

EUROSTAT YEARBOOK '95

A statistical eye on
Europe 1983-1993

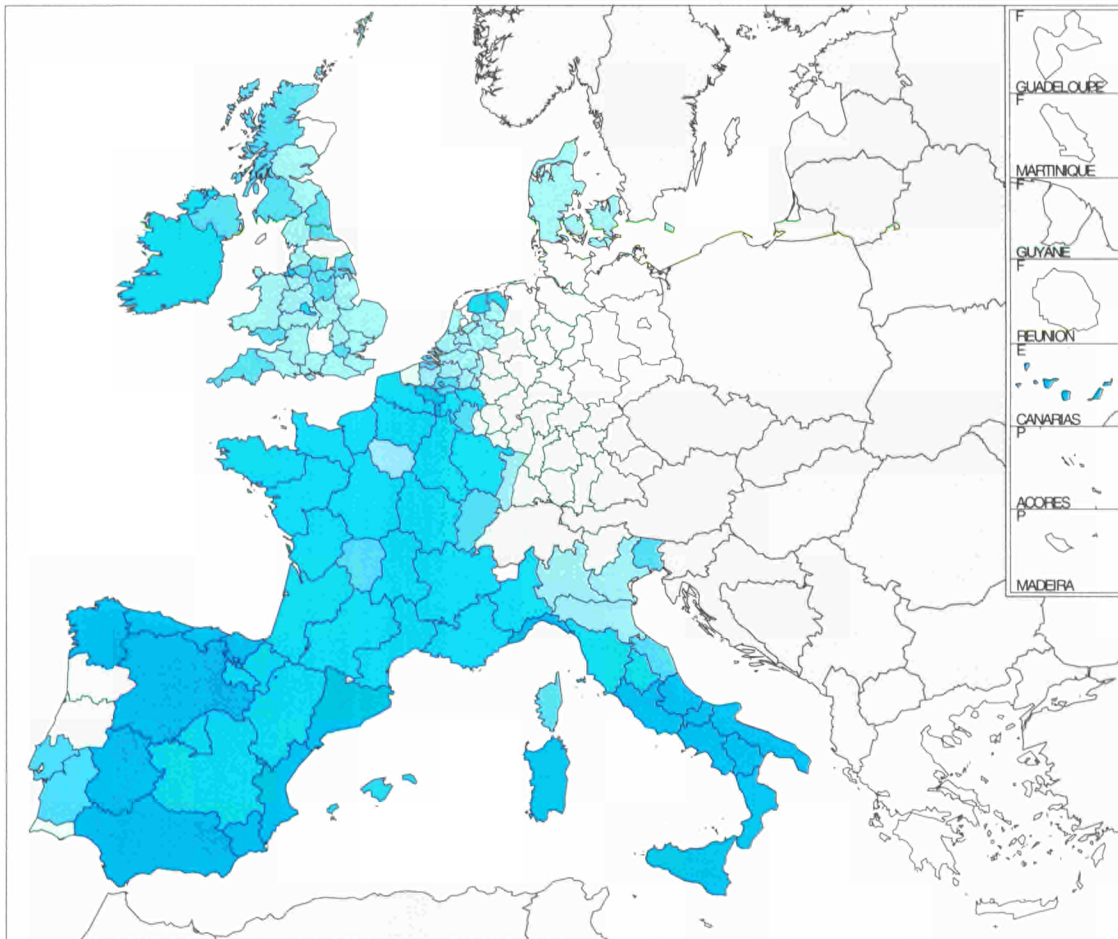


Omission

EUROSTAT YEARBOOK '95

On page 117 the following map should have been inserted:

Unemployment rate of people aged less than 25. 1993



EUROSTAT YEARBOOK '95

**A Statistical eye on
Europe 1983 - 1993**



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One way of understanding our neighbours better is to compare them with ourselves. That is what statistics are all about. They are an important, objective and down-to-earth way of measuring how we all live and for making those vital comparisons.

That is why Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities, has produced this yearbook on Europe and the Europeans. It will appear each year from now on.

The Eurostat yearbook is for and about the Europeans. It compares significant features of each country of the European Union and, in turn, of other European countries, those in EFTA, and the United States of America, Canada and Japan.

For ease of comparison all statistics in this publication are either compiled in the same way or harmonised by Eurostat or accepted by them as offering sensible comparisons. But even when statistics are compiled in the same way, one has to be careful to allow for people's varied backgrounds - cultural, economic, even climatic.

So statistics are never the absolute truth. But when all is said and done and all adjustments made, they are undoubtedly the key to unlocking many of the important questions facing today's Europeans.

For the European Union to work - to really work - we must continually grow in our understanding of each other. If this Yearbook can add - however modestly - to such growth, then truly it has served its purpose.

I urge you to read it, to make comparisons and to try to get to know your European neighbours just a little better.

Yves Franchet

Director-General

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This publication comes from Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities. The choice and presentation of data do not necessarily reflect the official opinions of the European Commission.

The aim has been to give statistics from the point of view of the user rather than the producer. Eurostat figures, therefore, have been supplemented by statistics published by other international producers of statistics. In such cases the source is mentioned. Otherwise the source is Eurostat.

Layout of pages, tables and graphs is to a standard format to make it easier for the user to become quickly familiar with the way data are presented.

As far as possible the data are in time-series covering 1983-93. This enables the reader to compare the present situation of Member States and other countries as well as their recent development.

This is the first time Eurostat has published statistics in this way. However, not all statistics used for this publication lend themselves to such treatment. For example, some statistics are produced with higher priority given to reflecting the present situation rather than to comparing them with data published ten years ago. Other statistics are produced with emphasis on detailed rather than rapid publication. And as all statistics originate from national sources, different priorities have influenced data availability, comparability and timeliness. This is reflected in the book by some subjects being covered better than others.

The book includes data on the EU and as far as possible the EFTA countries, the USA, Canada and Japan. The Member States included are those prior to the enlargement of the EU on 1 January 1995 and - for ease of comparison - Spain and Portugal are included in the EUR12 aggregate even before their accession to the Community in 1986.

Germany is included in three different ways. Many tables and graphs include Germany as constituted prior to the reunification of 3 October 1990. Some tables include Germany before and after reunification. In such cases the break in the time-series caused by the reunification is indicated by a bar in front of the relevant year. A few time-series have been adjusted to include West and East Germany for the whole period. This is indicated by a footnote.

Every table contains suggested further reading. The publications recommended are available through national sales and subscription agencies. A list is included at the end of the book. Further questions should be addressed to the Eurostat Information Office (fax +352 436404) or Data Shop (fax +32 2235 0125).

There is wide use of symbols and abbreviations, most already familiar to the user. The most common used are shown below with a complete list in the annexes.

This first issue of the Eurostat yearbook will be followed by a second issue in spring 1996. Eurostat welcomes all suggestions for improvement. These should be sent before the end of 1995. Please use fax number +352 4301 32594.

Symbols

-	Nil
0	Less than half the final digit shown
0,0 }	
-	Not applicable
..	Confidential data. Data not conclusive or withheld owing to non-disclosure practice
:	Data not available
*	Provisional or estimated figures
#	Rebased, adjusted or recalculated by Eurostat
|	Break in series, because data on each side of the bar are not fully comparable

Abbreviations

EUR12	The 12 Member States at 31 December 1994
B	Belgium
DK	Denmark
D	Germany
GR	Greece
E	Spain
F	France
IRL	Ireland
I	Italy
L	Luxembourg
NL	Netherlands
P	Portugal
UK	United Kingdom
EEA	European Economic Area, EU + EFTA countries minus Switzerland
A	Austria
FIN	Finland
IS	Iceland
N	Norway
S	Sweden
CH	Switzerland
USA	United States of America
CDN	Canada
J	Japan
EFTA	European Free Trade Association
ECSC	European Coal and Steel Community
EAGGF	European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund
ERDF	European Regional Development Fund
ESF	European Social Fund
EMS	European Monetary System
ECU	European currency unit
PPS	Purchasing power standard
VAT	Value-added tax
GDP	Gross domestic product
GNP	Gross national product
GVA	Gross value-added
cif	cost, insurance and freight
fob	free on board
sq km	square kilometre
cu m	cubic metre
kg	kilogram
hl	hectolitre
ha	hectare
kWh	kilowatt hour
GWh	gigawatt hour
t	tonne
tkm	tonne-kilometre
toe	tonne of oil equivalent

Life expectancy at birth: boys

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	71.8	72.4	72.5	72.7	72.5	72.9	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	71.1	71.4	71.9	72.2	72.4	72.7	72.8	73.1	:	B
DK	:	:	71.5	71.8	71.7	72.0	72.0	72.0	72.5	72.6	:	DK
D	:	:	:	71.3	71.7	71.9	72.1	72.0	72.1	72.6	:	D
GR	:	:	:	74.0	73.8	74.2	74.2	74.5	74.6	74.6	:	GR
E	:	:	73.1	73.3	73.4	73.4	73.3	73.3	73.3	:	:	E
F	:	:	71.3	71.5	72.0	72.3	72.5	72.7	72.9	73.2	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	70.8	71.6	71.6	71.6	72.0	72.2	72.6	:	IRL
I	:	:	72.3	72.6	73.0	73.2	73.6	73.6	73.6	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	69.6	67.8	69.7	71.2	72.3	72.0	71.9	:	L
NL	:	:	73.1	73.1	73.5	73.7	73.7	73.8	74.0	74.3	:	NL
P	:	:	:	70.1	70.5	70.5	70.7	70.3	70.2	70.7	:	P
UK	:	:	:	71.8	72.3	72.4	72.7	72.9	73.2	73.6	:	UK
A	:	:	70.4	71.1	71.6	72.1	72.2	72.6	72.6	72.8	:	A
FIN	:	:	70.1	70.6	70.7	70.7	70.9	70.9	71.3	71.7	:	FIN
IS	:	:	74.9	75.3	74.8	74.4	76.1	75.4	74.8	76.7	:	IS
N	:	:	:	72.9	72.7	73.0	73.3	73.4	74.0	74.2	:	N
S	:	:	73.8	74.0	74.2	74.1	74.8	74.8	74.9	75.4	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	72.6	72.7	72.9	73.0	73.3	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	73.7	73.9	73.9	74.1	74.0	74.1	74.5	:	CH
USA	71.0	71.2	71.2	71.3	71.4	71.5	71.8	:	72.0	:	:	USA
CDN	:	73.0	73.0	73.1	73.3	73.4	73.7	74.0	:	:	:	CDN
J	74.2	74.5	74.8	75.2	75.6	75.5	75.9	75.9	76.1	76.1	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

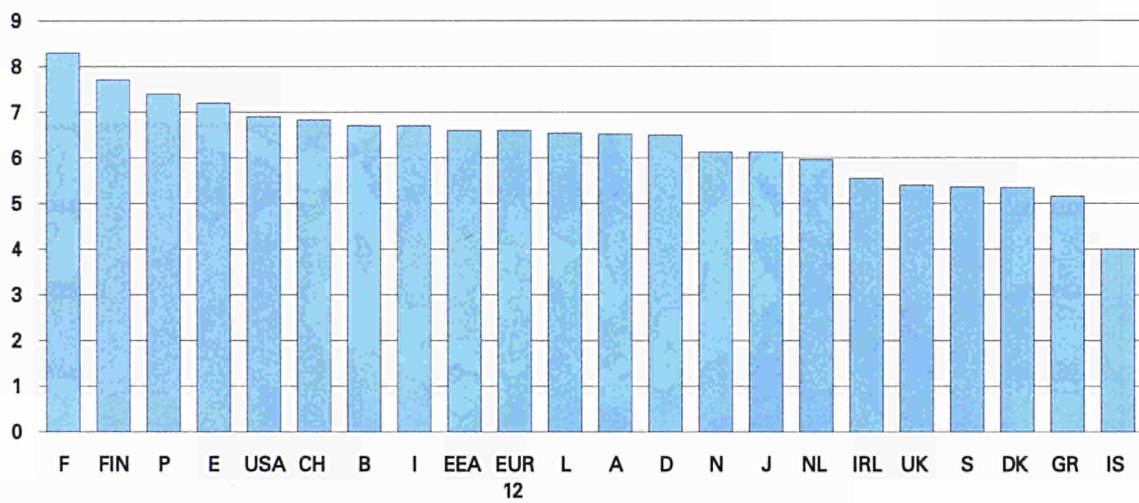
Life expectancy at birth: girls

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	78.3	78.9	79.1	79.2	79.1	79.5	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	78.0	78.1	78.7	79.1	79.0	79.4	79.5	79.8	:	B
DK	:	:	77.5	77.5	77.8	77.6	77.7	77.7	78.0	78.0	:	DK
D	:	:	:	77.6	78.1	78.3	78.5	78.4	78.7	79.1	:	D
GR	:	:	:	78.8	78.6	79.3	79.4	79.5	79.8	79.8	:	GR
E	:	:	79.6	79.8	80.1	80.1	80.3	80.3	80.5	:	:	E
F	:	:	79.4	79.7	80.3	80.5	80.6	80.9	81.1	81.5	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	76.0	77.1	77.2	77.2	77.5	77.7	78.2	:	IRL
I	:	:	78.7	79.0	79.5	79.7	80.1	80.2	80.3	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	79.0	77.6	78.7	78.2	78.5	79.1	78.4	:	L
NL	:	:	79.6	79.6	80.0	80.2	79.9	80.1	80.1	80.3	:	NL
P	:	:	:	77.0	77.4	77.6	77.8	77.4	77.5	78.1	:	P
UK	:	:	:	77.6	78.0	78.0	78.1	78.5	78.6	79.0	:	UK
A	:	:	77.4	77.8	78.1	78.7	78.8	79.1	79.1	79.3	:	A
FIN	:	:	78.7	78.8	78.7	78.7	78.9	78.9	79.3	79.4	:	FIN
IS	:	:	80.3	80.4	79.6	79.8	80.1	80.5	81.1	80.7	:	IS
N	:	:	:	79.7	79.5	79.6	79.8	79.8	80.1	80.3	:	N
S	:	:	79.7	80.0	80.1	79.9	80.5	80.4	80.5	80.8	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	79.1	79.3	79.4	79.6	79.9	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	80.3	80.7	80.7	80.9	80.7	80.1	81.3	:	CH
USA	78.3	78.2	78.2	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.6	78.8	78.9	:	:	USA
CDN	:	79.8	80.0	79.9	80.2	80.3	80.6	80.8	:	:	:	CDN
J	79.8	80.2	80.5	80.9	81.4	81.3	81.8	81.8	82.1	82.2	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Life expectancy at birth: difference between boys and girls. 1992

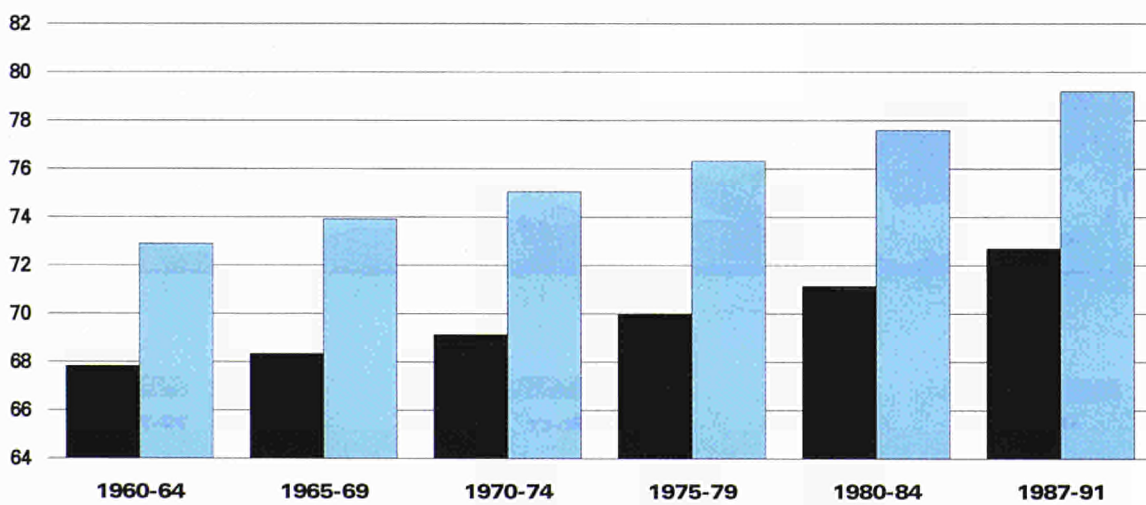


FURTHER READING

Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

E, USA, I, EEA, EUR 12: 1991 data.

Life expectancy at birth: girls and boys. EUR 12

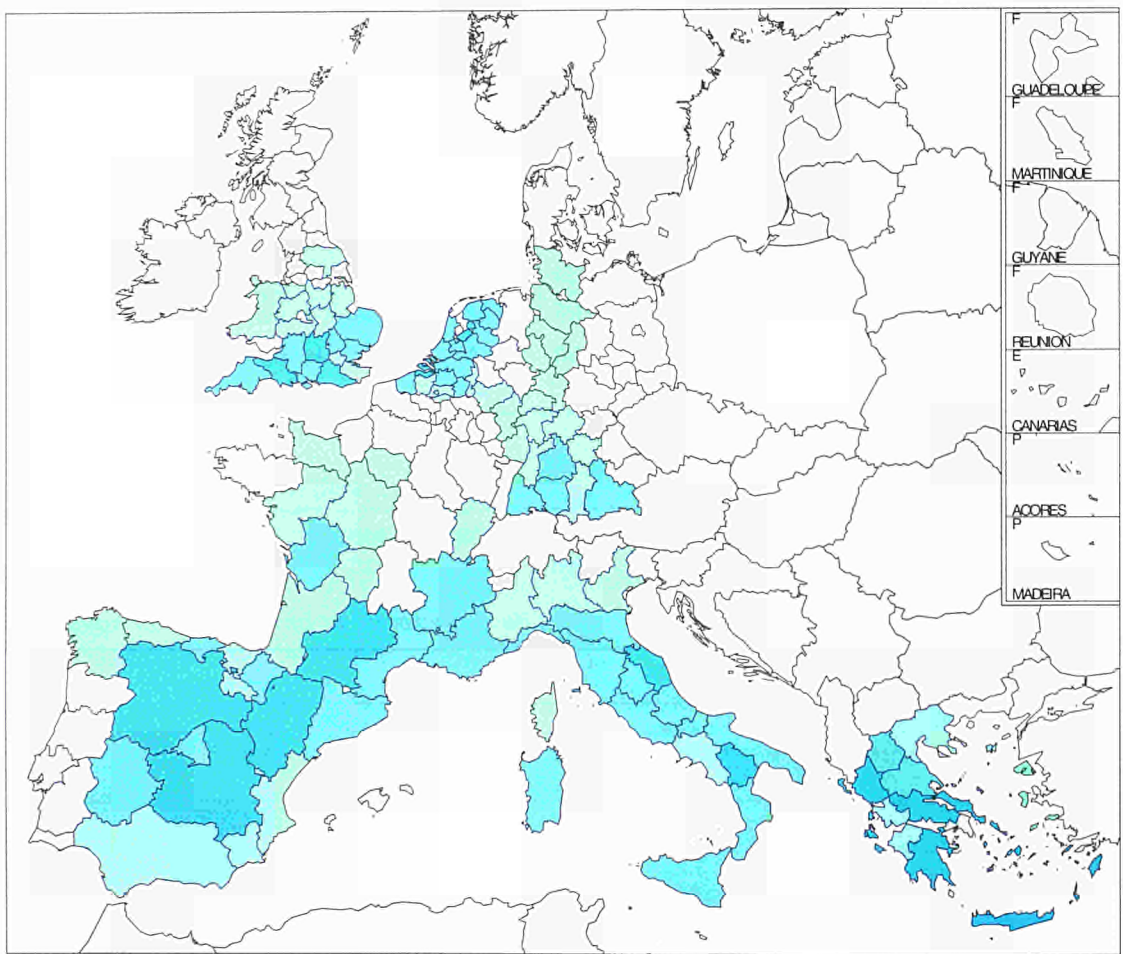


Black: boys; blue: girls.

FURTHER READING

Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Life expectancy at birth: boys. 1992

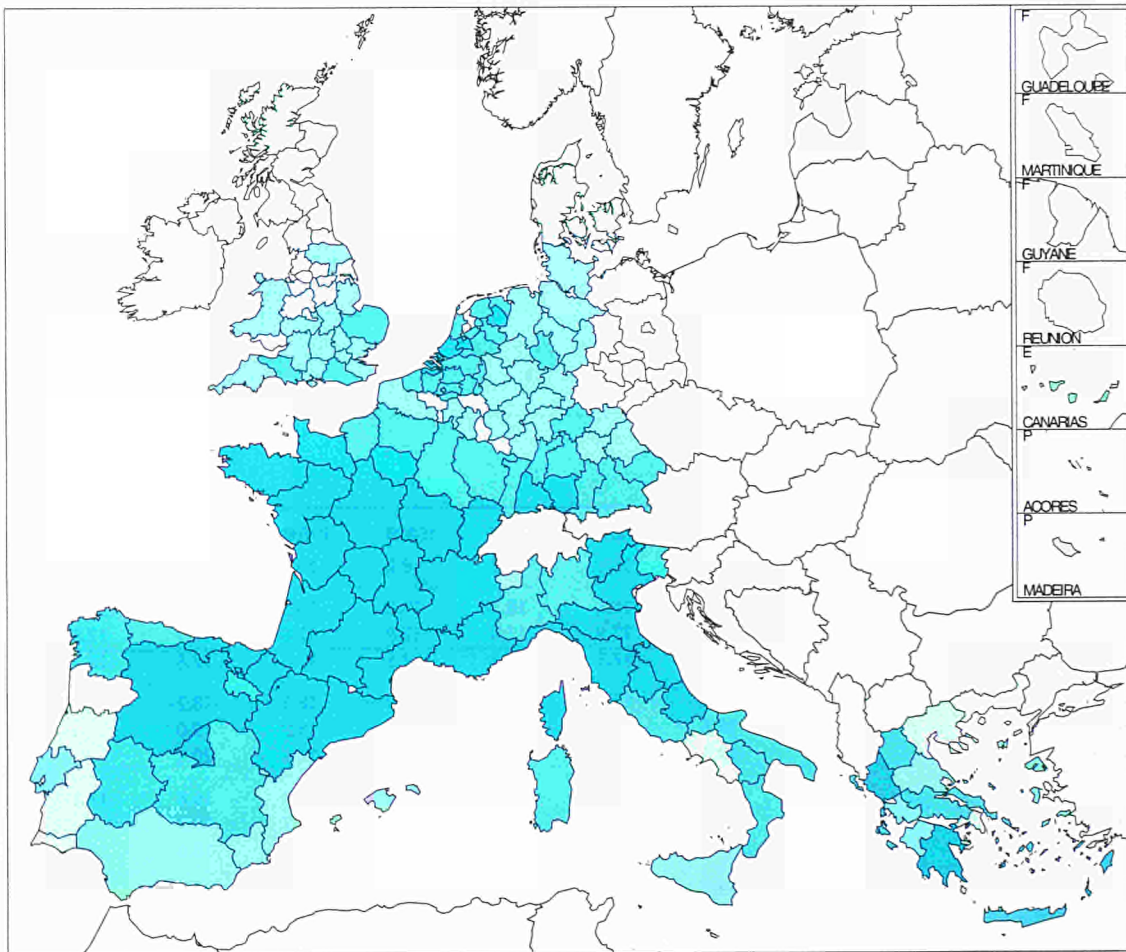


- F
GUADELOUPE
- F
MARTINIQUE
- F
GUYANE
- E
REUNION
- P
CANARIAS
- P
ACORES
- P
MADEIRA



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Life expectancy at birth: girls. 1992



77-

77-78

78-79

79-80

80-

:

Life expectancy at 65: men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	14.0	14.3	14.4	14.5	14.5	14.7	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	13.3	13.5	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.3	14.4	14.6	:	B
DK	:	:	13.9	14.0	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.0	14.3	14.2	:	DK
D	:	:	:	13.5	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.0	14.2	14.5	:	D
GR	:	:	:	15.4	15.3	15.5	15.6	15.6	15.8	15.7	:	GR
E	:	:	14.9	15.2	15.4	15.3	15.4	15.3	15.4	:	:	E
F	:	:	14.5	14.6	15.0	15.3	15.4	15.6	15.7	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	12.5	13.1	13.0	13.1	13.3	13.4	13.5	:	IRL
I	:	:	14.1	14.2	14.6	14.7	14.9	14.9	14.9	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	13.9	12.9	13.0	13.7	14.2	14.6	14.0	:	L
NL	:	:	14.0	14.0	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.4	14.5	14.7	:	NL
P	:	:	:	14.0	14.3	14.2	14.5	13.8	14.0	14.3	:	P
UK	:	:	:	13.4	13.7	13.8	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.3	:	UK
A	:	:	13.6	14.0	14.3	14.5	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.9	:	A
FIN	:	:	13.0	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.8	13.7	14.0	13.9	:	FIN
IS	:	:	15.8	16.4	15.7	15.6	16.0	16.2	15.5	16.7	:	IS
N	:	:	:	14.5	14.4	14.6	14.7	14.6	14.9	15.0	:	N
S	:	:	14.7	14.8	15.0	14.9	15.4	15.3	15.4	15.6	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	14.2	14.5	14.6	14.7	14.8	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	15.0	15.3	15.3	15.4	15.3	15.5	15.7	:	CH
USA	14.5	14.6	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.9	15.2	:	15.3	:	:	USA
CDN	:	14.9	14.9	15.0	15.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	15.2	15.4	15.5	15.9	16.1	16.0	16.2	16.2	16.3	16.3	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

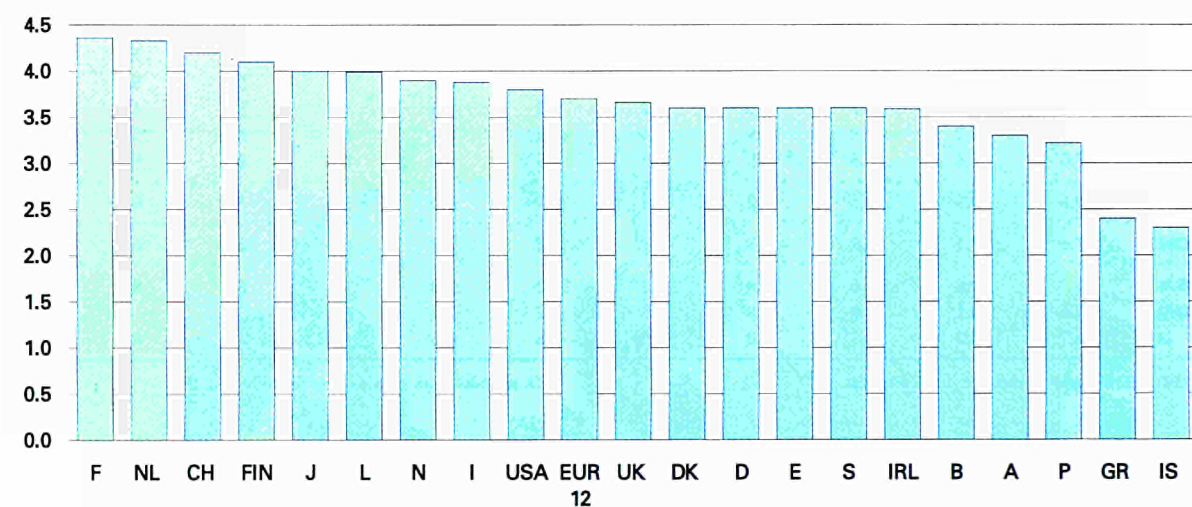
Life expectancy at 65: women

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	17.9	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.4	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	17.5	17.6	18.1	18.3	18.2	18.5	18.6	18.0	:	B
DK	:	:	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.8	17.9	17.8	17.9	17.8	:	DK
D	:	:	:	17.0	17.3	17.4	17.5	17.5	17.8	18.1	:	D
GR	:	:	:	17.6	17.4	17.9	17.9	18.1	18.2	18.1	:	GR
E	:	:	18.3	18.5	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	19.0	:	:	E
F	:	:	18.7	19.0	19.4	19.6	19.8	19.9	20.1	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	16.2	16.6	16.6	16.4	16.8	16.8	17.1	:	IRL
I	:	:	17.7	18.0	18.4	18.5	18.7	18.7	18.8	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	18.1	17.4	18.1	17.6	18.2	18.6	18.0	:	L
NL	:	:	18.6	18.7	19.0	19.0	18.9	18.9	18.9	19.0	:	NL
P	:	:	:	17.2	17.5	17.5	17.8	17.0	17.2	17.5	:	P
UK	:	:	:	17.2	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.8	17.8	18.0	:	UK
A	:	:	16.9	17.2	17.4	17.7	17.9	18.1	18.0	18.2	:	A
FIN	:	:	17.2	17.4	17.5	17.5	17.6	17.7	18.0	18.0	:	FIN
IS	:	:	18.5	19.3	18.9	18.7	19.0	19.5	19.6	19.0	:	IS
N	:	:	:	18.7	18.5	18.5	18.7	18.5	18.8	18.9	:	N
S	:	:	18.5	18.7	18.8	18.6	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.2	:	S
EEA	:	:	13.3	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.5	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	19.1	19.3	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.7	19.9	:	CH
USA	18.8	18.6	18.6	18.6	18.6	18.6	18.8	:	19.1	:	:	USA
CDN	:	19.2	19.3	19.4	19.6	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	18.4	18.7	18.9	19.3	19.7	19.5	20.0	19.9	20.2	20.3	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

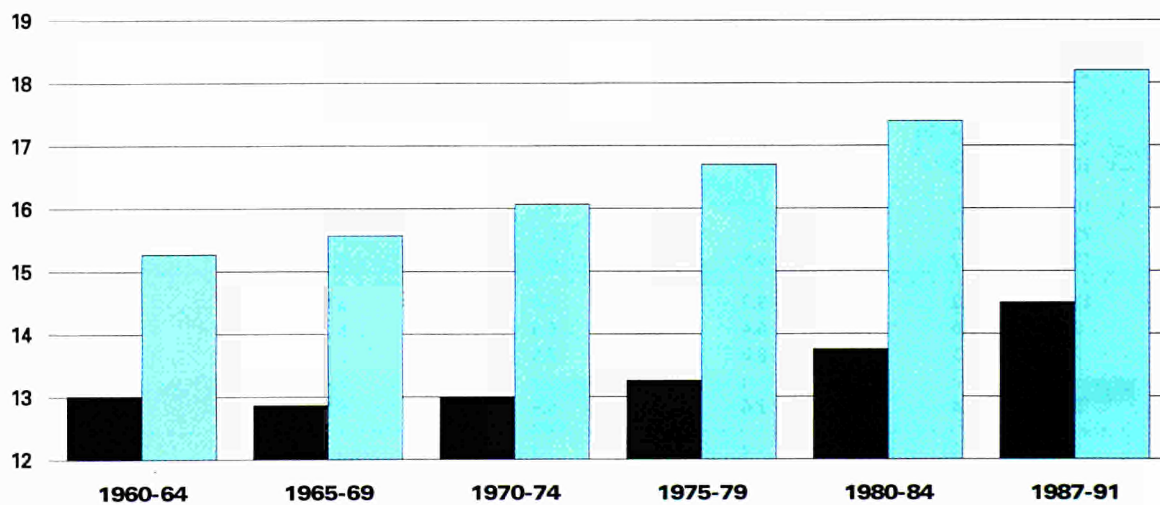
Life expectancy at 65: difference between men and women. 1992



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

E, F, I, EUR12, USA: 1991 data.

Life expectancy at 65: men and women. EUR12



Black: men; blue: women.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Infant mortality: boys and girls

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	10.8	10.0	9.6	9.3	8.9	8.5	8.1	7.7	7.5	7.0 *	6.7 *	EUR12
B	10.5	10.0	9.8	9.6	9.7	9.0	8.7	7.9	8.4	8.2	8.0	B
DK	7.7	7.7	7.9	8.2	8.3	7.6	8.0	7.5	7.3	6.6	:	DK
D	10.6	9.8	9.1	8.7	8.4	7.6	7.5	7.0	6.9	6.2	5.8	D
GR	14.6	14.3	14.1	12.2	11.7	11.0	9.7	9.7	9.0	8.4	8.3	GR
E	10.9	9.9	8.9	9.2	8.9	8.0	7.8	7.6	7.2	7.4	7.6	E
F	9.1	8.3	8.3	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.3	7.3	6.8	6.4	F
IRL	10.1	9.6	8.8	8.9	7.9	8.9	8.1	8.2	8.2	6.7	:	IRL
I	12.3	11.4	10.5	10.2	9.8	9.3	8.7	8.2	8.1	8.3	7.4	I
L	11.2	11.7	9.0	7.9	9.4	8.7	9.9	7.3	9.2	8.5	:	L
NL	8.4	8.3	8.0	7.7	7.6	6.8	6.8	7.1	6.5	6.3	6.2	NL
P	17.8	16.7	17.8	15.9	14.2	13.1	12.2	11.0	10.8	9.3	8.7	P
UK	10.3	9.6	9.3	9.5	9.2	9.0	8.4	7.9	7.4	6.6	:	UK
A	11.9	11.4	11.2	10.3	9.8	8.1	8.3	7.8	7.5	7.5	6.5	A
FIN	6.2	6.5	6.3	5.8	6.2	6.0	6.1	5.6	5.8	5.2	4.4	FIN
IS	6.2	6.1	5.7	5.3	7.2	6.2	5.5	5.9	5.5	4.8	:	IS
N	7.9	8.3	8.5	7.9	8.4	8.3	7.8	6.9	6.2	5.8	:	N
S	7.0	6.4	6.8	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.2	5.3	5.5	S
EEA	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.2	8.8	8.4	8.0	7.6	7.4	6.9	6.6 *	EEA
CH	7.6	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	7.3	6.8	6.2	6.4	5.6	CH
USA	11.2	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.1	10.0	9.8	9.1	8.9	8.5	:	USA
CDN	8.5	8.1	7.9	7.9	7.3	7.2	7.1	6.8	:	:	:	CDN
J	6.2	6.0	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.5	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

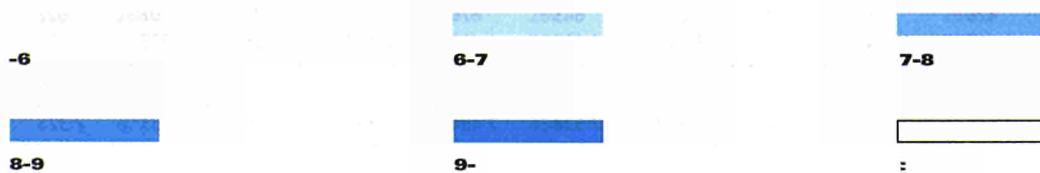
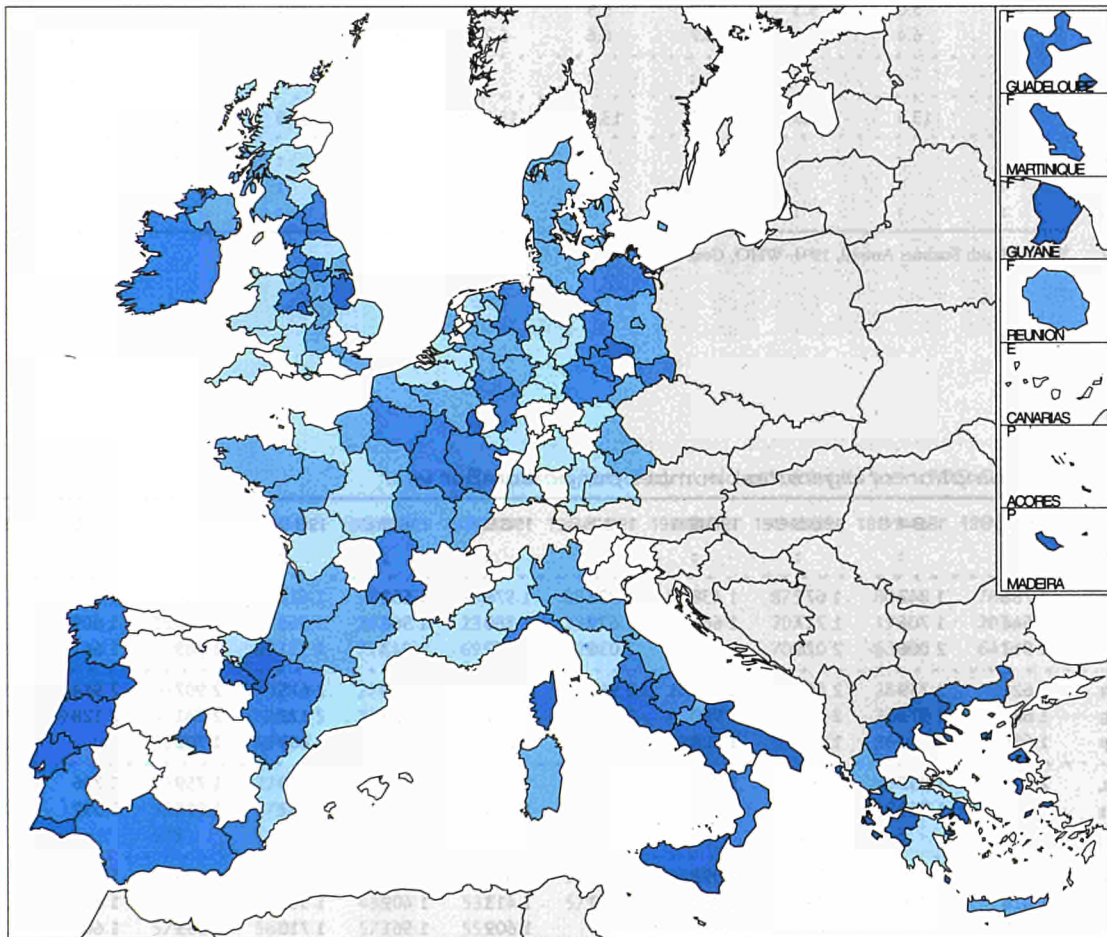
Perinatal mortality: boys and girls

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	12.0	11.6	11.0	10.5	9.9	9.3	8.9	8.4 *	8.2 *	:	:	EUR12
B	12.3	11.5	10.8	10.4	10.0	9.7	9.1	:	:	:	:	B
DK	9.0	8.4	8.1	8.4	8.8	8.7	9.1	8.3	7.9	8.1	:	DK
D	9.7	9.1	8.4	8.0	7.8	7.0	6.8	6.3	5.8	5.8	:	D
GR	16.5	16.6	15.7	14.6	14.5	12.9	12.1	11.9	11.1	10.0	:	GR
E	12.1	11.2	10.9	10.6	9.7	8.8	8.2	7.6	7.2	:	:	E
F	11.4	11.1	10.7	10.4	9.9	9.2	8.9	8.3	8.2	:	:	F
IRL	13.7	13.6	12.3	11.8	10.4	11.3	10.3	10.1	9.9	:	:	IRL
I	15.2	14.5	13.5	12.9	12.6	12.1	11.0	10.5	10.4	:	:	I
L	10.7	8.8	7.8	7.2	10.6	7.1	9.0	6.9	9.6	7.7	:	L
NL	10.1	10.0	9.8	9.7	9.4	9.1	9.6	9.6	9.1	9.1	:	NL
P	21.4	21.0	21.5	19.9	18.2	16.6	16.3	14.2	13.7	11.9	:	P
UK	10.5	10.2	9.9	9.7	8.9	8.7	8.3	8.1	8.1	7.7	:	UK
A	11.3	10.2	10.1	9.2	7.6	7.4	7.7	6.9	6.5	6.8	:	A
FIN	7.4	7.6	7.3	6.4	6.8	6.5	6.3	6.2	:	5.9	:	FIN
IS	7.3	6.1	5.2	8.0	8.3	7.5	4.2	6.3	:	6.7	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7.4	7.4	7.2	:	N
S	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.6	5.6	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	9.1	8.1	8.3	7.6	7.9	7.2	7.8	7.7	7.1	7.0	:	CH
USA	11.9	11.4	11.1	10.7	10.4	10.1	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	9.7	8.9	8.9	8.6	8.4	7.8	8.1	7.7	:	:	:	CDN
J	9.2	8.7	8.0	7.3	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.2	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Infant mortality: boys and girls. 1992



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Consumption of pure alcohol: litres per person per year

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	13.4	13.1	12.9	12.6	13.1	12.2	11.6	:	:	:	:	B
DK	12.9	12.2	12.1	12.2	11.7	11.8	11.6	11.9	11.9	11.8	:	DK
D	13.1	12.7	12.7	12.3	12.4	12.2	12.2	12.5	13.0	:	:	D
GR	8.6	8.6	11.2	9.2	10.1	10.3	10.5	10.6	10.5	:	:	GR
E	16.9	15.1	15.1	15.0	15.1	14.1	13.6	13.5	12.8	:	:	E
F	17.7	17.0	16.7	16.7	16.2	15.7	15.9	15.6	14.8	:	:	F
IRL	8.7	9.2	9.6	9.4	9.1	9.3	9.8	10.2	10.1	:	:	IRL
I	15.5	15.2	14.4	12.5	13.7	12.1	11.9	10.8	:	:	:	I
L	14.5	15.4	14.6	14.4	14.6	14.5	15.1	14.7	14.9	:	:	L
NL	11.2	10.8	10.6	10.6	10.2	10.2	10.0	9.9	10.0	9.4	:	NL
P	17.7	16.8	17.1	14.5	14.0	12.7	13.2	12.8	14.6	:	:	P
UK	9.0	8.9	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.2	11.0	:	UK
A	12.6	12.3	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.2	12.5	12.6	12.5	:	:	A
FIN	8.0	8.2	8.1	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.4	9.5	9.2	8.9	:	FIN
IS	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.2	:	:	:	IS
N	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	:	:	N
S	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.7	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	13.6	13.5	13.6	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.1	13.0	12.9	12.2	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Consumption of cigarettes: number per person per year

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1 786	1 842	1 671	1 438	1 328	1 576	1 532	1 618	1 748	1 890	1 838	B
DK	1 646	1 706	1 717	1 668	1 629	1 580	1 560	1 566	1 560	1 609	1 551	DK
D	1 917	2 006	2 020	1 994	2 030	1 977	1 943	1 921	1 789	1 661	1 709	D
GR	2 621	2 759	2 866	2 901	2 956	2 831	2 865	2 675	2 907	2 914	2 919	GR
E	1 680	1 973	2 023	1 990	2 087	2 031	2 024	2 122	2 241	2 128	2 100	E
F	1 636	1 732	1 744	1 708	1 694	1 664	1 690	1 689	1 702	:	1 664	F
IRL	2 011	1 852	1 808	1 771	1 750	1 752	1 764	1 770	1 759	1 746	:	IRL
I	1 911	1 863	1 986	1 838	1 715	1 705	1 753	1 662	1 616	1 552	1 551	I
L	:	:	1 967	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	1 710	1 215	1 074	1 092	1 042	1 025	1 429	1 555	1 606	1 718	1 648	NL
P	1 416	1 356	1 373	1 338	1 457	1 413	1 409	1 563	1 617	1 605	1 577	P
UK	1 750	1 747	1 711	1 691	1 669	1 609	1 561	1 710	1 655	1 600	1 596	UK
A	2 142	2 046	2 141	2 048	1 995	1 886	1 848	1 792	1 943	1 699	1 639	A
FIN	1 466	1 536	1 387	1 468	1 559	1 534	1 527	1 513	1 359	1 329	1 309	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 543	:	IS
N	428	466	569	631	645	676	694	695	707	627	651	N
S	1 447	1 462	1 356	1 418	1 431	1 451	1 317	1 254	1 223	1 194	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	2 568	2 542	2 546	2 439	2 528	2 484	2 393	2 489	2 433	2 323	2 294	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Annual cigarette consumption is calculated as production plus imports minus exports. As it does not include consumption of privately imported (or exported) quantities, it tends to underestimate actual consumption of some countries (and overestimate actual consumption of

others). Annual pure alcohol consumption does not include consumption of privately produced nor privately imported (or exported) alcohol and so also tends to either under- or overestimate actual consumption.

People injured by road accidents per 100 000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	809	756	779	830	857	872	875	806	768	:	B
DK	:	268	271	262	234	230	227	207	199	203	:	DK
D	:	762	692	726	695	729	724	709	630	641	:	D
GR	:	301	307	276	265	294	288	272	284	:	:	GR
E	294	301	329	355	396	425	436	399	380	333	:	E
F	:	514	491	468	427	437	420	398	361	345	:	F
IRL	:	233	221	:	237	239	250	269	280	287	:	IRL
I	:	382	379	369	379	397	376	383	424	:	:	I
L	:	579	546	540	454	499	491	466	:	:	:	L
NL	:	351	334	344	335	325	339	348	315	318	:	NL
P	:	407	:	438	532	579	596	642	706	:	:	P
UK	:	579	567	573	555	:	607	605	550	549	:	UK
A	:	826	794	773	757	762	795	786	771	729	:	A
FIN	193	188	195	219	218	241	243	256	230	196	:	FIN
IS	:	318	368	:	391	359	318	336	437	:	:	IS
N	:	268	287	288	265	260	272	280	275	266	:	N
S	:	248	248	258	244	271	277	263	245	239	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	477	461	467	445	456	454	436	416	417	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

AIDS cases by year of diagnosis

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	269	674	1 716	3 552	6 656	9 982	12 932	14 833	13 600	17 768	17 060	EUR12
B	33	50	67	74	123	141	165	204	251	233	205	B
DK	12	17	38	69	100	126	174	196	205	204	230	DK
D	47	131	304	565	1 066	1 326	1 651	1 518	1 638	1 576	1 269	D
GR	5	5	15	24	59	71	97	137	147	169	167	GR
E	14	50	170	464	1 030	2 138	2 928	3 509	4 040	4 239	3 989	E
F	93	237	581	1 252	2 243	3 037	3 774	4 251	4 512	4 874	4 605	F
IRL	4	2	6	6	23	41	56	61	66	63	58	IRL
I	8	37	195	456	1 021	1 759	2 442	3 085	3 691	4 098	4 350	I
L	0	1	2	3	3	4	11	9	12	12	20	L
NL	19	31	67	136	242	324	391	416	443	501	425	NL
P	1	4	29	36	74	128	189	245	278	357	378	P
UK	33	109	242	467	672	887	1 054	1 202	1 317	1 442	1 364	UK
A	9	8	25	24	88	103	141	162	189	183	188	A
FIN	2	3	4	7	8	17	17	15	26	26	23	FIN
IS	0	0	1	3	1	5	3	3	6	3	5	IS
N	2	4	15	21	35	25	43	57	58	51	58	N
S	6	11	34	56	79	89	131	128	138	127	164	S
EEA	288	700	1 795	3 663	6 867	10 221	13 267	15 198	17 017	18 158	17 498	EEA
CH	13	33	94	182	277	441	560	548	516	595	372	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Surveillance in Europe, quarterly reports on AIDS. European Centre for Epidemiological Monitoring of AIDS, Paris. World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

AIDS cases per million people by year of diagnosis

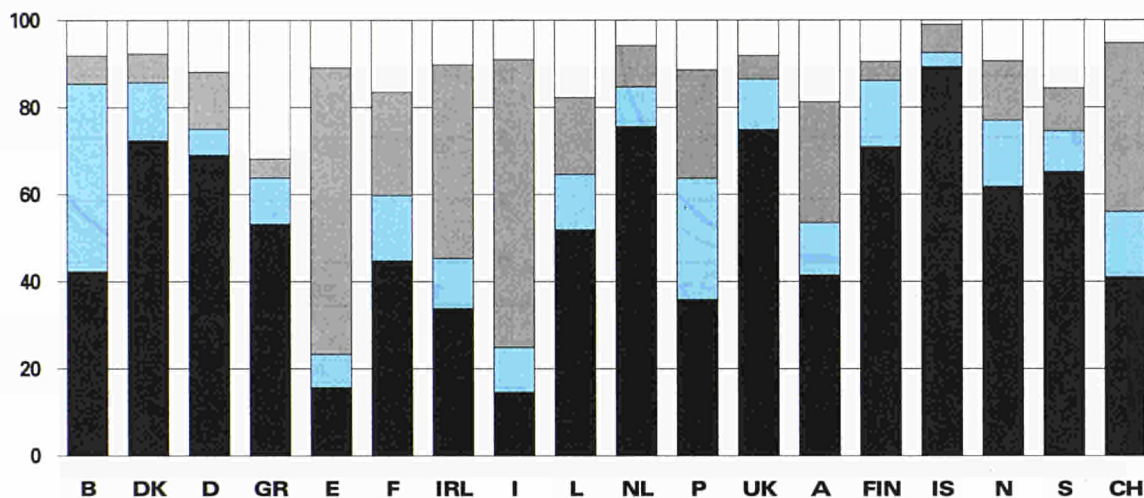
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	3.3	5.1	6.8	7.5	12.4	14.2	16.6	20.5	25.4	23.3	20.3	B
DK	2.4	3.3	7.5	13.5	19.6	24.7	33.9	38.1	40.2	39.2	44.2	DK
D	0.6	1.7	3.9	7.3	13.7	17.1	21.0	19.0	20.6	19.6	15.6	D
GR	0.5	0.5	1.5	2.4	5.9	7.1	9.7	13.5	14.6	16.4	15.9	GR
E	0.4	1.3	4.4	12.1	26.4	54.8	75.3	90.1	103.6	109.8	102.0	E
F	1.7	4.2	10.3	22.3	39.4	53.4	65.7	73.4	77.8	83.7	77.8	F
IRL	1.1	0.6	1.7	1.7	6.6	11.7	15.9	17.4	18.9	18.0	16.1	IRL
I	0.1	0.6	3.4	7.9	17.8	30.6	42.4	53.5	64.0	70.7	75.3	I
L	0.0	2.5	5.0	7.5	7.5	10.0	29.2	23.7	30.0	30.0	50.0	L
NL	1.3	2.1	4.6	9.4	16.6	22.2	26.3	27.8	29.5	33.0	27.4	NL
P	0.1	0.4	2.8	3.5	7.2	12.4	18.3	23.6	26.7	34.0	38.6	P
UK	0.6	1.9	4.3	8.3	11.8	15.6	18.4	20.9	22.9	24.9	23.5	UK
A	1.2	1.1	3.3	3.2	11.6	13.6	18.5	21.0	24.5	23.2	23.8	A
FIN	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.4	1.6	3.5	3.4	3.0	5.2	5.2	4.5	FIN
IS	0.0	0.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	25.0	12.0	11.8	20.0	10.0	16.7	IS
N	0.5	1.0	3.6	5.0	8.3	6.0	10.2	13.4	13.5	11.9	13.5	N
S	0.7	1.3	4.1	6.7	9.4	10.6	15.4	15.0	16.0	14.6	18.9	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	2.0	5.1	14.5	28.0	42.0	66.8	84.2	81.6	75.9	86.2	53.1	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Surveillance in Europe, quarterly reports on AIDS. European Centre for Epidemiological Monitoring of AIDS, Paris. World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

AIDS is surveyed by the European Centre for Epidemiological Monitoring of AIDS and the survey is conducted by 44 countries of the WHO European region. One institution per country, recognised by the respective national health authority, provides anonymous data. The

AIDS cases are recorded according to the AIDS case definition of 1982 and later revisions. The data include AIDS cases by country and period of report; period of diagnosis by disease category; age group; and sex and transmission group.

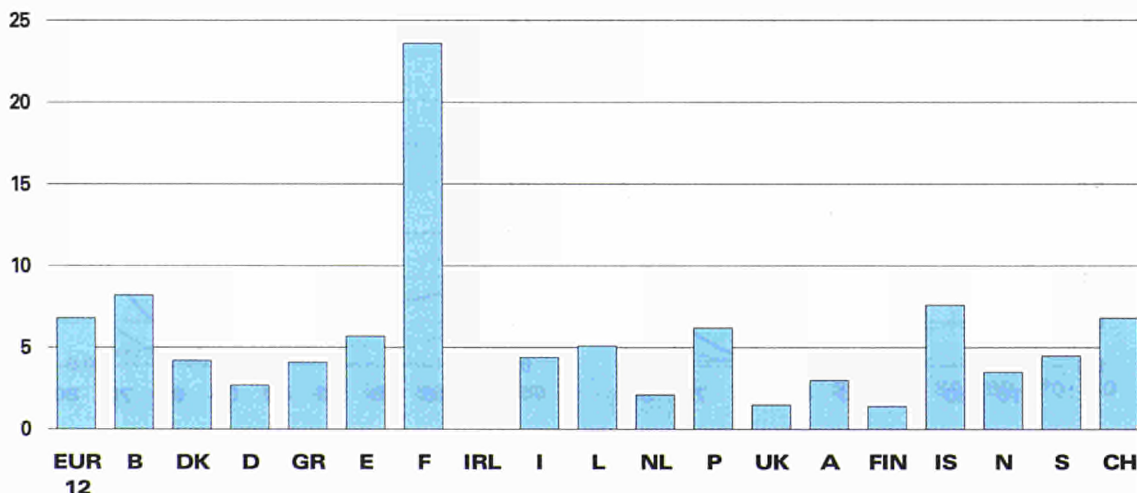
Cumulative AIDS cases by transmission group. People aged 13 or over, reported by 31 March 1994



Black: homo-/bisexual, male; blue: heterosexual contact; grey: injecting drug user; white: other and undetermined.

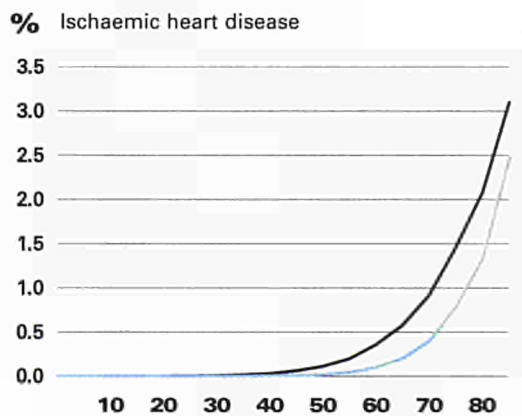
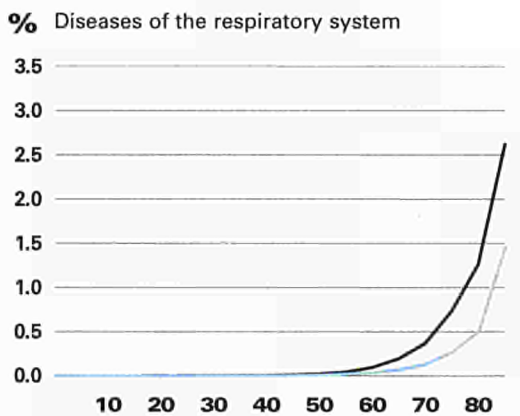
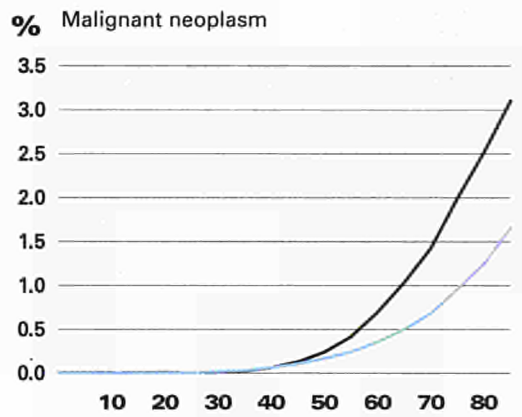
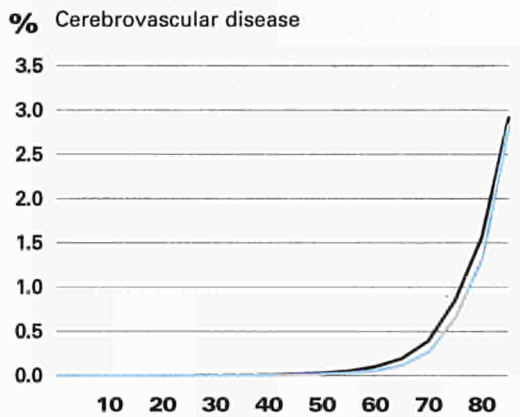
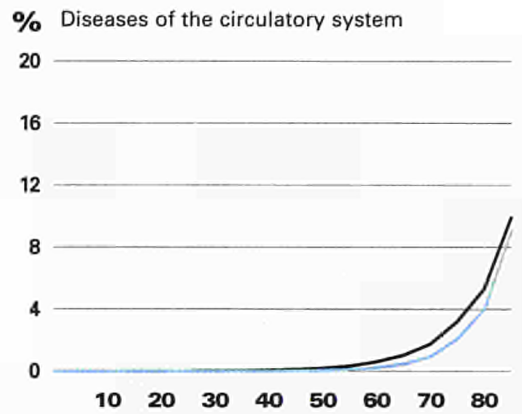
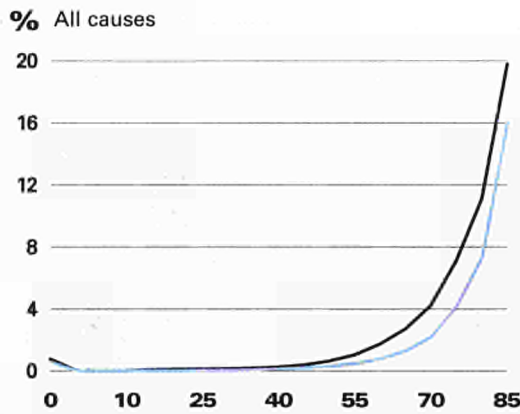
FURTHER READING Surveillance in Europe, quarterly reports on AIDS. European Centre for Epidemiological Monitoring of AIDS, Paris.

Cumulative AIDS cases by transfusion recipient. People aged 13 or over, reported by 31 March 1994



FURTHER READING Surveillance in Europe, quarterly reports on AIDS. European Centre for Epidemiological Monitoring of AIDS, Paris.

Causes of death by age group. 1992



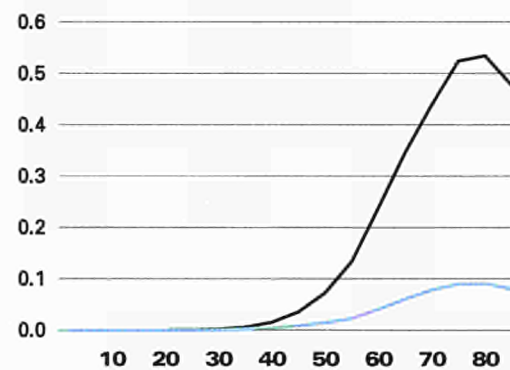
Black: men; blue: women.

The analysis of causes of death is based on the underlying cause of death, as indicated in Section b of the death certificate. Causes of death are defined on the basis of the World Health Organization's (WHO) international classification of diseases, adopted by most countries. Although

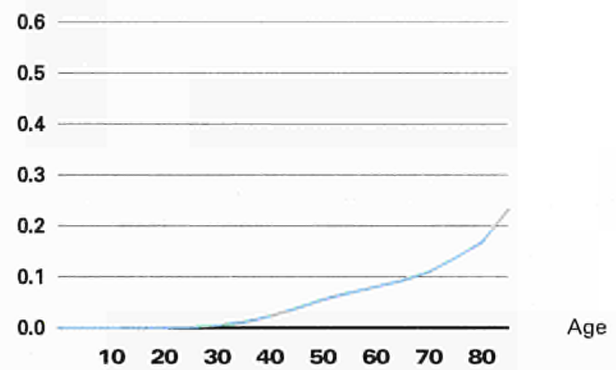
definitions are harmonised, the statistics may not be fully comparable as classifications may vary when the cause of death is multiple or difficult to evaluate and because of different notification procedures.

Causes of death by age group. 1992

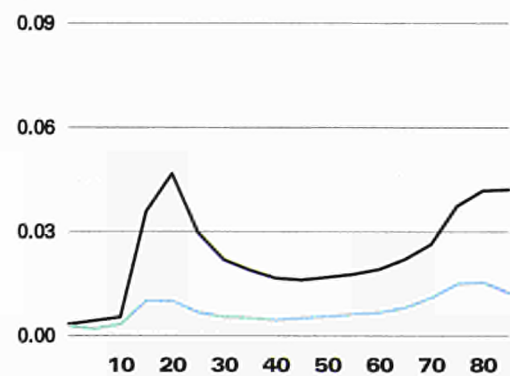
% Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung



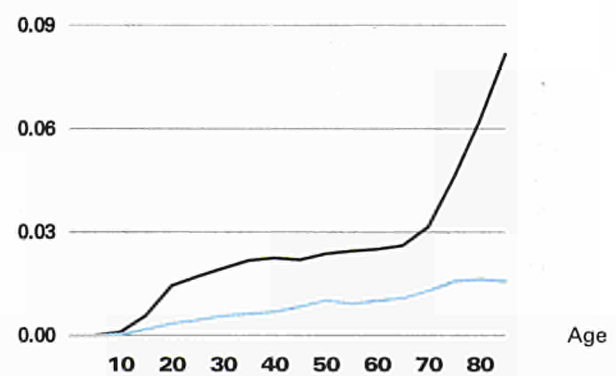
% Malignant neoplasm of female breast



% Motorvehicle traffic accidents



% Suicide and self-inflicted injury



Black: men; blue: women.

Death from heart disease: men per 100 000 men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	185	178	172	162	151	141	133	:	:	:	:	B
DK	353	349	345	333	331	311	302	293	277	271	:	DK
D	257	254	257	242	240	231	223	225	230	:	:	D
GR	125	127	130	123	132	136	140	137	133	:	:	GR
E	114	115	114	110	109	109	106	106	108	:	:	E
F	111	110	112	115	104	100	95	91	91	:	:	F
IRL	400	384	399	390	372	363	351	339	330	:	:	IRL
I	180	161	151	148	144	140	139	135	:	:	:	I
L	200	234	223	206	202	208	187	163	151	162	:	L
NL	246	245	248	238	224	211	205	194	185	175	:	NL
P	117	121	114	107	108	112	108	119	121	111	120	P
UK	369	363	367	355	340	328	317	306	301	296	:	UK
A	253	238	238	231	225	216	219	216	217	213	:	A
FIN	414	406	428	391	386	373	363	359	340	346	:	FIN
IS	351	308	304	278	289	296	264	233	266	246	:	IS
N	301	302	317	308	307	291	276	278	260	:	:	N
S	361	349	354	340	314	304	270	270	261	249	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	179	180	174	169	168	166	163	163	161	156	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from heart disease: women per 100 000 women

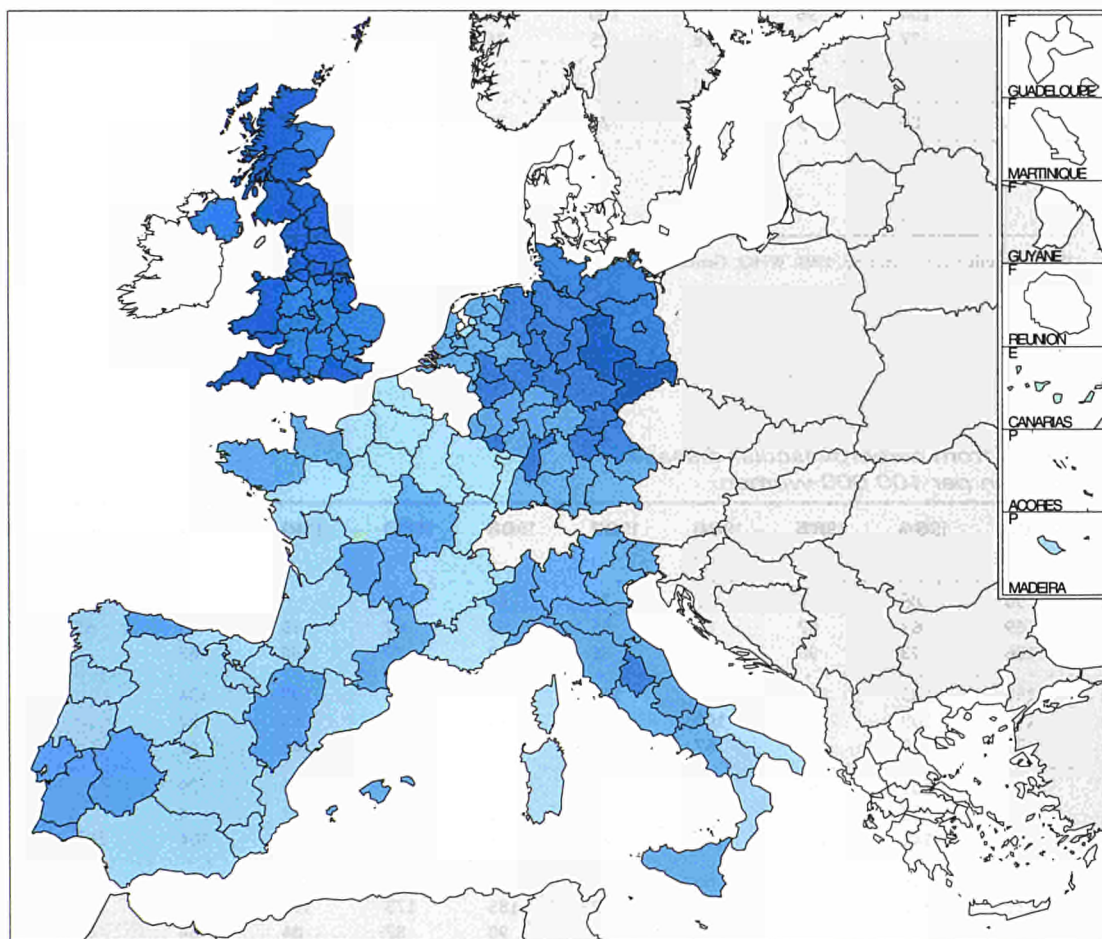
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	80	78	75	71	68	63	59	:	:	:	:	B
DK	170	169	166	164	157	154	147	148	136	130	:	DK
D	111	110	113	108	107	106	104	107	111	:	:	D
GR	53	50	53	50	58	56	60	59	56	:	:	GR
E	52	50	50	48	48	48	47	48	48	:	:	E
F	48	47	48	49	44	43	41	40	39	:	:	F
IRL	181	175	182	180	169	169	175	157	147	:	:	IRL
I	90	76	70	67	65	65	64	63	:	:	:	I
L	79	97	95	87	99	72	81	68	63	62	:	L
NL	101	102	102	99	92	89	83	82	80	76	:	NL
P	59	56	55	54	52	54	53	60	59	56	59	P
UK	163	164	168	161	157	154	151	145	146	140	:	UK
A	112	106	109	106	106	103	104	108	112	108	:	A
FIN	165	168	172	169	169	166	160	158	152	150	:	FIN
IS	137	124	147	122	128	127	129	118	120	119	:	IS
N	122	119	122	122	123	120	116	116	111	:	:	N
S	166	158	158	155	135	135	121	120	117	115	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	72	70	70	70	69	71	70	71	68	70	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from heart disease (ischaemic heart disease) is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death

rates improves comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from heart disease per 1000 people. 1991



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*Death from cerebrovascular disease:
men per 100 000 men*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	115	109	96	92	82	83	80	:	:	:	:	B
DK	85	81	82	80	76	78	78	82	80	81	:	DK
D	134	125	121	115	110	104	101	100	104	:	:	D
GR	144	143	148	136	138	133	136	131	129	:	:	GR
E	133	128	125	114	108	107	102	97	97	:	:	E
F	102	96	96	96	81	75	71	66	65	:	:	F
IRL	126	115	110	118	101	98	96	91	85	:	:	IRL
I	141	132	135	127	120	118	110	105	:	:	:	I
L	195	185	185	192	167	170	151	137	122	112	:	L
NL	84	85	79	80	75	76	77	75	76	74	:	NL
P	282	266	264	253	240	247	223	249	256	231	240	P
UK	110	114	114	110	102	98	97	93	94	93	:	UK
A	169	156	159	150	136	127	117	110	103	102	:	A
FIN	120	119	125	120	118	113	104	113	112	104	:	FIN
IS	98	59	68	79	72	65	63	78	78	59	:	IS
N	104	104	96	97	100	93	92	95	87	:	:	N
S	80	77	78	78	75	75	72	76	77	74	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	88	80	79	74	71	70	66	67	60	58	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

*Death from cerebrovascular disease:
women per 100 000 women*

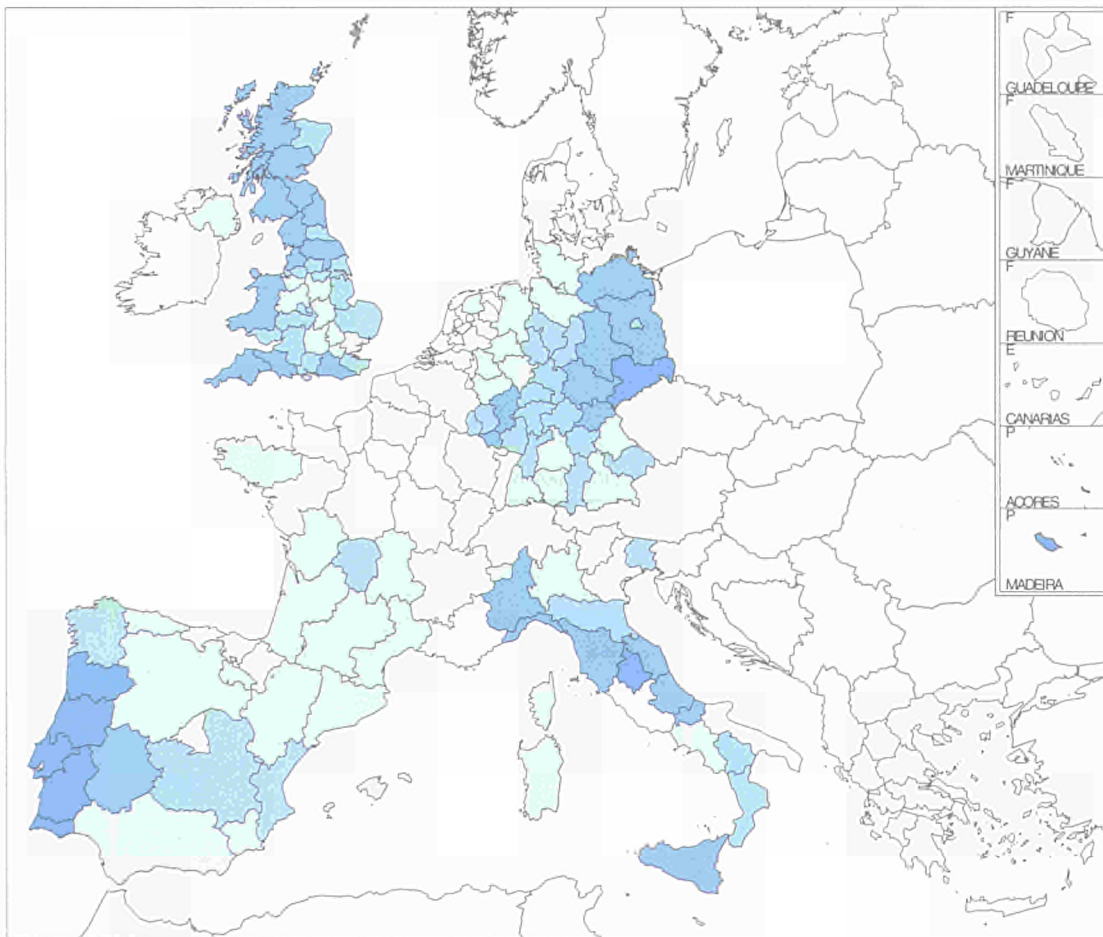
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	96	86	79	77	71	67	67	:	:	:	:	B
DK	69	68	67	66	65	63	62	66	65	65	:	DK
D	106	98	96	92	86	82	79	80	83	:	:	D
GR	155	143	153	146	143	138	142	133	134	:	:	GR
E	115	109	106	100	93	90	86	83	82	:	:	E
F	74	69	68	67	58	53	51	48	47	:	:	F
IRL	116	101	105	108	91	93	84	80	79	:	:	IRL
I	109	103	104	99	95	91	84	82	:	:	:	I
L	155	141	140	138	129	113	128	117	104	102	:	L
NL	68	69	65	64	61	62	62	62	62	63	:	NL
P	217	212	207	191	192	185	173	194	194	176	180	P
UK	99	101	101	97	93	90	87	84	84	81	:	UK
A	134	125	124	122	115	101	93	88	90	80	:	A
FIN	100	93	98	95	98	92	93	89	87	83	:	FIN
IS	49	52	65	71	66	70	56	59	55	46	:	IS
N	83	83	82	78	77	78	78	77	72	:	:	N
S	67	68	68	66	63	64	62	64	63	61	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	70	66	60	60	54	54	53	51	48	47	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from cerebrovascular diseases is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death rates improves

comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from cerebrovascular disease per 1000 people. 1991



Death from cancer: men per 100 000 men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	326	323	324	314	316	321	313	:	:	:	:	B
DK	289	281	279	277	277	279	273	279	265	272	:	DK
D	279	274	278	275	278	280	280	269	270	:	:	D
GR	217	213	216	215	215	217	218	217	219	:	:	GR
E	230	236	236	237	244	249	251	253	255	:	:	E
F	301	304	304	314	306	304	303	298	297	:	:	F
IRL	254	253	263	264	266	271	266	268	267	:	:	IRL
I	290	287	291	286	292	293	286	285	:	:	:	I
L	340	310	324	321	343	333	298	301	285	303	:	L
NL	306	308	306	310	312	311	304	296	295	295	:	NL
P	192	202	209	203	209	207	211	228	227	222	229	P
UK	281	287	286	281	280	281	278	276	274	278	:	UK
A	272	276	267	266	267	264	264	263	263	257	:	A
FIN	264	261	258	246	244	243	241	238	229	232	:	FIN
IS	222	199	216	194	210	227	226	227	234	204	:	IS
N	224	223	229	227	226	235	226	223	225	:	:	N
S	201	202	203	198	198	203	197	200	200	197	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	280	271	281	269	268	268	267	263	263	259	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from cancer: women per 100 000 women

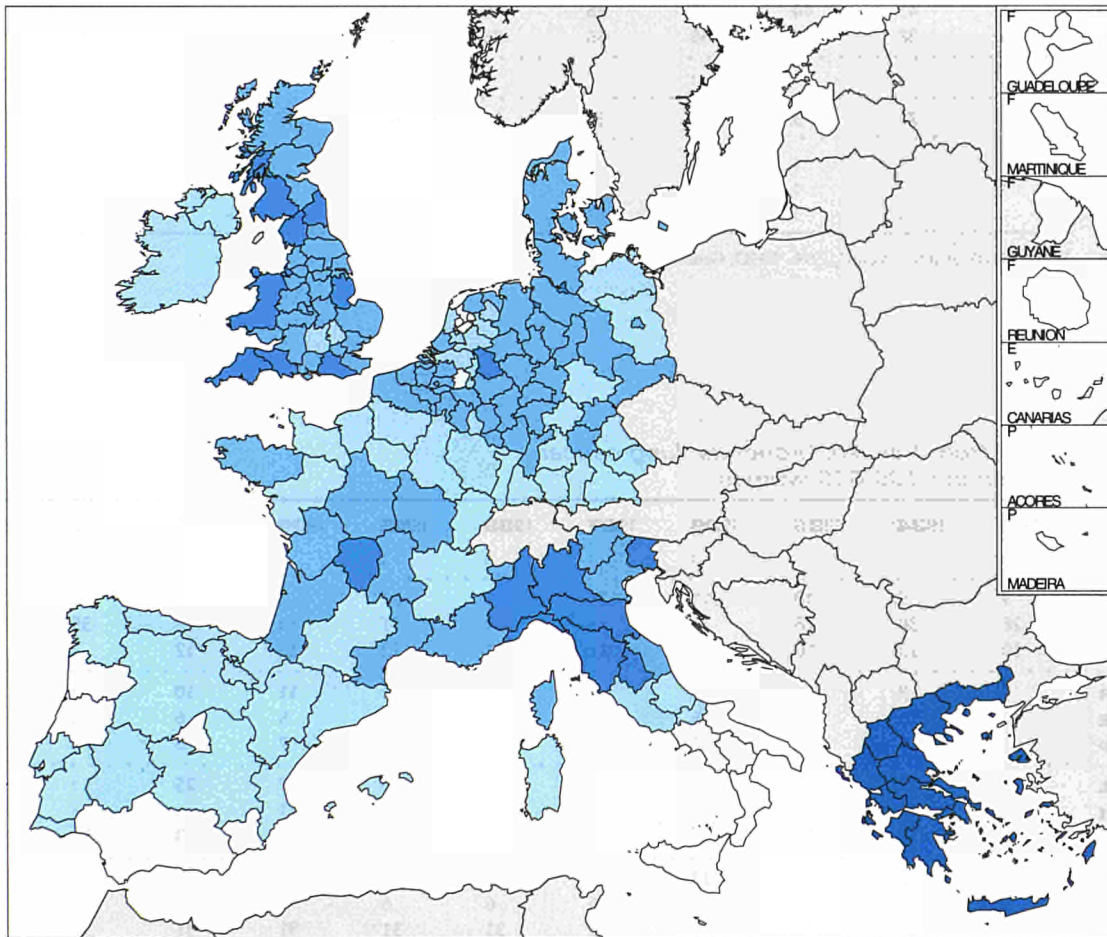
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	168	166	162	165	158	159	160	:	:	:	:	B
DK	205	203	201	204	202	208	206	201	206	204	:	DK
D	170	167	167	167	168	168	167	160	163	:	:	D
GR	115	115	117	115	114	114	116	111	111	:	:	GR
E	117	119	116	117	119	120	118	118	120	:	:	E
F	136	136	133	136	133	133	132	129	129	:	:	F
IRL	183	184	177	186	184	190	196	182	184	:	:	IRL
I	150	149	149	147	148	148	146	145	:	:	:	I
L	166	180	181	155	177	162	166	170	159	160	:	L
NL	162	161	163	162	166	165	164	162	162	160	:	NL
P	120	121	121	121	120	123	121	130	130	126	128	P
UK	181	188	188	187	187	188	189	186	184	183	:	UK
A	168	171	165	163	165	163	161	160	156	157	:	A
FIN	144	141	138	140	137	137	137	137	132	135	:	FIN
IS	163	171	158	151	190	174	168	177	157	163	:	IS
N	148	147	151	150	150	154	150	150	146	:	:	N
S	147	146	147	144	146	146	144	144	144	143	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	153	154	153	150	150	148	145	147	146	145	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from cancer (malignant neoplasms) is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death rates improves

comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from cancer per 1000 people. 1991



-2



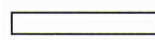
3-4

2-2.5



4-

2.5-3



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*Death from trachea, bronchus, lung cancer:
men per 100 000 men*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	121	119	120	116	115	117	109	:	:	:	:	B
DK	82	82	84	81	81	79	81	78	72	73	:	DK
D	74	73	75	73	73	74	73	72	71	:	:	D
GR	69	69	72	71	71	72	75	74	74	:	:	GR
E	55	58	59	60	63	66	67	68	69	:	:	E
F	63	65	66	68	68	69	69	68	69	:	:	F
IRL	74	77	77	78	70	74	72	71	68	:	:	IRL
I	84	84	86	84	87	87	86	84	:	:	:	I
L	105	101	102	109	102	108	95	92	84	93	:	L
NL	115	117	117	117	114	115	110	104	104	101	:	NL
P	31	32	35	35	38	36	35	40	41	38	44	P
UK	103	101	100	97	94	93	89	88	85	84	:	UK
A	73	75	71	70	69	68	67	67	67	64	:	A
FIN	92	87	87	80	80	77	72	73	67	72	:	FIN
IS	39	30	45	36	43	44	41	45	54	41	:	IS
N	41	43	44	46	46	46	44	44	47	:	:	N
S	36	38	37	35	36	36	34	36	36	35	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	74	71	73	72	68	68	66	67	66	65	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

*Death from trachea, bronchus, lung cancer:
women per 100 000 women*

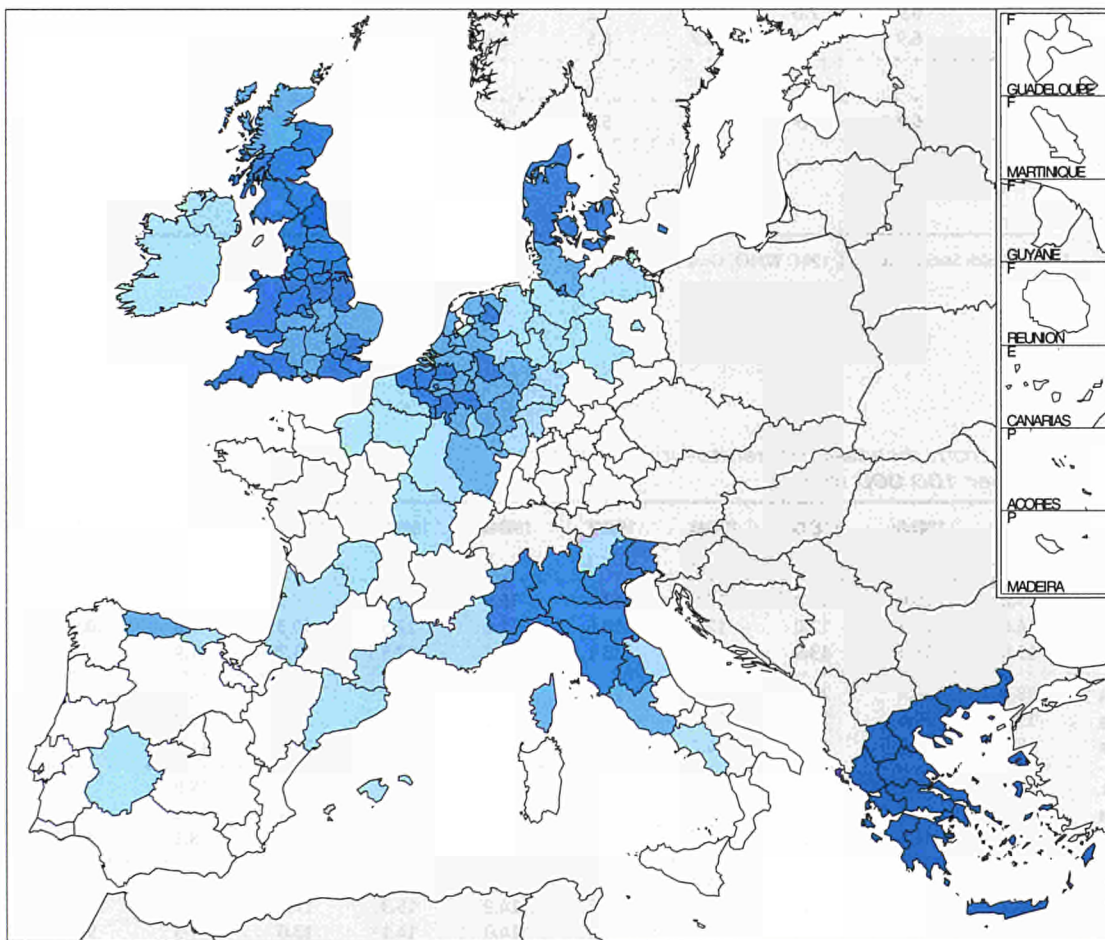
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	:	:	:	:	B
DK	28	30	28	29	33	34	31	34	37	35	:	DK
D	10	10	10	11	11	11	12	12	12	:	:	D
GR	9	9	10	9	9	10	10	11	10	:	:	GR
E	6	5	6	5	6	5	5	5	6	:	:	E
F	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	7	8	:	:	F
IRL	27	27	25	26	24	28	30	27	25	:	:	IRL
I	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	:	:	:	I
L	10	15	15	9	13	11	14	13	13	14	:	L
NL	10	12	12	13	13	14	15	15	15	17	:	NL
P	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	6	7	P
UK	27	29	29	29	30	31	31	31	31	31	:	UK
A	12	13	12	12	13	14	13	13	14	14	:	A
FIN	8	9	10	9	10	9	10	10	10	11	:	FIN
IS	29	25	25	30	30	41	35	32	33	43	:	IS
N	10	11	12	13	12	15	14	15	16	:	:	N
S	11	12	12	13	14	14	14	14	16	16	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	13	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from lung cancer (trachea, bronchus and lung) is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death

rates improves comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from trachea, bronchus, lung cancer: per 1000 people. 1991



-0.4



0.6-1.0

0.4-0.5



1.0-

0.5-0.6



:

*Death from diseases of genito-urinary system:
women per 100 000 women*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	14.3	12.9	12.4	12.0	11.2	10.6	10.9	:	:	:	:	B
DK	9.1	9.1	9.3	7.9	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.2	6.2	5.8	:	DK
D	8.8	8.4	8.4	8.2	7.6	7.6	7.6	8.0	7.2	:	:	D
GR	16.0	15.5	16.0	14.8	17.6	11.6	16.4	12.5	13.2	:	:	GR
E	11.0	11.1	12.6	12.1	12.3	12.5	12.4	11.9	11.3	:	:	E
F	8.3	7.6	7.6	7.6	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.1	:	:	F
IRL	16.1	17.6	15.5	16.8	15.5	14.9	14.2	13.2	13.2	:	:	IRL
I	8.7	8.4	8.3	7.7	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.7	:	:	:	I
L	9.6	11.4	8.7	7.8	12.3	4.6	10.4	6.2	8.3	6.8	:	L
NL	13.9	13.8	14.7	12.5	11.3	11.2	11.8	11.7	11.6	11.4	:	NL
P	8.9	8.7	8.0	6.8	7.8	7.5	6.9	7.4	8.5	8.0	8.7	P
UK	9.9	9.6	9.8	9.4	9.1	8.7	8.7	8.1	7.3	6.3	:	UK
A	12.0	10.8	10.4	9.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.6	7.0	6.6	:	A
FIN	9.6	10.0	9.8	8.8	9.2	8.9	8.8	8.3	8.0	8.5	:	FIN
IS	5.5	9.8	7.1	3.4	5.0	5.2	11.9	5.2	6.1	6.5	:	IS
N	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.1	5.6	:	:	N
S	6.6	6.9	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.0	6.2	6.4	5.9	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	7.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.3	4.6	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.1	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

*Death from diseases of genito-urinary system:
men per 100 000 men*

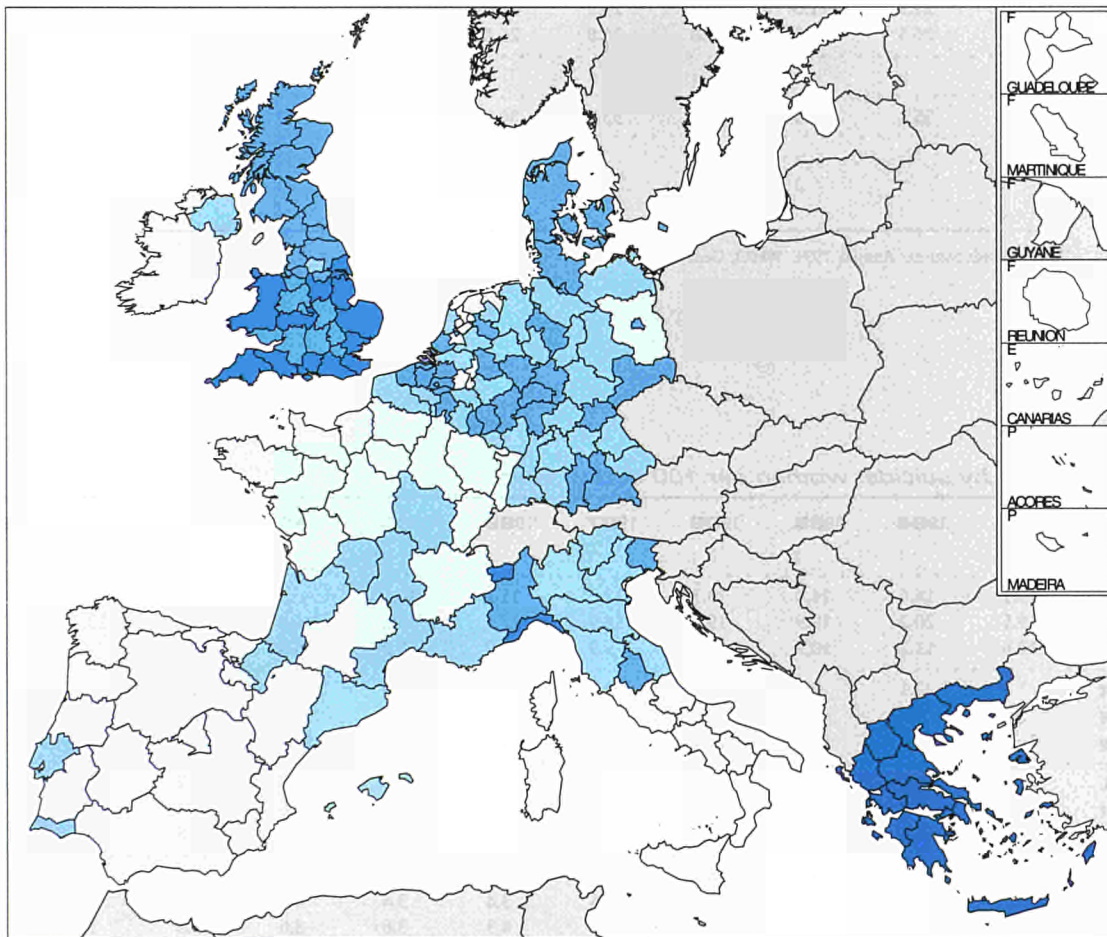
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	19.8	20.0	18.3	18.0	17.6	15.9	16.7	:	:	:	:	B
DK	14.6	14.3	12.0	12.1	10.6	11.6	12.5	10.3	9.8	10.9	:	DK
D	15.8	14.1	13.9	13.5	13.1	12.6	12.5	13.7	11.9	:	:	D
GR	28.4	26.4	23.7	24.6	26.4	17.4	21.7	19.7	16.7	:	:	GR
E	19.8	20.6	21.8	21.3	20.0	21.1	20.9	20.4	19.7	:	:	E
F	18.6	16.6	16.6	16.7	14.0	13.2	12.9	12.0	11.7	:	:	F
IRL	26.2	22.5	25.2	29.5	23.9	23.3	21.4	25.1	19.8	:	:	IRL
I	20.5	18.9	17.8	16.2	14.5	14.4	13.3	13.4	:	:	:	I
L	15.1	14.2	15.9	10.3	8.4	10.0	8.8	5.1	8.5	4.3	:	L
NL	23.0	21.1	19.8	18.4	16.3	15.7	15.9	17.2	15.5	14.3	:	NL
P	18.9	17.2	17.6	17.7	16.5	14.9	15.3	17.4	18.3	17.9	17.3	P
UK	16.5	16.0	16.3	16.0	14.2	14.0	14.1	13.0	11.3	9.5	:	UK
A	19.7	15.3	14.6	12.8	10.8	11.6	10.4	11.2	9.3	7.7	:	A
FIN	14.3	12.7	13.1	12.1	12.2	10.0	11.2	10.4	10.2	9.1	:	FIN
IS	23.6	10.7	5.8	11.4	12.2	5.9	7.4	9.7	11.7	6.2	:	IS
N	14.0	14.9	12.8	14.4	14.8	13.0	12.7	12.3	11.1	:	:	N
S	14.0	13.7	14.8	14.3	14.8	13.6	13.0	11.7	12.4	12.1	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	12.5	12.7	12.3	11.4	9.2	10.5	10.3	8.6	9.5	8.0	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from genito-urinary diseases is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death rates improves

comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from malignant neoplasms of female breast, cervix, uterus per 1000 women. 1991



-0.4



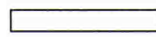
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1.0-

0.5-0.6



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Death by suicide: men per 100 000 men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	30.3	32.3	31.2	30.1	31.2	27.2	26.6	:	:	:	:	B
DK	37.0	36.6	34.7	34.9	35.3	32.2	33.0	30.7	28.6	27.7	:	DK
D	28.0	27.3	27.9	25.1	25.1	23.3	22.0	23.6	23.6	:	:	D
GR	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.1	5.6	:	:	GR
E	9.3	10.6	10.4	11.4	11.1	11.6	11.8	11.2	11.0	:	:	E
F	32.3	32.6	33.3	33.7	31.7	29.9	29.9	29.1	28.9	:	:	F
IRL	12.9	10.8	13.7	13.8	12.0	12.1	13.4	16.1	17.2	:	:	IRL
I	11.4	11.5	12.3	11.7	11.5	10.9	10.7	10.7	:	:	:	I
L	34.1	25.4	22.2	20.3	23.5	27.4	28.0	24.4	27.5	14.3	:	L
NL	15.4	15.9	14.9	14.3	13.8	13.3	12.9	12.1	13.7	13.5	:	NL
P	16.0	16.1	15.6	15.0	15.3	13.4	11.5	13.9	15.3	13.3	12.2	P
UK	12.0	12.1	12.4	12.1	11.6	12.6	11.3	12.2	12.1	12.3	:	UK
A	40.6	40.1	40.5	41.6	39.3	35.6	35.6	33.8	33.3	32.9	:	A
FIN	39.7	41.4	40.1	43.0	43.6	45.0	45.7	47.9	47.5	45.5	:	FIN
IS	31.0	34.2	22.0	21.6	19.1	27.2	13.1	27.2	23.0	18.1	:	IS
N	21.9	21.9	21.0	20.3	23.2	24.3	22.6	22.6	23.2	:	:	N
S	26.5	26.5	24.0	25.8	24.8	25.1	25.4	22.5	23.0	20.4	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	36.4	35.1	34.3	31.6	33.7	30.8	31.0	29.9	32.3	29.5	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death by suicide: women per 100 000 women

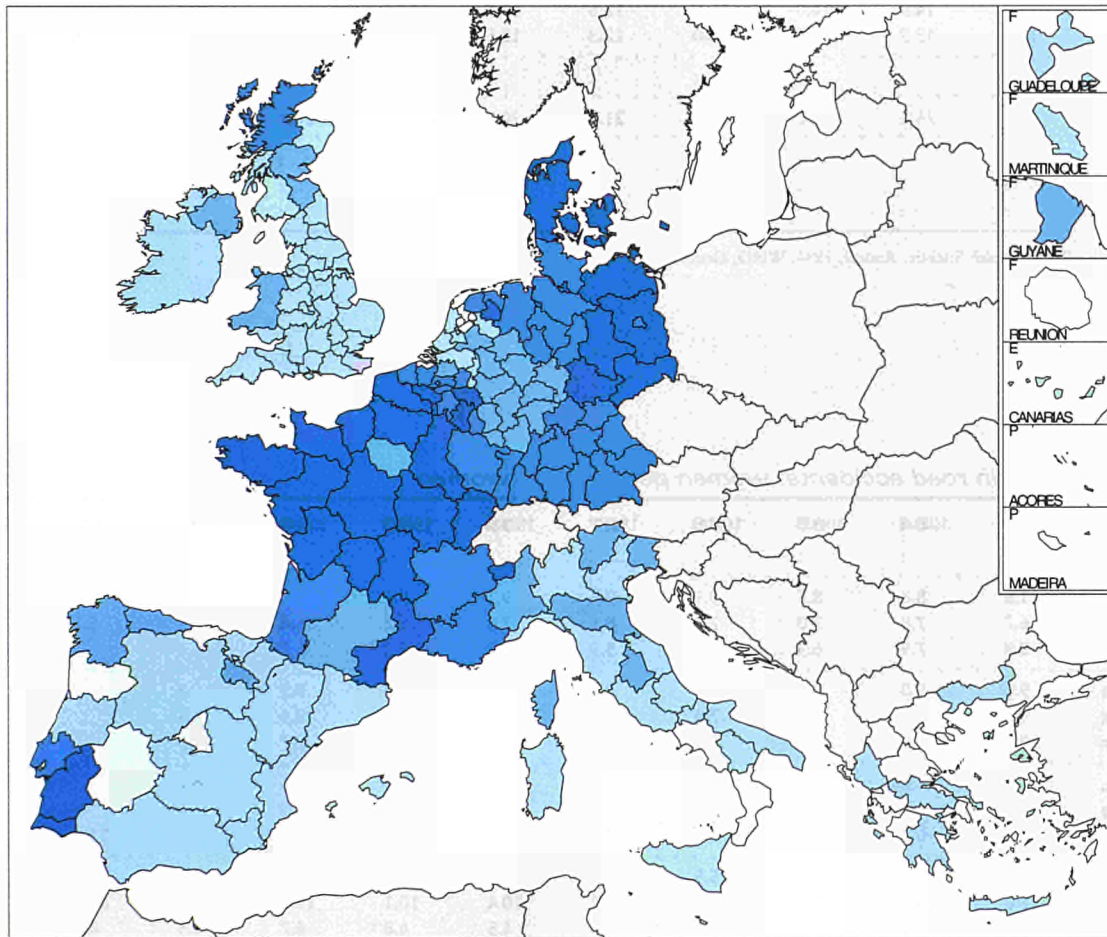
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	15.1	14.4	14.0	13.3	12.6	11.7	10.5	:	:	:	:	B
DK	19.5	20.2	19.9	19.3	18.9	17.5	18.6	14.8	13.6	13.7	:	DK
D	12.4	11.2	10.9	10.0	9.9	8.9	8.2	8.6	8.5	:	:	D
GR	1.9	2.1	2.4	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.4	1.5	:	:	GR
E	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.4	:	:	E
F	11.5	11.6	11.9	12.2	11.6	11.0	10.8	10.2	10.3	:	:	F
IRL	5.6	4.6	4.1	4.6	3.9	4.8	4.2	5.3	4.2	:	:	IRL
I	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.2	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	:	:	:	I
L	11.0	11.1	7.7	6.8	14.2	7.9	9.2	9.7	10.8	14.3	:	L
NL	9.5	9.6	8.0	8.1	8.2	7.3	7.4	6.8	7.1	6.7	:	NL
P	5.2	5.9	5.3	4.9	4.5	3.4	3.4	4.1	4.3	4.2	3.4	P
UK	5.5	5.4	5.4	4.6	4.3	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.4	:	UK
A	13.8	13.2	14.0	14.1	13.5	11.6	12.5	11.5	10.1	10.4	:	A
FIN	9.7	9.7	9.7	11.1	11.4	11.3	11.1	11.8	11.2	11.0	:	FIN
IS	7.3	7.6	8.3	12.1	13.9	4.9	5.2	4.9	7.0	4.6	:	IS
N	8.5	7.3	7.6	7.8	8.0	9.2	8.1	7.8	8.0	:	:	N
S	10.5	11.4	10.7	9.8	10.2	10.9	9.8	9.7	9.5	8.9	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	13.1	13.2	14.3	12.3	12.0	11.5	12.0	11.5	10.5	9.7	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death by suicide, including self-inflicted injury, is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death rates improves

comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death by suicide per 100 000 people. 1991



-0.5

1.5-2.0

0.5-1.0

2.0-

1.0-1.5

:

Killed in road accidents: men per 100 000 men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	32.4	29.0	26.3	29.7	27.5	26.3	26.1	:	:	:	:	B
DK	17.7	16.7	21.3	18.8	16.4	18.3	17.3	15.5	15.9	15.5	:	DK
D	24.8	21.1	17.7	18.7	16.7	17.3	16.8	18.4	19.5	:	:	D
GR	32.4	31.7	30.8	29.0	28.0	27.2	30.8	32.4	32.5	:	:	GR
E	21.5	22.6	22.9	24.7	26.1	28.9	31.9	30.7	29.3	:	:	E
F	29.2	29.0	25.8	27.0	24.1	25.9	26.0	25.3	23.7	:	:	F
IRL	22.7	20.1	20.4	19.0	18.9	19.8	19.5	20.0	17.3	:	:	IRL
I	27.0	24.5	24.1	24.5	23.1	22.9	22.7	23.2	:	:	:	I
L	36.8	30.2	33.7	32.5	32.5	35.2	28.6	26.1	30.7	24.7	:	L
NL	16.7	16.0	14.0	14.1	13.1	11.9	12.8	11.8	11.9	11.5	:	NL
P	51.0	45.4	43.7	40.5	41.9	45.0	43.9	44.5	46.3	44.0	37.7	P
UK	14.4	14.1	13.4	13.5	13.2	12.7	13.2	13.6	12.1	11.1	:	UK
A	38.2	36.3	29.6	27.3	27.1	27.4	28.3	26.4	25.1	21.2	:	A
FIN	17.7	15.7	16.1	17.5	14.7	18.1	21.1	18.1	16.2	15.4	:	FIN
IS	9.9	13.8	15.9	14.2	13.5	18.2	8.2	13.0	16.4	9.3	:	IS
N	13.9	14.9	14.0	15.0	12.5	11.5	12.6	11.6	9.5	:	:	N
S	13.0	13.9	12.8	14.0	12.3	12.5	13.5	11.2	10.6	10.5	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	26.1	25.1	20.0	23.5	21.5	20.8	20.6	20.1	18.4	15.6	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Killed in road accidents: women per 100 000 women

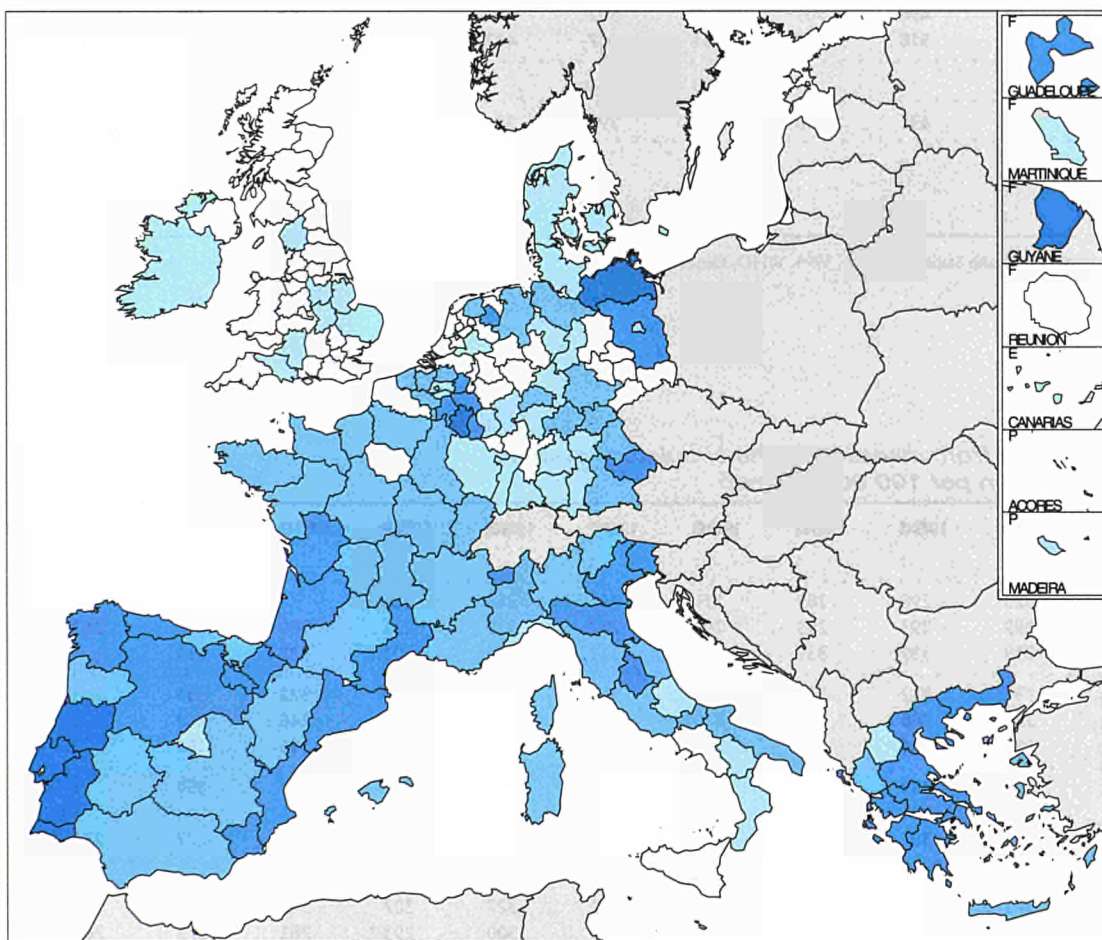
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	11.6	8.8	8.7	9.9	9.6	9.1	9.1	:	:	:	:	B
DK	6.7	7.8	7.0	7.1	8.5	7.6	6.1	6.6	5.5	5.1	:	DK
D	8.8	7.9	6.3	6.7	5.9	6.3	5.8	6.7	6.4	:	:	D
GR	9.0	9.8	9.6	8.9	8.2	9.0	8.9	9.9	9.3	:	:	GR
E	6.2	6.8	6.6	7.4	7.8	8.2	9.1	8.5	8.1	:	:	E
F	10.0	9.9	9.3	9.4	8.4	9.0	8.9	8.7	7.9	:	:	F
IRL	8.4	8.2	6.7	5.0	6.7	6.1	6.8	6.6	6.7	:	:	IRL
I	7.2	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.8	6.4	5.7	6.3	:	:	:	I
L	11.3	6.0	9.3	8.7	7.1	10.5	6.5	8.9	11.8	11.4	:	L
NL	6.1	5.7	4.9	5.5	5.3	5.0	5.4	4.7	4.1	4.6	:	NL
P	12.0	10.4	9.2	10.0	11.2	10.4	10.1	11.1	11.4	10.6	10.0	P
UK	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.1	:	UK
A	10.9	9.1	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.7	7.8	7.6	7.3	7.0	:	A
FIN	7.8	5.8	5.9	7.2	6.7	7.3	8.0	7.4	7.1	6.8	:	FIN
IS	7.3	6.1	3.9	6.6	7.0	7.4	8.4	6.7	6.4	5.8	:	IS
N	5.3	4.8	5.6	5.3	5.1	4.3	4.5	3.5	4.5	:	:	N
S	4.9	4.7	5.8	5.2	4.6	5.3	5.3	5.2	4.4	4.3	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	8.7	7.6	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.4	5.8	5.9	5.3	5.0	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Deaths in road accidents are people killed outright or who died within 30 days as a result of the accident and this is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of

standard death rates improves comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Killed in road accidents per 100 000 people. 1991



-1.0

1.0-1.5

1.5-2.0

2.0-3.0

3.0-

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*Death from diseases of the circulatory system:
men per 100 000 men*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	510	482	462	433	399	386	379	:	:	:	:	B
DK	522	511	513	499	494	477	468	473	453	443	:	DK
D	577	557	552	527	509	495	484	510	498	:	:	D
GR	403	398	424	421	438	425	432	420	409	:	:	GR
E	419	397	401	377	355	354	340	337	335	:	:	E
F	356	343	345	349	310	293	280	267	265	:	:	F
IRL	686	642	655	654	595	579	562	547	523	:	:	IRL
I	521	477	467	440	417	402	384	374	:	:	:	I
L	594	603	594	564	538	555	526	454	441	413	:	L
NL	463	457	461	440	413	405	400	391	384	370	:	NL
P	519	506	503	473	458	469	432	486	497	447	472	P
UK	581	563	566	547	519	501	488	469	462	457	:	UK
A	645	593	592	565	536	519	505	478	474	473	:	A
FIN	655	640	671	620	602	583	559	563	543	535	:	FIN
IS	505	419	422	412	428	420	395	360	407	366	:	IS
N	501	496	505	498	502	471	460	464	436	:	:	N
S	541	518	527	511	497	487	444	446	441	421	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	453	431	420	402	390	384	370	377	360	344	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

*Death from diseases of the circulatory system:
women per 100 000 women*

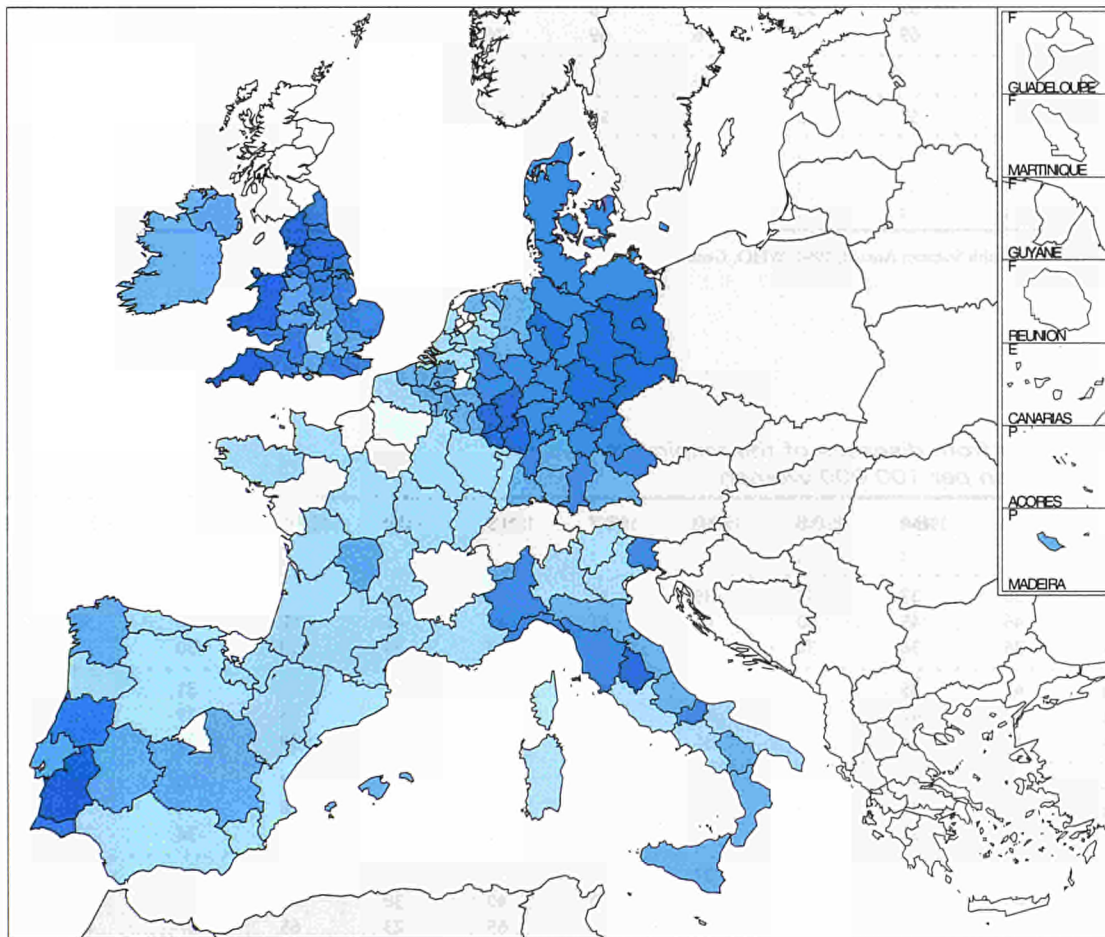
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	323	298	285	274	256	244	239	:	:	:	:	B
DK	299	293	293	290	282	279	271	280	267	263	:	DK
D	359	339	339	327	311	304	301	327	314	:	:	D
GR	332	312	338	342	350	333	340	322	315	:	:	GR
E	309	288	293	279	260	258	251	246	242	:	:	E
F	215	204	206	205	182	174	167	159	157	:	:	F
IRL	424	389	402	395	352	353	349	319	309	:	:	IRL
I	355	321	314	294	279	268	253	250	:	:	:	I
L	403	388	369	353	360	320	337	307	272	272	:	L
NL	254	254	251	242	226	224	221	217	217	214	:	NL
P	371	360	356	335	331	327	307	347	350	317	326	P
UK	341	331	335	320	306	300	293	281	279	268	:	UK
A	421	387	390	377	355	342	330	317	326	316	:	A
FIN	356	345	356	346	337	329	318	312	299	290	:	FIN
IS	232	222	255	241	239	240	235	225	214	211	:	IS
N	273	264	268	259	258	256	252	252	241	:	:	N
S	303	295	295	288	275	275	252	256	248	244	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	275	261	248	243	229	231	222	225	215	208	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death by diseases of the circulatory system includes acute myocardial infarctions and other ischaemic cardiopathies. Ischaemia is the localized stoppage of the blood supply. The death rate is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age

and sex, the use of standard death rates improves comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from diseases of the circulatory system per 1000 people. 1991



-3



5-6

3-4



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4-5



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*Death from diseases of the respiratory system:
men per 100 000 men*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	114	112	115	121	102	107	119	:	:	:	:	B
DK	87	88	93	86	76	79	82	86	78	82	:	DK
D	93	88	89	91	78	74	78	84	78	:	:	D
GR	66	56	59	52	52	47	50	50	49	:	:	GR
E	106	98	106	99	94	97	100	107	103	:	:	E
F	80	69	74	79	65	64	64	66	63	:	:	F
IRL	188	175	195	197	154	164	172	176	160	:	:	IRL
I	101	89	92	90	79	78	73	75	:	:	:	I
L	85	93	87	93	93	90	85	86	82	88	:	L
NL	85	86	91	95	86	84	98	96	94	85	:	NL
P	100	101	105	92	86	93	86	102	102	88	99	P
UK	184	133	145	139	121	124	132	118	115	113	:	UK
A	81	69	79	68	64	56	58	59	55	54	:	A
FIN	117	98	125	102	96	100	99	102	91	92	:	FIN
IS	80	85	81	74	81	106	70	78	76	82	:	IS
N	86	87	95	80	78	88	89	92	83	:	:	N
S	75	69	83	76	69	76	68	68	64	65	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	67	57	62	72	58	64	66	80	65	64	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

*Death from diseases of the respiratory system:
women per 100 000 women*

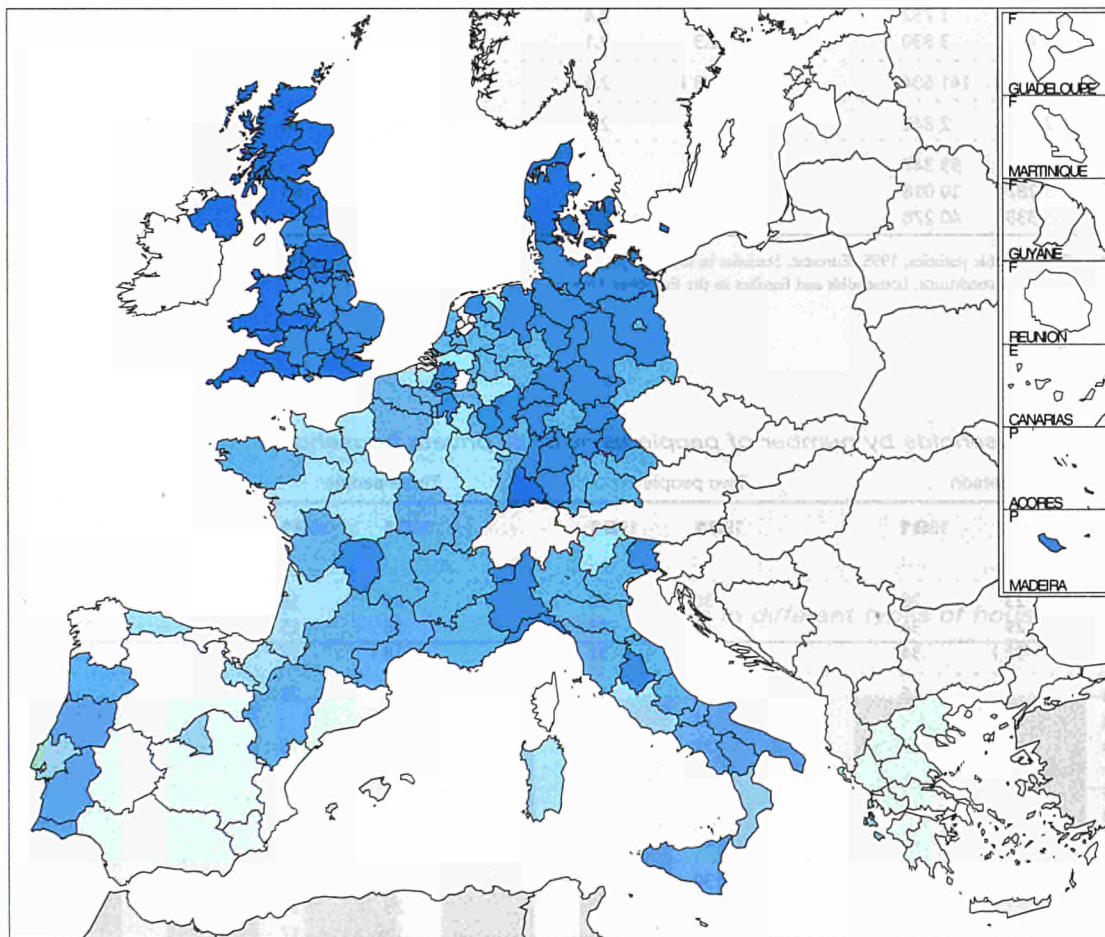
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	38	33	35	39	30	30	38	:	:	:	:	B
DK	46	45	50	44	41	42	46	50	48	50	:	DK
D	36	34	34	35	29	27	29	33	30	:	:	D
GR	42	35	38	35	32	29	31	31	31	:	:	GR
E	49	42	46	44	39	39	39	43	39	:	:	E
F	35	28	31	35	26	27	29	30	28	:	:	F
IRL	114	95	107	115	96	94	97	97	100	:	:	IRL
I	41	33	35	35	29	29	27	28	:	:	:	I
L	34	33	38	41	29	31	35	32	34	32	:	L
NL	31	33	34	37	30	29	35	37	37	33	:	NL
P	48	46	47	43	40	40	38	46	42	38	45	P
UK	99	64	71	69	62	65	73	65	67	63	:	UK
A	37	30	33	29	27	24	25	26	24	23	:	A
FIN	44	38	49	40	38	41	40	42	39	40	:	FIN
IS	56	73	84	63	68	96	77	69	64	81	:	IS
N	49	50	59	50	52	57	55	56	53	:	:	N
S	40	38	44	42	38	43	36	36	36	35	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	30	21	25	31	24	26	26	37	28	29	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING World Health Statistics Annual, 1994. WHO, Geneva.

