0.4	0.9	2.4	3.0
2.9	1.8	0.9	1.9	2.6	3.4	1.6	3.2	4.0	3.5	1.7	8.6
-4.5	2.9	0.4	-0.7	-1.8	8.0	-1.5	-0.6	-2.6	1.1	-0.8	2.6
2.3	3.6	5.1	5.0	5.2	3.9	2.6	3.9	2.7	3.2	3.8	8.0
0.7	2.5	0.3	-0.2	-0.2	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.1	1.0
2.7	8.6	1.1	2.5	0.4	5.0	0.9	1.7	2.5	3.6	2.1	-0.9
4.4	2.2	1.7	1.2	2.7	4.3	0.1	1.1	5.7	2.6	4.1	3.1
-1.1	-1.7	3.3	0.5	0.8	2.6	-1.9	-3.0	-3.1	-1.0	-3.1	-3.4
0.9	1.7	1.0	0.5	0.0	2.7	0.2	-1.0	0.9	1.5	-0.2	1.5
6.3	1.6	0.0	2.5	5.8	4.6	1.0	-0.7	4.6	3.0	:	6.3
3.8	3.0	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.6	1.4	0.9	3.7	2.6	3.7	2.5
2.2	<u></u>	. .	2.2	2.2					4.5	2.2	, ,
2.0	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.6	4.1	0.6	1.6	2.7	1.9	-0.3	1.3

* estimated	\$ provisional	# revised	! definition differs	: Not available	
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EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Treaty on European Union sets a timetable for achieving Stage III of Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) by 1 January 1999 at the latest. One of the convergence criteria is to have sustainable price performance and an average rate of inflation over a year that does not exceed by more than one and a half percentage points that of, at most, the three best-performing Member States (in terms of price stability). Furthermore, to conform to the Protocol on the convergence criteria "inflation shall be measured by means of the Consumer Price Index on a comparable basis, taking into account differences in national definitions".

Harmonized Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) provide such a measurement and will be used in the assessment of inflation convergence as required under the Treaty. They will subsequently form the basis of the Monetary Union Index of Consumer Prices (MUICP). The HICPs are primarily designed to facilitate international comparisons of consumer price inflation across the European Union. The focus lies on comparability among the indices of the different Member States as well as their relative movements.

The HICPs are harmonized not only on coverage but also in several methodological aspects. The HICPs provide the best statistical basis for international comparisons of consumer price inflation and very considerable progress has been made in harmonizing methodologies. However, more work remains to be done to achieve further harmonization.

The product coverage of the HICPs has been extended as compared to the interim indices published during 1996. The HICPs now cover, for example, insurance for cars and dwellings' contents, package holidays, banking services, evening classes, and health goods that are obtainable without prescription. However, some difficult categories, such as health and educational services, are still not covered. Some CPIs include either imputed rents or mortgage interest payments in respect of owner occupiers. These are excluded from the HICPs.

In order to keep HICPs broadly in step with each other and up-to-date in terms of market developments, they will incorporate new products, such as mobile phones and personal computers, when they achieve a significant sales

volume. The HICPs must be shown to be based on samples sufficient to yield reliable and comparable results, taking account of the national diversity of products and of prices. The samples must be kept well up to date, in particular by banning the practice whereby "missing" prices are simply assumed to be equal to the last observed prices. In order to measure "pure" price changes, the prices included in the HICPs need to be adjusted for changes in the quality of the goods and services to which they relate. Certain extreme practices in this area, such as "automatic linking", have been ruled out. Furthermore, the HICPs have to be compiled using either a particular, specified, formula for combining sets of detailed price data to a price index number, or an alternative that can be shown to give similar results

The analysis of sources of inflationary pressure requires a sub-division of the HICP into component parts. The HICPs are compiled using a version of the international COICOP (Classification Of classification COnsumption by Purpose) which has been specially adapted for the HICPs and is known as COICOP/HICP. The sub-indices and weights published by Eurostat are based on this classification. There is no "uniform basket" applying to all Member States.

The European Index of Consumer Prices (EICP) is calculated as a weighted average of the HICPs of the 15 EU Member States. The index is computed as an annual chain index allowing for country weights changing each year. The weight of a Member State is its proportion of final consumption expenditure of households in the EU total. The values of final consumption expenditure in national currencies are converted into purchasing power standards (PPS) using the purchasing power parities of final consumption. The country weights used in 1997 are national accounts data for 1995 at 1996 prices. The European Economic Area Index of Consumer Prices (EEAICP) is calculated in the same way, with the inclusion of Iceland and Norway.

More methodological details are given in the Eurostat news release "Harmonizing the way the EU measures inflation", No 21/97, of 5 March 1997, and in Regulations (EC) No 2494/95, No 1749/96 and No 2214/96.

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