Death from diseases of the respiratory system is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR). A standard death rate is the death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death rates improves

comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Death from diseases of the respiratory system per 1000 people. 1991



-0.3

0.5-0.7

0.3-0.4

0.7-

0.4-0.5

:

FAMILY LIFE

Private households

	Total number, 1000s		Average size: number of people per household		People living in family households as % of all people living in private households		People living in non-family private households as % of all people living in private households		
	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	
EUR12	109 445	130 879	2.8	2.6	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	3 569	3 953	2.7	2.5	89	86	11	14	B
DK	2 069	2 274	2.4	2.2	80	80	20	20	DK
D	25 099	35 256	2.5	2.2	87	81	13	19	D
GR	2 974	3 205	3.1	3.1	:	90	:	10	GR
E	10 586	11 836	3.6	3.3	95	:	5	:	E
F	19 590	21 542	2.7	2.6	87	88	13	12	F
IRL	911	1 029	3.6	3.3	90	89	10	11	IRL
I	16 632	19 909	3.0	2.8	91	:	9	:	I
L	128	145	2.8	2.6	89	86	11	14	L
NL	5 011	6 162	2.7	2.4	88	81	12	19	NL
P	2 924	3 146	3.3	3.1	92	94	8	6	P
UK	19 949	22 422	2.7	2.5	88	86	12	14	UK
A	2 764	3 013	2.7	2.5	86	85	13	14	A
FIN	1 782	2 037	2.6	2.4	85	84	16	15	FIN
IS	77	93	:	2.8	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1 524	1 752	2.7	2.4	:	:	:	:	N
S	3 498	3 830	2.3	2.1	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	119 089	141 604	2.8	2.6	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	2 450	2 842	2.5	2.3	82	80	18	20	CH
USA	80 776	93 347	2.8	2.6	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	8 282	10 018	2.9	2.7	85	83	13	15	CDN
J	35 338	40 278	3.3	3.1	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

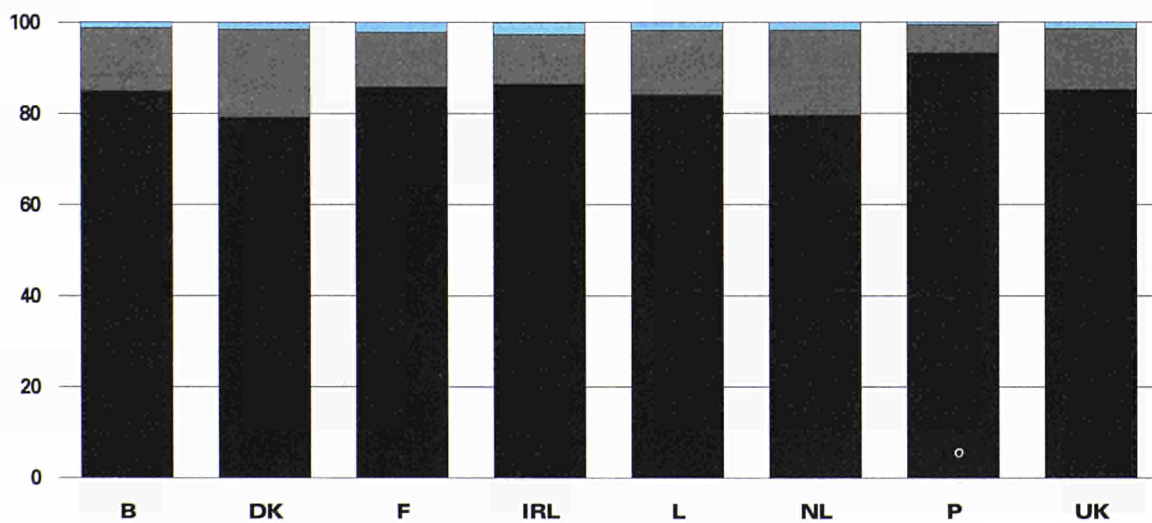
Households by number of people as % of all private households

	One person		Two people		Three people		Four or more people		
	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	23	28	30	30	20	19	26	23	B
DK	29	34	31	33	16	15	23	18	DK
D	31	34	29	31	18	17	23	19	D
GR	:	16	:	27	:	21	:	37	GR
E	10	:	21	:	20	:	49	:	E
F	25	27	29	29	19	18	28	26	F
IRL	17	20	20	21	15	15	48	43	IRL
I	18	:	24	:	22	:	36	:	I
L	21	26	28	28	21	20	30	27	L
NL	23	30	30	33	15	14	32	23	NL
P	13	14	25	25	23	24	39	37	P
UK	22	26	32	34	17	17	30	24	UK
A	28	30	26	28	17	18	28	25	A
FIN	27	32	26	23	19	16	28	23	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	28	34	26	26	16	15	30	24	N
S	33	40	31	31	15	12	21	17	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	29	32	30	32	16	15	26	21	CH
USA	23	25	31	32	18	17	29	26	USA
CDN	20	23	29	31	18	17	33	28	CDN
J	18	21	17	21	18	18	47	39	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

People in different types of households



Black: family households; grey: non-family private households; blue: collective households.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

FAMILY LIFE

Households by number of families

	One-family households as % of all households		People living in one- family households as % of total population		Households of two or more families as % of all households		People living in households of two or more families as % of total population		EUR12
	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	73	68	88	84	0.4	0.8	0.7	1.7	B
DK	61	59	79	74	0.6	3.2	1.4	6.3	DK
D	66	60	83	78	0.6	2.2	1.4	3.8	D
GR	:	79	:	90	:	:	:	:	GR
E	83	:	89	:	3.4	:	5.9	:	E
F	71	70	86	86	0.8	0.7	1.7	1.7	F
IRL	73	72	86	88	2.2	0.7	4.0	1.3	IRL
I	78	:	91	:	0.0	:	0.0	:	I
L	72	68	84	82	2.2	1.5	4.5	3.3	L
NL	73	62	88	81	0.2	:	0.4	:	NL
P	77	80	86	86	7.0	3.9	7.8	7.5	P
UK	73	70	86	84	0.9	0.9	1.8	2.9	UK
A	67	65	80	79	2.7	2.5	6.0	5.5	A
FIN	60	62	85	85	1.4	1.2	3.1	2.8	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	92	:	89	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	79	71	:	:	1.2	1.2	:	:	CDN
J	60	60	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

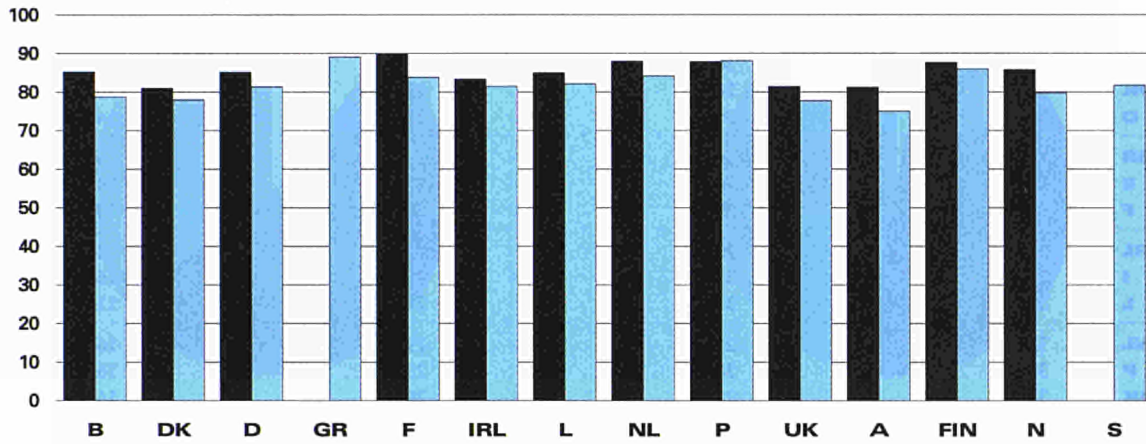
Families by type

	Couples without children. 1000s		Couples with children. 1000s		Single men with children. 1000s		Single women with children. 1000s		EUR12
	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	913	2 740	1 476	1 426	51	83	204	302	B
DK	468	501	667	599	22	27	135	142	DK
D	5 899	8 394	9 264	11 098	256	394	1 357	2 146	D
GR	:	761	:	1 573	:	38	:	155	GR
E	2 178	:	6 494	:	158	:	705	:	E
F	5 420	5 493	7 812	8 296	129	233	758	1 369	F
IRL	130	145	482	499	19	19	77	94	IRL
I	3 393	:	9 658	:	435	:	1 087	:	I
L	32	32	56	57	2	3	8	10	L
NL	1 169	1 387	2 184	2 062	49	92	249	296	NL
P	727	797	1 646	1 682	29	35	198	219	P
UK	5 184	6 272	7 875	7 549	394	296	1 399	1 864	UK
A	:	:	1 112	1 141	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	512	644	604	551	10	11	75	79	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	398	466	536	452	14	20	75	95	N
S	1 087	1 168	939	830	:	27	:	158	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	587	756	911	919	19	23	106	122	CH
USA	25 000	27 000	24 100	25 300	1 733	2 884	8 705	10 890	USA
CDN	:	:	:	3 004	:	168	:	786	CDN
J	4 619	6 715	15 220	15 333	:	:	:	:	J

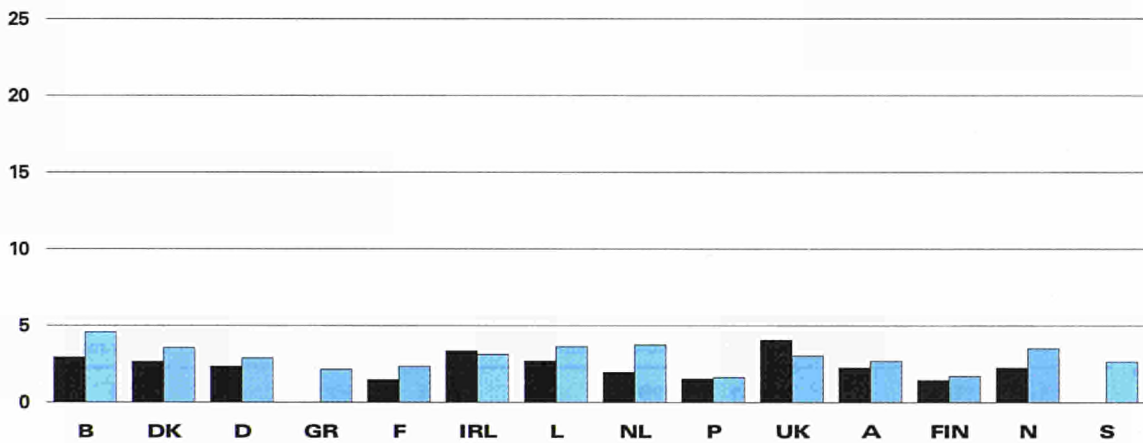
FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

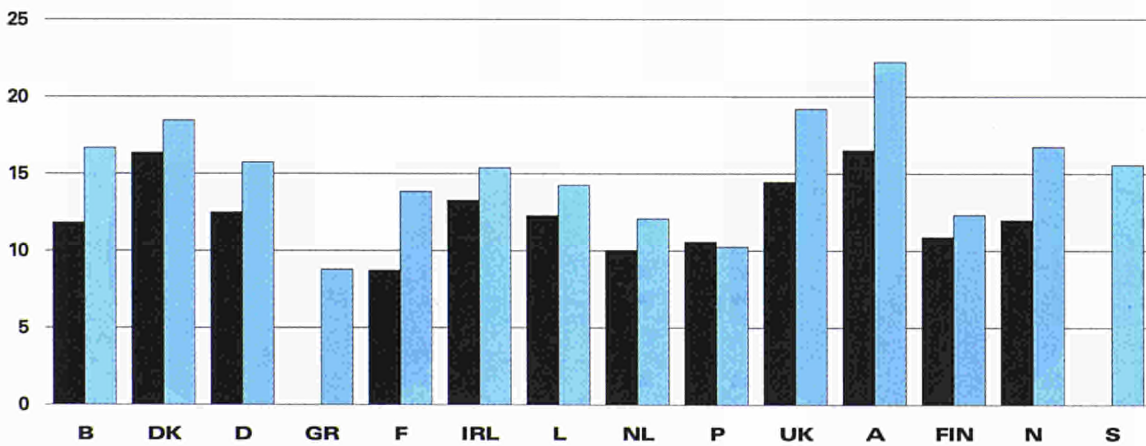
Couples with children as % of all families with children



Single men with children as % of all families with children



Single women with children as % of all families with children



Black: 1981; blue: 1991.

FURTHER READING

Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

Children are people aged 0 to 15.

Families by number of children as % of all families

	Families without children		Families with one child		Families with two children		Families with three or more children		
	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	35	34	30	32	22	24	14	11	B
DK	36	40	26	29	27	25	10	7	DK
D	21	38	36	32	28	23	14	7	D
GR	:	30	:	28	:	32	:	10	GR
E	23	:	26	:	27	:	24	:	E
F	38	44	25	36	22	14	14	6	F
IRL	18	19	22	23	21	24	38	34	IRL
I	23	24	32	34	29	31	16	11	I
L	33	32	32	33	24	26	11	10	L
NL	32	36	23	25	29	27	16	12	NL
P	33	29	28	34	23	26	16	12	P
UK	35	39	25	26	26	24	14	11	UK
A	31	34	31	32	24	15	15	11	A
FIN	43	50	28	22	22	19	8	8	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	54	67	18	16	18	13	10	5	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	37	42	25	25	26	24	12	9	CH
USA	35	36	15	15	14	13	9	7	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

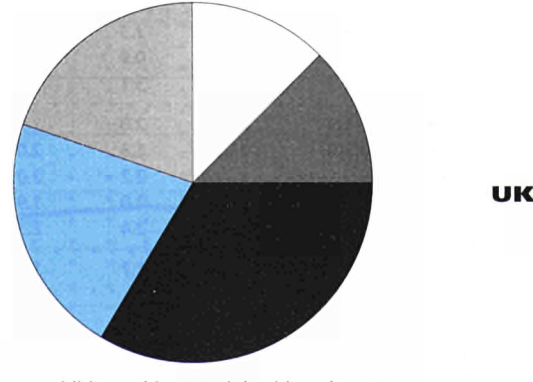
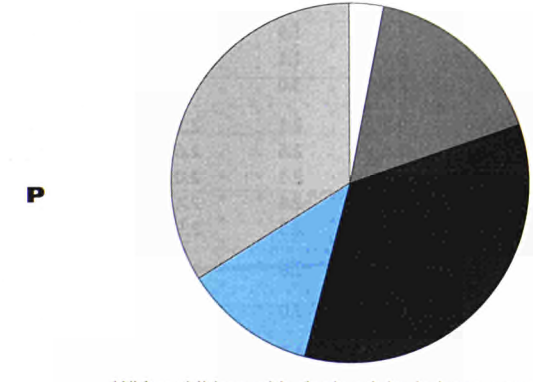
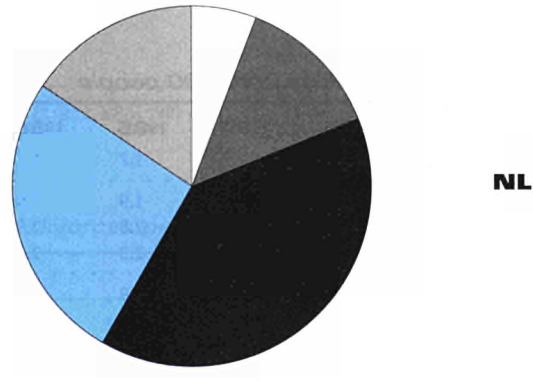
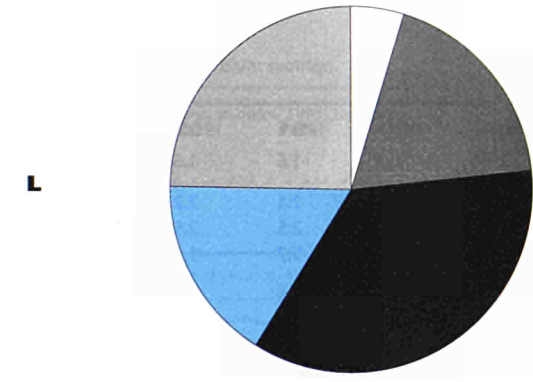
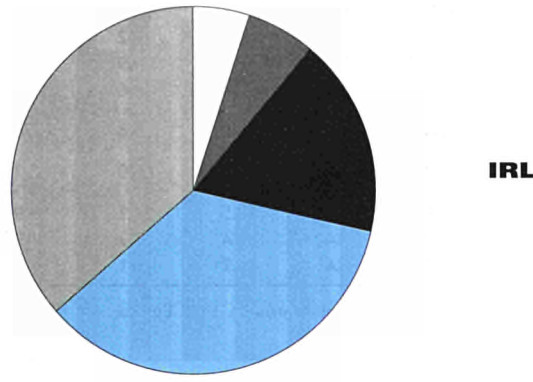
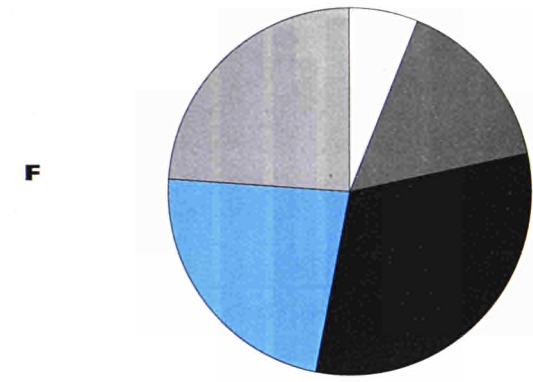
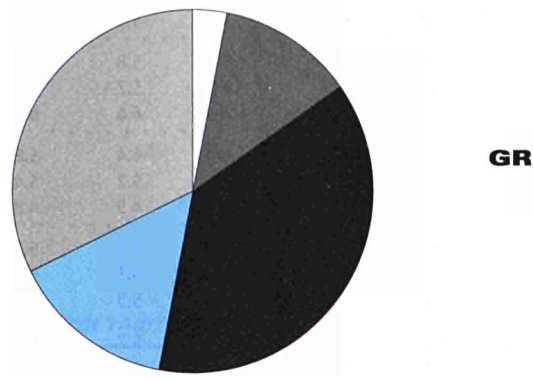
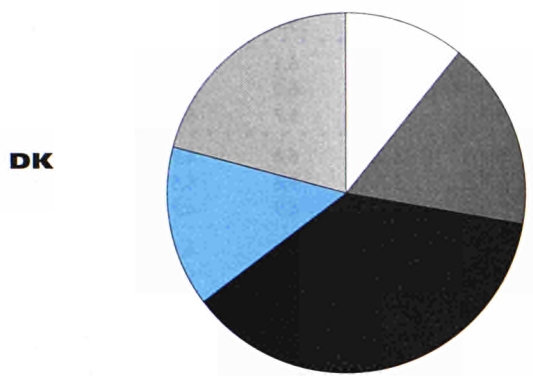
Children by size of family as % of all children

	Children in one-child families		Children in two-child families		Children in three-child families		Children in families of four or more children		
	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	1981	1991	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	24	27	35	41	21	20	19	12	B
DK	23	28	47	49	22	18	7	5	DK
D	26	15	40	27	21	23	13	36	D
GR	:	23	:	51	:	19	:	7	GR
E	16	:	32	:	25	:	27	:	E
F	21	23	36	39	23	23	20	15	F
IRL	10	6	19	13	22	14	49	67	IRL
I	22	:	39	:	22	:	17	:	I
L	27	10	40	22	20	23	13	46	L
NL	16	11	41	23	29	11	14	55	NL
P	20	4	33	16	18	23	29	56	P
UK	20	23	41	41	23	20	16	15	UK
A	24	28	35	41	21	20	20	10	A
FIN	29	25	46	44	18	21	8	9	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	21	27	40	45	26	22	13	6	N
S	28	27	49	45	18	21	5	7	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	21	25	44	47	23	21	12	8	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

N, S, USA: data refer to 1980 and 1990; F: data refer to 1982 and 1990.

Children by type of family as % of all children



White: children with single adult; dark grey: one child with two adults; black: two children with two adults; blue: three or more children with two adults; light grey: children with three or more adults.

FURTHER READING

Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: households and families in the European Union. Eurostat.

Children are people aged 0 to 15.

Marriages per 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.3*	EUR12
B	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.1	5.8	5.4	B
DK	5.3	5.6	5.7	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.2	5.9	DK
D	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.5	5.7	5.6	5.5	D
GR	6.7	5.8	6.4	5.8	6.6	4.8	6.2	5.9	6.4	4.7	5.9	GR
E	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.2	E
F	5.5	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.4	F
IRL	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.5	:	IRL
I	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.1	I
L	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.7	6.4	6.0	L
NL	5.5	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.8	NL
P	7.6	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.9	P
UK	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.1	6.1	:	UK
A	7.4	6.1	5.9	6.1	10.1	4.7	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.8	5.6	A
FIN	6.1	5.8	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.7	FIN
IS	5.9	5.9	5.2	5.1	4.7	5.2	4.7	4.5	4.8	4.8	:	IS
N	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.2	4.9	5.2	4.7	4.5	:	N
S	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.9	5.2	12.8	4.7	4.3	4.3	3.9	S
EEA	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.2*	EEA
CH	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.6	6.9	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.6	6.2	CH
USA	10.4	10.5	10.1	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.4	9.3	9.0	USA
CDN	7.4	7.4	7.3	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.1	:	:	:	CDN
J	6.4	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.4	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

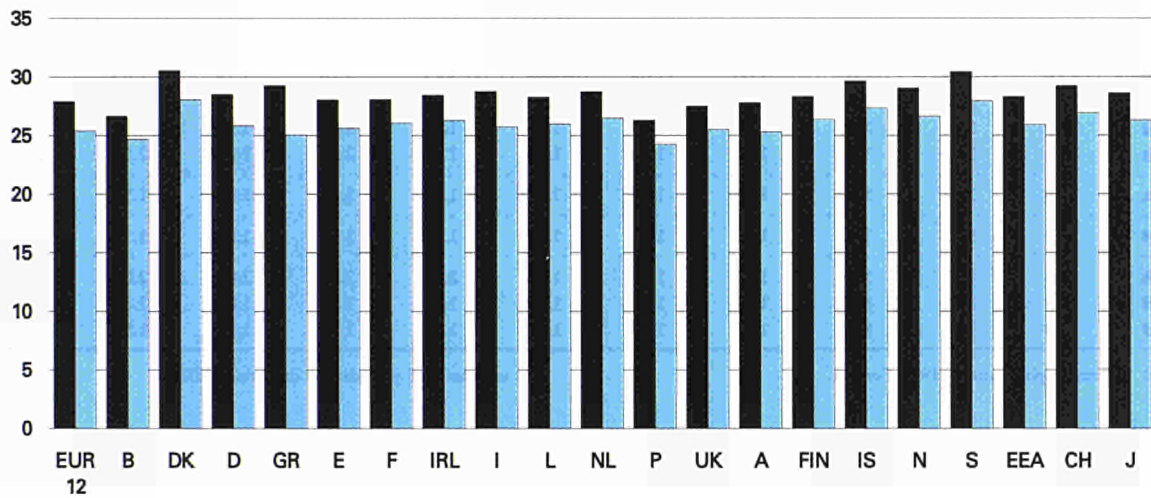
Divorces per 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6*	:	EUR12
B	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.1	B
DK	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	DK
D	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.7	1.7	:	D
GR	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	GR
E	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	:	E
F	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	:	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	I
L	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.8	:	L
NL	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	NL
P	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.2	P
UK	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	:	:	UK
A	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	A
FIN	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	FIN
IS	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.0	:	IS
N	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	:	N
S	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	S
EEA	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7*	:	EEA
CH	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	CH
USA	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	USA
CDN	2.8	2.6	2.4	:	3.1	:	3.1	2.9	:	:	:	CDN
J	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR; IRL: divorce is not allowed.

Average age at first marriage: men and women

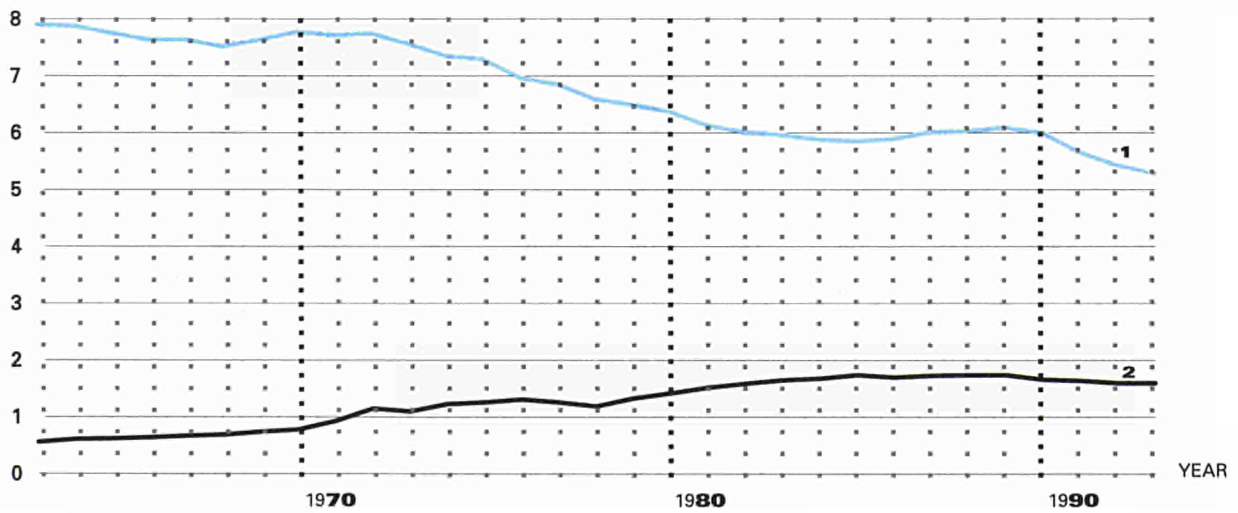


Black: men; blue: women.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

E, IRL, I, UK, EUR12, EEA: 1991 data.

Marriages and divorces per 1000 people. EUR12



1: marriages; 2: divorces.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Total fertility

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.64	1.61	1.59	1.58	1.56	1.57	1.54	1.54	1.51	1.48	1.44 *	EUR12
B	1.56	1.54	1.51	1.54	1.54	1.57	1.58	1.62	1.57	1.56	1.61 *	B
DK	1.38	1.40	1.45	1.48	1.50	1.56	1.62	1.67	1.68	1.76	1.75 *	DK
D	1.43	1.39	1.37	1.41	1.43	1.46	1.42	1.45	1.33	1.30	1.30	D
GR	1.94	1.82	1.68	1.61	1.51	1.52	1.43	1.42	1.40	1.39	1.38	GR
E	1.79	1.72	1.63	1.54	1.48	1.43	1.37	1.33	1.30	1.23	1.24	E
F	1.78	1.80	1.81	1.83	1.80	1.81	1.79	1.78	1.77	1.73	1.65	F
IRL	2.74	2.57	2.50	2.42	2.34	2.20	2.15	2.19	2.10	2.03	:	IRL
I	1.49	1.43	1.39	1.31	1.28	1.32	1.28	1.30	1.29	1.25	1.21	I
L	1.43	1.42	1.38	1.43	1.40	1.51	1.52	1.61	1.60	1.64	1.70 *	L
NL	1.47	1.49	1.51	1.56	1.56	1.55	1.55	1.62	1.61	1.59	1.57	NL
P	1.94	1.88	1.70	1.62	1.56	1.53	1.50	1.54	1.58	1.55	1.53	P
UK	1.77	1.77	1.79	1.78	1.81	1.83	1.79	1.84	1.82	1.79	1.82	UK
A	1.54	1.50	1.46	1.43	1.42	1.43	1.43	1.44	1.50	1.51	1.51	A
FIN	1.74	1.69	1.65	1.60	1.59	1.69	1.71	1.78	1.79	1.85	1.82	FIN
IS	2.24	2.08	1.93	1.93	2.06	2.25	2.19	2.30	2.18	2.21	:	IS
N	1.66	1.66	1.68	1.71	1.75	1.84	1.89	1.93	1.92	1.88	1.82	N
S	1.61	1.66	1.74	1.80	1.84	1.96	2.01	2.13	2.11	2.09	2.00	S
EEA	1.64	1.61	1.59	1.58	1.57	1.58	1.55	1.56	1.57	1.54	1.50 *	EEA
CH	1.52	1.53	1.52	1.53	1.52	1.57	1.56	1.59	1.61	1.58	1.48 *	CH
USA	1.80	1.81	1.84	1.84	1.87	1.93	2.01	2.08	2.05	2.05	:	USA
CDN	1.68	1.69	1.67	1.67	1.66	1.69	1.76	1.82	1.80	1.80	:	CDN
J	1.80	1.81	1.76	1.72	1.69	1.66	1.57	1.54	1.52	1.52	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

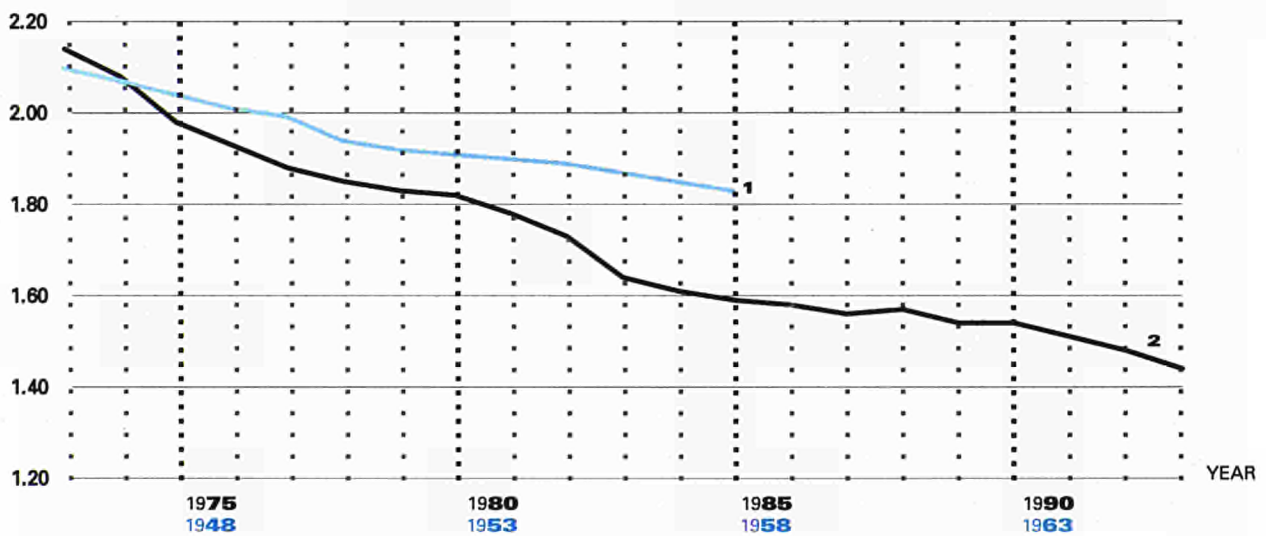
Completed fertility

	1930	1935	1940	1945	1950	1955	1956	1957	1958	
EUR12	2.50 *	2.40 *	2.27 *	2.13 *	1.99 *	1.87	1.85	1.83	1.83 *	EUR12
B	2.30	2.28	2.15	1.95	1.83	1.80	1.80	1.81	1.80	B
DK	2.36	2.38	2.24	2.06	1.90	1.83	1.83	1.83	1.83	DK
D	2.17	2.16	1.98	1.79	1.72	1.67	1.66	1.65	1.65	D
GR	2.21	2.02	2.01	2.00	2.07	2.03	1.98	1.91	1.89	GR
E	2.59	2.67	2.59	2.43	2.18	1.90	1.86	1.84	1.79	E
F	2.63	2.59	2.43	2.24	2.11	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.11	F
IRL	3.50 *	3.44 *	3.27 *	3.27 *	3.01	2.74	2.65	2.57	2.52	IRL
I	2.29	2.28	2.14	2.07	1.90	1.77	1.74	1.70	1.66	I
L	1.97 *	2.00 *	1.90 *	1.81 *	1.72	1.68	1.69	1.68	1.65	L
NL	2.65	2.50	2.21	2.00	1.90	1.86	1.86	1.85	1.84	NL
P	2.95	2.85	2.61	2.31	2.02	1.96	1.94	1.92	1.92	P
UK	2.35	2.41	2.36	2.17	2.05	2.01	2.01	2.00	1.98	UK
A	2.32	2.45	2.17	1.76	1.91	1.64	1.73	1.70	1.64	A
FIN	2.50 *	2.30	2.03	1.87	1.85	1.88	1.90	1.92	1.92	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	2.47	2.43	2.49	2.47	IS
N	2.49	2.57	2.45	2.21	2.09	2.04	2.03	2.04	2.04	N
S	2.11	2.14	2.05	1.96	2.00	2.04	2.05	2.06	2.07	S
EEA	2.50 *	2.40 *	2.26 *	2.12 *	1.99 *	1.89	1.87	1.85	1.83	EEA
CH	2.18	2.20	2.07	1.85	1.79	1.75	1.74	1.73	1.73	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Total fertility and completed fertility



1: total fertility; 2: completed fertility.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Average age of all mothers giving birth

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	27.4	27.4	27.6	27.7	27.8	27.9	28.1	28.2 *	28.3 *	:	:	EUR12
B	26.9	27.0	27.2	27.3	27.5	27.6	27.8	:	:	:	:	B
DK	27.3	27.5	27.8	27.9	28.1	28.2	28.4	28.5	28.6	28.8	:	DK
D	26.7	26.9	27.1	27.2	27.4	27.5	27.6	27.6	27.8	:	:	D
GR	26.1	26.1	26.2	26.4	26.5	26.7	26.9	27.1	27.3	27.4	:	GR
E	28.4	28.4	28.5	28.6	28.6	29.1	28.7	28.9	29.0	:	:	E
F	27.1	27.3	27.5	27.6	27.9	28.0	28.2	28.3	28.4	28.6	:	F
IRL	29.7	29.7	29.8	29.8	29.9	29.9	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.2	:	IRL
I	27.9	27.9	28.1	27.8	28.0	28.7	28.9	29.0	29.2	:	:	I
L	27.7	27.9	27.9	28.1	28.3	28.3	28.2	28.4	28.4	28.6	:	L
NL	28.1	28.2	28.4	28.6	28.8	29.0	29.2	29.3	29.5	29.7	:	NL
P	27.1	27.1	27.2	27.1	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.4	27.5	27.6	:	P
UK	27.2	27.2	27.3	27.4	27.4	27.5	27.6	27.7	27.7	27.8	:	UK
A	26.5	26.5	26.6	26.7	26.8	26.8	27.0	27.1	27.1	27.3	:	A
FIN	28.1	28.3	27.9	28.5	28.7	28.7	28.8	28.9	28.9	28.9	:	FIN
IS	27.2	27.3	27.4	26.7	26.7	26.8	27.5	27.6	28.0	28.5	:	IS
N	27.3	27.4	27.5	27.5	27.7	27.8	28.0	28.1	28.3	28.4	:	N
S	28.1	28.3	28.4	28.4	28.5	28.5	28.6	28.6	28.7	28.9	:	S
EEA	27.4	27.5	27.6	27.7	27.8	27.9	28.1	28.2 *	28.3 *	:	:	EEA
CH	28.1	28.2	28.4	28.5	28.7	28.8	28.9	28.9	29.0	29.1	:	CH
USA	26.0	26.2	26.3	26.5	26.6	26.7	26.8	26.9	27.0	:	:	USA
CDN	26.9	27.1	27.3	27.5	27.7	27.8	28.0	28.1	:	:	:	CDN
J	28.4	28.5	28.6	28.6	28.7	28.8	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

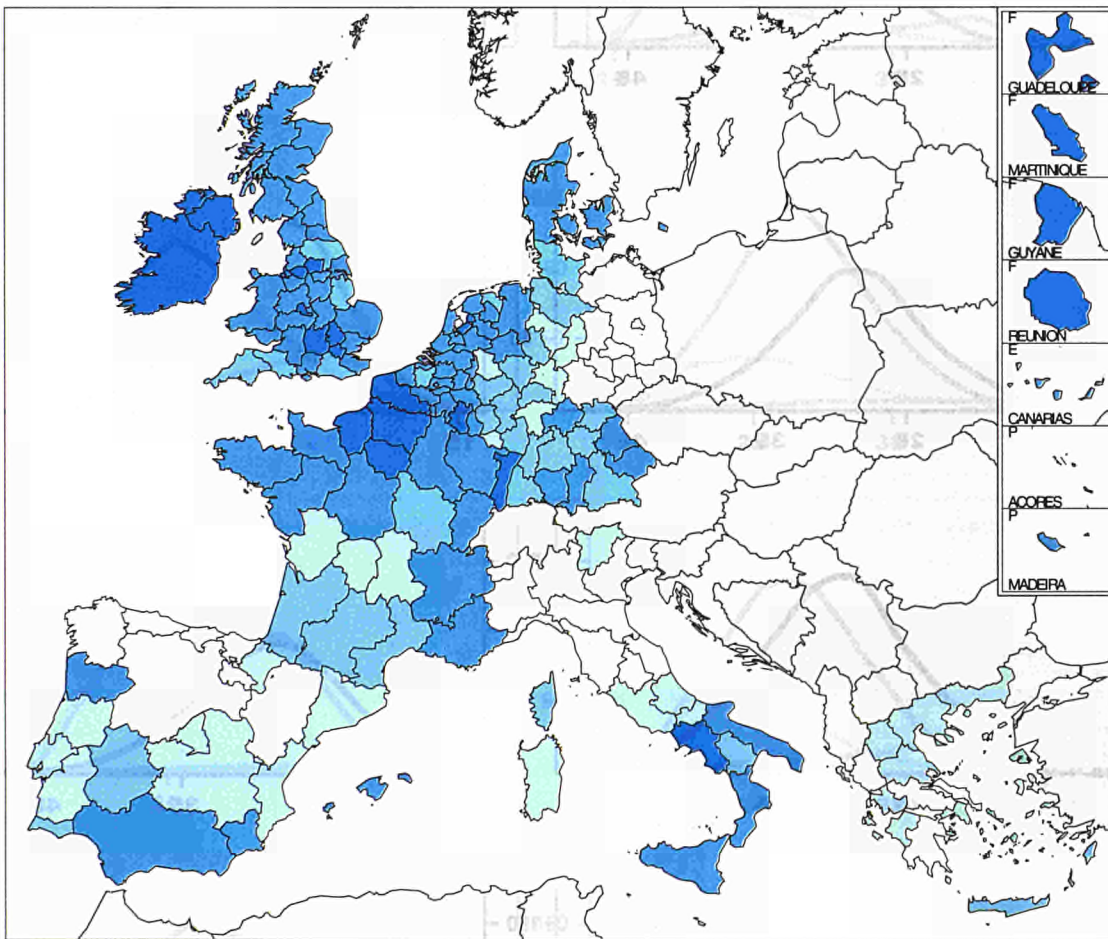
Live births outside marriage as % of all live births

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 *	20 *	20 *	:	EUR12
B	6	6	7	8	9	11	11	:	:	:	:	B
DK	41	42	43	44	45	45	46	46	47	46	:	DK
D	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	D
GR	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	GR
E	5	7	8	8	8	9	9	10	10	11	:	E
F	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	33	:	F
IRL	7	8	8	10	11	12	13	15	17	18	20	IRL
I	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	I
L	8	8	9	10	11	12	12	13	12	13	13	L
NL	7	8	8	9	9	10	11	11	12	12	13	NL
P	11	11	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	P
UK	15	17	19	21	23	25	27	28	30	31	:	UK
A	22	22	22	23	23	21	23	24	25	25	26	A
FIN	14	15	16	18	19	21	23	25	27	29	30	FIN
IS	45	47	48	50	50	52	53	55	56	57	:	IS
N	19	21	26	28	31	34	36	39	41	38	44	N
S	44	45	46	48	50	54	49	47	48	49	50	S
EEA	13	14	15	:	17	18	19	20 *	21 *	21 *	:	EEA
CH	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	CH
USA	20	21	22	23	24	26	27	28	30	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	22	23	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

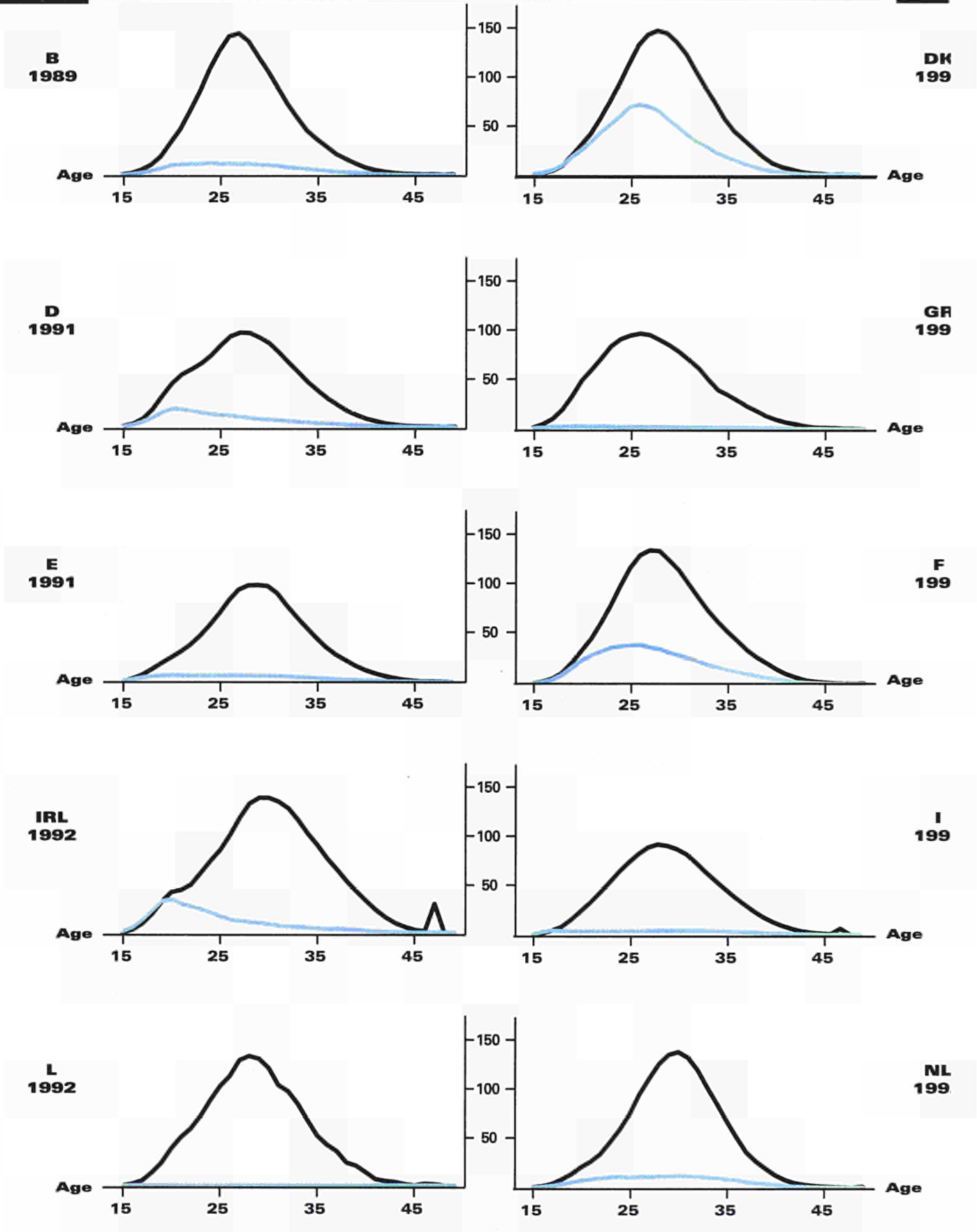
D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Birth rate, 1991



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

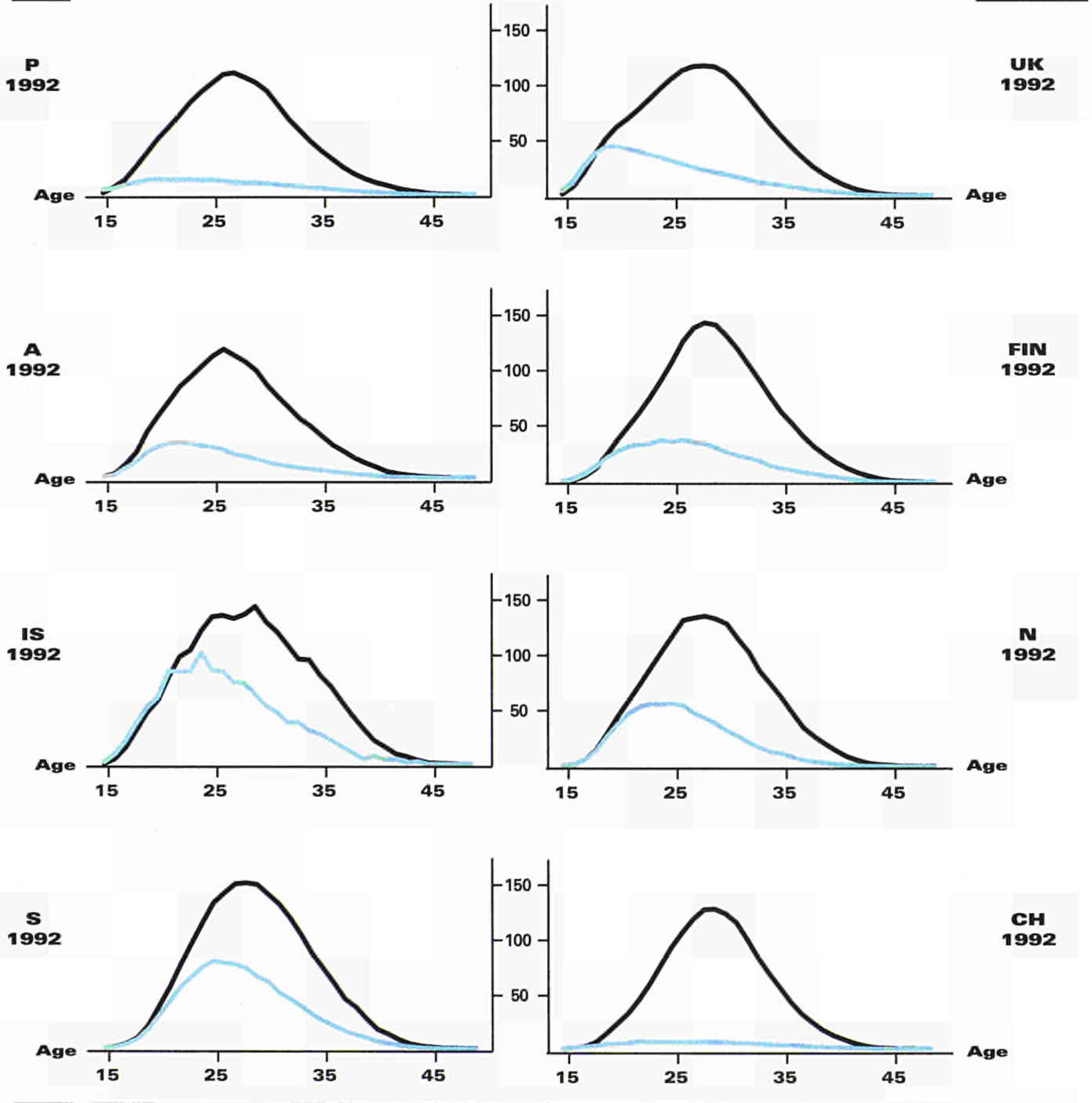
Fertility by age



Vertical axis: children per 1000 women; horizontal axis: age. Black: total fertility; blue: children born out of wedlock.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Fertility by age



Vertical axis: children per 1000 women; horizontal axis: age. Black: total fertility; blue: children born out of wedlock.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Immigration from other EEA countries. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	:	:	:	8	10	29	29	:	:	B
DK	:	:	14	14	14	13	15	16	17	17	:	DK
D	:	:	123	140	145	158	168	167	175	160	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4	:	GR
E	:	:	12	9	10	14	18	14	9	12	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	10	13	18	23	23	29	:	IRL
I	:	:	35	34	31	30	28	28	24	:	:	I
L	:	:	4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	26	28	29	29	29	34	35	33	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2	:	P
UK	:	:	63	74	58	57	59	75	80	74	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	9	8	7	7	8	8	7	5	:	FIN
IS	:	:	1	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	:	IS
N	:	:	12	13	14	13	10	12	12	12	:	N
S	:	:	8	9	15	11	17	15	14	13	:	S
CH	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics.
Eurostat.

Immigration from non-EEA countries. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	:	:	:	40	44	34	39	:	:	B
DK	:	:	22	25	23	22	24	25	26	26	:	DK
D	:	:	389	459	473	746	1 354	1 496	1 008	1 342	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	28	:	GR
E	:	:	8	5	7	10	16	20	15	27	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	10	12	18	23	11	12	:	IRL
I	:	:	82	76	104	56	53	139	103	:	:	I
L	:	:	2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	53	59	67	63	70	84	85	75	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	12	:	P
UK	:	:	170	176	154	159	191	192	187	142	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	2	2	2	3	3	6	12	10	:	FIN
IS	:	:	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	IS
N	:	:	10	11	18	17	16	14	14	15	:	N
S	:	:	25	31	27	40	49	36	35	33	:	S
CH	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics.
Eurostat.

Immigrants are either non-nationals arriving from abroad or nationals returning from abroad with the intention of residing in the country for a certain period. This period varies from one month for a Dutch person returning to the Netherlands to 12 months for any person entering the United Kingdom. Not all EU countries collect data, and their collection varies from one country to

another. For example, the UK does not record flows between its territory and the Irish Republic; France has no statistics on immigration of nationals; and illegal immigration is not included in the statistics. Data, therefore, are not fully comparable. But despite such shortcomings, the fact is, that considerable immigration flows are from the return of nationals.

Immigration of nationals as % of total immigration

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	20	20	19	21	20	19	20	18	:	B
DK	:	:	44	42	45	46	50	52	49	50	:	DK
D	:	:	22	20	23	28	49	49	22	19	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	54	:	GR
E	:	:	69	69	69	60	57	60	57	53	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	66	62	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	49	36	44	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9	9	8	:	L
NL	:	:	42	40	37	36	34	31	30	29	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	47	48	47	41	42	40	44	46	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	75	73	69	67	63	52	30	29	:	FIN
IS	:	:	70	76	72	58	63	65	57	67	:	IS
N	:	:	32	32	24	23	29	38	39	36	:	N
S	:	:	16	14	13	13	11	11	12	13	:	S
CH	:	:	27	26	26	23	24	20	19	16	:	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics, Eurostat.

Immigration, total. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	44	47	47	49	50	48	54	63	67	67	:	B
DK	28	29	36	39	36	35	38	41	44	43	:	DK
D	372	457	512	598	617	904	1 522	1 652	1 183	1 502	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	24	32	:	GR
E	:	:	20	14	17	24	34	34	24	39	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	17	19	27	33	33	41	:	IRL
I	98	87	117	109	135	116	109	194	127	114	:	I
L	5	5	6	:	:	:	:	10	11	11	:	L
NL	67	67	79	87	96	91	99	117	120	117	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14	:	P
UK	202	201	232	250	212	216	250	267	267	216	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	14	12	10	10	9	10	11	14	19	15	:	FIN
IS	2	2	2	3	4	4	3	3	4	3	:	IS
N	20	20	22	24	31	30	26	25	26	27	:	N
S	27	31	33	39	43	51	66	60	50	45	:	S
CH	:	:	99	107	113	125	130	154	164	157	:	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics, Eurostat.

Immigration by country of citizenship, 1992

	EUR12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL
Total	:	67	43	1 502	32	39	111	41	:	11	108
Europe	:	47	32	1 310	27	26	40	36	:	9	66
EUR12	:	39	26	411	21	25	24	36	:	8	48
B	:	12	0	2	0	0	1	0	:	1	2
DK	:	0	22	4	0	0	0	0	:	0	0
D	:	3	1	291	1	1	1	1	:	1	6
GR	:	1	0	24	17	0	0	-	:	0	1
E	:	1	0	5	0	21	1	1	:	0	1
F	:	6	0	13	0	1	:	1	:	1	1
IRL	:	0	0	6	0	0	0	26	:	0	1
I	:	3	0	30	0	0	1	0	:	0	1
L	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	:	1	0
NL	:	7	0	7	0	0	1	0	:	0	28
P	:	3	0	10	0	1	15	0	:	3	1
UK	:	3	1	18	2	1	3	7	:	0	7
Other EEA	:	1	3	13	1	0	1	:	:	0	1
A	:	0	0	13	0	0	0	:	:	0	0
FIN	:	0	0	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	0
IS	:	:	1	:	0	0	:	:	:	0	0
N	:	0	1	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	0
S	:	1	1	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	0
CH	:	0	0	4	0	0	1	:	:	0	0
C+E Europe	:	1*	2	401*	4	1	3	:	:	0	3
PL	:	1	1	132	0	0	1	:	:	0	1
RO	:	:	0	110	1	0	1	:	:	0	0
FSU	:	0	1	64	2	0	1	:	:	0	1
Other Europe	:	4*	2	472*	1	0	10*	:	:	1	14
TR	:	3	1	81	0	0	9	:	:	0	9
F YU	:	1	1	384	0	0	1	:	:	1	5
Africa	:	10	2	70	2	6	49	:	:	0	15
MA	:	3	0	7	0	5	16	:	:	0	7
DZ	:	0	0	:	0	0	11	:	:	0	0
TN	:	0	0	3	0	0	4	:	:	0	0
America	:	5	2	34	1	5	8	2*	:	1	13
USA	:	3	1	21	0	0	2	2	:	0	3
CDN	:	0	0	2	0	0	1	:	:	0	1
BR	:	0	0	3	0	0	1	:	:	0	1
Asia	:	5	6	83	2	1	14	:	:	0	12
IND	:	1	0	8	0	0	1	:	:	0	1
IR	:	0	1	6	0	0	0	:	:	0	2
PAK	:	0	0	6	0	0	1	:	:	0	1
AUS	:	0	0	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	1
NZ	:	:	0	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	0
Other	:	0	1	3	0	0	0	:	:	0	0

C+E Europe: Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; RO: Romania; FSU: former Soviet Union; TR: Turkey; F YU: former Yugoslavia; MA: Morocco; DZ: Algeria; TN: Tunisia; BR: Brazil; IND: India; IR: Iran; PAK: Pakistan; AUS: Australia; NZ: New Zealand.

Immigration by country of citizenship, 1992

	P	UK	A	FIN	IS	N	S	EEA	CH	
	14	216	:	15	3	27	45	:	144	Total
	2	133*	:	12	3	19	21	:	124	Europe
	2	121*	:	0	0	4	3	:	49	EUR12
	0	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	1	B
	0	1	:	0	0	2	1	:	1	DK
	0	6	:	0	0	0	0	:	8	D
	0	3	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	GR
	0	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	4	E
	0	8	:	0	0	0	0	:	5	F
	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	IRL
	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	:	9	I
	0	-	:	-	-	0	-	:	0	L
	0	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	2	NL
	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	:	17	P
	0	99	:	0	0	1	1	:	2	UK
	0	5*	:	5	2	11	11	:	4	Other EEA
	0	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	2	A
	0	1	:	4	0	0	3	:	0	FIN
	0	-	:	0	2	0	0	:	0	IS
	0	2	:	0	0	10	2	:	0	N
	0	1	:	1	0	1	6	:	1	S
	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	:	25	CH
	0	4*	:	6	0	1	4	:	3	C+E Europe
	0	1	:	0	0	0	2	:	0	PL
	0	-	:	0	-	0	1	:	0	RO
	0	1	:	5	0	0	1	:	1	FSU
	0	3*	:	1	0	3	3	:	43	Other Europe
	0	1	:	0	-	0	1	:	5	TR
	0	2	:	0	0	3	2	:	38	F YU
	7	9*	:	1	0	1	5	:	4	Africa
	0	-	:	0	0	0	0	:	1	MA
	0	-	:	0	-	0	0	:	0	DZ
	0	-	:	0	-	0	0	:	0	TN
	4	18*	:	0	0	2	3	:	7	America
	0	11	:	0	0	1	1	:	2	USA
	0	2	:	0	0	0	0	:	1	CDN
	3	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	1	BR
	0	39*	:	1	0	4	14	:	8	Asia
	0	4	:	0	0	0	0	:	1	IND
	0	1	:	0	0	0	4	:	0	IR
	0	5	:	0	-	0	0	:	0	PAK
	0	10	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	AUS
	0	6	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	NZ
	0	1*	:	0	-	0	1	:	0	Other

Emigration to other EEA countries. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	:	:	:	22	22	22	22	21	:	B
DK	:	:	13	14	15	18	19	17	16	17	:	DK
D	:	:	145	129	125	155	134	123	148	140	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	25	43	52	41	26	28	:	IRL
I	:	:	26	26	22	22	43	30	31	:	:	I
L	:	:	3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	25	25	25	26	28	27	27	28	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	1	0	:	:	0	:	P
UK	:	:	40	65	61	61	48	61	75	63	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	7	7	7	7	6	6	5	5	:	FIN
IS	:	:	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	:	IS
N	:	:	5	6	6	7	8	6	5	4	:	N
S	:	:	16	17	16	16	17	20	19	17	:	S
CH	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics.
Eurostat.

Emigration to non-EEA countries. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	:	:	:	13	11	11	12	13	:	B
DK	:	:	:	14	15	18	16	15	17	15	:	DK
D	:	:	284	281	276	267	411	488	435	580	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	15	17	19	15	9	11	:	IRL
I	:	:	29	24	22	20	23	27	27	:	:	I
L	:	:	3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	30	30	27	30	31	30	30	31	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	9	2	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	134	148	149	176	157	170	164	164	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	FIN
IS	:	:	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	:	IS
N	:	:	3	2	2	2	3	4	4	4	:	N
S	:	:	6	8	5	5	5	5	5	9	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics.
Eurostat.

Emigrants are people travelling abroad with the intention of residing there for a certain minimum period, for example, 12 months for Dutch emigrants leaving the Netherlands. Germans are emigrants when they leave their occupied residence. A Briton is an emigrant when intending to live abroad for more than 12 months

having been resident in the UK for the previous 12 months. An Irish person is an emigrant when he is already resident abroad having been resident in Ireland one year previously. In 1976, the United Nations drew up recommendations on international migration statistics. Unfortunately, few countries follow them.

Emigration of nationals as % of total emigration

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	55	56	58	47	48	49	53	39	:	B
DK	:	:	66	67	66	69	73	73	68	71	:	DK
D	:	:	14	15	17	15	20	24	15	15	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	85	86	88	88	91	87	89	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	13	13	13	:	L
NL	:	:	56	57	60	62	64	64	63	61	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	95	:	P
UK	:	:	62	62	62	60	59	59	57	59	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	88	85	86	87	88	86	81	75	:	FIN
IS	:	:	79	84	80	69	75	73	67	55	:	IS
N	:	:	52	50	51	53	61	59	54	52	:	N
S	:	:	36	37	44	45	39	36	39	49	:	S
CH	:	:	31	32	33	33	31	32	29	26	:	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat.

Emigration, total. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	41	39	37	37	38	35	33	33	34	34	:	B
DK	26	25	27	28	30	35	35	32	33	32	:	DK
D	489	608	429	410	401	422	545	611	582	720	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	40	61	71	56	35	39	:	IRL
I	72	63	55	50	44	42	66	56	58	57	:	I
L	6	6	6	:	:	:	:	6	7	6	:	L
NL	61	59	55	55	52	56	60	57	57	59	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	:	P
UK	185	164	174	213	210	237	205	231	239	227	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	7	7	8	8	8	8	7	6	6	6	:	FIN
IS	2	2	2	3	2	3	4	4	3	3	:	IS
N	16	16	16	17	17	20	27	24	18	17	:	N
S	25	23	22	24	21	21	21	25	25	26	:	S
CH	:	:	85	85	86	92	97	98	103	117	:	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat.

Emigration by country of citizenship, 1992

	EUR12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL
Total	:	34	32	720	:	:	:	:	:	6	49
Europe	:	27	28	625	:	:	:	:	:	6	42
EUR12	:	25	25	200	:	:	:	:	:	5	39
B	:	13	0	1	:	:	:	:	:	1	1
DK	:	0	23	2	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
D	:	2	1	105	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
GR	:	0	0	16	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
E	:	1	0	6	:	:	:	:	:	0	1
F	:	2	0	9	:	:	:	:	:	1	1
IRL	:	0	0	4	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
I	:	2	0	33	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
L	:	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	1	0
NL	:	3	0	5	:	:	:	:	:	0	32
P	:	0	0	5	:	:	:	:	:	1	0
UK	:	2	1	12	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
Other EEA	:	1*	2	11*	:	:	:	:	:	0	1
A	:	0	0	11	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
FIN	:	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
IS	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
N	:	0	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
S	:	0	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
CH	:	0	0	2	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
C+E Europe	:	0*	1	233*	:	:	:	:	:	0	1
PL	:	0	0	110	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
RO	:	:	0	525	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
FSU	:	0	0	13	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
Other Europe	:	0*	0	174*	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
TR	:	0	0	41	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
F YU	:	0	0	132	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
Africa	:	1	0	27	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
MA	:	0	0	2	:	:	:	:	:	0	1
DZ	:	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
TN	:	0	0	2	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
America	:	3	2	22	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
USA	:	3	1	14	:	:	:	:	:	0	1
CDN	:	0	0	1	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
BR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Asia	:	2	1	42	:	:	:	:	:	0	2
IND	:	0	0	4	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
IR	:	0	0	5	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
PAK	:	0	0	2	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
AUS	:	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
NZ	:	:	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0
Other	:	0	0	2	:	:	:	:	:	0	0

C+E Europe: Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; RO: Romania; FSU: former Soviet Union; TR: Turkey; F YU: former Yugoslavia; MA: Morocco; DZ: Algeria; TN: Tunisia; BR: Brazil; IND: India; IR: Iran; PAK: Pakistan; AUS: Australia; NZ: New Zealand.

Emigration by country of citizenship, 1992

	P	UK	A	FIN	IS	N	S	EEA	CH	
	22	227*	:	6	3	17	26	:	117	Total
	:	162*	:	6	3	14	23*	:	103	Europe
	:	150*	:	0	1	3	3*	:	56	EUR12
	:	2	:	0	0	0	:	:	1	B
	:	1	:	0	0	1	2	:	1	DK
	:	3	:	0	0	0	0	:	7	D
	:	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	GR
	:	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	12	E
	:	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	4	F
	:	1	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	IRL
	:	2	:	0	0	0	0	:	16	I
	:	-	:	0	-	-	:	:	0	L
	:	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	2	NL
	21	2	:	0	0	0	:	:	10	P
	:	133	:	0	0	1	0	:	2	UK
	0	2*	:	5	2	10	20*	:	4	Other EEA
	:	0	:	0	0	0	0	:	2	A
	:	-	:	5	0	0	3	:	0	FIN
	:	-	:	0	2	0	1	:	0	IS
	:	2	:	0	0	9	3	:	0	N
	:	-	:	0	0	1	13	:	1	S
	:	0	:	0	0	0	0	:	31	CH
	0	8*	:	0	0	0	0*	:	2	C+E Europe
	:	4	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	PL
	:	-	:	-	-	0	0	:	0	RO
	:	0	:	0	0	0	:	:	1	FSU
	0	2*	:	0	0	1	0*	:	11	Other Europe
	:	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	3	TR
	:	-	:	0	0	1	0	:	8	FYU
	0	7*	:	0	0	0	0*	:	2	Africa
	:	0	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	MA
	:	0	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	DZ
	:	0	:	0	:	0	0	:	0	TN
	0	25*	:	0	0	1	1*	:	6	America
	:	19	:	0	0	1	0	:	3	USA
	:	2	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	CDN
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	BR
	0	21*	:	0	0	1	1*	:	5	Asia
	:	1	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	IND
	:	1	:	0	0	0	0	:	0	IR
	:	1	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	PAK
	:	7	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	AUS
	:	5	:	0	0	0	:	:	0	NZ
	0	0	:	0	-	0	0*	:	0	Other

Requests for asylum to the main asylum countries. 1000 requests

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	5	8	6	5	8	13	15	17	:	B
DK	:	:	9	9	3	5	5	5	5	14	:	DK
D	:	:	74	100	57	103	121	193	256	438	:	D
GR	:	:	1	4	6	9	6	11	6	4	:	GR
E	:	:	2	3	4	5	4	9	8	12	:	E
F	:	:	29	26	28	34	61	55	47	29	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	5	6	11	1	2	3	28	2	:	I
L	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	L
NL	:	:	6	6	13	7	14	21	22	20	:	NL
P	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	P
UK	:	:	4	4	4	4	11	22	45	25	:	UK
A	:	:	7	9	11	16	22	23	27	16	:	A
FIN	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	:	FIN
IS	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	IS
N	:	:	1	3	9	7	4	4	5	5	:	N
S	:	:	15	15	18	20	30	29	27	84	:	S
CH	:	:	10	9	11	17	24	36	42	18	:	CH

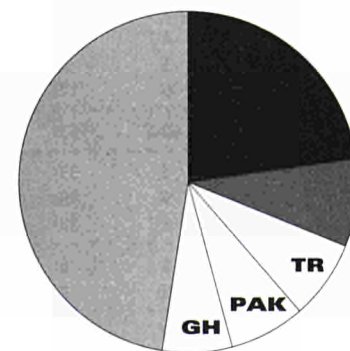
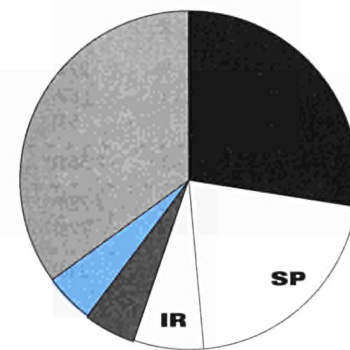
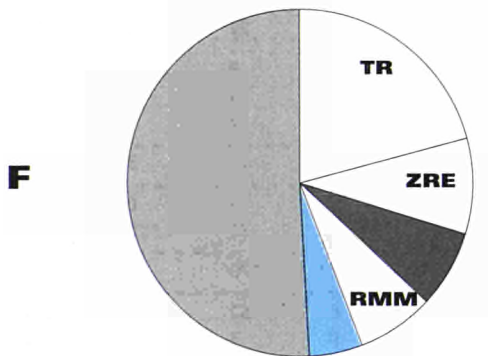
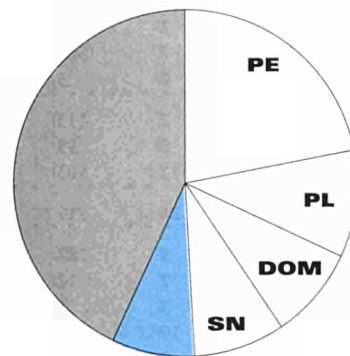
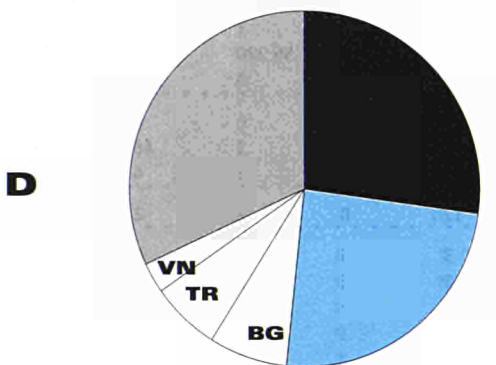
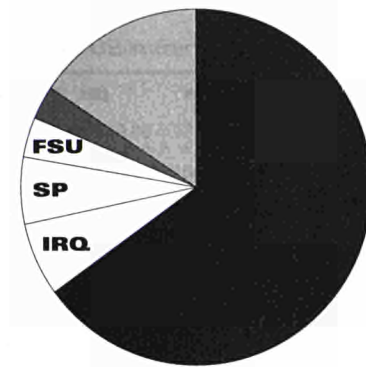
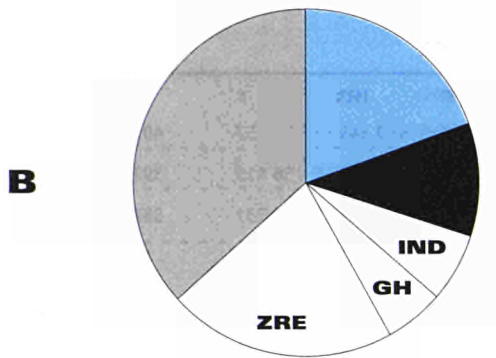
FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat. Asylum seekers and refugees in the European Community, a statistical report, Vol. 1: EFTA countries, Vol. 2: EU countries. Eurostat.

Refugees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	0	0	0	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	4	4	3	4	4	:	DK
D	:	:	11	9	8	8	6	7	12	9	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	11	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	1	0	0	0	1	:	E
F	:	:	12	11	8	9	9	14	15	10	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	:	I
L	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	L
NL	:	:	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	12	:	NL
P	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	:	UK
A	:	:	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	2	:	A
FIN	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	:	FIN
IS	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	1	1	1	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	16	25	13	19	13	:	S
CH	:	:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	CH

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social statistics: migration statistics. Eurostat. Asylum seekers and refugees in the European Community, a statistical report, Vol. 1: EFTA countries, Vol. 2: EU countries. Eurostat.

Asylum requests by country of citizenship. 1992



Light grey: other countries; blue: Romania; dark grey: Sri Lanka; black: former Yugoslavia; IND: India; GH: Ghana; ZRE: Zaire; IRQ: Iraq; SP: Somalia; FSU: former Soviet Union; BG: Bulgaria; TR: Turkey; VN: Viet Nam; PE: Peru; PL: Poland; DOM: Dominica; SN: Senegal; RMM: Mali; IR: Iran; PAK: Pakistan.

Population by citizenship in EU and EFTA countries. 1992

	EUR12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL
Total	343 914	10 022	5 162	80 090	10 280	39 056	56 652	3 549	56 757	401	15 129
Europe	338 480	9 768	5 096	79 064	10 126	38 876	54 717	3 528	56 419	392	14 822
EUR12	334 002	9 654	5 021	75 695	10 074	38 853	54 367	3 527	56 331	387	14 572
B	9 235	9 099	0	22	2	7	56	1	4	11	24
DK	5 041	3	4 993	17	2	4	4	0	2	2	2
D	74 483	29	9	74 208	15	29	53	4	30	10	47
GR	10 420	21	1	337	10 012	0	6	0	14	1	5
E	39 175	51	1	135	1	38 695	216	1	9	3	17
F	53 367	95	2	89	8	20	53 055	2	21	15	9
IRL	3 989	2	1	13	1	2	4	3 454	1	1	4
I	57 410	240	2	560	8	12	253	2	56 220	20	17
L	286	5	0	5	0	0	3	-	0	272	0
NL	14 648	68	2	113	4	10	18	1	6	4	14 396
P	10 603	18	0	93	0	25	650	0	3	46	9
UK	55 343	24	11	103	21	50	50	61	21	4	42
Other EEA	323	6*	24	219*	7	11*	12	0	8	2*	7*
A	209	1	1	187	2	1	3	:	5	0	3
FIN	27	1	2	11	1	2	2	:	1	0	1
IS	5	:	3	1	0	:	0	:	0	:	0
N	34	1	10	6	1	2	2	:	0	0	1
S	49	3	8	13	2	5	5	:	2	1	2
CH	89	2	1	33	2	5	22	:	11	0	2
C+E Europe	747	7*	7	550*	36	3*	63	:	21	:	10
PL	386	5	5	271	11	3	47	:	9	:	5
RO	110	:	1	92	5	:	5	:	5	:	2
FSU	88	1	1	51	12	:	5	:	2	:	1
Other Europe	3 304	95*	43	2 561*	8	:	253	:	47	3*	230*
TR	2 347	88	32	1 780	2	:	198	:	3	0	215
F YU	896	6	11	775	3	:	52	:	21	3	15
Africa	2 763	189	8	236	21	63	1 633	:	170	1*	198
MA	1 081	146	3	75	0	50	573	:	62	:	164
DZ	641	11	0	9	0	2	614	:	3	:	1
TN	275	6	0	27	0	:	206	:	30	:	3
America	798	20	8	161	27	83	73	9*	64	2*	46
USA	339	12	4	100	20	13	24	9	20	1	12
CDN	65	2	1	9	2	1	7	:	3	:	3
BR	47	1	0	12	1	3	6	:	8	0	2
Asia	1 564	24	40	553	39	32	227	:	86	1*	57
IND	211	3	1	33	2	5	5	:	7	:	3
IR	164	2	9	98	3	2	15	:	10	0	6
PAK	138	2	6	28	3	:	10	:	3	:	4
AUS	57	0	1	6	1	1	2	:	3	:	2
NZ	30	:	0	1	0	0	:	:	0	:	1
Other	113	1	9	68	10	1	:	:	15	:	4

C+E Europe: Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; RO: Romania; FSU: former Soviet Union; TR: Turkey; F YU: former Yugoslavia; MA: Morocco; DZ: Algeria; TN: Tunisia; BR: Brazil; IND: India; IR: Iran; PAK: Pakistan; AUS: Australia; NZ: New Zealand.

Population by citizenship in EU and EFTA countries, 1992

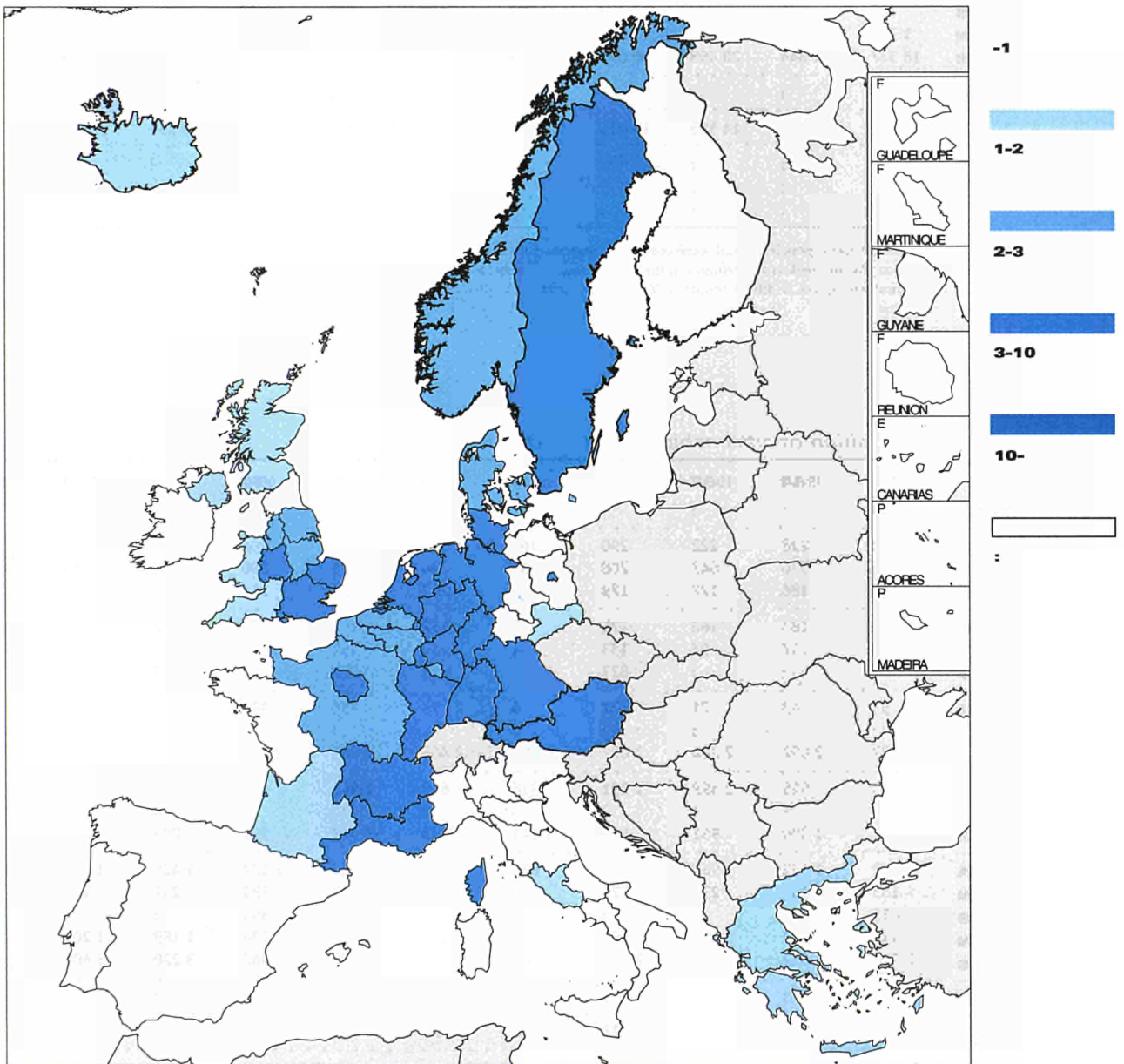
	P	UK	A	FIN	IS	N	S	EEA	CH	
	9 855	56 960	7 796	5 029	260	4 274	8 644	369 945	6 843	Total
	9 774	55 897 *	7 745	5 017	258	4 200	8 484	364 213	6 743	Europe
	9 771	55 748 *	78	6	2	41	73	334 203	788	EUR12
	1	7	1	0	0	0	0	9 236	6	B
	0	15	0	1	1	17	28	5 089	3	DK
	5	46	57	2	0	4	13	74 561	86	D
	0	23	1	0	0	0	6	10 428	8	GR
	8	38	1	0	0	1	3	39 180	116	E
	3	47	2	0	0	2	3	53 375	52	F
	0	506	0	0	0	0	1	3 990	1	IRL
	1	75	9	0	0	1	4	57 425	380	I
	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	286	1	L
	2	25	3	0	0	3	3	14 657	12	NL
	9 741	18	0	0	0	0	1	10 605	102	P
	9	54 948	3	2	0	11	10	55 370	19	UK
	2	26	7 281	4 998	255	4 144	8 310	25 331	39	Other EEA
	0	5	7 278	0	0	1	3	7 492	29	A
	0	6	1	4 991	0	3	115	5 137	2	FIN
	0	:	0	0	254	2	5	266	0	IS
	0	8	0	1	0	4 126	37	4 197	1	N
	1	7	1	6	0	12	8 150	8 220	5	S
	1	9	5	0	0	1	2	102	5 650	CH
	1	49 *	62	12	1	5	32	859	22	C+E Europe
	0	29	18	1	0	3	16	424	5	PL
	0	:	19	0	-	0	6	134	3	RO
	0	15	2	10	0	1	3	105	3	FSU
	0	64 *	317	1	0 *	10	68	3 702	244	Other Europe
	0	29	119	1	0	6	26	2 499	71	TR
	0	9	198	0	0	5	41	1 140	173	FYU
	48	195 *	9	3	0	11	23	2 808	22	Africa
	0	10	0	0	0	2	1	1 086	3	MA
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	642	3	DZ
	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	278	0	TN
	28	278 *	10	2	1	18	38	868	31	America
	7	117	6	2	1	10	9	366	12	USA
	2	36	1	0	0	1	1	68	3	CDN
	13	:	1	0	0	0	1	49	1	BR
	4	500 *	26	4	0	44	83	1 721	44	Asia
	1	152	3	0	0	3	2	219	4	IND
	1	19	6	1	0	7	40	217	3	IR
	1	82	1	0	0	11	1	152	1	PAK
	0	41	1	0	0	1	1	60	1	AUS
	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	NZ
	0	6 *	6	2	-	1	15	136	0	Other



Non-national citizens are citizens without citizenship of the country where they are actually living. Data on non-national citizens are collected in cooperation with national statistical offices, whose statistical practices may vary. Therefore the figures should be interpreted with

care. No data may indicate that data were not collected or transmitted to Eurostat or that their magnitude is insignificant. It should also be noted that the figures do not include non-registered residents.

Non-EEA citizens living in EEA regions as % of total population. 1992



FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Acquisition of citizenship

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	2 974	2 242	2 187	2 862	1 583	1 705	1 878	2 049	1 410	2 536	:	B
DK	2 796	2 739	3 309	3 622	3 763	3 744	3 258	3 028	5 484	5 104	:	DK
D	14 187	14 513	13 764	13 878	13 883	16 521	17 573	20 078	27 162	:	:	D
GR	3 246	1 811	1 609	1 204	2 216	1 571	1 217	1 090	886	1 204	:	GR
E	5 346	4 467	3 709	5 132	9 086	8 143	5 919	7 033	3 752	5 226	:	E
F	:	:	:	45 624	33 906	46 351	49 330	54 381	59 684	59 252	:	F
IRL	184	153	253	271	545	333	529	383	373	347	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	558	767	807	770	623	917	780	893	748	739	:	L
NL	11 367	13 169	34 671	18 758	19 258	9 114	28 730	12 794	29 112	36 237	:	NL
P	98	24	45	28	48	34	210	97	43	117	:	P
UK	60 691	73 349	53 765	45 872	64 876	64 584	117 129	57 271	57 836	41 601	:	UK
A	9 895	7 791	7 308	8 060	6 616	7 314	7 305	8 980	11 137	11 656	:	A
FIN	884	776	1 138	1 111	1 173	1 063	1 504	899	1 236	876	:	FIN
IS	100	100	:	:	100	100	100	100	:	:	:	IS
N	1 754	2 798	2 851	2 486	2 370	3 364	4 622	4 757	5 055	5 132	:	N
S	18 327	21 844	20 498	20 695	19 958	17 966	17 752	16 770	27 663	29 389	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	11 831	11 850	14 393	14 416	12 370	11 356	10 342	8 658	8 757	11 133	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat. Asylum seekers and refugees in the European Community, a statistical report, Vol. 1: EFTA countries, Vol. 2: EU countries. Eurostat.

Acquisition of citizenship per 1 000 000 inhabitants

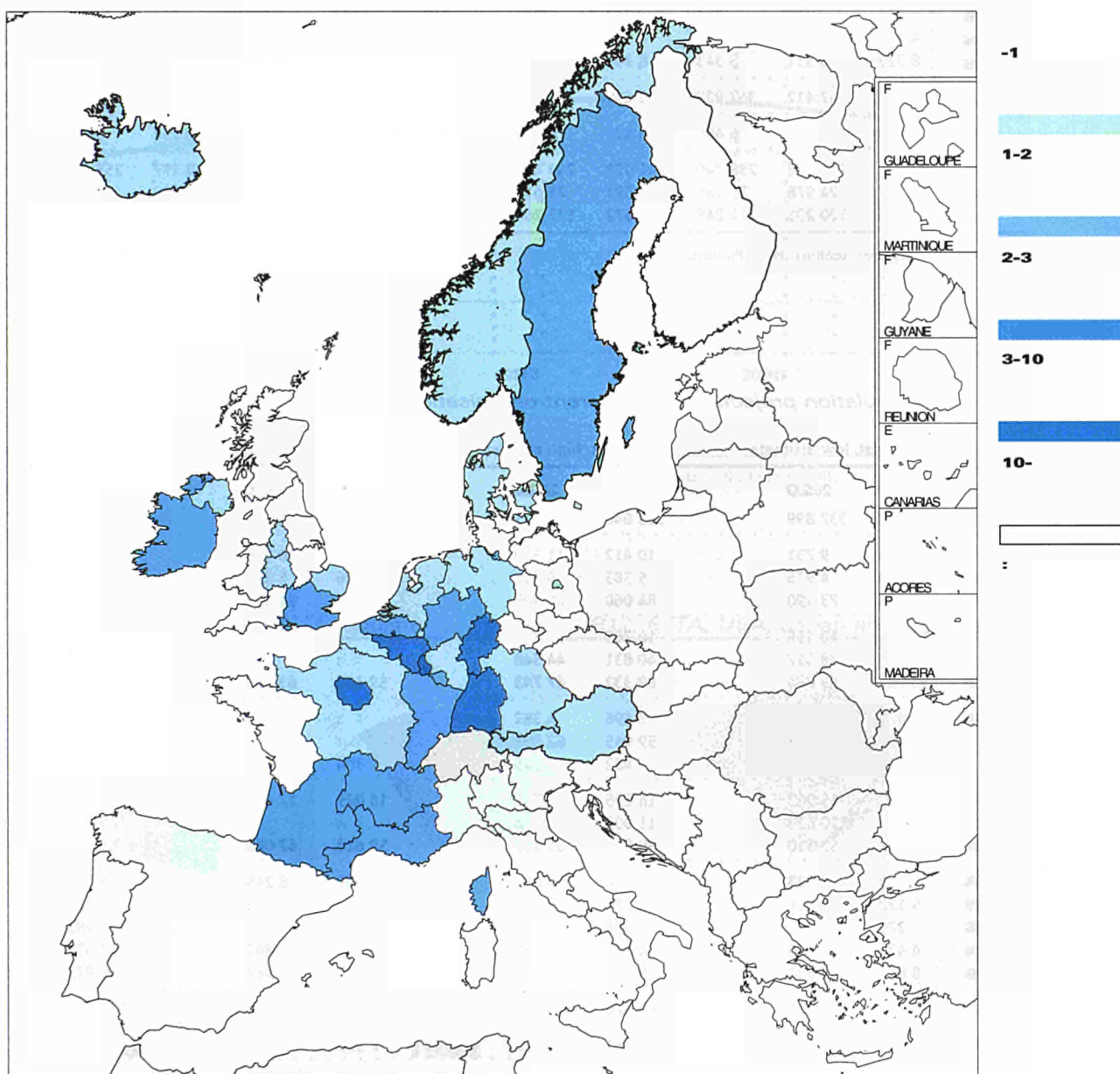
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	302	228	222	290	160	173	189	206	141	253	:	B
DK	546	536	647	708	734	730	635	590	1 066	989	:	DK
D	181	186	177	179	178	212	224	254	341	:	:	D
GR	331	183	162	121	222	157	121	108	88	117	:	GR
E	140	117	97	133	234	210	152	181	96	134	:	E
F	:	:	:	823	609	828	877	961	1 049	1 036	:	F
IRL	53	43	71	77	154	94	150	109	106	98	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	1 527	2 097	2 204	2 097	1 686	2 465	2 081	2 354	1 946	1 896	:	L
NL	793	915	2 399	1 291	1 318	619	1 941	859	1 939	2 395	:	NL
P	10	2	4	3	5	3	20	10	4	12	:	P
UK	1 077	1 300	951	809	1 141	1 133	2 049	999	1 004	719	:	UK
A	1 310	1 032	967	1 066	874	964	961	1 172	1 429	1 483	:	A
FIN	183	159	233	226	238	215	304	181	247	174	:	FIN
IS	425	419	:	:	410	404	397	394	:	:	:	IS
N	425	677	688	598	568	801	1 095	1 124	1 189	1 201	:	N
S	2 201	2 622	2 457	2 476	2 381	2 135	2 099	1 967	3 220	3 400	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	1 846	1 844	2 229	2 223	1 896	1 729	1 562	1 297	1 297	1 627	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat.

Acquisition of citizenship - from non-national to national - is easier in some countries than in others. It is normally granted either through the Interior or the Justice Ministries, who then provide the data collected by

Eurostat via national statistical offices. These data do not include acquisition of citizenship by birth. As the data are based on varying national definitions and practices, they should be interpreted with care.

Non-national EEA citizens living in EEA regions as % of total population. 1992



FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions: migration statistics. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Total population at 1 January. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	336 840	337 271	337 736	338 367	339 133	339 874	341 073	342 505	344 005	345 506	347 266	EUR12
B	9 858	9 853	9 858	9 859	9 865	9 876	9 928	9 948	9 987	10 022	10 068	B
DK	5 117	5 112	5 111	5 116	5 125	5 129	5 130	5 135	5 147	5 162	5 181	DK
D	78 248	78 008	77 709	77 661	77 780	77 900	78 390	79 113	79 753	80 275	80 975	D
GR	9 821	9 872	9 920	9 949	9 978	9 989	10 019	10 057	10 120	10 280	10 346	GR
E	38 040	38 201	38 345	38 470	38 567	38 651	38 731	38 805	38 868	38 963	39 048	E
F	54 650	54 895	55 157	55 411	55 682	55 966	56 270	56 577	56 893	57 218	57 530	F
IRL	3 498	3 523	3 544	3 541	3 545	3 535	3 515	3 507	3 521	3 544	3 560	IRL
I	56 616	56 636	56 668	56 681	56 670	56 678	56 698	56 712	56 763	56 757	56 960	I
L	366	366	366	367	370	372	375	379	384	390	395	L
NL	14 340	14 395	14 454	14 529	14 615	14 715	14 805	14 893	15 010	15 129	15 239	NL
P	9 939	9 970	10 009	10 014	10 007	9 981	9 955	9 920	9 873	9 860	9 865	P
UK	56 348	56 441	56 596	56 769	56 930	57 083	57 258	57 459	57 685	57 907	58 099	UK
A	7 587	7 567	7 574	7 582	7 594	7 602	7 628	7 690	7 769	7 868	7 962	A
FIN	4 842	4 870	4 894	4 911	4 926	4 939	4 954	4 974	4 999	5 029	5 055	FIN
IS	236	238	241	242	244	248	252	254	256	260	262	IS
N	4 123	4 134	4 146	4 159	4 174	4 198	4 221	4 233	4 250	4 274	4 299	N
S	8 328	8 331	8 343	8 358	8 382	8 414	8 459	8 527	8 591	8 644	8 692	S
EEA	361 954	362 412	362 933	363 619	364 452	365 275	366 586	368 184	369 868	371 580	373 537	EEA
CH	6 410	6 428	6 456	6 485	6 523	6 567	6 620	6 674	6 751	6 843	6 908	CH
USA	233 981	236 158	238 740	241 078	243 400	246 329	248 239	248 710	252 177	255 020	257 908	USA
CDN	24 787	24 978	25 165	25 591	25 617	25 923	26 240	26 610	27 000	27 409	28 798	CDN
J	119 483	120 235	121 049	121 672	122 264	122 745	123 205	123 611	124 043	124 452	124 764	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

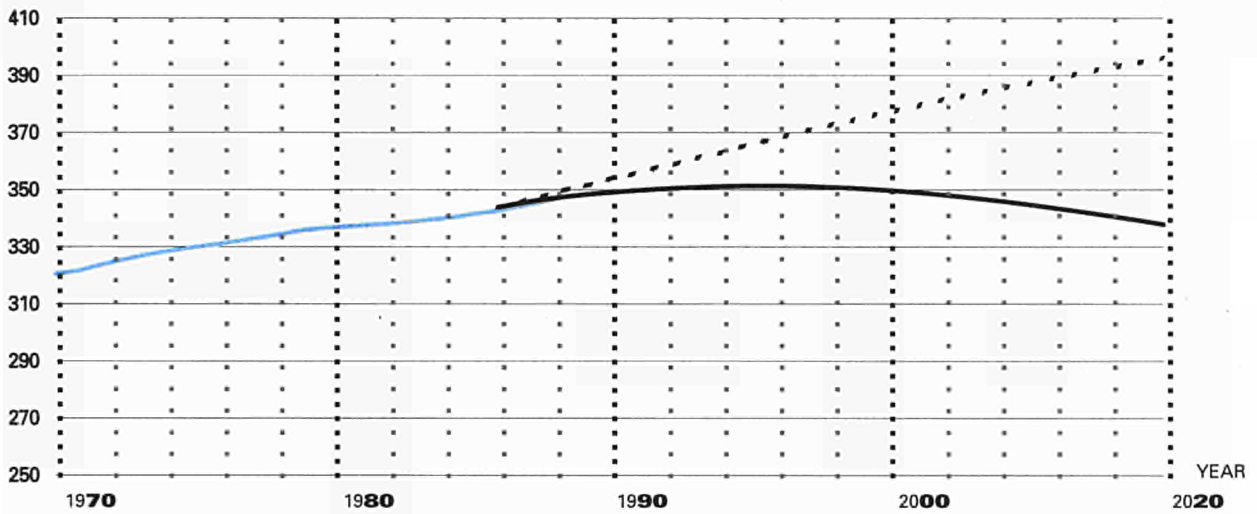
Population projections by different organisations. 1000s

	Eurostat, low estimate		Eurostat, high estimate		National statistical institutes		United Nations		
	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	
EUR12	351 152	337 899	363 040	396 111	:	:	352 658	347 694	EUR12
B	10 105	9 731	10 412	11 310	10 279	10 535	10 248	10 382	B
DK	5 194	4 976	5 383	5 912	5 276	5 279	5 207	5 113	DK
D	80 128	73 190	84 060	89 905	83 741	81 183	81 700	77 936	D
GR	10 351	10 155	10 763	12 241	:	:	10 573	10 080	GR
E	39 615	38 312	40 831	44 548	:	:	39 848	38 348	E
F	58 935	59 894	60 332	67 743	59 412	63 453	59 024	60 920	F
IRL	3 472	3 293	3 696	4 382	:	:	3 616	3 876	IRL
I	58 194	54 062	59 945	62 895	:	:	57 254	53 649	I
L	393	389	422	515	394	410	425	439	L
NL	15 743	15 963	16 295	18 737	16 079	17 410	15 934	16 286	NL
P	10 595	10 623	11 003	12 756	:	:	9 807	9 730	P
UK	58 427	57 310	59 898	65 167	59 613	62 080	59 022	60 935	UK
A	8 099	8 023	8 434	9 807	8 109	8 248	8 148	8 272	A
FIN	5 122	5 014	5 274	5 881	:	:	5 201	5 393	FIN
IS	279	306	286	346	:	:	282	328	IS
N	4 421	4 530	4 576	5 367	4 473	4 862	4 427	4 670	N
S	8 826	8 831	9 226	10 898	9 015	9 467	8 972	9 592	S
EEA	377 930	364 634	390 870	428 455	:	:	379 721	375 990	EEA
CH	7 136	7 214	7 461	8 929	7 336	7 538	7 494	7 774	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	276 242	325 939	275 119	320 551	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	31 029	36 887	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	126 472	123 973	J

FURTHER READING Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat. World population prospects: the 1994 revision. United Nations.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Total population, EUR12, millions

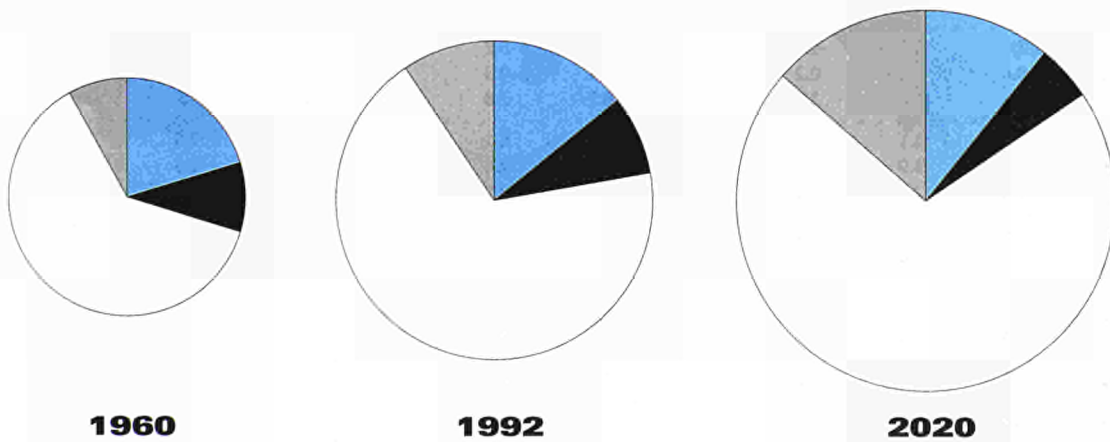


Blue: observed; black: low and high scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

World population, of which EUR12, EFTA, USA, Japan and Canada



Blue: EUR12, EFTA, USA, J and CDN; black: other developed countries; white: less developed countries; grey: least developed countries.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Population increase, 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	99.7	99.9	100.0	100.2	100.4	100.6	101.0	101.4	101.9	102.3	102.8	EUR12
B	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.1	100.2	100.7	100.9	101.3	101.7	102.1	B
DK	100.1	100.0	100.0	100.1	100.3	100.4	100.4	100.5	100.7	101.0	101.4	DK
D	100.7	100.4	100.0	99.9	100.1	100.2	100.9	101.8	102.6	103.3	104.2	D
GR	99.0	99.5	100.0	100.3	100.6	100.7	101.0	101.4	102.0	103.6	104.3	GR
E	99.2	99.6	100.0	100.3	100.6	100.8	101.0	101.2	101.4	101.6	101.8	E
F	99.1	99.5	100.0	100.5	101.0	101.5	102.0	102.6	103.1	103.7	104.3	F
IRL	98.7	99.4	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.7	99.2	99.0	99.4	100.0	100.5	IRL
I	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.1	100.1	100.2	100.2	100.5	I
L	99.8	99.9	100.0	100.3	100.9	101.6	102.4	103.6	105.0	106.4	107.9	L
NL	99.2	99.6	100.0	100.5	101.1	101.8	102.4	103.0	103.9	104.7	105.4	NL
P	99.3	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7	99.5	99.1	98.6	98.5	98.6	P
UK	99.6	99.7	100.0	100.3	100.6	100.9	101.2	101.5	101.9	102.3	102.7	UK
A	100.2	99.9	100.0	100.1	100.3	100.4	100.7	101.5	102.6	103.9	105.1	A
FIN	98.9	99.5	100.0	100.3	100.7	100.9	101.2	101.6	102.1	102.8	103.3	FIN
IS	97.9	99.1	100.0	100.7	101.5	102.9	104.7	105.5	106.4	107.9	109.1	IS
N	99.4	99.7	100.0	100.3	100.7	101.3	101.8	102.1	102.5	103.1	103.7	N
S	99.8	99.9	100.0	100.2	100.5	100.9	101.4	102.2	103.0	103.6	104.2	S
EEA	99.7	99.9	100.0	100.2	100.4	100.6	101.0	101.4	101.9	102.4	102.9	EEA
CH	99.3	99.6	100.0	100.4	101.0	101.7	102.5	103.4	104.6	106.0	107.0	CH
USA	98.0	98.9	100.0	101.0	102.0	103.2	104.0	104.2	105.6	106.8	108.0	USA
CDN	98.5	99.3	100.0	101.7	101.8	103.0	104.3	105.7	107.3	108.9	:	CDN
J	98.7	99.3	100.0	100.5	101.0	101.4	101.8	102.1	102.5	102.8	103.1	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

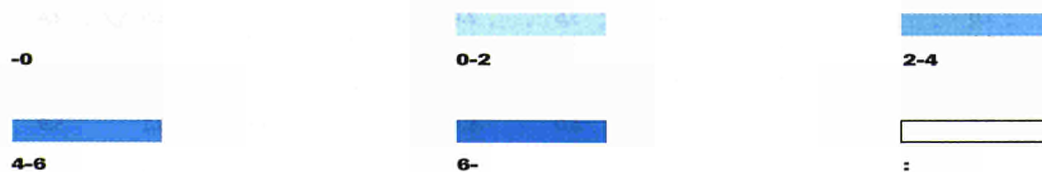
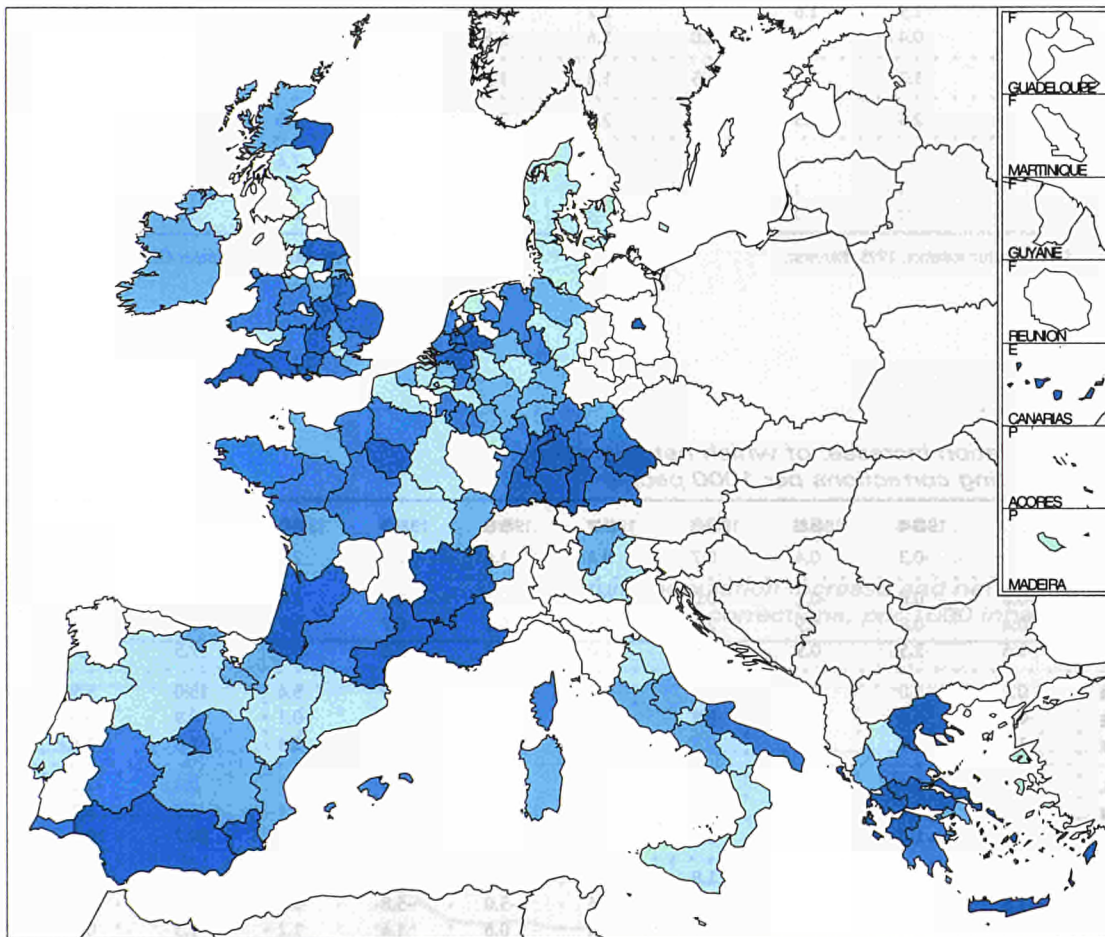
Population increase per 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.2	3.5	4.2	4.4	4.4	5.1	3.8	EUR12
B	-0.5	0.5	0.1	0.6	1.1	5.2	2.0	3.9	3.5	4.6	3.2	B
DK	-0.9	-0.2	1.0	1.7	0.9	0.1	1.1	2.2	3.0	3.6	3.2	DK
D	-3.1	-3.8	-0.6	1.5	1.5	6.3	9.2	8.1	6.5	8.7	4.5	D
GR	5.2	4.8	3.0	2.9	1.1	3.0	3.8	6.2	15.7	6.5	4.2	GR
E	4.2	3.8	3.3	2.5	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.6	2.4	2.2	1.8	E
F	4.5	4.8	4.6	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.4	4.7	F
IRL	7.0	6.0	-1.0	1.2	-2.8	-5.7	-2.3	4.0	6.4	4.6	2.5	IRL
I	0.4	0.6	0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.9	-0.1	3.6	3.4	I
L	0.5	1.4	2.7	6.2	6.7	7.8	11.7	13.4	13.9	13.8	14.6	L
NL	3.8	4.1	5.2	5.9	6.8	6.1	5.9	7.9	7.9	7.2	6.7	NL
P	3.1	3.9	0.5	-0.7	-2.6	-2.6	-3.5	-4.7	-1.3	0.5	2.3	P
UK	1.6	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.0	UK
A	-2.6	0.9	1.1	1.6	1.1	3.4	8.1	10.2	12.7	11.9	6.6	A
FIN	5.8	4.9	3.4	3.0	2.6	3.2	4.0	4.8	6.1	5.2	4.5	FIN
IS	12.2	9.2	6.6	8.2	13.8	17.2	7.5	8.2	14.7	10.3	10.9	IS
N	2.9	2.8	3.2	3.6	5.8	5.3	2.9	3.9	5.6	6.0	5.9	N
S	0.4	1.4	1.9	2.8	3.9	5.3	8.0	7.4	6.2	5.5	6.1	S
EEA	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.3	3.6	4.3	4.6	4.6	5.3	3.9	EEA
CH	2.8	4.4	4.5	5.9	6.6	8.1	8.1	11.4	13.6	9.5	8.7	CH
USA	9.3	10.9	9.7	9.6	12.0	7.7	:	:	11.2	11.3	11.2	USA
CDN	:	:	:	1.0	11.9	:	:	14.6	15.0	:	:	CDN
J	6.3	6.7	5.1	4.9	3.9	3.7	3.3	3.5	3.3	2.5	3.1	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Population change 1981-91, per 1000 people



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Natural population increase per 1000 inhabitants

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.0	EUR12
B	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.6	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.1	1.3	B
DK	-1.2	-1.0	-0.9	-0.5	-0.4	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.9	DK
D	-1.4	-1.3	-1.5	-1.0	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-1.0	-0.9	-1.2	D
GR	4.3	3.8	2.4	2.1	1.1	1.5	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	GR
E	4.8	4.5	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.3	E
F	3.4	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.1	F
IRL	9.7	9.1	8.2	7.9	7.6	6.5	5.7	6.2	6.0	5.8	5.0	IRL
I	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.3	-0.1	I
L	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.6	2.0	1.8	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.6	L
NL	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.6	4.6	4.4	3.8	NL
P	4.9	4.6	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.4	2.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	0.8	P
UK	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.7	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.5	1.8	UK
A	-0.4	0.1	-0.3	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.6	A
FIN	4.4	4.1	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.8	FIN
IS	11.5	10.6	9.1	9.8	10.0	11.4	11.3	12.0	10.6	11.1	:	IS
N	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.1	N
S	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.8	3.4	3.3	3.2	2.4	S
EEA	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.1*	EEA
CH	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.5	3.6	3.1	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7.4	7.5	7.5	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7.5	7.9	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2.8	3.2	3.2	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

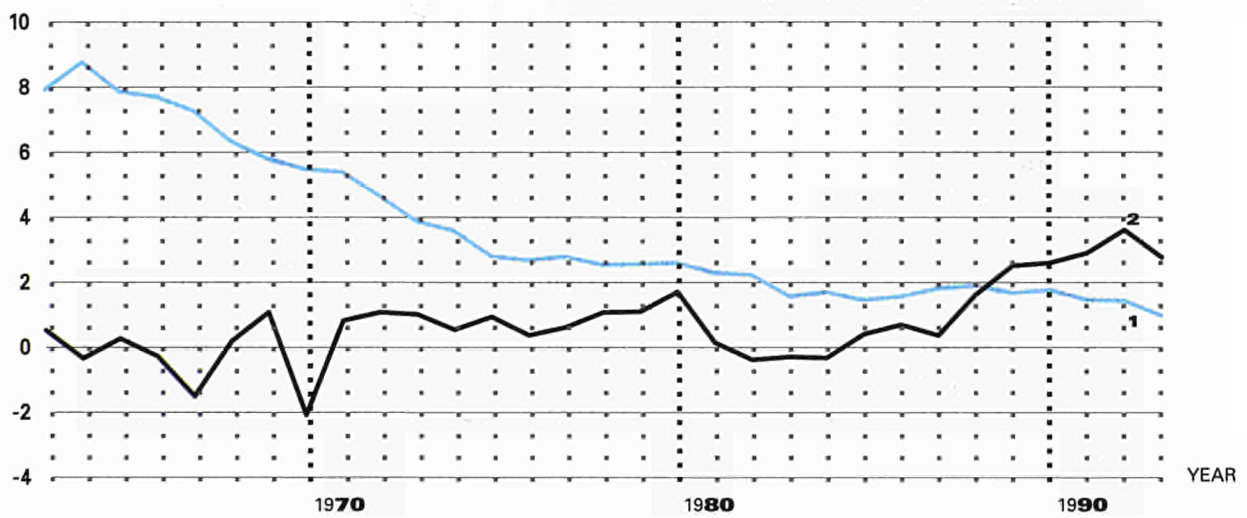
Population increase, of which net migration including corrections per 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	-0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.6	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.6	2.8	EUR12
B	-0.8	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	3.7	0.7	2.0	1.3	2.5	1.9	B
DK	0.4	0.8	1.9	2.2	1.3	0.1	0.7	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.3	DK
D	-1.6	-2.5	0.9	2.5	2.0	6.4	9.5	8.3	7.5	9.6	5.7	D
GR	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.8	0.0	1.5	2.9	5.4	15.0	5.9	3.7	GR
E	-0.6	-0.8	-0.5	-0.8	-0.8	-0.5	-0.2	-0.1	0.9	0.6	0.5	E
F	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	F
IRL	-2.7	-3.0	-9.2	-6.7	-10.5	-12.2	-7.9	-2.2	0.4	-1.2	-2.5	IRL
I	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3	0.4	-0.3	3.2	3.5	I
L	0.4	1.0	2.5	5.3	6.1	5.7	9.9	10.3	10.7	10.9	10.9	L
NL	0.2	0.3	1.4	1.8	2.4	1.9	1.8	3.3	3.3	2.8	2.9	NL
P	-1.8	-0.7	-2.8	-3.8	-5.4	-5.0	-5.8	-6.1	-2.5	-0.9	1.5	P
UK	0.5	1.6	1.6	1.2	0.4	0.6	1.4	1.2	1.3	0.8	1.2	UK
A	-2.3	0.8	1.3	1.6	0.8	2.8	7.4	9.2	11.2	10.3	5.0	A
FIN	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	1.2	1.7	2.9	1.8	1.7	FIN
IS	0.8	-1.4	-2.5	-1.6	3.8	5.8	-3.7	-3.8	4.1	-0.7	:	IS
N	1.0	0.9	1.6	1.4	3.6	2.4	-0.4	0.4	1.9	2.4	2.8	N
S	0.3	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.5	3.5	5.2	4.1	2.9	2.3	3.7	S
EEA	-0.3	-0.2	0.5	0.7	0.5	1.7	2.6	2.7	3.1	3.7	2.8*	EEA
CH	0.8	1.9	2.1	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.1	8.4	10.1	5.9	5.6	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

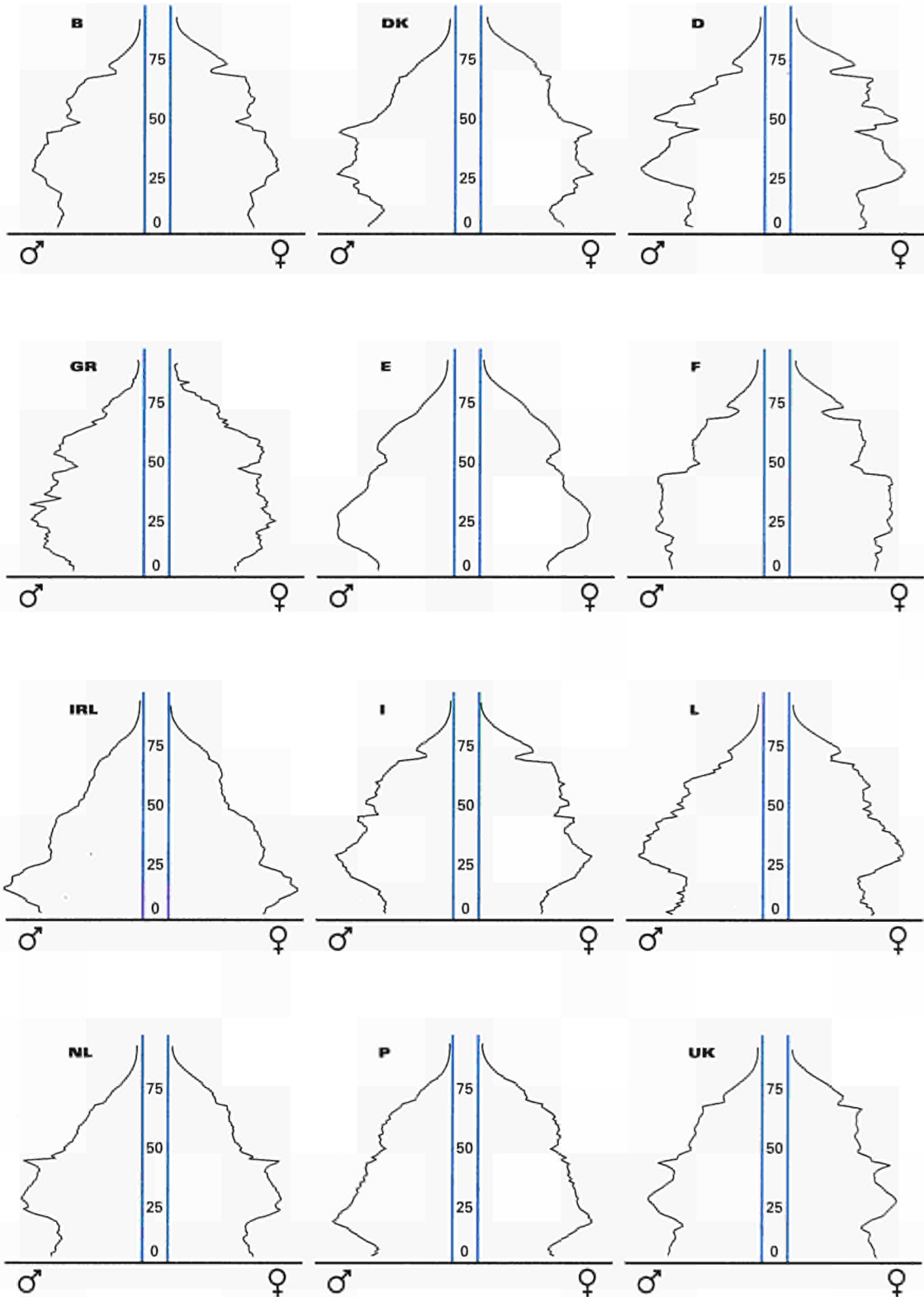
D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Natural population increase and net migration including corrections, per 1000 inhabitants



1: natural population increase; 2: net migration.

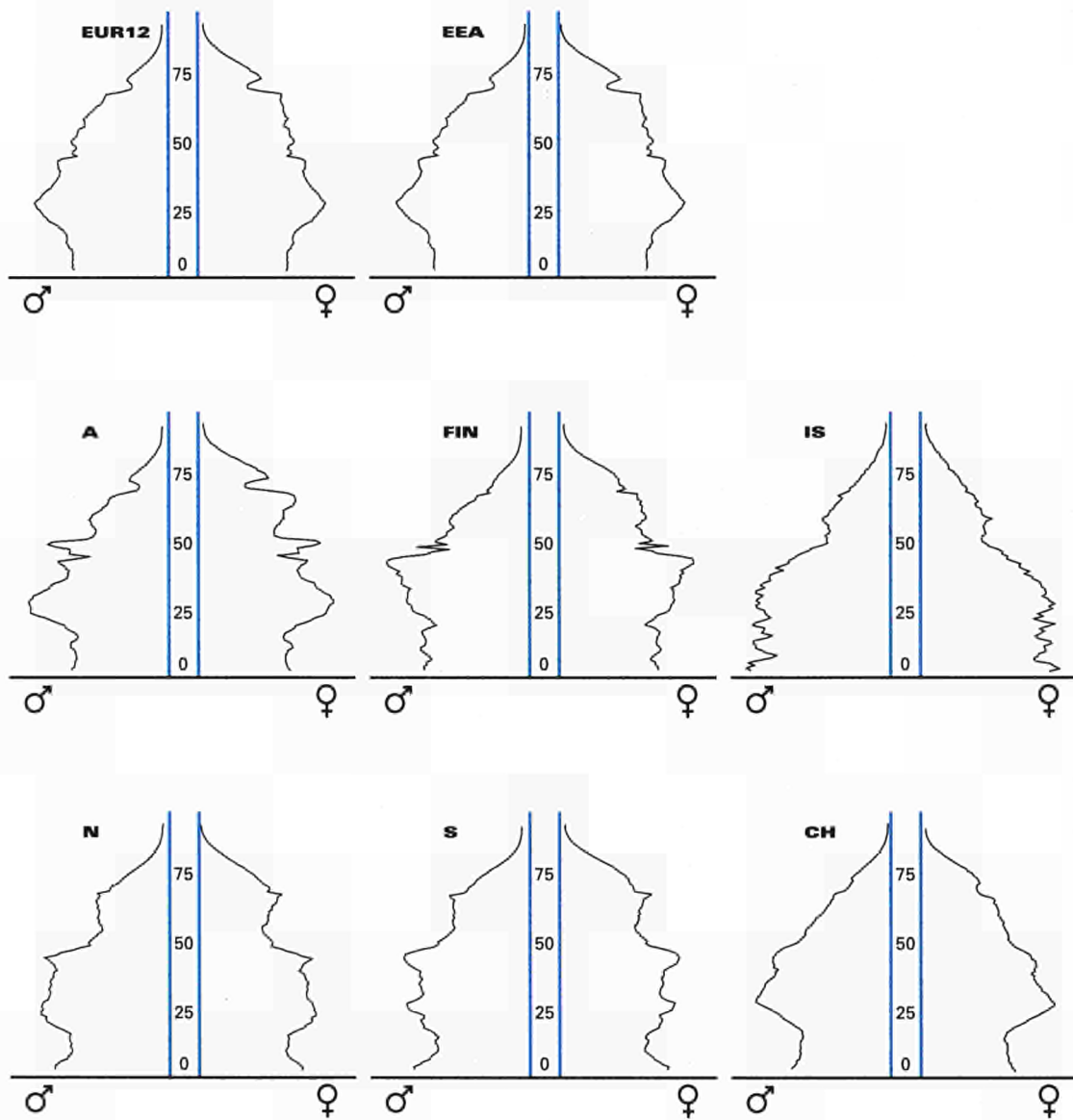
People by age, 1992



Vertical axis: age; horizontal axis: %; left: males; right: females.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

People by age. 1992



Vertical axis: age; horizontal axis: %; left: males; right: females.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995, Eurostat.

People aged under 15 as % of total population

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	21	20	20	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	EUR12
B	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	B
DK	19	19	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	DK
D	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	D
GR	22	21	21	21	20	20	20	19	19	18	18	GR
E	25	24	23	23	22	21	21	20	19	19	18	E
F	22	22	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	F
IRL	30	30	29	28	28	28	28	27	27	26	26	IRL
I	21	20	20	19	19	18	18	17	16	16	16	I
L	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	L
NL	21	20	20	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	NL
P	25	24	24	23	23	22	22	21	20	19	19	P
UK	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	UK
A	19	19	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	18	A
FIN	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	FIN
IS	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	25	25	IS
N	21	21	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	N
S	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	S
EEA	21	20	20	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	EEA
CH	19	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	CH
USA	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	USA
CDN	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	CDN
J	23	22	22	21	20	20	19	18	18	17	17	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

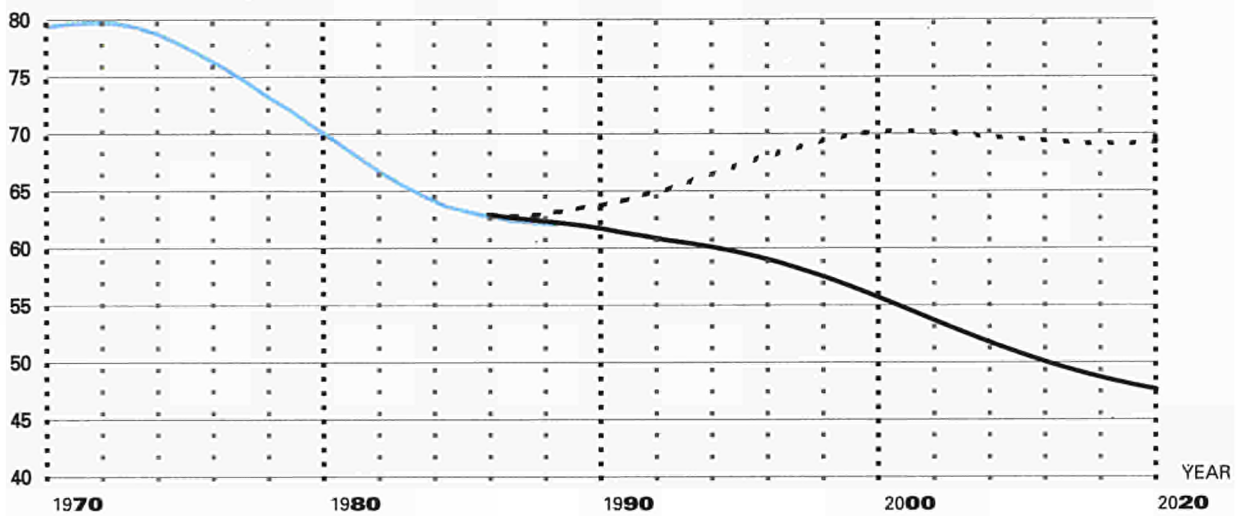
People aged 15 to 24 as % of total population

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	14	EUR12
B	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	14	14	13	13	B
DK	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	DK
D	17	17	17	16	16	15	15	14	13	13	12	D
GR	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	GR
E	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	E
F	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	14	F
IRL	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	IRL
I	16	16	16	17	17	17	17	16	16	15	15	I
L	16	15	15	15	15	14	14	13	13	13	12	L
NL	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	15	15	14	NL
P	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	17	17	P
UK	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	UK
A	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	15	15	15	14	A
FIN	16	15	15	15	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	FIN
IS	19	19	18	18	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	IS
N	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	N
S	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	S
EEA	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	14	14	EEA
CH	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	14	14	13	13	CH
USA	17	17	17	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	USA
CDN	18	18	17	17	16	15	15	14	14	14	14	CDN
J	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	16	15	15	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

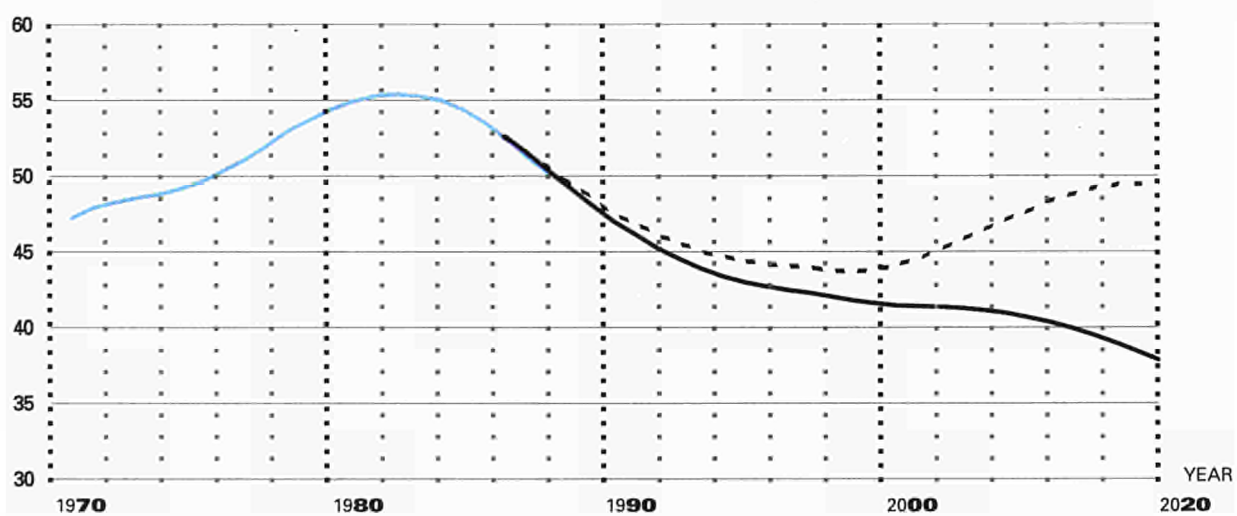
People aged under 15. EUR12, millions



Blue: observed; black: high and low scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

People aged 15 to 24. EUR12, millions



Blue: observed; black: high and low scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

People aged 25 to 49 as % of total population

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	33	33	34	34	34	35	35	35	35	36	36	EUR12
B	33	34	34	34	34	35	35	36	36	37	37	B
DK	35	35	35	36	36	36	37	37	37	38	38	DK
D	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	37	37	D
GR	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	34	35	GR
E	31	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	34	35	35	E
F	33	34	34	34	34	34	35	35	35	36	36	F
IRL	29	30	30	31	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	IRL
I	33	33	34	34	34	35	35	35	35	36	36	I
L	36	36	37	37	37	38	38	38	39	39	39	L
NL	35	36	36	37	37	38	38	38	39	39	39	NL
P	31	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	33	34	34	P
UK	32	32	33	33	33	34	34	35	35	36	36	UK
A	33	33	34	34	34	36	36	36	36	36	37	A
FIN	37	37	37	38	38	38	38	38	39	39	39	FIN
IS	32	32	33	33	33	34	35	35	36	36	36	IS
N	32	33	33	34	34	35	35	35	36	36	36	N
S	34	34	34	34	34	35	35	35	35	36	36	S
EEA	33	33	34	34	34	35	35	35	36	36	36	EEA
CH	36	36	36	37	37	37	38	38	38	39	39	CH
USA	36	36	37	37	38	39	39	39	40	40	40	USA
CDN	35	35	36	36	37	37	38	38	38	38	38	CDN
J	38	38	37	37	36	36	36	36	36	35	35	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

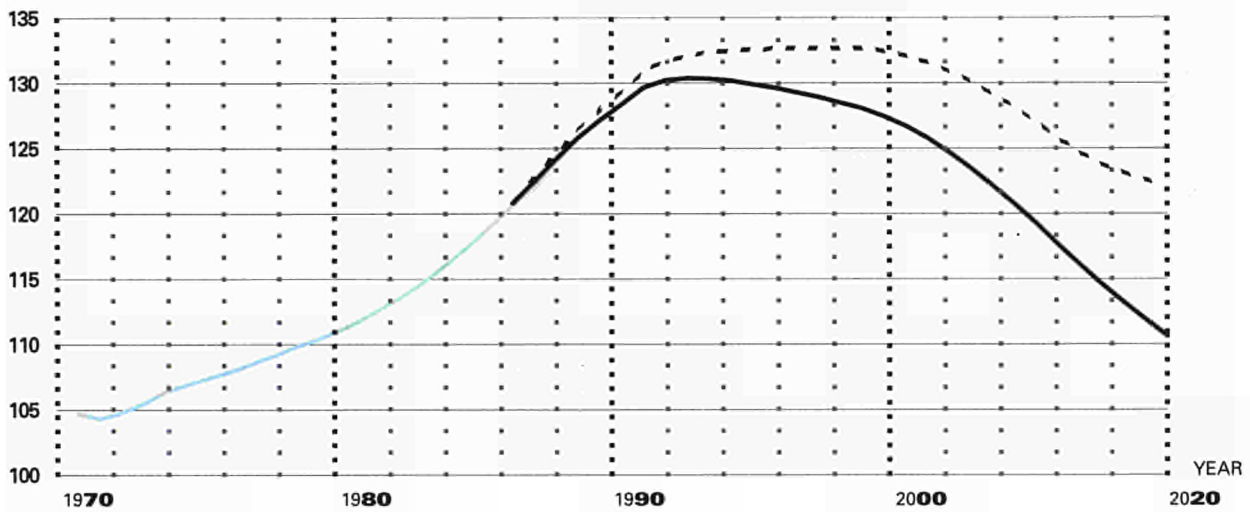
People aged 50 to 64 as % of total population

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	EUR12
B	17	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	16	B
DK	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	16	DK
D	16	17	17	17	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	D
GR	17	17	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	18	GR
E	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	E
F	16	16	17	17	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	F
IRL	13	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	IRL
I	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	I
L	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	L
NL	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	NL
P	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	17	17	P
UK	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	UK
A	16	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	A
FIN	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	FIN
IS	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	IS
N	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	13	13	N
S	17	17	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	S
EEA	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	EEA
CH	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	CH
USA	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	USA
CDN	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	CDN
J	16	16	17	17	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

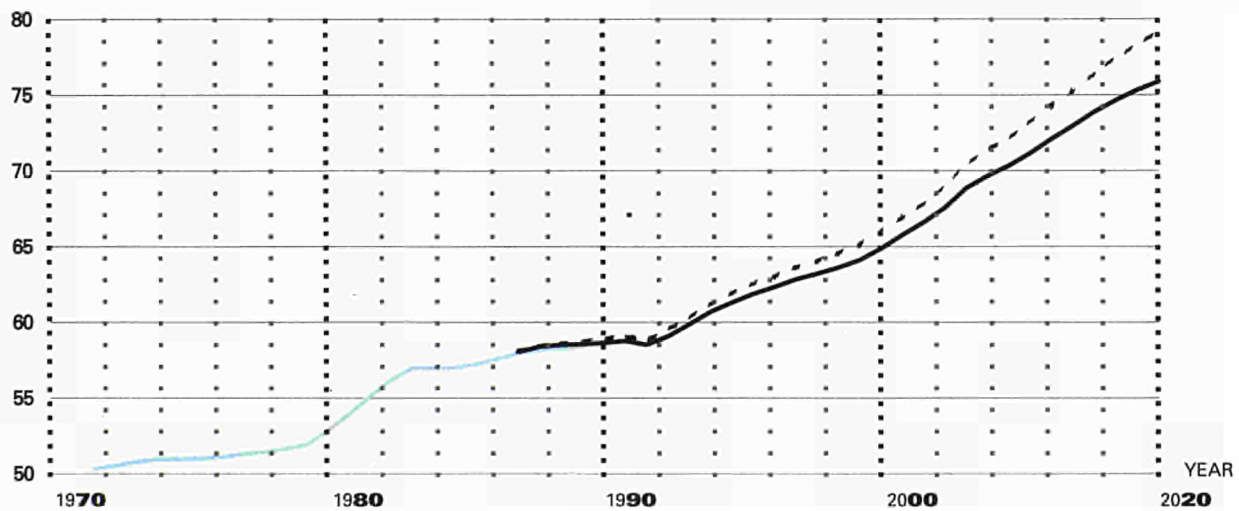
People aged 25 to 49. EUR12, millions



Blue: observed; black: high and low scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

People aged 50 to 64. EUR12, millions



Blue: observed; black: high and low scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

People aged 65 to 79 as % of total population

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	EUR12
B	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	B
DK	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	DK
D	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	D
GR	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	GR
E	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	E
F	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	F
IRL	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	IRL
I	11	10	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	I
L	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	L
NL	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	NL
P	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	P
UK	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	UK
A	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	A
FIN	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	FIN
IS	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	IS
N	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	N
S	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	S
EEA	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	EEA
CH	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	CH
USA	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	USA
CDN	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	CDN
J	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

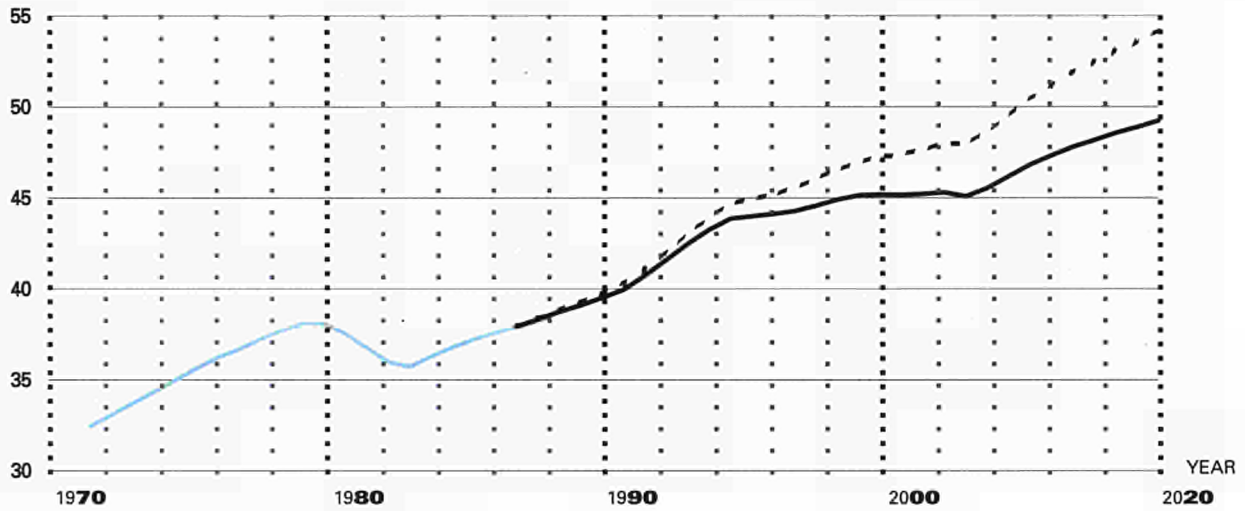
People aged 80 or over as % of total population

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	EUR12
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	B
DK	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	DK
D	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	D
GR	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	GR
E	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	E
F	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	F
IRL	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	IRL
I	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	4	I
L	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	L
NL	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	NL
P	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	P
UK	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	UK
A	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	A
FIN	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	FIN
IS	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	IS
N	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	N
S	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	S
EEA	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	EEA
CH	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	CH
USA	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	USA
CDN	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	CDN
J	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

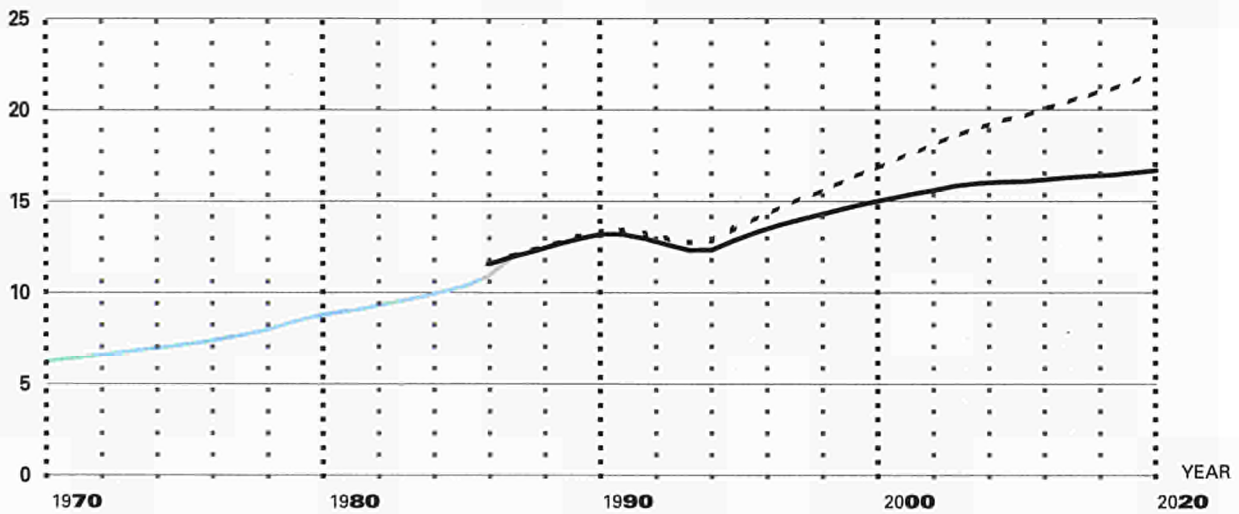
People aged 65 to 79. EUR12, millions



Blue: observed; black: high and low scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

People aged 80 or over. EUR12, millions



Blue: observed; black: high and low scenario.

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

Women per 100 men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	105	105	105	105	EUR12
B	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	104	B
DK	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	DK
D	110	110	110	110	109	109	108	108	107	107	106	D
GR	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	GR
E	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	E
F	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	F
IRL	99	100	99	100	100	101	101	101	101	101	101	IRL
I	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	I
L	106	106	106	106	106	105	105	105	104	104	104	L
NL	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	NL
P	108	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	P
UK	106	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	104	UK
A	111	111	111	111	111	110	110	109	108	108	108	A
FIN	107	107	107	107	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	FIN
IS	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	IS
N	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	N
S	102	102	102	103	103	103	103	102	102	102	102	S
EEA	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	105	105	105	105	EEA
CH	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	CH
USA	106	106	106	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	:	USA
CDN	102	102	102	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	:	CDN
J	103	103	103	103	103	104	104	104	104	104	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

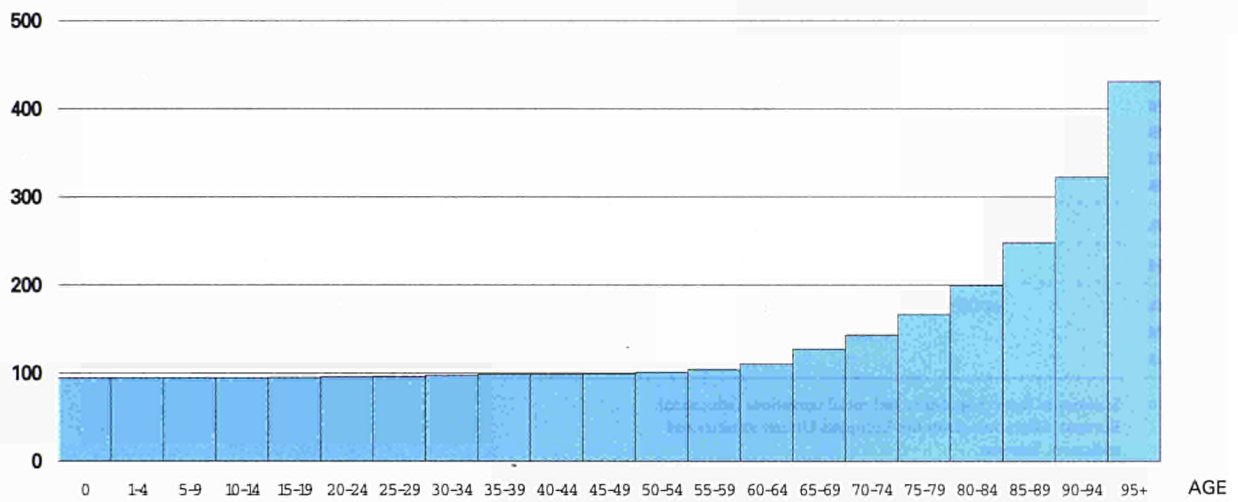
Women per 100 men of their total age group

	Aged 65 to 79				Aged 80 or over				
	1985	1990	2000	2020	1985	1990	2000	2020	
EUR12	147	144	132	120	223	223	223	182	EUR12
B	142	136	130	117	223	235	229	189	B
DK	128	128	125	115	196	204	201	179	DK
D	182	182	141	119	241	255	288	178	D
GR	124	125	124	121	147	146	159	166	GR
E	139	134	127	121	190	190	195	175	E
F	142	136	132	121	233	226	224	191	F
IRL	118	121	124	117	181	184	187	175	IRL
I	137	137	133	123	207	205	210	186	I
L	146	156	135	115	216	239	245	192	L
NL	137	135	129	115	201	224	234	198	NL
P	136	135	136	128	208	201	189	178	P
UK	137	132	125	118	253	234	211	177	UK
A	172	174	145	121	246	242	247	170	A
FIN	171	167	143	124	264	264	264	195	FIN
IS	117	116	114	108	153	156	167	162	IS
N	128	127	125	114	189	198	195	179	N
S	122	122	121	111	184	188	179	161	S
EEA	147	144	132	120	222	222	222	181	EEA
CH	137	135	131	117	213	215	211	181	CH
USA	134	134	:	:	214	215	:	:	USA
CDN	127	129	:	:	189	183	:	:	CDN
J	138	141	:	:	178	185	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Community, 1991. Eurostat. Two long-term population scenarios for the European Free Trade Association, 1993. Eurostat.

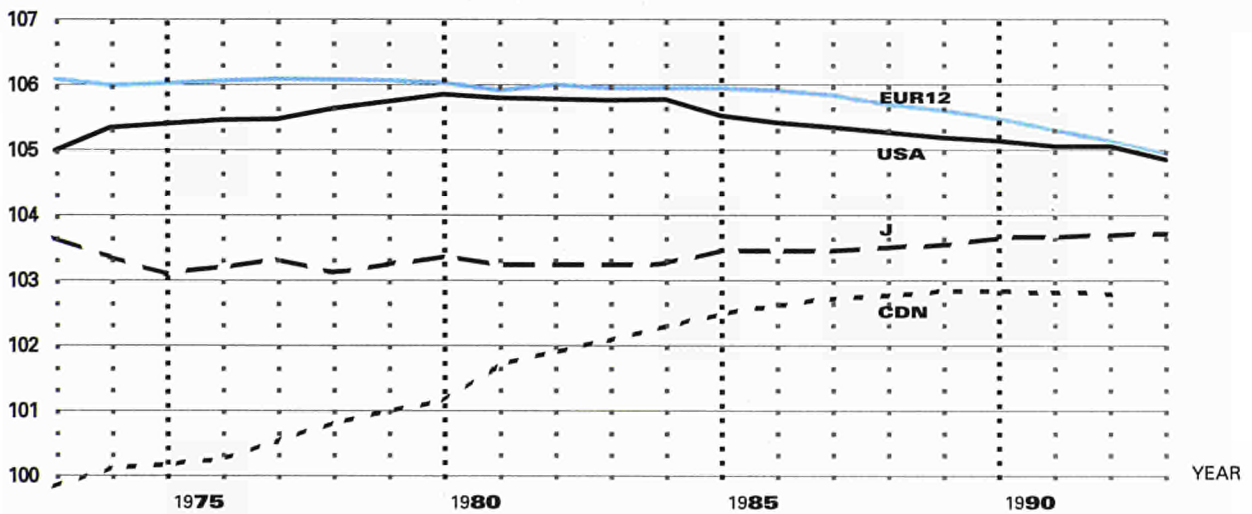
D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Women per 100 men at different ages



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Women per 100 men



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

Pupils and students. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	66 440	65 897	65 559	65 312	64 766	64 280	64 134	63 874	66 579	67 192	:	EUR12
B	2 073	2 088	2 093	2 102	2 067	2 071	2 072	2 072	2 056	2 048	:	B
DK	1 039	1 027	1 013	1 006	1 000	988	974	960	948	933	938	DK
D	12 272	11 932	11 568	11 228	10 933	10 698	10 569	10 484	13 218	13 338	13 621	D
GR	1 788	1 831	1 865	1 890	1 906	1 901	1 895	1 878	1 865	1 856	:	GR
E	8 647	8 809	8 919	9 066	9 171	9 155	9 098	8 860	8 830	8 773	8 667	E
F	11 218	11 229	11 197	11 401	11 399	11 495	11 618	11 711	11 800	11 911	12 000	F
IRL	834	836	846	850	859	865	867	870	875	886	896	IRL
I	10 666	10 558	10 475	10 300	10 122	9 987	9 892	9 798	9 632	9 553	9 467	I
L	49	48	48	50	50	50	50	49	49	49	:	L
NL	3 825	3 780	3 733	3 712	3 651	3 590	3 538	3 529	3 550	3 534	3 539	NL
P	1 958	1 958	1 997	1 987	1 955	1 896	1 967	1 974	1 970	2 024	:	P
UK	12 071	11 801	11 804	11 720	11 653	11 583	11 594	11 688	11 786	12 289	13 330	UK
A	:	:	:	1 368	:	:	:	:	1 323	1 352	1 373	A
FIN	:	:	:	923	:	:	:	:	983	1 013	1 023	FIN
IS	:	:	:	57	:	:	:	:	61	62	:	IS
N	:	:	:	822	:	:	:	:	843	850	878	N
S	:	:	:	1 429	:	:	:	:	1 366	1 382	1 420	S
EEA	:	:	:	69 911	:	:	:	:	71 155	71 851	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	1 127	:	:	:	:	1 116	1 127	1 168	CH
USA	:	54 083	53 178	53 178	53 555	54 000	54 224	55 096	54 769	56 564	58 041	USA
CDN	:	:	6 182	6 182	6 203	6 271	6 357	6 422	6 563	6 681	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	24 170	23 833	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Pupils in primary and lower-secondary education. 1000s

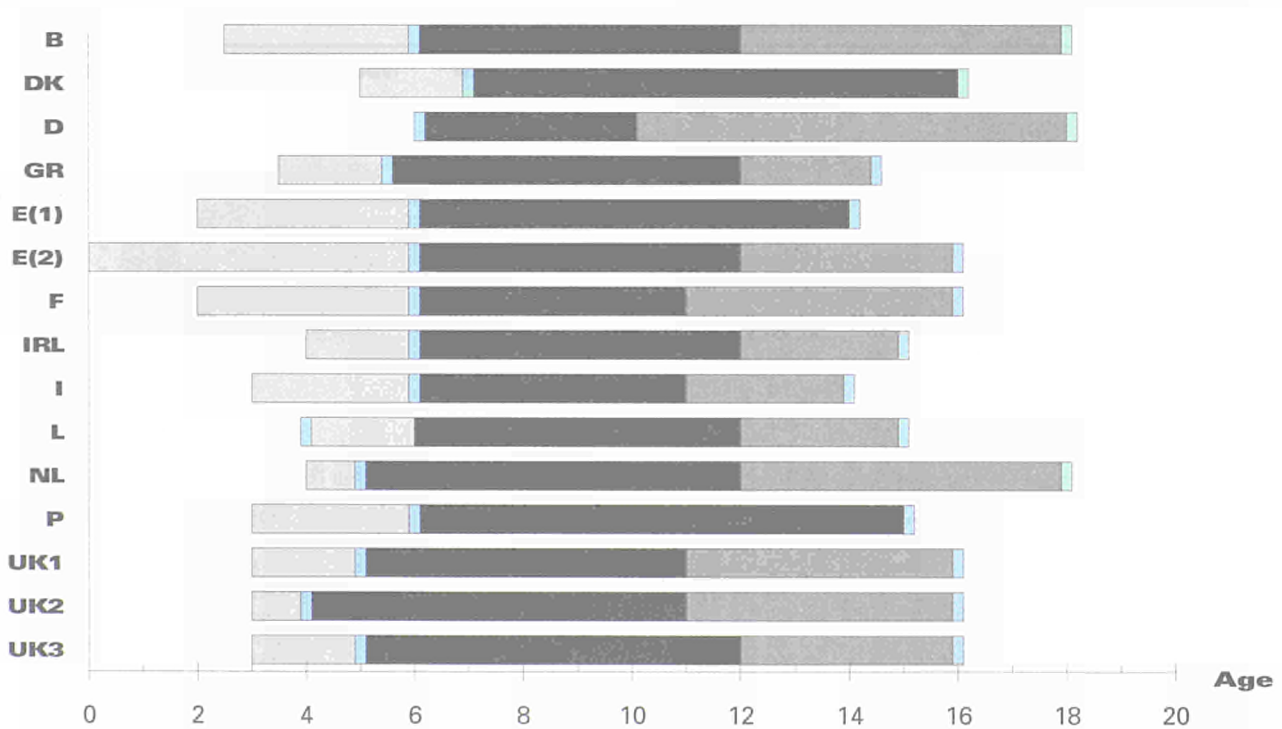
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	43 985	42 981	42 088	41 597	40 761	39 852	39 188	38 520	40 146	39 824	:	EUR12
B	1 238	1 231	1 226	1 221	1 192	1 185	1 179	1 175	1 160	1 144	:	B
DK	709	691	676	666	654	638	618	600	583	562	552	DK
D	7 680	7 252	6 812	6 453	6 220	6 065	6 017	6 075	8 281	8 430	8 617	D
GR	1 346	1 332	1 334	1 335	1 327	1 324	1 310	1 286	1 265	1 234	:	GR
E	5 895	5 901	5 911	5 873	5 855	5 635	5 438	5 118	4 914	4 677	4 473	E
F	7 804	7 740	7 661	8 008	7 935	7 869	7 780	7 662	7 595	7 561	7 542	F
IRL	637	636	640	640	642	641	637	630	626	620	614	IRL
I	7 065	6 889	6 702	6 469	6 230	5 997	5 754	5 538	5 323	5 161	5 019	I
L	35	34	35	35	35	35	36	36	36	37	:	L
NL	2 762	2 685	2 615	2 554	2 483	2 415	2 366	2 338	2 323	2 267	2 269	NL
P	1 621	1 610	1 631	1 614	1 604	1 511	1 556	1 531	1 463	1 437	:	P
UK	7 193	6 980	6 844	6 730	6 584	6 536	6 498	6 531	6 576	6 693	7 233	UK
A	:	:	:	734	:	:	:	:	712	735	756	A
FIN	:	:	:	573	:	:	:	:	596	599	598	FIN
IS	:	:	:	37	:	:	:	:	38	38	:	IS
N	:	:	:	530	:	:	:	:	471	465	467	N
S	:	:	:	945	:	:	:	:	882	878	887	S
EEA	:	:	:	44 416	:	:	:	:	42 845	42 539	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	691	:	:	:	:	676	689	700	CH
USA	:	31 739	31 193	31 043	31 054	31 442	31 758	32 490	32 774	33 354	34 393	USA
CDN	:	:	3 444	3 429	13 950	3 447	3 484	3 520	3 568	3 596	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	15 769	15 226	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Enrolment data refer to public and private, full and part-time education in the ordinary school and university system, as defined in the International standard classification of education (ISCED), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation, Unesco, 1976. International comparisons are complicated by different national applications of ISCED and numerous variations in national education and

training systems. Due to comparability problems, data on pre-primary education (ISCED 0) - starting ages range from two in Belgium, Spain and France, to six in Denmark - have been excluded. Data for Luxembourg exclude the significant number of Luxembourg pupils enrolled in surrounding countries as well as pupils attending the European School in Luxembourg.

Stages of education, pupils aged 2 to 18



Blue: Age of beginning and end of compulsory education; light grey: age of pre-school education provided by education authorities; black: age of primary education on single continuous structure; dark grey: secondary education.

FURTHER READING

Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

E(1): Spain: pre-reform; E(2): Spain: post-reform; UK(1): England and Wales; UK(2): Northern Ireland; UK(3): Scotland.

Pupils in upper-secondary education. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	15 994	16 149	16 466	16 523	16 660	16 864	17 058	17 078	17 383	17 852	:	EUR12
B	605	619	623	633	625	633	633	626	620	618	:	B
DK	219	223	222	224	227	228	229	225	222	221	229	DK
D	3 187	3 208	3 237	3 225	3 134	3 007	2 865	2 689	2 888	2 874	2 898	D
GR	305	350	363	373	381	388	397	397	405	422	:	GR
E	2 002	2 098	2 152	2 259	2 339	2 471	2 559	2 576	2 694	2 786	2 825	E
F	2 158	2 185	2 204	2 036	2 097	2 224	2 361	2 464	2 506	2 510	2 507	F
IRL	133	135	139	140	144	147	149	155	158	165	174	IRL
I	2 502	2 542	2 584	2 639	2 691	2 754	2 832	2 887	2 856	2 858	2 833	I
L	13	13	12	14	14	14	13	12	12	11	:	L
NL	683	709	728	753	768	762	756	754	748	773	763	NL
P	238	247	249	271	240	276	281	312	321	396	:	P
UK	3 949	3 820	3 953	3 957	4 001	3 961	3 983	3 979	3 953	4 211	4 545	UK
A	:	:	:	460	:	:	:	:	405	400	395	A
FIN	:	:	:	222	:	:	:	:	222	240	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	15	:	:	:	:	17	18	:	IS
N	:	:	:	203	:	:	:	:	229	228	245	N
S	:	:	:	301	:	:	:	:	292	297	306	S
EEA	:	:	:	17 724	:	:	:	:	18 548	19 035	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	320	:	:	:	:	296	288	282	CH
USA	:	9 879	9 831	9 888	9 997	9 791	9 411	9 067	8 930	8 851	9 157	USA
CDN	:	:	1 088	1 077	1 070	1 084	1 081	1 080	1 097	1 142	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	5 717	5 829	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Students in higher education. 1000s

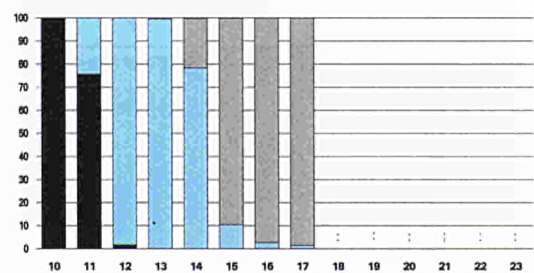
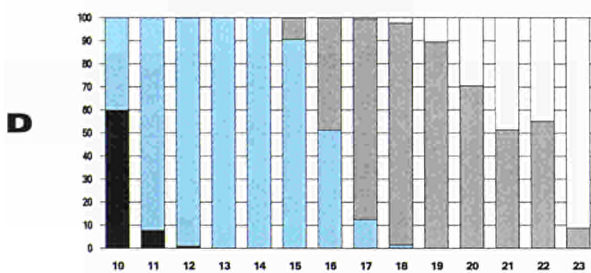
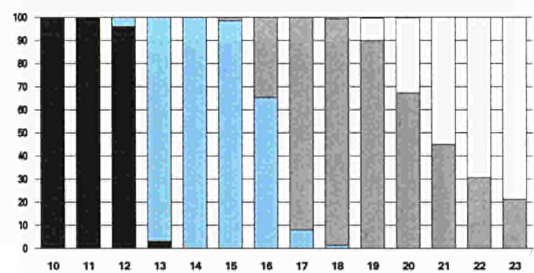
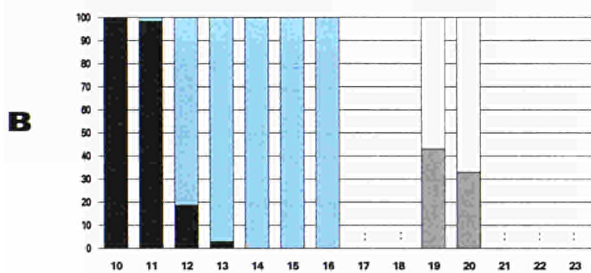
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	6 461	6 768	7 006	7 190	7 343	7 563	7 886	8 275	9 051	9 516	:	EUR12
B	230	239	245	248	250	254	261	271	276	286	:	B
DK	111	113	115	116	119	122	127	135	143	150	157	DK
D	1 405	1 472	1 519	1 550	1 579	1 626	1 687	1 720	2 049	2 034	2 106	D
GR	137	149	168	182	198	189	188	194	195	200	:	GR
E	750	810	856	934	977	1 049	1 101	1 166	1 222	1 302	1 368	E
F	1 256	1 304	1 332	1 357	1 366	1 401	1 475	1 584	1 699	1 840	1 952	F
IRL	64	65	67	70	73	77	81	85	90	101	108	IRL
I	1 099	1 127	1 189	1 192	1 201	1 236	1 306	1 373	1 452	1 533	1 615	I
L	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	L
NL	380	386	390	405	400	413	416	437	479	494	507	NL
P	99	101	117	102	111	109	130	131	186	191	:	P
UK	929	1 001	1 007	1 033	1 068	1 086	1 113	1 178	1 258	1 385	1 551	UK
A	:	:	:	173	:	:	:	:	206	217	221	A
FIN	:	:	:	128	:	:	:	:	166	174	188	FIN
IS	:	:	:	5	:	:	:	:	5	6	:	IS
N	:	:	:	89	:	:	:	:	142	154	166	N
S	:	:	:	183	:	:	:	:	193	207	227	S
EEA	:	:	:	7 768	:	:	:	:	9 763	10 274	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	110	:	:	:	:	137	143	146	CH
USA	:	12 465	12 242	12 247	12 504	12 767	13 055	13 539	13 065	14 359	14 491	USA
CDN	:	:	1 639	1 676	1 696	1 739	1 791	1 822	1 898	1 943	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	2 588	2 683	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Upper-secondary education (ISCED 3) begins around the age of 14 or 15 and is either general, technical or vocational education. It may lead to the standard required for admission to higher education or it may be 'terminal', as is often the case with vocational education and training. Higher education (ISCED 5-7) comprises universities and all types of higher education. The year 1983 stands for the academic year 1982/83, 1984 for 1983/84, and so on. All Japanese data

have been taken from OECD: 'Education in OECD countries 1988/89, 1989/90'. The total includes all levels (ISCED 1-7) and special education. The graphs show how countries allocate data based on their national education system to ISCED levels. They should improve the interpretation of the data presented in the tables. For Spain and Portugal, the statistics refer to pre-form schooling. Post-compulsory schooling now ends at 16 and 15 respectively.

Pupils and students by age and level of education



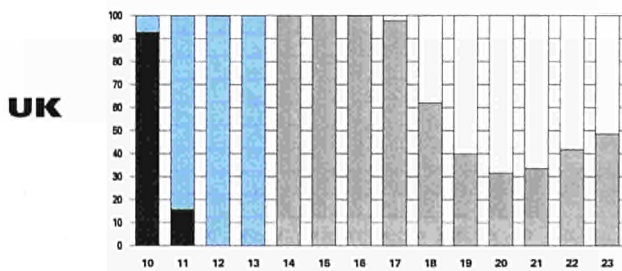
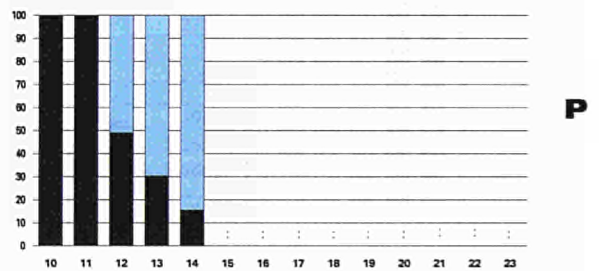
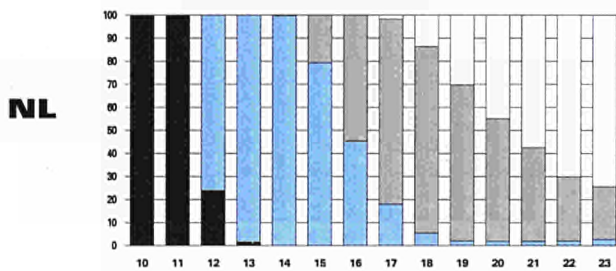
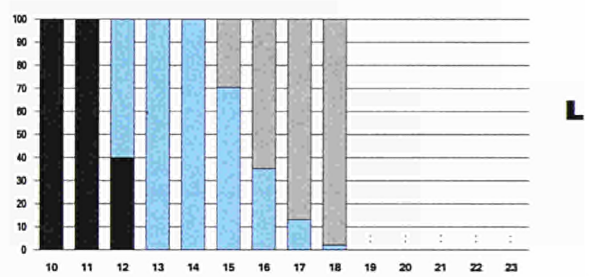
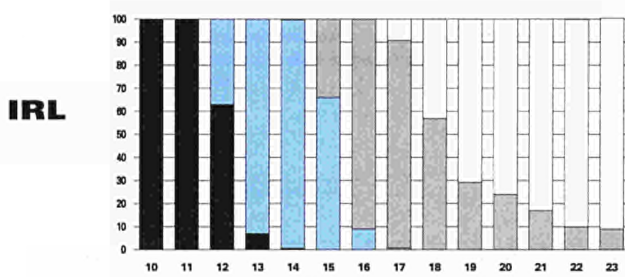
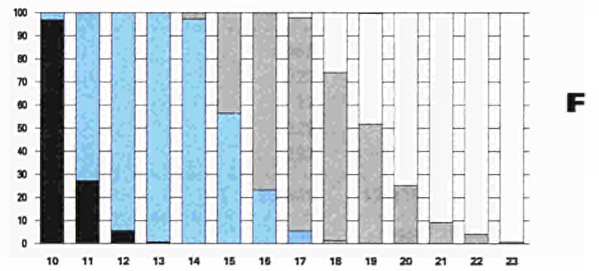
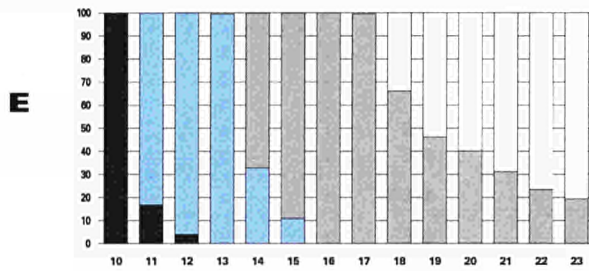
Black: primary education; blue: lower secondary; grey: upper secondary; white: higher education.

FURTHER READING

Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

B: lower secondary includes upper secondary.

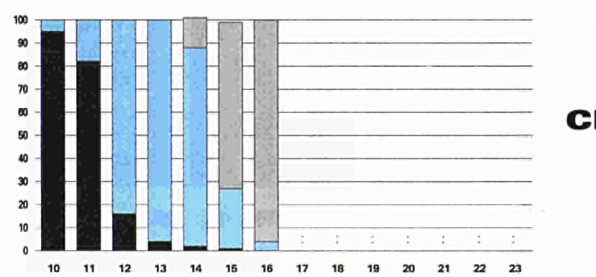
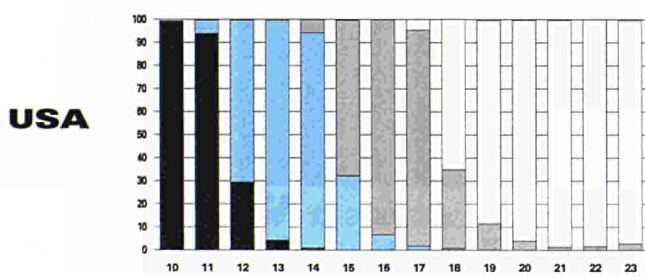
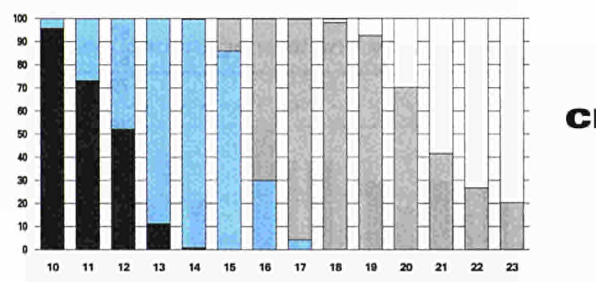
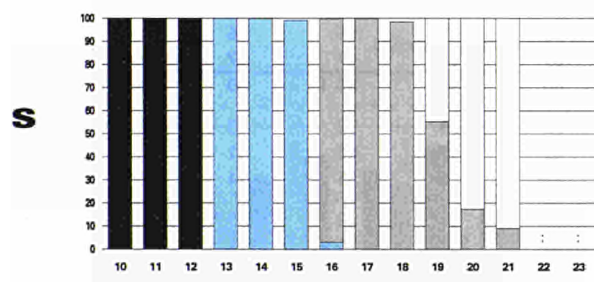
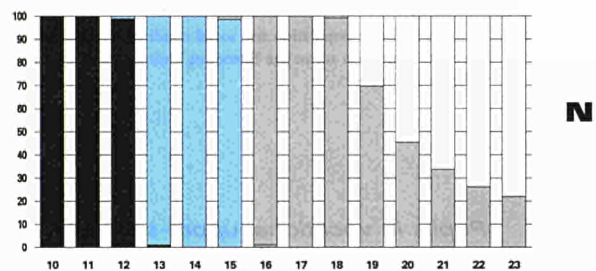
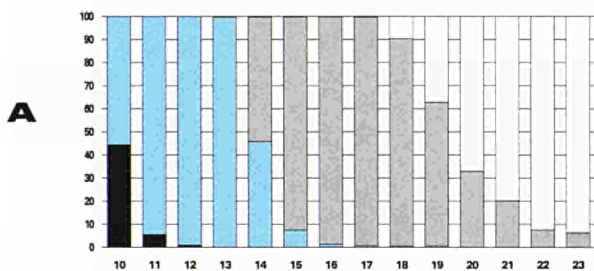
Pupils and students by age and level of education



Black: primary education; blue: lower secondary; grey: upper secondary; white: higher education.

FURTHER READING

Pupils and students by age and level of education



Black: primary education; blue: lower secondary; grey: upper secondary; white: higher education.

FURTHER READING

Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Pupils in vocational upper-secondary education. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	10 665	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	410	402	412	413	410	404	404	:	B
DK	:	:	:	151	157	157	156	151	148	146	154	DK
D	:	:	:	2 548*	2 499	2 400	2 286	2 138	2 318	2 294	2 299	D
GR	:	:	:	106	113	126	130	127	133	144	:	GR
E	:	:	:	994*	1 052*	1 112*	1 094	1 038	1 102	1 163	1 160	E
F	:	:	:	1 180	1 193	1 250	1 315	1 346	1 355	1 358	1 386	F
IRL	:	:	:	35*	34*	35*	33*	34*	36*	38	43	IRL
I	:	:	:	2 006*	2 045*	2 066*	2 124*	2 165*	2 123	2 110	2 087	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8	7	7	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	500	507	509	542	538	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	107	:	P
UK	:	:	:	1 793	1 877	1 925	2 031*	2 081	2 034	2 353	2 689	UK
A	:	:	:	354	:	:	:	:	319	314	309	A
FIN	:	:	:	114	:	:	:	:	121	130	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	140	138	153	N
S	:	:	:	147	:	:	:	:	136	140	153	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	11 388	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	243	:	:	:	:	221	210	200	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 553	1 564	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

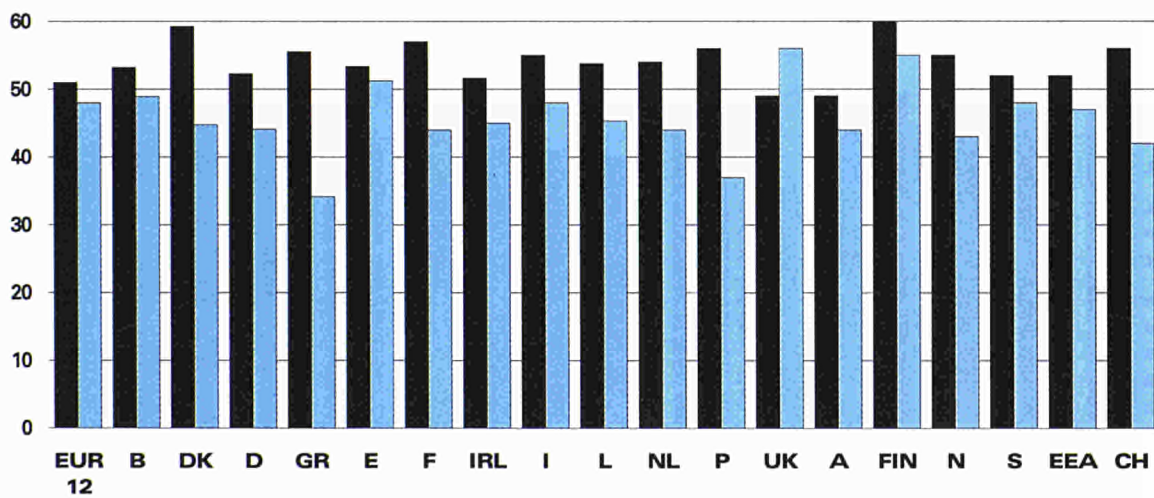
Pupils in vocational upper-secondary education as % of all pupils in upper-secondary education

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	59* ¹	58*	60*	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	67	64	65	65	65	66	66	:	B
DK	:	:	:	67	69	69	68	67	67	66	67	DK
D	:	:	:	79*	80	80	80	80	80	80	79	D
GR	:	:	:	28	30	32	33	32	33	34	:	GR
E	:	:	:	44*	-45*	45*	43	40	41	42	41	E
F	:	:	:	58	57	56	56	55	54	54	55	F
IRL	:	:	:	25*	24*	24*	22*	22*	23*	23	25	IRL
I	:	:	:	76*	76*	75*	75*	75*	74	74	74	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	64	64	64	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	66	67	68	70	70	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	:	45	47	49	51*	52	52	56	59	UK
A	:	:	:	77	:	:	:	:	79	79	78	A
FIN	:	:	:	51	:	:	:	:	54	54	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	61	61	63	N
S	:	:	:	49	:	:	:	:	46	47	50	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	58*	60*	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	76	:	:	:	:	75	73	71	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	27	27	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Vocational education and training in schools and training centres include technical education and, for some countries, apprenticeships.

Women in upper-secondary education, general and vocational, %



Black: upper-secondary general education; blue: upper-secondary vocational education.

Women in upper-secondary education
as % of all people in upper-secondary

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	49	49	49	49 *	50	50	50	50 |	50	50 *	:	EUR12
B	51	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	:	B
DK	47	48	48	48	48	49	48	50	49	50	50	DK
D	45	45	46	46	46	46	47	47 |	46	46	46	D
GR	49	48	48	48	48	47	47	48	48	48	:	GR
E	51	51	51	52	51	52	52	52	52	52	53	E
F	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	49	F
IRL	49	50	50	51	51	51	52	52	51	50	50	IRL
I	49	50	50	50	50	50	49	50	50	50	50	I
L	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	:	L
NL	47	47	47	47	47	46	46	45	45	47	47	NL
P	53	53	51	:	55	54	53	54	54	:	:	P
UK	50	50	50	51	51	52	52	52	52	53	53	UK
A	:	:	:	45	:	:	:	:	45	45	46	A
FIN	:	:	:	58	:	:	:	:	57	57	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	48	47	46	N
S	:	:	:	50	:	:	:	:	51	50	50	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	50	50	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	44	:	:	:	:	45	45	46	CH
USA	:	49	49	48	49	49	48	49	50	49	49	USA
CDN	:	:	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	49	49	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education), 1995.
Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Women in higher education as %
of all people in higher education

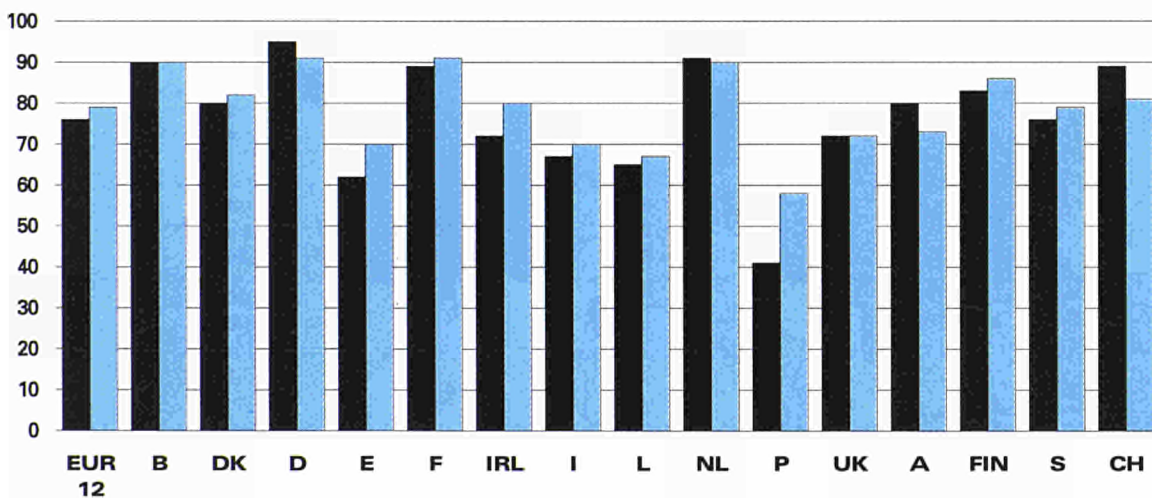
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	45 *	46 *	46 *	47 *	47 *	47 *	47 *	48 * |	49 *	49 *	:	EUR12
B	44	45	45	46	47	47	46	48	48	48 *	:	B
DK	49	50	50	49	50	51	50	51	52	53	52	DK
D	42	42	42	42	41	41	41	41 |	43	41	:	D
GR	45	47	48	49	49	49	49	50	50	51	:	GR
E	47	48	48	49	49	50	50	51	51	51	:	E
F	52	52	52	52	52	53	53	53	53	54	54	F
IRL	41	43	43	43	44	44	44	45	46	47	:	IRL
I	44	45	45	46	47	47	48	48	50	50	51	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	42	42	41	41	43	43	44	44	44	45	46	NL
P	51	55	54	55	54	52	53	56	56	60	:	P
UK	41	44	45	45	46	46	47	48	48	49	50	UK
A	:	:	:	45	:	:	:	:	46	46	47	A
FIN	:	:	:	49	:	:	:	:	52	53	53	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	53	53	54	N
S	:	:	:	53	:	:	:	:	54	54	54	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	49 *	50 *	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	32	:	:	:	:	35	35	36	CH
USA	:	52	52	52	53	54	54	54	58	55	55	USA
CDN	:	:	49	51	52	53	54	54	54	54	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	38	39	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education).
Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Equal opportunities are measured by females as a share of all pupils. Participation rates have been calculated as the number of students aged 16 to 18 as a percentage of the total population of the same age. These rates are affected, among other things, by the end of

compulsory schooling, which varies from 14 to 18 years of age depending on the country. Germany includes Berlin but excludes the new Länder. Italian data have been taken from the Multipurpose Household Survey and refer to the academic year 1988/89.

Men and women in education, aged 16 to 18, as % of their total age group



Black: men; blue: women.

Non-nationals in higher education, 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	24.8	20.1	22.6	24.0	33.3	27.4	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	3.2	3.4	4.5	6.6	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.6	DK
D	:	:	:	79.4	81.7	85.7	91.9	98.0	107.0	121.4	:	D
GR	:	:	:	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	13.8	11.1	10.3	12.2	:	E
F	:	:	:	132.0	126.8	124.0	125.0	131.7	160.8	163.8	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.8	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	26.4	24.2	22.9	19.9	20.4	21.8	20.5	20.8	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	5.7	7.9	8.4	9.2	:	8.9	10.4	11.4	NL
P	:	:	:	2.8	3.4	:	3.8	4.3	:	6.2	:	P
UK	:	:	:	59.3	56.7	59.2	63.2	79.5	88.9	99.6	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	18.4	20.2	22.0	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1.6	1.9	2.2	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	6.9	7.7	8.1	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22.6	24.4	24.8	CH
USA	:	:	:	343.8	349.6	356.2	366.7	386.9	407.5	419.6	438.6	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	20.4	23.8	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

EU nationals studying abroad, by host country, 1000s

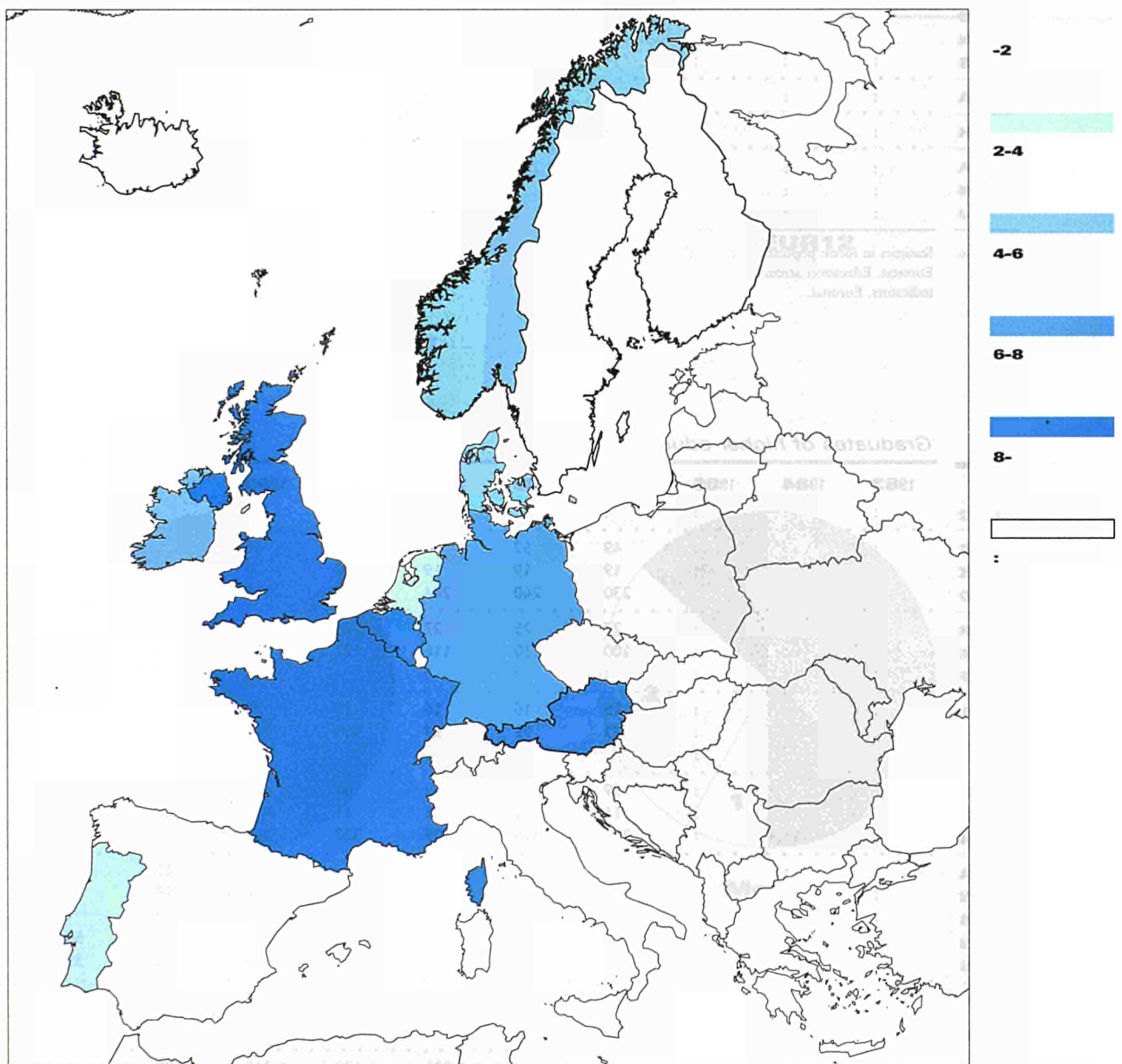
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	11	9	11	11	15	13	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	DK
D	:	:	:	20	20	21	22	23	25	27	:	D
GR	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	4	3	3	4	:	E
F	:	:	:	19	18	18	19	21	22	24	25	F
IRL	:	:	:	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	13	12	11	9	10	9	8	8	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	3	3	4	4	:	4	4	4	NL
P	:	:	:	0	0	:	0	1	:	1	:	P
UK	:	:	:	8	8	12	13	:	26	33	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	10	10	11	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	2	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14	15	16	CH
USA	:	:	:	27	28	30	33	35	37	38	39	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Studying abroad is measured differently. In Ireland and the United Kingdom, citizenship is based on permanent residence, while for the other EU countries, it is based on the student's passport. Spain, France, Italy, Austria,

Finland and Japan exclude non-university students. Ireland excludes part-time students and Greece excludes university students not enrolled for the first time. Germany includes the new Länder from 1992.

Non-nationals in higher education as % of all students in higher education. 1992



FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

New entrants to higher education. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	30	31	35	37	41	41	:	:	DK
D	:	:	:	309	311	332	350	359	383	377	:	D
GR	:	:	:	56	50	46	46	48	47	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	203	201	228	251	262	269	285	:	E
F	:	:	:	371	374	375	436	474	418	436	437	F
IRL	:	:	:	19	19	20	22	23	24	26	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	246	250	263	282	300	326	345	361	I
L	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	71	75	122	104	112	129	113	109	NL
P	:	:	:	26	.	22	29	38	64	.	.	P
UK	:	:	:	303	303	312	329	364	388	431	.	UK
A	:	:	:	27	32	34	33	A
FIN	:	:	:	38	40	43	FIN
IS	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	34	30	33	N
S	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	43	42	44	CH
USA	:	:	:	2 292	2 215	2 246	2 379	2 341	2 257	2 278	2 186	USA
CDN	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	.	.	.	718	734	.	.	.	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Graduates of higher education. 1000s

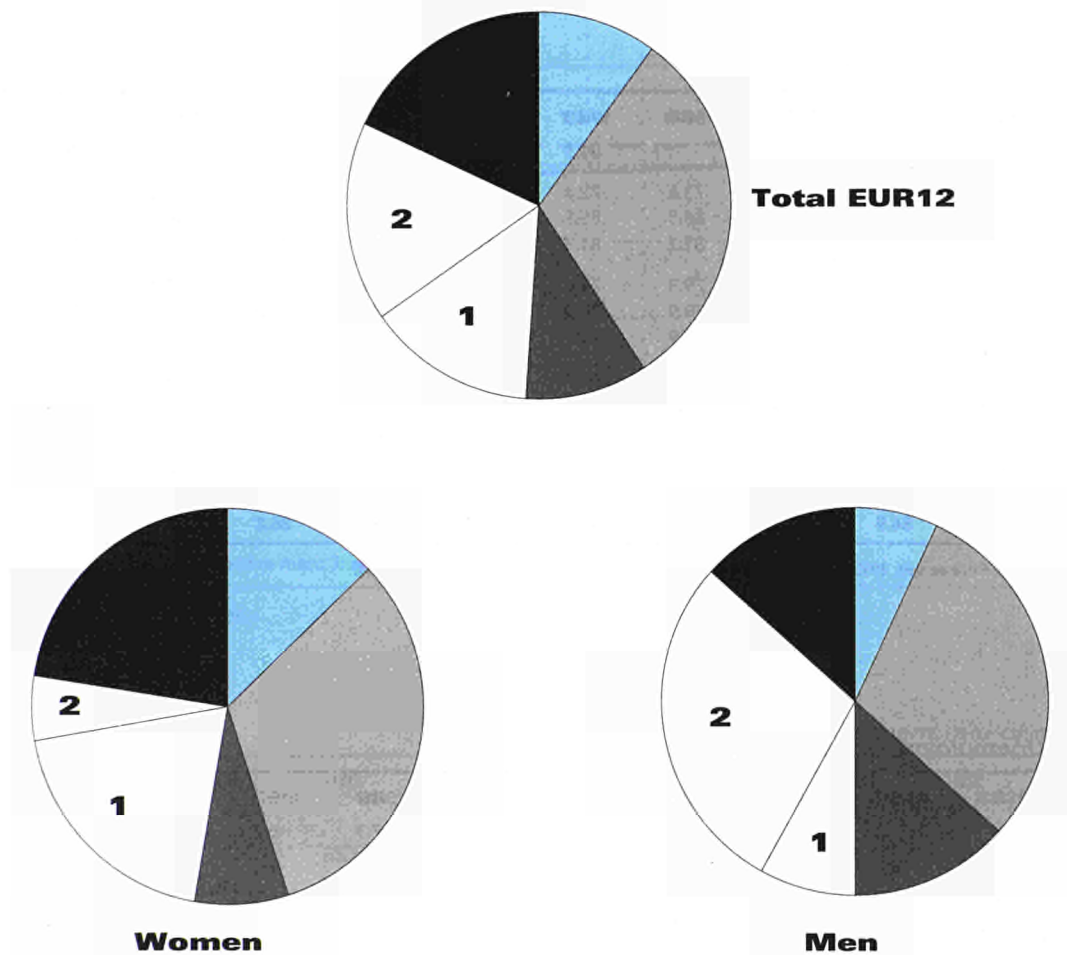
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	49	52	56	52	56	.	.	.	B
DK	:	:	:	19	19	19	19	20	23	23	.	DK
D	:	:	:	230	240	244	246	250	257	.	.	D
GR	:	:	:	27	25	27	26	29	29	.	.	GR
E	:	:	:	100	110	116	121	127	132	.	.	E
F	:	:	:	247*	.	.	F
IRL	:	:	:	15	16	16	18	21	23	.	.	IRL
I	:	:	:	93	95	99	103	107	106	112	.	I
L	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	59	59	.	64	62	69	71	.	NL
P	:	:	:	11	11	11	11	.	18	.	.	P
UK	:	:	:	297	315	309	322	347	372	.	.	UK
A	:	:	:	16	17	17	.	A
FIN	:	:	:	24	26	29	.	FIN
IS	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	54	58	.	N
S	:	:	:	36	38	39	.	S
EEA	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	12	12	13	.	CH
USA	:	:	:	1 830	1 823	1 835	1 873	1 940	2 108	2 120	.	USA
CDN	:	:	:	492	507	525	553	573	593	.	.	CDN
J	:	:	:	.	.	.	623	629	.	.	.	J

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions (education). Eurostat. Education across the European Union: statistics and indicators. Eurostat.

Entrants and graduates are measured differently because several countries are not able to identify first-time entrants into higher education programmes. In such cases, the data refer to all students enrolled in the initial year of such programmes, i.e. including students previously enrolled in higher education. Germany excludes the new Länder and Ireland excludes

part-time students. The concept of 'graduating' differs from one country to another. For example, the length of higher education programmes varies from two to seven years. In addition, some countries may award two or even three diplomas/degrees prior to the doctorate; others only one. Germany excludes the new Länder.

Graduates by field of study, 1991



Blue: humanities, religion, fine and applied arts; light grey: social science, business administration, law; dark grey: natural science, mathematics and computer science; white 1: medical science and health-related; white 2: engineering, architecture, transport; black: others.

Activity rate of men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	80.3	80.1	80.0	80.0	79.7	78.7	78.1	EUR12
B	76.0	74.6	74.2	73.6	72.4	71.5	71.7	71.3	72.0	71.8	71.4	B
DK	84.0	85.3	86.0	86.3	85.5	87.5	87.6	87.1	86.3	85.7	84.9	DK
D	79.9	81.0	81.1	81.2	81.3	81.6	81.5	82.1	82.1	80.9	80.2	D
GR	82.1	81.5	80.6	79.3	78.6	78.4	77.8	76.8	76.0	76.2	76.5	GR
E	:	:	:	78.9	77.9	77.7	77.2	77.6	77.2	76.0	75.5	E
F	80.8	79.2	78.9	78.9	78.1	77.3	77.1	76.5	75.4	75.5	75.1	F
IRL	83.8	83.1	82.3	81.3	80.8	80.4	79.3	78.8	78.7	76.4	76.3	IRL
I	79.5	78.8	78.6	78.4	77.9	77.8	77.1	77.0	76.8	74.4	74.0	I
L	80.6	80.5	79.2	79.9	79.9	78.3	77.9	77.4	78.2	77.6	78.2	L
NL	76.9	:	75.4	:	79.7	78.8	78.9	79.7	80.1	79.4	79.3	NL
P	:	:	:	82.7	82.1	81.6	81.9	81.4	82.0	80.0	78.3	P
UK	84.9	84.9	86.2	85.9	86.0	86.5	86.8	86.8	86.2	85.3	84.2	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Aged 15 to 64.

Unemployment rate of men

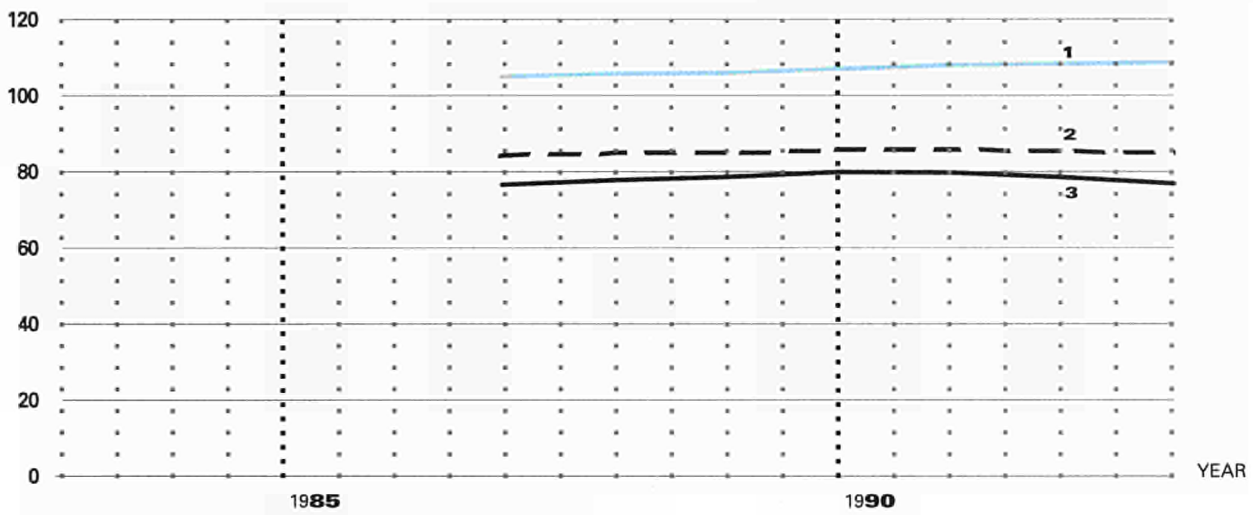
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	9.2	8.3	7.3	6.7	7.2	8.0	9.6	EUR12
B	8.1	8.1	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.0	5.3	4.6	4.6	4.8	6.2	B
DK	9.4	7.9	6.5	4.6	5.3	5.9	7.7	8.0	8.4	8.5	10.6	DK
D	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.6	6.1	5.3	4.6	4.1	4.5	4.9	6.5	D
GR	6.1	6.2	5.8	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.9	5.0	6.3	GR
E	:	:	:	19.8	17.2	15.8	13.3	12.1	12.1	13.7	18.7	E
F	6.1	7.7	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.2	7.4	7.2	7.2	8.2	9.7	F
IRL	14.7	16.5	17.8	17.9	18.1	17.5	16.4	14.0	15.8	15.3	15.9	IRL
I	5.7	6.5	6.4	7.1	7.6	7.5	7.5	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.9	I
L	2.3	2.1	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.5*	1.2*	1.2*	1.1*	1.6	1.9	L
NL	11.0	:	9.5	:	7.5	7.4	6.8	5.7	5.6	4.1	5.4	NL
P	:	:	:	7.0	6.0	4.5	3.6	3.4	2.7	3.5	4.7	P
UK	12.1	11.6	11.9	12.0	11.5	9.3	7.6	7.3	9.5	11.7	12.5	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

The Community labour force survey (LFS) is a main source of internationally comparable labour market statistics in the EU. It is conducted each spring. It covers the entire population living in private households and excludes those in

collective households such as boarding houses, halls of residence and hospitals. Definitions used are common to all EU countries and based on international recommendations by the International Labour Office (ILO).

Employed and active men, millions



1: total population, men; 2: active men; 3: employed men.

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Employment rate of men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	72.9	73.5	74.1	74.6	74.0	72.4	70.6	EUR12
B	69.9	68.6	68.7	68.3	67.1	66.5	67.9	68.1	68.7	68.4	67.0	B
DK	76.2	78.5	80.3	82.3	81.0	82.4	80.9	80.1	79.0	78.5	75.9	DK
D	75.3	76.4	76.3	76.7	76.3	77.2	77.8	78.7	78.4	76.9	75.0	D
GR	77.2	76.5	75.9	75.2	74.4	74.5	74.1	73.4	72.3	72.3	71.7	GR
E	:	:	:	63.3	64.5	65.4	67.0	68.2	67.9	65.7	61.3	E
F	75.8	73.1	72.1	72.0	71.3	71.0	71.4	71.0	69.9	69.3	67.8	F
IRL	71.5	69.4	67.7	66.8	66.2	66.3	66.4	67.8	66.3	64.7	64.2	IRL
I	75.0	73.7	73.6	72.8	72.0	72.0	71.4	72.0	71.5	69.2	68.1	I
L	78.7	78.8	77.4	78.4	78.4	77.1	77.0	76.5	77.3	76.4	76.7	L
NL	68.5	:	68.2	:	73.7	72.9	73.5	75.2	75.6	76.1	75.1	NL
P	:	:	:	76.9	77.2	78.0	78.9	78.6	79.8	77.2	74.6	P
UK	74.6	75.0	75.9	75.6	76.1	78.4	80.2	80.5	78.1	75.3	73.7	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Activity rate of women

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	51.1	51.9	52.7	53.6	55.0	54.9	55.2	EUR12
B	44.3	45.0	45.1	45.8	45.5	45.3	45.6	46.1	48.2	49.3	50.3	B
DK	71.9	73.3	74.6	76.1	76.5	76.6	76.4	77.6	78.0	78.2	77.4	DK
D	49.0	50.8	51.7	52.5	52.7	53.8	54.4	57.6	61.2	61.1	60.7	D
GR	39.2	39.9	41.0	41.0	41.1	42.6	43.0	42.6	40.2	41.7	43.0	GR
E	:	:	:	33.7	37.1	39.2	39.7	40.6	40.7	41.8	42.6	E
F	56.4	56.7	56.7	57.8	57.6	57.7	57.9	58.0	58.2	58.9	59.6	F
IRL	39.8	39.2	39.1	39.6	41.0	40.4	40.8	41.9	42.7	43.4	45.4	IRL
I	39.6	39.6	39.7	41.1	41.7	42.8	43.4	43.2	44.2	42.6	42.2	I
L	40.6	40.6	41.5	42.4	43.5	41.7	42.4	42.4	44.6	47.5	46.1	L
NL	40.0	:	41.1	:	49.3	49.7	50.4	52.4	53.6	55.3	56.0	NL
P	:	:	:	53.7	55.0	56.0	56.7	57.1	59.9	58.6	58.7	P
UK	57.0	58.8	61.0	61.8	63.0	63.8	65.6	66.1	66.0	65.7	65.9	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993, Eurostat.

Aged 15 to 64.

Unemployment rate of women

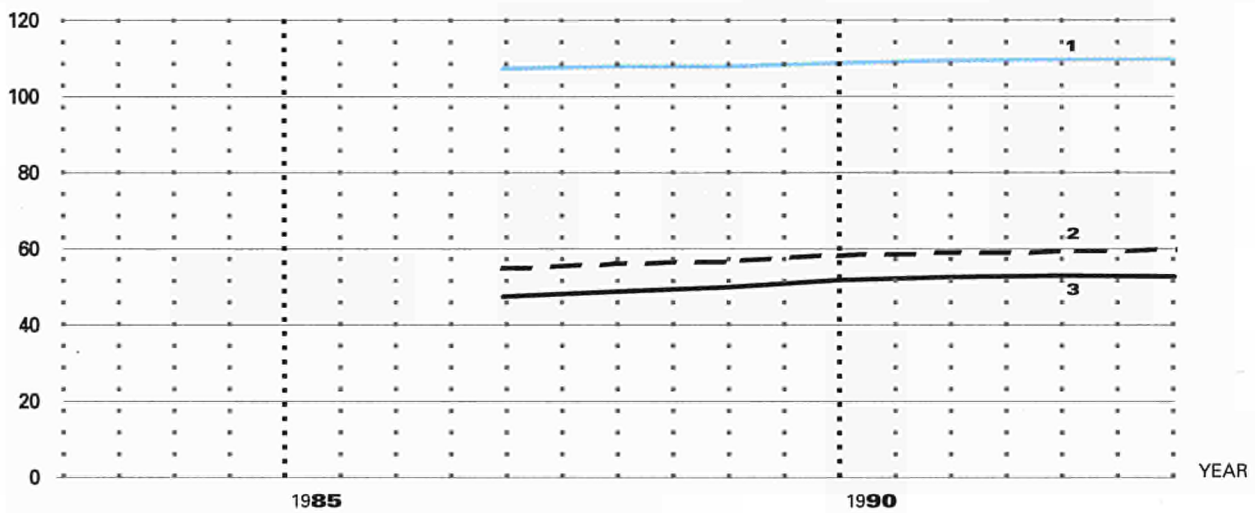
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	13.3	12.9	12.1	11.1	10.8	11.2	12.3	EUR12
B	17.9	18.4	17.9	18.0	17.7	15.2	13.0	11.5	10.7	9.5	10.9	B
DK	10.6	10.2	9.6	7.9	7.2	7.4	9.0	9.0	10.1	10.0	11.2	DK
D	7.6	8.3	8.6	8.3	8.0	8.0	7.5	6.2	6.6	8.3	9.4	D
GR	12.2	12.5	12.1	11.9	11.7	12.8	12.6	12.0	13.1	13.2	15.3	GR
E	:	:	:	25.4	28.3	28.4	25.6	24.4	23.4	25.3	28.8	E
F	10.5	12.2	12.7	12.3	13.5	12.9	12.7	12.2	11.7	12.9	13.5	F
IRL	16.2	17.7	19.5	19.7	19.2	18.6	16.7	15.2	16.8	15.4	16.0	IRL
I	14.3	15.4	15.5	17.2	16.8	17.6	17.5	15.8	15.9	13.9	14.8	I
L	5.1	3.8	4.4	4.0	3.8	2.9	2.4*	2.4*	2.1*	2.8	3.1	L
NL	13.8	:	12.4	:	14.0	12.7	11.9	10.9	10.0	7.8	7.7	NL
P	:	:	:	11.9	9.9	8.6	7.6	6.7	5.8	4.9	6.5	P
UK	9.9	10.1	11.1	11.0	10.5	8.7	7.2	6.7	7.4	7.3	7.6	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993, Eurostat.

The number of women working or seeking employment has increased rapidly across the EU. In all Member States, especially in the south, women will continue to increase the labour supply

in future years. This represents a challenge for employment creation and reducing present unemployment levels.

Employed and active women, millions



1: total population of women; 2: active women; 3: employed women.

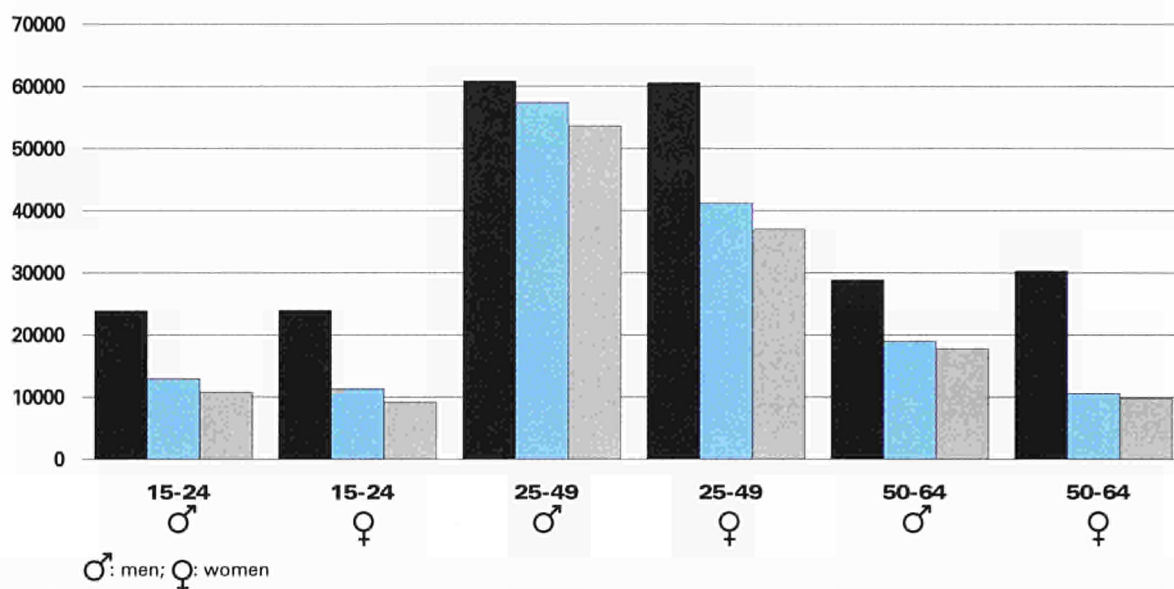
FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Employment rate of women

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	44.3	45.3	46.3	47.6	49.0	48.8	48.4	EUR12
B	36.4	36.7	37.0	37.6	37.5	38.4	39.7	40.8	43.0	44.6	44.9	B
DK	64.3	65.8	67.4	70.1	71.0	70.9	69.5	70.7	70.1	70.4	68.7	DK
D	45.2	46.6	47.3	48.1	48.5	49.5	50.3	54.0	57.2	56.0	55.0	D
GR	34.4	34.9	36.1	36.1	36.3	37.2	37.6	37.5	34.9	36.2	36.4	GR
E	:	:	:	25.1	26.6	28.1	29.5	30.7	31.2	31.3	30.3	E
F	50.5	49.8	49.5	50.6	49.8	50.2	50.6	50.9	51.4	51.3	51.6	F
IRL	33.4	32.3	31.4	31.8	33.1	32.9	33.9	35.5	35.5	36.8	38.1	IRL
I	34.0	33.5	33.6	34.1	34.7	35.3	35.8	36.4	37.2	36.7	36.0	I
L	38.6	39.1	39.7	40.7	41.8	40.5	41.3	41.4	43.6	46.2	44.7	L
NL	34.5	:	36.0	:	42.4	43.4	44.4	46.7	48.3	50.9	51.7	NL
P	:	:	:	47.3	49.5	51.2	52.4	53.3	56.4	55.7	54.9	P
UK	51.4	52.9	54.2	55.0	56.3	58.3	60.9	61.7	61.1	60.8	60.9	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Total population, men and women, aged 15 to 24, 25 to 49 and 50 to 64, active and employed, millions



Activity rate of men aged 15 to 24

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	60.0	59.4	58.4	57.9	56.4	54.3	52.7	EUR12
B	46.0	43.7	43.2	43.9	42.8	38.5	38.2	37.0	37.6	36.7	36.1	B
DK	68.3	76.8	78.8	78.6	76.3	78.6	79.3	76.5	75.4	73.0	71.0	DK
D	53.7	60.0	60.7	61.8	62.0	63.2	61.3	62.5	62.3	60.1	58.4	D
GR	50.4	49.7	48.2	45.2	44.4	44.6	45.2	44.1	43.4	43.0	43.1	GR
E	:	:	:	54.5	54.5	54.2	51.8	51.6	50.7	49.4	47.5	E
F	57.9	55.8	55.3	55.0	53.0	49.4	48.0	47.7	42.3	42.2	40.2	F
IRL	65.4	63.4	62.3	60.5	58.2	56.5	54.6	53.9	53.2	49.6	49.5	IRL
I	53.7	54.2	53.2	52.8	52.8	53.3	52.4	50.7	50.6	46.4	46.2	I
L	63.0	61.3	59.1	59.7	58.5	53.5	54.5	46.1	56.2	52.2	50.0	L
NL	49.0	:	46.3	:	61.4	57.8	57.8	60.0	60.6	60.7	61.2	NL
P	:	:	:	69.7	68.6	67.2	65.8	63.8	62.2	56.2	52.0	P
UK	69.9	72.1	75.3	75.2	75.8	76.6	77.4	76.7	74.7	72.7	70.4	UK

Activity rate of women aged 15 to 24

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	51.7	51.5	51.4	50.7	49.3	47.2	45.6	EUR12
B	41.8	40.8	41.4	41.6	40.2	36.8	33.8	34.1	35.4	35.7	32.7	B
DK	62.2	71.3	72.2	71.7	74.7	73.3	71.3	70.4	70.9	71.0	70.0	DK
D	47.1	54.3	55.9	56.8	56.9	58.0	57.7	58.8	58.6	56.4	54.0	D
GR	36.2	34.6	34.0	33.3	32.8	34.5	35.2	35.2	34.0	33.2	34.5	GR
E	:	:	:	38.8	44.4	45.2	43.3	42.6	40.1	39.1	38.0	E
F	49.0	48.5	47.8	47.9	46.4	43.7	42.7	41.6	38.0	37.3	36.2	F
IRL	55.2	54.6	53.0	52.0	50.4	47.7	47.0	45.7	44.6	42.3	43.8	IRL
I	43.2	42.8	42.2	43.8	43.1	44.5	45.0	43.0	41.6	37.8	36.4	I
L	57.7	55.4	58.1	56.4	54.1	51.4	50.5	43.8	50.0	50.4	45.5	L
NL	48.5	:	47.5	:	58.6	56.1	57.2	59.2	60.1	61.1	59.7	NL
P	:	:	:	53.0	54.3	53.9	53.3	53.0	51.0	46.0	43.0	P
UK	58.6	60.1	63.7	64.1	65.5	65.4	67.7	66.7	65.4	62.6	61.0	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

The EU unemployment rate among young people (under 25) declined markedly during the second half of the 1980s against a background of a high rate of new job creation and a range of

measures to alleviate unemployment. In addition, more and more young people have been staying longer in education or receiving more extensive basic training.

Unemployment rate of men aged 15 to 24

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	19.7	18.0	15.2	14.3	15.3	16.7	20.4	EUR12
B	19.3	20.5	17.7	15.5	14.7	13.0	11.4	10.1	11.0	11.3	17.4	B
DK	18.1	12.4	10.0	7.0	8.0	8.1	10.7	11.4	10.7	12.1	14.5	DK
D	10.2	9.6	9.0	6.8	7.4	6.3	5.2	4.4	5.2	5.4	7.6	D
GR	17.1	17.4	17.7	16.0	17.5	17.0	17.0	15.1	16.9	17.2	20.1	GR
E	:	:	:	44.2	38.4	35.2	27.5	25.7	25.2	28.0	39.1	E
F	16.0	20.8	22.9	21.5	20.0	19.1	16.2	16.8	17.0	18.6	23.6	F
IRL	23.3	26.1	26.3	29.1	28.6	27.1	23.7	20.9	24.7	24.3	26.8	IRL
I	23.8	26.2	26.3	27.3	28.7	27.9	25.9	23.4	23.8	24.4	26.4	I
L	5.6*	5.1*	6.4*	5.5*	4.2*	4.6*	:	:	:	4.2*	4.4*	L
NL	23.0	:	18.6	:	15.7	14.0	12.4	10.2	10.2	7.7	11.3	NL
P	:	:	:	16.3	14.0	10.2	8.2	7.9	6.2	8.7	9.9	P
UK	22.4	20.8	19.6	19.8	17.2	14.3	11.2	11.4	15.9	18.9	20.8	UK

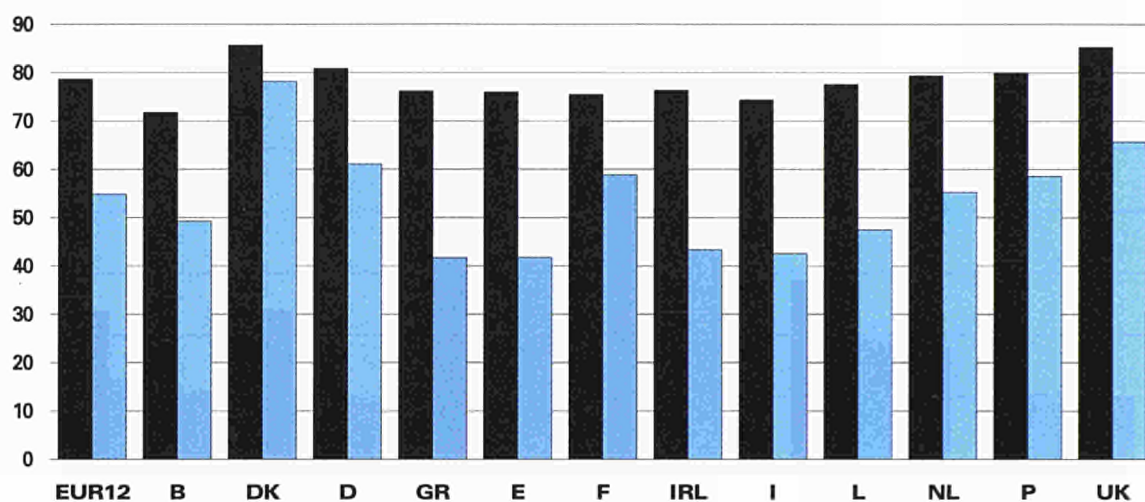
FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Unemployment rate of women aged 15 to 24

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	23.8	22.5	20.1	18.7	18.4	18.9	21.4	EUR12
B	28.9	30.3	29.7	27.0	28.7	23.4	20.2	19.2	17.1	15.2	19.6	B
DK	19.8	15.7	13.2	9.5	10.0	9.0	12.4	11.6	12.3	12.6	14.7	DK
D	11.1	11.1	10.7	9.0	7.6	7.3	5.9	4.7	5.8	6.5	7.7	D
GR	30.1	31.8	32.0	34.2	33.8	36.0	34.0	32.6	33.5	34.2	38.8	GR
E	:	:	:	49.6	49.6	48.3	42.6	39.3	37.1	39.8	46.6	E
F	23.9	28.7	28.8	26.4	27.1	25.3	23.0	23.0	22.6	25.0	27.7	F
IRL	18.8	20.1	23.4	22.6	22.8	22.8	19.6	18.2	21.1	20.8	22.8	IRL
I	34.9	37.9	39.1	40.3	39.7	39.5	38.5	35.4	33.5	32.9	34.3	I
L	8.0*	5.5*	6.5*	6.7*	6.6*	4.8*	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	19.0	:	16.7	:	18.0	14.5	13.9	11.9	12.0	8.5	9.5	NL
P	:	:	:	25.5	22.0	19.3	15.8	13.3	11.7	10.8	14.7	P
UK	17.5	17.0	16.6	17.0	15.0	11.9	9.3	9.3	11.4	11.7	13.4	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Activity rates of men and women. 1993



Black: men; blue: women.

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Activity rate of men aged 25 to 49

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	95.3	95.4	95.3	95.3	95.2	94.3	94.0	EUR12
B	95.7	95.5	95.7	95.6	94.8	94.9	94.5	94.6	94.5	94.0	93.6	B
DK	94.7	93.7	94.1	94.3	94.0	95.4	95.1	94.9	94.4	94.3	93.7	DK
D	95.3	94.7	94.9	94.3	94.0	93.9	94.1	94.0	94.5	94.1	93.6	D
GR	96.4	96.4	96.1	96.2	95.9	96.2	96.0	95.7	95.2	94.9	95.6	GR
E	:	:	:	95.4	94.8	95.1	94.8	95.0	95.1	93.6	93.7	E
F	97.1	97.1	96.9	97.0	97.0	96.9	96.8	96.6	96.4	96.0	95.9	F
IRL	95.9	95.7	95.1	94.6	94.6	94.8	94.6	94.2	94.4	92.2	92.0	IRL
I	96.7	96.2	96.3	96.1	95.4	95.5	95.3	95.4	94.8	92.8	92.6	I
L	97.4	97.0	96.4	97.3	97.1	97.4	96.1	95.7	96.6	96.1	96.2	L
NL	94.7	:	94.0	:	94.6	94.6	94.5	94.6	95.0	93.9	93.6	NL
P	:	:	:	95.0	95.2	95.3	95.5	95.4	95.5	95.4	95.3	P
UK	95.7	95.5	96.2	95.9	95.8	95.8	95.9	95.9	95.6	94.8	94.1	UK

Activity rate of women aged 25 to 49

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	61.1	62.6	63.7	65.1	67.5	68.0	68.6	EUR12
B	58.8	61.2	62.3	63.3	63.8	64.2	65.5	65.7	68.1	69.0	71.0	B
DK	86.4	85.2	86.4	87.5	87.7	87.8	87.9	88.9	88.8	88.6	87.7	DK
D	58.2	59.5	60.9	61.3	61.5	62.7	63.4	67.4	73.2	73.7	73.3	D
GR	45.1	47.2	49.3	49.8	50.6	52.6	54.3	54.3	51.9	54.5	55.9	GR
E	:	:	:	38.3	42.6	46.1	47.9	49.8	51.4	53.1	55.0	E
F	68.4	69.8	70.5	72.1	71.9	72.8	73.2	74.0	75.1	76.2	77.3	F
IRL	38.1	37.4	38.1	40.1	43.3	43.9	45.1	47.3	49.2	51.4	53.7	IRL
I	48.3	48.8	49.1	51.1	52.7	54.2	55.8	55.7	57.1	56.1	55.6	I
L	44.7	45.5	45.9	48.8	50.9	50.1	51.6	52.4	55.0	58.5	57.4	L
NL	45.4	:	47.7	:	56.1	57.7	58.2	60.6	62.3	64.4	65.8	NL
P	:	:	:	64.7	66.3	68.4	69.9	70.6	74.2	73.3	75.1	P
UK	63.1	65.6	68.0	68.9	69.9	71.5	72.7	73.8	73.7	73.9	74.4	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

In the White Paper on growth, competitiveness and employment, the European Commission outlined a strategy to tackle EU labour market problems. Both sustained economic growth and more jobs are needed. But producing more jobs

from whatever economic growth the Community can achieve requires a new solidarity - between those with work and those without, not to mention those who earn their income from investments.

Activity rate of men aged 50 to 64

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	68.3	67.8	67.4	67.5	67.5	65.8	64.9	EUR12
B	64.9	61.9	59.0	55.2	52.1	50.9	51.7	49.3	49.9	49.8	48.2	B
DK	75.1	74.3	74.1	74.7	74.6	76.8	76.7	77.3	76.1	76.1	75.6	DK
D	75.1	72.0	71.7	71.7	71.9	71.8	72.0	72.8	71.8	69.5	68.2	D
GR	78.0	76.5	75.5	73.7	71.6	71.0	70.0	68.9	67.9	68.4	67.5	GR
E	:	:	:	74.4	72.8	71.1	70.8	70.6	69.9	68.4	68.1	E
F	64.9	61.7	60.7	60.2	58.4	58.1	57.5	56.0	55.3	55.0	54.7	F
IRL	80.7	80.5	78.9	77.4	77.8	77.2	74.7	74.3	74.8	72.7	72.5	IRL
I	68.7	67.4	66.9	65.9	65.7	64.9	63.2	63.9	65.0	62.0	60.8	I
L	58.8	60.4	59.1	59.4	59.7	57.3	55.5	56.9	52.6	53.2	55.3	L
NL	65.1	:	61.4	:	61.4	60.3	60.1	60.2	58.8	58.0	57.9	NL
P	:	:	:	72.3	71.9	71.4	72.4	73.1	75.0	71.6	70.7	P
UK	78.6	76.6	76.6	75.8	75.3	75.7	75.7	75.8	75.3	74.0	72.7	UK

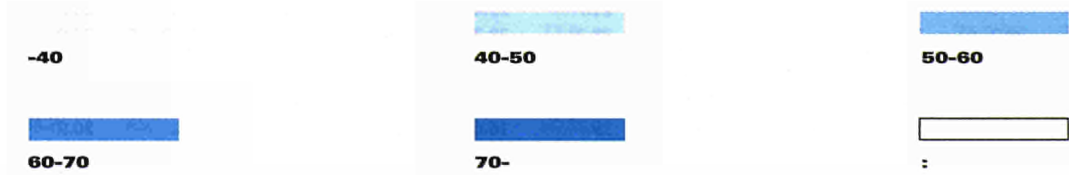
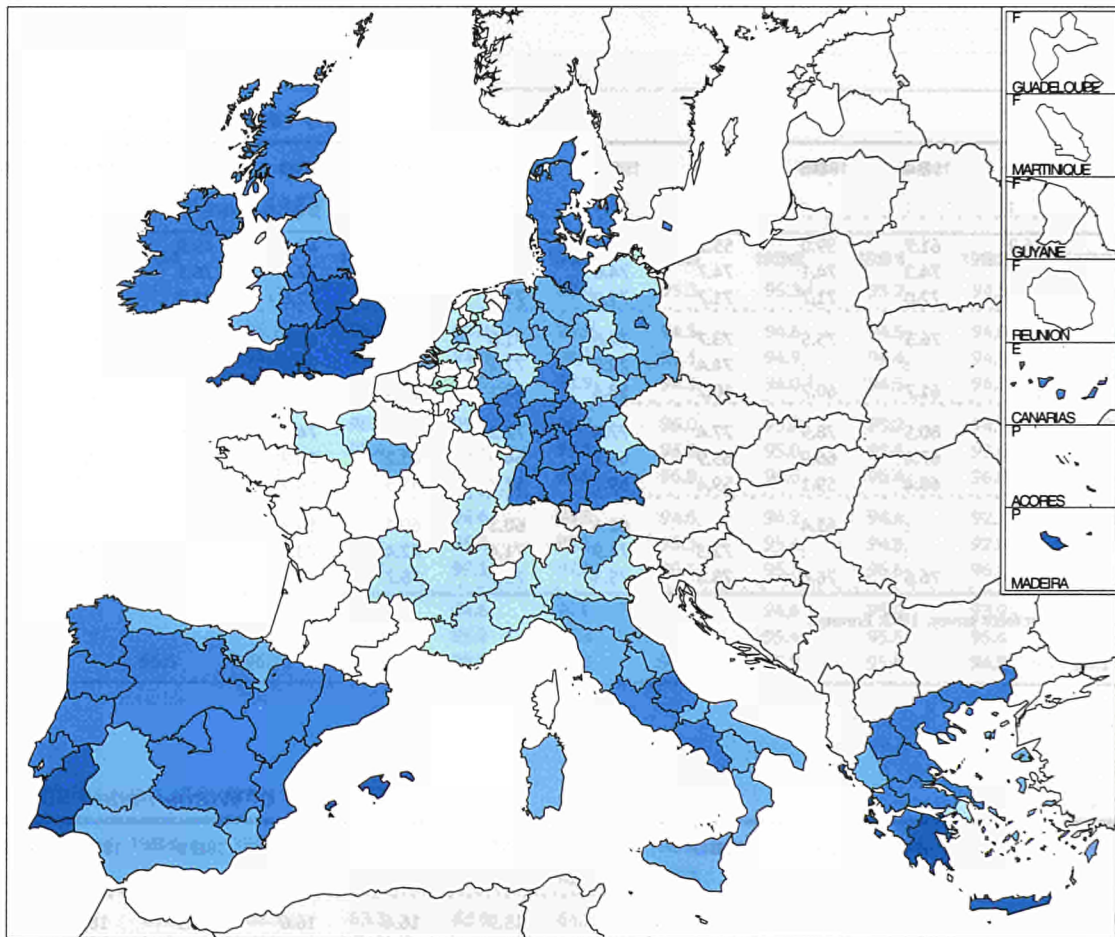
FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Activity rate of women aged 50 to 64

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	31.7	32.1	32.5	33.4	34.8	34.9	35.5	EUR12
B	18.8	19.0	17.2	17.3	15.4	15.9	16.4	16.6	17.3	18.5	19.2	B
DK	50.4	49.8	51.5	54.5	52.2	53.5	54.2	57.5	58.7	60.0	59.7	DK
D	33.4	32.7	32.4	33.4	33.8	34.9	35.7	39.0	41.4	41.5	41.9	D
GR	30.1	30.5	31.5	31.1	30.7	31.6	30.0	28.8	25.7	27.0	26.9	GR
E	:	:	:	21.5	21.7	22.4	22.4	22.5	22.5	23.6	23.8	E
F	39.2	38.2	37.3	37.6	38.2	38.3	38.5	37.7	38.3	37.9	38.5	F
IRL	22.7	22.0	22.1	20.8	22.2	21.4	21.0	22.7	23.2	23.4	25.1	IRL
I	20.7	20.8	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.2	20.6	21.2	22.8	21.5	21.9	I
L	17.2	17.7	18.7	18.0	19.7	16.6	16.8	17.6	18.4	20.9	20.6	L
NL	18.3	:	18.6	:	22.9	23.1	23.6	24.7	24.5	25.9	26.8	NL
P	:	:	:	34.6	36.6	37.2	37.0	37.5	41.4	40.8	40.6	P
UK	44.2	45.0	44.7	45.3	46.2	46.2	48.4	48.8	49.2	49.5	50.2	UK

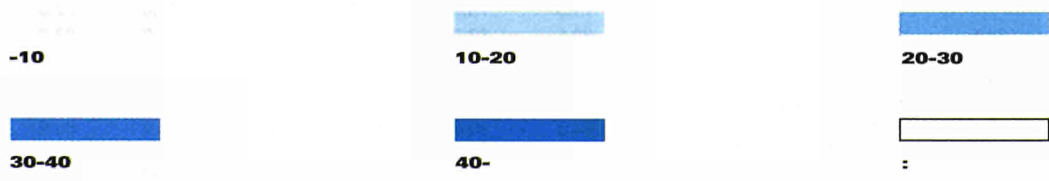
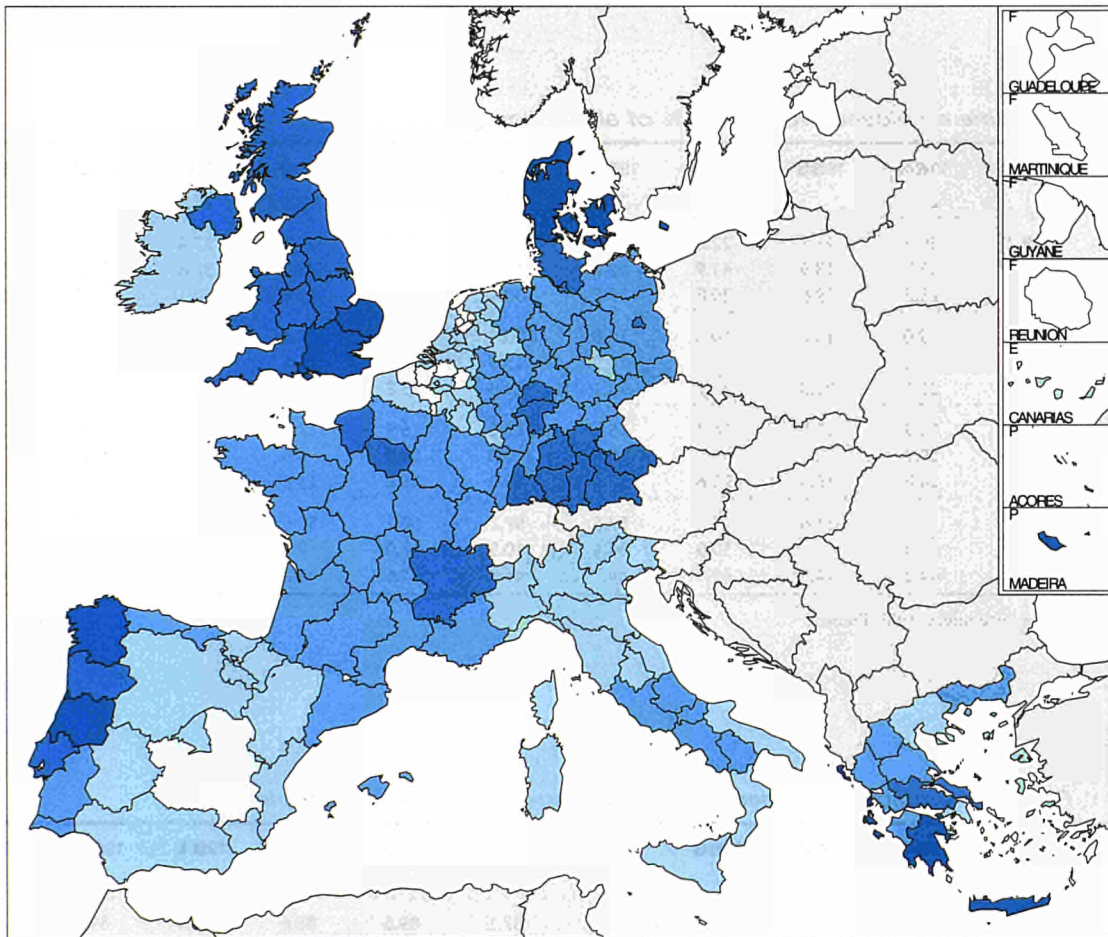
FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Activity rate of men aged 55 to 64. 1991



FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Activity rate of women aged 55 to 64, 1991



FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Part-time employed men as % of all employed men

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.4	EUR12
B	2.0	1.5	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	B
DK	6.6	8.3	8.4	8.7	9.3	8.9	9.4	10.4	10.5	10.1	11.0	DK
D	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.9	D
GR	3.7	2.9	2.8	3.4	2.7	2.9	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.6	GR
E	:	:	:	:	2.4	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.4	E
F	2.5	2.7	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.6	4.1	F
IRL	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.5	3.1	3.7	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.9	4.8	IRL
I	2.4	3.2	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.6	I
L	:	:	2.6	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.5	:	:	L
NL	6.9	:	7.7	:	13.8	14.5	15.0	15.0	15.7	15.4	15.3	NL
P	:	:	:	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.1	4.5	P
UK	3.3	4.3	4.4	4.6	5.3	5.5	5.0	5.3	5.5	6.3	6.6	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Part-time employed women as % of all employed women

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	27.9	28.1	28.0	28.4	27.9	29.1	30.0	EUR12
B	19.7	20.3	21.1	22.6	24.2	23.4	25.0	25.8	27.4	28.1	28.5	B
DK	44.7	36.7	43.9	41.9	42.2	41.5	40.1	38.4	37.8	36.7	37.4	DK
D	30.0	28.6	29.6	29.8	29.5	30.6	30.7	33.8	30.1	30.7	32.0	D
GR	12.1	9.0	10.0	10.4	10.8	10.3	8.0	7.6	7.2	8.4	7.7	GR
E	:	:	:	:	13.9	13.0	11.9	12.1	11.2	13.7	14.8	E
F	20.0	21.1	21.8	23.2	23.1	23.8	23.8	23.6	23.5	24.5	26.3	F
IRL	15.6	13.9	15.5	14.2	15.8	17.0	16.5	17.7	17.9	18.6	21.3	IRL
I	9.4	10.2	10.1	9.5	10.4	10.4	10.9	9.6	10.4	11.5	11.1	I
L	18.0	14.8	16.3	15.6	17.4	15.0	16.4	16.5	18.2	16.6	18.3	L
NL	50.3	:	51.6	:	57.5	57.7	60.1	59.6	59.9	63.8	64.5	NL
P	:	:	:	10.0	10.4	10.5	10.0	9.4	11.0	11.3	11.1	P
UK	42.1	44.3	44.8	45.0	44.7	44.2	43.6	43.2	43.7	45.0	45.1	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Part-time employed women as % of all part-time employed people

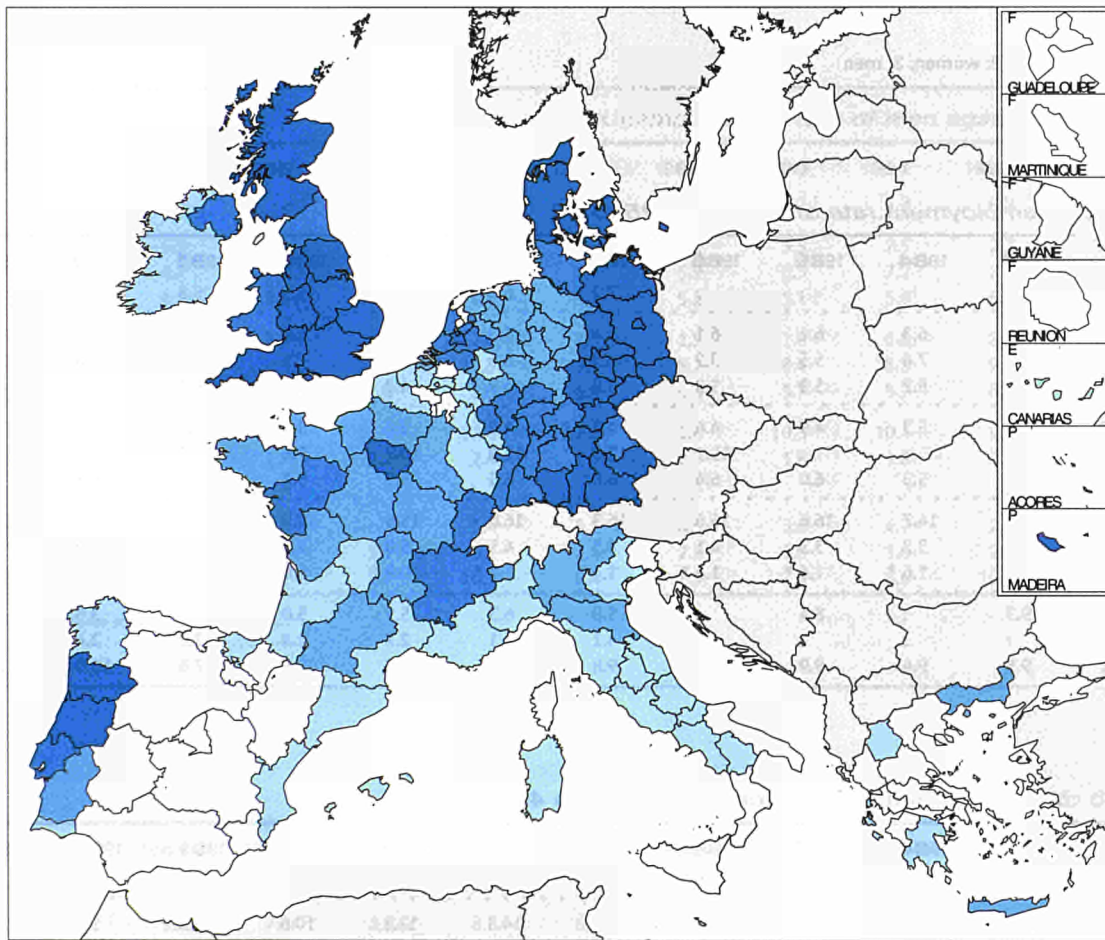
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	81.6	81.8	82.4	82.8	82.7	82.6	82.4	EUR12
B	83.9	88.1	86.1	85.7	87.5	87.1	89.6	88.6	89.4	89.7	89.3	B
DK	84.7	78.4	81.0	79.8	79.1	79.5	78.0	75.7	75.5	75.8	74.9	DK
D	91.9	89.8	90.5	90.0	90.5	90.5	89.6	89.7	89.9	89.3	88.6	D
GR	61.2	60.6	64.7	60.7	67.2	65.8	64.4	64.9	62.9	61.3	61.6	GR
E	:	:	:	:	71.5	73.7	77.2	78.0	77.4	77.0	75.6	E
F	84.6	84.4	83.0	83.1	82.5	83.7	83.3	84.0	84.0	83.8	83.3	F
IRL	71.6	71.4	74.3	71.7	71.0	68.4	72.2	72.1	71.7	72.5	71.7	IRL
I	64.8	59.8	61.6	62.2	61.9	62.2	64.7	67.2	65.5	68.5	70.0	I
L	87.4	84.8	76.7	81.1	84.3	80.6	81.8	82.2	86.9	88.9	91.2	L
NL	78.3	:	77.5	:	70.0	69.8	70.2	70.6	70.4	72.9	73.7	NL
P	:	:	:	65.8	67.1	67.1	69.8	66.2	67.5	68.2	66.3	P
UK	89.6	88.0	88.0	87.6	86.2	85.7	87.0	86.2	86.1	85.2	84.9	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

While less than ten percent of all unemployed men in the EU are seeking part-time employment, one quarter of all female unemployed are looking for part-time job. This

shows there is scope in many Member States for expansion of part-time working to increase the number of employed.

Activity rates. 1991



-48



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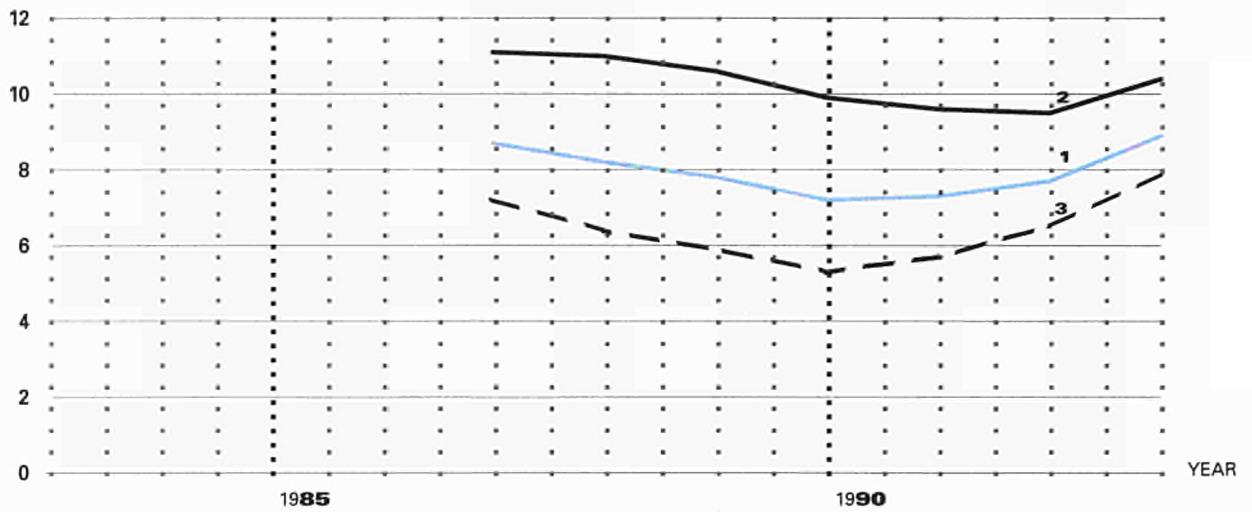
52-56



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FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Unemployment rates of total population, men and women, aged 25 or over. EUR12



1: total; 2: women; 3: men

FURTHER READING

Unemployment rate of men aged 25 to 49

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	7.2	6.4	5.9	5.3	5.8	6.6	8.0	EUR12
B	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.3	4.7	4.0	4.1	4.4	5.2	B
DK	7.7	7.4	5.5	3.9	4.3	5.4	7.2	7.5	8.1	7.8	10.2	DK
D	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.8	4.9	4.2	3.6	4.1	4.4	5.8	D
GR	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.6	3.4	3.9	3.9	4.9	GR
E	:	:	:	15.1	12.9	11.9	10.7	9.6	9.8	11.4	15.8	E
F	4.2	5.3	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.5	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.8	8.3	F
IRL	13.2	14.7	16.6	16.0	16.3	16.0	15.5	12.9	14.6	14.5	14.6	IRL
I	2.7	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.3	4.5	5.0	4.3	4.5	4.9	5.6	I
L	1.7*	1.6*	1.6*	1.4*	1.4*	1.1*	0.9*	1.0*	1.0*	1.3*	1.7*	L
NL	9.3	:	8.4	:	5.8	6.3	5.9	5.0	4.7	3.6	4.4	NL
P	:	:	:	4.9	4.1	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.0	2.4	3.6	P
UK	9.5	9.4	9.9	9.9	9.8	7.5	6.2	5.8	7.8	10.0	10.3	UK

Unemployment rate of women aged 25 to 49

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	11.1	11.0	10.6	9.9	9.7	10.1	11.0	EUR12
B	15.5	16.2	15.9	16.8	15.8	14.1	12.3	10.6	10.2	9.0	10.0	B
DK	8.7	9.3	9.0	7.6	6.7	7.1	8.0	8.4	9.7	9.5	10.6	DK
D	7.1	7.9	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.1	7.6	6.3	6.4	8.1	9.0	D
GR	9.3	10.0	9.5	9.0	8.9	10.1	10.0	9.2	10.2	10.6	12.4	GR
E	:	:	:	18.0	21.7	23.4	22.1	21.7	21.4	23.6	26.6	E
F	7.5	8.5	9.4	9.7	11.2	10.9	11.3	10.8	10.3	11.5	12.1	F
IRL	15.7	17.0	18.3	19.0	18.2	17.1	15.9	14.3	15.7	14.0	14.3	IRL
I	8.6	9.5	9.6	11.4	11.5	12.6	13.1	12.0	12.9	10.4	11.7	I
L	3.8*	3.3*	3.8*	3.1*	3.1*	2.4*	2.2*	2.1*	2.1*	2.9*	3.2*	L
NL	12.4	:	11.5	:	13.2	12.6	11.7	11.2	9.6	7.9	7.5	NL
P	:	:	:	9.1	7.5	6.6	6.3	5.7	5.0	4.2	5.3	P
UK	8.3	8.7	10.2	9.9	9.7	8.1	6.8	6.3	6.7	6.7	6.6	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

The Community labour force survey applies the internationally-accepted definition of unemployment. According to this, unemployed people are those out of work who are available to start work within two weeks and are actively seeking a job. Only such harmonised

unemployment estimates are comparable between EU countries. The concept of registered unemployment (people registered at employment offices), widely recognised in Member States, differs widely between them and cannot be used for comparison.

Unemployment rate of men aged 50 to 64

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	6.7	6.1	5.6	5.2	5.3	6.2	7.6	EUR12
B	6.0	5.5	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.6	4.0	3.5	2.5	2.7	3.9	B
DK	6.4	4.7	5.7	4.3	5.4	5.1	5.9	6.3	7.2	7.3	8.5	DK
D	4.3	4.1	5.1	5.4	6.1	5.7	5.2	5.1	5.0	6.0	7.7	D
GR	3.2	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.4	3.2	GR
E	:	:	:	12.6	10.8	9.8	9.2	8.4	8.3	9.1	12.0	E
F	5.1	5.4	6.1	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.4	5.7	5.7	6.9	7.0	F
IRL	8.8	10.7	11.6	10.9	12.4	12.0	11.6	10.3	10.4	9.4	9.8	IRL
I	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.7	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	6.4	:	5.8	:	5.4	5.1	4.9	3.6	4.7	2.6	3.8	NL
P	:	:	:	3.1	3.2	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.6	2.5	3.9	P
UK	9.2	8.5	9.2	9.7	10.3	9.4	7.9	7.5	8.6	10.4	11.9	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Unemployment rate of women aged 50 to 64

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.1	6.4	7.4	8.1	EUR12
B	9.1	9.1	7.8	8.6	8.8	8.4	7.0	6.1	4.6	5.1	5.9	B
DK	6.6	6.2	7.0	7.0	5.4	6.3	8.2	7.9	8.8	8.9	9.8	DK
D	4.8	5.9	6.6	7.6	7.8	8.4	9.3	7.2	7.7	10.2	11.7	D
GR	2.9	2.3	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.6	2.5	3.5	3.7	3.4	GR
E	:	:	:	6.7	8.4	8.0	8.4	8.9	8.8	9.6	11.4	E
F	6.4	7.2	7.4	7.2	8.2	8.3	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.9	8.2	F
IRL	9.4	12.4	11.7	13.4	13.0	13.2	12.1	11.4	11.1	10.2	9.5	IRL
I	3.3	2.7	2.5	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.9	3.8	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	6.5	:	5.8	:	8.0	9.0	7.7	7.1	7.5	5.5	5.4	NL
P	:	:	:	2.9	2.6	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.2*	2.8	P
UK	4.6	5.5	6.3	6.2	6.8	6.2	5.7	4.7	5.2	4.7	5.4	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Long-term unemployed people, 12 months or more,
as % of all unemployed*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	52.8	52.1	51.6	48.6	43.5 *	41.2 *	:	EUR12
B	64.1	67.1	68.2	69.2	73.0	75.6	75.0	66.8	61.6	59.0	53.0	B
DK	32.2	30.9	32.0	26.5	23.0	22.9	20.9	28.8	31.2	27.0	25.2	DK
D	38.4	43.4	46.9	47.6	47.2	45.6	48.4	45.9	30.8	33.5	40.3	D
GR	32.3	37.1	43.4	41.8	43.9	45.9	50.1	49.5	47.0	49.7	50.9	GR
E	:	:	:	58.5	60.6	57.4	56.1	51.1	49.1	44.0	46.2	E
F	39.6	39.1	43.8	44.1	44.6	44.6	43.7	39.7	38.7	34.6	33.3	F
IRL	62.1	63.0	63.9	63.3	64.9	64.7	60.3	58.9	:	:	:	IRL
I	54.6	61.2	65.0	65.6	65.0	67.6	68.4	68.9	67.1	58.2	57.7	I
L	32.7 *	29.2 *	36.8	29.1 *	33.6 *	31.1 *	34.1 *	34.1 *	28.3 *	17.5 *	30.4 *	L
NL	46.9	:	56.4	:	43.6	46.8	45.4	46.2	43.0	44.0	52.4	NL
P	:	:	:	53.4	53.4	47.2	44.8	44.1	38.4	31.1	43.5	P
UK	44.8	45.5	48.7	46.2	46.0	42.2	38.1	33.5	28.1	35.4	42.5	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Long-term unemployed people aged 25 to 49, 12 months or more,
as % of all unemployed*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	54.5	53.7	52.5	49.8	44.1 *	42.3 *	:	EUR12
B	72.2	72.7	75.5	76.4	78.6	81.0	80.5	71.7	67.2	64.8	57.6	B
DK	38.0	35.1	35.5	30.3	25.6	25.4	23.2	32.4	31.9	29.2	25.8	DK
D	40.9	47.4	50.8	49.1	49.1	47.6	46.0	43.7	28.2	29.6	38.1	D
GR	34.5	36.9	44.5	42.5	45.1	49.2	53.7	52.9	49.2	53.3	54.3	GR
E	:	:	:	60.1	60.7	58.3	57.9	53.0	51.1	47.9	49.7	E
F	40.3	39.6	46.4	47.4	48.3	48.9	46.5	42.8	40.6	36.2	35.1	F
IRL	65.5	66.7	67.6	66.7	68.5	69.8	63.8	63.4	:	:	:	IRL
I	56.3	60.4	66.5	67.2	65.2	66.6	68.5	70.1	68.4	61.6	58.6	I
L	39.9 *	30.1 *	34.3 *	28.8 *	37.3 *	:	:	:	:	:	31.3 *	L
NL	51.7	:	63.5	:	52.9	54.2	53.3	54.1	50.5	49.8	54.9	NL
P	:	:	:	55.0	56.3	51.7	49.8	50.5	43.7	34.4	46.2	P
UK	46.9	47.7	51.8	49.8	49.7	44.5	38.3	34.0	28.3	36.9	45.2	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Long-term unemployed women, 12 months or more,
as % of all unemployed*

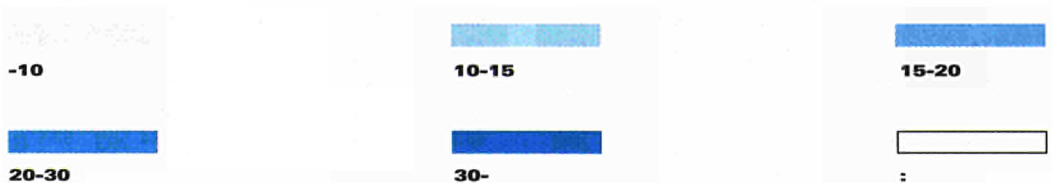
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	54.0	52.6	52.6	50.0	45.3 *	42.1 *	:	EUR12
B	69.0	70.4	71.7	71.6	74.9	77.5	76.0	68.3	64.3	61.0	58.9	B
DK	37.4	32.9	33.0	29.3	27.0	25.0	24.0	30.8	34.2	28.5	27.0	DK
D	36.8	41.7	45.4	45.8	48.3	44.6	45.8	43.7	26.8	30.6	43.5	D
GR	42.0	46.6	52.7	51.6	53.0	53.0	56.6	55.6	53.7	57.2	57.3	GR
E	:	:	:	64.3	67.9	64.9	63.4	58.4	57.3	52.7	55.5	E
F	42.2	43.9	47.6	46.5	47.1	46.7	45.9	41.9	40.9	36.7	35.2	F
IRL	54.0	55.0	56.4	54.9	56.2	55.2	52.1	51.3	:	:	:	IRL
I	56.6	63.3	66.8	67.8	66.6	67.9	69.7	70.0	68.2	58.1	59.8	I
L	30.8 *	30.6 *	35.3 *	33.0 *	28.4 *	:	:	:	:	:	30.3 *	L
NL	48.0	:	52.5	:	39.8	42.3	40.4	42.0	36.7	41.6	52.0	NL
P	:	:	:	57.7	58.4	50.8	47.8	48.5	41.3	36.5	47.4	P
UK	34.6	34.9	40.0	37.8	37.0	28.4	27.1	22.9	21.1	26.6	32.5	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

The Community Structural Funds are the favoured instrument of the policy of economic and social cohesion that gives expression to intra-Community solidarity. One of the Fund's five priority objectives is 'combating long-term unemployment and facilitating the integration into

working life of young people and of people exposed to exclusion from the labour market'. Among the measures supported are vocational training, temporary aids and the development of appropriate training, employment and support structures.

Unemployment rate of people aged less than 25. 1993



People not in the labour market, aged 15 to 64. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	95.3	98.4	100.0	99.8	101.5	102.8	102.8	102.5	99.0	97.9	97.5	B
DK	111.4	105.1	100.0	96.0	97.0	92.7	93.2	91.8	93.2	94.4	99.0	DK
D	108.0	101.5	100.0	98.7	98.0	95.8	95.2	91.6	93.5	92.7	94.2	D
GR	98.5	99.6	100.0	101.9	103.5	103.0	103.6	107.4	112.5	110.6	109.7	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	94.1	98.6	100.0	98.7	100.7	102.4	102.9	104.2	107.3	106.4	106.1	F
IRL	94.9	98.5	100.0	101.6	100.7	102.6	103.1	102.7	103.5	107.9	106.4	IRL
I	97.5	98.6	100.0	99.2	98.7	99.1	97.8	98.9	99.0	104.1	103.1	I
L	96.7	97.0	100.0	97.7	98.3	103.3	103.1	105.7	102.4	99.4	101.6	L
NL	97.1	:	100.0	:	86.7	88.1	87.6	84.7	83.4	82.7	82.2	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	109.0	106.3	100.0	99.2	97.1	94.7	90.7	89.8	91.1	93.4	95.3	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Women not in the labour market, aged 15 to 64. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	98	99	100	99	99	99	99	98	94	92	91	B
DK	111	106	100	95	92	94	95	90	89	88	92	DK
D	108	102	100	98	97	94	93	88	89	88	88	D
GR	101	101	100	100	101	100	99	102	106	104	103	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	97	99	100	98	99	99	99	99	100	99	98	F
IRL	96	100	100	100	98	100	99	97	97	98	96	IRL
I	99	99	100	98	97	97	94	95	94	97	96	I
L	99	99	100	98	98	102	100	102	99	93	97	L
NL	99	:	100	:	88	88	87	84	83	80	79	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	109	105	100	98	95	93	89	87	88	88	88	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Women not in the labour market, aged 15 to 64, as % of female population

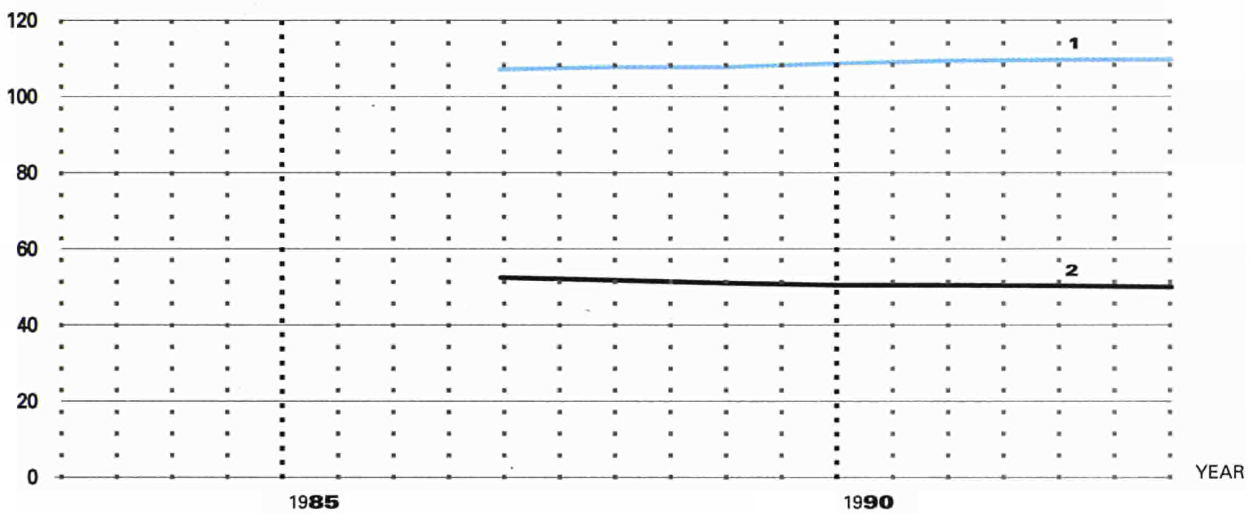
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	:	48.9	48.1	47.3	46.4	45.0	45.1	44.8	EUR12
B	55.7	55.0	54.9	54.2	54.5	54.7	54.4	53.9	51.8	50.7	49.7	B
DK	28.1	26.7	25.4	23.9	23.5	23.4	23.6	22.4	22.0	21.8	22.6	DK
D	51.0	49.2	48.3	47.5	47.3	46.2	45.6	42.4	38.8	38.9	39.3	D
GR	60.8	60.1	59.0	59.0	58.9	57.4	57.0	57.4	59.8	58.3	57.0	GR
E	:	:	:	66.3	62.9	60.8	60.3	59.4	59.3	58.2	57.4	E
F	43.6	43.3	43.3	42.2	42.4	42.3	42.1	42.0	41.8	41.1	40.4	F
IRL	60.2	60.8	60.9	60.4	59.0	59.6	59.2	58.1	57.3	56.6	54.6	IRL
I	60.4	60.4	60.3	58.9	58.3	57.2	56.6	56.8	55.8	57.4	57.8	I
L	59.4	59.4	58.5	57.6	56.5	58.3	57.6	57.6	55.4	52.5	53.9	L
NL	60.0	:	58.9	:	50.7	50.3	49.6	47.6	46.4	44.7	44.0	NL
P	:	:	:	46.3	45.0	44.0	43.3	42.9	40.1	41.4	41.3	P
UK	43.0	41.2	39.0	38.2	37.0	36.2	34.4	33.9	34.0	34.3	34.1	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

People not in the labour market are usually referred to as 'inactive'. These are people not employed or unemployed. Apart from retired and disabled people they also include young

people still in education and people working without earning an income whether they do housework or for charity.

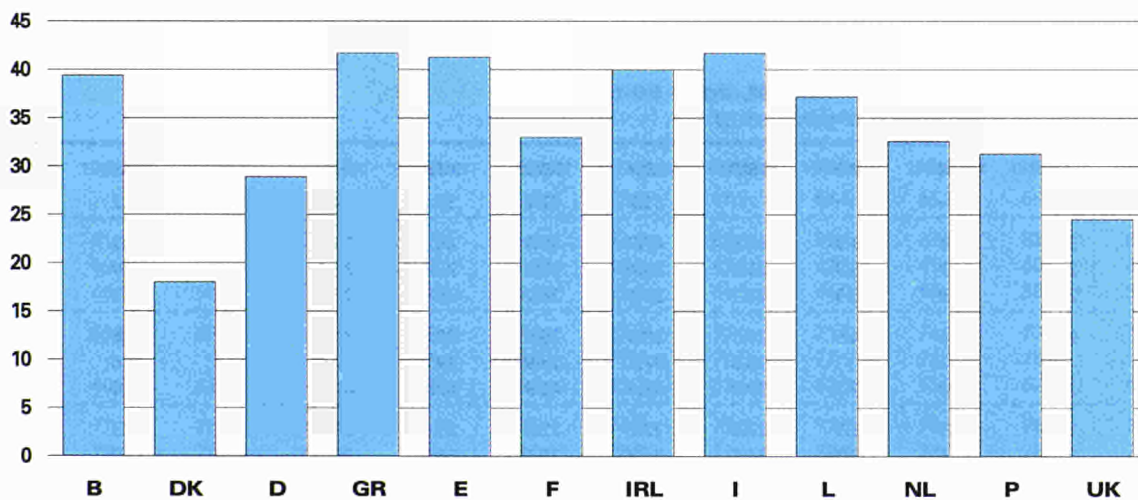
Women not in the labour market, aged 15 to 64, EUR12, millions



1: all women aged 15 to 64; 2: women aged 15 to 64 not in the labour market.

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

People not in the labour market, aged 15 to 64, as % of their age group. 1992



FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Men not in the labour market, aged 15 to 24,
as % of their age and sex group*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	40.0	40.6	41.6	42.1	43.6	45.7	47.3	EUR12
B	54.0	56.3	56.8	56.1	57.2	61.5	61.8	63.0	62.4	63.3	63.9	B
DK	31.7	23.2	21.2	21.4	23.7	21.4	20.7	23.5	24.6	27.0	29.0	DK
D	46.3	40.0	39.3	38.2	38.0	36.8	38.7	37.5	37.7	39.9	41.6	D
GR	49.6	50.3	51.8	54.8	55.6	55.4	54.8	55.9	56.6	57.0	56.9	GR
E	:	:	:	45.5	45.5	45.8	48.2	48.4	49.3	50.6	52.5	E
F	42.1	44.2	44.7	45.0	47.0	50.6	52.0	52.3	57.7	57.8	59.8	F
IRL	34.6	36.6	37.7	39.5	41.8	43.5	45.4	46.1	46.8	50.4	50.5	IRL
I	46.3	45.8	46.8	47.2	47.2	46.7	47.6	49.3	49.4	53.6	53.8	I
L	37.0	38.7	40.9	40.3	41.5	46.5	45.5	53.9	43.8	47.8	50.0	L
NL	51.0	:	53.7	:	38.6	42.2	42.2	40.0	39.4	39.3	38.8	NL
P	:	:	:	30.3	31.4	32.8	34.2	36.2	37.8	43.8	48.0	P
UK	30.1	27.9	24.7	24.8	24.2	23.4	22.6	23.3	25.3	27.3	29.6	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Men not in the labour market, aged 25 to 49,
as % of their age and sex group*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	5.7	6.0	EUR12
B	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.4	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.4	5.5	6.0	6.4	B
DK	5.3	6.3	5.9	5.7	6.0	4.6	4.9	5.1	5.6	5.7	6.3	DK
D	4.7	5.3	5.1	5.7	6.0	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.5	5.9	6.4	D
GR	3.6	3.6	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.8	5.1	4.4	GR
E	:	:	:	4.6	5.2	4.9	5.2	5.0	4.9	6.4	6.3	E
F	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.1	F
IRL	4.1	4.3	4.9	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.6	7.8	8.0	IRL
I	3.3	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.6	5.2	7.2	7.4	I
L	2.6	3.0	3.6	2.7	2.9	2.6	3.9	4.3	3.4	3.9	3.8	L
NL	5.3	:	6.0	:	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.0	6.1	6.4	NL
P	:	:	:	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.7	P
UK	4.3	4.5	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.4	5.2	5.9	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Men not in the labour market, aged 50 to 64,
as % of their age and sex group*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	31.7	32.2	32.6	32.5	32.5	34.2	35.1	EUR12
B	35.1	38.1	41.0	44.8	47.9	49.1	48.3	50.7	50.1	50.2	51.8	B
DK	24.9	25.7	25.9	25.3	25.4	23.2	23.3	22.7	23.9	23.9	24.4	DK
D	24.9	28.0	28.3	28.3	28.1	28.2	28.0	27.2	28.2	30.5	31.8	D
GR	22.0	23.5	24.5	26.3	28.4	29.0	30.0	31.1	32.1	31.6	32.5	GR
E	:	:	:	25.6	27.2	28.9	29.2	29.4	30.1	31.6	31.9	E
F	35.1	38.3	39.3	39.8	41.6	41.9	42.5	44.0	44.7	45.0	45.3	F
IRL	19.3	19.5	21.1	22.6	22.2	22.8	25.3	25.7	25.2	27.3	27.5	IRL
I	31.3	32.6	33.1	34.1	34.3	35.1	36.8	36.1	35.0	38.0	39.2	I
L	41.2	39.6	40.9	40.6	40.3	42.7	44.5	43.1	47.4	46.8	44.7	L
NL	34.9	:	38.6	:	38.6	39.7	39.9	39.8	41.2	42.0	42.1	NL
P	:	:	:	27.7	28.1	28.6	27.6	26.9	25.0	28.4	29.3	P
UK	21.4	23.4	23.4	24.2	24.7	24.3	24.3	24.2	24.7	26.0	27.3	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

*Women not in the labour market, aged 15 to 24,
as % of their age and sex group*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	48.3	48.5	48.6	49.3	50.7	52.8	54.4	EUR12
B	58.2	59.2	58.6	58.4	59.8	63.2	66.2	65.9	64.6	64.3	67.3	B
DK	37.8	28.7	27.8	28.3	25.3	26.7	28.7	29.6	29.1	29.0	30.0	DK
D	52.9	45.7	44.1	43.2	43.1	42.0	42.3	41.2	41.4	43.6	46.0	D
GR	63.8	65.4	66.0	66.7	67.2	65.5	64.8	64.8	66.0	66.8	65.5	GR
E	:	:	:	61.2	55.6	54.8	56.7	57.4	59.9	60.9	62.0	E
F	51.0	51.5	52.2	52.1	53.6	56.3	57.3	58.4	62.0	62.7	63.8	F
IRL	44.8	45.4	47.0	48.0	49.6	52.3	53.0	54.3	55.4	57.7	56.2	IRL
I	56.8	57.2	57.8	56.2	56.9	55.5	55.0	57.0	58.4	62.2	63.6	I
L	42.3	44.6	41.9	43.6	45.9	48.6	49.5	56.2	50.0	49.6	54.5	L
NL	51.5	:	52.5	:	41.4	43.9	42.8	40.8	39.9	38.9	40.3	NL
P	:	:	:	47.0	45.7	46.1	46.7	47.0	49.0	54.0	57.0	P
UK	41.4	39.9	36.3	35.9	34.5	34.6	32.3	33.3	34.6	37.4	39.0	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993, Eurostat.

*Women not in the labour market, aged 25 to 49,
as % of their age and sex group*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	38.9	37.4	36.3	34.9	32.5	32.0	31.4	EUR12
B	41.2	38.8	37.7	36.7	36.2	35.8	34.5	34.3	31.9	31.0	29.0	B
DK	13.6	14.8	13.6	12.5	12.3	12.2	12.1	11.1	11.2	11.4	12.3	DK
D	41.8	40.5	39.1	38.7	38.5	37.3	36.6	32.6	26.8	26.3	26.7	D
GR	54.9	52.8	50.7	50.2	49.4	47.4	45.7	45.7	48.1	45.5	44.1	GR
E	:	:	:	61.7	57.4	53.9	52.1	50.2	48.6	46.9	45.0	E
F	31.6	30.2	29.5	27.9	28.1	27.2	26.8	26.0	24.9	23.8	22.7	F
IRL	61.9	62.6	61.9	59.9	56.7	56.1	54.9	52.7	50.8	48.6	46.3	IRL
I	51.7	51.2	50.9	48.9	47.3	45.8	44.2	44.3	42.9	43.9	44.4	I
L	55.3	54.5	54.1	51.2	49.1	49.9	48.4	47.6	45.0	41.5	42.6	L
NL	54.6	:	52.3	:	43.9	42.3	41.8	39.4	37.7	35.6	34.2	NL
P	:	:	:	35.3	33.7	31.6	30.1	29.4	25.8	26.7	24.9	P
UK	36.9	34.4	32.0	31.1	30.1	28.5	27.3	26.2	26.3	26.1	25.6	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993, Eurostat.

*Women not in the labour market, aged 50 to 64,
as % of their age and sex group*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	68.3	67.9	67.5	66.6	65.2	65.1	64.5	EUR12
B	81.2	81.0	82.8	82.7	84.6	84.1	83.6	83.4	82.7	81.5	80.8	B
DK	49.6	50.2	48.5	45.5	47.8	46.5	45.8	42.5	41.3	40.0	40.3	DK
D	66.6	67.3	67.6	66.6	66.2	65.1	64.3	61.0	58.6	58.5	58.1	D
GR	69.9	69.5	68.5	68.9	69.3	68.4	70.0	71.2	74.3	73.0	73.1	GR
E	:	:	:	78.5	78.3	77.6	77.6	77.5	77.5	76.4	76.2	E
F	60.8	61.8	62.7	62.4	61.8	61.7	61.5	62.3	61.7	62.1	61.5	F
IRL	77.3	78.0	77.9	79.2	77.8	78.6	79.0	77.3	76.8	76.6	74.9	IRL
I	79.3	79.2	79.0	79.0	79.0	78.8	79.4	78.8	77.2	78.5	78.1	I
L	82.8	82.3	81.3	82.0	80.3	83.4	83.2	82.4	81.6	79.1	79.4	L
NL	81.7	:	81.4	:	77.1	76.9	76.4	75.3	75.5	74.1	73.2	NL
P	:	:	:	65.4	63.4	62.8	63.0	62.5	58.6	59.2	59.4	P
UK	55.8	55.0	55.3	54.7	53.8	53.8	51.6	51.2	50.8	50.5	49.8	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993, Eurostat.

Monthly net earnings of couple: manual workers with two average salaries and no children. Manufacturing industries, ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	1 352	1 400	1 445	1 508	1 553	1 590	1 770	1 885	1 993	2 146	:	B
DK	1 561	1 615	1 695	1 772	1 917	1 965	1 992	2 103	2 155	2 240	:	DK
D	1 486	1 542	1 592	1 720	1 801	1 874	1 935	2 156	2 213	2 345	:	D
GR	893	936	786	760	729	840	991	1 029	1 084	1 079	:	GR
E	826	1 020	1 056	1 140	1 239	1 353	1 441	1 615	1 751	1 730	:	E
F	1 217	1 284	1 402	1 419	1 431	1 457	1 520	1 617	1 663	1 784	:	F
IRL	1 097	1 201	1 302	1 328	1 340	1 444	1 533	1 472	1 537	1 822	:	IRL
I	1 191	1 314	1 329	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	1 455	1 509	1 588	1 704	1 830	1 929	2 050	2 089	2 200	:	:	L
NL	1 330	1 363	1 412	1 531	1 560	1 602	1 691	1 852	1 917	2 087	:	NL
P	328	339	362	407	411	438	442	496	576	635	:	P
UK	1 276	1 338	1 468	1 273	1 465	1 700	1 768	1 900	1 992	1 943	2 052	UK
A	:	:	:	:	1 723	1 752	1 894	2 001	2 105	2 239	2 435	A

FURTHER READING Net earnings of employees in manufacturing industry in the European Union. Eurostat 1994.

A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Monthly net earnings of couple: one manual worker's salary and two children. Manufacturing industries, ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	1 028	1 077	1 115	1 168	1 196	1 186	1 354	1 434	1 514	1 630	:	B
DK	966	1 006	1 058	1 110	1 268	1 328	1 348	1 420	1 446	1 496	:	DK
D	1 046	1 089	1 133	1 248	1 313	1 347	1 397	1 536	1 592	1 709	:	D
GR	570	622	496	462	443	510	592	616	650	634	:	GR
E	483	554	581	618	668	726	793	881	934	935	:	E
F	807	847	909	917	924	936	977	1 053	1 085	1 170	:	F
IRL	777	854	928	941	953	1 000	1 061	1 095	1 202	1 237	:	IRL
I	719	811	806	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	1 144	1 178	1 244	1 368	1 420	1 519	1 614	1 639	1 648	:	:	L
NL	884	915	968	1 045	1 056	1 083	1 139	1 222	1 268	1 379	:	NL
P	186	196	206	235	237	256	297	332	395	444	:	P
UK	875	924	1 014	875	1 003	1 153	1 183	1 264	1 326	1 374	1 448	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A

FURTHER READING Net earnings of employees in manufacturing industry in the European Union. Eurostat 1994.

Net earnings are calculated from gross earnings after deduction of social security contributions and taxes payable by employees and, where appropriate, after addition of family

allowances. The calculations relate to average earnings of manual workers in manufacturing industry establishments with 10 or more employees in October each year.

Social security as % of gross earnings of a single male manual worker's average salary in manufacturing industry

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	12.9	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	14.1	:	B
DK	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	:	DK
D	17.0	17.3	17.6	17.7	17.8	18.0	17.9	17.8	18.3	18.3	:	D
GR	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	16.0	:	GR
E	13.6	6.1	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	:	E
F	14.4	15.6	15.3	16.1	16.8	17.0	18.0	18.0	17.9	18.5	:	F
IRL	8.5	8.5	8.5	7.5	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	8.7	:	IRL
I	8.7	8.7	8.7	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	:	:	L
NL	29.8	28.7	28.0	27.1	27.3	27.2	25.1	23.6	23.2	23.4	:	NL
P	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.4	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	:	P
UK	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.7	:	UK
A	15.4	16.1	16.7	16.6	16.6	17.0	17.0	16.7	16.6	17.3	17.5	A

FURTHER READING Net earnings of employees in manufacturing industry in the European Union. Eurostat 1994.

A: high earnings are not fully included.

Income tax as % of gross earnings of a single male manual worker's average salary in manufacturing industry

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	24.7	25.3	26.2	25.3	25.2	25.1	24.9	25.1	25.4	25.2	:	B
DK	42.8	43.8	44.3	44.9	44.2	44.6	44.3	44.2	44.4	44.6	:	DK
D	22.2	22.9	23.8	23.6	24.2	23.1	23.7	20.3	21.6	22.3	:	D
GR	6.0	8.1	9.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	:	GR
E	11.7	13.1	10.5	12.2	12.7	10.2	10.3	9.1	11.2	11.7	:	E
F	7.0	7.2	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.6	:	F
IRL	27.6	29.4	30.3	30.8	31.8	30.5	29.3	28.9	28.8	30.2	:	IRL
I	14.5	15.4	16.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	15.6	:	I
L	19.6	18.2	17.9	18.1	15.6	16.0	15.5	14.8	6.1	:	:	L
NL	14.3	14.0	14.3	14.5	14.7	14.4	14.8	12.0	12.8	13.6	:	NL
P	7.4	7.4	5.4	5.7	5.0	5.5	8.0	7.8	7.0	8.0	:	P
UK	22.9	22.7	22.5	21.8	20.6	19.1	19.2	19.1	18.9	18.5	:	UK
A	9.4	9.7	10.2	10.8	9.5	9.8	7.0	7.6	8.3	8.6	8.9	A

FURTHER READING Net earnings of employees in manufacturing industry in the European Union. Eurostat 1994.

A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Weekly working hours in agriculture: full-time employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	44.0	43.7	43.5	43.4	43.4	43.3	43.4	EUR12
B	42.4	42.5	41.1	41.2	41.3	40.4	41.2	42.9	40.8	40.2	41.4	B
DK	46.8	46.7	44.2	45.0	43.7	44.3	44.2	43.6	41.9	42.2	42.7	DK
D	45.8	46.1	45.6	44.9	44.4	43.9	44.0	44.0	43.3	43.2	42.5	D
GR	48.5	47.8	48.7	47.5	46.7	46.6	45.5	46.2	46.4	46.4	46.5	GR
E	:	:	:	0.0	45.1	44.0	44.0	43.9	43.6	44.3	45.0	E
F	42.1	42.1	41.8	41.3	42.4	42.5	41.5	41.1	41.6	40.9	41.9	F
IRL	47.4	46.7	48.5	50.2	49.2	49.1	50.1	50.0	50.1	51.1	49.9	IRL
I	40.4	40.9	40.2	40.3	40.4	40.3	40.4	40.4	40.7	40.6	40.5	I
L	48.1 #	45.0 #	45.0 #	48.7 #	45.1 #	49.2 #	:	:	45.8 #	47.9 #	45.6 #	L
NL	42.9	:	43.9	:	42.1	41.9	40.4	41.3	40.4	41.0	40.8	NL
P	:	:	:	48.3	48.5	48.2	47.9	46.8	46.9	48.2	47.2	P
UK	49.3	48.1	48.5	49.5	49.0	49.0	49.0	49.9	50.1	49.5	49.1	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Weekly working hours in industry: full-time employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	40.8	40.9	40.8	40.7	40.5	40.5	40.6	EUR12
B	39.1	38.9	38.9	39.0	38.9	38.8	38.9	38.7	38.8	38.8	38.8	B
DK	40.3	40.4	40.5	40.5	39.5	39.3	38.8	38.7	37.9	38.3	38.3	DK
D	40.5	40.4	40.2	40.1	40.0	39.6	39.5	39.2	39.1	38.6	38.6	D
GR	41.8	41.2	40.8	40.7	40.8	41.0	40.8	40.9	40.9	41.3	41.4	GR
E	:	:	:	:	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5	E
F	39.8	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.9	40.0	40.1	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.1	F
IRL	40.8	40.7	40.7	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.8	40.8	40.7	40.8	40.7	IRL
I	40.5	40.4	39.7	40.3	40.3	40.4	40.4	40.4	40.5	40.3	40.4	I
L	40.2	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.2	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.4	L
NL	40.6	:	40.6	:	38.9	38.9	38.7	38.6	38.5	39.1	39.2	NL
P	:	:	:	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.5	43.2	43.0	43.0	P
UK	42.6	42.8	43.0	43.3	43.5	44.2	44.2	44.3	43.7	43.8	43.8	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Weekly working hours in services: full-time employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	40.4	40.4	40.3	40.1	40.0	40.1	40.0	EUR12
B	38.3	37.6	37.6	37.8	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.4	37.8	37.6	B
DK	40.4	40.0	40.5	40.5	39.8	39.8	39.2	39.1	38.5	38.9	38.9	DK
D	41.1	41.0	41.6	41.3	41.3	41.2	40.9	40.4	40.3	40.2	39.9	D
GR	40.1	40.0	40.2	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.4	39.6	39.8	40.0	40.1	GR
E	:	:	:	:	41.1	40.8	40.6	40.5	40.3	40.3	40.2	E
F	39.6	39.4	39.4	39.3	39.7	39.8	39.7	39.4	39.5	39.5	39.6	F
IRL	39.5	39.6	39.8	40.0	40.0	39.9	39.9	39.7	39.9	39.7	39.3	IRL
I	38.0	37.7	37.6	37.5	37.4	37.3	37.3	37.2	37.3	37.1	37.1	I
L	39.8	39.7	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.6	39.6	39.5	39.4	39.5	L
NL	41.2	:	42.2	:	39.6	39.3	39.3	39.1	39.1	39.5	39.5	NL
P	:	:	:	40.5	40.4	40.4	40.1	40.1	39.8	40.0	39.8	P
UK	41.9	42.2	42.7	42.9	42.8	43.2	43.1	43.1	43.1	43.1	43.1	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Working hours - measured as average hours, usually per week - have declined over the last decade. This is a result of several factors. Firstly, an expansion of services where average hours tend to be fewer than in industry and especially in agriculture. Secondly, a relative

growth in the employment of women who - country by country - tend to work fewer hours than men. These tendencies tend to obscure the reduction in average working hours - within the sectors of activity - from a reduction in full-time working hours and an increase in part-time jobs.

Weekly working hours: full-time employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	40.6	40.7	40.6	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.3	EUR12
B	38.6	38.1	38.1	38.3	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.0	38.0	38.2	38.0	B
DK	40.5	40.3	40.6	40.6	39.8	39.8	39.1	39.0	38.4	38.8	38.8	DK
D	40.9	40.8	41.0	40.8	40.7	40.5	40.3	39.9	39.8	39.7	39.5	D
GR	41.0	40.6	40.7	40.3	40.3	40.4	40.0	40.2	40.3	40.5	40.6	GR
E	:	:	:	0.0	41.1	40.9	40.7	40.7	40.5	40.6	40.6	E
F	39.7	39.6	39.5	39.5	39.8	39.9	39.9	39.6	39.7	39.7	39.8	F
IRL	40.2	40.2	40.4	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.4	40.4	40.4	40.1	IRL
I	39.2	39.0	38.8	38.7	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.5	38.5	I
L	40.0	39.9	39.8	39.8	39.8	39.8	39.9	39.9	39.8	39.7	39.8	L
NL	41.0	:	41.7	:	39.4	39.2	39.1	39.0	38.9	39.4	39.4	NL
P	:	:	:	42.3	42.3	42.3	42.0	41.9	41.5	41.3	41.2	P
UK	42.3	42.6	42.9	43.2	43.2	43.7	43.6	43.7	43.4	43.4	43.4	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Statutory weekly working hours and annual number of holidays and other days off

	Statutory working hours		Statutory days off		Statutory number of holidays		Average number of holidays		
	1980	1992	1983	1992	1980	1992	1980	1992	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	40	40	10	10	24	24	25.00	28.70	B
DK	-	-	7	8	30	30	:	25.00	DK
D	48	48	11-14	11-14	18	18	29.60	30.80	D
GR	-	48	9	9	22	22	:	25.00	GR
E	44	40	14	14	30	30	23.25	23.50	E
F	40	39	10	10	28	35	20.00	25.00	F
IRL	48	48	7	8	15	15	19.00	20.00	IRL
I	48	48	15	15	-	-	20.50	22.72	I
L	40	40	10	10	25	25	:	28.00	L
NL	48	48	6	6	21	28	29.00	33.80	NL
P	48	48	10	12	22	22	:	23.75	P
UK	-	-	8	8	-	-	21.25	25.00	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

- : no legal provisions. Number of days are working days except for the statutory number of holidays of DK, E, F, NL, which are calendar days.

Social protection benefit per person in ECU at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	97	98	100	104	107	110	111	114	120	125	:	EUR12
B	102	100	100	104	105	105	106	110	114	117	:	B
DK	101	99	100	100	103	109	113	114	120	123	:	DK
D	97	99	100	105	109	113	112	115	119	121	:	D
GR	87	95	100	98	98	101	108	108	107	102	:	GR
E	94	96	100	103	108	115	121	130	141	148	:	E
F	96	98	100	104	104	108	110	112	115	118	:	F
IRL	98	97	100	103	104	104	106	107	113	119	:	IRL
I	96	96	100	105	112	118	122	127	137	143	:	I
L	98	99	100	105	113	120	127	132	143	148	:	L
NL	104	101	100	101	105	106	108	116	117	118	:	NL
P	99	95	100	114	121	137	140	151	182	198	:	P
UK	94	96	100	103	105	104	104	106	112	123	:	UK

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-92, Eurostat.
Statistics in focus: population and social conditions, Eurostat.

Social protection benefit per person in PPS. EUR12 = 100

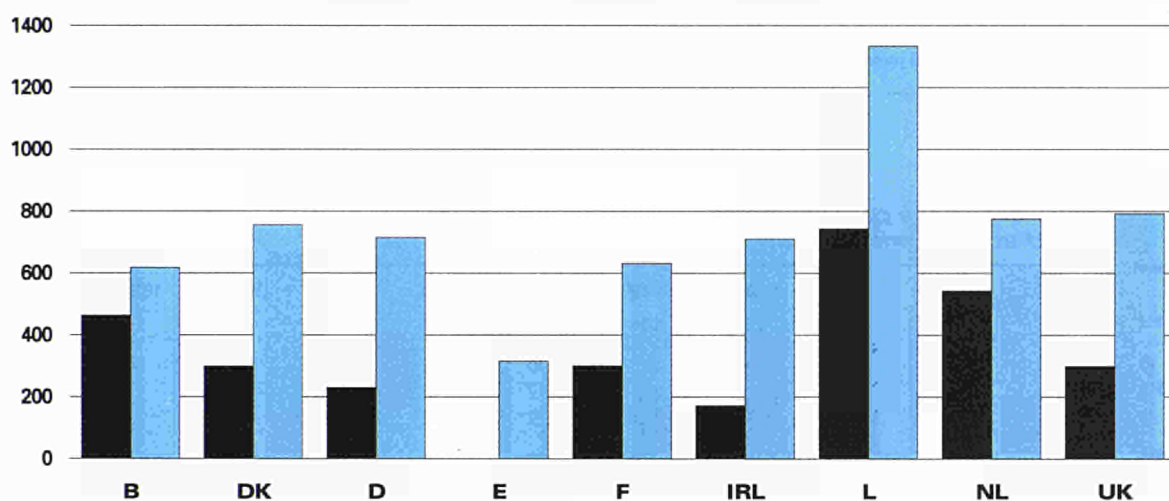
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	:	EUR12
B	121	118	114	115	112	109	108	108	107	107	:	B
DK	126	123	121	118	118	121	123	120	122	118	:	DK
D	133	134	133	134	135	136	132	130	128	126	:	D
GR	36	39	37	39	38	38	39	38	36	33	:	GR
E	52	52	54	53	54	55	58	59	62	62	:	E
F	125	126	125	125	121	122	122	120	118	116	:	F
IRL	59	59	60	59	58	56	54	55	56	57	:	IRL
I	91	89	91	91	94	96	98	98	100	100	:	I
L	132	133	130	131	135	137	142	142	147	146	:	L
NL	139	135	131	127	128	127	127	131	127	124	:	NL
P	28	26	27	29	30	33	34	35	39	40	:	P
UK	92	93	95	94	93	89	89	90	90	97	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	118	118	115	117	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	103	109	112	117	118	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	85	83	79	77	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	112	:	124	121	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	162	162	160	153	152	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	101	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Social protection expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992, Eurostat.
Statistics in Focus: population and social conditions, Eurostat.

Social protection benefits for the EU countries are harmonised according to the European system of integrated social protection statistics, Esspros. The Nordic countries' methodology (Nososco) comes very close to Esspros so they compare well. Social benefits are

transfers - in kind or cash - by social protection schemes to households and individuals to relieve them of the burden of a number of distinct risks or needs. These risks or needs are associated with old age, sickness, child bearing and family, disability, unemployment, etc.

Minimum guaranteed income benefits per month; statutory amount for a single person without children and a couple with two children, in PPS per month. 1993



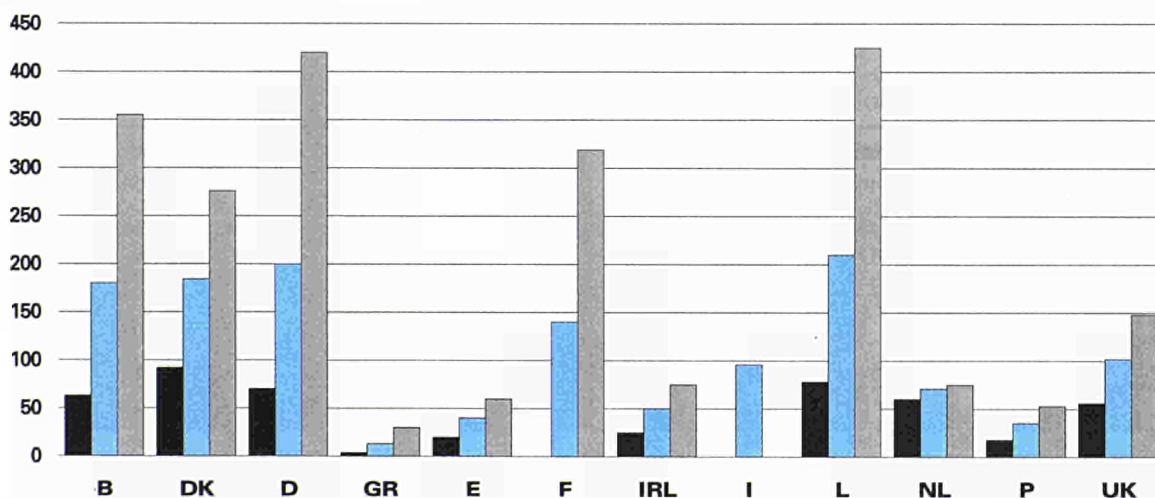
Black: single person; blue: couple with two children.

FURTHER READING

Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol 8: General needs, 1994. Eurostat.

DK: basic amounts not including housing allowance and supplements for special needs; F, UK: amounts including family allowances, but excluding housing allowance; I: amounts vary from region to region and according to the number of family members.

Family allowances; statutory amount for one, two or three children, in ECU per month. 1993



Black: one child; blue: two children; grey: three children.

FURTHER READING

Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 4: Family., 1993. Eurostat.

The amounts vary according to family income (D, GR, E, I), or to the age of the children (B, DK, F, L, NL).

*Family allowance per child up to 18 years,
in ECU at 1985 prices*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	814	838	862	903	921	938	989	1 061	:	EUR12
B	1 202	1 131	1 180	1 208	1 217	1 186	1 188	1 231	1 197	1 170	:	B
DK	1 496	1 530	1 584	1 639	1 950	2 171	2 174	2 226	2 327	2 431	:	DK
D	1 254	1 241	1 266	1 413	1 564	1 630	1 656	1 690	1 926	1 933	:	D
GR	75	67	77	72	61	56	50	43	40	38	:	GR
E	69	63	57	50	47	46	47	45	46	62	:	E
F	1 250	1 247	1 243	1 273	1 258	1 297	1 324	1 318	1 309	1 356	:	F
IRL	:	:	674	728	752	744	755	787	838	913	:	IRL
I	454	456	438	415	424	469	560	574	522	519	:	I
L	1 097	1 136	1 129	1 291	1 367	1 464	1 747	1 893	2 026	2 082	:	L
NL	1 049	1 044	1 032	1 002	859	885	968	1 006	1 037	945	:	NL
P	98	92	89	110	114	121	132	138	146	155	:	P
UK	985	1 017	1 072	1 083	1 107	1 181	1 128	1 139	1 233	1 339	:	UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 4: Family, 1993. Eurostat.

*Family allowance per child up to 18 years,
in ECU at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	103	106	111	113	115	121	130	:	EUR12
B	102	96	100	102	103	100	101	104	101	99	:	B
DK	94	97	100	103	123	137	137	141	147	153	:	DK
D	99	98	100	112	124	129	131	133	152	153	:	D
GR	97	86	100	93	79	72	64	55	52	50	:	GR
E	121	111	100	88	82	81	82	79	81	110	:	E
F	101	100	100	102	101	104	107	106	105	109	:	F
IRL	:	:	100	108	112	111	112	117	124	136	:	IRL
I	104	104	100	95	97	107	128	131	119	118	:	I
L	97	101	100	114	121	130	155	168	179	184	:	L
NL	102	101	100	97	83	86	94	97	100	92	:	NL
P	111	103	100	124	128	136	148	155	164	174	:	P
UK	92	95	100	101	103	110	105	106	115	125	:	UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 4: Family, 1993. Eurostat.

*Family benefit per child up to 18 years,
in PPS. EUR12 = 100*

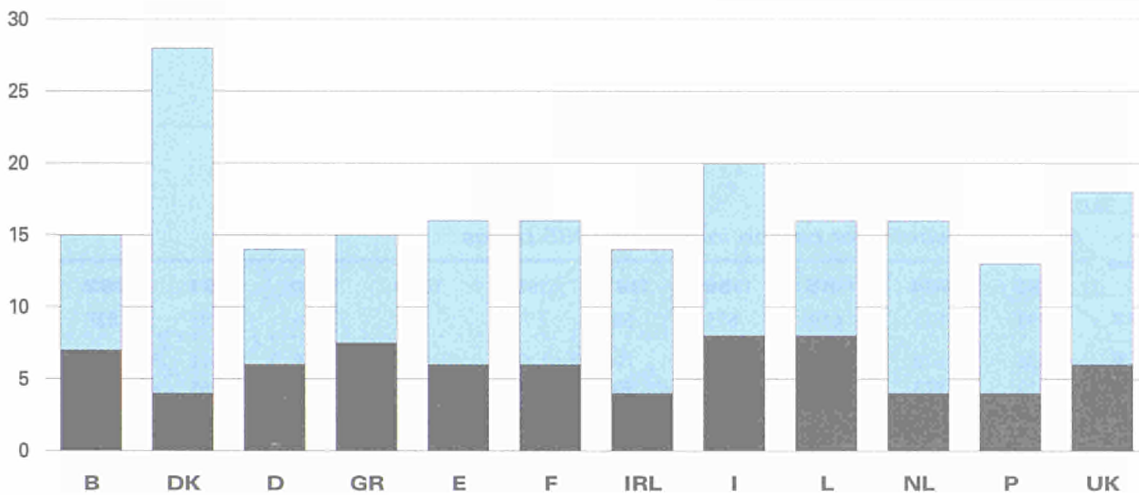
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	:	EUR12
B	152	144	147	147	144	133	129	130	120	114	:	B
DK	147	151	154	156	180	192	187	186	187	184	:	DK
D	149	147	149	161	173	172	169	167	181	174	:	D
GR	12	11	11	12	10	8	7	6	5	5	:	GR
E	11	10	9	8	7	7	6	6	6	8	:	E
F	152	151	149	147	142	139	138	133	126	125	:	F
IRL	77	80	82	85	86	81	80	82	83	88	:	IRL
I	65	65	62	56	56	59	68	68	58	55	:	I
L	156	162	158	174	177	178	206	216	219	216	:	L
NL	128	126	125	118	99	98	104	105	103	91	:	NL
P	21	20	19	23	23	23	24	25	25	25	:	P
UK	123	127	133	130	129	131	123	125	113	134	:	UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 4: Family, 1993. Eurostat.

Maternity and family benefits provide financial support to households bringing up children and caring for relatives other than children. In addition to cash benefits, the figures embrace benefits in kind such as child

accommodation or social services specially designed to assist and protect the family. This is of particular significance in Denmark, Germany and the Netherlands.

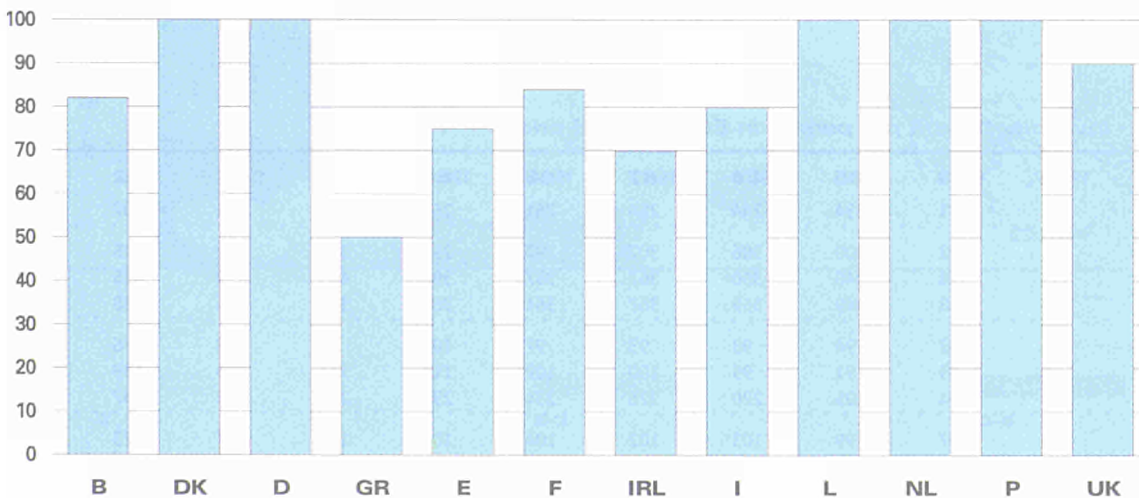
Maternity leave in weeks. 1992



Black: before birth; blue: after birth.

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 6: Maternity, 1994, Eurostat.

Compensation during maternity leave as % of wage or salary. 1992



FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 6: Maternity, 1995, Eurostat.

DK, I, L, NL: the benefits are taxed. D: the benefits are expressed as % of the net wage.

Sickness benefit per person in ECU at 1985 prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	599	611	619	653	685	715	716	736	791	827		EUR12
B	636	620	609	665	700	698	727	766	811	828		B
DK	911	873	897	909	903	950	971	909	955	963		DK
D	935	987	1 015	1 076	1 125	1 184	1 136	1 192	1 256	1 304		D
GR	79	81	83	78	78	83	87	90	85	76		GR
E	258	256	261	271	291	318	342	372	407	421		E
F	792	863	867	911	907	940	987	1 015	1 038	1 073		F
IRL	464	452	466	475	464	453	460	490	521	556		IRL
I	470	457	472	483	549	591	601	582	709	691		I
L	671	697	724	775	853	888	945	980	1 042	1 095		L
NL	748	724	722	732	775	794	808	874	883	908		NL
P	127	122	139	145	134	168	169	177	202	253		P
UK	472	483	475	510	539	560	541	544	593	682		UK

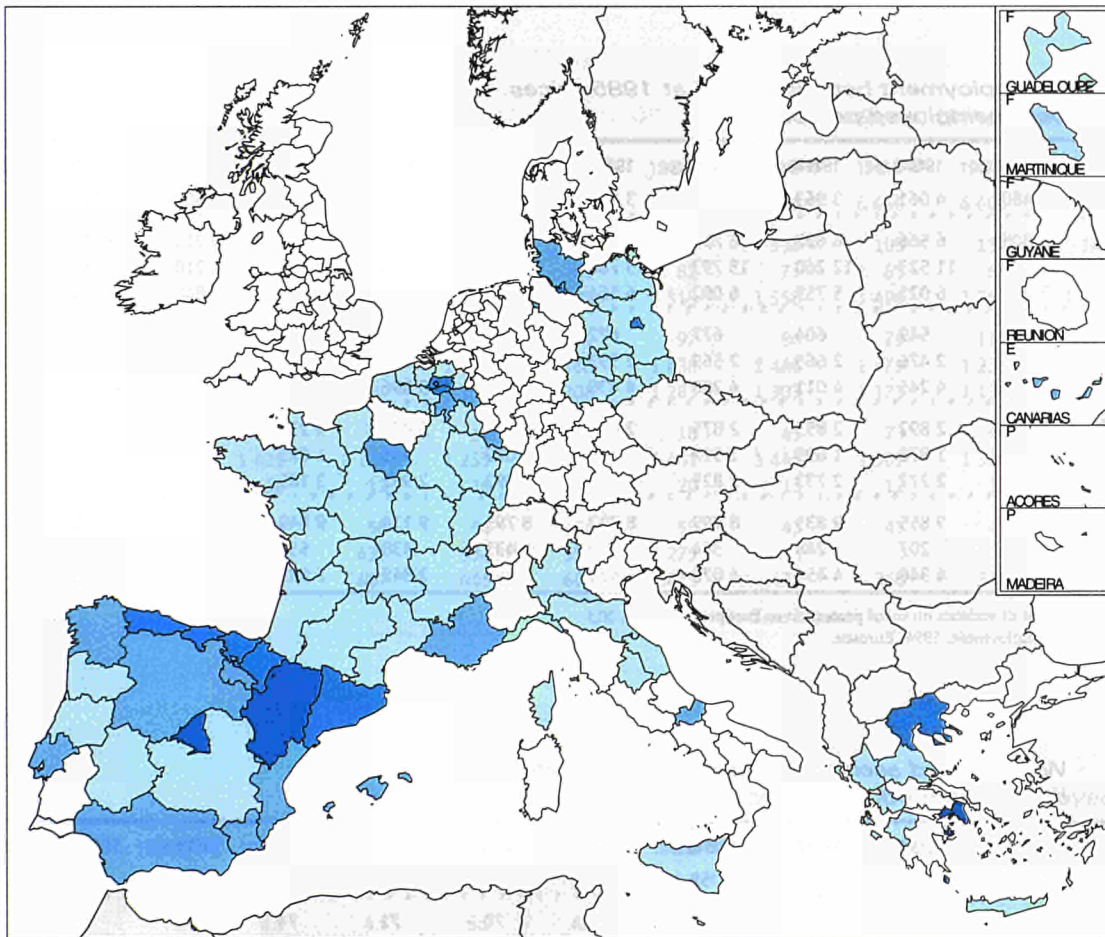
FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 5: Sickness, 1994. Eurostat.

Invalidity benefit per person in ECU at 1985 prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	229	231	234	244	254	261	267	277	291	307		EUR12
B	301	292	300	306	302	297	297	302	307	315		B
DK	333	328	340	350	367	387	396	405	419	425		DK
D	336	348	349	359	367	364	360	378	396	388		D
GR	83	87	94	93	93	97	100	98	88	76		GR
E	85	89	91	95	100	109	117	121	135	139		E
F	203	204	205	220	226	234	233	234	237	237		F
IRL	98	97	99	103	102	104	105	110	117	123		IRL
I	134	135	146	159	169	177	189	196	191	193		I
L	402	410	408	418	430	462	479	492	509	527		L
NL	823	811	794	801	836	842	857	929	943	968		NL
P	58	56	55	62	69	77	79	82	90	95		P
UK	205	216	220	228	246	267	288	301	346	430		UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 5: Sickness, 1994. Eurostat.

Doctors per 1000 inhabitants. 1991



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*Unemployment benefit in ECU at 1985 prices
per unemployed person*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	4 480	4 061	3 963	3 838	3 768	3 885	4 034	4 357	4 606	4 569	:	EUR12
B	6 808	6 566	6 627	6 798	7 210	7 798	8 717	10 309	10 913	10 539	:	B
DK	11 860	11 523	12 260	13 793	13 786	12 878	11 705	11 247	11 210	11 281	:	DK
D	7 038	6 021	5 759	6 092	6 664	6 993	7 144	7 485	7 840	8 404	:	D
GR	536	549	604	677	672	563	804	893	1 089	:	:	GR
E	2 660	2 476	2 665	2 569	2 593	2 794	3 231	3 703	4 324	4 061	:	E
F	4 724	4 245	4 011	4 268	4 438	4 945	5 296	5 649	6 009	6 119	:	F
IRL	3 095	2 892	2 853	2 875	2 887	2 904	3 072	3 224	3 313	3 434	:	IRL
I	1 949	1 878	1 699	1 517	1 239	1 079	945	1 093	1 146	1 161	:	I
L	2 038	2 277	2 733	2 825	3 308	3 097	2 931	3 185	4 667	3 844	:	L
NL	9 798	9 855	9 835	8 999	8 722	8 795	9 114	9 849	10 367	10 580	:	NL
P	165	207	248	344	420	431	438	554	838	1 331	:	P
UK	4 598	4 340	4 454	4 078	3 484	2 998	2 842	2 983	3 310	2 846	:	UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 7: Unemployment, 1994. Eurostat.

*Work-related accidents and diseases benefits
in ECU at 1985 prices per person*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	55	57	56	59	60	61	60	63	62	64	:	EUR12
B	78	77	74	72	71	70	71	71	73	68	:	B
DK	30	30	36	52	43	46	38	37	39	38	:	DK
D	113	115	116	122	125	128	126	131	135	138	:	D
GR	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	GR
E	24	24	23	24	26	28	31	35	36	39	:	E
F	89	87	86	85	83	84	84	85	84	84	:	F
IRL	8	8	8	8	10	9	10	10	10	9	:	IRL
I	46	55	55	55	58	61	58	63	66	69	:	I
L	115	112	117	125	127	132	125	128	134	142	:	L
NL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	NL
P	10	10	10	11	12	13	14	14	22	20	:	P
UK	21	21	21	22	24	25	24	24	11	12	:	UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 2: Disability, 1992. Eurostat.

NL: data are included in data on disability.

Data on work-related accidents and diseases are not comparable between countries as they reflect the specific definition of occupational hazards adopted by each Member State in its legislation and practice. However, comparability will improve with the European Commission

harmonisation of definitions. This will take place for work-related accidents from 1993 and for work-related diseases from 1995. But even harmonised data might not compare fully because not all accidents and diseases are reported.

Fatal accidents. Unharmonised

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	6 950	6 400	6 650	7 250	7 000	6 900	6 650	6 600	:	EUR12
B	:	:	173	160	172	155 *	163 *	134	108	137	144	B
DK	:	:	88	84	67	81	82	71	65	64	:	DK
D	:	:	1 795	1 536	1 524	1 605	1 515	1 558	1 496	1 752	1 851	D
GR	:	:	91	105	102	79	97	86	79	117	120	GR
E	:	:	1 149	1 102	1 182	1 288	1 438	1 446	1 379	1 239	1 077	E
F	:	:	1 161	1 091	1 100	1 208	1 283	1 303	1 173	1 136	:	F
IRL	:	:	18	12	12	13	10	45	73	46	64	IRL
I	:	:	1 425	1 235	1 255	1 395	1 401	1 446	1 509	1 380	:	I
L	:	:	20	12	16	18	20	13	12	13	:	L
NL	:	:	48	50	61	54	59	43	43	45	:	NL
P	:	:	348	431	534	595	279	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	473	407	445	609	475	433	368	339	:	UK

FURTHER READING

UK covers here only Great Britain.

Fatal accidents. Unharmonised, per 100 000 people employed

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	5.7	5.1	5.3	5.7 *	5.4 *	5.2	5.0	5.0	:	EUR12
B	:	:	4.9	4.5	5.0	4.5	4.5	3.7	2.8	2.8	3.8	B
DK	:	:	3.5	3.2	2.5	3.0	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.4	:	DK
D	:	:	6.9	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.7	6.2	D
GR	:	:	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.2	3.6	3.3	GR
E	:	:	10.9	10.2	9.7	10.1	11.8	11.5	10.9	9.9	8.7	E
F	:	:	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.3	5.0	:	F
IRL	:	:	1.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.9	4.0	6.4	4.1	5.7	IRL
I	:	:	6.9	6.0	5.3	6.6	6.7	6.8	7.0	6.6	:	I
L	:	:	13.5	8.1	10.4	11.8	13.1	8.3	7.4	7.9	:	L
NL	:	:	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	:	NL
P	:	:	8.5	10.2	12.3	13.4	6.1	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.0	P
UK	:	:	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.4	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING

UK covers here only Great Britain.

Old-age benefit per person aged 65 or over, in ECU at 1985 prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	6 650	6 830	7 056	7 230	7 347	7 446	7 522	7 727	7 898	8 111		EUR12
B	6 504	6 554	6 612	6 773	6 779	7 115	7 088	7 232	7 539	7 937		B
DK	9 622	9 797	10 059	10 184	10 269	10 499	10 831	10 854	11 109	11 281		DK
D	7 026	7 212	7 412	7 629	7 785	7 943	8 055	8 281	8 434	8 551		D
GR	2 778	3 108	3 263	3 244	3 241	3 384	3 519	3 560	3 556	3 349		GR
E	2 982	3 052	3 125	3 192	3 266	3 344	3 408	3 540	3 608	3 661		E
F	9 171	9 575	10 060	10 116	9 958	10 121	10 075	10 132	10 203	10 339		F
IRL	3 177	3 122	3 093	3 080	3 166	3 279	3 269	3 321	3 432	3 405		IRL
I	7 358	7 484	7 909	8 244	8 475	8 742	8 879	9 244	9 722	10 315		I
L	7 040	7 181	7 224	7 473	8 301	8 882	9 385	9 612	10 560	10 934		L
NL	8 349	8 157	8 352	8 609	9 006	9 123	9 312	10 123	10 103	10 126		NL
P	1 093	998	1 010	1 296	1 352	1 444	1 436	1 658	1 751	1 851		P
UK	6 346	6 649	6 737	6 935	7 161	6 927	6 998	7 085	7 194	7 441		UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 1: Old age, 1992. Eurostat.

Old-age benefit per person aged 65 or over. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	102	104	106	107	110	112	115		EUR12
B	:	:	100	102	103	108	107	109	114	120		B
DK	:	:	100	101	102	104	108	108	110	112		DK
D	:	:	100	103	105	107	109	112	114	115		D
GR	:	:	100	99	99	104	108	109	109	103		GR
E	:	:	100	102	105	107	109	113	115	117		E
F	:	:	100	101	99	101	100	101	101	103		F
IRL	:	:	100	100	102	106	106	107	111	110		IRL
I	:	:	100	104	107	111	112	117	123	130		I
L	:	:	100	103	115	123	130	133	146	151		L
NL	:	:	100	103	108	109	111	121	121	121		NL
P	:	:	100	128	134	143	142	164	173	183		P
UK	:	:	100	103	106	103	104	105	107	110		UK

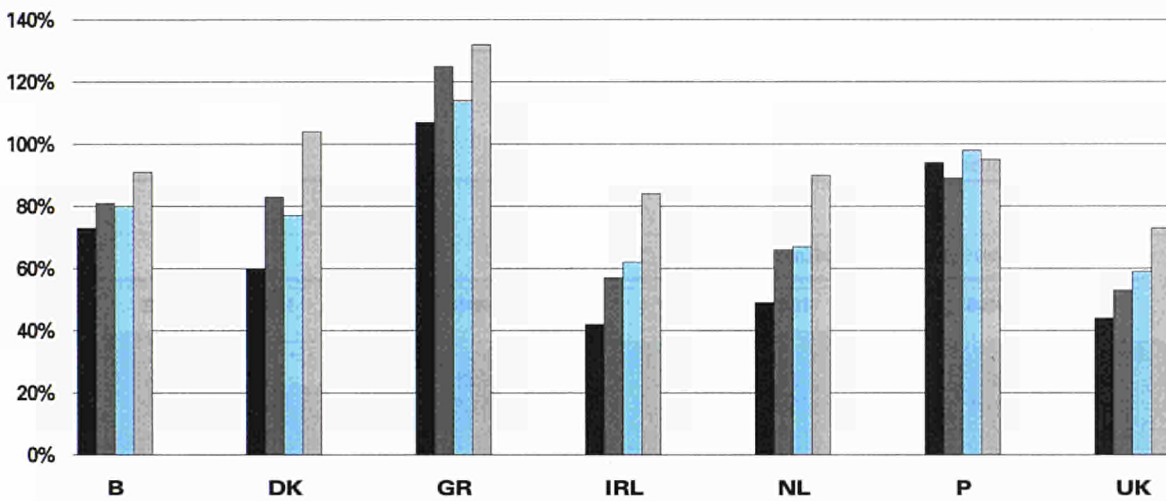
FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 1: Old age, 1992. Eurostat.

Old-age benefit per person aged 65 or over in PPS. EUR12 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		EUR12
B	97	96	92	93	91	94	92	91	93	97		B
DK	111	110	110	109	108	110	112	108	110	107		DK
D	98	98	98	98	98	99	99	98	98	96		D
GR	54	59	55	59	59	60	61	60	59	55		GR
E	56	55	56	55	55	56	56	56	57	56		E
F	131	133	135	132	128	128	126	122	121	119		F
IRL	45	44	42	41	41	42	41	41	42	42		IRL
I	124	122	125	126	127	129	129	130	133	136		I
L	117	117	113	113	122	127	133	131	141	142		L
NL	119	115	114	114	118	119	120	126	124	121		NL
P	28	25	24	30	31	32	32	36	36	37		P
UK	93	95	94	94	95	90	92	93	91	93		UK

FURTHER READING Digest of statistics on social protection in Europe, Vol. 1: Old age, 1992. Eurostat.

Gross income replacement ratios: average earnings, full pension; with or without dependent spouse

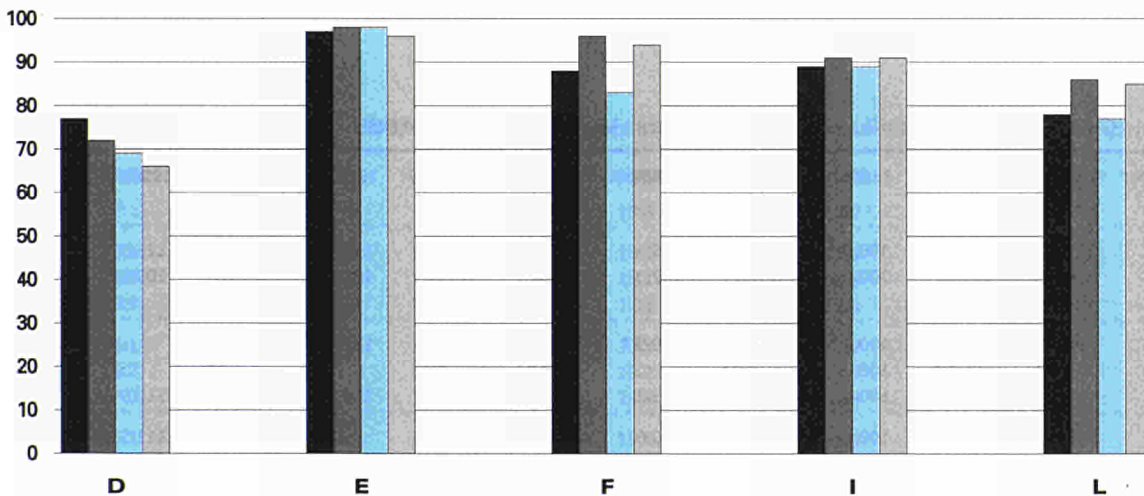


Black: average salary with spouse; blue: average salary without spouse; dark grey: 2/3 of average salary with spouse; light grey: 2/3 of average salary without spouse.

FURTHER READING Old-age replacement ratios, Vol. 1, 1993. Eurostat.

% ratio between the pension at the moment of take-up (on 1.1.1990) and the end of career salary (in 1989), average or 2/3 of average salary.

Net income replacement ratios: average earnings, full pension; with or without dependent spouse



Black: average salary with spouse; blue: average salary without spouse; dark grey: 2/3 of average salary with spouse; light grey: 2/3 of average salary without spouse.

FURTHER READING Old-age replacement ratios, Vol. 1, 1993. Eurostat.

% ratio between the pension at the moment of take-up (on 1.1.1990) and the end of career salary (in 1989), average or 2/3 of average salary.

Consumption of bread and cereals. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	96.7	96.7	100.0	102.2	105.5	110.9	112.5	113.9	110.8	107.0	:	B
DK	99.0	100.0	100.0	97.7	94.6	92.1	86.3	84.9	81.4	77.8	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	102.4 *	98.3 *	100.0 *	105.1 *	103.5 *	108.6 *	111.6 *	109.9 *	112.0 *	:	:	GR
E	99.2 *	101.2 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	98.6	99.4	100.0	101.5	102.2	103.9	105.1	105.1	106.5	106.0	:	F
IRL	104.7	104.4	100.0	99.5	103.7	104.4	111.7	108.1	107.3	110.4	:	IRL
I	98.9	99.3	100.0	101.4	102.8	103.8	104.5	105.0	105.8	106.6	106.8	I
L	99.7	99.7	100.0	100.8	98.9	102.7	102.1	104.0	103.9	:	:	L
NL	96.7	98.1	100.0	102.0	105.4	106.9	106.5	108.9	113.0 *	:	:	NL
P	102.2	105.3	100.0	118.2	122.5	123.6	127.8	:	:	:	:	P
UK	99.3	99.6	100.0	104.0	104.8	108.3	108.7	108.4	106.6	108.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of meat. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	96.6	96.9	100.0	96.6	97.3	95.2	92.1	91.5	95.9	95.4	:	B
DK	94.5	95.8	100.0	106.2	107.0	109.8	111.8	108.1	108.4	114.1	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	103.1 *	103.3 *	100.0 *	100.3 *	105.8 *	109.7 *	111.0 *	108.8 *	104.5 *	:	:	GR
E	97.5 *	99.5 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	97.1	98.7	100.0	101.0	102.6	103.1	103.0	104.3	105.9	105.1	:	F
IRL	117.7	108.2	100.0	102.7	108.9	105.0	108.1	108.2	110.1	111.5	:	IRL
I	99.1	100.0	100.0	99.7	99.7	100.0	100.2	100.3	100.2	100.3	:	I
L	98.9	99.7	100.0	100.0	103.9	100.4	100.8	102.6	100.0	:	:	L
NL	95.6	98.5	100.0	102.8	107.1	106.2	107.1	109.2	113.3 *	:	:	NL
P	106.8	100.3	100.0	133.0	141.3	142.1	153.5	:	:	:	:	P
UK	102.3	98.7	100.0	101.0	103.5	105.2	106.4	101.2	101.0	99.7	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of milk, cheese and eggs. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

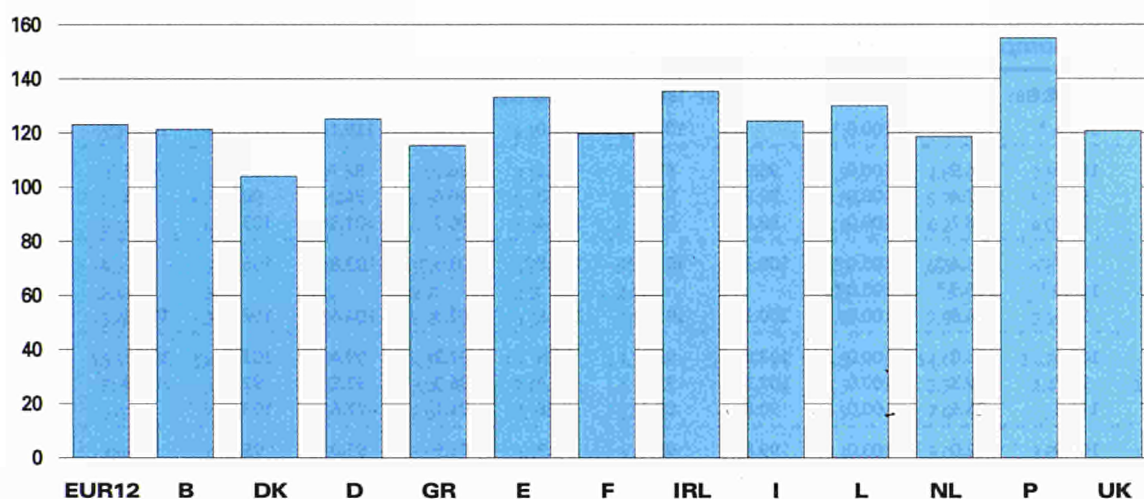
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	102.6	97.8	100.0	105.3	105.5	107.4	112.3	116.1	120.7	125.0	:	B
DK	106.3	105.2	100.0	102.1	102.0	103.9	107.5	105.3	107.4	109.5	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	94.4 *	95.6 *	100.0 *	101.1 *	100.3 *	98.8 *	100.5 *	101.5 *	100.7 *	:	:	GR
E	97.1 *	95.1 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	93.7	97.7	100.0	100.8	103.2	106.2	108.4	110.0	113.2	115.0	:	F
IRL	99.7	102.4	100.0	95.2	100.6	98.5	100.6	99.7	105.8	111.5	:	IRL
I	98.1	99.8	100.0	100.6	102.4	104.1	104.6	104.4	104.8	105.5	105.7	I
L	99.7	99.7	100.0	101.5	102.0	106.4	108.0	104.3	105.8	:	:	L
NL	100.5	100.8	100.0	102.4	105.6	107.8	107.3	110.0	114.1 *	115.0	:	NL
P	96.1	91.2	100.0	84.3	84.6	85.0	88.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	103.1	101.1	100.0	99.5	100.0	99.7	98.4	96.8	97.4	96.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Statistics on household consumption come from Eurostat's national accounts data base. Household consumption is the value of goods and services used for direct fulfilment of household requirements. It covers actual expenditure on

purchases of goods and services, own consumption such as products from kitchen gardens and the imputed rent of owner-occupied dwellings.

Total consumption in 1992. Volume indices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of food in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	15.8	15.0	14.9	14.9 *	14.9 *	14.9 *	:	EUR12
B	18.1	18.2	17.9	17.7	17.0	16.5	16.0	15.6	15.4	14.7	:	B
DK	16.8	16.9	16.0	15.4	15.0	15.2	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.8	:	DK
D	13.9	13.5	13.1	12.9	12.6	12.3	12.4	12.4	11.9	11.4	:	D
GR	35.1	34.5	32.9	32.3	31.9	30.8	31.0	30.2	29.5 *	28.8 *	:	GR
E	24.2	24.6	21.5	21.2	20.2	19.2	18.7	18.5	:	:	:	E
F	17.0	17.2	16.8	16.6	16.2	14.9	14.8	14.8	14.9	15.0	:	F
IRL	25.1	24.5	22.5	20.4	20.5	19.4	19.1	18.5	18.5	18.5	:	IRL
I	22.9	22.1	21.5	20.7	19.8	18.8	18.3	17.8	17.4	17.1	17.0	I
L	15.4	15.3	14.9	14.5	13.6	13.0	12.2	11.9	10.9	:	:	L
NL	15.3	15.5	12.9	12.6	12.4	12.3	12.2	11.9	11.5	11.3	:	NL
P	33.3	33.7	33.5	28.1	27.8	25.9	25.5	:	:	:	:	P
UK	14.6	14.2	13.5	13.0	12.4	11.7	11.4	11.4	11.5	11.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of alcoholic beverages. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98.3 *	99.0 *	100.0 *	:	102.4 *	104.7 *	105.5 *	106.9 *	107.3 *	:	:	EUR12
B	107.3	99.6	100.0	98.0	103.6	98.8	94.3	104.2	96.4	102.1	:	B
DK	100.8	98.7	100.0	102.3	100.1	100.5	96.3	95.7	95.0	99.3	:	DK
D	98.8 *	99.7 *	100.0 *	101.7 *	104.6 *	109.0 *	113.5 *	:	:	:	:	D
GR	81.7 *	87.5 *	100.0 *	99.5 *	108.9 *	114.1 *	115.0 *	118.4 *	117.1 *	:	:	GR
E	100.0 *	104.1 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	100.9	99.7	100.0	102.3	102.7	105.1	106.1	106.7	105.6	105.1	:	F
IRL	90.0	95.1	100.0	96.0	99.8	104.2	111.5	113.0	111.8	114.5	:	IRL
I	102.9	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.0	97.2	95.6	94.3	93.1	91.1	89.2	I
L	103.6	97.9	100.0	103.9	98.9	94.5	99.7	95.8	104.5	:	:	L
NL	103.8	102.5	100.0	100.4	99.4	99.6	98.7	101.1	104.8 *	105.1 *	:	NL
P	107.3	102.1	100.0	121.4	140.0	138.8	142.8	:	:	:	:	P
UK	96.2	98.2	100.0	100.3	102.3	104.6	104.5	104.2	101.3	99.5	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of tobacco. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.6 *	100.4 *	100.0 *	:	107.8 *	112.0	115.4 *	119.1 *	121.5 *	123.1 *	:	EUR12
B	105.6	106.9	100.0	95.9	89.9	91.1	86.2	82.7	83.6	73.7	:	B
DK	99.5	102.4	100.0	99.8	94.3	92.8	90.6	94.2	90.6	91.1	:	DK
D	98.3	98.7	100.0	98.8	99.1	100.4	100.3	101.3	103.0	:	:	D
GR	89.7 *	95.4 *	100.0 *	106.3 *	107.7 *	103.8 *	103.5 *	103.8 *	106.5 *	:	:	GR
E	100.0 *	105.3 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	91.5	94.8	100.0	100.1	101.0	100.5	102.3	104.6	107.5	106.8	:	F
IRL	102.6	103.0	100.0	102.2	99.0	96.8	97.2	99.4	107.2	102.6	:	IRL
I	97.7	99.3	100.0	102.1	95.7	95.4	96.3	92.9	92.9	88.9	92.9	I
L	111.3	98.1	100.0	90.8	89.2	86.8	91.1	97.6	105.4	:	:	L
NL	109.9	102.0	100.0	99.8	98.4	95.3	93.9	95.0	98.6 *	:	:	NL
P	100.3	101.6	100.0	113.4	121.1	130.9	130.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	106.4	102.8	100.0	97.2	96.4	96.6	96.5	95.4	92.7	88.5	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of clothing and footwear. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	96.8 *	97.2 *	100.0 *	103.7 *	106.8 *	108.6 *	110.5 *	113.9 *	117.1 *	117.2 *	:	EUR12
B	102.0	100.6	100.0	97.9	97.9	99.6	102.7	110.5	113.1	112.5	:	B
DK	90.1	93.8	100.0	107.1	103.6	98.5	97.1	99.7	102.5	97.2	:	DK
D	98.5	99.0	100.0	102.0	104.3	104.1	105.8	115.9	121.5	120.6 *	:	D
GR	96.3 *	95.9 *	100.0 *	102.0 *	100.0 *	101.0 *	101.0 *	100.9 *	101.8 *	103.4 *	:	GR
E	100.5 *	97.1 *	100.0 *	102.8 *	105.0 *	109.5 *	115.1 *	118.8 *	125.2 *	126.5 *	:	E
F	102.2	100.0	100.0	102.5	101.2	100.5	101.3	103.1	101.7	100.4	:	F
IRL	85.7	91.7	100.0	109.5	112.1	121.7	130.6	130.6	136.0	138.7	:	IRL
I	95.5	96.4	100.0	102.0	109.2	113.9	116.8	115.5	119.1	120.4	113.4	I
L	98.3	94.6	100.0	99.5	104.4	105.1	108.2	108.8	110.9	111.4 *	:	L
NL	97.2	96.1	100.0	103.1	108.5	108.6	110.8	120.3	137.2 *	139.3 *	:	NL
P	101.9	99.5	100.0	143.5	140.5	140.5	146.7	:	151.8 *	158.3 *	:	P
UK	87.7	92.3	100.0	108.8	114.7	118.0	117.3	118.5	116.6	117.1	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Food, drink and tobacco used to account for the biggest share of the major consumption functions which also include clothing and footwear, dwellings, furniture and household articles, health services, transport and

communication, recreation, entertainment and other goods and services. However, food, drink and tobacco have been overtaken gradually by spending on dwellings. Luxembourg even by expenditure on transport and communication.

Consumption of alcoholic drink and tobacco in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.5	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	:	B
DK	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	:	DK
D	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.0	:	D
GR	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.7	6.3	6.1	6.6	6.6	6.8	:	GR
E	2.4	2.5	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	:	:	:	E
F	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.1	:	F
IRL	16.5	16.6	16.2	14.9	14.7	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.7	:	IRL
I	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.7	I
L	8.6	7.8	7.9	7.6	7.1	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.0	:	:	L
NL	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	:	NL
P	4.4	4.4	4.3	5.7	5.8	5.6	6.6	:	:	:	:	P
UK	10.7	10.7	10.6	10.1	9.7	9.2	8.8	9.0	9.4	9.4	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of clothing and footwear in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	7.7	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.0	7.7	7.6	7.5 *	7.4 *	7.4 *	:	EUR12
B	7.8	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.9	7.9	7.7	:	B
DK	5.8	5.8	5.9	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.3	:	DK
D	7.8	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.0	:	D
GR	8.0	8.3	8.6	9.0	9.1	9.3	9.2	8.9	8.6 *	8.0 *	:	GR
E	7.4	7.1	8.6	8.9	8.9	9.1	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.6	:	E
F	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.0	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	:	F
IRL	6.6	6.9	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.0	6.9	:	IRL
I	10.0	9.9	10.1	10.1	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.0	9.9	9.8	9.4	I
L	6.7	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.1	5.9	5.7 *	:	L
NL	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.7	:	NL
P	9.2	9.5	9.4	10.5	10.0	9.6	9.5	9.5 *	9.5 *	9.5 *	:	P
UK	6.6	6.7	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.7	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

*Consumption of gross rent and water charges.
Volume indices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	94.9 *	97.4 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	95.8	97.8	100.0	102.2	104.4	106.9	109.5	112.0	114.9	117.7	:	B
DK	97.8	98.9	100.0	101.1	102.3	103.5	104.4	105.2	106.0	106.2	:	DK
D	94.5	97.3	100.0	103.3	106.3	109.2	112.3	115.6	119.2	:	:	D
GR	95.0 *	97.8 *	100.0 *	102.5 *	105.4 *	108.6 *	112.1 *	115.2 *	118.3 *	:	:	GR
E	96.8 *	98.4 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	92.4	96.1	100.0	104.1	108.0	112.1	114.9	118.0	122.3	126.3	:	F
IRL	92.0	97.0	100.0	157.6	158.7	158.7	157.1	159.5	162.2	165.1	:	IRL
I	97.1	98.7	100.0	102.7	105.3	107.8	110.3	113.2	115.7	118.4	120.2	I
L	91.4	96.3	100.0	102.4	105.5	107.2	111.5	109.7	117.9	:	:	L
NL	95.2	97.6	100.0	103.3	107.2	111.1	113.5	116.6	121.2 *	122.1	:	NL
P	98.5	98.6	100.0	215.9	223.3	248.9	257.2	:	:	:	:	P
UK	95.5	97.1	100.0	103.8	106.4	110.1	111.6	112.1	112.3	113.0	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of fuel and power. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	92.7 *	95.3 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	93.3	95.8	100.0	97.9	99.7	94.8	94.3	96.7	105.6	105.7	:	B
DK	90.2	91.8	100.0	102.9	103.1	99.1	93.3	92.1	94.5	94.0	:	DK
D	90.7	95.5	100.0	102.0	100.0	94.1	87.7	92.0	97.7	:	:	D
GR	91.5 *	98.5 *	100.0 *	99.5 *	107.1 *	110.2 *	111.4 *	109.4 *	111.2 *	:	:	GR
E	92.1 *	97.1 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	91.4	95.3	100.0	102.5	103.1	97.8	97.5	98.6	108.0	108.2	:	F
IRL	96.3	97.0	100.0	108.3	115.0	117.4	124.2	124.2	137.1	140.4	:	IRL
I	98.3	98.7	100.0	101.4	104.5	104.6	105.8	109.2	117.4	116.6	115.3	I
L	94.4	95.8	100.0	103.2	107.3	110.8	107.1	107.9	116.1	:	:	L
NL	90.7	92.3	100.0	98.6	102.1	94.8	95.2	96.7	99.2	99.2	:	NL
P	93.0	93.7	100.0	116.2	125.3	137.6	150.8	:	:	:	:	P
UK	93.9	93.3	100.0	105.7	106.9	106.5	103.4	103.2	111.0	109.4	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

*Consumption of furniture, furnishings and household
equipment and its operation. Volume indices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98.8 *	98.5 *	100.0 *	104.5 *	109.0 *	114.9 *	119.1 *	122.6 *	126.3 *	127.6 *	:	EUR12
B	102.2	99.8	100.0	105.0	108.7	114.5	119.5	125.1	129.7	130.1	:	B
DK	93.5	95.3	100.0	105.0	100.2	101.8	97.4	95.6	98.4	95.1	:	DK
D	101.1	101.8	100.0	102.3	106.9	112.1	117.9	127.6	134.7	136.8 *	:	D
GR	99.2 *	95.9 *	100.0 *	96.9 *	98.2 *	100.8 *	105.3 *	107.1 *	104.8 *	106.9 *	:	GR
E	99.7 *	99.0 *	100.0 *	104.4 *	109.3 *	114.7 *	121.2 *	126.3 *	132.8 *	133.9 *	:	E
F	102.7	99.9	100.0	102.3	104.3	108.4	110.2	110.9	109.9	110.5	:	F
IRL	88.3	85.7	100.0	116.5	116.2	134.3	137.1	139.6	143.8	145.9	:	IRL
I	94.1	95.8	100.0	105.9	110.2	116.4	122.3	125.4	130.9	133.8	:	I
L	89.2	94.4	100.0	103.1	115.6	122.9	133.1	142.0	150.8	153.1 *	:	L
NL	100.3	98.4	100.0	104.4	112.0	116.8	119.6	126.6	138.7 *	140.9 *	:	NL
P	120.4	100.1	100.0	113.9	125.0	130.9	:	:	151.2 *	161.1 *	:	P
UK	93.4	95.2	100.0	108.9	117.8	127.9	130.1	128.3	126.0	128.2	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

The share of housing - although it varies greatly from one country to another - has increased almost everywhere. Spain and Greece and particularly Ireland have a low share.

However, in Ireland, some household expenditure is covered by the State, and therefore not included in private household consumption.

Consumption of gross rent, fuel and power in current prices as % of total consumption. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	17.9	18.2	18.2	17.8	17.6	17.1	17.0	16.9 *	17.4 *	17.8 *		EUR12
B	18.5	18.9	18.8	17.8	17.2	16.8	16.6	16.6	16.8	17.0		B
DK	26.2	25.5	25.2	25.0	26.3	26.7	27.1	27.9	28.0	28.2		DK
D	19.1	19.6	20.1	19.6	19.1	18.8	18.7	18.4	18.4	18.8		D
GR	11.6	11.4	10.9	10.7	11.2	11.6	11.3	11.5	12.3 *	12.6 *		GR
E	16.3	16.2	14.5	13.6	13.1	12.7	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.5		E
F	17.8	18.4	18.9	18.6	18.6	17.5	17.6	17.9	18.8	20.0		F
IRL	11.7	11.5	11.7	13.7	13.4	12.9	12.5	12.3	12.7	12.3		IRL
I	14.4	15.3	14.7	14.5	14.5	14.4	14.4	14.8	15.6	15.9	16.6	I
L	20.1	20.7	21.0	20.5	20.4	20.7	20.5	19.8	19.8	19.8 *		L
NL	18.9	19.3	19.0	18.7	17.7	17.8	17.7	17.9	18.4	18.5		NL
P	5.3	5.1	5.0	6.6	6.4	6.8	6.9	6.9 *	7.0 *	7.0 *		P
UK	20.5	20.0	20.2	20.0	19.6	19.2	19.0	17.9	18.8	19.4		UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of furniture and household equipment in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	8.1	8.0	7.8	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9 *	7.9 *	7.9 *		EUR12
B	10.4	10.0	9.8	10.4	10.5	10.8	10.7	10.8	10.9	10.7		B
DK	6.8	6.7	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.2		DK
D	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.3		D
GR	8.6	8.4	8.4	8.3	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.2	7.8 *	7.6 *		GR
E	7.2	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5		E
F	8.8	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.2	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.7		F
IRL	6.7	6.3	6.8	7.1	6.7	7.5	7.7	7.0	7.1	7.0		IRL
I	9.0	8.8	8.9	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.5		I
L	8.6	9.0	9.2	9.5	10.2	10.4	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.8 *		L
NL	7.7	7.4	6.5	6.7	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.0		NL
P	8.9	8.9	8.7	8.5	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.5 *	8.6 *	8.6 *		P
UK	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.5		UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of medical care. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	92.6 *	96.5 *	100.0 *	103.9 *	107.4 *	113.4 *	114.9 *	122.3 *	128.5 *	133.7 *	:	EUR12
B	97.0	97.4	100.0	100.9	104.1	109.1	114.0	115.9	118.7	121.5	:	B
DK	96.0	97.8	100.0	93.9	105.9	113.1	117.2	120.3	126.6	131.2	:	DK
D	92.7	97.4	100.0	102.4	104.5	110.6	105.3	111.3	116.6	121.7 *	:	D
GR	95.1 *	95.3 *	100.0 *	100.9 *	102.4 *	101.8 *	103.9 *	103.6 *	99.0 *	100.9 *	:	GR
E	104.3 *	98.2 *	100.0 *	103.1 *	108.1 *	116.4 *	130.4 *	145.5 *	162.0 *	167.3 *	:	E
F	87.4	94.0	100.0	106.6	109.4	116.8	125.9	135.9	143.5	151.0	:	F
IRL	68.4	75.5	100.0	112.5	109.7	109.4	111.2	113.3	117.0	120.1	:	IRL
I	97.0	97.2	100.0	106.7	115.8	120.2	127.4	139.7	145.3	150.8	150.8	I
L	96.8	100.7	100.0	102.7	109.8	115.8	117.4	123.5	129.0	130.3 *	:	L
NL	96.1	98.2	100.0	102.6	105.7	109.1	109.2	113.2	119.8 *	121.7 *	:	NL
P	81.0	96.2	100.0	86.7	93.1	103.9	104.9	:	101.4 *	102.3 *	:	P
UK	89.3	94.5	100.0	107.7	114.1	122.1	127.3	132.6	139.7	141.0	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of personal transport equipment and its operation. Volume indices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	93.6	98.5	100.0	103.6	108.0	116.9	122.6	135.0	136.9	143.0	:	B
DK	68.7	83.8	100.0	107.0	82.1	59.3	54.1	55.0	57.1	57.3	:	DK
D	100.6	98.4	100.0	128.5	137.6	135.6	137.4	156.4	182.2	:	:	D
GR	55.9 *	64.9 *	100.0 *	88.0 *	67.6 *	71.4 *	96.3 *	125.4 *	165.1 *	:	:	GR
E	96.1 *	90.9 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	112.1	100.6	100.0	110.0	119.7	125.8	134.7	136.8	122.7	125.9	:	F
IRL	88.5	93.3	100.0	98.9	91.3	110.6	139.9	156.1	126.0	127.4	:	IRL
I	84.4	89.7	100.0	108.9	121.5	136.1	147.9	149.0	149.9	152.3	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	94.5	92.4	100.0	109.3	111.3	83.9	88.0	90.2	93.0 *	:	:	NL
P	97.5	85.3	100.0	138.0	161.3	287.4	259.8	:	:	:	:	P
UK	100.6	95.0	100.0	109.4	115.8	136.0	147.7	134.4	105.7	104.6	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of purchased transport and communication. Volume indices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	97.4	98.1	100.0	99.0	104.7	108.6	112.2	114.6	117.4	122.3	:	B
DK	92.2	96.4	100.0	106.4	109.9	111.9	112.1	108.8	110.8	111.3	:	DK
D	95.2	97.9	100.0	101.2	104.0	110.1	117.4	123.5	123.4	:	:	D
GR	88.7 *	94.5 *	100.0 *	97.4 *	97.4 *	101.0 *	105.5 *	106.4 *	103.9 *	:	:	GR
E	94.3 *	96.5 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	94.4	96.8	100.0	101.0	105.1	109.8	115.2	119.9	122.4	127.0	:	F
IRL	76.9	88.6	100.0	112.6	119.8	127.1	137.1	56.0	59.5	63.1	:	IRL
I	85.6	90.8	100.0	104.0	107.6	112.8	117.6	121.6	128.2	134.6	141.5	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	93.8	95.4	100.0	104.0	109.1	113.7	116.9	121.1	128.7 *	:	:	NL
P	98.7	101.0	100.0	118.0	123.6	130.7	136.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	91.4	95.9	100.0	108.0	116.8	124.8	128.8	131.7	128.8	132.9	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of medical care has increased slightly in all countries. But the health services' share of total consumption varies greatly from one country to another. Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom have very low shares due

to their public health services. Spain, Greece and Italy have mixed private and public health care systems. In other countries, the basis of health services are private contributions.

Consumption of medical care in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	7.6	7.7	7.7	8.0	8.1	8.1	7.8	8.1 *	8.3 *	8.7 *		EUR12
B	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.7	10.8	11.0	11.1	11.1	11.5	11.8		B
DK	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3		DK
D	13.7	14.0	14.2	14.5	14.7	15.1	14.3	14.2	14.5	15.1		D
GR	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.6 *	3.9 *		GR
E	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.3		E
F	8.0	8.3	8.5	8.8	8.7	8.5	8.7	9.0	9.2	9.8		F
IRL	2.5	2.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.0		IRL
I	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.7	6.7	6.9	7.1	I
L	6.6	6.8	6.7	7.0	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.3 *		L
NL	13.0	12.8	12.7	12.6	12.7	12.9	12.8	12.7	12.9	13.1		NL
P	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.9 *	4.8 *	4.7 *		P
UK	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6		UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of transport and communication in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	14.7	14.5	14.8	14.7	15.0	15.0	15.2	15.2 *	15.1 *	15.2 *		EUR12
B	12.7	12.7	12.5	12.0	12.1	12.5	12.8	13.2	13.2	13.3		B
DK	16.1	16.8	17.6	17.8	17.2	16.1	15.7	15.4	15.3	15.3		DK
D	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.6	14.8	15.5	15.9	16.5	16.3		D
GR	13.0	12.9	13.9	14.2	13.0	13.0	13.2	14.2	14.7 *	15.0 *		GR
E	13.8	13.7	13.5	13.8	14.8	15.3	15.6	15.2	15.1	15.5		E
F	17.0	16.7	16.7	16.3	16.8	15.7	16.0	16.1	15.5	16.1		F
IRL	12.9	13.2	13.0	12.7	12.5	12.7	13.1	13.6	13.1	12.8		IRL
I	12.2	12.1	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.2	12.0	12.1	11.7	I
L	17.3	17.0	16.9	16.4	16.1	16.7	17.3	17.5	19.1	19.9 *		L
NL	10.8	10.6	12.5	12.6	12.9	12.5	12.5	12.7	13.0	13.4		NL
P	15.5	14.6	14.9	14.8	14.3	16.7	15.7	15.4 *	14.4 *	13.6 *		P
UK	17.1	16.9	17.0	16.9	17.4	17.9	18.0	17.9	16.9	16.8		UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

*Consumption of education, books and newspapers.
Volume indices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	97.5	97.7	100.0	101.8	98.8	99.4	96.8	97.9	96.4	93.6	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	89.7	86.6	100.0	96.1	102.9	99.3	106.5	102.1	100.2	:	:	GR
E	98.8	99.0	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	94.3	96.1	100.0	102.5	107.3	106.1	112.2	115.1	115.0	115.8	:	F
IRL	88.5	95.6	100.0	116.9	119.7	111.1	118.9	126.0	124.7	130.0	:	IRL
I	89.8	93.2	100.0	107.0	118.7	111.6	123.0	124.1	123.7	126.2	127.7	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	99.2	101.7	100.0	100.8	103.9	101.5	105.6	110.8	123.1	:	:	NL
P	103.6	101.7	100.0	94.7	113.5	98.9	117.3	:	:	:	:	P
UK	99.8	99.0	100.0	102.7	106.6	105.5	110.2	117.4	120.2	126.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

*Consumption of entertainment, recreational and cultural services,
excluding hotels and restaurants. Volume indices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	102.6	101.0	100.0	101.3	101.8	112.9	110.5	110.9	114.2	117.5	:	B
DK	86.4	93.6	100.0	107.5	112.9	113.8	116.6	122.8	133.7	134.5	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	88.7 *	93.3 *	100.0 *	109.1 *	111.3 *	115.7 *	110.7 *	115.8 *	144.2 *	:	:	GR
E	98.1 *	101.6 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	98.7	99.1	100.0	101.7	104.2	108.0	113.9	117.0	121.1	126.5	:	F
IRL	108.6	103.5	100.0	111.1	139.9	146.5	152.0	160.1	171.7	174.7	:	IRL
I	95.4	97.0	100.0	105.9	110.1	112.1	120.9	128.0	125.0	132.0	130.1	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.8	102.2	103.2	106.9	107.8	109.4	:	:	NL
P	95.1	94.5	100.0	155.6	158.2	162.3	184.1	:	:	:	:	P
UK	94.6	97.8	100.0	105.1	109.5	115.7	118.7	119.0	114.2	110.2	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

*Consumption as expenditure in restaurants, cafés and hotels.
Volume indices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	94.1	99.3	100.0	100.4	103.3	108.2	113.8	119.3	120.9	127.5	:	B
DK	92.2	94.9	100.0	110.9	112.8	116.6	120.7	119.1	122.7	125.6	:	DK
D	96.0 *	98.6 *	100.0 *	101.0 *	104.0 *	107.9 *	110.8 *	:	:	:	:	D
GR	90.0 *	97.1 *	100.0 *	99.7 *	101.3 *	102.5 *	104.2 *	107.5 *	102.1 *	:	:	GR
E	94.2 *	97.9 *	100.0 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	97.8	97.9	100.0	101.9	102.4	105.7	110.2	112.4	111.5	110.3	:	F
IRL	97.2	94.3	100.0	119.9	129.5	146.0	169.3	177.8	171.6	151.1	:	IRL
I	97.2	99.7	100.0	102.0	107.7	111.8	113.3	116.3	116.8	115.3	114.3	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	96.2	99.9	100.0	100.7	101.7	104.6	109.1	114.4	122.4 *	124.4	:	NL
P	97.9	98.5	100.0	105.2	118.9	119.0	117.1	:	:	:	:	P
UK	91.6	95.9	100.0	109.5	114.3	139.9	151.3	153.0	144.4	142.7	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Expenditure on recreation, entertainment and education varies considerably from one country to another, due partly to the pattern of public spending in these areas. Hotels, restaurants

and tourism have seen a considerable increase in their share of total household consumption in virtually every country.

Consumption on education, books and newspapers in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	:	GR
E	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	:	:	:	E
F	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	:	F
IRL	4.5	4.6	4.6	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.9	:	IRL
I	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	:	NL
P	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	:	:	:	:	P
UK	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Consumption of entertainment, recreational and cultural services, excluding hotels, restaurants and cafés, in current prices as % of total consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	:	B
DK	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.6	2.1*	1.9*	:	GR
E	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	:	:	:	E
F	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	:	F
IRL	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.5	:	IRL
I	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	:	NL
P	1.6	1.5	1.6	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.6	:	:	:	:	P
UK	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Cars and colour televisions, % of all households

	At least one car		Second car		Caravan, including trailer tent		Colour television		
	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	
	B	70	74	:	10	5	5	57		87	B
DK	57	62	:	7	4	5	67	86	DK
D	61	68	:	15	3	3	50	87	D
GR	:	38	:	2	:	1	:	51	GR
E	52	:	:	:	:	:	27	:	E
F	68	77	:	27	:	6	34	84	F
IRL	63	52	:	10	:	2	51	82	IRL
I	67	74	:	22	2	2	19	78	I
L	:	83	:	24	:	4	:	90	L
NL	67	68	:	:	11	12	60	91	NL
P	:	34	:	4	:	:	:	49	P
UK	58	68	:	22	:	:	73	98	UK
A	55	63	12	16	:	:	44	88	A
FIN	54	66	:	14	:	3	48	90	FIN
IS	:	94	:	:	:	8	:	99	IS
N	64	72	10	17	5	7	68	89	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	96	S
CH	:	61	:	17	:	2	:	86	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets, comparative tables: all households, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, IS, N, CH: national sources; FIN: 1990; A: 1979 and 1989, except second car: 1984; N: average 1980-82 and 1986-88.

Home electronics: % of all households

Two or more televisions,
black and white or colour

	Two or more televisions, black and white or colour		Music system, hi-fi		Video recorder		Home computer		
	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	
	B		9	:	:	:	26	:		8	B
DK		16	:	78	:	21	:	9	DK
D		23	:	42	:	26	:	:	D
GR		55	:	27	:	25	:	3	GR
E		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F		:	:	41	:	24	:	:	F
IRL		21	:	37	:	21	:	6	IRL
I		30	:	43	:	13	:	7	I
L		16	:	48	:	23	:	11	L
NL		:	:	73	:	33	:	19	NL
P		:	:	:	:	16	:	5	P
UK		37	:	:	:	51	:	16	UK
A		10	18	45	2	31	:	6	A
FIN		35	66	70	:	45	:	16	FIN
IS		:	:	:	:	12	:	:	IS
N		17	:	:	:	23	:	:	N
S		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
CH		11	:	53	:	38	:	15	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets, comparative tables: all households, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, IS, N, CH: national sources; FIN: 1990; A: 1979 and 1989; N: average 1980-82 and 1986-88.

Domestic appliances and home electronics owned by households may be seen as indicators of living standards. International comparisons should allow for the fact that structure and size of households vary from one country to another. Households in Denmark and

Germany are small compared with those in Spain, Ireland and Portugal. Data on domestic appliances and home electronics come from the national family budget surveys carried out at intervals. The latest surveys were in 1988 and around 1994.

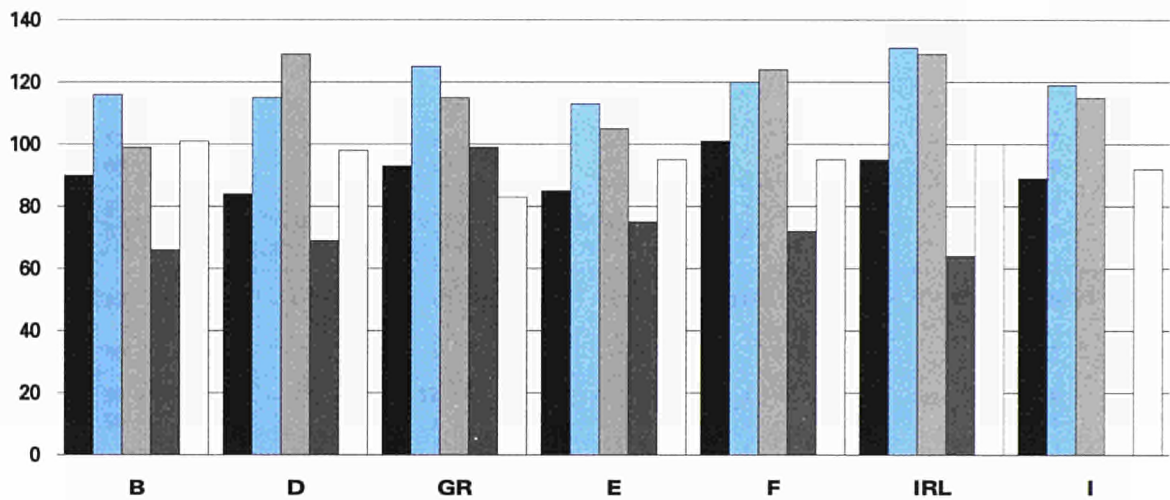
Domestic appliances: % of all households

	Washing-machine		Deep-freeze		Dishwasher		Microwave oven		
	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	
B	80	85	51	64	16	21	:	:	B
DK	58	66	65	89	17	25	:	5	DK
D	81	86	57	70	15	29	:	12	D
GR	:	69	:	3	:	8	:	:	GR
E	80	:	:	:	6	:	:	:	E
F	74	85	26	44	13	28	:	:	F
IRL	63	77	14	:	5	8	:	6	IRL
I	81	91	:	:	14	17	:	:	I
L	:	95	:	72	:	40	:	:	L
NL	87	90	37	40	8	10	:	:	NL
P	:	51	:	36	:	6	:	:	P
UK	77	85	29	39	3	:	:	:	UK
A	72	83	54	64	10	28	:	18	A
FIN	71	80	54	77	10	33	:	52	FIN
IS	:	93	:	78	:	39	:	55	IS
N	78	87	85	92	16	32	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	32	:	:	S
CH	:	93	:	58	:	40	:	14	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets, comparative tables: all households, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, IS, N, CH: national sources; A: 1979 and 1989; N: average 1980-82 and 1986-88; FIN: 1990.

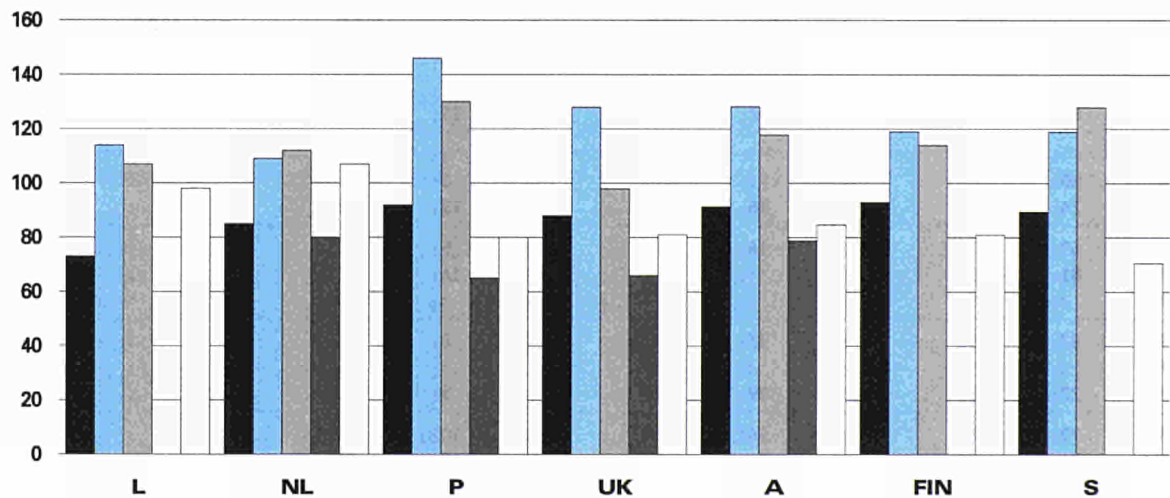
Consumption level of various socio-economic groups. Average = 100



Black: manual worker; blue: non-manual worker; light grey: self-employed in industry and services; dark grey: unemployed; white: retired people.

FURTHER READING Family budgets, comparative tables: all households, 1988. Eurostat.

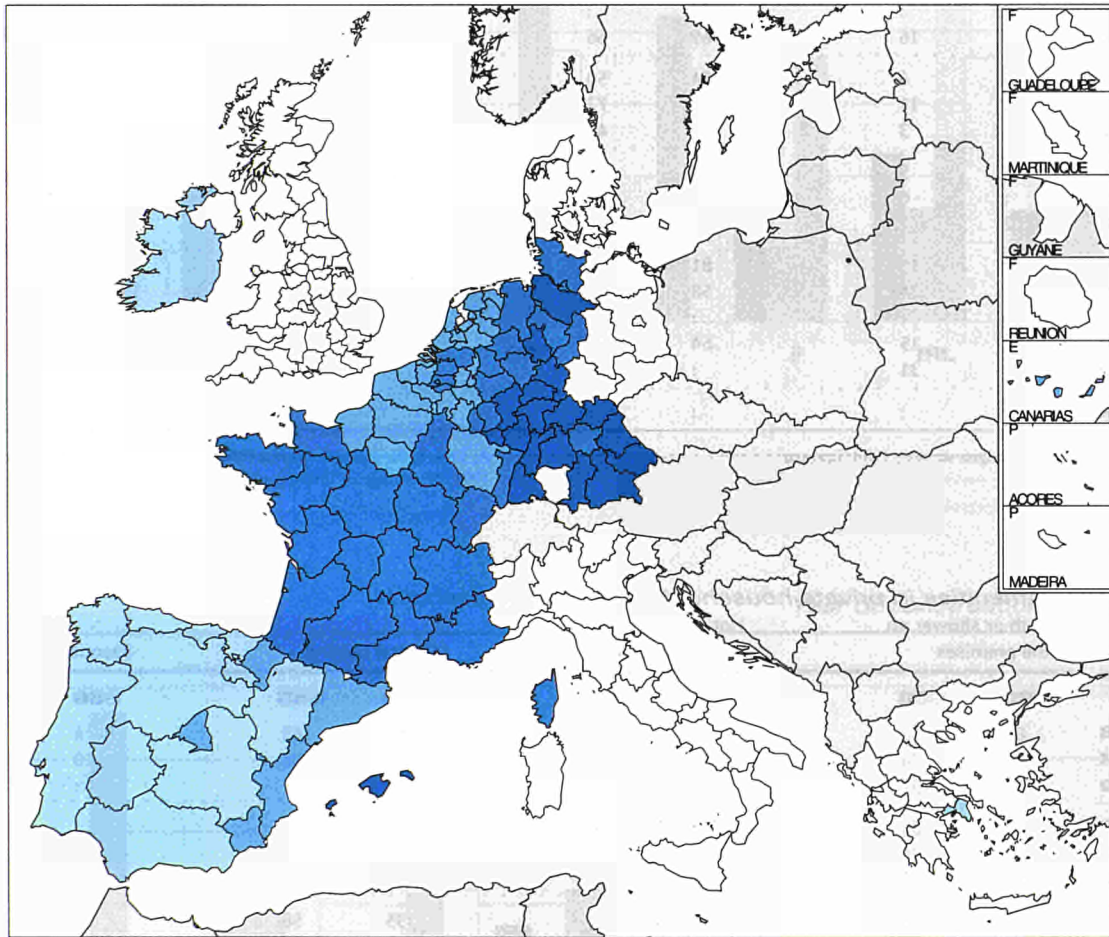
Consumption level of various socio-economic groups. Average = 100



Black: manual worker; blue: non-manual worker; light grey: self-employed in industry and services; dark grey: unemployed; white: retired people.

FURTHER READING Family budgets, comparative tables: all households, 1988. Eurostat.

Private cars per 1000 people. 1991



-200

400-500

200-300

500-

300-400

:

Households by number of rooms as % of all households

	Less than three rooms		Three to five rooms		Six or more rooms		
	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	
B	2	3	53	53	46	44	B
DK	25	21	64	65	11	14	DK
D	8	8	69	76	23	16	D
GR	:	15	:	80	:	5	GR
E	2	:	70	:	28	:	E
F	25	16	69	66	6	18	F
IRL	6	4	54	50	41	46	IRL
I	15	11	74	77	11	12	I
L	:	3	:	47	:	50	L
NL	10	5	74	61	16	34	NL
P	:	6	:	74	:	20	P
UK	2	2	63	62	35	36	UK
A	19	15	81	69	:	16	A
FIN	32	24	58	63	9	13	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	19	15	64	65	17	21	N
S	:	31	:	58	:	11	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1981 and 1990; A: 1981 and 1991; N: average of 1980-92 and 1986-88.

Amenities in private household as % of all households

	Bath or shower on the premises		Hot running water on the premises		Central heating		Second home		
	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	1980	1988	
B	80	92	70	87	56	63	4	5	B
DK	89	94	97	:	96	88	10	12	DK
D	93	97	93	98	67	71	:	:	D
GR	:	85	:	84	:	38	:	13	GR
E	83	96	77	:	8	:	:	8	E
F	80	93	88	95	63	74	12	9	F
IRL	80	92	81	91	35	58	2	2	IRL
I	88	95	78	94	40	:	4	6	I
L	:	97	:	97	:	88	:	:	L
NL	96	98	:	100	61	78	2	1	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4	P
UK	97	100	:	:	55	77	:	3	UK
A	78	88	:	98	44	57	8	10	A
FIN	77	92	85	87	79	93	18	24	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	90	96	:	:	16	14	23	21	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

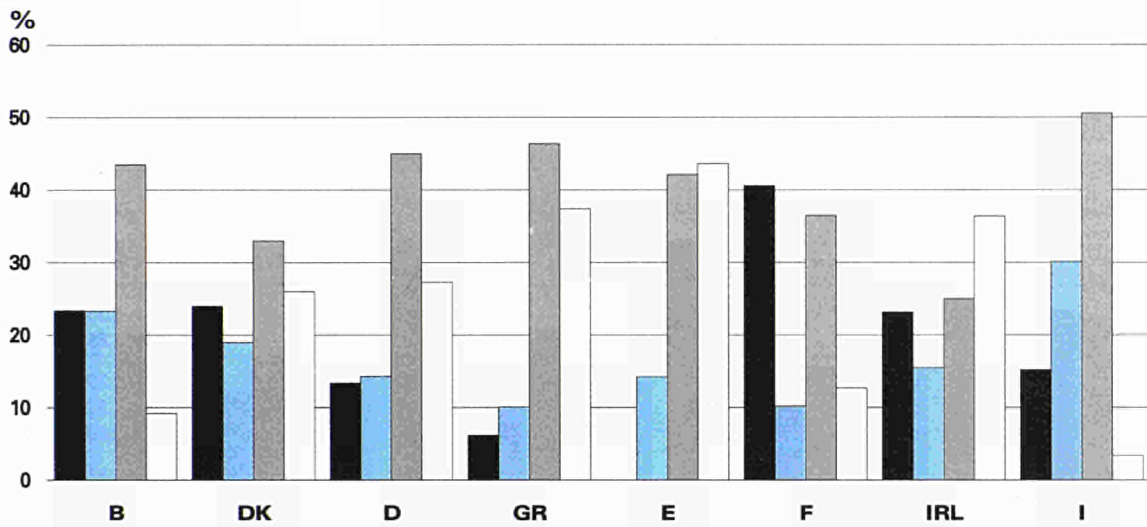
FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; UK: census 1991.

Housing standards are measured by number of rooms per household and their amenities. Figures come from the national family budget surveys conducted at intervals in all Member States. A household is normally either

one person living alone or a group of people, not necessarily related, living at the same address and with common housekeeping i.e. sharing a living or sitting room or at least one meal a day.

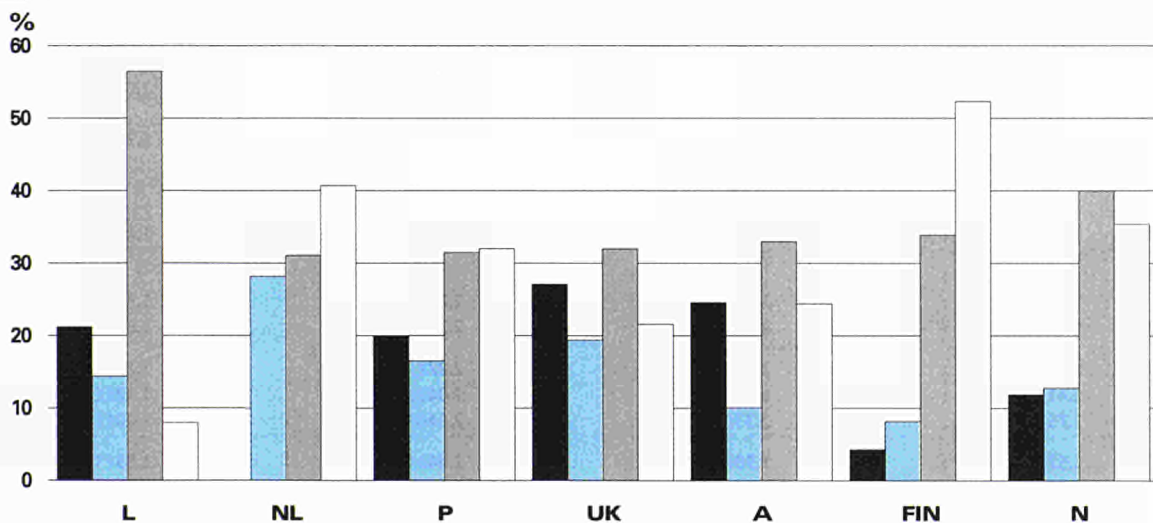
Year of construction. 1988



Black: before 1918; blue: 1918-45; grey: 1946-70; white: after 1970.

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

Year of construction. 1988



Black: before 1918; blue: 1918-45; grey: 1946-70; white: after 1970.

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

Number of rooms per person

	Couples with one child		Couples with two children		Couples with three children or more		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
B	1.69	:	1.39	:	1.15	:	2.04	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	1.43	:	1.15	:	0.93	:	1.79	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	1.32	:	1.12	:	0.93	:	1.43	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	1.27	:	0.97	:	0.77	:	1.35	:	I
L	1.69	:	1.41	:	1.15	:	1.85	:	L
NL	1.61	:	1.27	:	0.94	:	1.79	:	NL
P	1.35	:	1.04	:	0.71	:	1.32	:	P
UK	1.69	:	1.37	:	1.05	:	2.00	:	UK
A	1.46	:	1.20	:	1.01	:	1.53	:	A
FIN	1.42	:	1.23	:	1.00	:	1.60	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1.53	:	1.27	:	1.09	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

Number of rooms per person

	Single adult with children		Couples aged 65 or over, no children		Couples aged under 65, no children		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
B	1.85	:	2.50	:	2.44	:	2.04	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	1.59	:	2.00	:	2.04	:	1.79	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	1.27	:	1.89	:	1.69	:	1.43	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	1.39	:	1.69	:	1.79	:	1.35	:	I
L	1.85	:	2.78	:	2.38	:	1.85	:	L
NL	1.82	:	2.08	:	2.27	:	1.79	:	NL
P	1.41	:	1.96	:	2.04	:	1.32	:	P
UK	1.75	:	2.33	:	2.44	:	2.00	:	UK
A	1.57	:	1.90	:	1.84	:	1.53	:	A
FIN	1.44	:	1.89	:	1.86	:	1.60	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1.59	:	2.15	:	2.08	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

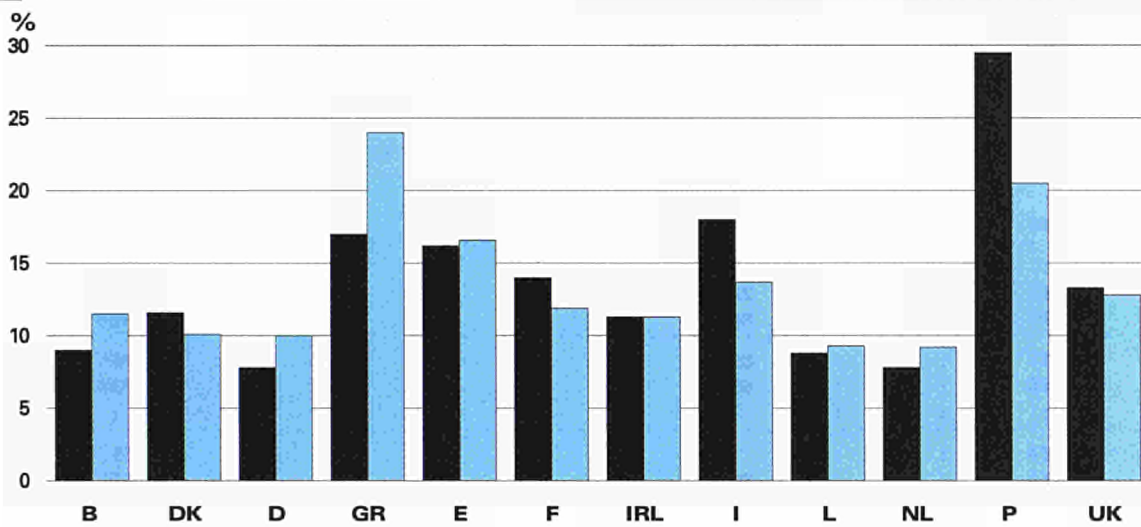
FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

The number of rooms per person comprises rooms of a certain size: big enough to hold an adult bed. These include normal bedrooms,

dining rooms, living rooms, habitable cellars and attics, kitchens and other separate spaces used or intended for habitation.

Average interest rate on mortgages. 1985 and 1991



Black: 1985; blue: 1991.

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

Number of rooms per person

	Single person aged under 30		Single person aged 30 to 64		Single person aged 65 or over		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
B	3.13	:	3.85	:	3.85	:	2.04	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	1.89	:	2.78	:	3.13	:	1.79	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	1.56	:	2.38	:	2.63	:	1.43	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	2.56	:	2.94	:	2.86	:	1.35	:	I
L	2.86	:	3.85	:	4.55	:	1.85	:	L
NL	2.08	:	3.33	:	3.57	:	1.79	:	NL
P	3.33	:	3.45	:	3.23	:	1.32	:	P
UK	3.13	:	4.00	:	4.00	:	2.00	:	UK
A	2.75	:	3.24	:	3.13	:	1.53	:	A
FIN	1.96	:	2.54	:	2.58	:	1.60	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	2.26	:	3.33	:	3.56	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

People living in houses. % of all people living in private households

	Couples with one child		Couples with two children		Couples with three or more children		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
	B	86	:	92	:	98	:	85		:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	34	:	44	:	53	:	37	:	D
GR	27	:	25	:	43	:	45	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	56	:	67	:	68	:	62	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	21	:	22	:	32	:	24	:	I
L	75	:	86	:	85	:	81	:	L
NL	80	:	89	:	94	:	76	:	NL
P	64	:	65	:	76	:	73	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	51	:	:	:	:	:	55	:	A
FIN	63	:	80	:	87	:	57	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	88	:	94	:	96	:	80	:	N
S	69	:	83	:	88	:	51	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

People living in houses. % of all people living in private households

	Single person aged 65 or over		Couples aged 65 or over, no children		Couples aged under 65, no children		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
	B	59	:	80	:	82	:	85		:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	17	:	37	:	34	:	37	:	D
GR	49	:	61	:	45	:	45	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	50	:	70	:	55	:	62	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	25	:	28	:	22	:	24	:	I
L	64	:	84	:	70	:	81	:	L
NL	42	:	61	:	69	:	76	:	NL
P	76	:	77	:	70	:	73	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	34	:	:	:	41	:	55	:	A
FIN	43	:	62	:	57	:	57	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	75	:	87	:	81	:	80	:	N
S	33	:	61	:	53	:	51	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

People living in flats. % of all people living in private households

	Single person aged under 30		Single person aged 30 to 64		Single person aged 65 or over		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
B	56	:	37	:	42	:	15	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	96	:	88	:	83	:	63	:	D
GR	92	:	68	:	51	:	55	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	90	:	66	:	50	:	38	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	76	:	73	:	64	:	70	:	I
L	83	:	60	:	35	:	19	:	L
NL	75	:	59	:	48	:	21	:	NL
P	48	:	23	:	20	:	25	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	66	:	45	:	A
FIN	76	:	65	:	57	:	43	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	53	:	37	:	25	:	18	:	N
S	87	:	71	:	67	:	50	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

People living in flats. % of all people living in private households

	Single adult with children		Couples with one child		Couples aged under 65, no children		All households		
	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	1988	1994	
B	40	:	13	:	18	:	15	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	86	:	67	:	66	:	63	:	D
GR	66	:	73	:	55	:	55	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	70	:	44	:	45	:	38	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	79	:	76	:	72	:	70	:	I
L	34	:	25	:	30	:	19	:	L
NL	41	:	15	:	28	:	21	:	NL
P	35	:	34	:	28	:	25	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	:	:	49	:	59	:	45	:	A
FIN	58	:	37	:	43	:	43	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	25	:	12	:	19	:	18	:	N
S	72	:	31	:	47	:	50	:	S
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH

FURTHER READING Family budgets surveys, 1988. Eurostat.

A, FIN, S, N: national sources; FIN: 1990; N: average of 1986-88.

Qualities to encourage in children. June 1993

	B	DK	D-W	D-E	D	GR	E	F
Good manners	42	31	31	35	32	59	42	32
Self-reliance	19	59	60	71	62	16	15	32
Hard work	9	1	5	7	5	10	14	14
Sense of responsibility	52	59	60	53	59	48	64	48
Imagination and creativity	9	23	15	14	15	12	12	14
Tolerance and respect for others	47	59	45	29	42	21	56	53
Sense of thrift	15	4	13	21	15	8	14	8
Determination and perseverance	22	11	6	9	7	27	8	20
Religious faith	6	3	8	3	7	22	10	6
Generosity	6	1	3	1	2	2	10	14
Obedience	15	6	8	10	9	16	12	17
Love of life	22	36	34	30	33	26	26	27
Courage	12	3	5	5	5	15	4	19
Taste of life's pleasures	10	1	5	5	5	6	6	7
Appreciation of beauty	2	1	5	6	5	1	1	2

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 39, June 1993.

D-W: West Germany D-E: East Germany.

Qualities to encourage in children. June 1993

	IRL	I	L	NL	P	UK	EUR12
Good manners	54	43	49	50	48	50	40
Self-reliance	19	18	19	17	14	16	29
Hard work	17	11	7	7	37	14	11
Sense of responsibility	51	64	56	61	53	48	56
Imagination and creativity	8	5	11	6	10	10	11
Tolerance and respect for others	54	46	51	52	42	62	50
Sense of thrift	6	15	16	5	15	3	11
Determination and perseverance	14	12	18	23	10	15	13
Religious faith	19	17	5	10	11	9	10
Generosity	7	12	7	1	12	9	8
Obedience	12	10	12	13	17	18	13
Love of life	19	26	30	38	13	27	28
Courage	7	11	9	2	6	6	9
Taste of life's pleasures	2	4	2	7	3	2	5
Appreciation of beauty	3	1	1	1	0	3	2

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 39, June 1993.

Important things in life were measured in June 1993 by Eurobarometer. Eurobarometer carries out EU opinion polls twice a year, in spring and autumn. The figures here are based on answers from people aged over 15 to the following questions: (1) Here is a list of qualities which

parents can try to encourage in their children. Which do you consider to be especially important? (2) For each of the following, could you say if there are some things generally that are important or not important to you?

Important things in life. June 1993

	B		DK		D-W		D-E		D	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Work	88	10	93	6	85	13	96	4	87	11
Family	94	4	98	2	93	6	95	4	93	5
Friends	77	20	98	2	88	10	86	12	88	10
Leisure	79	19	96	3	85	12	85	13	85	12
Politics	19	77	56	40	35	59	39	56	36	58
Religion	29	67	28	68	32	63	14	82	28	67
Living with a partner	85	11	73	22	80	15	87	9	82	14

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 39, June 1993.

D-W: West Germany; D-E: East Germany. + : important; - : not important.

Important things in life. June 1993

	GR		E		F		IRL		I	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Work	95	4	97	2	93	6	87	11	99	1
Family	99	0	97	2	94	5	97	2	99	1
Friends	93	6	87	12	86	14	94	5	85	14
Leisure	91	9	83	14	82	16	81	17	84	15
Politics	61	38	26	71	28	67	29	70	42	54
Religion	87	13	43	54	26	70	67	31	62	34
Living with a partner	98	2	79	16	94	5	63	31	94	4

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 39, June 1993.

+ : important; - : not important.

Important things in life. June 1993

	L		NL		P		UK		EUR12	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Work	88	9	89	8	97	2	78	20	90	8
Family	96	2	87	8	99	1	97	2	96	3
Friends	85	13	94	5	94	5	93	6	88	10
Leisure	87	11	91	6	91	6	83	16	84	14
Politics	34	63	40	52	40	52	34	63	35	61
Religion	38	59	33	60	33	60	33	64	39	57
Living with a partner	86	8	82	12	82	12	72	25	84	12

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 39, June 1993.

+ : important; - : not important.

Mother tongue in EU countries. July 1994

	DK	D	GR	E	F	I	NL	P	UK	Other	
EUR12	2	24	3	9	16	17	6	3	17	3	EUR12
B	0	1	0	0	40	0	59	1	0	0	B
DK	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	DK
D	1	97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	D
GR	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	GR
E	0	0	0	86	0	0	0	0	0	14	E
F	0	1	0	0	95	1	0	1	0	2	F
IRL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	10	IRL
I	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	I
L	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	94	L
NL	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	0	1	5	NL
P	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	P
UK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96	3	UK

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 41, July 1994.

Country code in the headline refers to language.

Languages used in EU countries. July 1994

	DK	D	GR	E	F	I	NL	P	UK	Other	
EUR12	2	31	3	14	29	18	7	3	42	7	EUR12
B	0	16	0	3	70	3	68	1	34	3	B
DK	100	47	0	2	8	1	1	0	68	5	DK
D	2	99	0	2	9	1	1	0	35	6	D
GR	0	5	100	0	4	2	0	0	25	3	GR
E	0	1	0	98	9	1	0	2	13	25	E
F	0	8	0	10	100	4	0	2	30	6	F
IRL	0	4	0	1	14	1	0	0	100	20	IRL
I	0	3	0	2	17	100	0	0	19	1	I
L	2	90	2	4	90	15	4	4	46	94	L
NL	0	60	1	3	16	1	100	1	72	9	NL
P	0	1	0	7	20	1	0	100	20	1	P
UK	0	8	1	3	21	2	1	0	100	6	UK

FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 41, July 1994.

Country code in the headline refers to language.

Foreign languages learned, except mother tongue, in EU countries. June 1993

	DK	D	GR	E	F	I	NL	P	UK	Other	None	
EUR12	1	15	1	8	28	3	2	1	41	9	34	EUR12
B	1	28	1	7	46	4	22	0	51	4	24	B
DK	1	74	1	6	29	2	2	0	81	10	11	DK
D	1	3	1	2	19	2	1	0	53	14	26	D
GR	0	7	0	1	10	4	0	0	38	3	52	GR
E	0	3	1	13	18	2	0	2	26	13	47	E
F	0	23	1	21	5	6	1	1	59	8	29	F
IRL	0	10	1	4	41	1	0	0	9	30	32	IRL
I	0	7	1	4	38	0	0	0	42	1	37	I
L	3	93	2	7	95	17	6	5	62	0	1	L
NL	1	81	3	8	58	4	6	2	85	10	9	NL
P	0	2	0	9	32	2	0	0	29	1	61	P
UK	1	21	2	8	51	6	2	1	4	8	39	UK

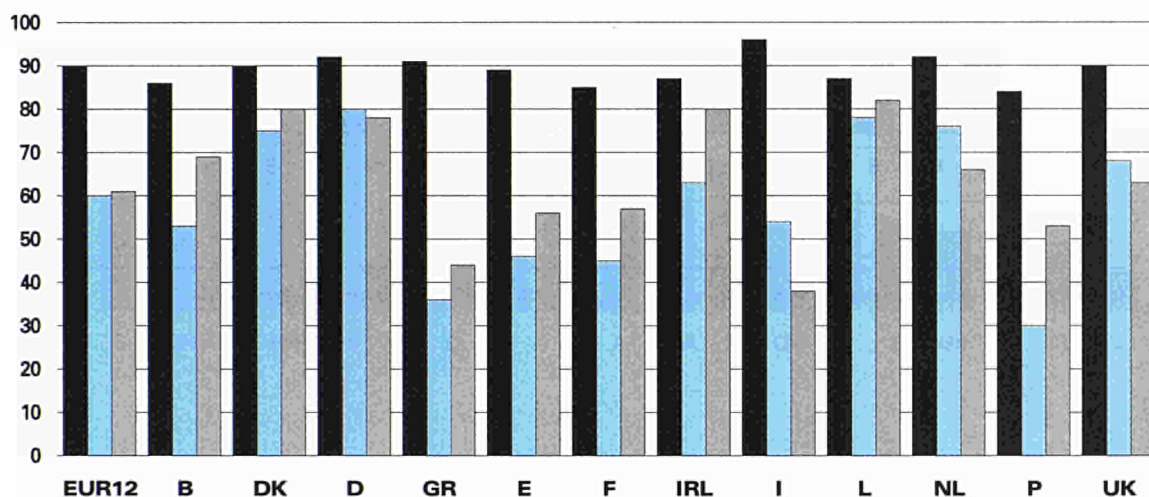
FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 41, July 1994.

Country code in the headline refers to language.

Data on daily newspaper readership come from figures collected by Unesco and data on media use come from figures collected by Eurobarometer by asking the questions: How

often do you watch the news on television, read the news in daily papers or listen to the news on the radio?

Media use, news. July 1994



Black: TV; blue: daily newspapers; grey: radio.

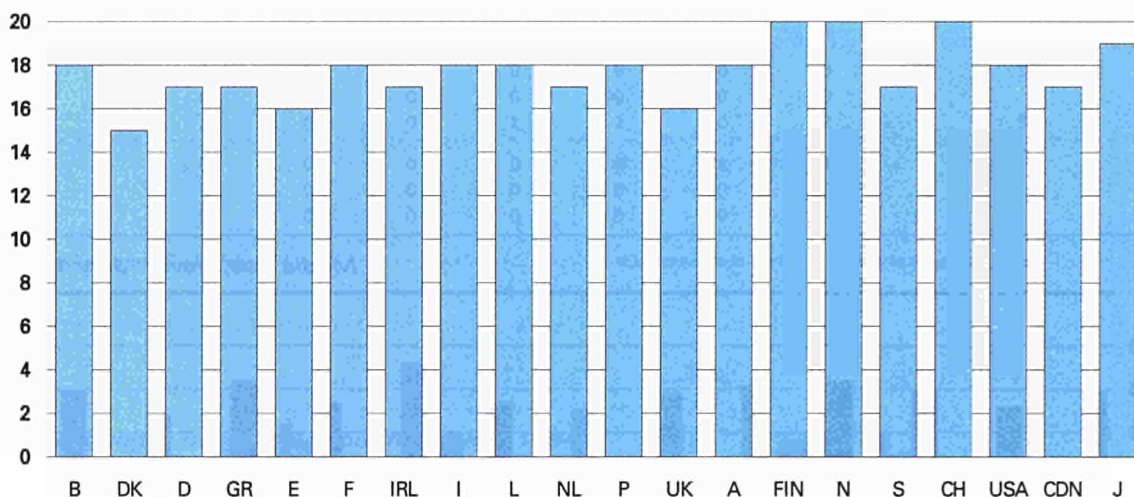
FURTHER READING Eurobarometer, No 41, July 1994.

Daily newspapers: number of titles

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	26	26	24	24	24	23	23	33	:	:	:	B
DK	47	47	47	47	46	46	46	47	:	:	:	DK
D	313	:	319	318	318	319	315	:	:	:	:	D
GR	134	144	140	142	:	117	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	118	102	102	105	:	102	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	91	:	92	92	:	96	80	79	:	:	:	F
IRL	7	7	7	7	7	8	:	7	:	:	:	IRL
I	74	70	72	72	72	73	76	:	:	:	:	I
L	5	4	4	6	6	6	6	5	:	:	:	L
NL	87	87	88	90	88	86	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	23	25	25	27	23	28	24	24	:	:	:	P
UK	109	108	104	104	104	104	:	:	:	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Unesco.

Age of criminal responsibility. 1990



FURTHER READING

International crime statistics. Yearly publication of Interpol.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland.

People in prison

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	225 536	232 238	238 745	245 049	241 231	241 603	238 990	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	6 525	6 908	6 219	6 193	6 713	6 450	6 761	6 525	6 035	7 116	:	B
DK	3 120	3 100	3 253	3 322	3 190	3 469	3 378	3 243	:	3 406	:	DK
D	61 778	59 448	56 154	53 619	51 919	52 076	51 729	48 792	49 658	:	:	D
GR	3 736	3 613	3 490	3 780	3 988	4 288	4 564	:	5 008	6 252	:	GR
E	14 659	16 950	22 153	25 059	27 278	29 344	31 137	32 902	36 562	35 246	:	E
F	39 086	42 523	40 554	47 628	50 639	46 423	45 102	47 449	48 675	49 323	:	F
IRL	1 466	1 547	1 965	1 853	1 936	1 953	1 980	:	2 114	2 155	:	IRL
I	41 413	43 351	43 585	43 685	34 838	34 675	30 594	32 588	32 368	46 152	:	I
L	245	239	268	323	353	322	345	352	348	352	:	L
NL	4 000	4 783	4 888	4 906	5 002	5 827	6 461	6 662	:	7 397	:	NL
P	6 093	7 685	9 149	8 100	8 270	8 181	8 458	9 059	8 092	9 183	:	P
UK	43 415	42 091	47 067	46 581	47 105	48 595	48 481	45 649	46 310	46 350	:	UK
A	8 387	8 280	8 327	7 778	7 419	5 862	5 771	6 231	6 655	6 913	:	A
FIN	:	:	3 977	3 702	3 824	3 598	3 103	3 106	3 130	3 295	:	FIN
IS	57	76	93	83	68	89	113	104	101	101	:	IS
N	1 941	2 004	1 861	2 021	1 929	2 041	2 171	2 260	2 510	:	:	N
S	4 422	3 959	4 049	4 098	4 198	4 716	4 796	4 895	4 731	5 431	:	S
EEA	:	:	257 052	262 731	258 669	257 909	254 944	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	2 687	3 033	3 094	3 203	3 301	3 158	2 998	3 098	3 146	3 810	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING

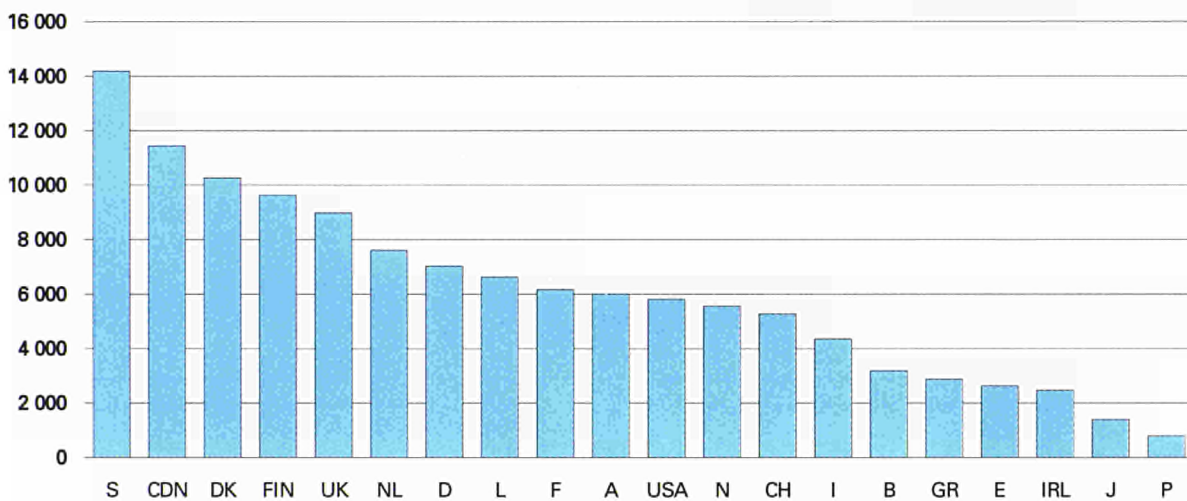
Bulletin d'information pénologique. Yearly publication of the Council of Europe.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland. Northern Ireland, 1983-90: 2198; 1815; 1858; 1786; 1780; 1733; 1660; 1811. CH: only sentenced people.

Since 1983, the European Council has collected and published statistics on Member States' penal policy to *Statistique Pénale Annuelle du Conseil de l'Europe (S.PACE)*. Information on age of criminal responsibility comes from Interpol. Information on crimes per 100 000 people comes from figures collected by

police forces of member States of the International Criminal Police Organisation, ICPO - Interpol. This includes differences between legal definitions of punishable offences in various countries as well as any changes during the reference period. The figures are in no way intended for comparison between countries.

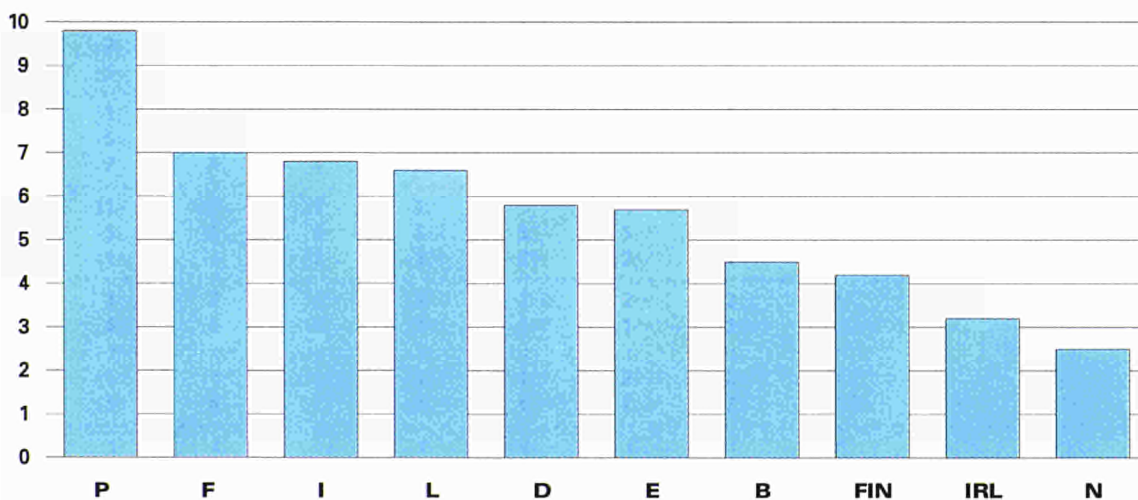
Crimes per 100 000 people. 1990



FURTHER READING International crime statistics. Yearly publication of Interpol.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Average number of months in prison. 1990



FURTHER READING Bulletin d'information pénologique. Yearly publication of the Council of Europe.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland. CH: only sentenced people.



Data on murder and serious assaults come from figures collected by police forces of the member States of the International Criminal Police Organisation, ICPO - Interpol. They include differences between legal definitions of punishable offences in various countries, as well as

different methods of calculation and any changes during the reference period. All these factors obviously have repercussions on the figures. Consequently they must be interpreted with care, and are in no way intended for comparison between countries.

Murders per 100 000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	3	3	4	3	3	3	2	2	:	:	:	B
DK	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	:	:	:	DK
D	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	:	:	:	D
GR	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	:	:	:	GR
E	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	:	:	:	E
F	5	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	:	:	:	F
IRL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	:	:	IRL
I	5	:	4	4	2	2	3	6	:	:	:	I
L	7	5	4	7	9	11	12	2	:	:	:	L
NL	11	12	1	1	:	:	16	15	:	:	:	NL
P	5	5	4	5	5	5	4	3	:	:	:	P
UK	1	:	2	2	2	2	2	2	:	:	:	UK
A	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	:	:	:	A
FIN	6	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1	:	1	1	1	2	2	3	:	:	:	N
S	5	6	7	6	6	7	7	7	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	:	:	:	CH
USA	8	8	8	9	8	8	9	9	:	:	:	USA
CDN	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING International crime statistics. Yearly publication of Interpol.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland. Northern Ireland, 1983-90: 20; :: 18; 17; 27; 36; 20; 19.

Sex offences per 100 000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	44	35	35	43	43	33	35	39	:	:	:	B
DK	54	43	49	53	47	55	51	49	:	:	:	DK
D	69	65	63	63	56	60	59	60	:	:	:	D
GR	6	5	3	5	18	18	15	14	:	:	:	GR
E	12	13	13	14	15	15	15	14	:	:	:	E
F	33	32	33	34	36	38	40	39	:	:	:	F
IRL	7	8	10	9	10	11	11	11	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	1	1	2	2	1	1	:	:	:	I
L	27	27	23	25	33	35	40	32	:	:	:	L
NL	56	62	65	60	:	:	67	64	:	:	:	NL
P	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	:	:	:	P
UK	41	:	43	45	50	53	59	57	:	:	:	UK
A	38	44	43	46	45	37	41	38	:	:	:	A
FIN	23	22	65	20	17	25	22	20	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	22	:	26	30	30	34	44	43	:	:	:	N
S	43	46	49	49	55	62	65	61	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	48	58	54	51	49	47	48	46	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	60	59	85	92	98	108	116	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING International crime statistics. Yearly publication of Interpol.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland. Northern Ireland, 1983-90: 25; ; 41; 53; 55; 49; 49; 50.

Drug offences per 100 000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	24	33	41	44	53	63	36	39	:	:	:	B
DK	97	192	156	173	207	253	276	271	:	:	:	DK
D	104	99	100	113	123	139	152	165	:	:	:	D
GR	6	5	6	10	14	16	18	20	:	:	:	GR
E	19	26	14	36	52	61	60	53	:	:	:	E
F	48	53	54	89	89	86	90	100	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	1	1	1	1	:	:	:	IRL
I	20	:	22	24	38	54	52	53	:	:	:	I
L	160	130	114	117	140	253	216	202	:	:	:	L
NL	45	45	38	35	:	:	32	40	:	:	:	NL
P	13	12	14	17	19	17	20	15	:	:	:	P
UK	10	:	16	15	14	16	18	20	:	:	:	UK
A	99	72	71	68	65	65	67	70	:	:	:	A
FIN	48	46	47	40	45	39	38	51	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	92	:	113	110	106	148	192	214	:	:	:	N
S	600	481	450	472	520	362	412	326	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	205	213	237	242	262	283	281	280	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	208	219	226	220	241	233	259	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	2	2	2	2	2	2	21	18	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING International crime statistics. Yearly publication of Interpol.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland. Northern Ireland, 1983-90: 9; ; 19; 22; 17; 15; 14; 14.

Data on sex offences and drug offences come from figures collected by police forces of the member States of the International Criminal Police Organisation, ICPO - Interpol. They have published international crime statistics since 1950. Their statistics are police rather than judicial statistics. These reflect crimes reported to, or detected by police, and therefore not all offences actually committed. Consequently, they

must be interpreted with care, and are in no way intended for comparison between countries. Data on theft, including theft of cars, come from figures collected by police forces of the member States of the International Criminal Police Organisation, ICPO - Interpol. They must be interpreted with care, and are in no way intended for comparison between countries.

Thefts of motor cars per 100 000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	135	141	178	170	194	201	172	281	:	:	:	B
DK	427	470	514	648	692	700	659	576	:	:	:	DK
D	131	118	114	115	121	114	108	115	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	58	62	68	:	:	:	GR
E	255	298	315	350	379	356	359	343	:	:	:	E
F	465	483	515	472	441	420	435	520	:	:	:	F
IRL	32	30	31	34	30	30	26	32	:	:	:	IRL
I	276	:	299	293	364	364	415	546	:	:	:	I
L	122	109	112	96	123	119	111	131	:	:	:	L
NL	138	156	163	164	:	:	168	182	:	:	:	NL
P	58	61	52	53	54	51	47	48	:	:	:	P
UK	657	:	738	823	780	730	781	977	:	:	:	UK
A	17	17	15	15	19	17	22	27	:	:	:	A
FIN	177	172	194	200	221	247	326	365	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	273	:	426	160	566	665	683	609	:	:	:	N
S	419	460	538	661	695	714	810	879	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	1 672	1 634	1 626	1 626	1 588	1 569	1 496	1 505	:	:	:	CH
USA	431	437	462	508	529	583	630	658	:	:	:	USA
CDN	305	305	324	334	340	344	383	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	29	29	29	28	27	28	29	28	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING International crime statistics. Yearly publication of Interpol.

UK: excluding Scotland and Northern Ireland. Northern Ireland, 1983: 106; 1985: 96; 1989: 138; 1990: 193.

Summer and winter temperature in celsius. Long-term average and 1993 average

	Lowest average, April-September		Highest average, April-September		Lowest average, October-March		Highest average, October-March		
	< 1993	1993	< 1993	1993	< 1993	1993	< 1993	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	12.1	12.1	15.0	16.0	2.7	3.0	5.8	7.1	B
DK	12.2	10.9	12.9	13.0	2.6	3.1	4.2	4.6	DK
D	7.7	8.1	16.4	17.4	-1.8	-1.4	5.3	5.8	D
GR	18.4	18.3	23.2	23.2	8.2	5.4	12.3	14.7	GR
E	10.5	14.4	23.0	23.1	5.6	6.1	15.0	15.2	E
F	13.3	13.2	20.0	20.2	4.2	2.4	11.7	11.6	F
IRL	11.8	11.7	13.2	13.4	5.7	7.3	8.2	8.5	IRL
I	-2.1	14.9	22.6	22.8	-9.1	2.6	16.2	15.3	I
L	:	14.9	:	14.9	:	4.1	:	4.1	L
NL	13.2	13.3	14.3	15.2	4.0	4.7	5.2	6.7	NL
P	13.1	16.3	20.2	20.0	5.0	7.8	14.1	14.3	P
UK	9.9	9.6	13.8	14.8	5.0	3.8	7.7	8.3	UK
A	4.6	13.0	15.5	17.2	-4.1	-3.7	3.4	4.4	A
FIN	:	11.0	:	11.1	:	1.7	:	2.5	FIN
IS	:	4.6	:	8.1	:	-3.4	:	2.1	IS
N	:	10.6	:	12.5	:	-1.1	:	5.0	N
S	:	10.6	:	12.9	:	0.4	:	3.5	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	13.5	:	17.5	:	3.7	:	6.6	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Rainfall in millimetres. Stations with lowest / highest rainfall

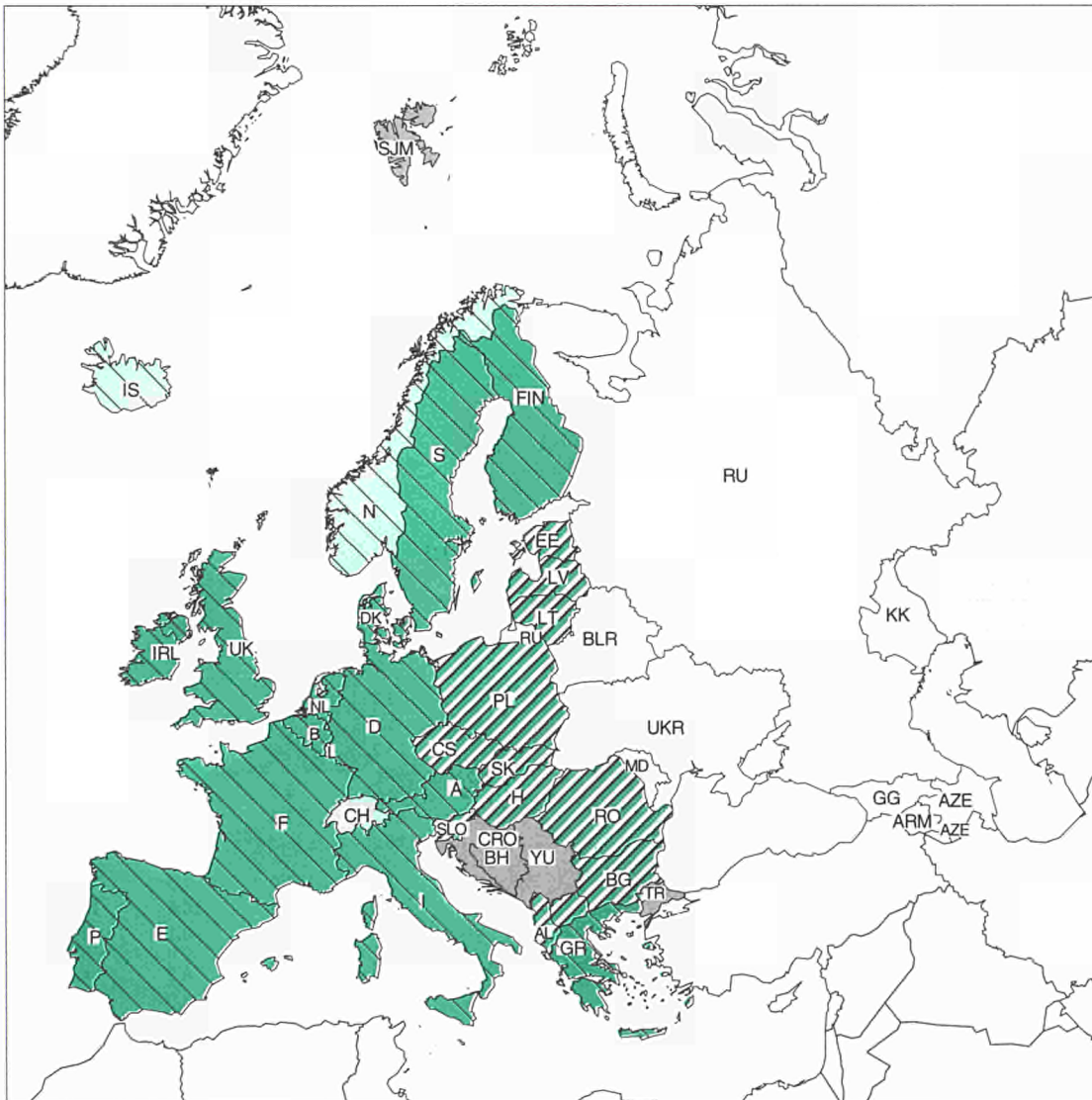
	Lowest average		Highest average		
	< 1993	1993	< 1993	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	726	549	1057	1150	B
DK	530	557	811	905	DK
D	466	435	1890	1495	D
GR	361	197	994	730	GR
E	74	185	1873	1587	E
F	533	368	1473	1234	F
IRL	753	502	1432	1332	IRL
I	162	227	1465	1319	I
L	:	832	:	832	L
NL	749	632	819	959	NL
P	518	518	1736	1069	P
UK	537	530	1198	1648	UK
A	807	581	1280	1443	A
FIN	:	512	:	589	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	551	:	2440	N
S	:	373	:	1041	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	934	:	1846	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

EU's climate varies from the northern parts of Sweden and Finland at 70 degrees in the north to Crete at 35 degrees in the south. Data on temperature, sunshine and rain are averages of the defined time period and selected to indicate the

ranges from each of the countries' weather stations. Minimum and maximum figures have been measured at different stations. Data, therefore, should not be taken as average values for each country.

Europe



EU 15: dark green; EFTA: medium green; EEA: thin black diagonals; CIS: light green; CCEE: dark green + thick black diagonals; other parts of Europe: dark grey; non-Europe: light grey. RU: Russia; KK: Kazakhstan; AZE: Azerbaijan; ARM: Armenia; GG: Georgia; UKR: Ukraine; MD: Moldavia; BLR: Belarus; EE: Estonia; LV: Latvia; LT: Lithuania; PL: Poland; CS: Slovakia; SK: Czech Republic; H: Hungary; RO: Romania; BG: Bulgaria; TR: Turkey; SLO: Slovenia; CRO: Croatia; BH: Bosnia-Herzegovina; YU: Yugoslavia; AL: Albania.

Total area and population density
1000 sq kms

Inhabitants per sq km

	1983	1985	1990	1992	1993	1983	1985	1990	1992	1993	
EUR12					2 368	142	143	145	146	147	EUR12
B					31	323	323	326	329	330	B
DK					43	119	119	119	120	120	DK
D					357	219	218	222	225	227	D
GR					132	74	75	76	78	78	GR
E					505	75	76	77	77	77	E
F					549	100	100	103	104	105	F
IRL					70	50	50	50	50	51	IRL
I					301	188	188	188	188	189	I
L					3	141	141	146	150	152	L
NL					41	348	351	361	367	370	NL
P					92	107	107	107	107	107	P
UK					244	231	232	235	237	238	UK
A					84	90	90	91	94	94	A
FIN					337	14	15	15	15	15	FIN
IS					103	2	2	2	3	3	IS
N					324	13	13	13	13	13	N
S					450	19	19	19	19	19	S
EEA					3 666	99	99	100	101	102	EEA
CH					41	155	156	162	166	167	CH
USA					9 373	25	25	27	27	28	USA
CDN					9 976	2	3	3	3	3	CDN
J					378	316	320	327	329	330	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

National area and population compared to EUR12

National area as % of EUR12 area

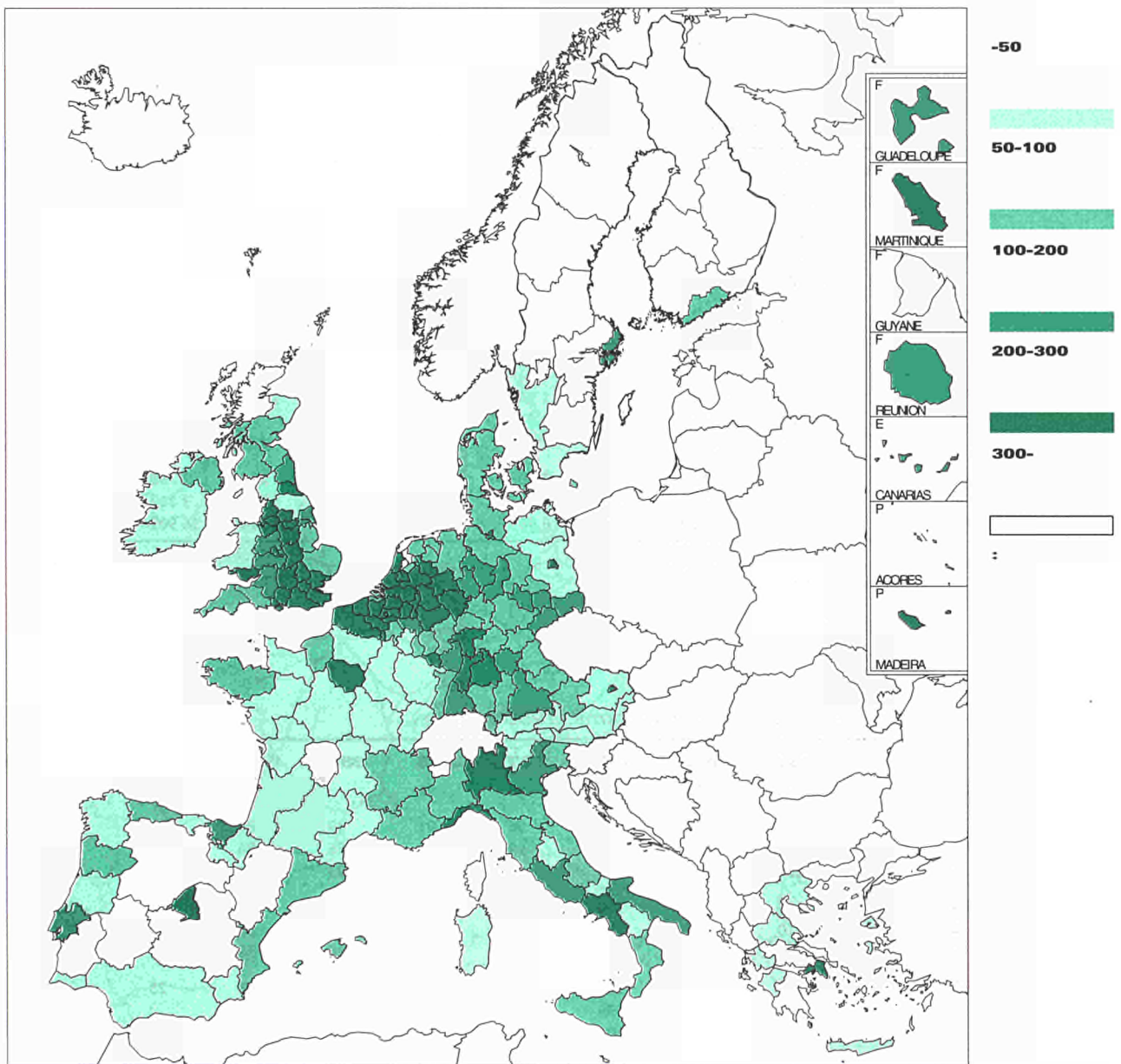
National population as % of EUR12 population

	1983	1985	1990	1992	1993	1983	1985	1990	1992	1993	
EUR12					100	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B					1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	B
DK					2	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	DK
D					15	23.2	23.0	23.1	23.2	23.3	D
GR					6	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	GR
E					21	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.3	11.3	E
F					23	16.2	16.3	16.5	16.6	16.6	F
IRL					3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	IRL
I					13	16.8	16.8	16.6	16.4	16.4	I
L					0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	L
NL					2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	NL
P					4	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	P
UK					10	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.8	16.7	UK
A					4	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	A
FIN					14	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	FIN
IS					4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	IS
N					14	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	N
S					19	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	S
EEA					155	107.5	107.5	107.5	107.6	107.6	EEA
CH					2	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	CH
USA					396	69.5	70.7	72.6	73.8	74.3	USA
CDN					421	7.4	7.5	7.8	7.9	8.3	CDN
J					16	35.5	35.9	36.1	36.0	35.9	J

FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Population density, 1992



FURTHER READING Demographic statistics, 1995. Eurostat. Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Total length of motorways in kms

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	28 534	28 930	29 722	30 118	30 802	31 230	32 019	32 652	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1 456	1 488	1 534	1 549	1 568	1 613	1 631	1 634	1 673	:	:	B
DK	518	539	593	593	599	599	653	601	653	653	:	DK
D	8 080	8 198	8 350	8 437	8 618	8 721	8 822	8 959	10 955	11 013	:	D
GR	91	91	91	91	91	91	120	190	225	280	:	GR
E	2 050	2 064	2 117	2 154	2 276	2 344	2 424	2 558	:	:	:	E
F	5 497	5 497	5 885	6 019	6 206	6 328	6 680	6 824	7 080	7 408	:	F
IRL	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	26	32	32	:	IRL
I	5 901	5 941	5 964	5 997	6 091	6 091	6 193	6 193	6 301	6 306	:	I
L	58	58	58	58	58	75	78	78	78	95	121	L
NL	1 884	1 956	1 975	1 978	1 984	2 045	2 061	2 092	:	2 134	:	NL
P	169	195	196	196	211	211	256	316	474	519	:	P
UK	2 822	2 895	2 951	3 038	3 092	3 104	3 093	3 181	3 211	3 259	:	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Total length of railways in kms

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	126 861	125 586	125 181	124 933	124 547	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	3 776	3 712	3 691	3 639	3 556	3 513	3 479	3 466	3 432	:	B
DK	:	2 471	2 471	2 471	2 471	2 476	2 344	2 344	2 344	2 344	:	DK
D	:	27 784	27 634	27 490	27 427	27 284	27 045	26 950	41 113	40 816	:	D
GR	:	2 461	2 461	2 461	2 479	2 479	2 479	2 484	2 484	2 484	:	GR
E	:	13 575	12 710	12 721	12 686	12 550	12 565	12 560	:	:	:	E
F	:	34 694	34 678	34 665	34 644	34 599	34 469	34 260	33 990	33 555	:	F
IRL	:	1 944	1 944	1 944	1 944	1 944	1 944	1 944	1 944	1 944	:	IRL
I	:	16 105	16 183	16 035	15 973	16 016	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	270	270	270	270	272	272	271	271	275	:	L
NL	:	2 939	2 794	2 788	2 808	2 810	2 810	2 750	2 780	2 753	:	NL
P	:	3 614	3 607	3 607	3 607	3 607	3 126	3 126	3 117	3 054	:	P
UK	:	17 228	17 122	17 038	16 985	16 954	16 932	16 924	16 909	16 881	:	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Railways as % of motorway kms. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	104	100	98	96	94	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	105	100	98	96	91	89	88	86	:	:	B
DK	:	110	100	100	99	99	86	94	86	86	:	DK
D	:	102	100	98	96	95	93	91	113	112	:	D
GR	:	100	100	100	101	101	76	48	41	33	:	GR
E	:	110	100	98	93	89	86	82	:	:	:	E
F	:	107	100	98	95	93	88	85	81	77	:	F
IRL	:	100	100	100	100	100	100	31	25	25	:	IRL
I	:	100	100	99	97	97	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	100	100	100	100	78	75	75	75	62	:	L
NL	:	106	100	100	100	97	96	93	:	91	:	NL
P	:	101	100	100	93	93	66	54	36	32	:	P
UK	:	103	100	97	95	94	94	92	91	89	:	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Roads and railways, together with energy and telecommunications form the trans-European network. It has special priority in the Treaty of Maastricht as it will forward and support the functioning of the single market as well as contribute to economic growth, employment and solidarity in the EU. Although investment is

concentrated inside the EU, an enlargement towards other European countries has high priority. The total EU investment for the remainder of the decade in the trans-European network is calculated at least 400 000 million ECU.

High-speed railways



Solid green lines: existing railways; broken green lines: planned railways.

Woodland, 1000 sq kms

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	532.8	533.3	533.9	534.9	538.5	538.6	540.0	572.8	:	:	:	EUR12
B	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	B
DK	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	DK
D	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.3	73.3	74.0	74.0	103.9	:	:	D
GR	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6	GR
E	125.1	125.1	125.1	125.1	125.1	125.1	125.1	158.1	158.6	159.2	159.2	E
F	146.0	146.1	146.2	146.4	146.9	147.8	147.9	148.1	148.2	148.7	149.3	F
IRL	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	IRL
I	60.8	60.9	60.9	61.0	64.1	63.4	64.2	64.3	:	:	:	I
L	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	L
NL	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	NL
P	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	P
UK	22.4	22.6	22.7	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	24.3	24.4	24.3	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Woodland as % of total national area

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	25	:	:	:	EUR12
B	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	B
DK	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	DK
D	29	29	29	29	29	29	30	30	:	:	:	D
GR	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	GR
E	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	31	31	32	32	E
F	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	F
IRL	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	IRL
I	20	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	:	:	:	I
L	32	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	L
NL	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	NL
P	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	P
UK	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Woodland as % of total EUR12 woodland area

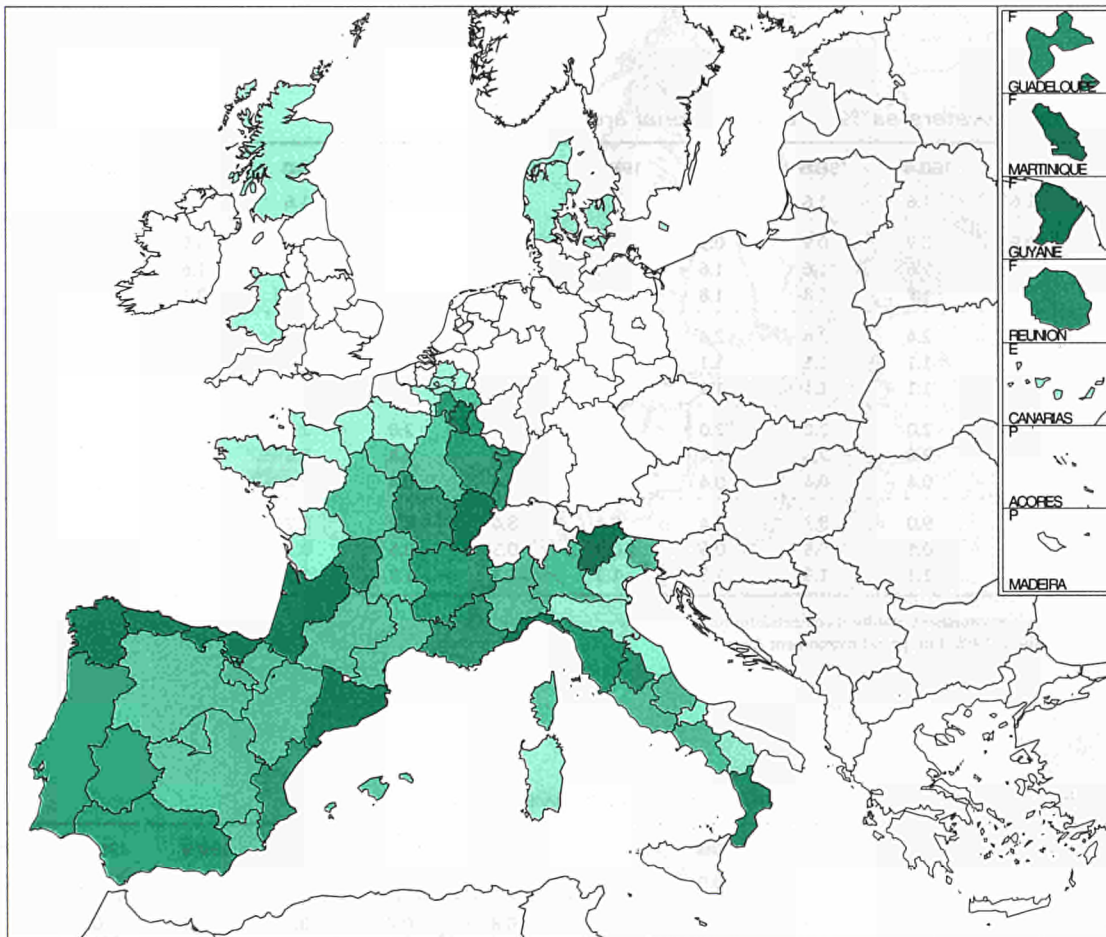
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	:	:	:	B
DK	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	:	:	:	DK
D	13.8	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.7	12.9	:	:	:	D
GR	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.0	:	:	:	GR
E	23.5	23.5	23.4	23.4	23.2	23.2	23.2	27.6	:	:	:	E
F	27.4	27.4	27.4	27.4	27.3	27.4	27.4	25.9	:	:	:	F
IRL	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	:	:	:	IRL
I	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.9	11.8	11.9	11.2	:	:	:	I
L	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	:	:	:	L
NL	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	:	:	:	NL
P	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.2	:	:	:	P
UK	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.0	:	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Woodland includes forests and other wooded areas according to the Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO) definition. It embraces land under natural or planted stands of trees, whether productive or not, and also land from which forests have been cleared but which

will be reforested in the foreseeable future. Shrubland, savannah etc., may have been reported with forest and woodland or with permanent meadows and pastures; this makes comparisons between countries rather misleading.

Woodland as % of total area



-10



30-40

10-20



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20-30



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Inland waters. 1000 sq kms

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	35.4	35.5	35.6	35.7	35.7	35.8	35.9	36.6	40.0	40.1	40.1	EUR12
B	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	B
DK	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	DK
D	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	D
GR	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	GR
E	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.8	5.8	5.8	E
F	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.4	F
IRL	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	IRL
I	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	NL
P	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	P
UK	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Inland waters as % of total national area

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	:	:	:	EUR12
B	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	B
DK	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	DK
D	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3.1	3.1	3.1	D
GR	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	GR
E	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	E
F	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	F
IRL	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	IRL
I	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	I
L	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	L
NL	9.0	9.0	8.7	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	NL
P	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	P
UK	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Inland waters as % of total EUR12 inland water area

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	B
DK	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	DK
D	12.1	12.1	12.5	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.3	20.7	20.6	19.0	D
GR	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.4	7.8	GR
E	15.1	15.1	14.9	15.0	15.0	14.9	14.9	15.0	15.6	15.6	14.4	E
F	17.0	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.4	17.4	17.0	16.9	17.2	15.8	F
IRL	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	5.3	5.2	5.2	4.8	IRL
I	20.4	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.2	20.1	20.0	19.7	19.5	19.5	17.9	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.3	9.2	8.5	NL
P	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	P
UK	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.0	8.9	8.9	8.2	UK

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. 1995. European Environment Agency.

Land water includes rivers, lakes, artificial water, impoundments and coastal lagoons, but excludes estuaries and waters lying on the

landward side of the 'normal base line' along the coast.

Europe's lakes, rivers and streams



Utilised agricultural area

	1000 ha			% of total national area			% of total EUR12 agricultural area			
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	129 850*	128 034*	:	57.6*	56.7*	:	100.0*	100.0*	:	EUR12
B	1 428	1 395	1 376	46.8	45.7	45.1	1.1	1.1	:	B
DK	2 849	2 805	2 768	66.1	65.1	64.2	2.2	2.2	:	DK
D	12 079	11 915	16 950	48.6	47.9	68.2	9.3	9.3	:	D
GR	5 734*	5 741*	:	43.5*	43.5*	:	4.4*	4.5*	:	GR
E	27 245	27 068	:	54.0	53.6	:	21.0	21.1	:	E
F	31 557	30 813	30 347	57.5	56.1	55.3	24.3	24.1	:	F
IRL	5 707	5 697	:	81.2	81.1	:	4.4	4.4	:	IRL
I	17 883	17 340	:	59.4	57.6	:	13.8	13.5	:	I
L	128	126	126	49.6	48.8	48.6	0.1	0.1	:	L
NL	2 017	2 019	1 995	54.1	49.9	48.1	1.6	1.6	:	NL
P	4 532*	4 532*	4 532	49.2*	49.2*	49.3*	3.5*	3.5*	:	P
UK	18 690	18 583	17 723	76.6	76.1	72.6	14.4	14.5	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Arable land

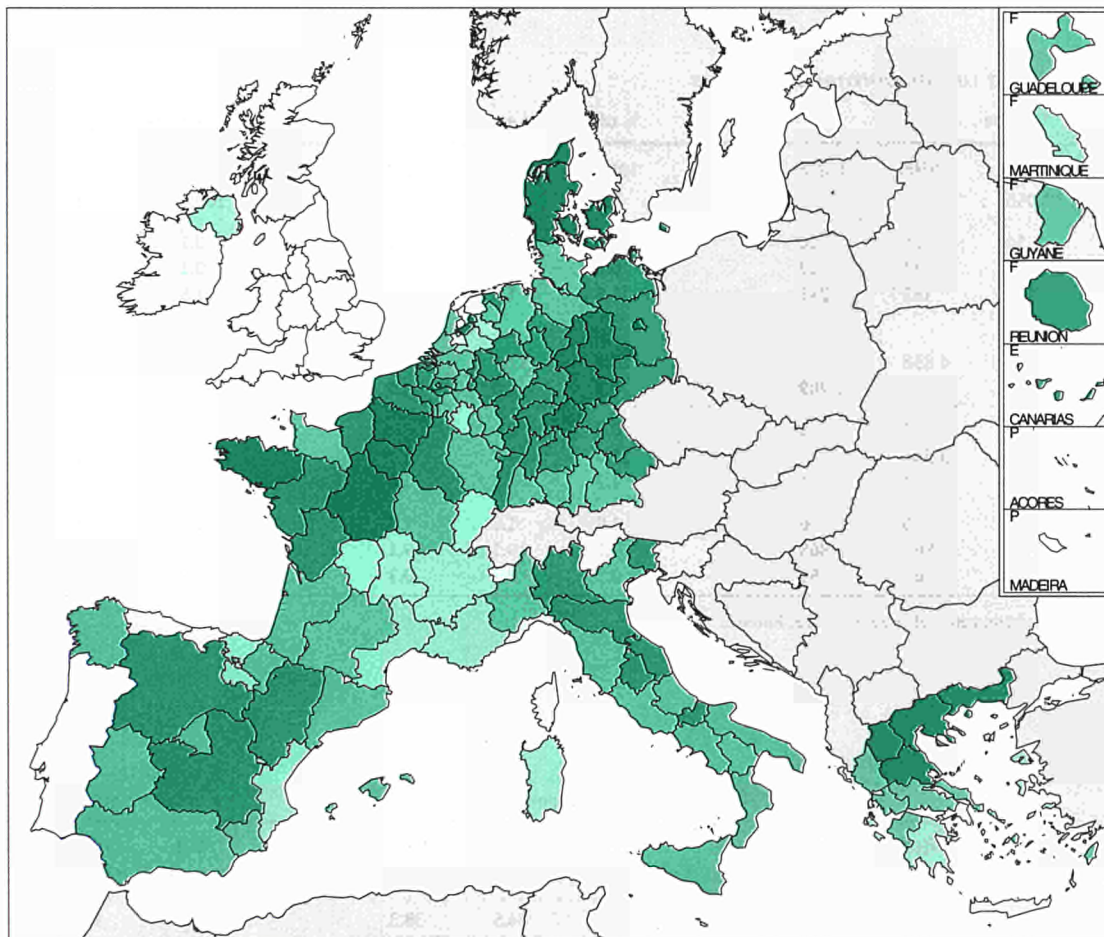
	1000 ha			% of national agricultural area			% of EUR12 arable land			
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	67 590*	67 371*	:	52.1*	52.6*	:	100.0*	100.0*	:	EUR12
B	740	738	809	51.8	52.9	58.8	1.1	1.1	:	B
DK	2 600	2 577	2 566	91.3	91.9	92.7	3.8	3.8	:	DK
D	7 226	7 253	11 468	59.8	60.9	67.6	10.7	10.8	:	D
GR	2 920*	2 925*	2 925	50.9*	50.9*	:	4.3*	4.3*	:	GR
E	15 591	15 560	15 201	57.2	57.5	:	23.1	23.1	:	E
F	17 410	17 564	17 813	55.2	57.0	58.7	25.8	26.1	:	F
IRL	1 083	1 029	:	19.0	18.1	:	1.6	1.5	:	IRL
I	9 319	9 010	:	29.5	29.2	:	13.8	13.4	:	I
L	55	55	55	43.2	44.0	43.8	0.1	0.1	:	L
NL	833	897	920	41.3	44.4	46.1	1.2	1.3	:	NL
P	2 906	2 906	2 290	64.1	64.1	57.6	4.3	4.3	:	P
UK	6 907	6 856	6 544	37.0	36.9	36.9	10.2	10.2	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Cultivated area - utilised agricultural area - is all agricultural land in use whether arable or permanently under grass or crops. Agricultural land use may involve significant year-to-year changes due to different crops grown. However, broad changes in land use are only likely to be detectable over a longer period. The need for land use data in an environmental context has been

evident for some years. This has stimulated work on land use and land cover classifications that define land use in more detail for uses other than agriculture. Examples of such classifications are the standard statistical classification of land use (Unecce) used by OECD and Eurostat, and the land cover classification Corine of the EU Commission.

Arable land as % of total agricultural area. 1991



-20



60-80

20-40



80-

40-60



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Land under permanent crops

	1000 ha			% of national agricultural area			% of EUR12 land under permanent crops			
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	12 056	:	:	9.3	:	:	100.0	:	:	EUR12
B	14	15	18	1.0	1.1	1.3	0.1	:	:	B
DK	13	11	12	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.1	:	:	DK
D	181	182	211	1.5	1.5	:	1.5	:	:	D
GR	1 029	:	:	17.9	:	:	8.5	:	:	GR
E	5 008	4 858	:	18.4	17.9	:	41.5	:	:	E
F	1 358	1 245	1 209	4.3	4.0	4.0	11.3	:	:	F
IRL	2	2	3	0.0	0.0	:	0.0	:	:	IRL
I	3 484	3 344	:	11.0	10.9	:	28.9	:	:	I
L	2	1	1	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.0	:	:	L
NL	36	36	36	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.3	:	:	NL
P	866	865	865	19.1	19.1	19.1	7.2	:	:	P
UK	63	60	55	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Permanent grassland

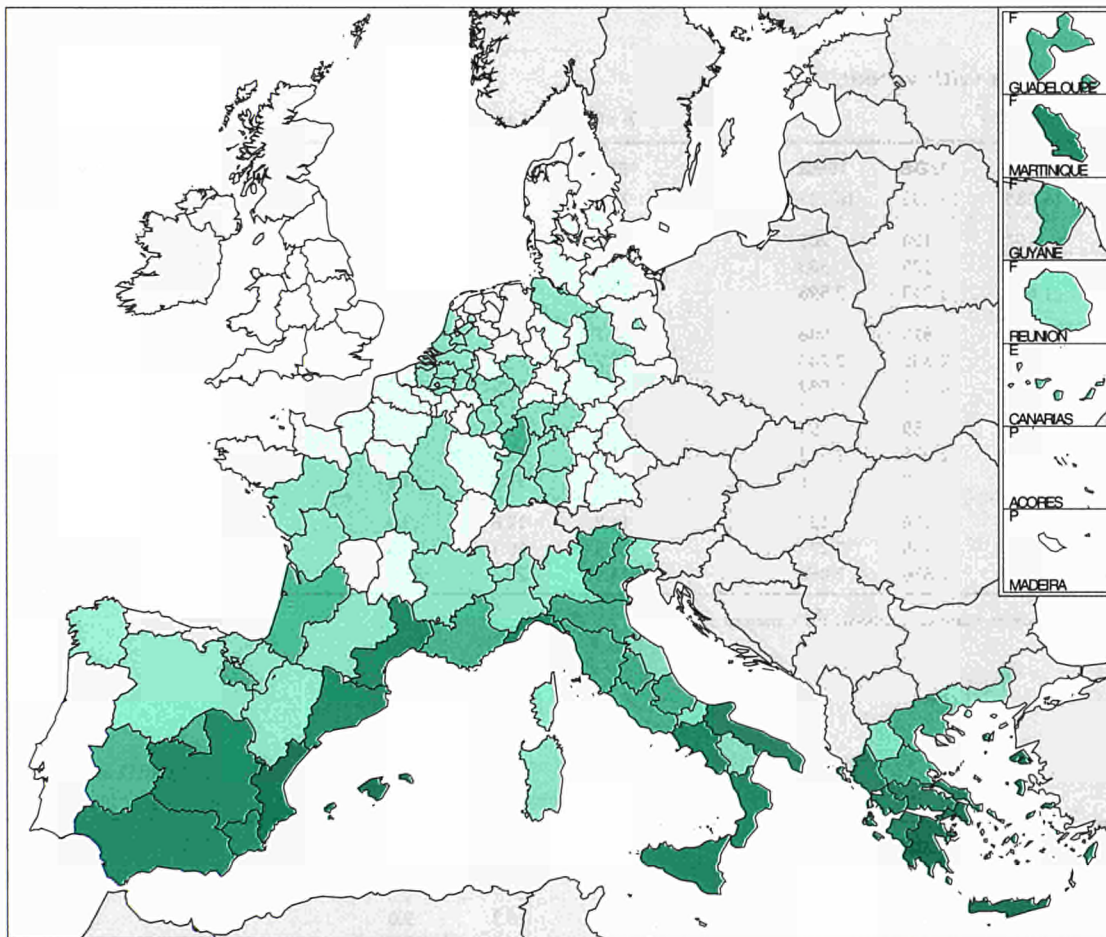
	1000 ha			% of national agricultural area			% of EUR12 permanent grassland			
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	49 791*	48 618*	:	38.3 *	38.0 *	:	100.0 *	100.0 *	:	EUR12
B	653	621	528	45.7	44.5	38.3	1.3	1.3	:	B
DK	236	217	208	8.3	7.7	7.0	0.5	0.4	:	DK
D	4 630	4 449	5 243	38.3	37.3	30.9	9.3	9.2	:	D
GR	1 789*	1 789*	:	31.2 *	31.2 *	:	3.6 *	3.7 *	:	GR
E	6 645	6 650	5 844	24.4	24.6	:	13.3	13.7	:	E
F	12 535	11 767	11 098	39.7	38.2	36.6	25.2	24.2	:	F
IRL	4 622	4 666	:	81.0	81.9	:	9.3	9.6	:	IRL
I	5 002	4 897	:	15.9	15.9	:	10.0	10.1	:	I
L	71	69	69	55.5	54.7	55.0	0.1	0.1	:	L
NL	1 143	1 081	1 030	56.7	53.5	51.6	2.3	2.2	:	NL
P	761*	761*	761	16.8 *	16.8 *	16.8 *	1.5 *	1.6 *	:	P
UK	11 704	11 651	11 124	62.6	62.7	62.8	23.5	24.0	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Permanent utilised land is land under permanent crops and grassland. Permanent crops occupy the land for more than five years. They include fruit trees, soft fruit bushes, olive trees, citrus plantations and vineyards but exclude trees grown for wood or timber. Permanent grassland comprises meadows and pastures in

constant use - five years or more - for herbaceous forage crops either cultivated or growing wild. Distinction between permanent grassland and wooded area is rather unclear, especially in cases where scattered trees and bushes are mixed with grasses used occasionally for grazing.

Land under permanent crops as % of total agricultural area



-1



20-40

1-10



40-

10-20



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Area with cereals

	1000 ha			% of national arable land			% of EUR12 area with cereals			EUR12
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	36 014	34 903	35 239	53.3	51.8	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	373	349	311	50.5	47.3	38.4	1.0	1.0	0.9	B
DK	1 698	1 599	1 609	65.3	62.1	58.4	4.7	4.6	4.6	DK
D	5 044	4 734	6 514	69.8	65.3	56.8	14.0	13.6	18.5	D
GR	1 556	1 433	1 392	53.3	49.0	47.6	4.3	4.1	4.0	GR
E	7 392	7 821	7 318	47.4	50.3	48.1	20.5	22.4	20.8	E
F	9 382	9 207	9 321	53.9	52.4	52.3	26.1	26.4	26.5	F
IRL	387	324	300	35.8	31.5	:	1.1	0.9	0.9	IRL
I	4 946	4 371	4 009	53.1	48.5	:	13.7	12.5	11.4	I
L	31	34	30	55.9	61.2	54.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	L
NL	206	197	183	24.7	22.0	19.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	NL
P	1 037	928	763	35.7	31.9	26.3	2.9	2.7	2.2	P
UK	3 962	3 905	3 489	57.4	57.0	53.3	11.0	11.2	9.9	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Area with wheat

	1000 ha			% of national arable land			% of EUR12 area with wheat			EUR12
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	16 083	15 435	16 747	23.8	22.9	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	197	194	209	26.6	26.3	25.8	1.2	1.3	1.2	B
DK	242	309	583	9.3	12.0	21.1	1.5	2.0	3.5	DK
D	1 655	1 743	2 598	22.9	24.0	22.7	10.3	11.3	15.5	D
GR	984	893	948	33.7	30.5	32.4	6.1	5.8	5.7	GR
E	2 604	2 339	2 243	16.7	15.0	14.8	16.2	15.2	13.4	E
F	4 825	4 721	5 082	27.7	26.9	28.5	30.0	30.6	30.3	F
IRL	60	59	91	5.5	5.7	:	0.4	0.4	0.5	IRL
I	3 333	2 875	2 517	35.8	31.9	:	20.7	18.6	15.0	I
L	6	8	8	11.2	13.6	14.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	148	114	127	17.8	12.8	13.8	0.9	0.7	0.8	NL
P	334	295	275	11.5	10.1	9.5	2.1	1.9	1.6	P
UK	1 695	1 886	2 066	24.5	27.5	31.6	10.5	12.2	12.3	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Area with barley

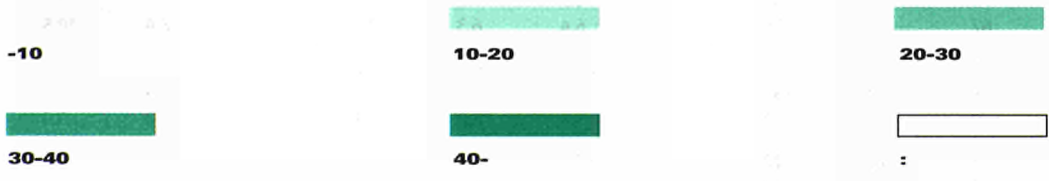
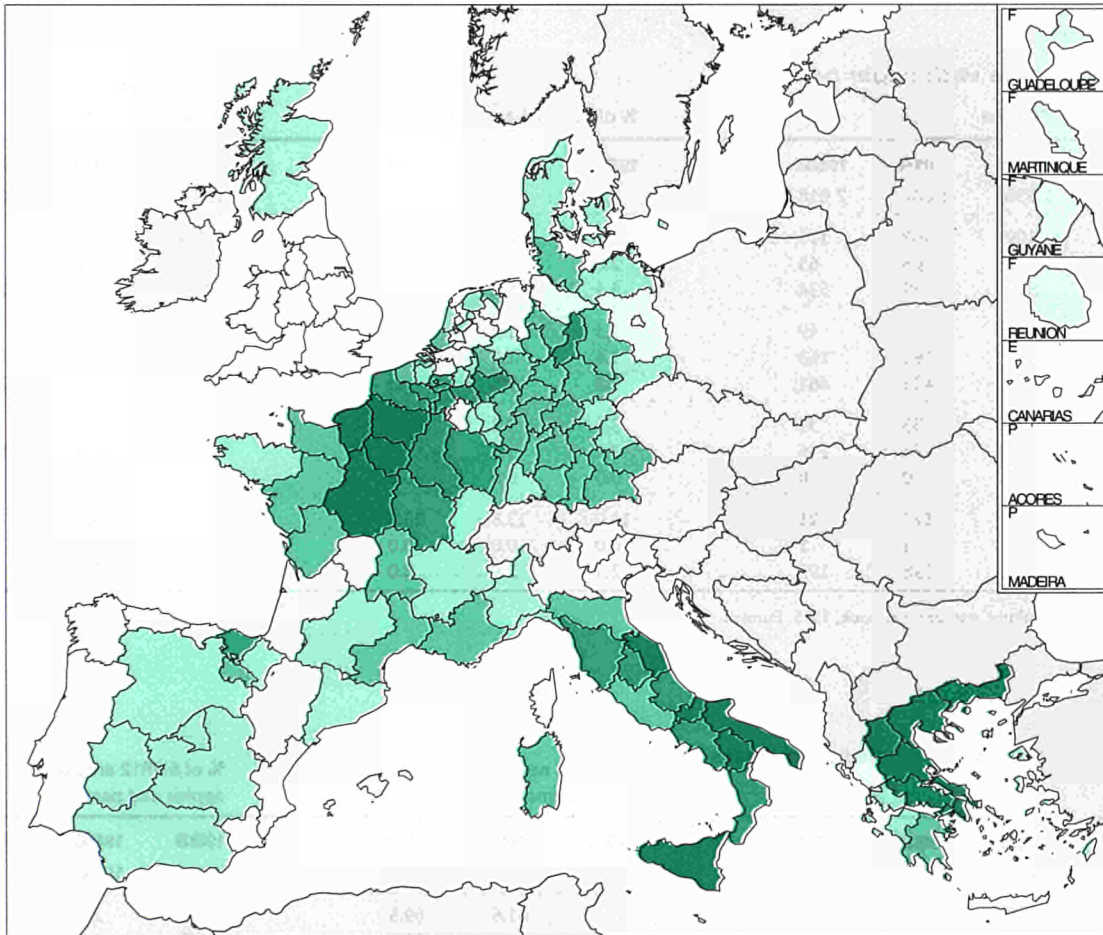
	1000 ha			% of national arable land			% of EUR12 area with barley			EUR12
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	12 698	12 202	11 521	18.8	18.1	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	139	120	72	18.7	16.3	9.0	1.1	1.0	0.6	B
DK	1 347	1 165	910	51.8	45.2	33.0	10.6	9.5	7.9	DK
D	2 035	1 836	2 408	28.2	25.3	21.0	16.0	15.0	20.9	D
GR	329	234	171	11.3	8.0	5.9	2.6	1.9	1.5	GR
E	3 735	4 257	4 112	24.0	27.4	27.1	29.4	34.9	35.7	E
F	2 143	1 863	1 800	12.3	10.6	10.1	16.9	15.3	15.6	F
IRL	305	243	184	28.1	23.6	:	2.4	2.0	1.6	IRL
I	385	450	450	4.1	5.0	:	3.0	3.7	3.9	I
L	16	18	14	28.3	31.7	24.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	L
NL	37	63	34	4.5	7.0	3.7	0.3	0.5	0.3	NL
P	83	74	67	2.9	2.6	2.3	0.7	0.6	0.6	P
UK	2 144	1 880	1 297	31.0	27.4	19.8	16.9	15.4	11.3	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Arable land has cereals as its most important component; these include grain maize and paddy rice. Although wheat and barley are Europe's most important cereals measured in area as well as weight, this is not the case for all EU countries. In Greece, Italy and Portugal, grain maize comes second to wheat, and France devotes

the same area to barley as it does to grain maize. Most of Europe's durum wheat is grown in Italy. The area used for cereals during 1992/93 - around 35 million hectares - decreased by around two per cent under the impact of a voluntary set-aside scheme involving 700 000 hectares.

All wheat as % of arable land



FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

		<i>Area with potatoes</i>			% of national arable land			% of EUR12 area with potatoes			
		1000 ha									
		1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12		1 576	1 391	1 565	2.3	2.1	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B		42	46	65	5.7	6.3	8.0	2.7	3.3	4.1	B
DK		30	33	54	1.2	1.3	1.9	1.9	2.4	3.4	DK
D		224	199	361	3.1	2.7	3.1	14.2	14.3	23.1	D
GR		64	54	43	2.2	1.9	1.5	4.0	3.9	2.7	GR
E		340	282	257	2.2	1.8	1.7	21.6	20.3	16.4	E
F		204	159	184	1.2	0.9	1.0	12.9	11.4	11.8	F
IRL		33	27	22	3.0	2.6	:	2.1	1.9	1.4	IRL
I		147	127	106	1.6	1.4	:	9.3	9.1	6.8	I
L		1	1	1	1.7	1.4	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	L
NL		163	161	187	19.6	17.9	20.3	10.4	11.5	12.0	NL
P		132	121	105	4.5	4.2	3.6	8.4	8.7	6.7	P
UK		196	181	180	2.8	2.6	2.8	12.4	13.0	11.5	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

		<i>Area with sugar beet</i>			% of national arable land			% of EUR12 area with sugar beet			
		1000 ha									
		1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12		1 936	1 847	2 018	2.9	2.7	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B		109	109	101	14.7	14.8	12.5	5.6	5.9	5.0	B
DK		72	68	65	2.8	2.6	2.4	3.7	3.7	3.2	DK
D		393	379	534	5.4	5.2	4.7	20.3	20.5	26.4	D
GR		38	36	49	1.3	1.2	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.4	GR
E		249	191	163	1.6	1.2	1.1	12.9	10.4	8.1	E
F		490	433	461	2.8	2.5	2.6	25.3	23.4	22.8	F
IRL		36	33	31	3.4	3.2	:	1.9	1.8	1.6	IRL
I		232	276	296	2.5	3.1	:	12.0	14.9	14.7	I
L		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL		117	123	121	14.0	13.8	13.1	6.0	6.7	6.0	NL
P		1	1	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	P
UK		199	198	197	2.9	2.9	3.0	10.3	10.7	9.7	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

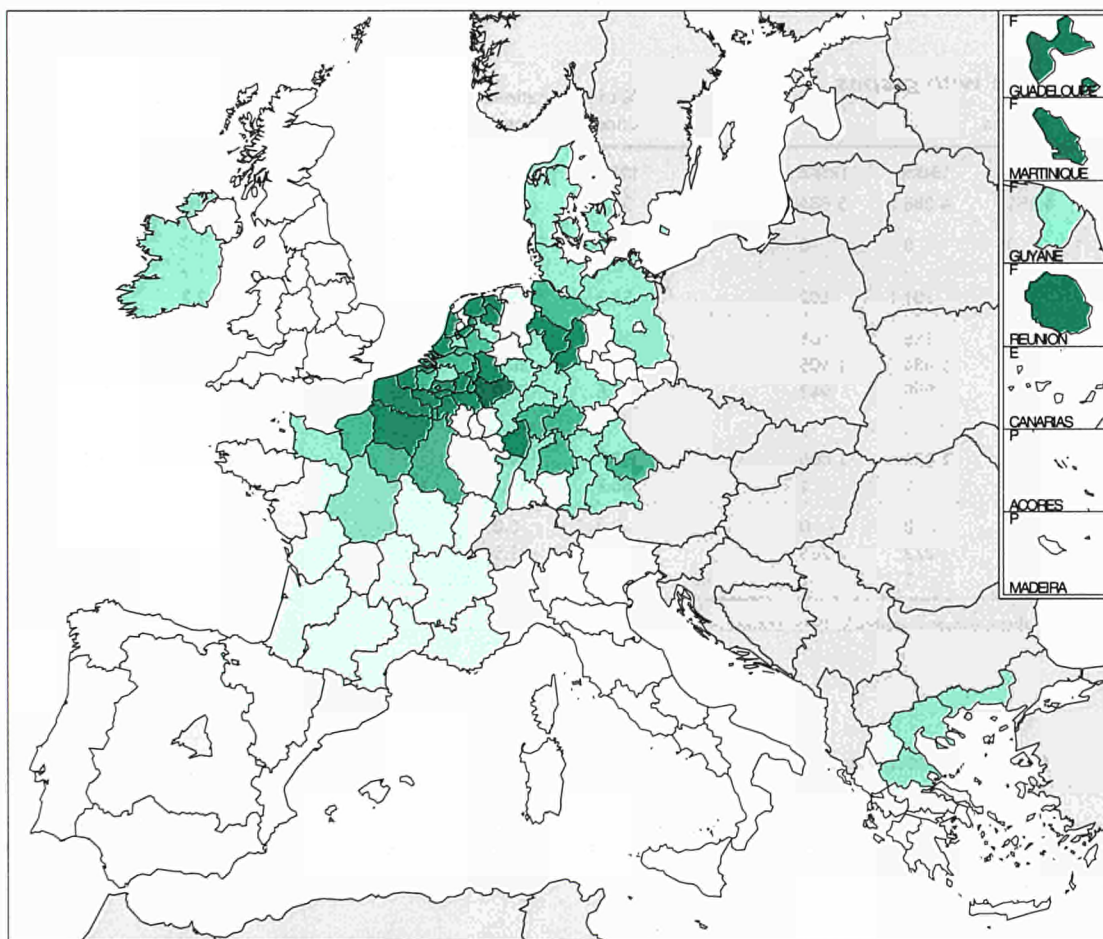
		<i>Area with apples and pears</i>			% of total national land under permanent crops			% of EUR12 area with apples and pears			
		1000 ha									
		1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12		472	444	:	3.9	:	:	100.0	100.0	:	EUR12
B		9	9	12	59.4	61.6	69.5	1.8	2.1	:	B
DK		5	4	3	35.7	27.8	29.8	1.0	0.8	:	DK
D		26	26	36	14.4	14.2	16.9	5.5	5.8	:	D
GR		26	23	:	2.5	:	:	5.6	5.1	:	GR
E		97	78	82	1.9	1.6	:	20.5	17.6	:	E
F		87	82	86	6.4	6.3	7.1	18.4	18.5	:	F
IRL		1	1	1	29.5	30.4	25.7	0.1	0.2	:	IRL
I		136	137	134	3.9	4.1	:	28.9	30.7	:	I
L		0	0	0	8.0	8.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	:	L
NL		21	21	22	59.3	57.1	56.7	4.5	4.6	:	NL
P		35	38	39	4.1	4.4	4.5	7.4	8.6	:	P
UK		29	27	24	45.7	73.8	43.8	6.1	6.0	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Areas with potatoes have been relatively stable during the last ten years, although production has varied according to fluctuation of average yearly yields. Germany is the EU's biggest producer of potatoes. Areas with sugar beet do

not change much over the described period. Production has slightly increased over time. Germany and France are the EU's biggest producers.

Areas with sugar beet as % of arable land. 1991



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10-20

1-5

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5-10

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<i>Area with oranges</i>			% of total national land under permanent crops			% of EUR12 area with oranges				
1000 ha										
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	283	295	:	2.3	:	:	100.0	100.0	:	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DK
D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D
GR	33	36	:	3.2	:	:	11.7	12.3	:	GR
E	125	134	143	2.5	2.7	:	44.2	45.3	:	E
F	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	109	107	109	3.1	3.2	:	38.4	36.5	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NL
P	16	17	19	1.9	2.0	2.2	5.7	5.9	:	P
UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

<i>Area with grapes</i>			% of total national land under permanent crops			% of EUR12 area with grapes				
1000 ha										
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	4 481	4 088	3 884	37.2	:	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	0	0	0	0.7	0.7	0.6	-	-	-	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DK
D	100	101	102	55.3	55.5	48.5	2.2	2.5	2.6	D
GR	178	166	161	17.3	:	:	4.0	4.1	4.1	GR
E	1 697	1 484	1 405	33.9	30.4	:	37.9	36.3	36.2	E
F	1 095	989	942	80.6	75.9	77.9	24.4	24.2	24.3	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	1 138	1 074	1 006	32.7	31.9	:	25.4	26.3	25.9	I
L	1	1	1	86.7	86.7	92.9	-	-	-	L
NL	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	NL
P	271	272	265	31.4	31.5	30.6	6.1	6.7	6.8	P
UK	0	1	1	0.5	0.8	0.9	-	-	-	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

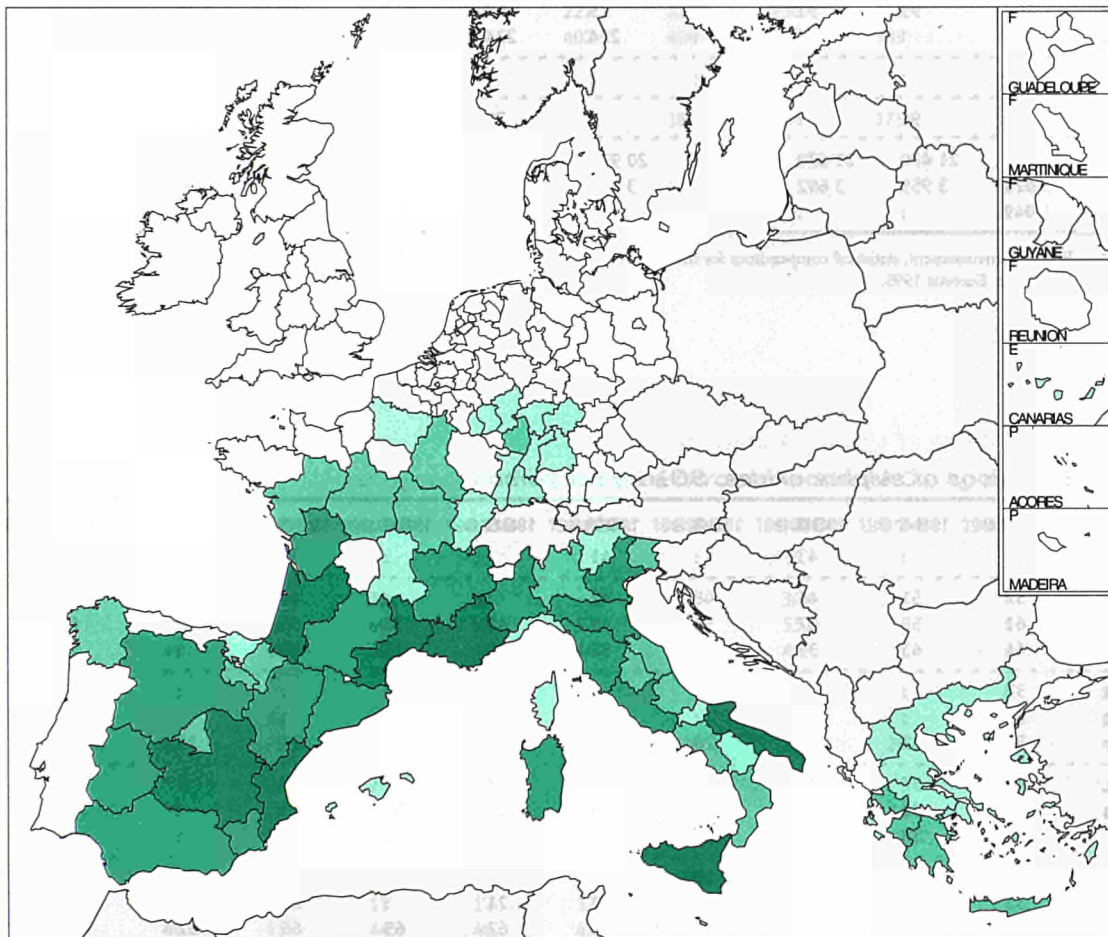
<i>Olive plantations</i>			% of total national land under permanent crops			% of EUR12 area with olives				
1000 ha										
	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	1983	1988	1992	
EUR12	4 323	4 263	:	35.9	:	:	100.0	100.0	:	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DK
D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D
GR	643	678	:	62.5	:	:	14.9	15.9	:	GR
E	2 091	2 087	2 141	41.7	42.8	:	48.4	49.0	:	E
F	19	16	15	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.4	0.4	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	1 254	1 165	1 140	36.0	34.6	:	29.0	27.3	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NL
P	317	317	317	36.6	36.6	36.6	7.3	7.4	:	P
UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Areas under vines have decreased slightly and production has fallen partly as a result. Areas with olive trees have been relatively stable

and production has varied, influenced by changes in average yearly yields. Spain and Italy are the EU's biggest producers.

Vineyards. 1000 ha, 1991



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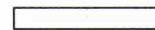
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Emissions of sulphur oxides, SO₂, 1000 t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	15 400	:	13 800	:	13 100	:	:	11 600	:	:	:	EUR12
B	560	500	452	474	414	:	:	420	:	:	:	B
DK	312	296	341	279	251	244	193	181	:	:	:	DK
D	2 690	2 603	2 396	2 263	1 933	1 237	961	939	:	:	:	D
GR	360	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	2 543	:	2 192	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	2 074	1 815	1 451	1 331	1 261	1 146	1 281	1 200	1 314	:	:	F
IRL	140	129	135	163	173	152	:	187	:	:	:	IRL
I	2 233	2 240	2 241	2 205	2 221	2 190	1 988	:	:	:	:	I
L	14	14	17	14	14	12	12	10	:	:	:	L
NL	321	297	259	262	260	252	210	208	204	:	:	NL
P	305	:	199	234	218	205	:	211	:	:	:	P
UK	3 861	3 719	3 724	3 895	3 898	3 811	3 719	3 780	3 565	:	:	UK
A	242	:	195	:	152	122	93	90	84	:	:	A
FIN	372	368	382	331	328	302	244	260	194	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	7	7	7	7	7	8	7	:	:	IS
N	103	95	91	75	75	67	60	54	46	:	:	N
S	299	:	261	:	224	224	156	128	106	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	95	:	:	:	72	68	63	61	:	:	CH
USA	20 620	21 470	21 670	21 150	20 970	21 300	21 510	21 060	20 730	:	:	USA
CDN	3 625	3 955	3 692	3 627	3 762	3 838	3 695	3 323	3 306	:	:	CDN
J	1 049	:	:	835	:	:	876	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Emissions of sulphur oxides, SO₂, kg per person

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	48	:	43	:	41	:	:	35	:	:	:	EUR12
B	57	51	46	48	42	:	:	42	:	:	:	B
DK	61	58	67	54	49	48	38	35	:	:	:	DK
D	44	43	39	37	32	20	15	15	:	:	:	D
GR	37	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	67	:	57	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	38	33	26	24	23	21	23	21	23	:	:	F
IRL	40	37	38	46	49	43	:	53	:	:	:	IRL
I	39	39	39	39	39	38	35	:	:	:	:	I
L	38	38	46	38	38	32	32	26	:	:	:	L
NL	22	21	18	18	18	17	14	14	14	:	:	NL
P	31	:	20	24	22	21	:	21	:	:	:	P
UK	68	66	66	69	68	67	65	66	62	:	:	UK
A	32	:	26	:	20	16	12	12	11	:	:	A
FIN	77	75	78	67	67	61	49	52	39	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	29	29	28	28	28	31	27	:	:	IS
N	25	23	22	18	18	16	14	13	11	:	:	N
S	36	:	31	:	27	27	18	15	12	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	15	:	:	:	11	10	9	9	:	:	CH
USA	88	91	91	88	86	86	86	84	82	:	:	USA
CDN	146	158	147	143	147	148	141	125	122	:	:	CDN
J	9	:	:	7	:	:	7	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Emissions of nitrogen oxides, NO₂, 1000 t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	10 700	:	10 700	:	11 200	:	:	11 600	:	:	:	EUR12
B	271	:	281	292	297	:	:	300	:	:	:	B
DK	218	225	296	308	303	291	269	283	:	:	:	DK
D	2 878	2 936	2 928	2 979	2 902	2 832	2 688	2 605	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	150	:	:	:	GR
E	936	:	849	874	915	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	1 497	1 470	1 400	1 396	1 408	1 447	1 488	1 487	1 507	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	91	100	115	122	:	128	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	1 529	1 630	1 704	1 793	1 873	1 996	:	:	:	:	I
L	22	:	22	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	546	562	564	576	587	588	570	552	550	:	:	NL
P	192	:	96	110	116	122	:	142	:	:	:	P
UK	2 277	2 281	2 392	2 481	2 603	2 683	2 764	2 779	2 747	:	:	UK
A	241	:	245	:	234	226	221	222	216	:	:	A
FIN	236	233	252	256	270	276	284	290	286	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	21	23	26	26	28	28	27	:	:	IS
N	:	:	216	229	235	227	229	230	218	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	434	402	404	396	389	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	214	:	:	:	194	189	184	175	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

 Emissions of nitrogen oxides, NO₂, kg per person

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	33	:	33	:	35	:	:	35	:	:	:	EUR12
B	27	:	29	30	30	:	:	30	:	:	:	B
DK	43	44	58	60	59	57	52	55	:	:	:	DK
D	47	48	48	49	48	46	43	41	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	15	:	:	:	GR
E	25	:	22	23	24	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	27	27	25	25	25	26	26	26	26	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	26	28	32	34	:	37	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	27	29	30	31	33	35	:	:	:	:	I
L	60	:	60	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	38	39	39	40	40	40	38	37	36	:	:	NL
P	19	:	10	11	12	12	:	14	:	:	:	P
UK	40	40	42	44	46	47	48	48	48	:	:	UK
A	32	:	32	:	31	30	29	29	28	:	:	A
FIN	49	48	51	52	55	56	57	58	57	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	87	95	106	104	111	110	104	:	:	IS
N	:	:	52	55	56	54	54	54	51	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	52	48	48	46	45	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	33	:	:	:	29	28	27	26	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Emissions of volatile organic compounds

	1000 t of HC					Kg HC per person					
	1983	1985	1990	1991	1992	1983	1985	1990	1991	1992	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	:	146	174	:	:	:	28.5	33.8	:	:	DK
D	2 436	2 624	2 545	:	:	39.7	43.0	40.2	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	785	:	:	:	:	20.4	:	:	:	E
F	:	1 877	:	:	:	:	34.0	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	91	97	:	:	:	25.7	27.7	:	:	IRL
I	:	1 771	:	:	:	:	31.0	:	:	:	I
L	:	20	:	:	:	:	54.5	:	:	:	L
NL	534	514	464	447	:	37.2	35.5	31.0	29.7	:	NL
P	107	134	:	:	:	10.8	13.5	:	:	:	P
UK	2 459	2 497	2 600	2 596	:	43.6	44.1	45.3	45.0	:	UK
A	391	412	430	419	:	51.8	54.5	55.7	53.6	:	A
FIN	:	181	229	:	:	:	36.9	45.9	:	:	FIN
IS	:	6	8	10	:	:	24.9	31.4	38.5	:	IS
N	:	215	249	253	:	:	51.8	58.7	59.4	:	N
S	:	446	:	:	:	:	53.4	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	297	290	:	:	:	43.7	42.7	:	CH
USA	20 260	19 800	17 580	16 880	:	86.3	82.7	69.9	66.8	:	USA
CDN	:	2 315	2 556	:	:	:	91.9	96.0	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

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Emissions of carbon monoxide

	1000 t of CO					Kg of CO per person					
	1983	1985	1990	1991	1992	1983	1985	1990	1991	1992	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	9 294	8 894	8 177	:	:	151	146	129	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	1 822	:	:	:	:	48	:	:	:	:	E
F	8 648	8 399	7 580	7 338	:	158	152	134	129	:	F
IRL	472	456	454	:	:	135	129	130	:	:	IRL
I	:	6 919	:	:	:	:	121	:	:	:	I
L	:	240	:	:	:	:	654	:	:	:	L
NL	1 350	1 304	1 040	993	:	94	90	70	66	:	NL
P	267	:	:	:	:	27	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5 215	5 554	6 701	6 735	:	93	98	117	117	:	UK
A	1 561	1 648	1 573	1 503	:	207	218	204	192	:	A
FIN	:	:	484	:	:	:	:	97	:	:	FIN
IS	:	33	44	45	:	:	137	173	173	:	IS
N	:	958	951	909	:	:	231	224	213	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	431	406	:	:	:	63	60	:	CH
USA	92 310	83 120	67 740	62 100	:	393	347	269	246	:	USA
CDN	:	10 781	:	:	:	:	428	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

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Emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) include all hydrocarbons and hydrocarbons where hydrogen atoms are partly or fully replaced by other atoms. Methane (CH₄) might be included, whereas CO and CO₂ as well as CFCs should be calculated separately. VOC emissions from industrial processes, solvent use and fuel combustion in motor vehicles are particularly important, but the reliability of such estimates is generally low. Comparability between national estimates is also adversely affected by uncertainty about inclusion of methane emissions. Greenhouse gases (GHGs) are emissions from many sources;

they may include some volatile compounds. The main GHGs are CO₂ and CH₄. Methane emissions are emitted in very large amount to the atmosphere from natural gas distribution networks, decomposition of organic materials (from waste disposal sites) and agricultural activities. As all statistics on air pollutant emissions are based on complex estimation and modelling procedures, the results are, of course, subject to several sources of error; and even emission trends for a single country may not be quite reliable because statistics have improved over time.

 Emissions of carbon dioxide, million t of CO₂

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	2589	2586	2632	2647	2678	2675	2714	3027	3046	3002	2929	EUR12
B	104	106	104	104	106	108	110	111	116	116	109	B
DK	52	54	64	64	64	61	55	52	61	56	58	DK
D	719	733	732	734	726	723	705	993	954	925	916	D
GR	52	53	58	59	64	67	73	73	73	74	73	GR
E	193	184	184	182	184	188	204	209	224	234	224	E
F	392	380	378	364	362	354	370	367	382	375	356	F
IRL	23	24	26	28	29	29	30	31	32	31	30	IRL
I	342	347	351	355	378	375	397	402	401	392	391	I
L	11	11	12	12	11	12	12	12	13	13	13	L
NL	136	144	145	150	152	152	152	157	161	162	160	NL
P	28	27	26	28	30	31	39	40	42	46	44	P
UK	538	523	553	570	576	579	572	579	589	579	556	UK
A	52	55	55	55	56	53	55	59	63	60	:	A
FIN	45	46	53	56	62	56	57	55	57	56	:	FIN
IS	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	:	IS
N	28	29	30	35	32	30	33	32	32	32	:	N
S	60	59	65	64	62	62	59	56	56	57	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	41	41	41	44	42	42	41	44	45	47	:	CH
USA	4515	4669	4732	4704	4878	5062	5135	5038	5035	5188	:	USA
CDN	391	411	406	403	418	441	461	437	435	457	:	CDN
J	874	932	912	905	889	983	1013	1060	1079	1125	:	J

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*Consumption of nitrogen fertilizers,
kg per sq km of arable land*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	14 453	14 761	15 147	15 667	15 569	15 609	15 602	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B/L	25 014	24 865	24 482	24 944	24 875	24 716	24 053	22 600	21 138	20 023	:	B/L
DK	16 117	15 156	14 690	14 709	14 143	14 629	15 671	15 360	13 339	12 079	:	DK
D	28 671	29 777	31 605	31 574	32 709	33 271	30 985	14 936	14 880	14 649	:	D
GR	14 312	14 643	15 448	14 774	13 115	13 990	14 554	14 583	13 959	11 145	:	GR
E	5 185	5 858	6 179	6 826	7 376	7 509	7 152	6 933	6 545	5 033	:	E
F	13 326	13 317	13 631	14 479	14 276	14 831	15 055	14 037	14 436	12 094	:	F
IRL	30 600	29 810	28 545	32 298	32 536	33 916	37 850	37 871	47 480	:	:	IRL
I	10 689	11 226	11 629	11 153	11 602	10 255	9 278	:	:	:	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	57 420	59 945	58 101	57 727	51 369	50 797	45 666	42 999	40 704	:	:	NL
P	4 325	4 240	4 721	5 155	5 265	5 385	6 200	6 398	4 646	4 611	:	P
UK	23 179	22 803	22 397	24 036	22 227	21 324	23 715	23 145	20 830	20 263	:	UK
A	10 598	11 149	11 400	9 574	10 168	9 663	9 293	9 467	9 135	8 635	:	A
FIN	8 301	8 039	8 389	9 112	8 900	8 171	9 439	8 126	6 595	6 789	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	12 992	13 251	12 506	12 624	13 072	12 597	12 517	12 731	12 436	12 378	:	N
S	8 767	8 633	8 417	8 284	8 355	8 370	7 762	7 442	6 631	6 900	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	17 238	18 082	18 389	18 184	18 568	18 312	17 980	16 215	16 113	15 657	:	CH
USA	5 359	5 553	5 037	4 933	5 134	5 174	5 410	5 513	5 590	5 547	:	USA
CDN	2 516	2 730	2 666	2 492	2 527	2 528	2 609	2 524	2 755	2 802	:	CDN
J	16 541	16 517	16 156	16 524	15 997	15 348	15 446	14 851	14 031	14 075	:	J

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*Consumption of phosphate fertilizers,
kg per sq km of arable land*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	7 410	7 265	7 052	7 032	7 117	7 157	7 080	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B/L	12 331	11 695	11 425	11 139	10 875	10 971	10 922	9 478	7 549	6 481	:	B/L
DK	4 567	4 238	4 060	4 133	3 680	3 570	3 710	3 446	2 744	2 431	:	DK
D	14 913	14 568	14 589	14 301	13 813	13 681	13 072	5 087	4 490	4 273	:	D
GR	5 976	6 172	6 179	6 207	5 802	6 032	6 454	6 402	6 017	4 513	:	GR
E	2 555	2 787	2 967	3 171	3 453	3 485	3 606	3 483	3 288	2 555	:	E
F	9 646	9 004	8 299	8 034	7 844	8 312	8 455	7 599	7 041	5 778	:	F
IRL	14 007	13 671	12 102	14 087	13 589	14 383	14 550	14 176	18 064	:	:	IRL
I	7 321	7 591	7 633	7 365	8 709	7 941	6 818	:	:	:	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	10 391	10 581	9 458	10 033	8 923	9 616	8 427	8 159	8 251	7 935	:	NL
P	2 312	2 113	2 395	2 715	2 887	3 066	3 458	3 423	2 595	2 650	:	P
UK	6 863	6 769	6 271	6 415	6 340	6 316	6 416	5 767	5 662	5 623	:	UK
A	6 577	6 581	6 250	5 268	5 567	5 372	5 099	5 189	4 983	4 526	:	A
FIN	6 597	6 496	6 427	6 653	6 480	5 759	5 833	4 603	3 011	3 265	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	7 055	6 573	6 282	6 076	5 213	4 554	4 150	4 028	3 804	3 559	:	N
S	3 805	3 454	2 926	2 710	2 643	2 413	2 444	2 032	1 649	1 662	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	10 946	11 228	10 691	9 974	10 332	10 230	10 077	9 795	9 463	9 091	:	CH
USA	2 368	2 250	2 019	1 937	2 016	2 011	2 122	2 052	2 060	2 177	:	USA
CDN	1 550	1 583	1 531	1 363	1 382	1 338	1 328	1 261	1 302	1 317	:	CDN
J	18 051	18 412	17 605	17 954	18 317	17 410	17 542	16 744	16 989	17 200	:	J

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Consumption of all commercial fertilizers,
kg per sq km of arable land

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	626 186	625 261	614 775	632 138	611 930	624 829	626 515	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B/L	56 005	52 117	52 857	53 229	52 125	52 333	51 515	46 659	42 044	38 484	:	B/L
DK	26 704	25 098	24 359	24 772	23 345	23 826	25 464	24 629	20 946	19 300	:	DK
D	63 484	65 661	66 687	66 746	66 235	67 225	63 129	27 332	25 677	24 791	:	D
GR	21 925	22 604	23 515	23 079	20 767	22 156	23 510	23 423	22 274	17 470	:	GR
E	9 342	10 471	11 143	11 916	12 986	13 456	13 230	12 885	12 333	10 095	:	E
F	33 504	32 938	32 237	33 100	32 483	34 161	34 541	32 011	31 260	25 441	:	F
IRL	62 585	61 257	56 443	65 085	64 105	67 114	70 630	70 860	89 164	:	:	IRL
I	22 153	22 869	23 182	22 750	25 532	23 218	20 331	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	81 909	85 405	81 484	79 775	71 259	72 091	64 981	61 588	59 296	59 022	:	NL
P	7 739	7 454	8 286	9 270	9 725	10 134	11 684	11 867	8 641	8 878	:	P
UK	37 889	37 379	36 052	38 349	36 205	35 239	38 000	35 969	33 221	32 304	:	UK
A	26 567	27 017	26 828	21 977	23 237	22 102	21 095	21 248	20 561	18 593	:	A
FIN	21 213	20 816	21 036	22 115	21 645	19 389	21 016	17 409	13 130	13 634	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	29 835	29 450	27 762	26 686	26 640	24 920	24 093	23 125	23 294	22 758	:	N
S	16 365	15 563	14 355	13 946	13 875	13 288	12 708	11 538	10 466	10 766	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	45 269	46 010	45 959	44 297	45 371	45 422	45 294	42 941	40 665	39 394	:	CH
USA	10 528	10 486	9 496	9 206	9 579	9 547	10 073	10 007	10 113	10 220	:	USA
CDN	4 871	5 175	5 059	4 703	4 793	4 642	4 721	4 521	4 739	4 802	:	CDN
J	49 504	49 882	48 325	48 951	48 709	46 595	46 699	44 625	43 095	43 898	:	J

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 Estimated amounts of fertilizing elements
obtained from animal excreta, 1000 t

	Nitrogen, N		Phosphate, P ₂ O ₅		Potash, K ₂ O		
	1980	1990	1980	1990	1980	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	297	337	125	144	378	419	B
DK	341	285	148	127	406	326	DK
D	612	625	258	261	762	782	D
GR	204	187	67	59	245	217	GR
E	648	822	250	311	790	972	E
F	2 164	2 003	831	780	2 978	2 730	F
IRL	475	516	173	183	690	744	IRL
I	964	927	388	372	1 241	1 184	I
L	18	:	7	:	25	:	L
NL	564	612	244	273	691	714	NL
P	193	192	75	72	230	236	P
UK	1 328	1 299	497	476	1 786	1 723	UK
A	250	250	102	101	326	328	A
FIN	157	125	62	49	215	169	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	101	101	36	36	137	136	N
S	191	169	78	68	251	222	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	187	169	73	66	254	231	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

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Consumption of insecticides, t. 1985 and 1985 = 100

	1985	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1 315	:	100	101	103	100	:	:	:	:	B
DK	440	100	75	42	43	:	:	33	:	:	DK
D	1 566	100	93	80	76	85	97	:	:	:	D
GR	2 762	:	100	86	99	103	:	:	:	:	GR
E	56 539	:	:	100	94	93	:	:	:	:	E
F	5 483	100	132	119	120	131	141	129	:	:	F
IRL	185	:	:	:	:	:	81	88	:	:	IRL
I	34 401	100	97	29	33	31	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	634	100	88	79	91	118	115	:	:	:	NL
P	2 412	100	81	96	112	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	428	100	117	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	165	100	54	53	112	119	61	42	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	39	100	122	83	92	71	49	:	:	:	N
S	198	100	109	26	52	20	13	10	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	119	:	:	:	212	128	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	102 150	100	93	80	82	67	77	78	:	:	USA
CDN	3 172	100	:	:	86	:	71	:	:	:	CDN
J	45 018	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Consumption of fungicide, t. 1985 and 1985 = 100

	1985	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	2 175	:	100	102	121	121	:	:	:	:	B
DK	2 407	100	77	44	49	:	:	6	:	:	DK
D	8 491	100	102	121	121	127	129	:	:	:	D
GR	2 056	:	100	94	80	94	:	:	:	:	GR
E	23 502	:	:	100	117	123	:	:	:	:	E
F	53 941	100	93	84	92	85	77	103	:	:	F
IRL	210	:	:	:	:	:	219	255	:	:	IRL
I	85 126	100	110	81	77	67	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	4 363	100	82	93	95	93	95	:	:	:	NL
P	15 118	100	76	79	85	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	2 072	100	117	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	110	100	101	91	131	162	148	133	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	138	100	104	80	78	86	111	:	:	:	N
S	871	100	105	59	78	57	74	83	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	1 117	:	:	:	140	100	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	50 394	100	117	135	135	122	131	132	:	:	USA
CDN	2 823	100	:	:	92	:	89	:	:	:	CDN
J	18 622	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

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Use of pesticides is - in principle - recorded as amounts of the active ingredients, except for some countries where the figures refer to the formulation weight, including diluents and adjuvants. Active ingredients are the substances that cause the desired effects on agriculturally harmful fungi, plants or animals. There are important year-to-year variations in pesticide

application, based on weather conditions and other factors. Since the 1980s, inorganic compounds of fungicides with application rates of several tens of kilogrammes per hectare have been replaced by organic compounds, which are more active biologically and have application rates of a few kilogrammes per hectare.

Consumption of herbicides, t. 1985 and 1985 = 100

	1985	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	4 661	:	100	105	111	114	:	:	:	:	B
DK	4 702	100	86	85	85	:	:	30	:	:	DK
D	17 390	100	107	124	125	109	98	:	:	:	D
GR	2 157	:	100	85	103	141	:	:	:	:	GR
E	16 450	:	:	100	116	124	:	:	:	:	E
F	32 827	100	108	104	110	116	114	103	:	:	F
IRL	1 050	:	:	:	:	:	94	104	:	:	IRL
I	28 525	100	104	37	38	37	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	3 977	100	95	98	92	84	87	:	:	:	NL
P	4 284	100	107	112	117	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	2 648	100	115	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	1 641	100	93	97	87	105	96	84	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1 236	100	96	86	74	69	78	:	:	:	N
S	3 815	100	116	46	53	49	122	28	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	821	:	:	:	70	113	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	238 350	100	95	96	97	99	98	94	:	:	USA
CDN	30 181	100	:	:	92	:	88	:	:	:	CDN
J	19 416	100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

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	Municipal waste, kg per person				Municipal waste, increase per person. %			
	1975	1980	1985	1990	1975-80	80-85	85-90	
EUR12	280	290	300	:	3.6	3.4	:	EUR12
B	296	313	:	343	5.7	:	:	B
DK	:	399	475	:	:	19.0	:	DK
D	333	348	317	333	4.6	-8.9	5.2	D
GR	:	259	304	296	:	17.4	-2.8	GR
E	226	270	260	322	19.5	-3.7	23.8	E
F	271	289	294	360	6.7	1.7	22.4	F
IRL	175	188	312	:	7.7	65.6	:	IRL
I	257	252	265	348	-2.0	5.2	30.9	I
L	330	351	357	445	6.2	1.8	24.7	L
NL	:	498	435	497	:	-12.6	14.2	NL
P	:	213	247	257	:	16.1	4.0	P
UK	324	312	341	348	-3.6	9.0	2.3	UK
A	185	222	229	620	19.5	3.2	170.7	A
FIN	:	:	510	624	:	:	22.5	FIN
IS	:	:	:	314	:	:	:	IS
N	424	416	474	472	-1.9	14.0	-0.6	N
S	293	302	317	374	3.1	5.1	17.8	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	297	351	383	441	18.2	9.1	15.4	CH
USA	538	603	623	721	12.1	3.3	15.7	USA
CDN	:	524	:	601	:	:	:	CDN
J	378	376	344	411	-0.5	-8.6	19.6	J

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Recovery rates. %

	Paper and cardboard				Glass				
	1975	1980	1985	1990	1975	1980	1985	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	8.7	14.7	:	:	:	33.0	42.0	55.0	B
DK	28.4	25.6	31.3	35.4	:	8.0	48.3	60.4	DK
D	34.8	33.0	39.8	39.6	8.0	20.0	36.0	45.0	D
GR	:	:	:	30.0	:	:	:	15.0	GR
E	:	38.1	56.7	51.0	:	:	13.1	27.0	E
F	31.7	37.0	41.3	45.7	:	20.0	26.0	28.5	F
IRL	22.0	3.5	:	3.0	:	8.0	7.0	23.0	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	20.0	25.0	48.0	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	43.8	45.5	50.3	50.3	2.5	17.4	48.8	66.7	NL
P	40.7	38.0	38.4	39.1	:	:	10.0	30.0	P
UK	28.0	29.0	27.0	31.0	:	5.0	12.0	21.0	UK
A	:	30.0	36.8	:	:	20.0	38.0	60.0	A
FIN	29.0	35.1	39.1	40.8	:	10.0	21.0	35.7	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	23.8	21.9	21.1	26.0	:	:	:	:	N
S	30.0	34.0	40.0	42.9	:	:	20.0	44.0	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	38.0	:	49.4	:	36.0	46.0	64.7	CH
USA	19.1	21.8	21.3	28.6	3.0	5.3	7.6	19.9	USA
CDN	:	18.0	18.0	20.0	:	12.0	12.0	:	CDN
J	39.6	48.1	49.6	:	:	35.3	47.2	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's Environment, statistical compendium for the Dobbris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Waste generation and recovery varies markedly between countries; this may reflect different economic factors as well as different definitions. However, the strong upward trend in municipal waste generation is a consistent feature of the statistics for almost all countries. Most municipal waste is disposed of by landfill,

although incineration is increasing in most countries. Also, data on recycling provide evidence of a general upward trend. Data on glass recycling are based on recycling by glass manufacturers and do not include re-use of returnable glass containers.

Waste generation by sector. 1000 t. 1990

	Agriculture	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Energy production	Municipal	Other sectors	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	27 000	1 069	3 410	2 830	B
DK	:	:	2 304	1 532	2 430	:	DK
D	:	19 296	81 906	29 598	27 958	:	D
GR	90	3 900	4 304	7 680	3 000	:	GR
E	112 102	70 000	13 800	:	12 546	:	E
F	400 000	100 000	50 000	:	20 320	9 800	F
IRL	22 000	1 930	1 580	130	1 100	860	IRL
I	:	:	34 710	:	20 033	:	I
L	:	:	1 300	:	170	:	L
NL	19 210	391	7 665	1 553	7 430	:	NL
P	:	202	662	165	2 538	15	P
UK	80 000	107 000	56 000	13 000	20 000	15 400	UK
A	880	21	31 801	1 150	4 783	:	A
FIN	23 000	21 650	10 160	950	3 100	150	FIN
IS	:	:	135	:	80	:	IS
N	18 000	9 000	2 000	:	2 000	:	N
S	21 000	28 000	13 000	625	3 200	3 850	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	1 000	:	3 000	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

Gross domestic product at market prices; 1985 prices and exchange rates. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3 202	3 278	3 359	3 456	3 553	3 701	3 827	3 941	4 085	4 130	4 118	EUR12
B	103	105	106	107	109	115	119	122	125	128	125	B
DK	70	74	77	80	80	81	81	82	83	84	85	DK
D	780	802	819	838	851	882	914	966	1 094	1 118	1 105	D
GR	50	51	52	53	53	55	58	57	59	59	59	GR
E	210	213	218	225	238	250	262	272	278	280	277	E
F	669	679	692	708	724	754	783	802	806	816	80	F
IRL	23	24	25	26	27	28	31	33	34	36	37	IRL
I	531	546	560	576	594	618	637	650	658	663	658	I
L	4	4	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	L
NL	160	165	169	174	176	181	189	197	201	204	205	NL
P	31	30	31	32	34	36	38	40	41	40	41	P
UK	570	584	605	631	661	694	709	712	698	695	709	UK
A	83	84	86	87	89	92	96	100	103	105	105	A
FIN	66	68	71	72	75	79	83	83	78	75	73	FIN
IS	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	:	:	:	IS
N	69	73	77	80	82	81	82	83	84	:	89	N
S	125	130	133	136	140	143	147	149	147	145	141	S
EEA	3 549	3 637	3 729	3 836	3 943	4 102	4 239	4 360	4 500	455	4 528	EEA
CH	116	118	123	126	129	133	138	141	141	141	141	CH
USA	4 784	5 103	5 264	5 410	5 577	5 797	5 955	6 028	6 001	6 150	6 359	USA
CDN	409	435	455	470	490	514	526	525	516	520	:	CDN
J	1 621	1 690	1 775	1 821	1 896	2 014	2 109	2 210	2 304	2 331	2 332	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: aggregates, 1970-93. Eurostat.

Gross domestic product at market prices; 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

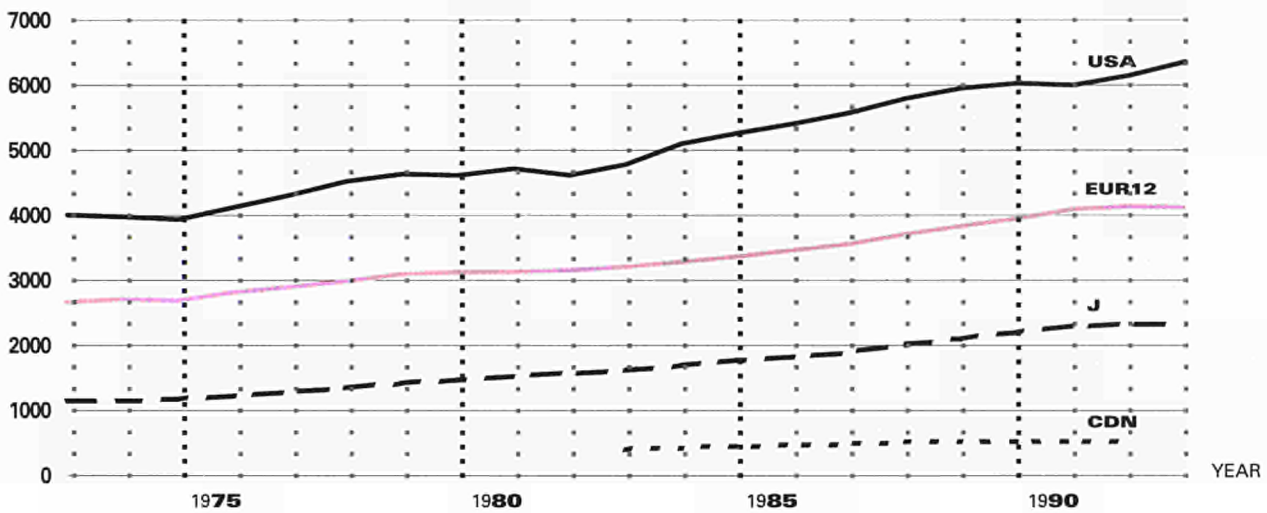
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	95.3	97.6	100.0	102.9	105.8	110.2	113.9	117.3	121.6	123.0	122.6	EUR12
B	97.0	99.2	100.0	101.4	103.4	108.4	112.2	115.9	118.5	120.7	118.6	B
DK	91.9	95.9	100.0	103.7	104.0	105.2	105.8	107.3	108.3	109.7	111.0	DK
D	95.3	98.0	100.0	102.3	103.9	107.7	111.6	118.0	133.6	136.5	135.0	D
GR	94.4	97.0	100.0	101.6	101.2	105.6	109.9	108.8	112.3	113.3	112.7	GR
E	96.1	97.5	100.0	103.2	109.0	114.7	120.1	124.6	127.4	128.3	126.8	E
F	96.8	98.2	100.0	102.4	104.6	109.1	113.2	115.9	116.6	118.0	116.8	F
IRL	93.0	97.0	100.0	103.9	108.7	113.3	121.7	132.1	135.9	142.7	148.4	IRL
I	94.9	97.5	100.0	102.9	106.2	110.5	113.7	116.1	117.5	118.4	117.6	I
L	83.9	89.2	100.0	106.4	110.6	117.9	128.5	135.3	140.6	144.8	150.7	L
NL	94.5	97.5	100.0	102.8	104.0	106.7	111.7	116.3	118.9	120.4	120.8	NL
P	101.5	98.0	100.0	105.0	110.8	118.6	123.9	129.2	131.8	130.4	133.9	P
UK	94.2	96.6	100.0	104.4	109.4	114.8	117.3	117.8	115.5	114.9	117.2	UK
A	96.3	97.6	100.0	101.2	102.9	107.0	111.1	115.9	119.3	121.5	121.4	A
FIN	93.9	96.7	100.0	102.4	106.6	111.8	118.1	118.2	109.8	105.8	103.7	FIN
IS	92.9	96.9	100.0	106.3	115.5	115.2	115.7	116.8	:	:	:	IS
N	89.8	95.0	100.0	104.2	106.3	105.7	106.4	108.1	109.8	113.0	116.2	N
S	94.3	98.1	100.0	102.3	105.5	107.9	110.5	112.0	110.7	109.1	106.3	S
EEA	95.2	97.5	100.0	102.9	105.8	110.0	113.7	116.9	120.7	122.2	121.4	EEA
CH	94.7	96.4	100.0	102.9	105.0	108.0	112.2	114.7	114.7	114.7	114.6	CH
USA	90.9	97.0	100.0	102.8	106.0	110.1	113.1	114.5	114.0	116.8	120.8	USA
CDN	99.8	95.5	100.0	103.3	107.5	112.9	115.6	115.3	113.4	114.2	116.9	CDN
J	91.4	95.3	100.0	102.6	106.8	113.5	118.8	124.6	129.9	131.3	131.4	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: aggregates, 1970-93. Eurostat.

Gross domestic product at market prices (GDP mp) represents the final result of the production activity of resident producer units. It corresponds to the economy's total output of goods and services, less intermediate consumption. Measured in market prices, it includes VAT on production and net taxes on imports. GDP is also measured in constant prices to avoid the effect of

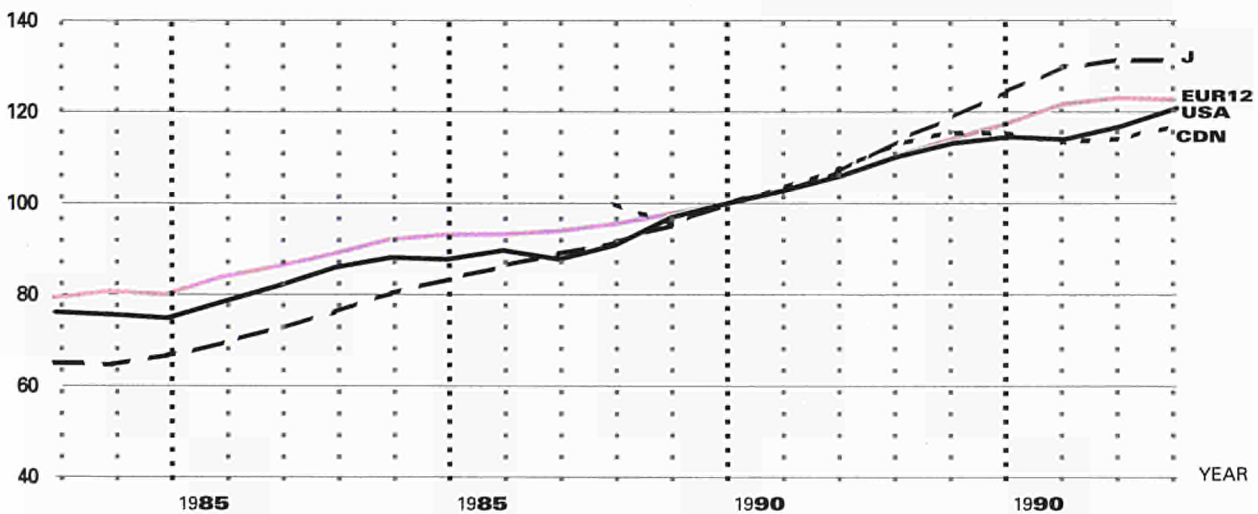
increases (or decreases) caused by rising (or declining) prices and also converted from national currency into the European currency unit (ECU) to compare the gross domestic product of different countries. Economic growth is usually measured as the increase in gross domestic product at constant prices.

Gross domestic product at market prices; 1985 prices and exchange rates. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Gross domestic product at market prices; 1985 prices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Gross domestic product at market prices in purchasing power parities. EUR12 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	B
DK	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	DK
D	22.5	22.6	22.5	22.4	22.1	21.9	22.0	22.5	24.6	25.2	25.2	D
GR	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	GR
E	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9	9.0	8.7	8.7	E
F	19.6	19.5	19.4	19.3	19.1	19.1	19.2	19.1	18.7	18.4	18.1	F
IRL	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	IRL
I	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.6	17.4	17.1	I
L	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	L
NL	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	NL
P	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	P
UK	17.3	17.3	17.5	17.7	18.0	18.1	17.9	17.5	16.3	16.3	16.5	UK
A	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	A
FIN	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.3	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.5	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	106.7	108.7	108.1	107.5	106.3	101.3	103.7	106.5	USA
CDN	:	:	:	11.0	11.2	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.0	9.9	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	38.6	39.8	40.6	40.9	42.1	42.2	42.6	43.1	J

FURTHER READING Comparison in real terms of the aggregates of ESA, results for 1989 and 1990. Eurostat.

These figures are adjusted by Eurostat. D, EUR12: from 1991, data refer to Germany as constituted after 3.10.1990.

Gross domestic product at market prices in purchasing power parities per person. PPS

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	9 039	9 742	10 446	11 072	11 632	12 589	13 642	14 592	15 108	15 753	15 835	EUR12
B	9 558	10 316	10 886	11 377	11 869	12 948	14 092	15 188	16 205	17 299	17 946	B
DK	9 816	10 831	11 826	12 636	12 964	13 656	14 431	15 302	16 465	16 699	17 815	DK
D	10 611	11 541	12 397	13 082	13 579	14 577	15 720	17 046	16 071	17 080	17 147	D
GR	5 502	5 944	6 396	6 690	6 806	7 390	8 204	8 433	9 043	9 613	9 998	GR
E	6 423	6 855	7 337	7 796	8 403	9 190	10 099	10 936	11 993	12 161	12 330	E
F	10 399	11 103	11 800	12 417	12 946	13 982	15 191	16 204	17 238	17 676	17 434	F
IRL	5 490	6 007	6 468	6 918	7 410	8 055	9 145	10 401	11 292	12 246	12 826	IRL
I	9 211	9 962	10 682	11 334	11 947	12 928	13 967	14 902	15 916	16 469	16 228	I
L	10 490	11 536	13 624	15 248	15 479	17 259	19 973	21 624	23 250	24 583	25 422	L
NL	9 384	10 159	10 874	11 467	11 782	12 547	13 717	14 824	15 511	16 057	16 308	NL
P	5 146	5 333	5 732	6 168	6 676	7 382	8 233	8 683	9 705	10 406	10 935	P
UK	8 874	9 573	10 364	11 134	11 895	12 984	13 908	14 565	14 739	15 448	15 717	UK
A	10 948	11 551	12 272	12 667	13 263	14 285	15 382	16 647	17 381	17 102	17 718	A
FIN	10 170	10 813	11 644	12 193	13 051	14 187	15 597	16 203	15 540	13 754	14 387	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	11 479	12 404	13 055	13 652	14 476	15 309	16 252	17 011	16 881	15 696	15 590	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	19 300	20 332	20 912	22 191	22 750	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	14 367	16 286	17 765	18 752	19 099	J

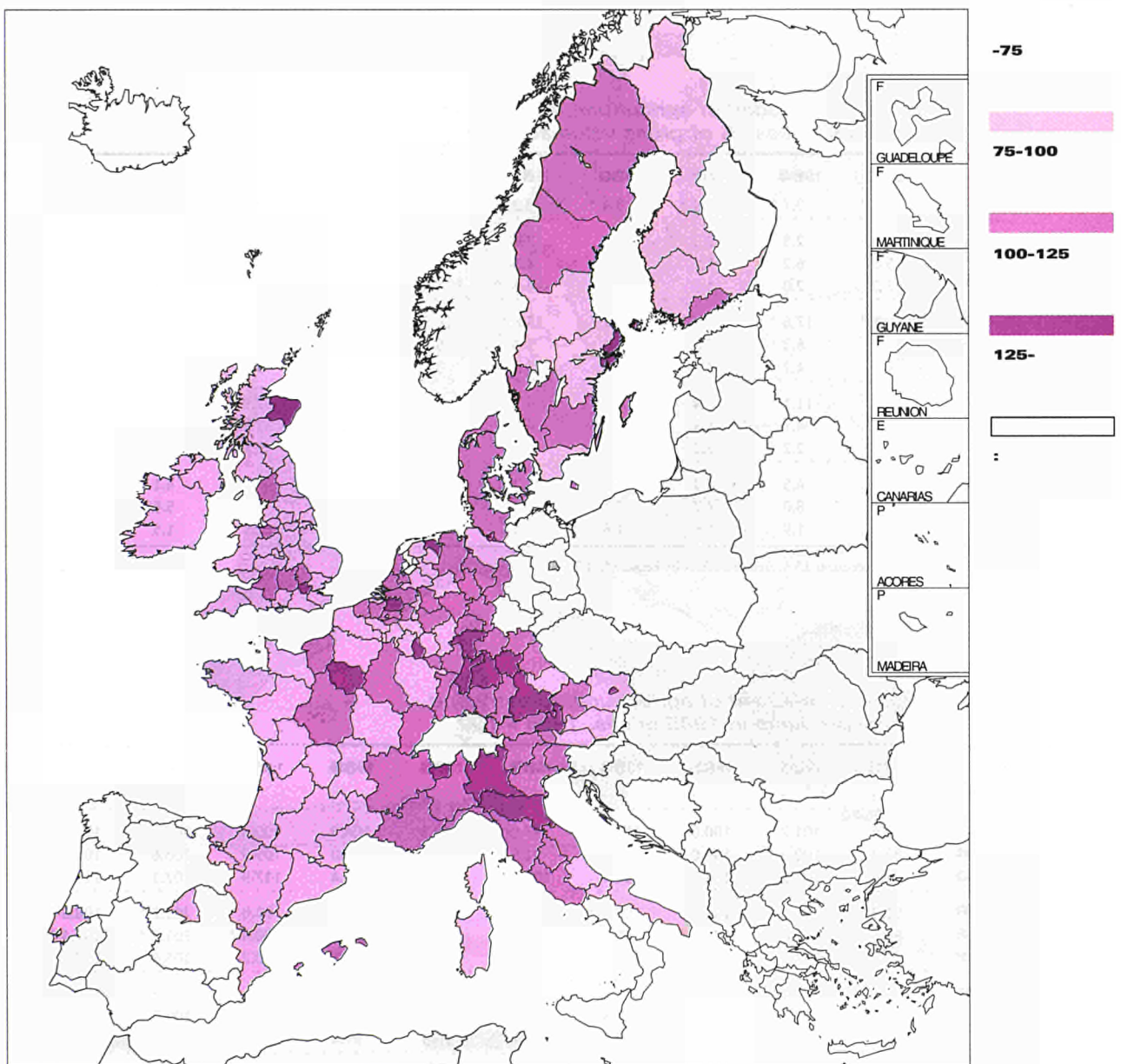
FURTHER READING Comparison in real terms of the aggregates of ESA, results for 1989 and 1990. Eurostat.

These figures are adjusted by Eurostat. D, EUR12: from 1991, data refer to Germany as constituted after 3.10.1990.

Gross domestic product in purchasing power parities is created to enable the comparison of the volumes of goods and services produced by different countries. Gross domestic product converted at current exchange rates do not give a valid comparison of the actual volume of goods and services produced and used in

different countries, because current exchange rates don't reflect the countries' price levels. To eliminate these differences in price, gross domestic product is converted into purchasing power standards (PPS). This is the EU unit of purchasing power parity, based on relative prices and used to make volume comparisons.

Gross domestic product at market prices in purchasing power parities per person. EU = 100. 1992



Gross value-added of agricultural, forestry and fishery products in current prices. % of gross value-added at market prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3.7 *	3.7 *	3.4 *	3.4 *	3.2 *	3.0 *	3.1 *	2.9 *	2.8 *	2.6 *	:	EUR12
B	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.7	:	B
DK	5.6	6.2	5.6	5.2	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.3	4.0	3.5	:	DK
D	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	:	D
GR	16.9 *	17.6 *	17.3 *	16.2 *	15.8 *	16.5 *	16.3 *	15.4 *	16.3 *	17.0 *	:	GR
E	6.0	6.3	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.6	4.3	3.8 *	:	E
F	4.4	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.2	2.9	:	F
IRL	10.8	11.1	9.4	8.4	9.2	9.6	9.3	7.9	7.5	7.6 *	:	IRL
I	5.3	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.4	3.1	:	I
L	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.3	L
NL	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	:	NL
P	7.7	8.0	7.7	7.2	7.4	5.7	6.1	5.8	5.8 *	5.9 *	:	P
UK	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	:	UK

FURTHER READING : National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Gross value-added of agricultural, forestry and fishery products in 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

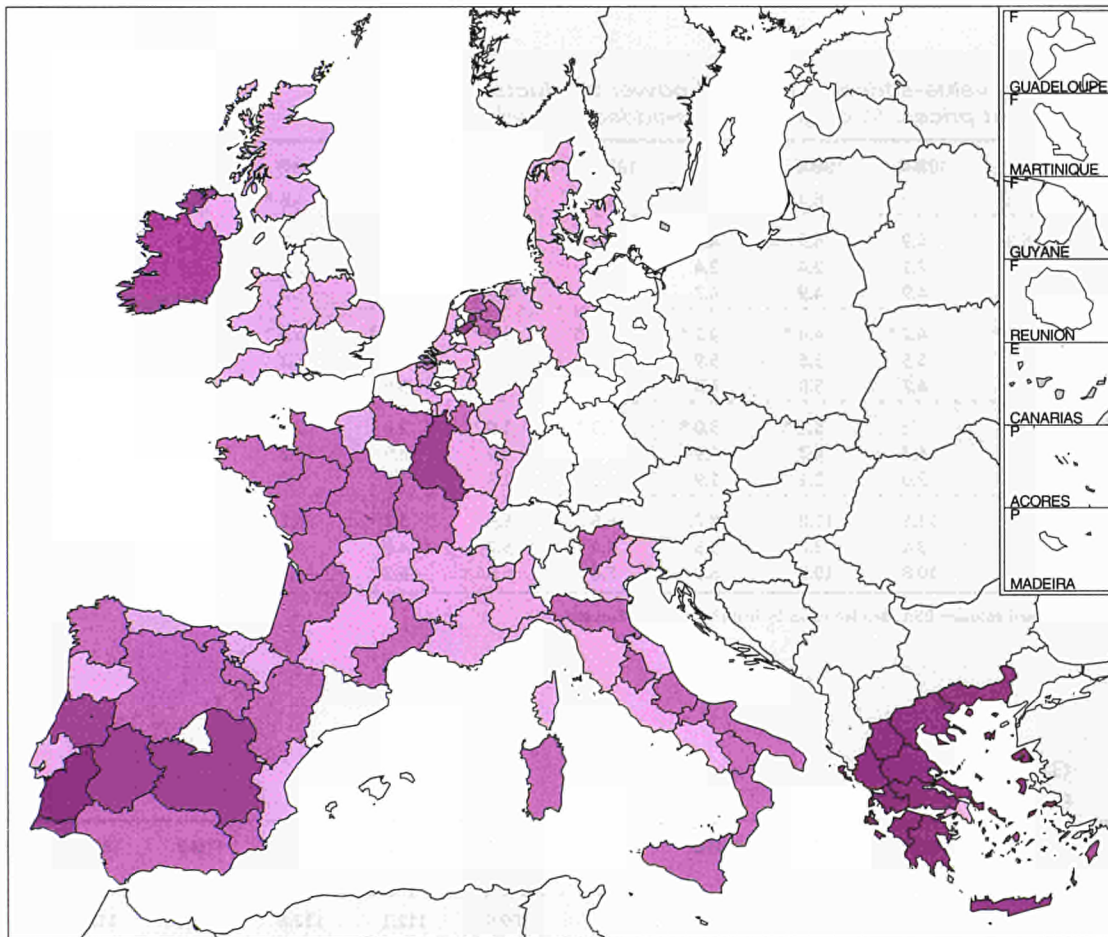
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	92.6	101.2	100.0	104.9	97.0	102.8	104.3	100.4	107.5	121.0	:	B
DK	83.7	100.4	100.0	96.5	91.9	101.1	109.0	109.9	108.6	101.3	:	DK
D	100.9	107.2	100.0	110.4	100.0	107.5	109.4	117.9	107.1	114.6 *	:	D
GR	91.7 *	98.1 *	100.0 *	102.5 *	97.1 *	103.4 *	104.4 *	92.0 *	101.2 *	108.6 *	:	GR
E	89.3 *	97.0 *	100.0 *	90.9 *	101.4 *	105.1 *	98.0 *	100.4 *	101.7 *	102.4 *	:	E
F	91.6	97.6	100.0	100.6	102.5	102.9	105.5	110.2	105.6	118.5	:	F
IRL	:	:	100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	104.3	99.2	100.0	101.9	105.7	102.3	103.5	100.5	108.0	109.4	:	I
L	96.3	101.3	100.0	99.9	94.9	96.5	99.4	99.2	84.0	97.3	93.5	L
NL	96.8 *	102.8 *	100.0	109.3	101.9	106.4	113.8	123.3	126.1 *	128.4 *	:	NL
P	84.9	92.6	100.0	112.5	122.4	95.3	107.5	105.8	108.1 *	:	:	P
UK	87.4	105.6	100.0	100.2	98.1	96.6	101.5	104.9	109.0	111.2	:	UK

FURTHER READING : National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Agricultural, forestry and fishery products is one of 25 branches of the economy according to ESA, the European system of integrated economic accounts (NACE-CLIO R25). Its contribution to the economy is measured by gross value-added at market prices. This is the

difference between the value of actual output, i.e. production, and the value of intermediate consumption. Gross value-added can be recorded exclusive or inclusive of VAT. The EU calculates gross value-added at market prices exclusive of VAT.

Gross value-added of agricultural, forestry and fishery products in current prices. % of regional gross value-added at market prices. 1991



FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Factor cost, 1991, but: B: 1988, market prices; F: 1991, market prices; IRL: 1989; L: 1990; NL: 1990; P: 1990, market prices.

Gross value-added of fuel and power products in current prices. % of gross value-added at market prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	6.2 *	5.5 *	5.1 *	4.8 *	4.7 *	4.6 *	4.8 *	4.7 *	:	EUR12
B	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	:	B
DK	2.6	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.6	:	DK
D	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	:	D
GR	4.2 *	4.2 *	4.4 *	4.2 *	4.5 *	4.2 *	3.9 *	4.2 *	4.1 *	4.0 *	:	GR
E	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.9	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.2	6.1	6.2 *	:	E
F	4.5	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.2	:	F
IRL	:	:	5.1 *	3.0 *	2.3 *	1.9 *	2.0 *	2.2 *	2.5 *	3.1 *	:	IRL
I	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.5	:	I
L	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.2	L
NL	11.0	11.5	11.8	8.7	6.6	5.9	5.7	6.2	6.8	6.4	:	NL
P	2.7	3.4	3.7	5.3	4.4	5.2	4.0	3.0	3.0 *	3.0 *	:	P
UK	11.7	10.8	10.7	8.0	7.6	6.6	6.2	5.7	6.1	5.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Gross value-added of fuel and power products in 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

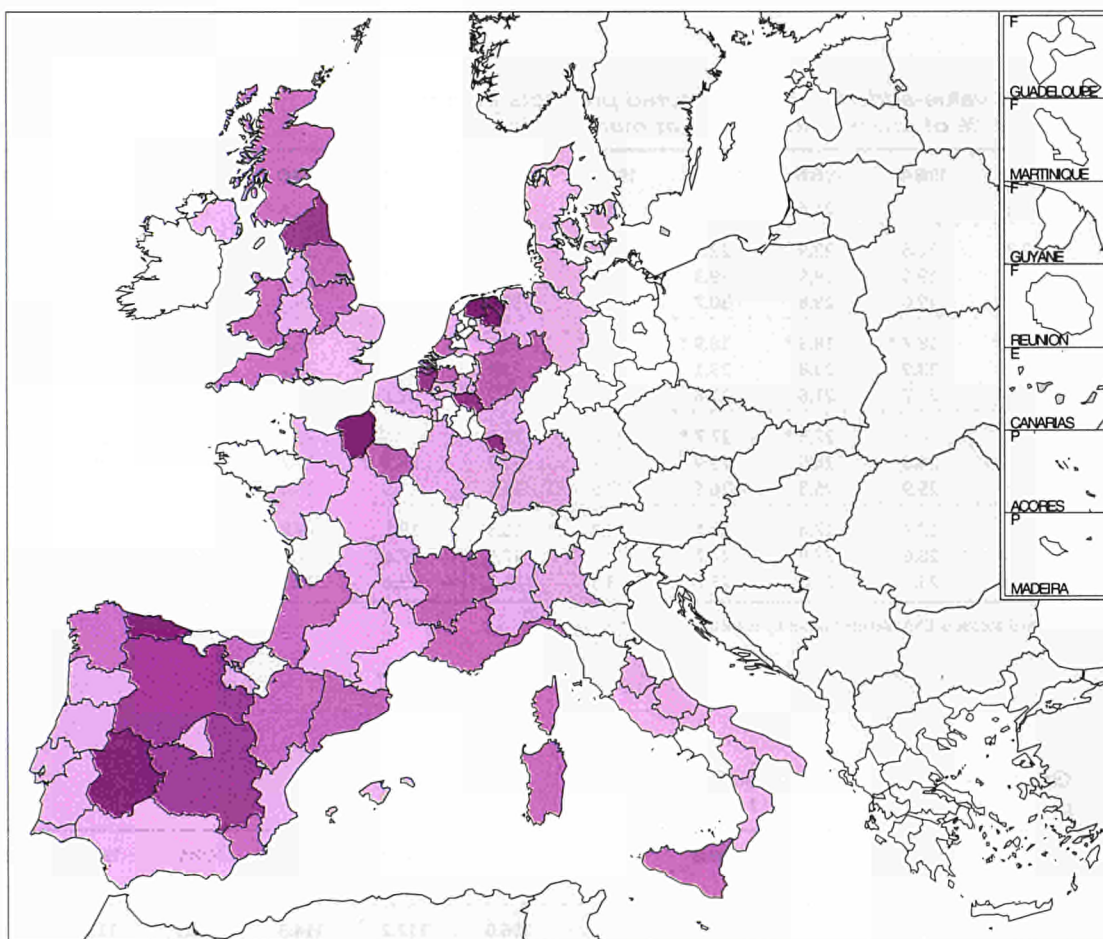
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	101.3	101.0	100.0	98.1	104.4	109.9	112.1	112.4	115.6	118.9	:	B
DK	74.0	77.6	100.0	125.5	142.9	146.5	164.8	171.9	182.8	200.7	:	DK
D	97.4	99.2	100.0	102.5	96.6	97.2	98.0	97.4	97.8	96.7 *	:	D
GR	89.1 *	94.3 *	100.0 *	103.1 *	109.2 *	117.3 *	121.4 *	133.0 *	138.1 *	141.8 *	:	GR
E	95.1 *	99.0 *	100.0 *	108.9 *	109.4 *	115.0 *	117.5 *	120.1 *	121.3 *	122.1 *	:	E
F	98.1	100.8	100.0	100.4	100.6	100.6	97.2	98.4	105.2	106.4	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	100.1	100.5	100.0	105.8	108.0	109.9	112.5	117.2	118.2	119.1	:	I
L	96.4	94.3	100.0	105.2	101.1	104.7	106.5	110.3	114.4	112.4	110.3	L
NL	93.0 *	95.4 *	100.0	97.3	99.6	94.3	98.8	100.4	102.7 *	104.5 *	:	NL
P	84.8	89.2	100.0	188.5	176.3	222.7	222.1	114.1	116.5 *	:	:	P
UK	96.8	88.8	100.0	104.9	105.0	101.0	93.6	92.7	96.4	98.1	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Fuel and power products base their calculation of gross value-added on ESA, like all other ESA branches of activity. In case swere the countries compared below do not

provide the required information, Eurostat produces estimates for missing or non-comparable data. All data estimated by Eurostat are identified by an asterisk.

Gross value-added of fuel and power products in current prices.
% of regional gross value-added at market prices. 1991



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Gross value-added of manufactured products in current prices. % of gross value-added at market prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	24.6 *	24.6 *	24.3 *	24.3 *	24.2 *	23.6 *	22.9 *	22.3 *	:	EUR12
B	22.7	22.6	22.9	22.5	21.8	22.4	22.7	22.4	20.9	20.3	:	B
DK	19.0	19.5	19.5	19.3	18.8	18.8	18.2	18.3	18.3	18.8	:	DK
D	29.1	29.0	29.8	30.7	30.5	30.2	29.9	29.7	29.1	27.8	:	D
GR	18.7 *	18.7 *	18.5 *	18.9 *	17.9 *	17.5 *	17.3 *	16.4 *	16.7 *	17.0 *	:	GR
E	24.2	23.9	23.8	23.1	22.7	22.1	21.6	20.2	20.1	18.7 *	:	E
F	22.3	21.7	21.6	21.4	21.0	21.2	21.2	21.0	20.3	20.0	:	F
IRL	:	:	27.3 *	27.7 *	27.8 *	29.0 *	29.4 *	29.2 *	29.1 *	29.4 *	:	IRL
I	25.0	24.8	24.5	23.9	23.7	23.9	23.9	22.7	21.4	20.4	:	I
L	24.0	25.9	26.3	26.5	23.8	25.6	27.5	25.4	24.0	22.1	21.1	L
NL	17.2	17.7	17.4	18.1	18.2	18.8	19.1	18.8	17.9	17.7	:	NL
P	26.8	28.0	27.9	27.7	27.3	27.5	27.6	27.0	27.0 *	26.5 *	:	P
UK	23.8	23.7	24.0	23.7	23.5	23.2	23.4	22.3	21.8	21.8	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Gross value-added of manufactured products in 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

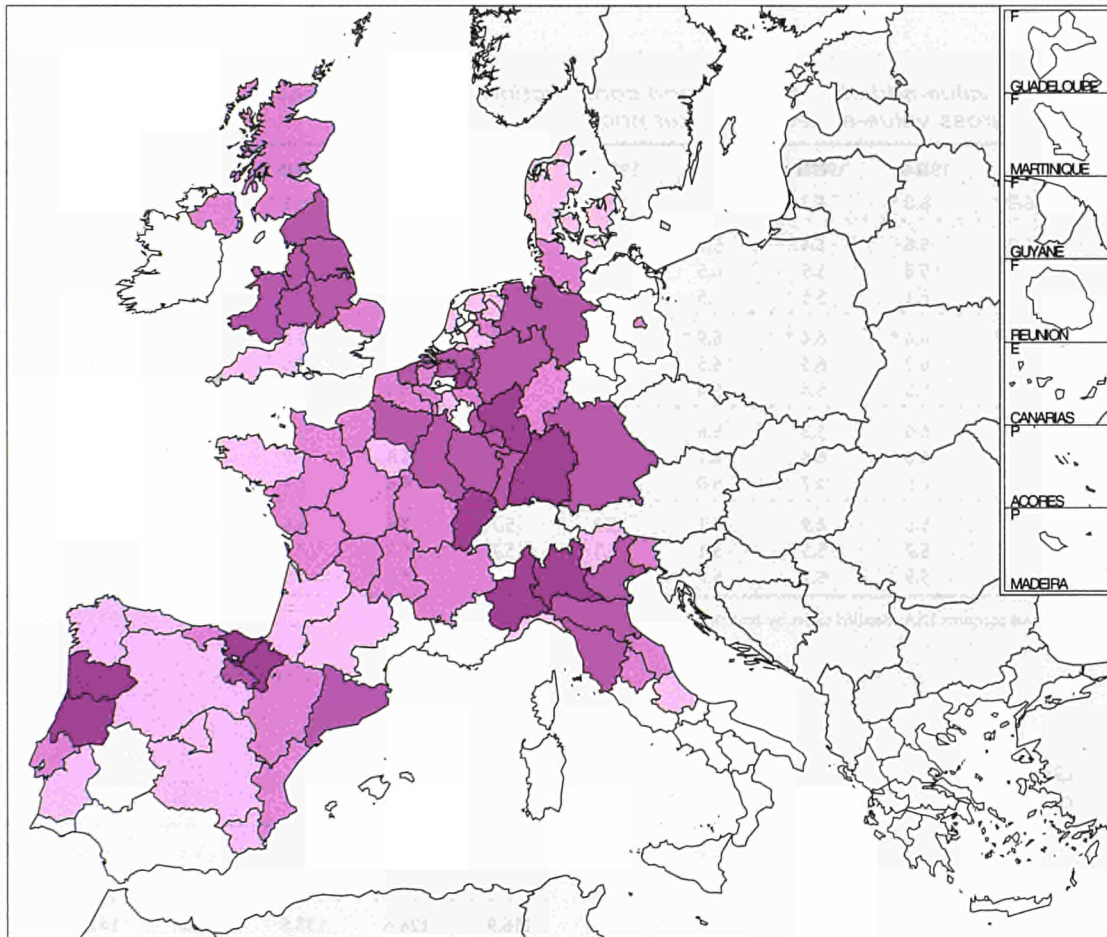
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	95.0	98.1	100.0	100.4	100.7	106.0	112.2	114.3	113.5	113.1	:	B
DK	92.1	96.8	100.0	100.4	96.3	97.7	98.7	97.6	97.2	97.9	:	DK
D	93.7	96.3	100.0	101.0	100.5	103.5	107.0	110.9	113.3	111.5 *	:	D
GR	95.1 *	96.8 *	100.0 *	99.7 *	97.0 *	101.6 *	104.1 *	101.2 *	100.1 *	99.0 *	:	GR
E	97.2 *	97.7 *	100.0 *	105.0 *	111.2 *	115.5 *	119.8 *	121.3 *	121.7 *	122.1 *	:	E
F	100.5	99.4	100.0	100.1	99.9	105.6	110.6	112.7	110.6	111.2	:	F
IRL	:	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	IRL
I	92.7	96.8	100.0	102.5	106.6	114.5	118.7	121.0	120.2	119.4	:	I
L	85.1	94.8	100.0	101.8	100.9	111.4	120.0	120.1	121.7	121.0	120.1	L
NL	92.7 *	96.7 *	100.0	102.5	100.2	107.0	113.8	120.1	122.8 *	125.0 *	:	NL
P	101.1	97.5	100.0	121.3	124.4	135.6	147.4	126.5	129.2 *	:	:	P
UK	93.8	97.5	100.0	101.3	106.5	114.0	119.2	119.0	112.3	111.2	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Manufactured products is the aggregate of 13 sub-branches, for example chemical products, electrical goods and food, beverages and tobacco. Branches are groups of units of homogenous production, that is producing goods of a particular kind. In most cases a unit of

homogenous activity is identical to the company to which it belongs. But not in all cases. In fact, many of the largest companies are engaged in several activities. The production of such companies is therefore split into different units of homogenous production.

*Gross value-added of manufactured products in current prices.
% of regional gross value-added at market prices. 1991*



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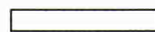
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Gross value-added of building and construction in current prices.
% of gross value-added at market prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	6.3*	6.0*	5.7*	5.7*	5.7*	5.9*	6.0*	6.1*	6.1*	6.1*	:	EUR12
B	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.8	:	B
DK	5.6	5.8	5.8	6.5	7.1	6.7	6.0	5.7	5.2	5.2	:	DK
D	6.3	6.1	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.7	6.1	:	D
GR	6.9*	6.4*	6.4*	6.9*	6.4*	6.5*	6.6*	6.9*	6.6*	6.3*	:	GR
E	7.2	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.9	7.5	8.3	9.0	9.9	9.2*	:	E
F	6.2	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.5	:	F
IRL	7.5	6.6	5.8	5.6	5.3	5.2	4.7	5.0	5.2	5.5*	:	IRL
I	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.9	:	I
L	5.2	4.9	4.7	5.0	5.6	6.3	6.5	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.5	L
NL	5.9	5.6	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.7	:	NL
P	7.3	5.7	5.5	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.3	7.0	7.0*	7.0*	:	P
UK	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.7	6.1	6.6	7.0	6.8	6.3	6.0	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Gross value-added of building and construction in 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

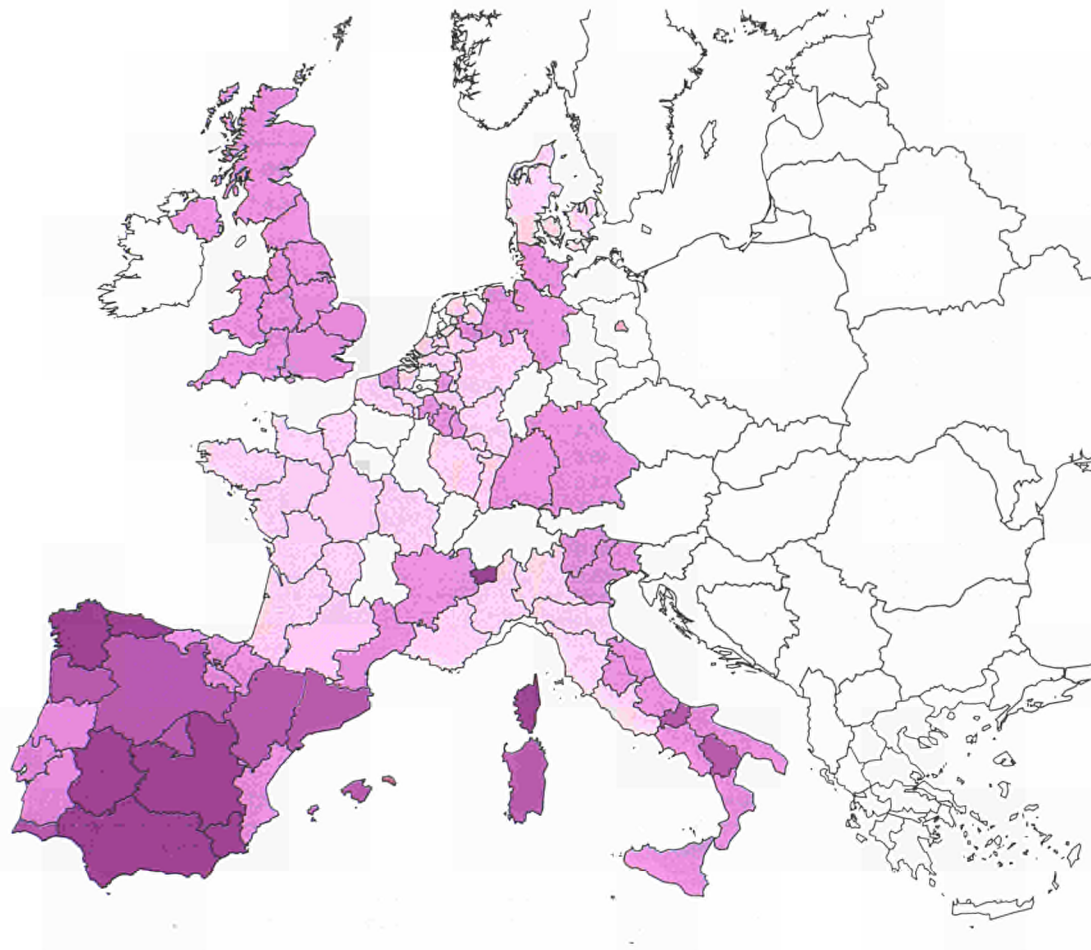
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	103.4	99.6	100.0	103.3	104.5	116.9	124.6	133.5	137.0	141.3	:	B
DK	86.3	93.9	100.0	118.9	124.0	115.5	107.5	102.9	88.3	83.4	:	DK
D	106.0	106.3	100.0	101.4	99.5	101.5	105.6	108.6	111.5	118.4*	:	D
GR	102.2*	97.2*	100.0*	104.5*	99.9*	108.5*	113.3*	120.1*	113.6*	113.2*	:	GR
E	104.2*	97.8*	100.0*	106.0*	114.8*	126.8*	144.3*	159.2*	170.3*	175.6*	:	E
F	104.1	101.7	100.0	102.6	103.1	111.6	116.5	116.9	117.2	118.2	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	103.4	99.9	100.0	100.6	102.1	104.7	108.4	111.1	112.5	111.6	:	I
L	106.9	104.8	100.0	108.7	118.3	138.1	145.2	156.3	162.6	165.4	165.4	L
NL	96.2*	99.2*	100.0	102.2	102.4	114.3	118.0	122.8	125.5*	127.8*	:	NL
P	116.9	106.0	100.0	105.6	118.1	132.9	130.9	132.4	135.2*	:	:	P
UK	95.2	99.7	100.0	104.1	116.3	126.4	133.7	137.0	126.2	119.3	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Building and construction is not divided into sub-branches. Value-added, production, growth of output and other aggregates based on production are analysed by branch of activity. Aggregates like income, expenditure and finance are analysed by sectors, which are groups of

institutional units, i.e. companies, with a similar type of economic behaviour. A unit of homogenous production can thus be an institutional unit or a part of such a unit. Statistics on branches are therefore different from statistics on sectors.

Gross value-added of building and construction in current prices. % of regional gross value-added at market prices. 1991



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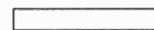
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*Gross value-added of market services in current prices.
% of gross value-added at market prices*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	44.0 *	44.7 *	45.2 *	46.1 *	46.9 *	47.4 *	47.7 *	48.4 *	48.7 *	49.6 *	:	EUR12
B	48.0	49.2	49.4	50.8	52.6	52.5	52.2	52.6	53.8	54.4	:	B
DK	43.3	43.8	44.6	45.3	45.0	45.0	45.8	46.4	47.1	47.1	:	DK
D	43.3	44.0	44.1	43.3	44.1	44.7	45.3	46.1	47.0	48.0	:	D
GR	38.3 *	37.7 *	37.3 *	38.3 *	39.4 *	39.1 *	39.0 *	39.5 *	39.5 *	39.5 *	:	GR
E	46.4	47.4	46.5	46.8	47.1	47.4	47.5	48.1	45.3	47.1 *	:	E
F	44.6	45.5	46.1	47.1	48.5	48.9	49.7	50.0	50.5	50.5	:	F
IRL	34.1	34.3	35.0	37.2	37.4	36.8	38.0	39.9	39.4	38.6 *	:	IRL
I	45.2	46.3	47.0	48.1	48.4	48.5	48.7	49.0	49.7	51.2	:	I
L	55.4	53.7	53.3	52.6	54.0	51.9	49.6	50.4	51.3	52.7	53.6	L
NL	47.7	47.5	49.5	51.7	53.4	53.7	53.9	54.2	55.0	55.6	:	NL
P	43.4	42.6	43.0	41.3	42.0	41.9	42.7	43.5	43.5 *	43.8 *	:	P
UK	41.2	41.9	42.7	45.5	45.8	47.0	46.9	48.5	48.5	49.5	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Gross value-added of market services in 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

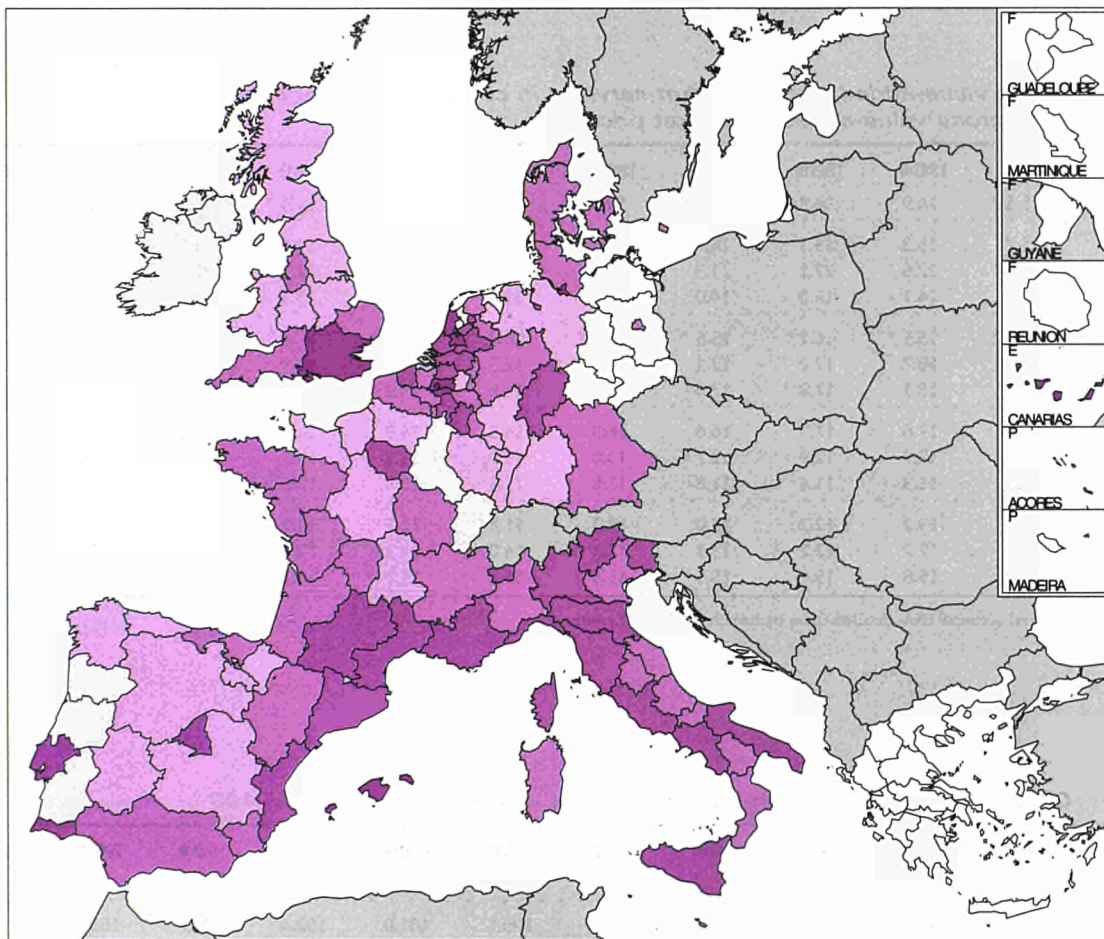
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	96.1	99.3	100.0	102.5	106.4	112.1	116.9	119.5	123.8	127.4	:	B
DK	92.3	96.5	100.0	105.5	108.4	110.6	111.9	116.0	116.8	119.1	:	DK
D	93.3	97.0	100.0	103.4	107.4	113.3	118.4	127.2	135.5	139.6 *	:	D
GR	93.8 *	96.4 *	100.0 *	102.0 *	102.7 *	106.5 *	110.8 *	113.3 *	115.3 *	116.7 *	:	GR
E	95.7 *	98.2 *	100.0 *	103.2 *	108.4 *	113.7 *	102.8 *	106.6 *	108.9 *	110.1 *	:	E
F	94.3	97.0	100.0	104.9	109.1	113.5	118.9	121.8	123.2	124.6	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	92.9	96.6	100.0	103.6	107.1	111.5	115.3	118.7	120.8	124.0	:	I
L	94.1	96.4	100.0	107.4	115.8	122.4	135.0	145.2	150.3	154.9	160.5	L
NL	93.6 *	97.1 *	100.0	102.2	104.1	106.9	110.6	115.5	118.1 *	120.2 *	:	NL
P	102.5	97.6	100.0	115.7	125.5	131.8	140.5	134.9	137.8 *	:	:	P
UK	91.0	95.8	100.0	110.7	115.7	121.2	123.8	124.7	123.2	123.1	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Market services include recovery and repair, wholesale and retail trade, lodging and catering, inland, maritime, air and auxiliary transport services, communication, and

credit and insurance institutions and other market services. They are services produced for sale, normally with the aim of gaining a profit.

*Gross value-added of market services in current prices.
% of regional gross value-added at market prices. 1991*



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FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Factor cost, 1991, but: B: 1988, market prices; F: 1991, market prices; IRL: 1989; L: 1990; NL: 1990; P: 1990, market prices.

Gross value-added of non-market services in current market prices.
% of gross value-added at market prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	15.1 *	14.9 *	14.8 *	14.7 *	14.7 *	14.5 *	14.3 *	14.4 *	14.6 *	14.8 *	:	EUR12
B	15.7	15.3	15.1	14.7	14.2	13.4	13.0	13.0	13.3	13.4	:	B
DK	24.1	22.6	22.1	21.3	22.3	23.0	22.6	22.5	22.7	22.7	:	DK
D	14.3	14.1	14.0	14.0	14.2	13.9	13.6	13.3	13.2	13.3	:	D
GR	15.0 *	15.5 *	16.2 *	15.5 *	16.0 *	16.2 *	16.8 *	17.6 *	16.8 *	16.1 *	:	GR
E	10.9	10.7	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.5	12.9	14.3	15.1 *	:	E
F	18.0	18.1	17.8	17.4	17.1	16.6	16.2	16.2	16.5	16.9	:	F
IRL	17.7	17.6	17.3	16.6	16.3	15.5	14.8	14.8	15.2	15.9 *	:	IRL
I	13.0	12.9	12.9	12.7	13.0	13.2	13.1	13.9	14.1	14.0	:	I
L	11.1	11.3	11.4	11.8	12.8	12.5	12.7	13.6	14.4	14.8	15.3	L
NL	13.9	13.2	12.2	12.0	12.3	11.8	11.2	10.9	10.7	10.8	:	NL
P	12.2	12.2	12.2	13.3	13.3	14.0	14.3	13.7	13.7 *	13.8 *	:	P
UK	15.9	15.8	15.4	15.5	15.5	15.2	15.0	15.1	15.8	15.9	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Gross value-added of non-market services in 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

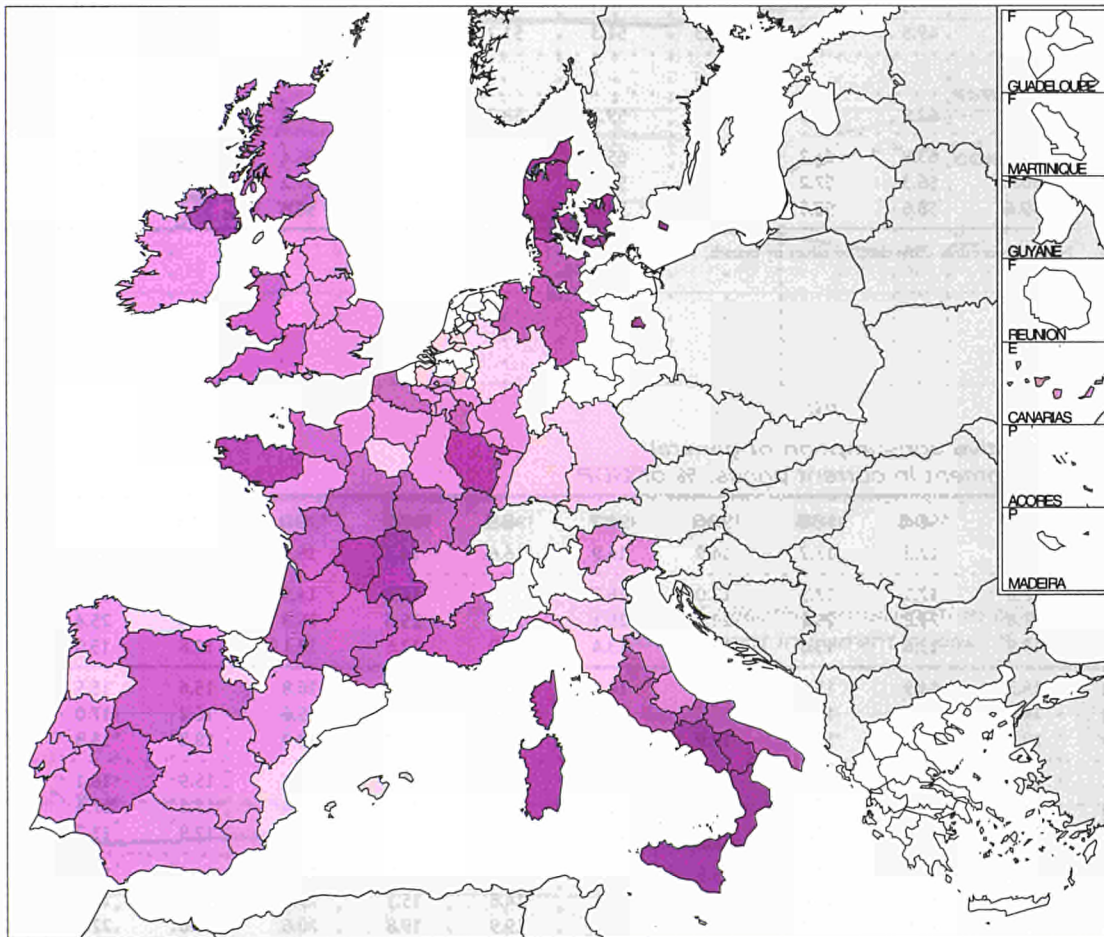
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	97.7	98.5	100.0	101.2	100.7	100.5	101.0	102.4	103.7	105.9	:	B
DK	97.9	97.8	100.0	101.7	102.2	103.9	103.8	104.1	104.0	104.8	:	DK
D	96.8	98.2	100.0	101.9	103.5	105.0	105.8	108.0	110.2	112.4 *	:	D
GR	93.8 *	96.9 *	100.0 *	101.7 *	103.1 *	104.8 *	112.1 *	111.2 *	112.4 *	113.3 *	:	GR
E	93.1 *	96.0 *	100.0 *	104.1 *	110.0 *	116.4 *	124.3 *	131.5 *	136.4 *	138.7 *	:	E
F	96.4	98.1	100.0	101.4	102.6	105.4	106.5	108.2	110.7	112.9	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	97.0	98.4	100.0	101.6	102.6	104.0	104.9	106.0	107.0	107.8	:	I
L	97.3	100.0	100.0	103.0	103.7	106.2	108.4	110.4	115.6	118.6	120.5	L
NL	98.8 *	99.0 *	100.0	100.9	101.7	101.6	101.6	101.7	103.9 *	105.8 *	:	NL
P	95.6	97.1	100.0	125.2	130.3	138.5	144.5	111.6	114.0 *	:	:	P
UK	100.0	100.6	100.0	100.2	100.6	100.2	99.1	99.4	99.6	100.6	:	UK

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Non-market services are measured by their cost of production and are mainly general government services. Other examples are private welfare institutions and outside domestic help. Non-market services do not include production of

goods and services by households' using their unpaid labour for producing for their own consumption. The value-added generated by such activities is excluded from conventional macro-economic aggregates.

*Gross value-added of non-market services in current prices.
% of regional gross value-added at market prices. 1991*



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FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Factor cost, 1991, but: B: 1988, market prices; F: 1991, market prices; IRL: 1989; L: 1990; NL: 1990; P: 1990, market prices.

Final national consumption of households in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	61.5	61.3	61.3	61.0	61.3	61.0	60.8	60.4	61.4	61.9	62.2	EUR12
B	65.1	64.8	65.4	64.1	64.4	63.0	62.5	62.5	62.9	62.6	62.0	B
DK	54.2	54.0	54.3	54.5	53.5	52.6	52.1	51.3	51.3	51.1	51.9	DK
D	62.6	62.5	62.2	60.6	60.9	60.5	59.8	59.3	62.3	62.5	63.2	D
GR	69.9	67.7	68.6	70.6	72.8	71.3	72.1	73.3	72.9	74.2	74.8	GR
E	64.8	63.9	64.1	63.2	63.2	62.7	63.0	62.4	62.4	63.1	63.2	E
F	60.5	60.5	60.8	60.2	60.6	59.8	59.4	59.3	59.7	59.8	60.7	F
IRL	60.0	59.2	59.9	61.6	61.0	61.0	60.6	58.3	58.9	58.6	55.9	IRL
I	61.1	61.1	61.4	61.3	61.7	61.5	62.0	61.5	61.6	62.7	61.6	I
L	59.6	58.1	64.9	61.7	63.9	61.8	57.7	56.8	57.9	54.7	53.7	L
NL	60.5	59.4	59.5	59.5	60.8	59.4	58.7	58.7	59.5	60.5	61.0	NL
P	67.8	69.1	66.4	63.6	63.1	63.4	62.4	63.3	64.0	64.3	65.0	P
UK	59.8	59.8	59.5	61.3	61.2	62.0	62.0	61.5	61.9	62.6	63.0	UK
A	57.8	57.4	57.5	56.5	56.6	56.2	55.9	55.5	55.2	55.1	55.2	A
FIN	53.0	52.2	52.5	52.6	52.7	51.6	50.3	50.3	53.8	54.8	54.4	FIN
IS	60.1	62.7	63.9	61.6	63.9	62.8	61.7	61.5	62.8	62.6	60.6	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	51.9	51.6	N
S	50.6	49.5	50.0	50.3	51.3	51.2	50.1	49.6	51.9	52.5	53.4	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	60.6	60.9	EEA
CH	62.7	62.9	61.9	59.8	59.2	58.7	57.4	56.8	57.7	58.5	:	CH
USA	64.9	63.8	64.7	65.3	65.8	65.9	65.7	66.4	66.8	67.3	67.7	USA
CDN	56.7	56.3	57.2	58.5	58.2	57.4	57.9	59.2	60.3	60.6	:	CDN
J	59.4	58.6	58.1	57.8	58.0	57.1	56.9	56.6	55.7	56.3	:	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Collective consumption of general government in current prices. % of GDP

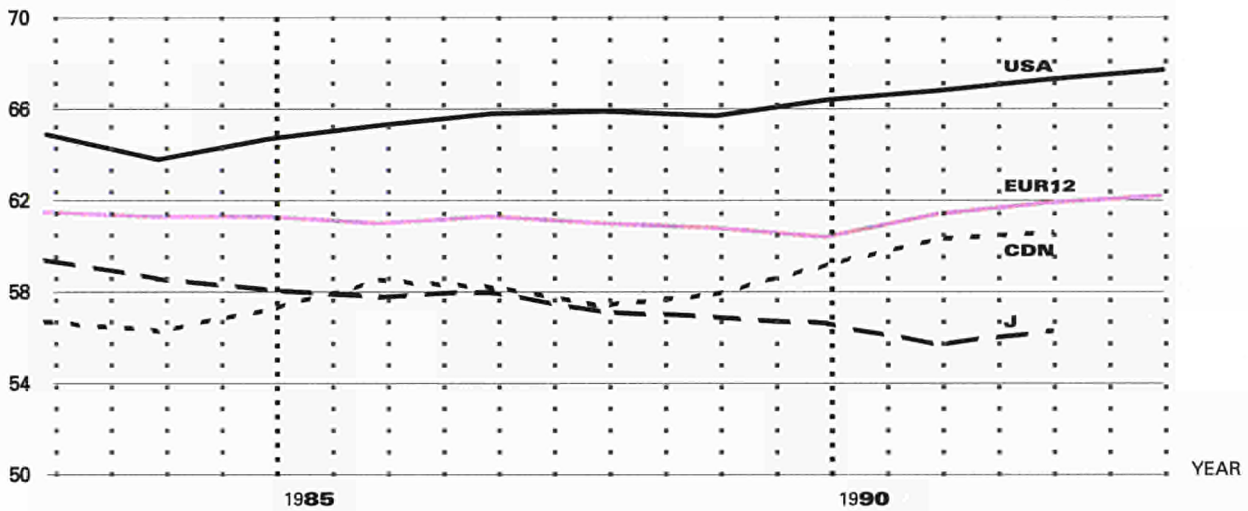
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	17.6	17.3	17.2	16.9	16.9	16.6	16.4	16.5	16.8	17.0	17.1	EUR12
B	17.6	17.1	17.2	17.0	16.3	15.3	14.8	14.5	14.9	14.7	15.3	B
DK	27.4	25.8	25.2	23.9	25.1	25.7	25.6	25.3	25.4	25.4	25.9	DK
D	13.9	13.6	13.6	13.4	13.4	13.0	12.6	12.1	12.8	13.0	12.9	D
GR	14.3	14.9	15.5	14.7	14.9	15.4	16.2	16.8	15.6	15.5	15.0	GR
E	14.6	14.3	14.7	14.7	15.1	14.8	15.2	15.6	16.2	17.0	17.5	E
F	19.5	19.6	19.4	18.9	18.8	18.5	18.0	18.0	18.3	18.8	19.3	F
IRL	19.2	18.5	18.4	18.0	17.0	15.6	14.5	15.1	15.9	16.1	16.0	IRL
I	16.3	16.3	16.4	16.2	16.6	16.9	16.6	17.4	17.5	17.6	17.7	I
L	15.8	15.4	13.2	12.8	13.6	13.1	12.3	13.0	12.9	13.2	12.7	L
NL	17.0	16.2	15.7	15.5	15.8	15.3	14.8	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.6	NL
P	14.1	14.0	14.4	14.3	14.1	14.8	15.1	15.6	16.2	16.7	17.2	P
UK	22.2	21.9	21.1	21.1	20.6	19.9	19.8	20.6	21.6	22.2	22.0	UK
A	18.9	18.6	18.9	19.0	18.9	18.4	18.1	17.8	18.1	18.4	19.2	A
FIN	19.3	19.3	20.2	20.5	20.7	20.1	19.7	21.1	24.2	24.9	23.4	FIN
IS	17.7	16.5	17.5	17.9	18.6	19.7	19.6	19.2	19.7	20.2	20.5	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22.4	22.1	N
S	28.9	28.0	27.9	27.5	26.7	26.0	26.2	27.4	27.2	27.9	28.0	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	17.3	17.3	EEA
CH	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.1	12.8	13.0	13.1	13.4	13.9	14.4	:	CH
USA	18.3	17.8	18.1	18.5	18.5	18.1	17.6	17.8	18.1	17.7	17.1	USA
CDN	21.0	20.1	20.1	19.9	19.3	19.0	19.2	20.3	21.3	21.7	:	CDN
J	9.9	9.8	9.6	9.7	9.5	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.3	9.6	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Individual and collective consumption represents the value of the goods and services used for the direct satisfaction of human needs, whether final consumption of households and individuals or collective consumption of general

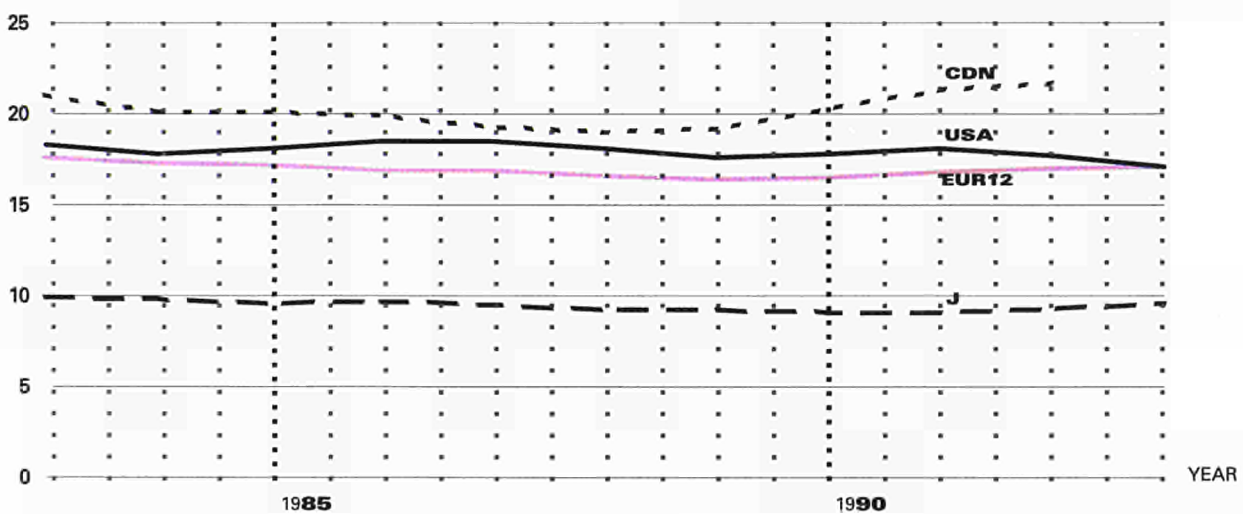
government and private non-profit institutions. Collective consumption of private non-profit-making institutions is not available for all countries. In such cases it is included in final consumption of households.

Final consumption of households in current prices. % of GDP



FURTHER READING

Collective consumption of general government in current prices. % of GDP



FURTHER READING

Gross fixed capital formation
in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	19.6	19.3	19.2	19.1	19.4	20.2	20.8	21.0	20.8	20.2	19.1	EUR12
B	16.2	16.0	15.6	15.7	16.0	17.7	19.1	20.3	19.5	19.1	17.8	B
DK	16.0	17.2	18.7	20.8	19.7	18.1	18.1	17.4	16.4	15.2	14.8	DK
D	20.4	20.0	19.5	19.4	19.4	19.6	20.2	20.9	23.0	23.2	22.2	D
GR	25.2	22.9	23.7	22.9	21.3	21.6	22.6	23.1	21.7	21.4	20.4	GR
E	20.8	18.7	19.2	19.5	20.8	22.6	24.1	24.5	23.8	21.8	19.8	E
F	20.2	19.3	19.3	19.3	19.8	20.7	21.3	21.4	21.1	20.0	18.9	F
IRL	22.9	21.2	18.9	17.4	16.5	16.2	17.2	18.2	16.5	15.9	14.9	IRL
I	21.3	21.0	20.7	19.8	19.7	20.1	20.2	20.3	19.7	19.1	17.1	I
L	21.2	20.0	16.1	19.8	22.7	25.3	23.3	22.9	24.9	22.9	24.4	L
NL	18.5	18.8	19.7	20.4	20.8	21.3	21.5	20.9	20.4	20.3	19.7	NL
P	32.2	26.0	24.0	24.4	27.0	28.2	27.5	27.2	26.7	26.7	25.1	P
UK	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.8	19.5	20.5	19.6	17.0	15.8	15.1	UK
A	22.4	22.2	22.6	22.8	23.1	23.7	24.3	24.6	25.3	25.0	24.1	A
FIN	25.6	24.0	23.9	23.4	23.9	25.2	28.0	27.0	22.4	18.5	14.9	FIN
IS	21.7	21.7	21.1	19.1	20.4	19.7	19.1	19.2	19.2	17.5	15.8	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	19.2	22.0	N
S	18.6	18.7	19.3	18.5	19.3	20.2	22.0	21.5	19.4	17.0	14.3	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	19.6	18.3	EEA
CH	23.3	23.4	23.8	24.2	25.3	26.6	27.5	26.9	25.6	23.7	:	CH
USA	18.5	19.3	19.5	19.1	18.5	18.3	17.7	16.9	15.6	15.6	16.2	USA
CDN	20.2	19.2	19.9	20.3	21.3	22.1	22.6	21.3	20.0	19.1	:	CDN
J	28.0	27.7	27.5	27.3	28.5	29.9	31.0	32.2	31.8	30.8	30.1	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Change in stocks in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.0	-0.4	EUR12
B	-0.7	0.4	-0.7	-0.6	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	B
DK	0.0	1.2	0.8	0.8	-0.7	-0.2	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	0.0	-1.1	DK
D	-0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.0	-0.2	D
GR	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.5	-0.2	-0.7	1.2	-1.2	-0.3	GR
E	0.7	1.0	0.0	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.1	E
F	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.3	-0.3	-1.4	F
IRL	0.7	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.1	-0.3	0.7	2.5	2.2	-0.6	-0.6	IRL
I	0.5	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.3	-0.2	I
L	3.1	4.7	-0.8	0.3	-1.8	-1.7	1.5	0.9	1.4	1.4	2.1	L
NL	1.5	0.4	0.3	0.9	-0.1	0.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	0.2	-0.2	NL
P	-0.8	-1.2	-1.0	-0.9	0.7	2.2	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.7	P
UK	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.5	-0.3	-0.9	-0.3	0.0	UK
A	-0.5	1.6	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.4	A
FIN	0.0	0.5	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	0.7	1.3	0.6	-1.9	-1.2	-0.6	FIN
IS	-1.6	-0.7	-2.6	-2.3	-1.8	-1.2	-2.6	-1.2	-0.3	-0.1	0.1	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-0.8	-2.3	N
S	-1.4	-1.0	-0.1	-0.6	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	-1.5	-0.5	-0.8	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.8	2.0	1.2	2.2	2.3	1.4	-0.2	:	CH
USA	0.0	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	USA
CDN	-0.7	1.1	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	-0.5	-0.1	-0.4	:	CDN
J	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.2	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Fixed capital formation and change in stocks represent, according to ESA, the value of durable goods intended for non-military purposes and acquired by resident producer units to be used for a period of more than one year in their process of production, including the value of any services embodied in the fixed capital goods acquired.

Stocks are all goods other than fixed capital goods held at a given moment by resident producer units. Fixed capital formation can be recorded as gross fixed capital formation (inclusive consumption of fixed capital) or net fixed capital formation (exclusive consumption of fixed capital).

Exports less imports; current prices and exchange rates. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.8	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.8	-0.3	-0.1	1.0	EUR12
B	1.8	1.7	2.5	3.9	3.0	3.6	3.2	2.7	2.8	3.6	5.1	B
DK	2.0	1.3	0.4	-0.4	1.9	3.3	3.4	5.4	6.5	7.7	7.8	DK
D	2.0	2.5	3.5	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.8	-0.1	-0.2	0.3	D
GR	-17.9	-14.4	-20.2	-14.8	-12.7	-11.3	-12.5	-14.2	-13.2	-12.0	-12.3	GR
E	-0.9	2.1	1.9	2.1	0.2	-1.1	-3.3	-3.4	-3.1	-2.8	-0.7	E
F	-0.7	0.0	0.0	0.6	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	-0.7	-0.4	0.5	1.4	F
IRL	-2.8	-0.3	1.9	2.3	5.6	7.6	7.0	5.9	6.5	10.0	13.7	IRL
I	0.6	-0.2	-0.3	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	3.5	I
L	0.2	1.8	5.9	4.7	0.7	0.6	4.3	5.5	1.9	6.8	6.1	L
NL	3.9	5.3	4.8	3.8	2.7	3.9	3.9	4.6	4.7	4.5	5.0	NL
P	-5.9	-4.6	-3.3	-2.3	-5.8	-9.4	-7.1	-8.1	-12.1	-12.0	-11.5	P
UK	0.8	-0.3	0.9	-0.8	-1.2	-3.7	-4.1	-2.7	-1.1	-1.5	-1.3	UK
A	1.3	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.2	0.9	1.3	1.1	A
FIN	0.5	2.6	1.0	1.6	0.6	-0.3	-1.9	-1.5	-0.6	1.3	5.5	FIN
IS	2.1	-0.1	0.1	3.8	-1.1	-0.9	2.3	1.3	-1.4	-0.2	3.0	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7.3	6.8	N
S	2.1	3.7	1.7	3.2	1.9	1.6	0.5	0.4	1.5	1.7	3.6	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	0.0	-0.3	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.4	-0.2	0.5	1.4	3.6	:	CH
USA	-1.6	-2.9	-3.0	-3.3	-3.3	-2.4	-1.7	-1.4	-0.5	-0.7	-1.2	USA
CDN	3.4	3.5	2.4	0.9	0.9	0.5	-0.3	-0.3	-1.1	-0.6	:	CDN
J	1.8	2.7	3.4	4.0	3.2	2.3	1.4	0.7	1.8	2.4	2.3	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

Compensation of employees
in current prices. % of GNP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	54.2	53.2	52.9	52.2	52.0	51.5	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	58.7	57.9	57.1	56.8	55.5	54.1	52.1	53.4	54.5	54.6	54.0	B
DK	57.3	56.5	56.2	55.7	57.8	57.8	57.3	57.4	57.2	56.8	55.9	DK
D	56.6	55.8	55.7	55.5	55.9	55.2	54.1	53.7	55.7	56.1	56.3	D
GR	34.3	34.3	35.7	33.9	33.6	33.8	35.9	36.2	33.4	32.1	31.1	GR
E	50.2	47.3	46.3	45.6	45.5	45.8	45.8	46.9	47.2	47.2	46.8	E
F	56.6	55.9	55.2	53.6	53.0	52.0	51.4	52.1	52.6	52.9	53.1	F
IRL	62.5	62.5	60.5	59.2	56.9	57.2	55.3	55.3	55.7	56.5	56.3	IRL
I	47.6	46.4	46.4	45.2	44.8	44.4	44.6	45.7	45.9	46.0	44.8	I
L	43.2	42.6	40.6	40.4	43.4	42.7	:	:	43.9	45.6	47.9	L
NL	55.2	52.8	52.1	53.0	54.5	54.1	52.2	52.0	52.4	53.5	53.7	NL
P	52.2	50.8	48.6	45.7	45.0	44.4	44.2	45.4	:	:	:	P
UK	55.8	55.7	55.2	55.3	54.7	54.8	55.6	57.7	58.3	57.7	56.3	UK
A	53.9	53.3	53.5	54.0	54.0	52.9	52.7	52.6	53.5	53.5	53.9	A
FIN	55.9	55.4	56.5	56.5	56.4	55.5	55.7	57.7	61.5	60.6	58.3	FIN
IS	45.0	45.1	48.4	47.8	53.8	54.4	51.6	49.4	52.2	52.5	51.4	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	54.1	52.5	N
S	62.3	61.1	61.2	61.1	61.0	61.3	62.9	64.5	63.7	63.6	61.9	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	59.9	59.0	58.6	59.0	59.4	59.4	59.1	60.0	61.2	61.8	:	CH
USA	59.5	59.0	59.3	59.7	60.2	60.3	59.6	60.0	60.2	60.6	60.5	USA
CDN	56.8	55.8	56.0	56.7	56.3	56.3	56.7	58.1	58.9	59.7	:	CDN
J	55.8	55.2	54.1	54.2	53.9	53.5	53.8	54.6	55.4	55.9	56.6	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by branch, 1987-92. Eurostat.

CH, CDN: compensation of employees paid by resident producers.
Source: OECD.

External balance of property and entrepreneurial
income in current prices. % of GNP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	-2.1	-2.0	-2.2	-1.9	-1.7	-1.7	-1.3	-1.8	-1.2	-1.4	-0.3	B
DK	-3.8	-4.4	-4.5	-4.3	-4.1	-4.0	-4.2	-4.5	-4.4	-4.1	-3.5	DK
D	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.5	-0.1	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	-1.8	-1.7	-1.3	-1.0	-1.0	-1.1	-0.9	-1.0	-1.1	-1.3	-1.1	E
F	-0.2	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.5	-0.6	-0.8	-0.7	F
IRL	-8.7	-11.1	-12.4	-11.5	-11.2	-13.4	-14.7	-13.1	-11.4	-12.4	-13.1	IRL
I	-1.1	-1.0	-1.0	-1.1	-0.9	-0.9	-1.0	-1.3	-1.5	-1.7	-1.7	I
L	29.3	28.3	26.3	24.4	22.9	21.7	20.6	23.0	24.3	23.1	20.7	L
NL	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-0.3	-0.8	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	NL
P	-4.9	-5.9	-5.3	-3.3	-2.5	-2.0	-1.3	-1.0	0.0	0.8	-0.1	P
UK	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3	-0.1	-0.4	-0.6	-1.2	-1.3	-0.2	-0.1	UK
A	-0.7	-0.7	-0.5	-0.8	-0.9	-0.9	-0.9	-0.7	-1.0	-0.8	-0.7	A
FIN	-2.8	-2.5	-2.2	-2.2	-2.1	-2.0	-2.7	-3.0	-4.2	-5.5	-6.4	FIN
IS	-4.7	-5.4	-4.8	-4.0	-3.0	-3.3	-4.4	-4.1	-3.9	-3.5	-3.7	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	-2.2	-2.5	-2.4	-1.9	-1.6	-1.9	-2.3	-3.0	-2.9	-3.7	-4.0	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by sector, Vol. 1, 1981-92. Eurostat.

Compensation of employees includes all payments in cash and kind by employers in remuneration for the work done by their employees during the relevant period. The payments cover gross wages and salaries, employers' actual social contributions and imputed social contributions. Net operating surplus is what is left of gross domestic product at market prices

after deducting compensation of employees paid by resident employers, taxes net of subsidies on production and imports levied by general government and by the rest of the world including EU institutions, and consumption of fixed capital. Net operating surplus comprises total property and entrepreneurial income from production.

Consumption of fixed capital in current prices. % of GNP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	12.1	12.1	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.8	:	:	EUR12
B	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.6	9.6	10.0	9.7	10.0	9.7	9.8	9.6	B
DK	9.5	9.3	9.3	9.0	9.2	9.2	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.7	9.7	DK
D	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.6	12.6	12.5	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.9	13.5	D
GR	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.7	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.0	7.0	:	GR
E	12.7	12.9	12.9	12.0	11.7	11.6	11.3	11.2	11.1	11.0	11.5	E
F	12.7	12.7	12.6	12.5	12.6	12.7	12.6	12.8	13.1	13.2	13.4	F
IRL	11.1	10.7	10.8	10.7	10.9	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.8	10.8	10.7	IRL
I	12.4	12.3	12.4	12.1	12.0	11.8	11.9	11.9	12.0	12.2	12.5	I
L	8.2	8.4	8.0	7.7	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.2	7.1	:	7.6	L
NL	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.8	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.6	NL
P	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8	:	P
UK	11.8	11.9	11.7	11.7	11.4	11.3	11.1	11.3	11.2	10.8	10.4	UK
A	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.4	12.2	12.3	12.4	12.8	A
FIN	15.3	15.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	14.9	15.1	15.9	17.4	18.1	18.6	FIN
IS	14.2	13.4	13.3	12.6	11.5	11.6	12.5	12.5	12.6	13.3	13.7	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	15.3	15.3	N
S	13.2	12.9	13.0	12.7	12.7	13.0	13.3	13.6	13.6	13.9	14.7	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	14.0	13.1	12.9	12.9	12.7	12.5	12.7	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.2	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	13.6	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.9	14.0	14.5	14.7	15.0	15.5	15.5	J

FURTHER READING National accounts ESA: detailed tables by sector, Vol. 1, 1981-92. Eurostat.

Total receipts of general government. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	43.20	47.60	51.70	54.50	58.20	59.50	62.70	68.90	72.50	77.50	:	B
DK	32.20	36.60	41.40	46.50	49.40	51.50	52.70	54.60	56.10	59.60	63.50	DK
D	314.80	336.40	355.30	384.40	405.80	419.30	457.20	482.30	590.30	663.80	717.40	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	56.60	64.30	73.10	80.30	91.20	105.00	131.10	146.10	164.50	178.40	:	E
F	264.20	289.10	317.30	337.20	350.90	367.50	391.60	422.00	439.90	460.00	486.10	F
IRL	8.70	9.60	10.40	10.70	11.00	12.00	12.30	13.60	14.60	15.80	:	IRL
I	167.10	182.20	196.10	219.00	234.80	255.30	297.90	329.90	366.90	393.30	364.60	I
L	2.00	2.20	2.40	2.50	2.80	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	78.10	80.40	87.40	91.20	95.60	98.30	98.30	107.30	119.10	125.10	136.40	NL
P	8.60	9.60	11.50	11.50	12.00	13.90	16.60	:	:	:	:	P
UK	200.00	213.40	233.80	216.60	222.10	263.00	279.10	284.30	302.30	283.20	273.00	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

NL, P: national accounts data have been revised by the national statistical offices. NL: data from 1985 are not fully comparable to data before 1985. P: data from 1986 are not fully comparable to data before 1986.

Total receipts of general government in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	47.6	48.8	48.9	47.8	48.0	46.5	45.1	45.5	45.4	45.4	:	B
DK	51.1	52.8	53.9	55.3	55.7	56.0	55.2	53.6	53.6	54.5	54.9	DK
D	42.8	43.0	43.4	42.5	42.2	41.5	42.6	40.8	42.4	43.6	44.0	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	32.0	31.9	33.5	34.1	35.9	36.0	38.0	37.7	38.5	40.1	:	E
F	44.7	45.5	45.9	45.2	45.6	45.1	44.7	44.8	45.4	45.0	45.5	F
IRL	41.9	42.2	41.6	39.9	40.6	41.2	37.6	38.5	39.9	40.0	:	IRL
I	35.6	34.7	35.0	35.6	35.7	36.0	37.8	38.3	39.3	41.8	43.0	I
L	52.8	51.0	48.8	45.2	46.6	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	51.0	49.8	51.6	50.0	50.6	50.2	47.4	48.0	50.8	50.5	51.7	NL
P	32.5	34.8	37.5	33.8	33.0	34.2	35.3	:	:	:	:	P
UK	38.7	38.8	38.7	37.9	37.1	37.2	36.5	36.9	37.0	35.1	33.9	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Total receipts of central government in current prices as % of total receipts of general government

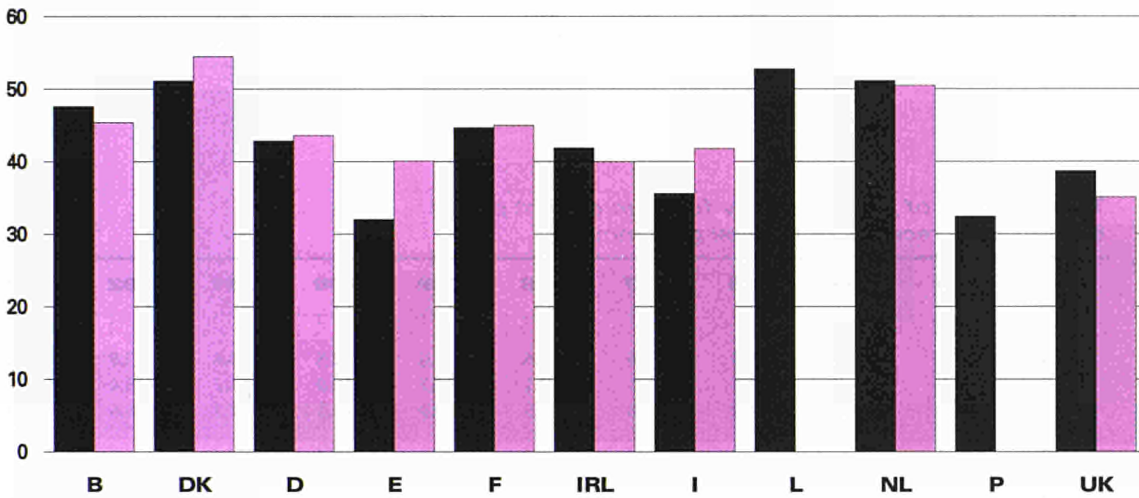
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	65.1	63.7	63.2	61.9	61.7	61.3	61.4	61.5	59.9	59.7	:	B
DK	67.7	69.3	70.1	71.6	70.4	69.1	69.2	68.1	67.7	67.7	68.7	DK
D	53.0	53.3	53.2	52.5	52.1	51.3	53.1	52.0	51.4	52.1	50.9	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	48.1	47.3	51.0	55.4	57.1	56.4	57.4	54.6	54.5	54.4	:	E
F	49.2	48.8	48.6	49.1	49.1	48.6	48.1	47.8	48.0	47.3	46.8	F
IRL	87.1	87.2	87.5	87.5	87.4	85.0	83.5	83.4	83.7	83.8	:	IRL
I	75.6	77.2	77.4	77.0	77.6	76.4	75.7	76.5	75.6	74.9	73.3	I
L	61.6	61.4	62.5	61.3	59.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	56.9	58.0	58.1	58.4	57.1	56.2	56.5	59.4	59.6	58.0	58.4	NL
P	72.3	73.9	76.8	68.3	66.4	67.5	67.1	:	:	:	:	P
UK	77.5	77.8	78.0	77.6	77.6	77.7	78.4	82.1	84.6	84.3	83.8	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Receipts and spending of general government include central government, local government and social security funds. General government units are engaged mainly in production of non-market services for collective

consumption and/or in redistribution of national income and wealth. Their main resources come - directly or indirectly - from compulsory payments from resident households and enterprises outside general government.

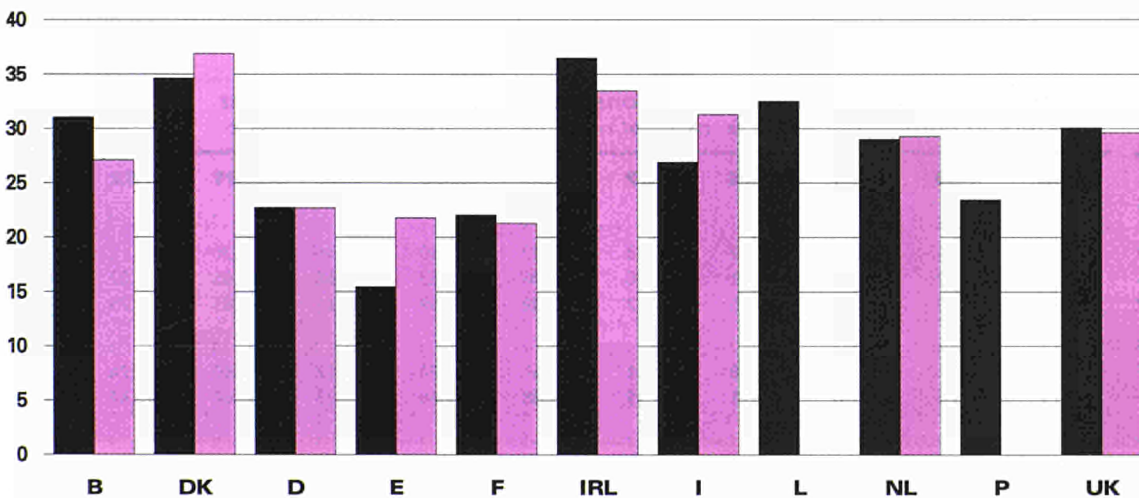
Total receipts of general government in current prices. % of GDP



Black: 1983; pink: 1992.

FURTHER READING

Total receipts of central government in current prices. % of GDP



Black: 1983; pink: 1992.

FURTHER READING

*Total receipts of local government in current prices
as % of total receipts of general government*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	14.9	15.4	15.1	15.3	14.4	13.5	13.5	13.0	13.4	13.4	:	B
DK	64.2	59.5	55.1	51.5	51.9	52.7	53.8	55.4	55.8	55.8	56.3	DK
D	15.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.2	14.8	14.7	16.3	15.8	16.1	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	18.8	23.5	24.8	24.3	25.1	25.8	25.5	27.3	27.0	26.9	:	E
F	15.7	15.6	16.1	16.6	16.4	16.9	17.2	17.6	17.8	18.2	19.1	F
IRL	35.8	34.4	32.9	32.6	31.5	26.7	27.4	27.0	27.6	28.0	:	IRL
I	38.5	36.9	40.3	37.6	38.4	36.9	36.0	34.7	35.9	34.0	31.4	I
L	14.0	13.5	13.5	13.7	13.5	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	37.6	36.7	36.8	36.8	35.2	34.3	34.4	32.5	30.9	31.5	30.6	NL
P	7.7	7.2	6.4	10.1	12.1	12.3	12.2	:	:	:	:	P
UK	29.5	29.1	27.6	28.5	28.3	26.6	27.1	28.7	29.2	34.8	32.7	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Total receipts of social security funds in current prices
as % of total receipts of general government*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	48.5	47.3	45.6	46.2	44.6	45.6	45.0	43.5	43.4	43.8	:	B
DK	15.5	14.0	12.8	11.6	11.5	12.1	13.2	14.0	14.7	15.4	16.2	DK
D	44.4	44.0	43.8	44.2	44.8	45.5	43.9	45.1	47.2	46.6	48.9	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	49.4	48.9	47.5	47.2	45.4	45.6	44.5	45.1	45.5	46.9	:	E
F	50.8	49.7	49.0	47.8	48.0	48.1	48.3	48.2	48.2	49.6	50.1	F
IRL	17.2	16.8	17.3	17.5	16.5	14.8	14.6	13.0	13.5	13.8	:	IRL
I	51.1	50.4	51.4	49.4	49.0	45.6	45.0	47.5	45.3	44.0	42.6	I
L	38.3	39.4	38.9	41.6	42.5	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	44.3	42.8	41.3	40.6	41.7	42.8	41.6	42.7	42.1	43.4	42.4	NL
P	29.5	29.3	25.6	32.0	32.1	31.6	30.3	:	:	:	:	P
UK	20.4	20.4	19.6	20.1	20.2	19.9	18.4	18.2	18.4	18.8	18.9	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Current transfers to European institutions: taxes and unrequited current
transfers in current prices as % of total receipts of general government*

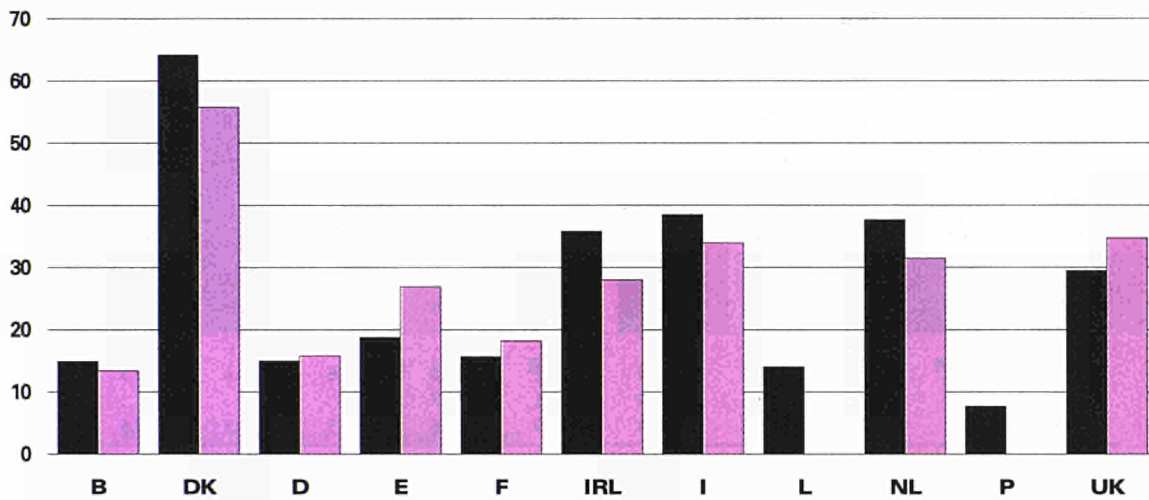
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	2.94	2.66	2.66	2.72	3.13	3.23	3.10	2.86	3.30	:	:	B
DK	1.57	1.52	1.67	1.81	1.80	1.96	1.63	1.68	2.05	2.02	2.00	DK
D	2.34	2.33	2.30	2.35	2.37	2.89	2.58	2.21	2.83	2.75	2.73	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	.	.	.	0.88	1.11	1.67	1.84	2.12	2.60	2.74	:	E
F	1.79	1.76	1.96	2.21	2.19	2.88	2.46	2.23	2.64	2.44	2.42	F
IRL	3.58	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	1.97	2.02	2.00	2.53	2.24	2.22	2.65	2.09	2.54	2.15	2.79	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	P
UK	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.11	2.96	2.15	2.47	2.44	1.62	2.56	2.65	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Local government includes all kinds of public administration bodies (except local agencies of social security funds) who extend their competence to only part of the economic territory. Social security funds in particular include autonomous pension funds and other insurance institutions which have premiums fixed without

reference to the individual risks of the insured. Receipts of central and local government and of social security funds include transfers received from each other. Local government receipts include, for example, a large proportion of revenue from taxes collected by central government.

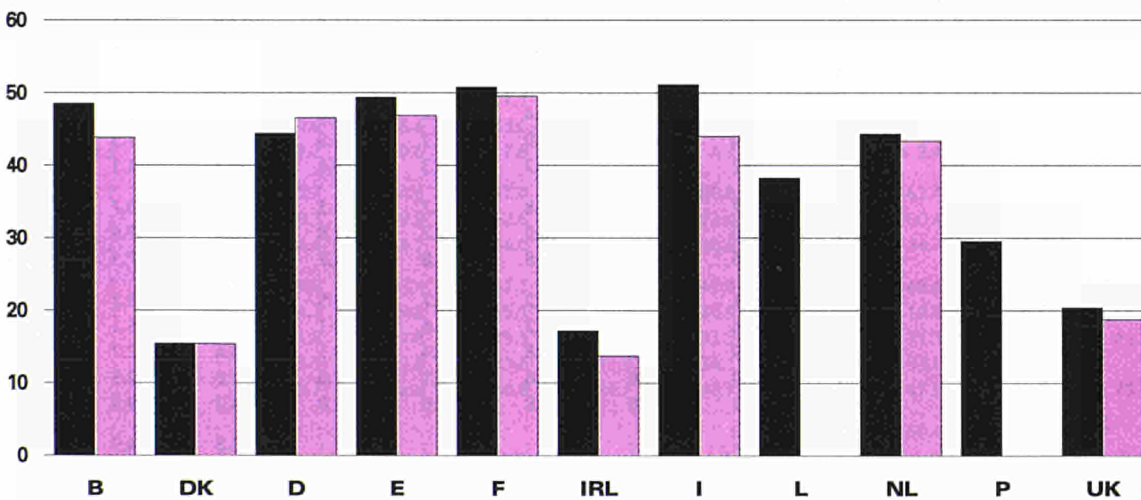
Total receipts of local government in current prices.
% of total receipts of general government



Black: 1983; pink: 1992.

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Total receipts of social security funds in current prices.
% of total receipts of general government



Black: 1983; pink: 1992.

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Total receipts of central government in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	31.1	31.1	30.9	29.7	29.6	28.5	27.7	28.0	27.4	27.4	:	B
DK	34.6	36.6	37.8	39.6	39.2	38.7	38.2	36.3	36.0	36.6	:	DK
D	22.7	22.9	23.1	22.3	22.0	21.3	22.6	21.2	22.1	23.0	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	15.5	15.1	17.1	18.9	20.5	20.3	21.8	20.6	21.0	:	:	E
F	22.0	22.2	22.3	22.2	22.4	21.9	21.5	21.4	21.8	21.3	:	F
IRL	36.9	37.2	36.7	35.2	35.9	35.4	31.9	32.5	33.8	:	:	IRL
I	26.9	26.8	27.1	27.4	27.7	27.4	28.5	29.3	29.8	31.2	:	I
L	32.5	31.3	33.3	30.7	31.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	29.0	29.0	30.0	29.2	28.9	28.2	26.8	28.6	30.4	29.5	:	NL
P	23.5	25.7	28.8	23.1	21.9	23.1	23.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	30.1	30.2	30.2	29.4	28.8	28.9	28.6	30.3	31.3	29.6	:	UK

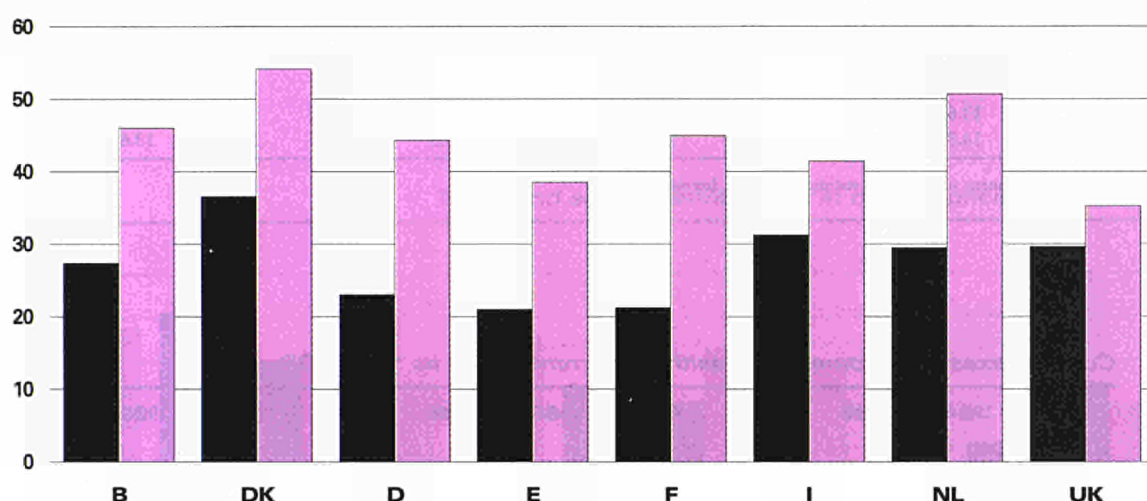
FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Deficit or surplus of central government. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	-5.2	-5.5	-5.3	-4.5	-4.4	-3.8	-2.9	-3.7	-3.8	-4.5	:	EUR12
B	-12.8	-12.1	-11.7	-12.1	-8.6	-7.7	-7.4	-6.1	-5.6	-5.9	-5.1	B
DK	-9.5	-6.6	-3.1	2.2	2.1	0.2	-0.8	-2.2	-2.7	-3.3	-4.6	DK
D	-1.3	-2.7	-2.2	-2.1	-2.4	-2.5	-1.0	-1.7	-2.9	-2.1	-3.3	D
GR	-9.2	-9.2	-12.7	-9.4	-11.2	-16.6	-20.7	-17.4	-17.9	-20.5	:	GR
E	-5.1	-5.4	-5.8	-4.6	-3.7	-3.4	-2.4	-2.7	-2.9	-2.9	-6.7	E
F	-4.0	-3.2	-3.4	-2.6	-3.6	-2.0	-1.4	-1.7	-1.7	-3.4	-4.5	F
IRL	-7.3	-6.3	-7.2	-7.2	-5.6	-1.4	-1.1	-0.6	-1.1	-1.5	-1.2	IRL
I	-11.5	-12.8	-14.1	-13.0	-12.2	-11.0	-9.2	-9.5	-9.1	-7.3	-9.2	I
L	-1.3	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	-0.3	-1.1	-0.4	L
NL	-7.7	-7.5	-5.4	-1.7	-3.5	-4.8	-4.7	-4.3	-3.5	-3.7	-1.5	NL
P	-9.5	-11.3	-13.9	-12.0	-10.5	-12.0	-9.7	-11.8	-16.4	-7.9	-12.5	P
UK	-3.2	-2.5	-1.7	-0.6	-0.3	0.8	1.8	-1.2	-0.2	-7.3	-7.8	UK
A	:	:	:	-5.1	-4.7	-4.2	-3.7	-3.5	-3.3	-3.2	-3.0	A
FIN	:	:	-1.0	-0.4	-1.1	0.2	1.6	0.1	-6.6	-15.1	-12.7	FIN
IS	:	:	-1.6	-3.9	-0.6	-0.8	-3.4	-3.1	-3.4	-2.7	-2.3	IS
N	:	:	8.1	8.0	5.0	3.6	2.1	2.0	-1.0	-2.5	-2.7	N
S	:	:	-6.6	-4.1	-1.0	0.8	2.0	-1.0	-4.2	-9.9	-14.8	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-3.8	-4.9	:	EEA
CH	:	:	-0.3	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	-0.6	-0.8	-2.2	CH
USA	-5.6	-4.3	-4.6	-4.9	-3.2	-3.2	-2.8	-4.0	-4.8	-4.9	-4.5	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Total receipts of central government and general government as % of GDP, 1992



Black: central government; pink: general government.

FURTHER READING

E, IRL: 1991 data.

Debt of central government, end of year as % of GDP.

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	43.3	46.0	47.5	48.9	49.8	49.7	51.5	52.0	:	:	EUR12
B	90.1	96.2	103.7	108.6	112.8	114.4	112.6	112.6	114.9	116.7	124.5	B
DK	70.1	74.4	71.7	63.6	59.8	59.3	59.4	60.5	65.7	68.5	72.8	DK
D	33.5	34.6	35.5	35.6	36.7	37.4	36.3	38.3	36.2	38.7	42.3	D
GR	36.2	40.7	57.9	58.6	64.5	71.1	76.0	72.3	77.8	:	:	GR
E	29.8	36.7	41.5	42.2	42.6	38.4	37.6	37.5	38.0	39.8	47.2	E
F	19.2	21.0	22.7	23.6	24.0	25.7	26.3	27.4	27.6	30.2	34.9	F
IRL	96.3	102.1	107.9	116.0	117.1	113.0	103.5	96.7	95.0	90.5	92.7	IRL
I	60.0	66.1	74.6	78.6	83.6	87.4	90.8	98.8	101.9	108.7	110.7	I
L	23.3	24.3	9.2	9.0	7.8	6.0	4.7	3.0	2.4	3.2	3.7	L
NL	45.1	49.9	53.7	54.6	57.0	60.0	60.6	61.5	62.4	63.6	64.6	NL
P	:	53.7	53.3	59.9	62.8	64.5	62.4	59.9	60.4	55.4	67.7	P
UK	42.2	44.1	44.4	44.7	44.0	42.0	38.4	35.0	34.7	35.9	38.9	UK
A	:	:	39.0	43.4	47.1	47.7	47.8	47.8	48.6	48.5	52.4	A
FIN	:	:	14.2	14.6	15.1	13.4	10.9	11.1	18.8	36.8	55.3	FIN
IS	:	:	31.8	27.8	25.5	28.8	32.3	30.8	31.3	39.1	45.3	IS
N	:	:	32.5	41.8	33.6	33.3	34.1	31.2	33.8	42.5	:	N
S	:	:	68.7	66.6	60.8	54.7	48.7	45.5	47.9	61.1	78.5	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	50.4	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	17.2	15.9	15.2	14.6	13.2	12.9	13.7	16.3	19.6	CH
USA	41.6	44.2	48.4	52.3	54.1	55.3	56.7	61.3	67.2	70.2	72.2	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Taxes linked to production and imports, in current prices as % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	11.5	11.2	11.0	10.6	10.9	10.8	10.9	11.0	10.8	11.0	:	B
DK	17.0	17.2	17.4	18.7	18.4	17.9	17.3	16.9	16.5	16.5	16.7	DK
D	11.9	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.3	11.2	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.6	12.0	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	8.4	8.9	9.5	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.3	9.9	9.8	10.2	9.6	E
F	14.6	15.0	15.0	14.5	14.7	14.5	14.2	14.2	13.7	13.6	13.8	F
IRL	17.3	17.4	16.9	16.2	15.9	16.2	16.0	15.3	14.8	14.9	14.0	IRL
I	9.2	9.3	9.0	9.1	9.5	10.0	10.4	10.6	11.1	11.1	11.9	I
L	16.0	15.5	14.7	13.9	14.1	14.3	14.1	13.8	13.9	14.5	15.5	L
NL	10.6	10.6	11.0	11.4	12.0	11.9	11.1	11.1	11.0	11.5	11.8	NL
P	13.7	13.6	13.3	14.9	14.3	14.7	13.9	:	:	:	:	P
UK	14.9	14.8	14.5	15.2	15.0	15.2	14.3	13.1	14.0	13.6	13.3	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Current taxes on income and wealth, in current prices as % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	19.3	19.8	19.8	19.3	19.0	18.2	16.9	17.1	16.7	16.5	:	B
DK	26.6	27.4	28.6	29.3	29.9	30.9	30.7	29.2	29.6	30.0	30.3	DK
D	12.0	12.2	12.6	12.3	12.4	12.2	12.7	11.2	11.6	11.9	11.5	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	7.8	8.2	8.5	8.2	10.3	10.4	12.1	12.0	12.0	12.4	11.9	E
F	9.0	9.3	9.1	9.3	9.4	9.0	9.0	8.9	9.4	9.0	9.2	F
IRL	13.8	14.6	14.3	14.6	15.1	16.1	13.3	13.9	14.6	15.0	:	IRL
I	12.4	12.6	13.1	12.9	13.3	13.4	14.4	14.5	14.6	14.8	16.2	I
L	20.1	19.1	18.6	16.9	16.8	16.1	15.1	15.1	13.8	13.0	14.9	L
NL	13.4	12.5	12.7	13.4	14.1	14.4	13.9	15.5	16.9	15.9	16.9	NL
P	7.9	7.7	7.8	6.1	5.6	6.9	8.3	:	:	:	:	P
UK	15.0	15.1	15.3	14.5	14.1	14.2	14.6	14.8	13.8	13.0	12.2	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Compulsory social contributions, in current prices as % of GDP

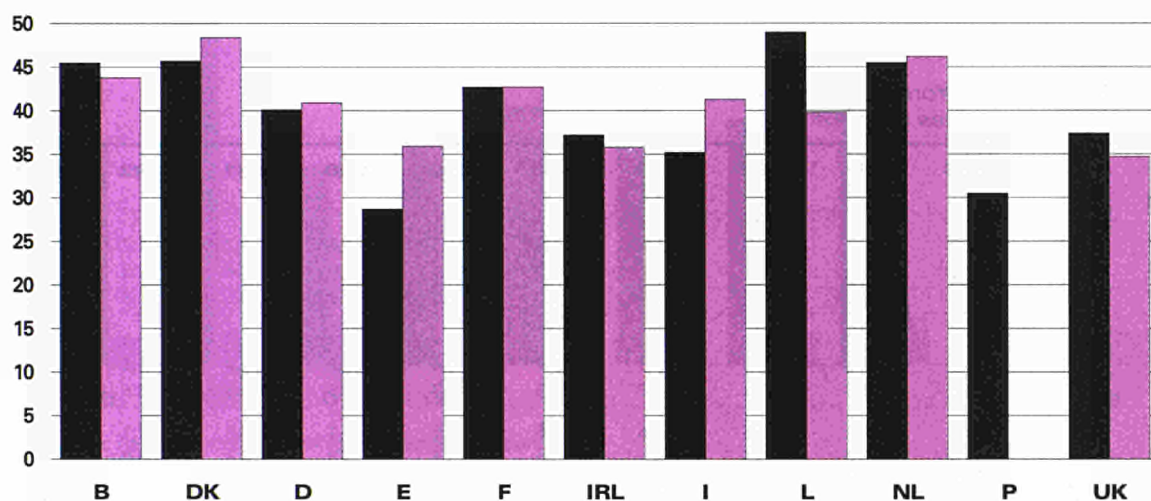
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	14.3	15.2	15.6	15.7	16.0	15.5	15.1	15.2	15.7	15.8	16.0	B
DK	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.9	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	DK
D	15.2	15.3	15.4	15.4	15.5	15.4	15.2	15.0	17.0	17.3	17.9	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GR
E	12.4	11.8	11.8	11.7	11.8	11.6	12.0	12.2	12.4	13.1	13.3	E
F	18.9	19.2	19.3	18.8	19.1	19.0	19.2	19.3	19.3	19.5	19.6	F
IRL	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.8	:	IRL
I	12.5	12.0	12.0	12.4	12.3	12.2	12.6	12.9	13.1	13.3	13.5	I
L	12.8	12.7	11.6	11.2	12.5	12.0	11.5	11.5	12.0	:	:	L
NL	20.6	19.6	19.8	19.4	20.4	20.5	18.8	16.9	17.9	18.5	18.6	NL
P	8.7	8.7	8.3	9.7	9.8	9.4	9.4	:	:	:	:	P
UK	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.5	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Sources of general government revenue are current taxes on income and wealth, taxes linked to production and imports, and capital taxes. Revenue from current taxes on income and wealth in particular comes from taxes on personal income and from profits of companies and other corporate bodies. Income from taxes linked to production and imports, in particular, comes from

VAT and other general turnover taxes. The resident sectors formed by taxpayers pay not only to the general government but also to other resident sectors, such as private insurance enterprises, and to non-resident sectors. Contributions paid by resident sectors, therefore, usually differ from general government revenue.

Taxes and social contributions in current prices. % of GDP



Black: 1983; pink: 1992.

L: 1991.

FURTHER READING

Taxes and social contributions in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	45.5	46.7	46.8	46.1	46.3	45.0	43.4	43.8	43.7	43.8	:	B
DK	45.7	46.8	48.1	49.8	50.6	50.5	49.7	47.9	47.9	48.4	49.0	DK
D	40.1	40.3	40.7	39.9	40.2	39.8	40.3	38.6	40.2	40.9	41.5	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GR
E	28.7	29.1	30.0	30.7	32.7	32.7	34.6	34.3	34.4	35.9	35.0	E
F	42.7	43.8	43.7	43.0	43.4	42.8	42.7	42.8	43.0	42.7	43.2	F
IRL	37.2	38.1	37.3	36.6	36.7	38.1	34.9	34.9	35.3	35.8	:	IRL
I	35.2	34.2	34.1	34.5	35.2	35.8	37.6	38.1	39.0	41.3	42.3	I
L	49.0	47.4	45.0	42.2	43.6	42.5	40.8	40.6	39.8	:	:	L
NL	45.5	43.7	44.4	44.6	46.9	47.1	44.1	43.9	46.2	46.3	47.6	NL
P	30.5	30.3	29.6	31.0	29.9	31.2	31.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	37.4	37.4	37.2	37.2	36.4	36.8	35.9	34.8	34.7	33.4	32.2	UK

FURTHER READING

General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Final consumption of general government,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	17.5	17.0	17.0	16.8	16.2	15.2	14.6	14.4	14.7	14.6	:	B
DK	27.4	25.9	25.2	23.9	25.2	25.7	25.6	25.3	25.5	25.6	26.2	DK
D	13.9	13.6	13.6	13.4	13.4	13.0	12.6	12.1	12.8	13.0	12.9	D
GR	15.7	16.3	17.0	16.1	16.3	:	16.8	17.3	16.1	16.0	15.5	GR
E	13.7	13.5	14.7	14.7	15.1	14.8	15.2	15.6	16.2	17.0	17.5	E
F	19.5	19.6	19.4	18.9	18.8	18.5	18.0	18.0	18.3	18.8	19.3	F
IRL	19.2	18.5	18.4	18.0	17.0	15.6	14.5	15.1	15.9	16.1	16.0	IRL
I	16.4	16.3	16.4	16.2	16.7	16.9	16.7	17.4	17.5	17.6	17.7	I
L	15.8	15.4	14.5	14.4	15.5	14.4	13.6	13.5	:	:	:	L
NL	17.1	16.3	15.7	15.5	15.8	15.3	14.8	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.6	NL
P	13.3	13.2	13.7	14.3	14.1	14.8	15.1	:	:	:	:	P
UK	22.2	21.9	21.1	21.1	20.6	19.9	19.8	20.6	21.6	22.2	22.0	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Gross capital formation of general government,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	3.0	2.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	:	B
DK	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.6	2.3	2.2	DK
D	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.7	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	2.7	2.8	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.7	4.4	4.9	4.8	4.1	4.1	E
F	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	F
IRL	4.4	4.0	4.0	3.5	2.6	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.1	:	IRL
I	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.6	I
L	5.2	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.7	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	NL
P	3.4	2.8	2.7	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.5	:	:	:	:	P
UK	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.8	UK

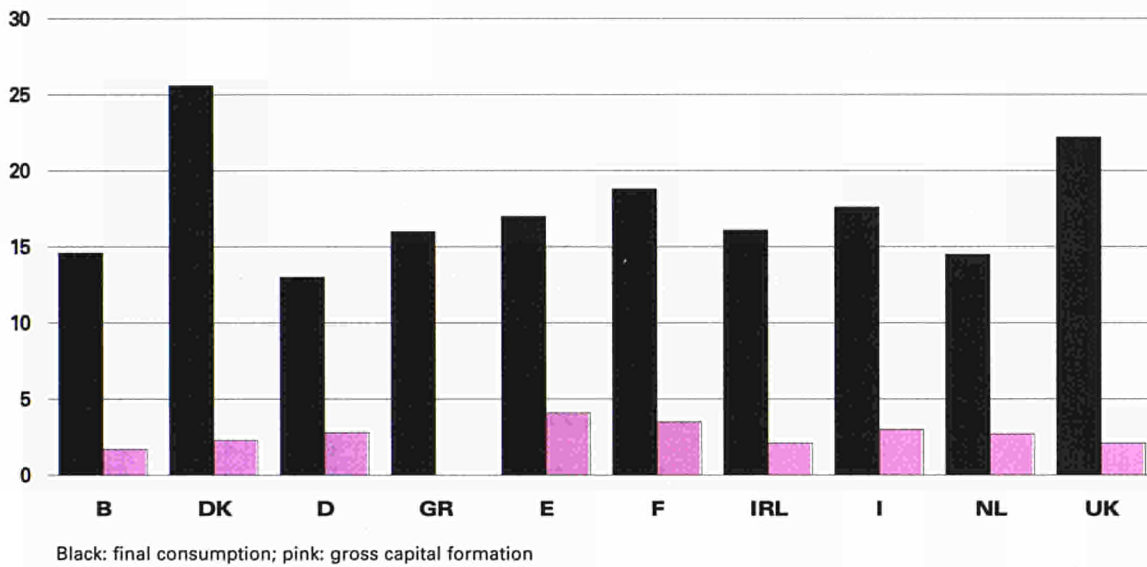
FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Final consumption and gross capital formation of
central government in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	13.7	13.1	13.0	12.6	11.8	11.0	10.5	10.4	10.7	10.7	:	B
DK	9.6	8.9	8.6	7.7	8.3	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.1	8.7	8.7	DK
D	11.0	10.7	10.6	10.5	10.5	10.1	9.9	9.3	9.5	9.5	9.4	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	9.1	8.0	8.1	7.7	8.0	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.4	:	E
F	12.2	12.1	11.9	11.5	11.1	11.1	10.6	10.8	10.7	11.0	11.3	F
IRL	10.5	10.1	10.1	9.9	9.6	8.5	7.8	8.1	8.5	8.6	:	IRL
I	10.2	10.1	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.2	9.9	10.3	10.1	10.3	10.3	I
L	13.5	12.8	11.7	11.4	12.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	8.6	8.3	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.1	NL
P	13.7	13.3	13.6	13.3	13.1	13.8	13.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	14.5	14.4	14.0	13.7	13.2	12.8	13.0	13.8	14.5	14.7	14.9	UK

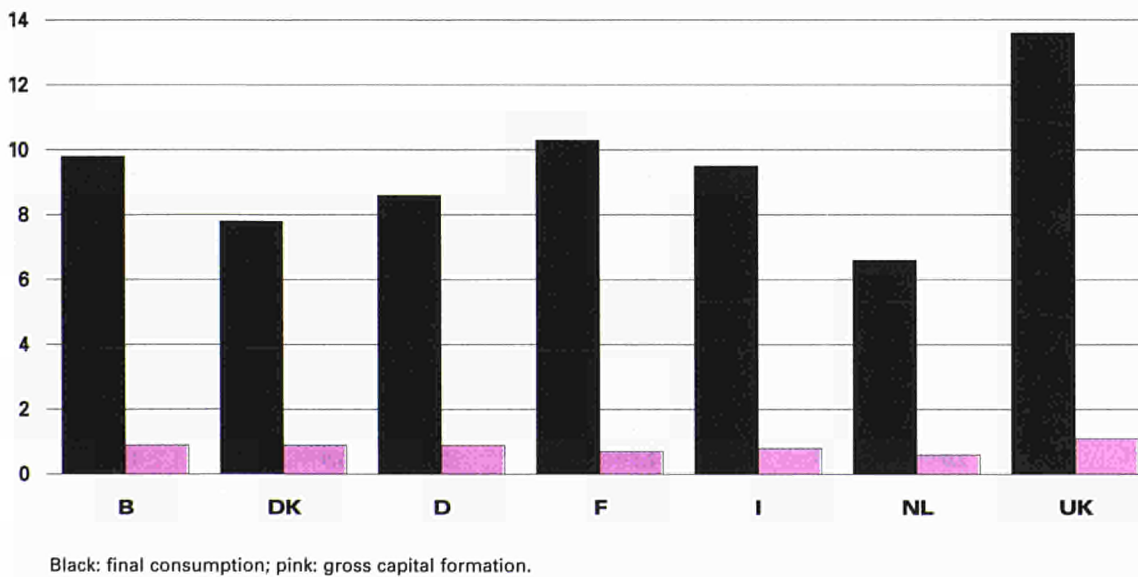
FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Final consumption and gross capital formation of general government in current prices as % of GDP. 1992



FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994. E, IRL: 1991.

Final consumption and gross capital formation of central government in current prices as % of GDP. 1992



FURTHER READING

*General government expenditure on general public services,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.8	DK
D	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	4.8	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	1.7	1.8	2.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.8	:	:	:	E
F	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.9	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	6.3	6.6	6.1	6.3	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.6	:	IRL
I	3.5	3.4	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.6	4.9	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.2	:	:	:	:	P
UK	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*General government expenditure on public order and safety,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	DK
D	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	:	:	:	E
F	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	:	:	:	:	P
UK	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*General government expenditure on defence,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	DK
D	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.2	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.6	:	:	:	E
F	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.1	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	:	IRL
I	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.7	:	:	:	NL
P	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.3	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.9	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*General government expenditure on education,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	7.4	7.0	6.7	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.7	7.7	DK
D	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	2.1	1.7	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.2	:	:	:	E
F	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.3	:	IRL
I	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.2	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	6.2	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	:	:	:	NL
P	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.6	5.2	5.3	5.6	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5.4	5.2	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.4	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*General government expenditure on health,
in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.6	DK
D	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.0	5.9	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	0.2	0.1	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	5.0	5.1	:	:	:	E
F	7.1	9.2	9.8	7.2	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.5	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.9	5.1	5.6	5.8	:	IRL
I	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.7	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.5	6.2	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.3	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.9	5.9	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Expenditure on social security and welfare including housing, internal
and cultural affairs of general government in current prices as % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	24.5	24.0	23.2	22.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	25.5	24.0	23.5	22.3	23.8	25.3	25.7	26.0	26.6	27.5	28.8	DK
D	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.8	21.0	20.7	20.4	19.7	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	3.7	2.7	17.7	17.1	16.6	17.0	17.5	18.4	:	:	:	E
F	24.6	22.7	22.3	24.5	24.2	24.0	23.7	23.5	24.4	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	17.2	16.9	16.1	14.6	13.0	12.9	13.5	13.8	:	IRL
I	18.3	17.9	18.4	18.3	18.1	17.9	18.2	18.7	18.7	19.8	19.9	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	11.2	10.9	11.7	11.3	11.7	11.3	12.0	:	:	:	:	P
UK	17.6	17.8	17.4	17.9	16.8	15.4	15.7	15.8	17.4	18.5	19.2	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

*Total expenditure on social protection
in current prices. % of GDP*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	26.3	26.1	26.1	25.9	26.0	25.5	25.1	25.3	26.1	27.1	:	EUR12
B	30.8	29.9	29.3	29.4	29.0	27.7	26.7	27.0	27.6	27.8	:	B
DK	30.1	28.6	27.8	26.7	27.4	28.9	29.9	29.6	30.7	31.4	:	DK
D	28.8	28.5	28.4	28.1	28.6	28.5	27.5	27.0	27.0	27.3	:	D
GR	17.4	18.3	19.4	19.5	20.3	19.6	20.8	20.5	20.2	19.3	:	GR
E	19.5	19.6	20.2	19.9	19.8	19.8	20.0	20.6	21.7	22.5	:	E
F	28.3	28.7	28.8	28.5	28.1	27.9	27.5	27.6	28.5	29.2	:	F
IRL	24.1	23.7	23.8	23.3	22.6	21.5	19.7	19.7	20.9	21.6	:	IRL
I	22.9	22.0	22.6	22.4	22.9	22.9	23.1	23.3	24.6	25.6	:	I
L	27.2	25.8	25.5	24.8	26.4	25.9	25.2	25.9	27.6	28.0	:	L
NL	33.4	32.2	31.3	31.0	32.0	31.7	31.0	32.2	32.5	33.0	:	NL
P	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.4	14.2	14.9	14.5	14.9	16.9	17.6	:	P
UK	23.9	24.2	24.3	24.3	23.5	21.9	21.7	22.7	24.7	27.2	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	26.8	26.7	27.3	28.2	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	24.8	24.4	26.1	31.1	35.4	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	17.9	17.8	17.6	18.0	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	26.4	:	29.0	29.5	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	35.5	35.2	35.8	37.6	40.0	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	18.1	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994.
Eurostat.

*Total expenditure on social protection,
ECU at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	104	108	111	113	117	123	129	:	EUR12
B	:	:	100	104	106	106	108	112	116	120	:	B
DK	:	:	100	100	104	110	114	115	121	125	:	DK
D	:	:	100	105	110	114	114	118	124	128	:	D
GR	:	:	100	99	101	104	113	111	110	106	:	GR
E	:	:	100	104	110	117	124	133	144	151	:	E
F	:	:	100	104	105	109	111	114	118	122	:	F
IRL	:	:	100	103	104	104	102	106	113	120	:	IRL
I	:	:	100	104	111	117	122	127	137	143	:	I
L	:	:	100	106	115	122	130	137	150	157	:	L
NL	:	:	100	102	106	108	111	120	122	124	:	NL
P	:	:	100	114	121	135	138	149	178	195	:	P
UK	:	:	100	104	106	105	106	108	116	127	:	UK

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994.
Eurostat.

Data on social protection expenditure come from the European system of integrated social protection statistics (Espross), which compares well to that of the Nordic Social-Statistical Committee, Nososco. Only current transactions are included. Capital transactions and

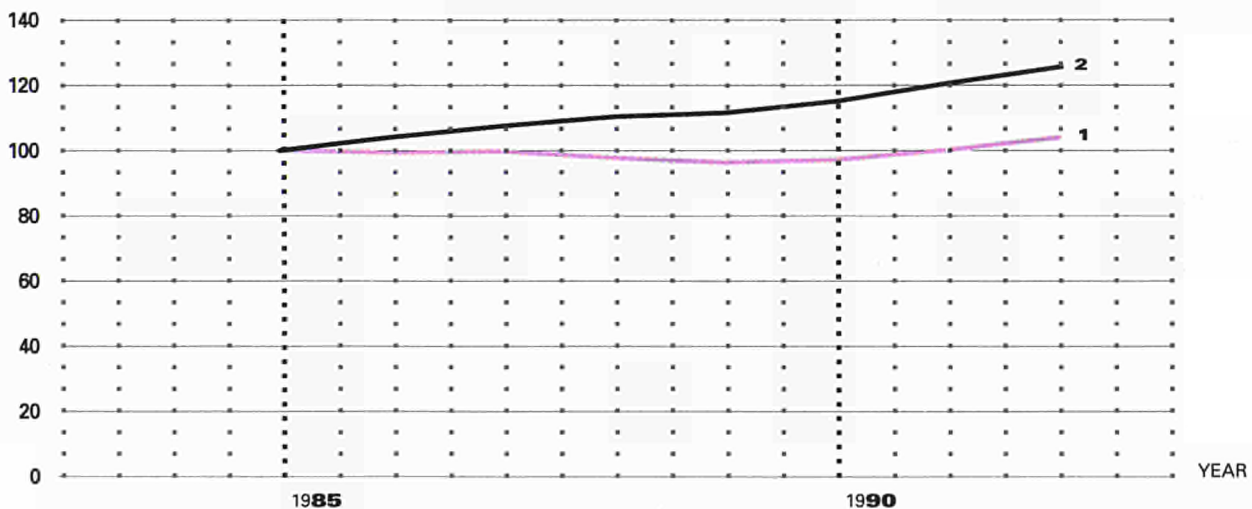
expenditure via the fiscal system are excluded. Social protection expenditure measured as a percentage of GDP might decrease not only because of national policy but also as a result of a substantial increase in GDP. This was the case in Ireland in the late 1980s.

Total expenditure on social protection per person, ECU at 1985 prices

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	2 634	2 663	2 720	2 831	2 925	3 003	3 035	3 133	3 283	3 418	:	EUR12
B	3 201	3 143	3 140	3 274	3 319	3 328	3 355	3 479	3 588	3 700	:	B
DK	4 193	4 137	4 175	4 187	4 322	4 572	4 723	4 761	4 996	5 144	:	DK
D	3 678	3 750	3 805	3 988	4 175	4 314	4 253	4 378	4 531	4 617	:	D
GR	738	806	852	844	856	877	949	928	916	869	:	GR
E	1 079	1 099	1 143	1 186	1 252	1 324	1 404	1 502	1 632	1 708	:	E
F	3 475	3 548	3 606	3 736	3 737	3 864	3 930	4 011	4 128	4 249	:	F
IRL	1 643	1 629	1 675	1 732	1 745	1 744	1 728	1 793	1 900	2 003	:	IRL
I	2 141	2 129	2 228	2 325	2 476	2 616	2 717	2 827	3 052	3 181	:	I
L	3 205	3 166	3 171	3 332	3 594	3 804	4 001	4 168	4 503	4 654	:	L
NL	3 790	3 703	3 662	3 705	3 838	3 892	3 958	4 247	4 286	4 338	:	NL
P	443	421	441	501	533	598	610	658	787	862	:	P
UK	2 431	2 508	2 599	2 691	2 746	2 712	2 718	2 771	2 946	3 225	:	UK

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994. Eurostat.

Social current expenditure of the EUR12, current prices as % of GDP and constant ECU per person. 1985 = 100



1: % of GDP; 2: constant ECU per person.

FURTHER READING

Social protection current receipts by type of contributor, current prices. % of total receipts

	Employers, total			Self-employed people			Employees			EUR12
	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	
EUR12	42.2	41.6	40.5	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	40.2	40.6	41.8	3.6	3.3	1.7	19.9	21.4	24.2	B
DK	10.1	7.8	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	:	:	DK
D	40.9	41.3	40.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	21.7	22.0	22.1	D
GR	55.4	47.8	48.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	53.9	53.4	52.9	5.6	4.8	4.6	8.9	9.0	8.4	E
F	52.3	52.2	50.9	4.7	5.1	0.0	19.6	22.7	:	F
IRL	22.2	24.5	22.9	0.1	1.2	1.3	12.3	14.3	13.8	IRL
I	52.6	53.0	50.5	4.6	4.8	5.6	10.0	10.2	10.3	I
L	33.4	31.0	30.6	2.9	2.4	2.6	22.1	18.9	18.6	L
NL	31.9	20.1	19.9	2.2	1.5	1.7	26.4	30.3	32.7	NL
P	47.7	45.4	41.8	1.1	1.8	1.7	15.0	19.2	19.0	P
UK	29.6	27.3	26.1	0.7	0.7	0.7	15.6	15.0	14.7	UK

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994. Eurostat.

Social protection current receipts by type of contributor, current prices. % of total receipts

	Pensioners and other people			General government			Other current receipts			EUR12
	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	
EUR12	:	:	:	29.1	27.9	29.2	5.5	6.5	6.1	EUR12
B	0.8	1.4	0.9	31.5	24.2	21.6	4.0	9.1	9.9	B
DK	0.0	0.0	0.0	78.5	80.1	81.6	7.4	6.8	6.3	DK
D	7.2	7.2	5.6	25.4	24.8	26.3	3.5	3.6	3.7	D
GR	:	:	:	6.3	16.5	15.7	7.2	9.9	8.8	GR
E	3.9	3.7	4.3	25.4	26.8	27.8	2.3	2.3	2.1	E
F	4.7	5.1	0.0	19.6	16.7	17.7	3.2	2.5	2.5	F
IRL	0.1	1.2	1.3	64.5	58.9	60.6	0.8	1.1	1.3	IRL
I	4.6	4.8	5.6	29.5	29.0	30.6	3.4	3.0	3.0	I
L	2.9	2.4	2.6	34.1	39.0	40.5	6.8	8.2	7.2	L
NL	2.2	1.5	1.6	16.3	25.0	22.6	15.7	15.9	15.8	NL
P	1.1	1.8	1.7	33.3	28.1	32.4	2.8	5.4	5.0	P
UK	0.7	0.7	0.7	43.7	39.4	42.8	10.1	17.1	15.2	UK

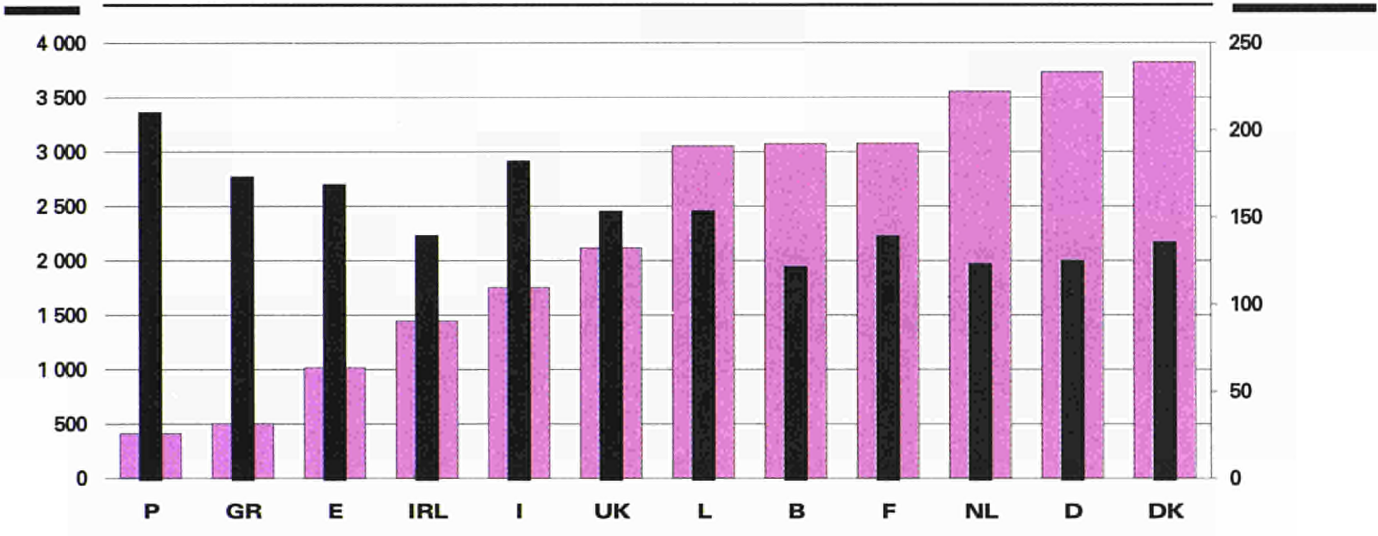
FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994. Eurostat.



Social protection receipts comprise social contributions by employers and protected people, contributions by general government and other current receipts. Social contributions by employers are all costs incurred by employers to secure entitlement to social benefits for their employees. They include all payments made by

employers to the social protection institutions as well as social benefits paid directly by employers to employees (imputed contributions). Other current receipts come from a variety of sources, for example interest, rent and claims against third parties.

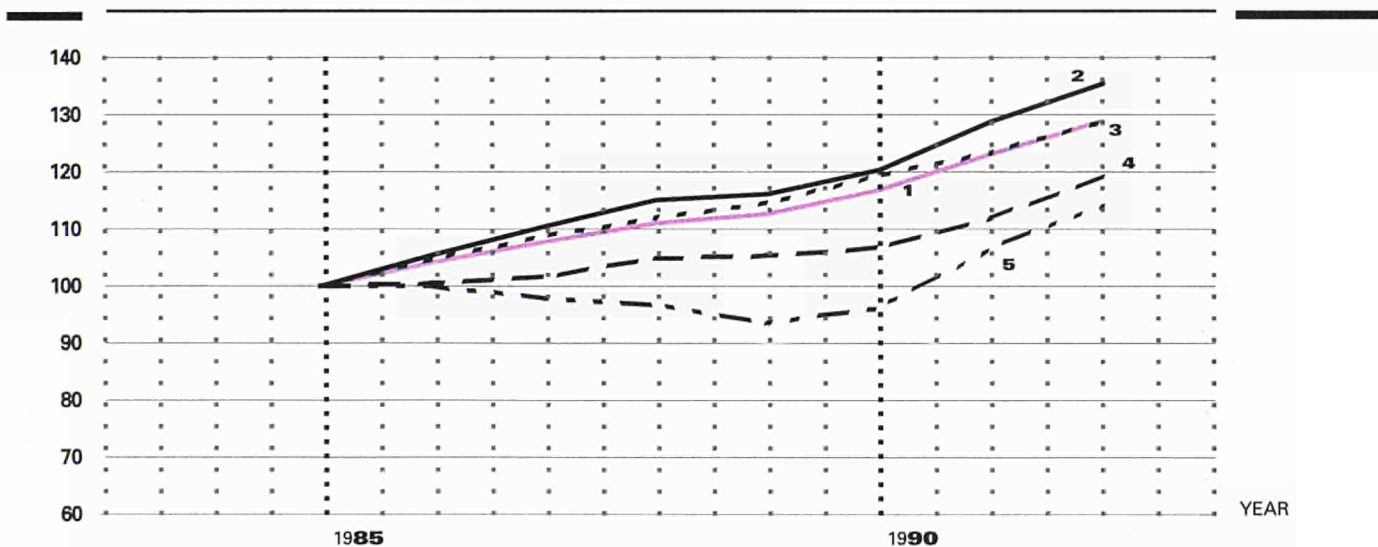
Social protection benefits per person: levels in 1980 and real growth rates from 1980 to 1992



Black: levels in 1980; pink: real growth rates from 1980 to 1992.

FURTHER READING

Real growth of social protection benefits by function. 1985 = 100



1: total; 2: health; 3: old age and survivors; 4: maternity and family; 5: employment.

FURTHER READING

Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Social protection benefits by function, current prices. % of total benefits

	Unemployment and promotion of employment			Work-related accidents and diseases; invalidity and disability			Health			
	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	
EUR12	8.1	6.7	7.2	11.1	11.4	11.3	23.7	24.6	25.3	EUR12
B	13.3	11.1	11.4	12.5	11.3	10.9	20.3	23.2	23.5	B
DK	15.3	15.3	17.2	9.3	9.6	9.3	22.1	19.7	19.2	DK
D	6.6	6.1	6.2	12.6	12.0	11.8	27.5	28.1	29.2	D
GR	2.3	2.9	5.3	12.0	11.5	9.4	10.5	10.5	9.3	GR
E	19.0	17.0	18.5	10.3	10.8	10.8	23.6	26.0	25.7	E
F	6.0	6.6	7.7	8.5	8.4	8.0	24.3	26.5	26.6	F
IRL	14.0	12.6	14.6	6.7	7.0	6.9	29.1	28.6	29.1	IRL
I	3.4	1.8	1.7	9.6	9.7	8.7	22.4	21.7	22.9	I
L	1.3	0.8	0.8	17.3	15.5	14.9	23.8	24.5	24.4	L
NL	11.8	8.3	8.4	22.6	22.8	23.3	20.6	21.5	21.9	NL
P	2.6	2.7	5.0	14.2	15.7	14.2	33.9	28.7	31.2	P
UK	10.8	5.8	6.0	9.9	12.3	14.3	19.0	20.6	22.1	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	5.5	14.0	:	16.0	15.5	:	26.6	21.5	FIN
IS	:	2.6	:	:	8.9	:	:	49.9	:	IS
N	:	7.2	7.5	:	11.7	:	:	30.3	:	N
S	:	4.7	8.5	:	2.3	2.2	:	36.1	24.8	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	0.8	:	:	10.9	:	:	19.2	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994. Eurostat.

Social protection benefits by function, current prices. % of total benefits

	Old age and survivors			Maternity and family			Miscellaneous			
	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	1985	1990	1992	
EUR12	44.8	45.8	44.8	8.7	8.0	7.8	1.5	1.8	1.8	EUR12
B	42.7	43.9	44.7	9.7	9.0	8.1	1.5	1.5	1.4	B
DK	37.2	36.6	35.1	10.5	12.1	12.0	3.7	4.4	4.6	DK
D	42.5	42.1	40.6	7.6	8.1	8.9	2.4	2.9	2.7	D
GR	65.5	68.2	69.0	3.2	1.7	1.7	5.0	4.4	4.6	GR
E	43.3	42.7	41.3	2.6	1.7	1.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	E
F	45.6	44.4	44.1	11.1	10.0	9.5	0.8	1.2	1.3	F
IRL	27.7	28.8	27.2	16.6	17.5	17.4	1.5	1.8	2.1	IRL
I	58.7	61.7	62.8	5.8	5.1	3.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	I
L	47.3	46.8	48.4	9.5	11.2	11.1	0.7	1.1	0.2	L
NL	33.1	37.1	36.9	7.6	5.9	5.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	NL
P	37.3	42.6	38.8	7.4	6.7	5.6	2.9	3.6	5.2	P
UK	41.9	43.0	39.4	11.6	10.8	10.9	1.3	1.4	1.5	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	35.7	33.1	:	13.5	12.7	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	4.8	:	:	14.3	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	34.1	:	:	11.7	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	40.8	47.8	:	15.5	16.0	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	65.0	:	:	2.4	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Social protection: expenditure and receipts, 1980-1992-1994.
Eurostat.

Expenditure on economic affairs and services of general government, in current prices as % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.5	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	5.8	5.2	5.1	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.3	5.2	5.1	DK
D	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.8	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	4.1	6.0	5.8	5.2	5.6	5.9	5.7	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	7.1	7.2	6.9	7.2	6.7	6.3	6.1	6.2	5.7	5.5	5.7	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	12.5	11.0	11.6	6.9	5.4	5.5	5.7	:	:	:	:	P
UK	4.2	4.4	4.2	3.6	3.1	3.6	2.9	4.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Subsidies of fuel and energy by general government, in current prices as % of total expenditure on economic affairs and services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.1	DK
D	4.2	5.3	4.5	6.6	10.0	9.3	10.7	10.2	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	5.5	2.6	2.0	2.3	3.4	2.1	1.9	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.8	:	:	:	:	P
UK	7.4	13.5	10.1	5.6	5.7	3.6	5.0	1.0	2.3	3.1	3.2	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Subsidies of agriculture, forestry and fishing by general government, in current prices as % of total expenditure on economic affairs and services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.6	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.1	2.6	2.7	1.9	2.2	DK
D	1.5	4.3	5.5	5.9	5.4	5.8	5.6	4.2	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	7.5	3.8	2.6	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.1	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.4	3.1	2.8	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.3	3.4	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	0.7	0.9	2.8	6.9	7.4	6.1	4.0	:	:	:	:	P
UK	0.8	0.3	1.1	1.0	4.7	3.7	0.4	0.6	-0.4	0.1	3.7	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Subsidies of transportation and communication by general government, in current prices as % of total expenditure on economic affairs and services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	27.2	26.6	25.0	24.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	12.2	12.9	13.2	14.5	15.4	14.1	14.7	14.3	16.4	13.5	14.2	DK
D	11.7	10.3	10.0	9.3	8.6	8.6	8.4	8.6	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	30.0	18.3	13.6	12.5	12.8	11.0	11.1	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	27.8	31.0	28.5	29.3	25.3	26.0	27.4	24.9	26.7	23.6	25.8	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	2.8	2.6	4.0	5.8	6.1	4.1	3.2	:	:	:	:	P
UK	12.6	10.9	10.3	10.1	9.0	6.2	6.7	4.8	7.4	8.6	8.6	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

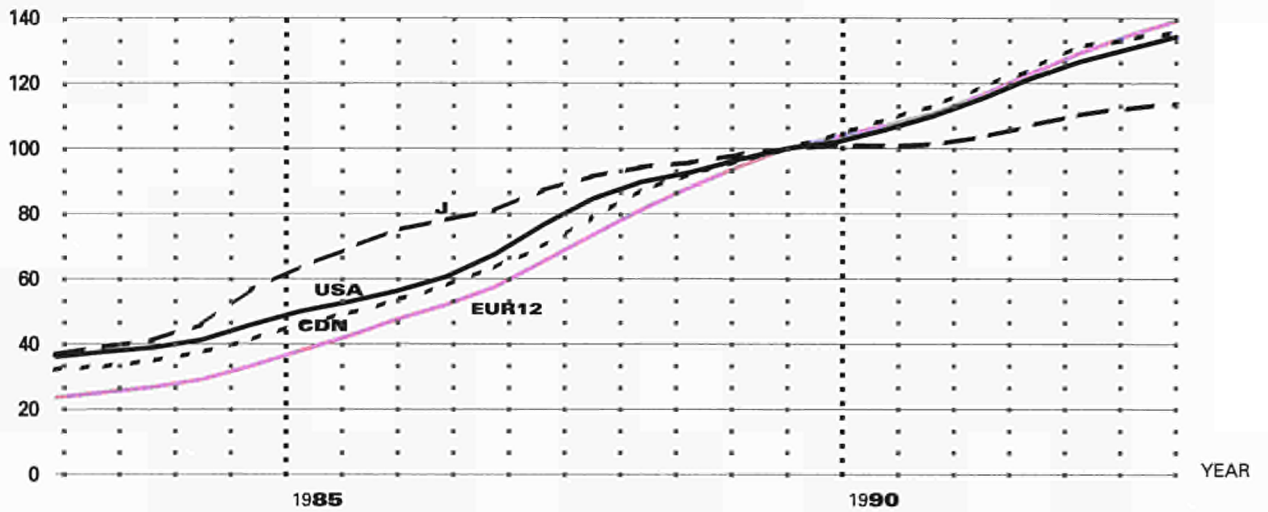
P: national accounts data have been revised by the national statistical office of Portugal. From 1986 onwards the autonomous regions of the Azores and Madeira are included, whereas data before 1986 relate to continental Portugal.

Gross capital formation, transportation and communication, by general government, in current prices as % of total expenditure on economic affairs and services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	13.3	11.9	10.0	9.9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	7.0	7.2	7.6	6.5	7.1	6.4	6.3	5.1	-0.7	5.4	6.1	DK
D	18.8	17.4	17.1	18.0	16.4	15.9	15.9	16.2	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	8.4	13.1	12.3	14.8	16.8	20.6	26.3	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	9.8	9.4	10.6	10.4	10.8	11.8	12.4	13.3	15.1	15.0	12.5	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	9.3	7.5	7.1	14.0	18.1	19.8	19.8	:	:	:	:	P
UK	11.7	11.1	11.5	14.1	14.9	12.5	18.0	15.7	19.6	21.4	19.9	UK

FURTHER READING General government accounts and statistics, 1981-92. Eurostat 1994.

Consumer price index. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Consumer price index. 1985 = 100

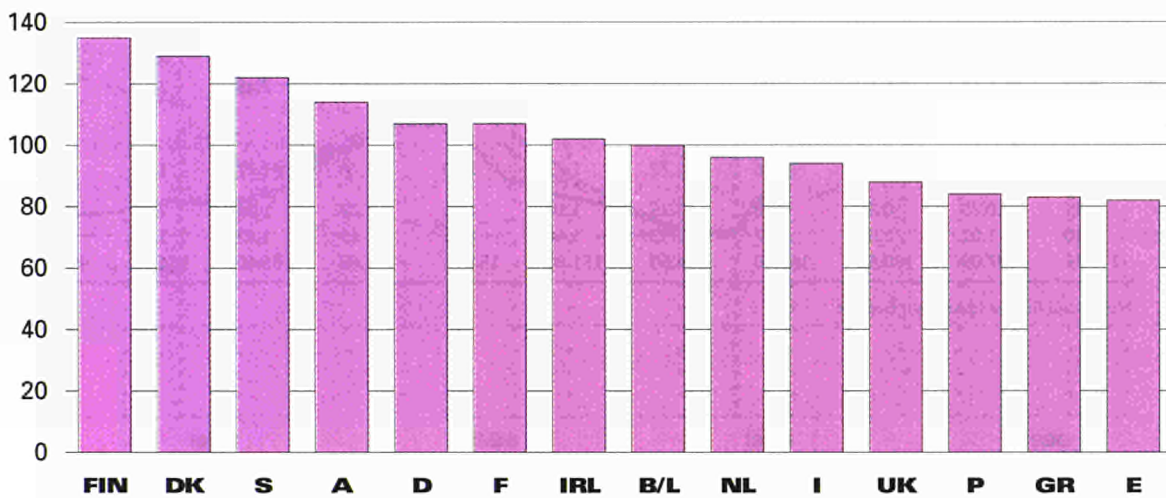
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	88 *	94 *	100 *	104 *	107 *	111 *	117 *	123 *	129 *	135 *	139 *	EUR12
B	90	95	100	101	103	104	107	111	115	117	121	B
DK	90	96	100	104	108	113	118	121	124	127	128	DK
D	96	98	100	100	100	101	104	107	111	115	120	D
GR	71	84	100	123	143	163	185	223	266	308	353	GR
E	83	93	100	109	115	120	128	137	145	154	161	E
F	88	94	100	103	106	109	113	117	120	123	126	F
IRL	87	95	100	104	107	109	114	118	121	125	127	IRL
I	83	92	100	106	111	117	124	132	140	147	154	I
L	90	96	100	100	100	102	105	109	112	116	120	L
NL	95	98	100	100	100	101	102	104	108	112	115	NL
P	65	84	100	112	122	134	151	171	190	207	220	P
UK	90	94	100	103	108	113	122	133	141	146	149	UK
A	92	97	100	102	103	105	108	111	115	120	124	A
FIN	88	95	100	104	107	113	120	127	133	137	140	FIN
IS	:	:	100	122	144	180	217	250	268	278	289	IS
N	89	95	100	107	117	124	130	135	140	143	147	N
S	86	93	100	104	109	115	122	135	148	151	158	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	94	97	100	101	102	104	107	113	120	125	129	CH
USA	93	97	100	102	106	110	115	122	127	131	134	USA
CDN	92	96	100	104	109	113	119	124	131	133	136	CDN
J	96	98	100	101	101	101	104	107	110	112	114	J

FURTHER READING

Consumer price indices published here are national indices that have different names in each country. They are not harmonised: the field covered by the general index and the years of reference vary according to the country. For

comparison, they are presented with a common base, 1985 = 100. The EUR12 index is a weighted average of the national price indices. The weight used is the share of each country in the final consumption of households of EUR12.

Cost-of-living comparisons in the European Union.
Food, drink and tobacco. 1994



FURTHER READING

Prices and exchange rates refer to 1 July 1994. Country codes refer to the capital of the countries.

Cost-of-living comparisons in the European Union. 1994

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total	Total(1)	
DK	129	105	105	110	140	135	111	146	120	126	DK
D	107	99	131	99	120	107	107	113	111	107	D
GR	83	95	66	81	90	80	82	83	80	82	GR
E	82	76	98	82	97	94	92	85	88	85	E
F	107	109	152	102	85	103	112	105	113	105	F
IRL	102	76	81	96	129	108	78	90	92	94	IRL
I	94	89	107	87	123	91	93	92	94	92	I
NL	96	85	125	92	99	105	91	109	103	98	NL
P	84	80	100	69	98	90	81	56	80	77	P
UK	88	60	198	89	100	103	81	90	107	89	UK
A	114	104	121	103	122	107	111	108	111	108	A
FIN	135	91	83	129	121	115	117	109	109	114	FIN
S	122	79	95	95	131	101	119	104	103	105	S

1: food, drink and tobacco; 2: clothing and footwear; 3: housing; 4: household equipment; 5: health; 6: transport; 7: leisure and education; 8: miscellaneous; Total(1): total excluding housing.

FURTHER READING

Cost-of-living comparisons in the European Union. Eurostat 1995.

B/L = 100. Prices and exchange rates refer to 1 July 1994. Country codes refer to the capital of the countries. The figures arise from the work which Eurostat does in the field of cost-of-living adjustments to the salaries of EU officials working outside Brussels/Luxembourg. These cost-of-living relatives are not those of the resident population.

ECU exchange rates. Annual average. 1 ECU = ...

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	EUR12
B	45.44	45.44	44.91	43.80	43.04	43.43	43.38	42.43	42.22	41.59	40.47	B
DK	8.13	8.15	8.02	7.94	7.88	7.95	8.05	7.86	7.91	7.81	7.59	DK
D	2.27	2.24	2.23	2.13	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.05	2.05	2.02	1.94	D
GR	78.09	88.34	105.74	137.42	156.22	167.58	178.84	201.41	225.22	247.03	268.57	GR
E	127.50	126.57	129.16	137.46	142.19	137.60	130.41	129.32	128.47	132.53	149.12	E
F	6.77	6.87	6.80	6.80	6.93	7.04	7.02	6.91	6.97	6.85	6.63	F
IRL	0.71	0.73	0.72	0.73	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.77	0.77	0.76	0.80	IRL
I	1350	1381	1448	1462	1495	1537	1511	1522	1533	1595	1841	I
L	45.44	45.44	44.91	43.80	43.04	43.43	43.38	42.43	42.22	41.59	40.47	L
NL	2.54	2.52	2.51	2.40	2.33	2.33	2.34	2.31	2.31	2.27	2.18	NL
P	98.69	115.68	130.25	147.09	162.58	170.06	173.41	181.11	178.61	174.70	188.37	P
UK	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.67	0.70	0.66	0.67	0.71	0.70	0.74	0.78	UK
A	15.97	15.73	15.64	14.96	14.55	14.59	14.57	14.44	14.43	14.22	13.62	A
FIN	4.95	4.72	4.69	4.98	5.07	4.94	4.72	4.85	5.00	5.81	6.70	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	44.68	50.90	63.04	74.39	73.01	74.88	79.60	IS
N	6.49	6.41	6.51	7.28	7.77	7.70	7.60	7.95	8.02	8.04	8.31	N
S	6.82	6.51	6.52	7.00	7.31	7.24	7.10	7.52	7.48	7.53	9.12	S
EEA	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	EEA
CH	1.87	1.85	1.86	1.76	1.72	1.73	1.80	1.76	1.77	1.82	1.73	CH
USA	0.89	0.79	0.76	0.98	1.15	1.18	1.10	1.27	1.24	1.30	1.17	USA
CDN	1.10	1.02	1.04	1.37	1.53	1.46	1.30	1.49	1.42	1.57	1.51	CDN
J	211.35	187.09	180.56	165.00	166.60	151.46	151.94	183.68	166.49	164.22	130.15	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Short-term interest rates. Day-to-day money rates. %

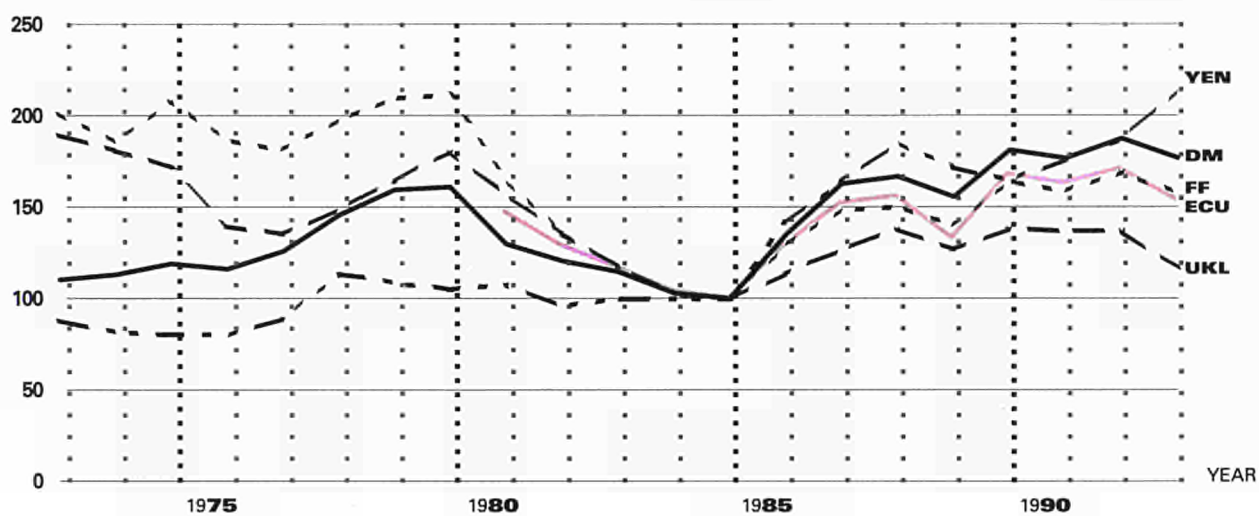
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B/L	8.3	9.5	8.3	6.6	5.6	5.0	7.0	8.3	8.5	8.7	7.4	B/L
DK	12.0	11.5	10.0	9.1	9.9	8.3	9.5	10.7	9.7	11.4	10.4	DK
D	5.4	5.5	5.2	4.6	3.7	4.0	6.6	7.9	8.8	9.4	7.5	D
GR	:	:	17.0	19.8	15.7	16.0	20.2	21.5	22.7	23.5	23.5	GR
E	19.5	12.6	11.6	11.5	16.1	11.3	14.4	14.8	13.2	13.0	12.3	E
F	12.5	11.7	9.9	7.7	8.0	7.5	9.1	10.0	9.5	10.4	8.8	F
IRL	15.0	12.4	12.0	11.8	10.6	7.7	9.3	11.5	10.5	15.7	14.9	IRL
I	18.3	17.3	15.3	13.4	11.3	10.8	12.6	12.1	11.9	14.4	10.2	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	5.3	5.8	6.3	5.8	5.2	4.4	7.0	8.3	9.0	9.3	7.1	NL
P	:	:	:	:	12.5	12.3	12.8	13.7	15.8	17.6	13.3	P
UK	8.9	8.3	11.3	9.7	8.9	9.8	13.8	14.9	11.8	9.7	6.0	UK
A	:	:	6.2	5.3	4.4	4.6	7.5	8.5	9.1	9.3	7.2	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	9.2	8.4	10.3	10.6	14.9	13.3	7.7	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	12.1	15.0	14.3	13.2	11.3	11.4	10.6	14.1	7.7	N
S	:	:	14.0	10.1	9.2	10.1	11.6	13.5	11.8	16.5	9.1	S
EEA	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	EEA
CH	:	:	3.8	3.2	2.5	2.2	6.5	8.3	7.7	7.5	4.9	CH
USA	9.1	10.2	8.1	6.8	6.7	7.6	9.2	8.1	5.7	3.5	3.0	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	6.4	6.1	6.5	4.8	3.5	3.6	4.9	7.2	7.5	4.6	3.1	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Day-to-day money rates, sometimes known as the overnight inter-bank rates, are one example of a short-term interest rate. They usually

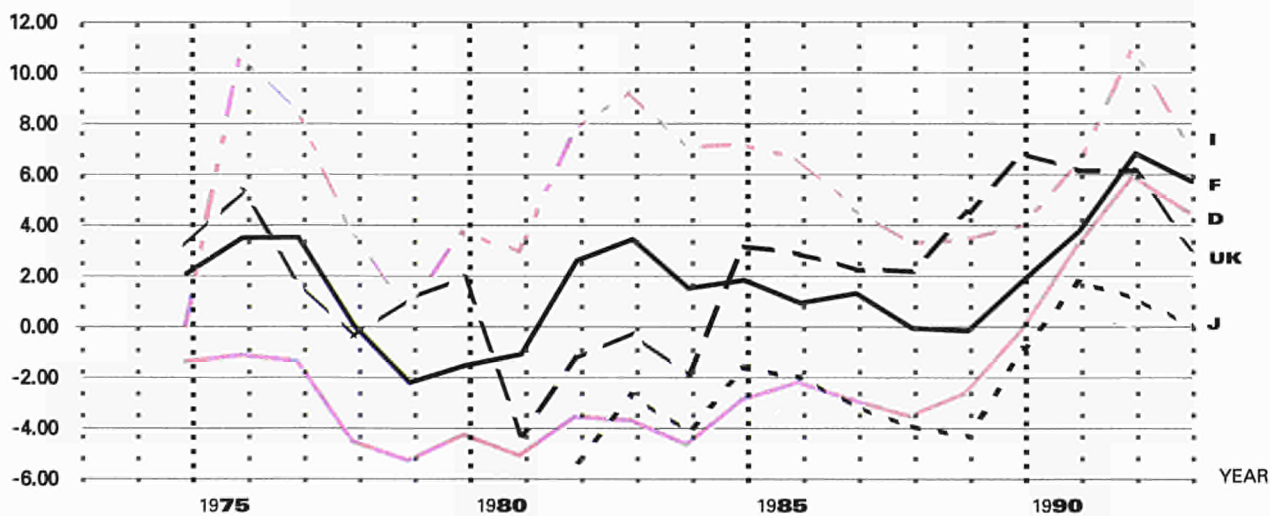
denote the rates at which banks lend and borrow among themselves on the inter-bank market.

Exchange rates. 1 US dollar = ... 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Short-term interest rate differentials; national rates minus US rate. %



FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Long-term interest rates; yield on long-term government bonds at current prices. Annual average. %

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	11.8	12.0	10.6	7.9	7.8	7.9	8.6	10.1	9.2	8.7	7.2	B
DK	14.3	13.9	11.2	10.1	11.3	9.6	9.9	10.7	9.2	8.9	7.2	DK
D	7.9	7.8	6.9	5.9	5.8	6.1	7.0	8.9	8.6	8.0	6.3	D
GR	18.2	18.5	15.8	15.8	17.5	16.6						GR
E	16.9	16.5	13.4	11.4	12.8	11.7	13.7	14.7	12.4	12.2	10.2	E
F	14.4	13.4	11.9	9.1	10.2	9.2	9.2	10.4	9.5	9.0	7.0	F
IRL	13.9	14.6	12.7	11.1	11.3	9.5	8.9	10.1	9.2	9.1	7.7	IRL
I	18.5	15.2	13.3	10.9	10.8	10.8	12.0	12.2	11.6	12.4	10.6	I
L	9.8	10.3	9.5	8.7	8.0	7.1	7.7	8.6	8.2	7.9	6.9	L
NL	8.2	8.1	7.3	6.4	6.4	6.1	7.2	9.0	8.9	8.2	6.3	NL
P	26.5	27.5	25.4	17.9	15.4	13.9	14.8	15.2	14.3	11.7	10.3	P
UK	10.8	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.4	9.6	11.1	9.9	9.1	7.9	UK
A	:	:	7.8	7.3	6.9	6.7	7.1	8.7	8.6	8.3	6.6	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	11.3	12.0	8.8	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	12.9	13.3	13.3	12.9	10.8	10.7	10.0	9.6	6.9	N
S	:	:	:	:	11.8	11.3	11.2	13.2	10.8	10.0	8.6	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	6.2	6.4	4.6	CH
USA	10.8	12.0	10.8	8.1	8.6	9.0	8.6	8.7	8.2	7.5	6.5	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	7.4	6.8	6.3	4.9	4.2	4.3	5.1	7.4	6.5	5.3	4.3	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

GR: no long-term debt has been issued since 1988.

Deflated long-term interest rates; annual yield on long-term government bonds at 1985 prices. %

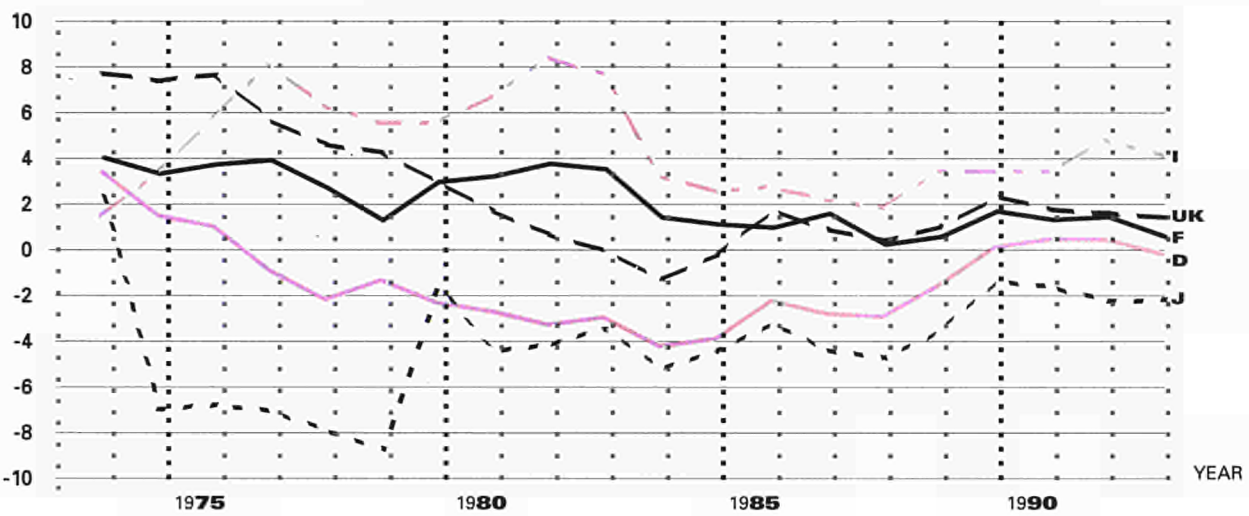
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	4.1	5.6	5.7	6.6	6.3	6.7	5.5	6.6	6.0	6.2	4.5	B
DK	7.4	7.6	6.5	6.4	7.3	5.0	5.1	8.1	6.8	6.8	5.9	DK
D	4.6	5.4	4.7	6.1	5.6	4.8	4.2	6.2	5.2	4.0	2.2	D
GR	-2.0	0.0	-3.5	-7.4	1.1	3.0						GR
E	4.8	5.3	4.6	2.6	7.5	6.9	6.9	8.0	6.5	6.3	5.6	E
F	4.9	5.7	6.0	6.6	6.9	6.5	5.7	6.9	6.3	6.6	4.9	F
IRL	2.9	5.2	6.7	6.8	7.9	7.1	4.8	6.6	6.1	5.9	6.2	IRL
I	3.8	4.4	4.1	5.0	6.1	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.3	7.2	6.1	I
L	1.2	3.8	5.4	8.4	8.0	5.7	4.3	4.9	5.0	4.7	3.3	L
NL	5.5	5.0	5.0	6.2	6.8	5.2	6.1	6.6	5.0	5.0	3.7	NL
P	1.5	-1.6	5.8	6.1	6.0	4.2	2.0	2.0	3.3	2.7	3.8	P
UK	6.2	5.7	4.5	6.4	5.4	4.5	1.8	1.6	4.0	5.4	6.3	UK
A	:	:	4.6	5.6	5.5	4.8	4.6	5.5	5.3	4.3	3.0	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9.0	6.6	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	7.3	6.1	4.6	6.2	6.3	6.6	6.6	7.3	4.6	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	5.5	4.8	2.7	1.4	7.7	4.0	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.4	2.4	1.3	CH
USA	7.6	7.7	7.2	6.2	5.0	4.9	3.7	3.3	3.9	4.5	3.5	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	5.6	4.5	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.6	2.8	4.3	3.3	3.6	3.0	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Data given here - on government bond yields - refer to the secondary market yield on bonds with different maturities, depending on the country, ranging from over two years (Spain) to 20 years (United Kingdom). For the series on

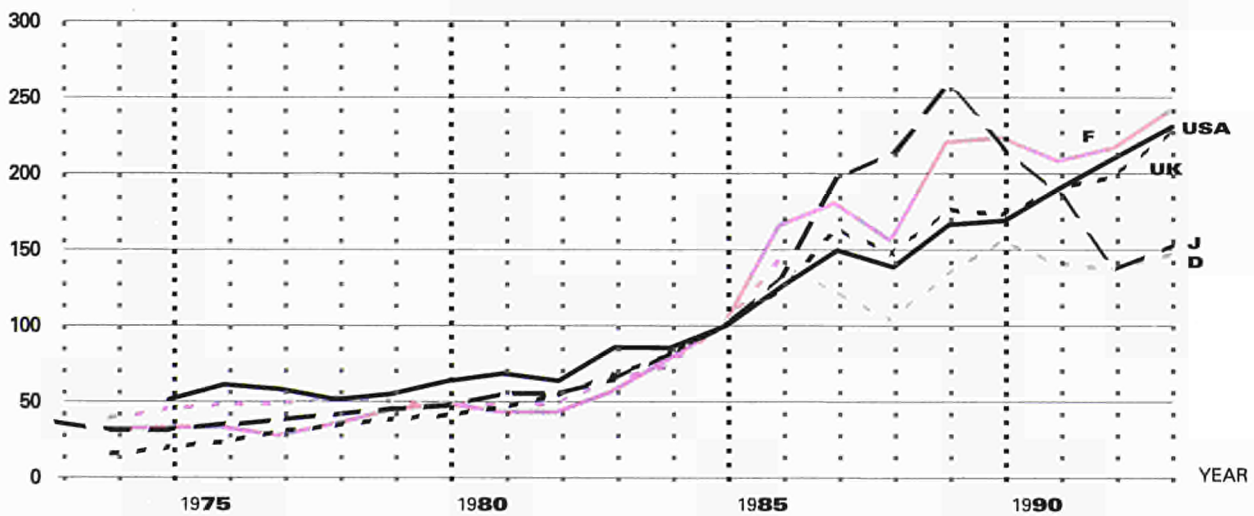
long-term government bonds at constant prices, the consumer price index has been used as a deflator. No long-term debt has been issued by the Greek authorities since 1988.

Long-term interest rate differentials; national rates minus US rate. %



FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Index of share prices; annual average. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Net current balance in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.2	0.7	0.1	0.0	-0.5	-1.2	-1.1		EUR12
B/L	-0.5	0.0	0.9	2.8	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.8		B/L
DK	-2.4	-3.0	-4.4	-5.3	-2.8	-1.2	-1.1	1.0	1.5	3.2		DK
D	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.8	2.8	-1.3	-1.3		D
GR	-4.4	-4.3	-7.8	-4.3	-3.0	-0.7	-4.6	-6.8	-5.4	-0.6		GR
E	-1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	0.1	-1.0	-2.9	-3.5	-3.2	-3.2		E
F	-1.0	-0.3	-0.1	0.3	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.7	-0.5	0.2		F
IRL	-6.3	-5.8	-3.7	-3.1	-0.3	0.3	-1.4	0.1	3.3	5.2		IRL
I	0.1	-0.7	-1.0	0.3	-0.2	-0.8	-1.3	-1.4	-1.9	-2.3		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	2.9	3.8	4.0	2.7	1.3	2.2	3.5	3.7	3.2	2.1		NL
P	-6.3	-2.6	1.5	3.4	1.1	-2.0	0.3	-0.3	-0.8	0.0		P
UK	0.8	-0.3	0.3	-1.1	-2.2	-4.8	-5.4	-4.5	-2.3	-2.3		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	-1.5	-3.1	-3.4	-3.8	-4.1	-2.7	-2.3	-1.8	-0.1	-1.2		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	1.8	2.8	3.6	4.3	3.6	2.7	2.0	1.2	2.2	3.2		J

FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Average flows of the current balance. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	17.8	19.1	18.9	15.6	14.8	15.1	16.3	16.0	15.3	14.5		EUR12
B/L	95.0	100.6	100.1	88.9	87.5	91.4	102.9	103.8	106.7	106.2		B/L
DK	43.7	45.9	46.3	41.7	39.6	41.2	44.5	44.6	47.7	50.7		DK
D	32.1	33.9	35.2	32.0	30.9	31.8	33.9	33.8	31.6	30.0		D
GR	33.1	35.6	37.1	33.2	35.5	34.7	35.8	34.9	33.9	31.8		GR
E	22.7	23.4	23.3	20.3	20.9	21.9	22.4	21.3	22.3	23.1		E
F	28.6	30.1	29.9	26.5	26.1	27.3	29.5	30.2	31.8	30.4		F
IRL	64.9	72.8	73.6	65.2	66.8	71.3	76.4	73.4	74.1	73.8		IRL
I	24.4	25.8	26.0	22.2	21.7	21.8	23.6	24.2	23.4	23.6		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	61.3	65.8	67.4	57.8	57.3	60.3	65.0	62.5	62.4	60.4		NL
P	39.4	44.2	42.7	37.7	40.8	42.4	43.6	43.1	39.3	36.6		P
UK	40.4	44.0	42.7	38.2	36.9	36.3	39.7	40.1	38.2	36.4		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	10.3	11.0	10.2	10.5	11.0	12.0	12.5	12.5	12.4	12.0		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	14.6	15.3	14.4	10.9	10.8	11.5	13.4	14.6	13.7	12.7		J

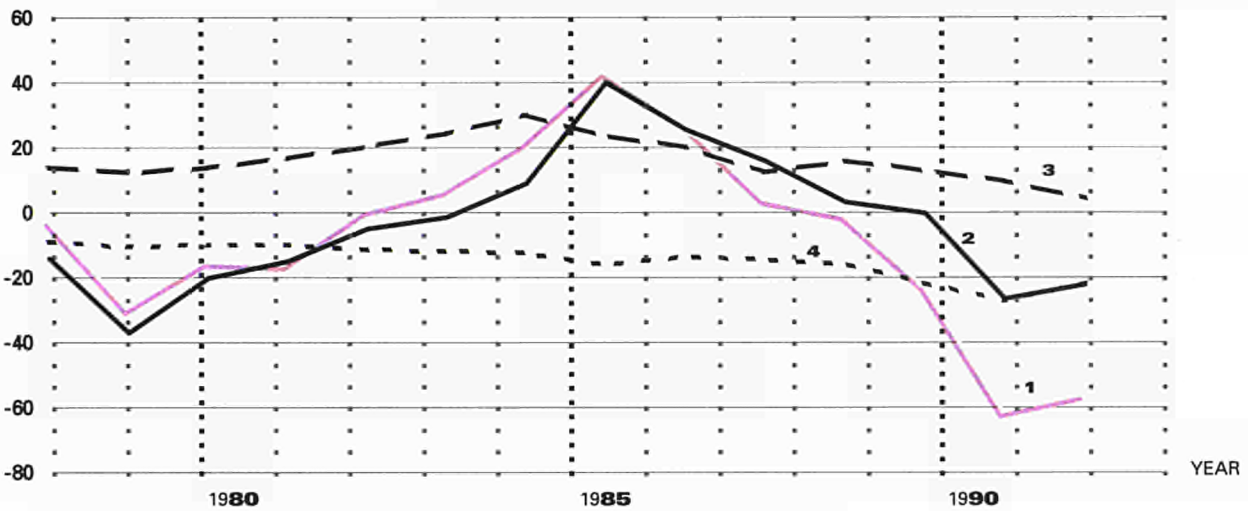
FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

The current balance covers exports (credits) and imports (debits) of goods and services, income from abroad from investment, and labour and unrequited transfers. It is part of the balance of payments which identifies and records transactions between residents of a country and non-residents.

In order to analyse EU transactions with the rest of the world (non-residents), all transactions between EU countries (intra-EU flows) must be eliminated. Only extra-EU flows - transactions of EU countries with countries outside the EU - should be examined.

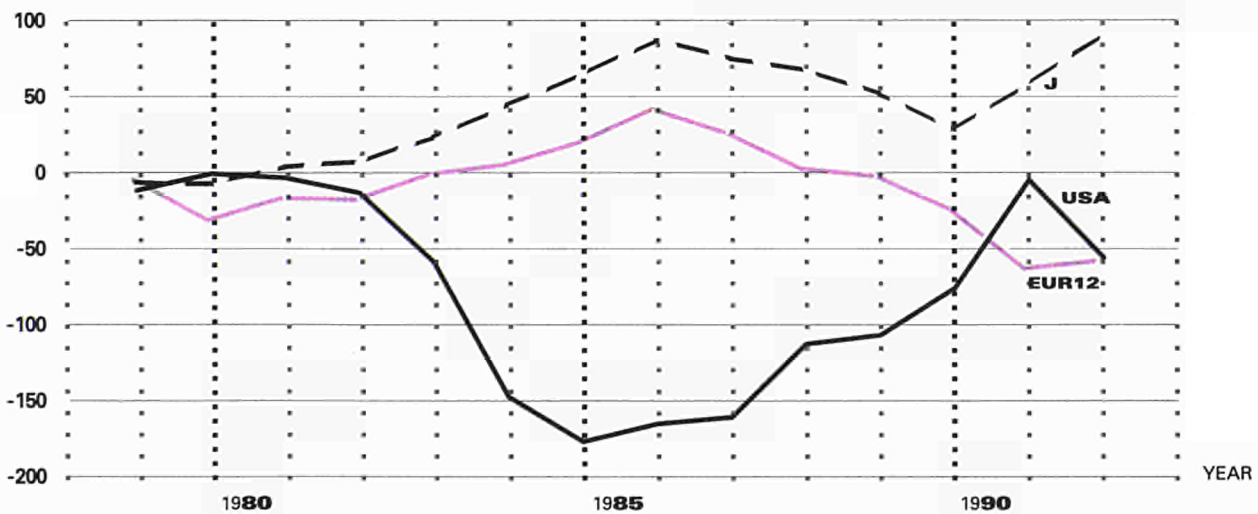
EU balances of the current account: net current balance, net trade balance and net unrequited transfer. 1000 million ECU



1: net current balance; 2: net merchandise; 3: net services; 4: net unrequited transfer.

FURTHER READING

Current balance. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Net trade balance in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	0.5	0.7	1.2	1.8	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	-0.3	-0.3	:	EUR12
B/L	0.8	0.9	1.5	3.1	2.6	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.2	3.2	:	B/L
DK	1.5	0.9	-0.1	-0.9	1.3	2.9	3.2	5.7	6.5	7.9	:	DK
D	1.3	1.8	2.7	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.6	2.8	-0.8	-0.7	:	D
GR	-6.5	-5.9	-7.5	-3.2	-2.7	-0.8	-4.2	-6.8	-6.0	-6.0	:	GR
E	-0.6	2.2	2.1	2.1	0.0	-1.4	-3.3	-3.5	-3.4	-3.0	:	E
F	0.1	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.6	1.7	:	F
IRL	-2.5	0.0	2.2	2.4	5.7	7.8	7.1	6.0	6.5	10.0	:	IRL
I	0.5	-0.4	-0.6	1.3	0.6	0.1	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	-1.3	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	L
NL	3.5	4.8	4.3	3.5	2.2	3.3	3.9	4.5	4.3	3.6	:	NL
P	-10.9	-7.1	-3.1	-2.1	-5.6	-9.1	-7.0	-7.9	-8.5	-8.6	:	P
UK	0.8	-0.2	1.0	-0.7	-1.1	-3.6	-3.9	-2.5	-1.0	-1.4	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	-1.6	-2.8	-2.9	-3.2	-3.3	-2.3	-1.6	-1.3	-0.4	-0.7	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	1.5	2.4	3.1	3.8	3.0	2.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	2.3	:	J

FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Trade balance, cover rates. %

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	104	105	108	116	111	106	104	102	97	97	:	EUR12
B/L	101	101	102	105	104	104	104	104	103	105	:	B/L
DK	104	102	100	97	104	109	109	117	119	124	:	DK
D	105	106	109	118	118	119	117	110	97	97	:	D
GR	80	83	80	90	92	97	88	81	82	79	:	GR
E	97	111	111	112	100	93	84	83	83	85	:	E
F	101	104	104	105	101	102	102	101	103	107	:	F
IRL	95	100	104	105	111	115	113	111	112	119	:	IRL
I	102	98	98	107	103	101	99	100	100	94	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	L
NL	107	109	108	108	105	107	108	109	109	108	:	NL
P	70	82	91	93	84	77	82	80	76	74	:	P
UK	103	99	104	97	96	86	85	90	96	94	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	82	73	71	69	69	79	85	88	96	94	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	112	119	127	150	140	126	113	105	119	128	:	J

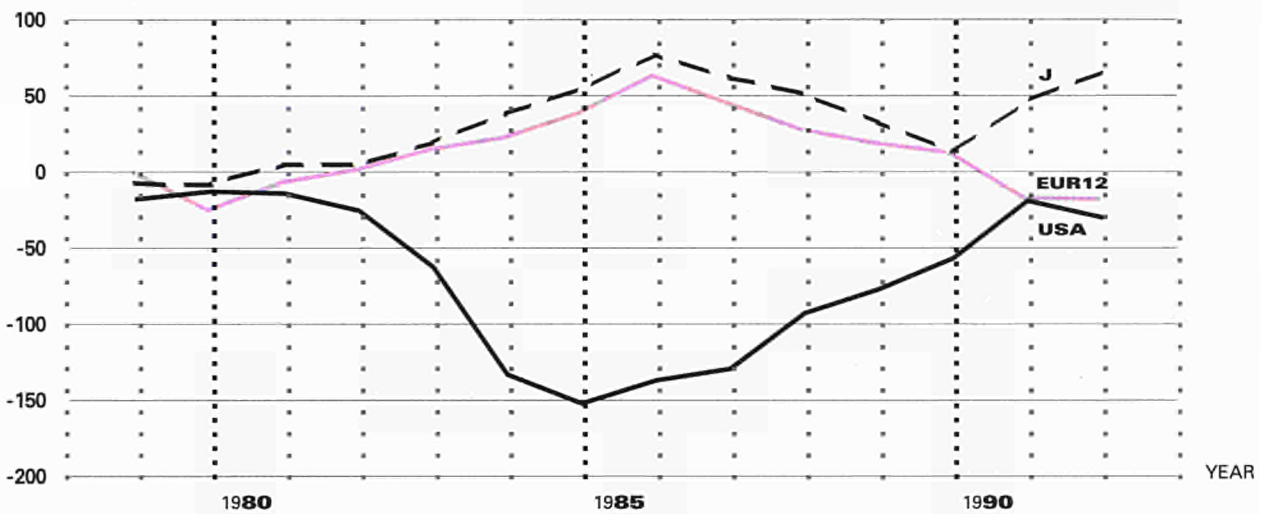
FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

The intra-EU trade balance of goods and services, in theory, is symmetrical because total intra-EU exports should equal total intra-EU imports. In practice this is not the case. For each item, the net of the intra flows may be positive or negative. This is called asymmetry, and should be

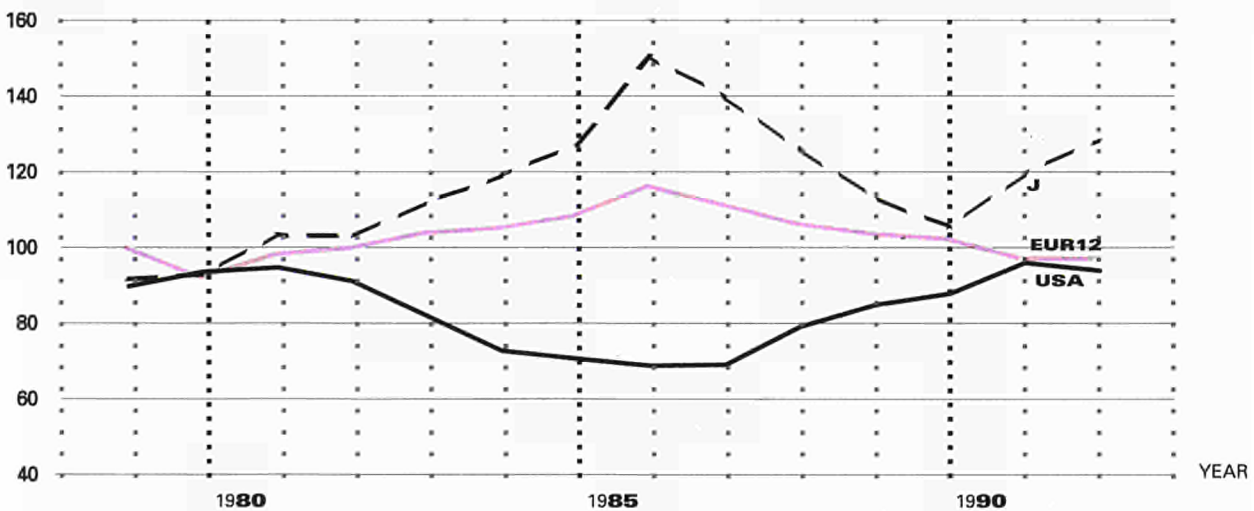
included when analysing the EU balance with the rest of the world, since the total balance is considered to be closer to the correct extra-EU balance. Cover rates, credits as a percentage of debits, are calculated by correcting credits and debits in order to eliminate asymmetry.

Net trade balance in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Trade balance, cover rates. %



FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

*Credits of the trade balance in merchandise (fob).
% of credits of the current balance*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	58.0	58.4	58.4	58.9	58.8	57.3	55.7	54.8	52.9	54.0		EUR12
B/L	59.0	59.1	58.0	58.5	60.2	59.3	54.9	52.5	49.2	47.9		B/L
DK	68.1	66.4	66.3	66.1	65.6	62.3	62.2	61.5	58.1	54.5		DK
D	75.2	75.8	76.4	76.1	76.0	76.3	75.5	73.9	71.9	71.5		D
GR	37.9	38.6	38.7	36.8	35.7	32.3	33.0	30.3	30.9	24.4		GR
E	58.0	59.3	58.9	54.7	54.5	53.6	54.1	55.6	53.6	51.8		E
F	60.6	61.5	60.9	61.1	61.7	62.2	61.2	58.9	55.8	57.1		F
IRL	74.5	75.9	74.5	73.9	75.2	75.4	75.8	71.7	69.7	72.8		IRL
I	70.5	70.1	70.0	71.5	70.6	70.8	70.3	65.7	65.3	62.0		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	69.2	69.5	69.7	69.2	68.2	68.5	66.5	66.9	65.8	65.3		NL
P	53.2	55.1	55.3	54.2	53.6	54.7	56.3	55.7	53.2	51.9		P
UK	49.0	49.3	51.1	50.2	52.4	50.4	48.4	48.9	48.8	51.1		UK
A	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		A
FIN	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		FIN
IS	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		IS
N	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		N
S	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		S
EEA	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		EEA
CH	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		CH
USA	62.3	61.9	62.8	61.6	62.5	62.2	61.2	61.2	59.7	64.7		USA
CDN	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		CDN
J	79.3	79.8	79.1	79.2	73.7	69.7	65.0	62.7	61.8	62.9		J

FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

*Debits of the trade balance in merchandise (fob).
% of debits of the current balance*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	59.6	60.1	59.8	57.6	58.4	57.5	56.8	55.2	54.7	56.2		EUR12
B/L	61.0	60.6	58.9	59.8	61.6	59.9	55.7	53.4	50.2	48.6		B/L
DK	62.2	61.8	60.8	58.9	57.3	55.5	54.9	53.9	52.0	47.5		DK
D	66.8	68.0	68.7	66.1	65.1	64.5	66.2	65.4	64.7	63.0		D
GR	67.9	67.1	68.3	64.8	65.0	64.0	64.6	64.8	65.6	70.3		GR
E	74.7	74.6	74.3	73.5	75.7	74.4	74.7	73.3	70.9	66.7		E
F	64.0	64.0	64.1	62.9	64.1	64.1	63.7	61.1	57.4	56.9		F
IRL	69.3	68.2	66.5	63.9	62.3	59.9	59.7	59.5	60.0	59.1		IRL
I	73.9	73.7	73.0	69.3	69.8	69.0	67.5	61.8	60.3	61.1		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	67.2	66.9	67.5	65.4	65.6	64.9	64.5	64.9	62.5	62.0		NL
P	74.8	73.1	72.6	73.2	76.3	78.2	78.5	78.4	77.4	78.6		P
UK	51.3	52.7	53.7	55.3	56.7	56.0	53.5	51.8	50.5	54.0		UK
A	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		A
FIN	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		FIN
IS	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		IS
N	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		N
S	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		S
EEA	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		EEA
CH	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		CH
USA	71.5	70.4	70.6	70.1	69.9	69.0	67.3	68.0	69.6	71.3		USA
CDN	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		CDN
J	70.1	70.5	69.1	64.9	58.9	56.2	53.9	52.7	48.1	48.6		J

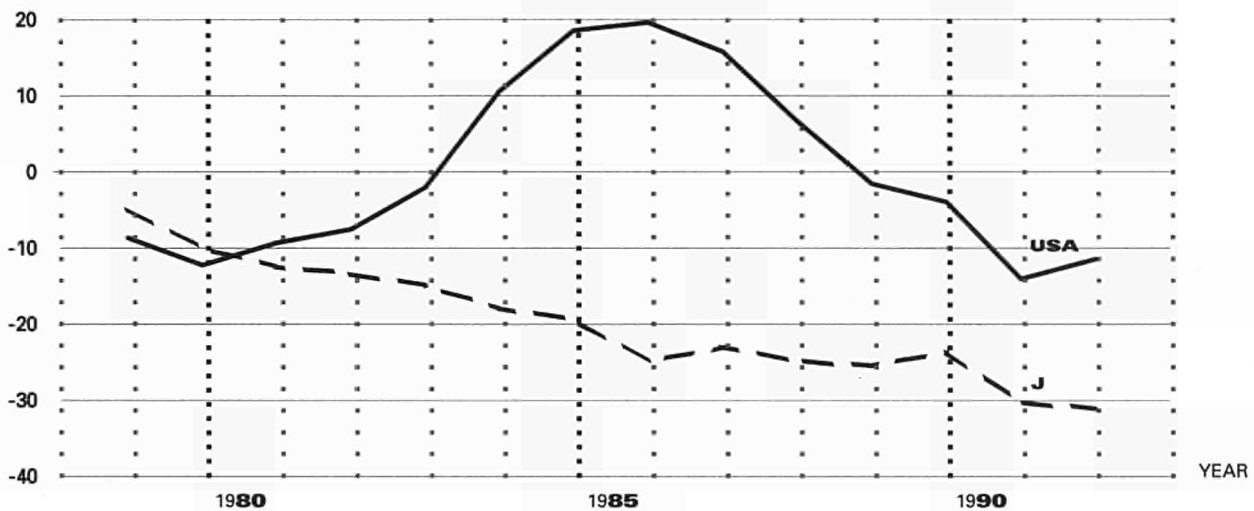
FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

The trade balance in merchandise includes all movable property whose ownership is transferred from a resident to a non-resident or vice versa. These figures should be based on customs data which are imports at cif values (including costs relating to transport and insurance) and exports at fob values (excluding transport costs). Imports at cif values are corrected

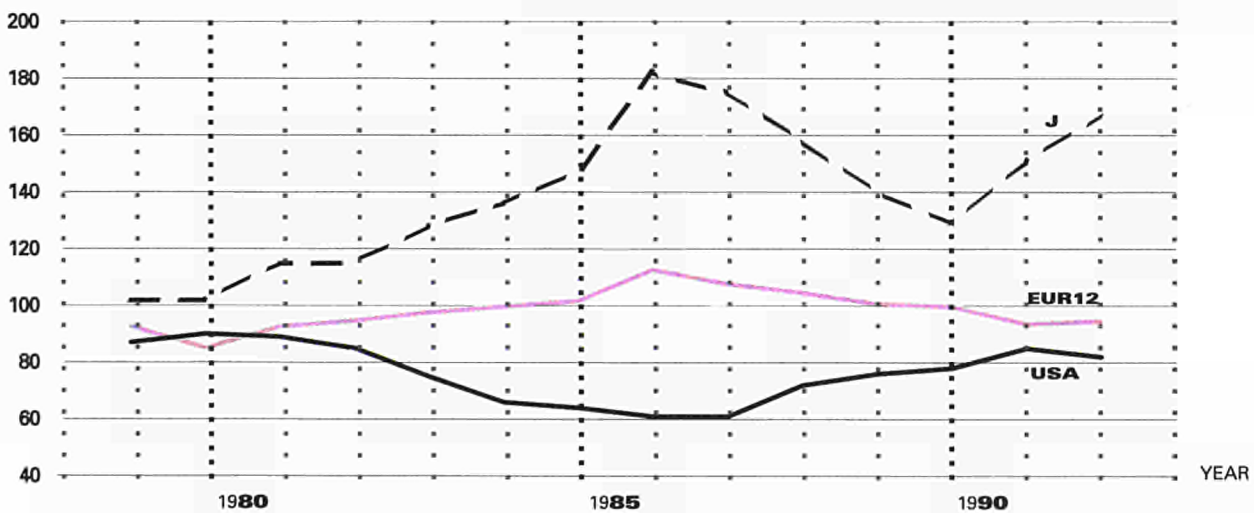
to imports at fob values in order to classify costs relating to transport and insurance as transport services and insurance services. Transactions of goods crossing a border without change of ownership are not regarded as exports, but transactions of goods between residents and non-residents are regarded as exports, even if the goods do not cross a border.

EU trade balance in merchandise with the USA and Japan.
1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Trade balance in merchandise, cover rates. %



FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

*Credits of the trade balance in services.
% of credits of the current balance*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	19.0	18.5	18.8	19.0	19.3	19.3	19.0	19.6	19.6	21.5		EUR12
B/L	16.1	15.3	15.0	16.6	16.2	16.0	15.2	15.1	15.5	15.1		B/L
DK	24.4	24.0	24.3	23.0	23.2	24.8	23.8	24.5	25.2	22.7		DK
D	11.9	11.4	11.1	10.7	10.4	9.6	9.7	9.7	10.1	9.9		D
GR	45.9	45.9	49.7	54.1	54.3	57.0	57.1	59.3	56.6	46.7		GR
E	33.1	32.5	31.9	35.8	34.5	32.2	30.1	28.9	27.3	28.3		E
F	22.5	21.9	21.9	21.1	21.0	20.5	21.4	21.1	20.5	23.5		F
IRL	9.7	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.5	9.5	9.0	9.8	10.0	9.7		IRL
I	18.3	18.2	18.7	17.9	18.7	18.1	17.8	22.7	21.4	22.1		I
L												L
NL	16.6	16.8	16.6	16.2	16.6	15.9	16.5	16.7	17.3	18.2		NL
P	18.0	18.2	19.0	18.3	18.5	17.8	17.2	17.7	17.6	15.6		P
UK	13.6	13.4	14.1	15.7	16.3	15.2	14.0	13.9	13.2	14.4		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	15.7	16.9	18.4	20.4	20.7	18.8	19.3	21.0	21.3	24.0		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	10.8	9.9	9.4	8.3	9.1	9.2	9.5	9.3	9.2	9.4		J

FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

*Debits of the trade balance in services.
% of debits of the current balance*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	15.5	15.2	15.4	16.7	17.3	17.0	16.8	17.5	17.0	18.7		EUR12
B/L	12.9	12.9	13.1	14.1	13.6	13.9	13.4	13.0	13.6	13.0		B/L
DK	22.1	20.9	21.9	21.6	22.2	22.2	21.7	21.0	20.1	18.7		DK
D	18.4	17.4	17.2	18.0	18.6	18.1	17.4	17.0	16.3	17.2		D
GR	24.0	23.4	21.7	24.3	25.0	25.8	25.5	26.7	25.5	18.4		GR
E	13.3	13.1	13.5	13.8	13.7	13.5	13.4	13.8	13.3	15.1		E
F	15.8	15.8	15.3	15.9	15.9	15.8	15.8	16.2	15.7	18.8		F
IRL	10.8	10.0	10.1	11.5	13.5	14.3	14.2	13.9	14.4	15.4		IRL
I	13.4	13.9	14.5	15.2	15.9	16.4	16.7	21.7	19.8	20.5		I
L												L
NL	16.8	17.1	17.4	17.9	17.3	17.1	16.8	16.3	17.9	18.4		NL
P	11.5	11.6	11.9	12.1	11.7	11.8	11.7	12.7	13.3	12.5		P
UK	10.5	10.1	9.7	10.8	11.2	10.8	10.2	10.3	10.3	11.2		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	10.5	11.2	11.9	12.1	12.4	12.2	11.8	13.3	14.0	14.1		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	20.8	19.9	20.5	22.2	24.0	23.4	22.5	21.5	21.6	23.8		J

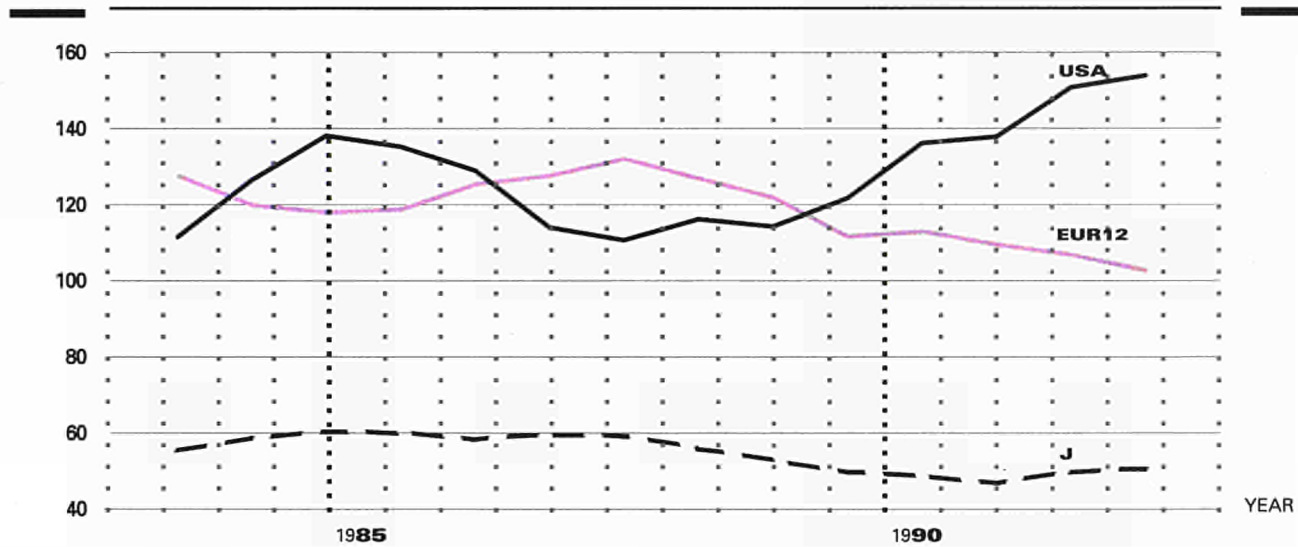
FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Trade balance in services includes three main sub-balances: transport, tourism and other services. Service flows are recorded as the economic value of services. Part of these flows are under evaluated either because of compensation

mechanisms or because they are collected on net basis. Comparison with merchandise flows should be made carefully because they are gross transactions.

Cover rates of trade in services. %



FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Cover rates of trade in services. %

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	125	128	132	127	122	112	113	110 |	107	103	:	EUR12
B/L	124	119	116	121	122	117	116	119	116	119	:	B/L
DK	104	107	101	93	97	108	107	119	130	129	:	DK
D	66	68	69	68	64	60	64	62 |	59	55	:	D
GR	168	174	186	196	200	217	197	183	189	250	:	GR
E	233	263	253	281	253	228	198	178	178	163	:	E
F	138	137	143	134	129	127	133	127	128	126	:	F
IRL	81	81	85	74	70	66	62	70	73	67	:	IRL
I	137	127	124	119	117	107	101	99	100	98	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	L
NL	104	104	101	95	98	96	104	109	102	102	:	NL
P	134	148	166	165	162	144	147	138	130	126	:	P
UK	132	131	146	142	138	123	120	121	121	120	:	UK

FURTHER READING

Net direct investment in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5	-0.3	-0.1	0.3	-0.1	0.1	:	EUR12
B/L	:	0.2	1.0	-0.8	-0.3	0.8	0.5	0.9	1.6	0.0	:	B/L
DK	:	-0.5	-0.3	-0.7	-0.6	-0.3	-1.1	-0.3	-0.5	-0.9	:	DK
D	:	-0.5	-0.6	-0.8	-0.7	-0.8	-0.6	-1.1	-1.0	-0.8	:	D
GR	:	-0.2	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	:	GR
E	:	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.3	1.2	:	E
F	:	0.0	0.0	-0.3	-0.5	-0.6	-0.9	-1.5	-0.8	-0.2	:	F
IRL	:	-0.1	1.9	-0.1	1.2	-1.3	0.8	7.5	10.8	3.0	:	IRL
I	:	-0.1	-0.1	-0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	-0.2	:	I
L	:	:	L
NL	:	-1.5	-1.7	-0.7	-2.2	0.0	-2.3	-1.5	-2.4	-1.9	:	NL
P	:	0.9	1.0	0.7	1.0	1.7	2.9	3.4	2.4	1.3	:	P
UK	:	-1.1	-1.0	-0.9	-1.4	-0.6	0.5	2.4	0.8	0.6	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.5	-0.1	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	-0.5	-0.4	-0.7	-0.8	-1.2	-1.6	-1.6	-0.9	-0.4	:	J

FURTHER READING Direct investment in the European Union 1984-92. Eurostat.

Net direct investment is credits minus debits. A negative figure indicates that direct investment abroad is bigger than received (inward) direct investment.

Average flows of direct investment. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	:	EUR12
B/L	:	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.8	2.8	4.2	3.5	3.7	4.9	:	B/L
DK	:	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.6	1.6	1.1	1.3	1.1	:	DK
D	:	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	:	D
GR	:	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	:	GR
E	:	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.3	0.8	:	E
F	:	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	:	F
IRL	:	0.5	1.5	0.3	1.2	2.3	4.1	5.4	9.7	3.7	:	IRL
I	:	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	:	I
L	:	:	L
NL	:	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.2	1.8	3.9	3.9	3.0	2.6	:	NL
P	:	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.4	:	P
UK	:	0.8	0.5	1.4	2.1	2.4	2.7	1.6	1.0	1.2	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	:	J

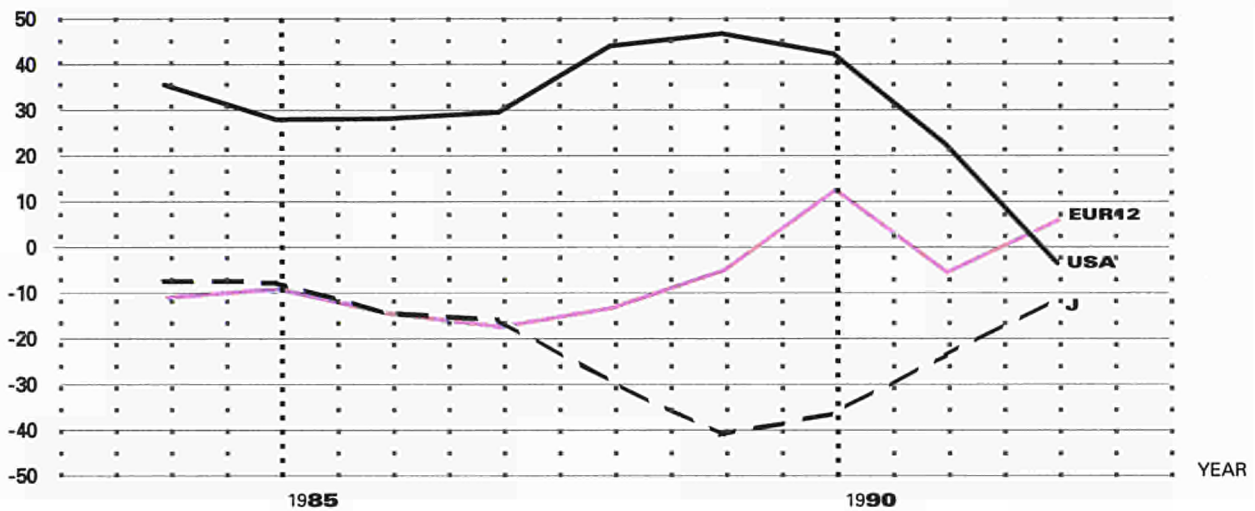
FURTHER READING Direct investment in the European Union 1984-92. Eurostat.

Average flows of direct investment are credits plus debits divided by two.

Direct investment records capital flows between foreign investors and domestic enterprises in which they have a lasting interest, for example, usually ownership of a large part of the equity capital. Direct investment also measures flows between domestic investors and their foreign

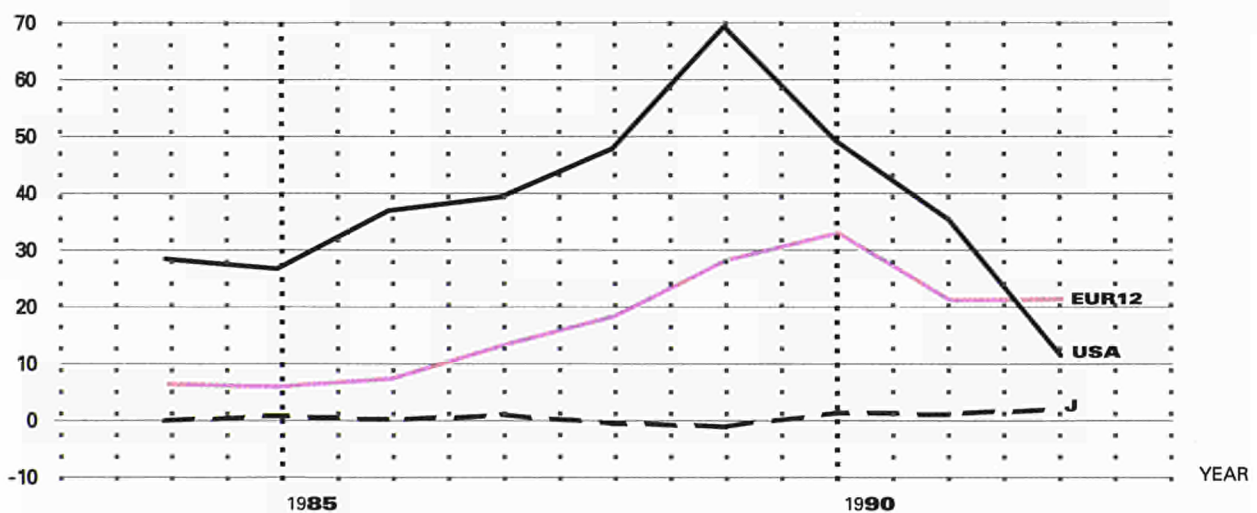
affiliates. Figures published here include purchases and sales of equity capital and credits of all kinds granted by one enterprise to another. However, contrary to the definition recommended by the IMF, they do not include undistributed profits, due to lack of data from some EU countries.

Net direct investment in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Credits of direct investment in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING Direct investment in the European Union 1984-92. Eurostat.

Exports of transport services. % of credits
of the balance in services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	32.8	33.0	32.3	30.3	30.7	33.2	33.4	31.4	32.4	27.3		EUR12
B/L	31.0	32.4	32.0	26.6	28.2	30.6	29.9	29.4	28.5	27.2		B/L
DK	53.9	55.4	54.7	52.0	52.0	56.3	58.1	53.6	55.8	54.0		DK
D	32.4	33.1	33.7	30.2	29.3	30.9	30.3	31.2	31.6	32.0		D
GR	44.4	48.9	42.8	40.1	40.9	46.5	49.5	47.8	48.1	29.9		GR
E	27.9	26.9	25.5	20.0	20.3	20.7	21.1	20.6	19.9	17.3		E
F	23.6	23.1	22.3	22.5	22.8	24.6	25.1	22.5	23.2	19.7		F
IRL	40.8	41.6	39.9	41.5	38.7	34.8	33.6	32.1	30.2	29.1		IRL
I	25.1	24.5	25.0	25.1	24.3	25.3	25.6	18.6	19.9	10.8		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	56.4	57.0	57.2	52.3	49.7	51.0	48.1	46.6	45.0	41.9		NL
P	25.4	24.3	21.1	23.0	19.1	18.8	17.0	18.1	16.8	17.0		P
UK	31.4	30.4	27.5	24.5	24.6	26.9	27.5	27.4	26.8	26.8		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	31.8	29.7	30.2	28.9	29.4	29.4	27.3	27.8	25.6	24.6		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	61.9	61.6	60.0	52.4	46.8	45.5	45.9	43.7	42.9	41.1		J

FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Imports of transport services. % of debits
of the balance in services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	39.4	39.5	38.6	36.0	35.6	34.8	34.9	32.5	32.3	27.9		EUR12
B/L	33.8	35.4	33.5	28.9	28.6	29.7	29.7	30.0	29.1	27.3		B/L
DK	48.7	47.5	48.9	46.0	44.3	43.9	46.3	43.5	45.6	43.5		DK
D	24.7	26.5	25.8	23.4	22.0	22.0	22.5	23.0	23.6	22.9		D
GR	58.3	64.3	60.4	57.7	61.9	58.5	59.6	56.7	57.3	33.3		GR
E	45.8	46.2	39.1	35.4	38.9	37.6	35.4	33.5	31.7	26.1		E
F	32.8	31.3	29.7	27.8	26.7	28.8	32.4	31.1	31.6	26.9		F
IRL	48.2	49.6	47.1	40.9	34.3	30.3	29.3	29.8	29.1	26.7		IRL
I	46.4	42.8	41.9	40.3	38.7	37.3	35.8	25.6	26.8	12.4		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	42.5	43.6	41.8	36.5	37.6	38.7	38.4	38.0	35.0	32.9		NL
P	50.2	51.9	50.6	47.1	50.0	50.5	50.3	48.7	46.4	46.7		P
UK	45.5	42.2	42.9	40.4	38.7	39.1	36.6	35.2	34.2	34.6		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	46.1	39.0	38.7	36.5	34.6	34.4	34.5	34.9	33.7	32.4		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	45.8	45.4	43.1	35.9	36.4	33.4	32.1	31.2	32.6	31.1		J

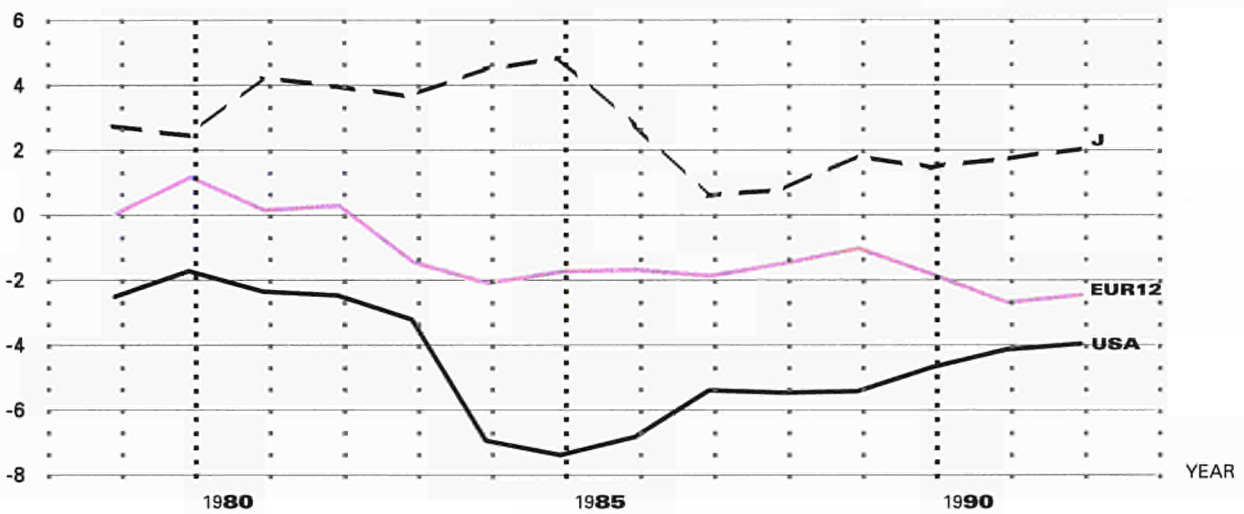
FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Transport services comprise three main categories: international freight transport, international passenger transport and auxiliary services. Auxiliary services include all types of port

services, for example, handling and storage, and the hiring of vehicles and vessels together with crews.

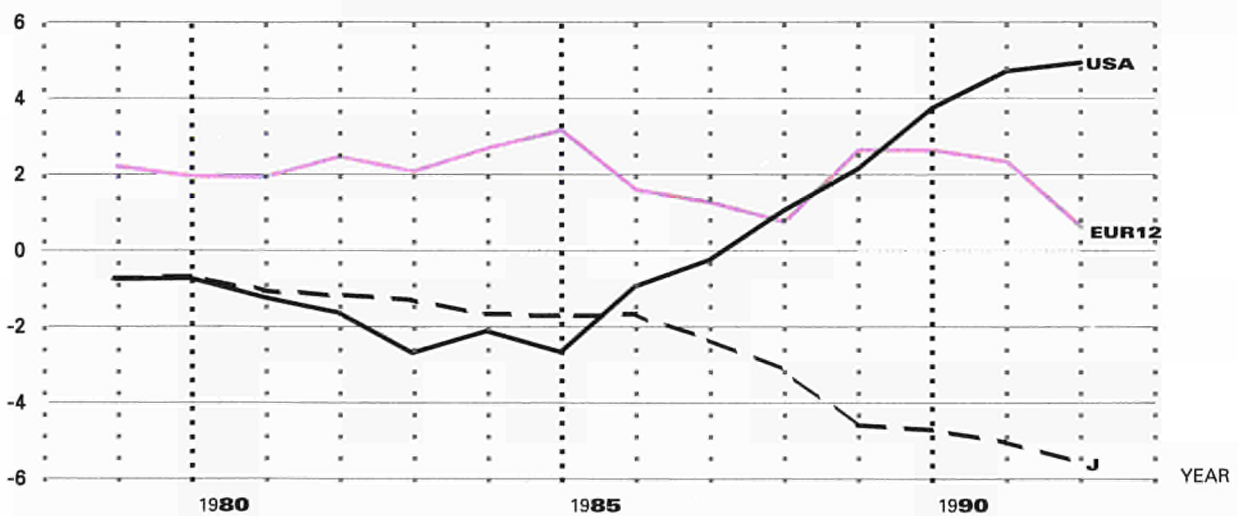
International freight by air and sea. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Net balance.

International passenger transport by air and sea. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Net balance.

Exports of travel services. % of credits of the balance in services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	23.3	24.3	25.4	25.8	26.1	25.4	25.2	24.9	23.6	28.8	:	EUR12
B/L	13.4	13.5	13.3	12.6	15.0	15.0	12.2	11.6	10.6	10.9	:	B/L
DK	22.5	22.3	21.3	23.8	24.5	22.1	21.1	23.2	21.8	22.4	:	DK
D	16.7	17.8	19.1	19.5	20.3	21.5	20.4	20.3	19.5	19.3	:	D
GR	30.2	30.8	38.1	41.3	41.6	37.0	38.1	39.1	36.8	53.4	:	GR
E	60.5	62.4	63.5	68.3	69.7	70.1	67.5	66.0	64.1	63.3	:	E
F	21.7	23.2	23.3	23.7	24.7	25.9	27.0	26.9	27.6	26.6	:	F
IRL	44.0	43.8	45.1	44.2	42.7	43.2	44.2	45.3	44.5	43.4	:	IRL
I	48.2	43.0	41.3	40.7	39.7	38.1	33.7	33.7	33.3	37.8	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	L
NL	11.1	11.7	11.2	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.1	11.9	12.7	13.9	:	NL
P	54.5	56.1	57.7	62.9	67.3	68.7	69.5	68.4	69.6	66.8	:	P
UK	23.7	24.2	25.2	24.5	25.4	25.6	26.1	26.9	25.6	25.6	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	21.5	28.5	28.1	27.6	28.4	30.5	31.8	32.1	32.5	33.0	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	4.2	4.6	5.5	6.8	7.6	8.5	8.0	8.6	7.5	7.3	:	J

FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Imports of travel services. % of debits of the balance in services

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	20.2	19.6	20.0	23.3	24.7	24.8	23.5	24.1	23.0	26.4	:	EUR12
B/L	20.3	18.9	18.9	20.2	23.7	23.5	19.8	20.3	18.8	21.2	:	B/L
DK	20.3	21.1	21.3	24.9	28.5	28.9	26.5	28.4	25.5	26.8	:	DK
D	34.8	34.9	35.5	37.7	39.1	38.7	36.2	35.6	34.5	36.0	:	D
GR	12.2	11.3	12.4	14.6	11.9	15.2	15.5	16.0	15.4	25.8	:	GR
E	18.3	17.7	19.9	24.2	23.4	23.5	25.3	26.9	27.1	25.8	:	E
F	17.7	17.9	19.0	21.3	22.8	23.2	22.2	21.0	20.4	18.5	:	F
IRL	33.3	30.4	29.8	34.0	29.4	27.6	25.4	25.6	24.1	24.6	:	IRL
I	13.4	11.4	11.5	14.3	17.3	19.6	19.2	23.3	21.0	26.7	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	L
NL	25.3	23.7	23.4	27.1	30.2	28.9	26.7	26.2	25.0	26.4	:	NL
P	19.9	19.4	20.0	22.2	21.6	21.8	22.3	23.0	24.8	26.3	:	P
UK	32.0	32.1	33.0	38.0	40.7	41.8	42.1	41.4	42.4	44.3	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	33.3	43.4	43.0	40.8	40.4	40.5	39.9	38.5	35.8	37.6	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	13.1	13.2	13.7	18.7	20.6	27.2	27.9	28.2	26.2	27.5	:	J

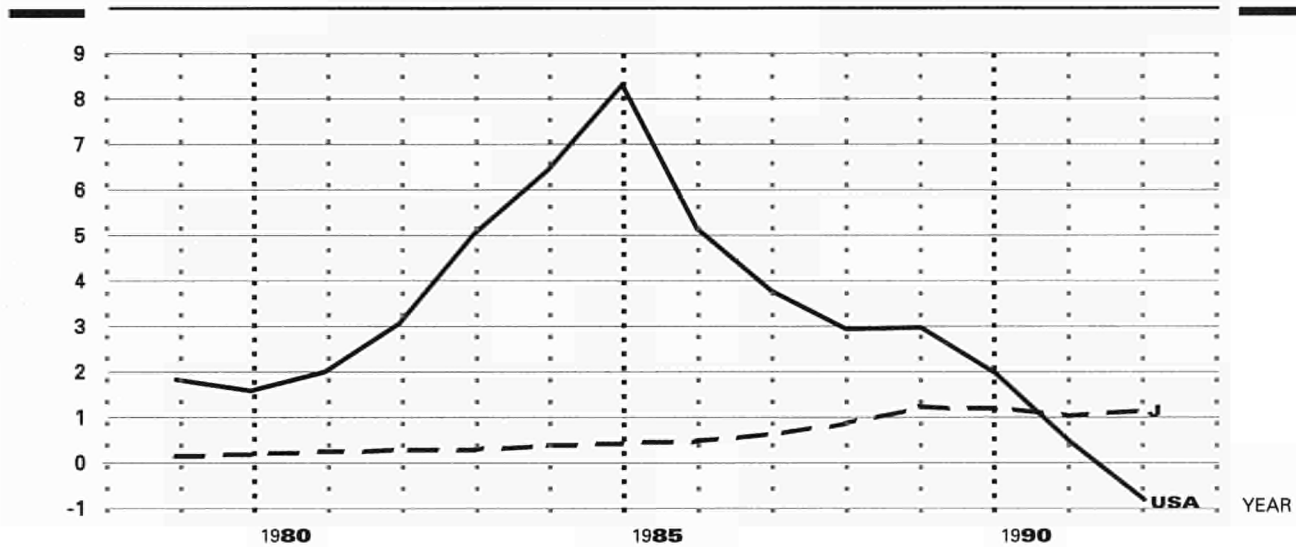
FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Tourism and travel have on the debit side expenditure by residents living abroad for less than a year for whatever reason: leisure, work,

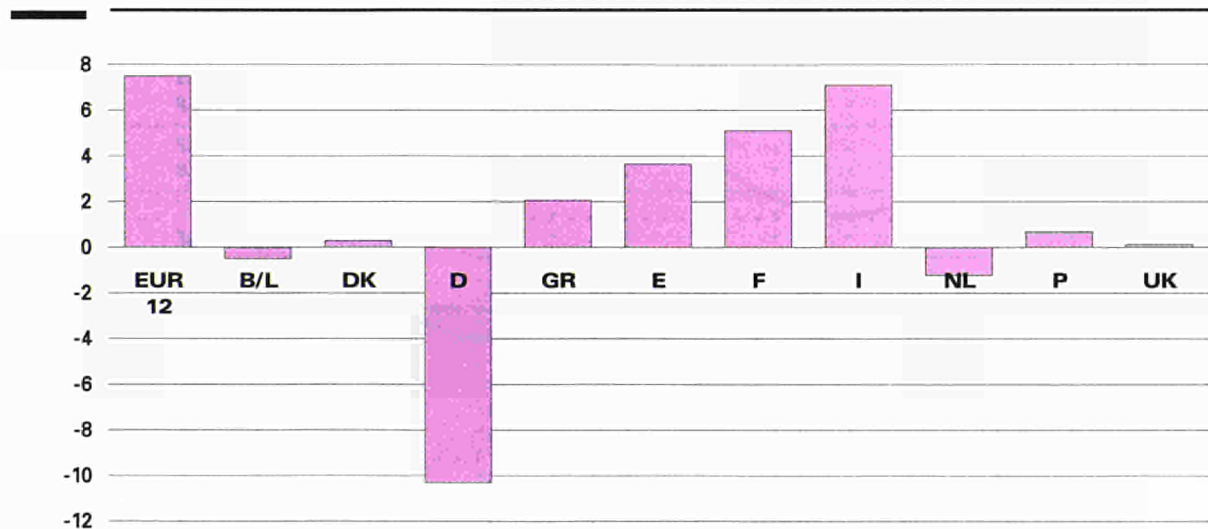
health or study. The credit side includes the same activities by foreign travellers on the national territory.

EU balance of travel services with the USA and Japan. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Extra-EU balance of travel services. 1000 million ECU. 1992



FURTHER READING International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Cover rates of services other than transport and travel. %

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	126	120	124	129	128	106	108	105	99	94		EUR12
B/L	151	141	133	144	145	136	133	141	135	143		B/L
DK	79	76	81	77	84	86	82	99	100	103		DK
D	83	87	84	87	83	73	76	73	69	65		D
GR	144	144	130	131	133	136	97	88	105	102		GR
E	75	78	68	81	67	54	57	60	69	65		E
F	127	117	124	113	106	100	111	108	107	106		F
IRL	66	59	55	42	36	35	30	36	39	38		IRL
I	91	90	90	90	95	91	91	92	89	82		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	105	100	92	91	114	107	118	126	108	111		NL
P	90	101	119	76	77	65	72	66	61	75		P
UK	264	232	286	335	334	307	262	236	245	270		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	293	270	252	222	193	194	218	207	207	218		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	48	49	47	51	56	58	56	55	60	63		J

FURTHER READING: International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Average flows in other services as % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3		EUR12
B/L	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.7	6.9	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.8	8.5		B/L
DK	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.8		DK
D	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8		D
GR	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.4		GR
E	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.5		E
F	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.9		F
IRL	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.7		IRL
I	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.7	2.4	2.8		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.4	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.7		NL
P	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1		P
UK	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6		UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CH
USA	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8		USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		CDN
J	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		J

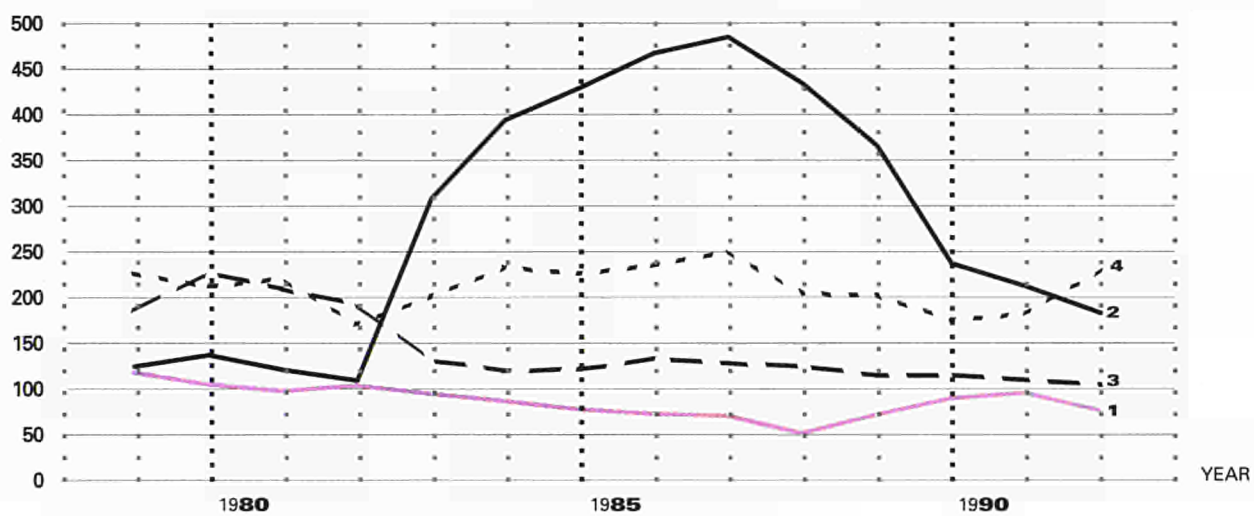
FURTHER READING: International trade in services EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Other services comprise all trade in services other than tourism and transport. They cover highly varied services such as insurance; trade earnings; banking; advertising; business, construction and communication services; fees and royalties from films and television; income from

patents; and miscellaneous services. The growth in the volume of trade in certain services linked to very rapidly changing technologies, for example communications and computer science, does not appear in value terms, due to a sharp fall in prices.

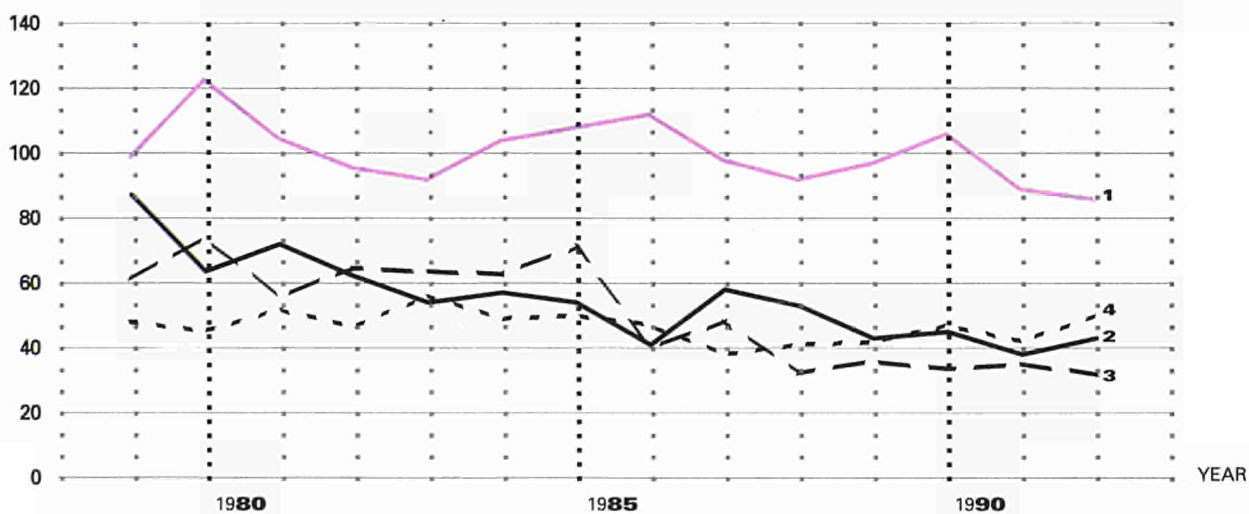
EU cover rates of trade, banking, business and construction services. %



1: trade services; 2: banking services; 3: business services; 4: construction services.

FURTHER READING

EU cover rates of communication services, advertising, film/TV and income from patents. %



1: communication services; 2: advertising; 3: film/TV; 4: income from patents.

FURTHER READING

Exports (fob) in current prices. % of GDP

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	10	11	11	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	9	EUR12
B/L	61	64	63	58	56	58	62	58	57	53	55	B/L
DK	29	30	30	26	25	25	27	27	28	29	27	DK
D	26	28	29	27	27	27	29	26	23	22	20	D
GR	11	12	11	12	12	9	11	10	10	10	9	GR
E	13	14	14	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	14	E
F	17	19	18	16	16	18	19	19	19	19	18	F
IRL	46	53	54	47	50	54	57	53	53	55	61	IRL
I	17	18	18	16	15	15	16	16	15	15	17	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	47	52	55	47	44	46	51	48	46	44	45	NL
P	19	23	24	21	22	23	25	24	21	19	18	P
UK	20	22	22	19	19	17	18	19	18	18	19	UK
A	23	25	26	24	23	24	26	26	25	24	22	A
FIN	26	27	25	23	23	21	20	20	19	22	28	FIN
IS	28	27	28	28	26	24	26	26	24	23	:	IS
N	33	34	34	26	26	25	30	32	32	31	:	N
S	30	30	30	28	28	27	27	25	23	23	27	S
EEA	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	:	EEA
CH	26	29	30	28	27	28	29	28	27	27	:	CH
USA	6	6	5	5	6	7	7	7	7	8	7	USA
CDN	23	25	25	24	23	23	21	22	22	24	:	CDN
J	12	13	13	10	9	9	10	10	9	9	9	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Imports (cif) in current prices. % of GDP

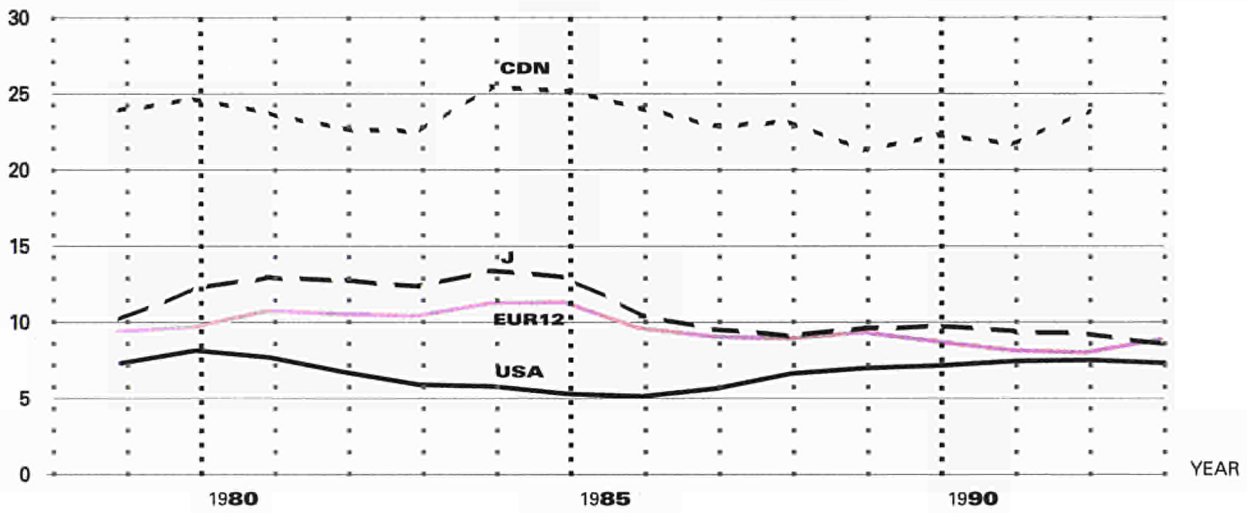
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	12	12	12	9	9	9	10	10	9	9	9	EUR12
B/L	66	69	67	59	57	60	63	62	61	56	51	B/L
DK	29	31	32	28	25	24	26	25	25	25	23	DK
D	23	25	25	22	21	21	23	23	23	21	18	D
GR	23	24	25	24	23	19	24	24	25	25	25	GR
E	19	17	17	14	16	17	18	17	17	17	16	E
F	20	21	20	17	18	19	21	20	21	20	17	F
IRL	49	54	52	44	43	45	48	46	46	43	45	IRL
I	19	20	21	16	16	16	18	17	16	15	15	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	45	51	53	45	44	45	49	48	47	46	41	NL
P	35	36	33	28	32	37	37	37	34	32	29	P
UK	22	24	24	22	22	23	24	23	21	21	22	UK
A	29	31	32	29	28	29	31	31	31	29	27	A
FIN	26	24	24	22	22	20	22	20	18	19	22	FIN
IS	31	30	31	29	29	27	26	27	27	25	:	IS
N	25	25	27	29	27	26	26	25	24	23	:	N
S	28	27	28	24	25	25	26	24	21	20	23	S
EEA	5	6	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	:	EEA
CH	30	33	33	31	30	31	33	31	29	27	:	CH
USA	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	USA
CDN	19	22	22	22	21	22	21	20	20	22	:	CDN
J	11	11	10	6	6	6	7	8	7	6	6	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Introduction of Intrastat in 1993 resulted in important changes to the methodology used in measuring intra-EU trade. Therefore, it is difficult to say whether the decreases in these flows are due to such changes or to economic recession. The EUR12 countries, Austria, Finland, Iceland, Switzerland, USA and Japan measure their trade

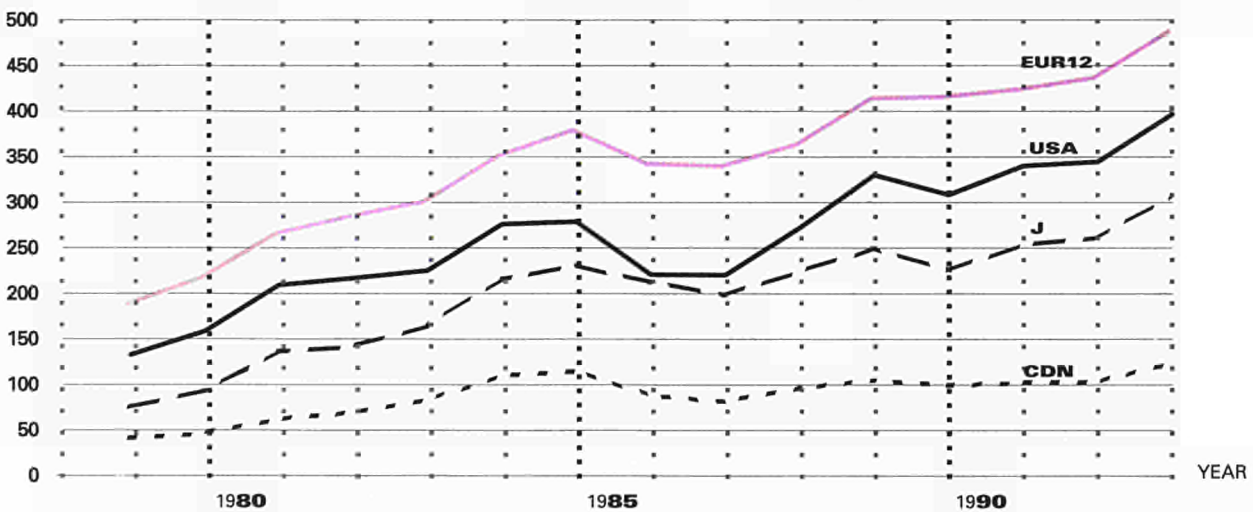
without imports in and exports from customs warehouses (special trade system). Sweden, Norway and Canada include these flows (general trade system). Exports are not fully comparable with imports because the latter - except for Canada - include costs of freight and insurance, which exports do not.

Exports (fob) in current prices. % of GDP



FURTHER READING

Exports (fob) in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Exports (fob) in current prices. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	300.6	350.8	378.7	341.9	339.3	362.9	413.4	415.4	423.4	436.1	486.9	EUR12
B/L	57.9	65.4	70.1	69.6	71.4	77.9	90.9	93.0	95.3	95.4	104.6	B/L
DK	18.3	20.6	22.8	22.1	22.6	23.3	25.9	27.8	29.3	31.2	31.6	DK
D	189.8	217.5	240.6	247.0	254.3	272.9	308.7	312.4	323.9	331.3	324.6	D
GR	5.0	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.6	4.6	6.9	6.3	7.0	7.6	7.2	GR
E	22.2	28.7	30.6	26.7	31.0	36.4	42.3	46.2	51.4	53.0	55.2	E
F	102.5	118.3	127.9	121.3	123.7	144.6	168.0	174.5	184.7	192.5	189.2	F
IRL	9.6	12.1	13.5	12.7	13.7	15.8	18.8	18.6	19.5	21.8	24.5	IRL
I	81.0	92.5	102.4	98.8	100.2	108.7	127.8	133.8	136.8	137.6	143.9	I
L												L
NL	72.2	84.7	92.7	85.1	83.5	90.0	105.1	107.2	108.2	108.6	118.4	NL
P	5.2	6.5	7.4	7.3	7.9	9.3	11.6	12.9	13.2	14.2	13.2	P
UK	104.3	120.3	131.4	107.0	112.1	123.1	138.3	143.9	147.1	144.5	153.5	UK
A	17.3	19.9	22.4	22.9	23.5	26.3	29.5	32.9	33.2	34.2	34.3	A
FIN	14.1	17.1	17.7	16.6	17.4	18.3	21.1	21.0	18.6	18.1	20.1	FIN
IS	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	IS
N	20.2	24.0	26.1	18.5	18.6	19.0	24.5	26.8	27.5	27.1	27.2	N
S	30.8	37.2	39.9	37.8	38.5	42.3	46.8	45.1	44.5	43.2	42.6	S
EEA	285.7	334.5	359.2	317.9	312.3	335.0	382.5	382.6	390.0	401.7	458.8	EEA
CH	28.8	32.9	36.0	38.2	39.4	42.9	46.8	50.1	49.7	50.6	54.0	CH
USA	225.3	276.1	278.8	220.9	220.4	272.3	330.1	308.5	340.2	344.6	396.9	USA
CDN	82.6	109.9	114.6	88.3	81.8	95.7	105.3	99.6	102.3	103.7	123.6	CDN
J	165.0	215.6	230.5	212.6	198.6	224.0	249.8	225.3	253.8	261.7	308.2	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Imports (cif) in current prices. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	341.8	390.6	406.3	334.5	340.1	387.7	448.0	461.6	494.1	487.1	484.8	EUR12
B/L	62.4	70.4	74.1	70.3	72.5	80.7	93.0	98.6	102.5	101.9	97.8	B/L
DK	18.5	21.3	24.3	23.6	22.5	22.4	24.7	25.4	26.7	26.8	26.0	DK
D	171.7	193.9	208.2	194.2	197.6	212.0	244.7	268.3	314.7	315.6	292.5	D
GR	10.9	12.3	13.4	11.5	11.2	10.5	14.7	15.6	17.4	18.4	18.9	GR
E	32.8	33.4	36.2	33.3	40.2	48.4	61.6	66.2	72.7	74.9	66.2	E
F	118.0	131.4	141.4	130.2	136.0	156.8	182.8	191.7	200.1	199.4	184.7	F
IRL	10.3	12.2	13.1	11.8	11.7	13.1	15.7	16.3	16.8	16.8	18.1	IRL
I	90.3	107.1	119.0	101.6	108.0	117.0	139.0	143.0	147.1	145.6	126.0	I
L												L
NL	69.1	81.7	90.2	81.3	83.1	88.9	101.5	106.7	111.0	113.5	108.8	NL
P	9.3	9.9	10.1	9.6	11.6	15.1	17.3	19.8	21.3	23.4	20.7	P
UK	114.0	134.5	143.2	126.9	133.1	165.6	180.0	175.8	169.4	171.3	178.8	UK
A	21.8	24.8	27.3	27.3	28.3	31.0	35.3	39.3	40.9	41.7	41.5	A
FIN	14.4	15.8	17.3	15.6	17.2	17.7	22.3	21.3	17.5	16.0	15.4	FIN
IS	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.2	IS
N	15.2	17.6	20.4	20.6	19.6	19.6	21.5	21.1	20.6	20.1	20.5	N
S	29.3	33.4	37.4	33.0	35.2	38.7	44.4	42.9	40.2	38.4	36.4	S
EEA	324.5	368.9	382.8	311.3	314.5	360.7	418.2	426.4	455.1	446.7	447.9	EEA
CH	32.7	37.7	40.3	41.9	43.8	47.7	52.9	54.7	53.7	50.6	51.9	CH
USA	303.1	432.4	473.6	393.5	367.3	389.2	447.5	406.4	410.7	426.4	515.1	USA
CDN	68.8	93.4	100.0	82.2	75.9	90.3	103.4	91.4	95.3	94.4	112.3	CDN
J	142.0	173.0	169.8	128.5	129.5	158.4	191.4	184.4	191.0	179.5	205.5	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Exports – and imports – measured in current prices are not fully comparable between countries because some include exports from – and imports to – customs warehouses (general trade system) while others do not (special trade system). Imports include costs of freight and insurance (except for Canada); exports do not. EUR12 and

EEA aggregates are calculated as total trade less intra-trade. The EUR12 aggregate shows net trade with countries outside the EU. The EEA aggregate shows net trade with countries outside the EEA. The former GDR is not included in EUR12 until after reunification.

	Cover rates. %											
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	88	90	93	102	100	94	92	90	86	90	100	EUR12
B/L	93	93	95	99	99	96	98	94	93	94	107	B/L
DK	99	97	94	94	101	104	105	109	110	116	121	DK
D	111	112	116	127	129	129	126	116	103	105	111	D
GR	46	50	44	50	50	44	47	41	40	41	38	GR
E	68	86	85	80	77	75	69	70	71	71	83	E
F	87	90	90	93	91	92	92	91	92	97	102	F
IRL	93	99	103	108	117	121	120	114	116	130	135	IRL
I	90	86	86	97	93	93	92	94	93	95	114	I
L												L
NL	105	104	103	105	101	101	103	100	97	96	109	NL
P	56	65	73	76	68	62	67	65	62	61	64	P
UK	92	89	92	84	84	74	77	82	87	84	86	UK
A	80	80	82	84	83	85	83	84	81	82	83	A
FIN	97	109	102	107	101	104	95	99	106	113	130	FIN
IS	92	88	90	98	87	90	100	96	90	91	104	IS
N	133	136	128	90	95	97	114	127	133	135	133	N
S	105	111	107	114	109	109	105	105	111	112	117	S
EEA	88	91	94	102	99	93	91	90	86	90	102	EEA
CH	88	87	89	91	90	90	89	92	93	100	104	CH
USA	74	64	59	56	60	70	74	76	83	81	77	USA
CDN	120	118	115	107	108	106	102	109	107	110	110	CDN
J	116	125	136	165	153	141	131	122	133	146	150	J

FURTHER READING

External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Cover rates: exports as % of imports.

Exports (fob) at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	100	102	107	115	118	119	121	:	EUR12
B/L	92	97	100	104	109	115	124	128	131	133	140	B/L
DK	90	95	100	100	102	106	113	121	127	134	:	DK
D	86	94	100	99	100	101	109	109	111	109	94	D
GR	88	101	100	115	103	95	136	124	133	157	:	GR
E	:	:	100	96	99	116	126	135	145	150	155	E
F	92	96	100	95	98	110	118	122	128	134	124	F
IRL	83	96	100	101	114	121	131	139	146	168	:	IRL
I	91	95	100	98	98	98	104	105	103	103	107	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	89	95	100	104	109	114	124	125	125	125	120	NL
P	:	:	100	107	117	129	153	172	171	181	171	P
UK	92	98	100	104	108	110	118	121	118	121	116	UK
A	84	92	100	100	101	105	125	129	133	137	134	A
FIN	99	102	100	100	109	114	123	126	115	126	146	FIN
IS	84	89	100	106	106	104	107	103	94	92	97	IS
N	90	97	100	107	106	108	122	130	138	147	154	N
S	93	99	100	103	104	107	109	93	90	93	99	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	87	94	100	101	102	111	120	121	115	117	123	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	85	96	100	98	97	99	101	104	106	109	81	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Imports (cif) at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

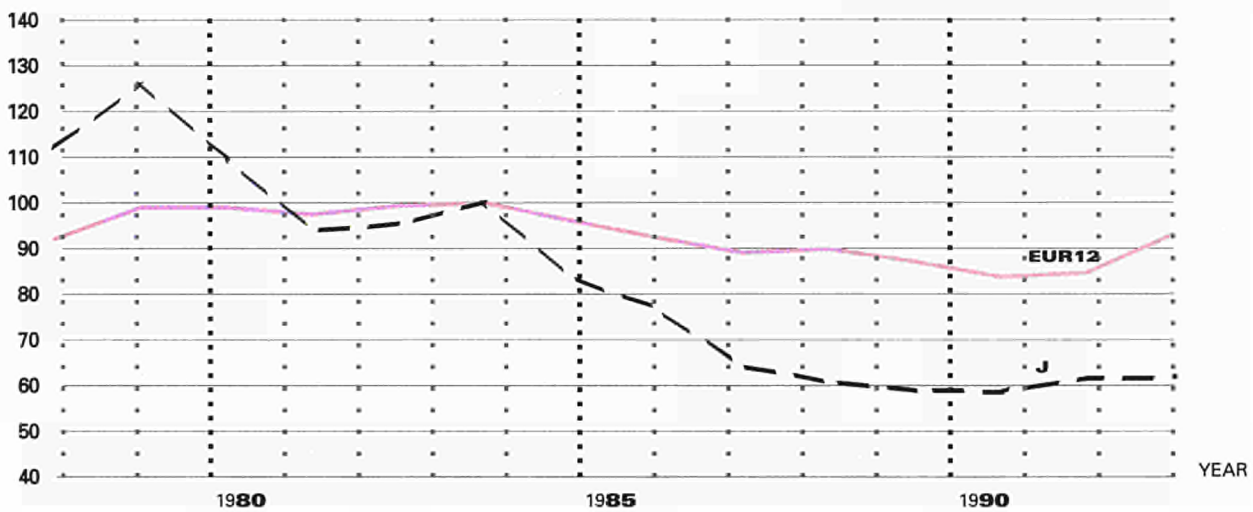
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	104	111	120	128	135	142	143	:	EUR12
B/L	95	100	100	105	112	113	121	128	132	131	114	B/L
DK	87	92	100	107	103	102	107	112	117	117	:	DK
D	92	96	100	106	111	115	123	137	158	158	130	D
GR	86	91	100	98	91	89	117	127	138	147	:	GR
E	:	:	100	119	142	167	196	208	225	238	202	E
F	94	97	100	106	115	129	139	145	149	148	132	F
IRL	91	100	100	103	105	109	122	132	136	132	:	IRL
I	88	94	100	96	105	107	116	121	124	124	108	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	85	92	100	104	108	114	120	127	129	132	109	NL
P	:	:	100	119	147	188	202	233	244	272	244	P
UK	91	99	100	103	108	127	128	127	118	122	114	UK
A	88	95	100	105	111	130	143	152	162	165	161	A
FIN	95	94	100	103	118	128	154	148	124	121	118	FIN
IS	88	93	100	107	134	132	132	124	132	135	120	IS
N	84	90	100	112	108	136	135	118	114	114	120	N
S	91	94	100	102	112	123	130	128	118	117	113	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	91	98	100	110	116	127	135	137	134	128	128	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	91	100	100	117	127	154	167	176	180	176	131	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in volume terms is not fully comparable between countries because some include exports from and imports to customs warehouses (general trade system), while others do not (special trade system). Imports and exports are not fully

comparable because imports include costs of freight and insurance - except for Canada. Volume indices for the USA and Canada are not calculated due to lack of comparable data.

Volume ratio. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Volume ratio. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	96	92	89	90	87	84	85	:	EUR12
B/L	97	97	100	99	98	102	103	100	99	102	122	B/L
DK	104	103	100	94	99	104	106	107	108	114	:	DK
D	94	97	100	94	90	88	88	79	70	69	72	D
GR	102	111	100	118	112	107	117	98	97	107	:	GR
E	:	:	100	81	70	70	64	65	64	63	77	E
F	97	99	100	90	85	85	85	84	86	91	94	F
IRL	92	96	100	99	108	111	107	106	108	128	:	IRL
I	103	101	100	102	93	91	90	87	83	83	99	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	105	103	100	100	101	100	103	99	97	95	110	NL
P	:	:	100	90	80	69	76	74	70	67	70	P
UK	100	99	100	101	101	87	92	95	100	99	102	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Volume ratio: exports at 1985 prices divided by imports at 1985 prices.

Trade balance of agrifood products
in current prices, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	-9.0	-8.9	-8.7	-10.1	-8.7	-8.6	-4.7	-4.9	-7.1	-4.1	-0.1	EUR12
B/L	-1.0	-1.0	-0.9	-0.5	-0.4	-0.8	-0.1	-0.5	-0.4	-0.2	1.1	B/L
DK	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.5	DK
D	-9.2	-9.8	-10.7	-10.3	-9.8	-9.2	-9.2	-11.2	-13.2	-13.5	-10.1	D
GR	0.0	0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.5	-0.7	-0.5	-0.6	-0.3	-0.4	-0.6	GR
E	0.0	1.0	0.9	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.3	-0.2	-0.8	-0.8	-0.5	E
F	3.8	5.0	5.3	4.1	4.0	5.5	7.0	7.6	6.6	8.0	9.0	F
IRL	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.5	2.6	3.4	3.7	IRL
I	-6.3	-6.3	-7.9	-7.9	-8.1	-8.0	-9.1	-7.9	-8.6	-7.8	-5.8	I
L												L
NL	5.1	5.6	5.5	5.8	6.0	5.6	8.5	8.8	8.7	8.6	9.8	NL
P	-0.5	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.6	-0.8	-0.9	-1.1	-1.4	-1.6	-1.6	P
UK	-6.2	-7.3	-7.3	-7.0	-6.5	-7.9	-7.5	-7.3	-6.5	-6.3	-5.8	UK
A	-0.7	-0.7	-0.8	-0.9	-0.9	-0.8	-0.8	-0.9	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	A
FIN	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.3	FIN
IS	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	IS
N	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	N
S	-1.2	-1.3	-1.3	-1.6	-1.6	-1.7	-1.7	-1.6	-1.9	-2.0	-1.9	S
EEA	-10.1	-10.3	-9.8	-12.0	-10.2	-10.2	-6.5	-6.2	-8.4	-5.5	-1.4	EEA
CH	-1.4	-1.5	-1.6	-1.6	-1.6	-1.9	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-1.8	-1.9	CH
USA	-3.4	-7.4	-9.0	-10.7	-7.2	-1.9	7.8	6.5	6.7	8.1	8.2	USA
CDN	4.9	4.8	3.6	2.3	2.5	3.2	1.8	2.4	2.6	3.3	2.3	CDN
J	-15.2	-18.6	-18.7	-18.1	-18.1	-22.9	-26.6	-23.5	-26.3	-27.2	-31.8	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in agrifood products in current prices

Exports of agrifood products as % of total exports

Imports of agrifood products as % of total imports

	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	8.1	7.7	7.1	7.3	7.5	9.8	9.3	8.9	7.7	7.5	EUR12
B/L	9.8	9.6	9.1	9.0	10.6	10.7	10.3	9.8	8.9	10.2	B/L
DK	28.4	26.6	26.5	25.7	25.0	10.8	9.9	11.9	11.2	12.8	DK
D	5.0	4.6	4.7	4.5	5.0	10.9	10.5	10.4	9.4	9.0	D
GR	27.4	25.9	23.2	25.6	26.1	12.5	12.2	16.5	14.4	13.3	GR
E	14.0	12.2	15.2	13.4	14.7	9.7	7.9	10.3	9.7	13.0	E
F	15.8	15.3	14.5	14.2	14.6	10.5	10.1	9.9	9.0	10.1	F
IRL	28.2	25.3	25.7	22.3	22.2	12.6	11.8	11.7	10.2	9.8	IRL
I	6.5	7.1	6.2	5.9	6.5	12.8	12.7	12.7	11.1	12.1	I
L											L
NL	19.5	17.9	19.9	19.4	18.4	13.0	12.3	13.9	11.3	11.0	NL
P	9.5	8.0	7.7	6.7	6.6	10.7	11.0	10.3	9.7	12.1	P
UK	6.8	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.4	11.7	10.9	9.6	9.8	9.6	UK
A	2.9	2.8	3.4	3.2	3.4	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.0	5.2	A
FIN	3.6	3.2	1.8	2.4	3.1	5.7	5.4	5.2	4.6	6.3	FIN
IS	70.5	73.5	72.5	78.7	79.1	11.1	9.8	8.3	9.0	11.3	IS
N	6.2	5.2	8.1	6.8	7.9	6.1	5.3	5.4	5.4	6.3	N
S	2.5	2.5	1.7	1.9	1.8	6.6	6.1	6.2	5.9	7.4	S
EEA	8.5	8.1	7.4	7.7	7.6	10.6	10.1	9.7	8.3	8.1	EEA
CH	3.3	3.1	2.7	2.7	2.9	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.6	CH
USA	8.7	8.1	7.3	9.5	8.7	7.6	6.7	5.6	5.6	5.1	USA
CDN	11.3	8.0	8.5	7.8	7.3	6.5	5.5	5.4	5.9	6.0	CDN
J	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	11.8	12.0	15.3	13.4	16.3	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in agrifood products is trade in food products from agriculture. They are determined according the standard international trade classification (SITC), third revision. As SITC, revision two, was used until 1988, conversion from this to revision three had to be calculated. This was based on EU averages and

therefore may not be fully comparable between countries. Comparability is also incomplete because of the use of different trade systems - general or special trade. The EUR12 aggregate is re-calculated back to 1983 including Portugal and Spain, but not the former GDR.

Major exports of agricultural products as % of exports of agrifood products

	Cereals					Vegetables and fruit					
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	17.5	19.8	14.2	16.1	14.2	9.9	10.5	10.8	10.4	10.5	EUR12
B/L	18.5	16.7	12.6	11.7	10.5	11.5	12.9	14.9	16.9	18.7	B/L
DK	6.7	9.2	9.1	9.3	7.8	2.3	3.2	2.8	3.0	2.5	DK
D	9.2	9.1	10.7	11.8	12.4	7.1	7.5	7.4	8.2	7.7	D
GR	17.9	14.6	14.6	10.3	12.6	53.0	58.8	48.8	55.7	45.4	GR
E	2.9	5.8	9.8	6.7	6.8	58.2	61.1	55.4	54.4	55.5	E
F	29.8	30.8	24.1	23.3	22.4	8.5	8.6	9.1	9.8	9.2	F
IRL	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.1	1.9	2.1	2.5	1.5	2.2	1.8	IRL
I	14.4	19.3	15.9	15.6	17.4	45.7	40.3	40.3	39.5	33.9	I
L											L
NL	3.7	4.2	4.0	5.2	4.4	18.6	18.8	19.4	20.2	20.8	NL
P	1.0	0.6	0.9	2.4	3.1	23.1	20.9	18.2	14.8	15.1	P
UK	17.0	16.6	9.2	14.8	13.7	4.0	4.3	4.2	3.7	3.4	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Major imports of agricultural products as % of imports of agrifood products

	Fish, crustaceans, molluscs and preparations					Imports of vegetables and fruit					
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	8.8	9.4	15.6	17.9	17.9	18.8	21.6	26.1	28.4	27.4	EUR12
B/L	4.9	4.7	5.9	6.4	6.0	15.9	17.0	19.3	21.3	19.7	B/L
DK	17.1	19.9	26.7	30.7	26.8	13.3	13.9	15.0	14.0	12.6	DK
D	3.8	3.7	4.6	5.4	5.6	28.5	28.3	31.0	32.8	29.1	D
GR	5.7	5.8	6.1	6.1	4.9	2.9	2.7	5.6	7.6	7.7	GR
E	13.7	16.7	26.9	27.0	23.3	5.4	7.2	14.4	16.4	13.3	E
F	9.4	9.4	12.1	12.8	11.4	21.6	22.6	23.5	24.5	22.4	F
IRL	2.9	3.0	3.3	4.2	3.1	15.9	16.4	15.8	17.1	17.5	IRL
I	6.8	8.1	10.6	11.9	11.7	6.7	8.3	10.4	10.7	11.6	I
L											L
NL	2.4	2.5	3.5	4.8	4.9	19.2	22.5	20.8	24.1	24.6	NL
P	15.9	23.3	25.0	24.8	21.1	3.3	7.3	15.8	14.9	14.4	P
UK	6.4	6.6	7.5	7.8	7.3	21.9	21.9	23.3	24.2	22.6	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade balance in mineral fuels, lubricants and related products in current prices. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	-95.6	-102.3	-101.7	-48.9	-46.7	-39.4	-52.3	-59.0	-60.8	-54.6	-48.0	EUR12
B/L	-7.4	-8.1	-7.9	-4.4	-4.3	-2.9	-3.8	-4.4	-4.5	-4.1	-2.6	B/L
DK	-2.2	-2.3	-2.2	-0.9	-0.7	-0.9	-1.0	-0.8	-0.3	-0.6	-0.4	DK
D	-25.4	-27.4	-28.8	-14.3	-13.5	-12.8	-14.7	-18.2	-22.1	-19.4	-19.5	D
GR	-2.6	-2.7	-3.2	-1.7	-1.2	-0.3	-0.6	-0.7	-1.0	-1.4	-1.4	GR
E	-10.9	-9.9	-10.1	-4.7	-5.0	-3.8	-5.3	-5.6	-5.6	-5.8	-5.3	E
F	-25.0	-27.4	-26.6	-13.2	-11.9	-9.5	-11.9	-13.7	-13.7	-11.7	-10.4	F
IRL	-1.3	-1.4	-1.4	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	-0.8	-0.9	-0.8	-0.8	-0.7	IRL
I	-24.0	-26.1	-27.3	-10.8	-10.5	-7.8	-10.9	-12.0	-10.7	-9.4	-8.7	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	-1.3	-1.0	0.2	2.2	-1.0	-0.8	-1.2	-1.7	-1.1	-1.3	0.4	NL
P	-2.3	-2.7	-2.4	-1.3	-1.2	-1.0	-1.4	-1.7	-1.6	-1.5	-1.4	P
UK	10.1	8.7	10.2	3.7	3.5	1.5	0.1	0.0	-0.6	-0.1	1.2	UK
A	-3.0	-3.7	-3.7	-2.1	-1.7	-1.7	-1.6	-2.1	-2.1	-1.8	-1.7	A
FIN	-3.2	-2.9	-3.6	-2.2	-2.1	-1.4	-2.0	-2.2	-1.8	-1.5	-1.4	FIN
IS	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	IS
N	9.0	11.2	12.3	6.5	6.6	6.3	9.6	11.9	12.5	12.8	13.3	N
S	-5.8	-5.0	-6.0	-2.9	-2.0	-1.9	-2.1	-2.5	-2.0	-1.9	-1.8	S
EEA	-101.6	-106.6	-105.6	-50.6	-47.0	-38.8	-49.3	-54.6	-55.4	-48.9	-41.2	EEA
CH	-5.8	-6.1	-6.4	-4.0	-3.0	-2.7	-2.1	-2.4	-2.4	-2.1	-2.0	CH
USA	-70.1	-88.5	-76.8	-41.6	-42.2	-39.0	-41.9	-44.3	-37.1	-36.6	-42.2	USA
CDN	3.0	3.9	5.9	2.2	2.4	5.5	4.8	4.3	6.4	6.8	8.5	CDN
J	-72.3	-83.8	-80.3	-42.0	-39.4	-32.6	-38.9	-44.1	-43.5	-39.6	-40.4	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Imports of mineral fuels, lubricants and related products in current prices as % of total imports

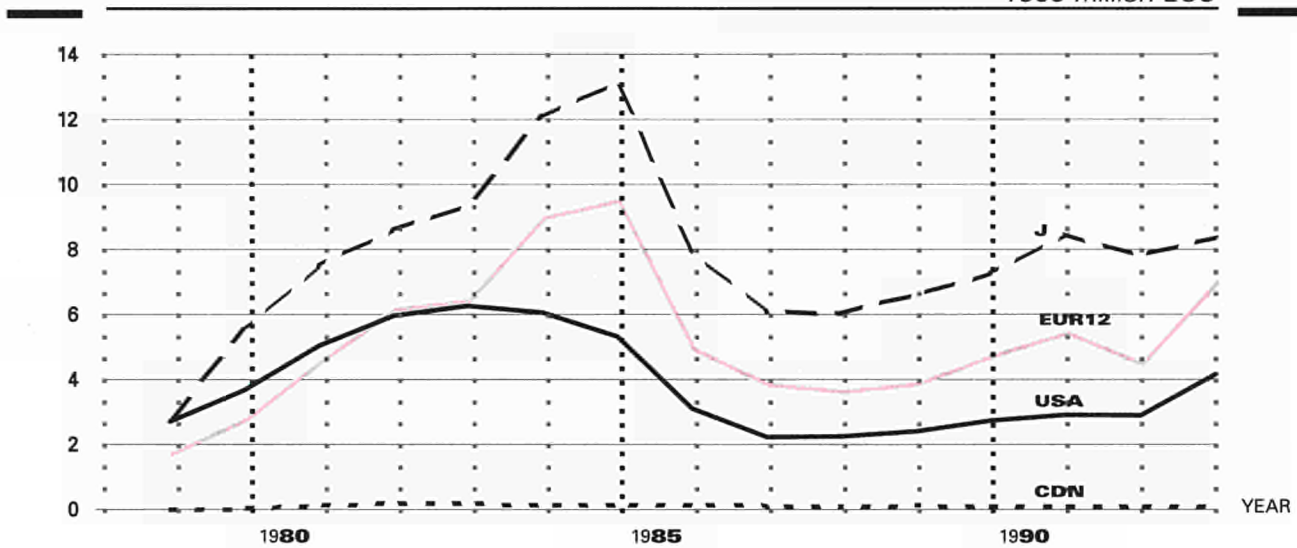
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	32.9	30.6	29.6	17.7	16.5	12.3	13.9	15.2	14.4	13.4	13.1	EUR12
B/L	18.8	18.2	16.2	10.4	9.1	7.0	7.4	7.7	8.0	7.2	6.2	B/L
DK	16.9	15.7	13.9	6.6	6.0	6.4	7.1	6.8	5.1	6.1	4.9	DK
D	17.2	16.6	16.1	9.0	8.0	7.6	7.6	8.3	8.3	7.4	8.0	D
GR	27.4	27.3	29.4	17.6	13.7	5.0	6.4	7.7	9.6	9.6	10.5	GR
E	44.7	35.8	34.4	18.4	15.9	11.0	11.6	11.6	10.5	9.9	10.4	E
F	24.6	24.2	22.4	12.7	10.8	7.9	8.4	9.2	9.0	8.0	8.3	F
IRL	13.7	12.6	11.9	8.8	7.4	5.6	5.5	6.3	5.7	5.3	4.8	IRL
I	30.6	27.6	26.3	13.0	11.7	8.5	9.6	10.5	9.4	8.5	9.3	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	25.0	24.1	23.3	13.0	12.0	9.7	11.1	11.4	10.6	9.3	8.5	NL
P	31.1	28.8	26.1	15.2	11.5	8.2	10.5	10.8	9.1	8.0	8.8	P
UK	10.6	12.7	12.5	7.2	6.6	4.3	4.9	6.1	6.3	5.5	5.1	UK
A	14.9	16.1	15.5	8.9	7.4	6.7	5.7	6.3	6.0	5.1	5.0	A
FIN	32.1	30.3	29.2	18.5	16.4	11.3	9.8	11.7	13.3	12.9	12.8	FIN
IS	31.3	30.1	30.0	18.0	14.1	6.2	8.7	9.8	8.3	8.3	9.2	IS
N	15.2	14.5	12.4	8.4	7.3	5.1	3.8	4.4	4.3	3.4	3.3	N
S	32.6	26.9	25.7	14.6	11.6	9.2	7.6	9.0	8.7	8.5	9.0	S
EEA	35.4	32.5	31.4	19.0	17.5	12.9	14.0	15.4	14.4	13.3	12.6	EEA
CH	18.2	16.6	16.4	9.7	7.1	5.9	3.9	4.5	4.6	4.3	3.9	CH
USA	28.1	24.3	20.0	13.4	14.0	12.4	11.4	13.3	11.4	10.6	9.8	USA
CDN	7.8	7.7	7.2	5.7	6.0	4.7	4.7	6.2	4.9	4.3	4.0	CDN
J	51.3	48.9	47.9	33.3	31.2	20.8	20.8	24.5	23.3	22.8	20.5	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in fuel products refers to products determined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three back to 1988, and prior to 1988 according to revision two converted into revision three. As this conversion was based on EU averages, figures may

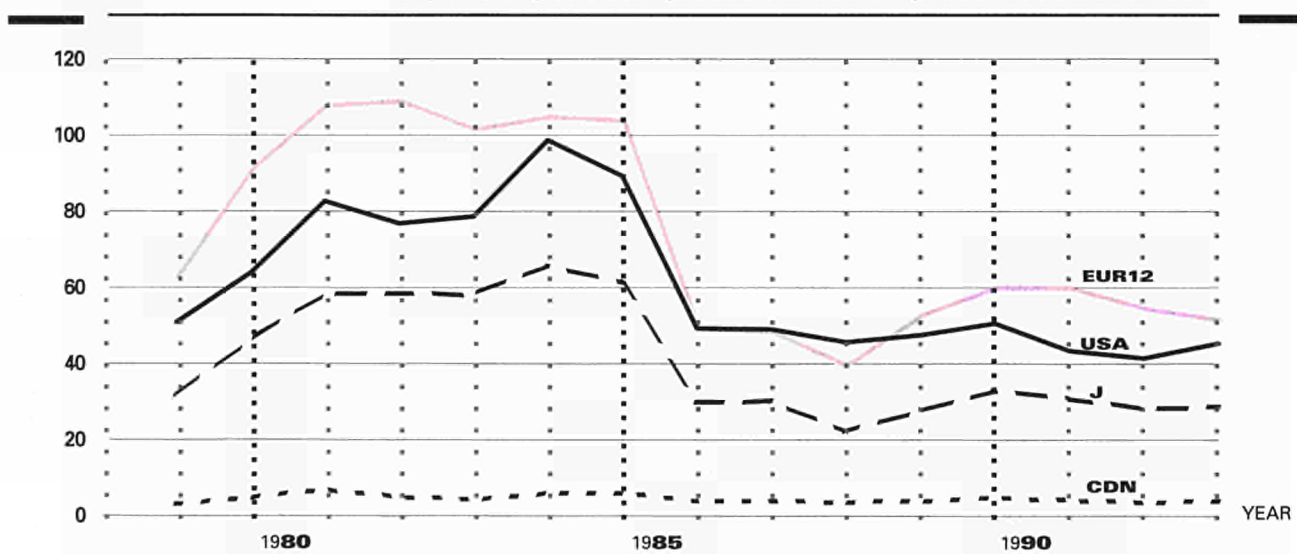
not be fully comparable between countries. Comparability is also incomplete because of the use of different trade systems - general or special trade. The EUR12 aggregate is re-calculated back to 1983 including Portugal and Spain, but not the former GDR.

Imports of natural and manufactured gas in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Imports of petroleum products in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Trade balance in chemicals and related products, in current prices. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	15.5	18.0	20.0	16.5	16.6	19.4	18.7	17.8	18.4	20.3	29.4	EUR12
B/L	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	4.0	B/L
DK	-0.7	-0.9	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.5	-0.5	-0.2	0.0	DK
D	9.6	11.3	11.5	12.0	12.6	16.5	17.0	15.5	14.8	14.8	17.2	D
GR	-0.7	-0.9	-0.9	-1.0	-1.1	-1.1	-1.3	-1.4	-1.5	-1.7	-1.7	GR
E	-0.8	-0.6	-0.6	-1.7	-1.7	-1.8	-2.4	-2.7	-3.1	-3.4	-2.6	E
F	0.4	0.5	2.3	0.0	-0.3	3.3	2.9	2.6	3.4	3.7	5.4	F
IRL	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.2	2.0	2.4	IRL
I	-2.8	-3.2	-3.9	-4.5	-4.8	-5.3	-6.5	-7.2	-7.1	-6.8	-5.0	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	4.5	4.5	4.0	3.8	4.0	5.4	5.5	5.1	4.5	5.2	6.1	NL
P	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.7	-0.8	-1.0	-0.9	-1.1	-1.3	-1.5	-1.4	P
UK	1.4	1.3	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.1	3.3	4.0	4.6	5.7	UK
A	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.9	-0.8	-1.1	-1.0	-1.1	-1.2	A
FIN	-0.6	-0.6	-0.8	-0.7	-0.9	-0.8	-1.0	-1.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	FIN
IS	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	IS
N	0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	N
S	-2.1	-2.2	-2.5	-2.3	-2.4	-1.3	-0.9	-0.7	-0.3	-0.1	0.1	S
EEA	13.9	17.0	18.3	14.7	14.7	18.1	17.1	16.3	17.4	19.4	28.3	EEA
CH	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	3.7	3.9	4.4	4.8	5.4	6.2	CH
USA	4.6	4.3	2.0	0.8	1.4	1.5	13.8	12.4	14.7	12.2	13.1	USA
CDN	-3.2	-4.2	-4.3	-3.6	-3.4	-0.2	-1.0	-0.9	-1.1	-1.4	-2.2	CDN
J	-0.2	-0.8	-0.4	0.0	0.3	-0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.4	1.6	2.1	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Exports and imports of chemical products in current prices

Exports of chemicals and related products as % of total exports

Imports of chemicals and related products as % of total imports

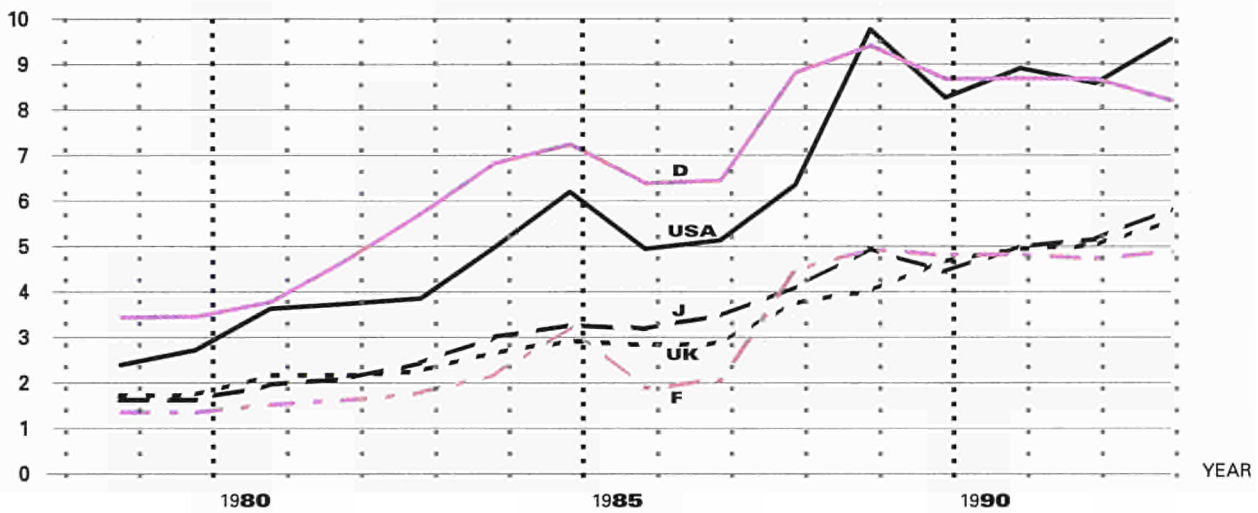
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	10.7	11.2	12.2	11.6	13.0	4.8	5.5	6.5	6.6	7.0	EUR12
B/L	11.4	12.1	14.1	13.9	15.3	9.5	10.4	12.0	11.9	12.3	B/L
DK	6.9	7.1	9.2	8.4	9.1	10.5	10.3	11.7	11.2	11.2	DK
D	12.3	12.4	13.6	12.7	12.6	8.0	8.8	9.7	9.0	8.1	D
GR	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.9	4.6	8.4	8.6	11.9	10.5	11.0	GR
E	7.7	8.8	9.4	8.7	8.6	7.7	9.0	10.8	10.1	11.1	E
F	10.8	13.0	13.7	12.7	13.3	9.1	10.2	10.6	10.2	10.7	F
IRL	14.0	14.5	13.4	15.8	19.3	11.5	11.9	12.8	12.4	12.6	IRL
I	6.7	7.1	7.6	6.5	7.4	9.1	9.4	11.6	11.1	12.4	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	14.6	14.0	16.8	15.1	14.2	8.8	10.0	11.0	10.4	9.9	NL
P	7.5	7.1	5.8	5.3	4.3	10.1	10.3	9.9	9.1	9.6	P
UK	8.8	9.1	11.7	12.8	14.4	6.8	6.9	7.8	8.6	9.2	UK
A	1.9	1.8	7.7	8.5	9.0	3.5	3.6	9.5	9.9	10.4	A
FIN	5.4	5.3	5.6	6.4	6.5	9.5	9.8	10.6	10.8	13.3	FIN
IS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	7.9	7.6	7.4	8.1	9.2	IS
N	5.7	5.7	7.6	5.7	5.5	7.0	7.0	7.9	7.9	9.1	N
S	1.9	2.0	5.2	7.5	9.9	9.1	8.9	8.9	9.5	11.5	S
EEA	10.3	10.8	12.3	11.5	12.9	4.7	5.4	6.4	6.5	6.9	EEA
CH	12.5	12.5	21.7	21.2	24.5	6.0	6.4	11.7	11.3	13.5	CH
USA	7.3	7.4	6.5	10.0	9.9	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.1	USA
CDN	1.7	1.5	5.6	5.2	5.2	6.7	5.9	6.1	6.7	7.7	CDN
J	4.7	4.3	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.5	6.1	7.5	6.5	7.3	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in chemicals refers to products determined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three back to 1988, and prior to 1988 according to revision two converted into revision three. As this conversion was based on EU averages, figures may

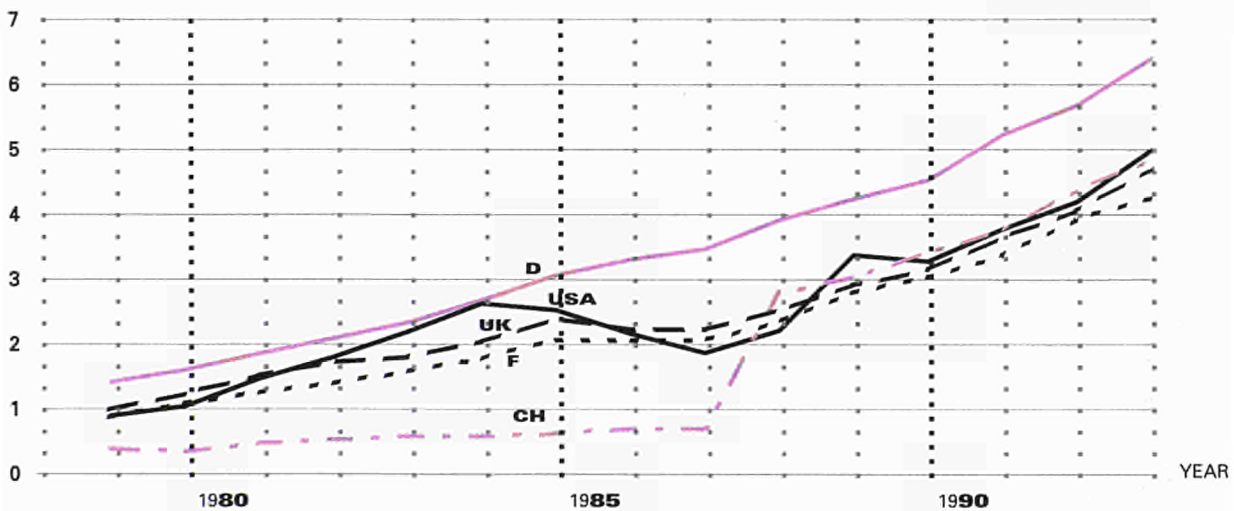
not be fully comparable between countries. Comparability is also incomplete because of the use of different trade systems - general or special trade. The EUR12 aggregate is re-calculated back to 1983 including Portugal and Spain, but not the former GDR.

Major exporters of organic chemicals. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Major exporters of medical and pharmaceutical products. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Trade balance in manufactured products in current prices.
1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	89.6	101.7	114.2	88.6	73.8	59.1	55.5	50.9	27.5	39.1	79.3	EUR12
B/L	4.6	4.4	5.6	3.6	2.7	5.6	6.3	4.3	2.3	2.5	15.1	B/L
DK	-1.6	-2.4	-3.6	-4.9	-3.7	-2.6	-2.7	-2.2	-2.5	-0.7	-0.2	DK
D	61.1	70.3	82.8	84.4	83.7	94.7	101.4	84.5	52.3	58.4	68.7	D
GR	-3.2	-3.5	-3.8	-3.7	-3.8	-4.6	-6.9	-7.7	-8.8	-9.2	-9.8	GR
E	4.0	7.4	6.7	0.0	-3.1	-6.5	-11.3	-11.8	-13.1	-12.9	-3.5	E
F	4.7	8.4	7.8	-2.2	-7.4	-7.2	-8.3	-9.4	-6.6	-1.5	7.2	F
IRL	-0.8	-0.6	-0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	2.0	3.2	IRL
I	29.2	29.4	30.9	28.4	22.8	21.1	24.5	25.5	24.5	23.2	46.1	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	-3.1	-4.8	-7.2	-9.5	-9.8	-7.0	-7.9	-10.5	-14.7	-13.0	-1.4	NL
P	-0.7	0.4	0.7	-0.3	-1.7	-3.8	-3.4	-4.1	-5.0	-6.0	-4.2	P
UK	-9.8	-11.9	-11.8	-14.8	-16.2	-27.5	-31.1	-19.1	-9.3	-13.7	-11.9	UK
A	-0.8	-0.5	-0.1	-0.9	-1.4	-1.7	-3.0	-3.2	-4.3	-4.4	-4.2	A
FIN	2.1	3.4	3.2	2.5	1.4	1.4	0.2	1.4	2.7	3.7	5.8	FIN
IS	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	-0.8	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	IS
N	-4.4	-5.0	-6.6	-8.8	-7.8	-6.5	-6.5	-6.3	-6.0	-6.2	-7.0	N
S	1.3	2.1	1.9	2.1	0.1	2.0	3.6	3.6	6.0	6.6	7.8	S
EEA	86.7	100.2	110.4	80.6	64.0	52.6	50.2	47.5	27.0	38.3	80.3	EEA
CH	1.7	2.1	2.5	1.7	0.7	0.9	-0.9	1.0	1.5	4.8	6.7	CH
USA	-67.3	-131.9	-175.1	-168.6	-146.8	-138.6	-108.7	-68.6	-49.3	-61.4	-94.6	USA
CDN	-19.4	-26.1	-28.8	-25.4	-26.0	-14.8	-18.4	-12.6	-14.5	-13.2	-13.5	CDN
J	125.2	163.6	177.0	163.0	141.3	149.5	152.8	131.6	154.5	168.4	196.6	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Exports and imports of manufactured products in current prices

Exports of manufactured products as % of total exports

Imports of manufactured products as % of total imports

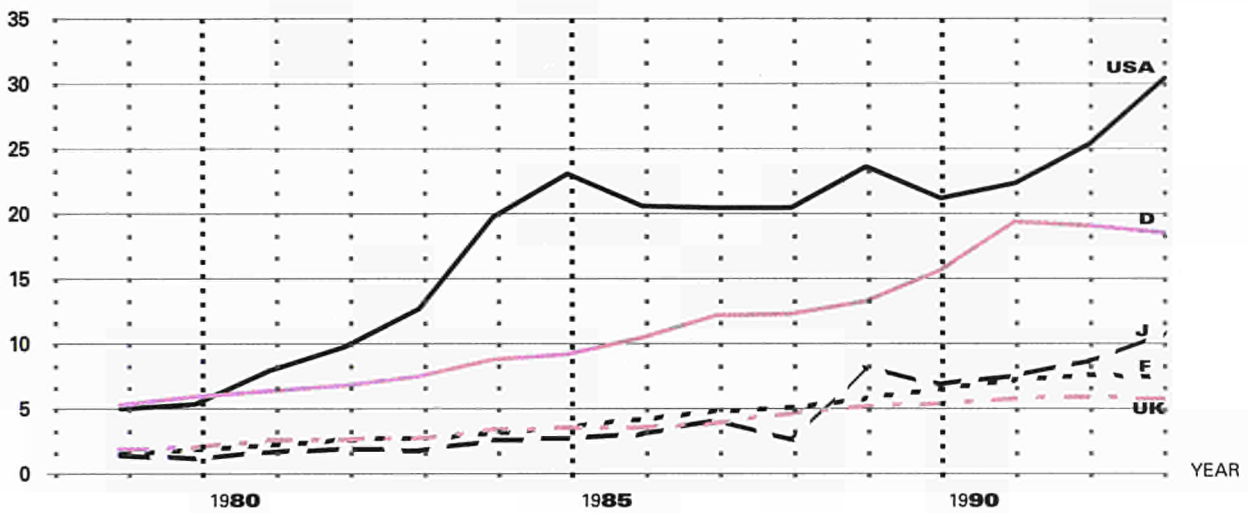
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	77.3	79.1	82.6	83.0	85.3	41.8	45.6	62.1	63.7	69.3	EUR12
B/L	71.6	73.4	79.6	80.4	78.5	59.1	61.8	69.7	71.5	68.7	B/L
DK	54.0	55.2	59.8	60.7	57.7	62.2	66.7	74.0	75.2	70.7	DK
D	84.7	86.4	90.7	90.9	86.6	58.0	60.1	72.1	74.3	72.6	D
GR	53.2	52.5	61.4	55.5	55.3	53.6	52.1	71.4	72.3	72.8	GR
E	75.1	74.9	74.9	77.2	78.9	38.8	45.0	69.8	71.7	70.9	E
F	72.7	74.2	78.8	79.8	80.1	59.1	61.6	77.3	77.5	78.1	F
IRL	65.9	68.1	65.9	69.3	68.3	69.3	70.8	76.3	77.6	74.5	IRL
I	84.8	85.2	89.0	89.0	89.1	43.8	47.4	64.7	65.4	65.1	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	46.7	46.2	60.6	60.8	56.9	53.2	55.5	69.2	70.9	63.2	NL
P	81.8	78.3	79.2	80.3	82.9	52.8	50.4	73.8	73.1	73.3	P
UK	58.2	60.0	78.0	81.5	79.9	61.9	63.3	74.6	77.6	75.3	UK
A	62.6	63.0	88.1	90.5	91.4	53.5	52.0	80.2	83.9	85.6	A
FIN	79.2	81.8	82.9	85.9	85.3	62.5	65.4	77.9	78.3	73.7	FIN
IS	25.9	19.1	22.5	18.4	16.2	66.4	69.4	78.7	75.7	74.1	IS
N	36.1	36.8	49.8	40.6	36.8	76.9	79.4	81.2	81.5	82.9	N
S	64.8	68.2	76.9	84.9	86.2	63.7	67.6	78.7	80.8	79.5	S
EEA	80.8	82.9	88.8	82.7	85.3	44.4	49.0	67.9	63.1	69.4	EEA
CH	70.1	69.8	96.1	95.2	94.9	56.4	56.0	84.5	85.4	85.8	CH
USA	57.7	58.6	60.4	76.1	78.4	65.1	71.5	77.9	74.6	78.8	USA
CDN	42.9	47.2	65.8	62.1	64.9	79.7	82.9	86.1	81.5	83.4	CDN
J	98.4	98.6	98.5	96.7	96.6	26.1	29.7	44.9	46.8	49.2	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in manufactured goods refers to products determined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three back to 1988, and prior to 1988 according to revision two converted into revision three. As this conversion was based on EU

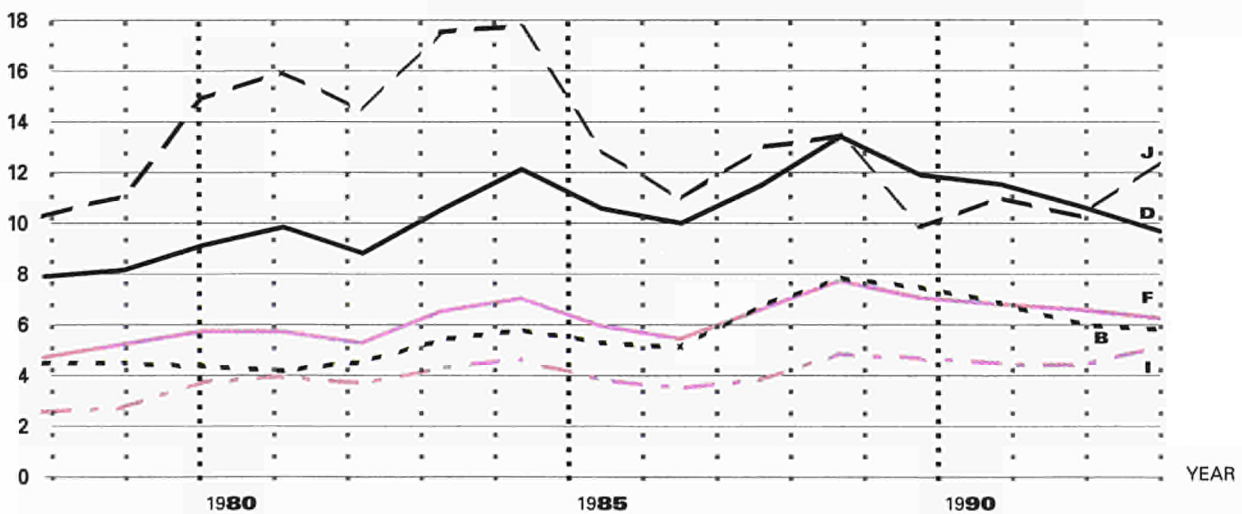
averages, figures may not be fully comparable between countries. Comparability is also incomplete because of the use of different trade systems - general or special trade. The EUR12 aggregate is re-calculated back to 1983 including Portugal and Spain, but not the former GDR.

Major importers of apparel and clothing accessories. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Major exporters of iron and steel. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Trade balance in machinery and transport equipment in current prices.
1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	48.9	53.4	58.9	50.9	42.7	34.6	33.8	35.9	24.4	34.6	57.3	EUR12
B/L	-0.6	-1.3	-0.8	-1.5	-1.8	0.4	0.0	-0.4	-1.7	-1.3	5.2	B/L
DK	0.0	-0.5	-1.1	-2.2	-1.4	-0.7	-0.9	-0.7	-0.9	0.3	0.0	DK
D	45.9	52.0	60.0	62.9	63.6	69.5	75.7	67.6	48.6	55.5	57.5	D
GR	-2.5	-3.0	-3.0	-2.8	-2.6	-3.0	-4.3	-4.6	-5.4	-5.9	-6.3	GR
E	-0.3	1.2	0.5	-1.4	-4.3	-6.8	-9.0	-8.0	-7.1	-5.9	-1.2	E
F	6.2	8.7	7.0	3.7	0.9	-1.7	-1.1	-0.9	1.3	4.6	8.4	F
IRL	-0.3	-0.1	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	-0.1	-0.2	0.3	0.5	IRL
I	10.1	8.2	8.4	8.1	5.3	4.9	7.4	7.1	5.8	4.1	17.0	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	-3.9	-5.0	-6.3	-7.5	-7.6	-5.7	-6.5	-7.0	-10.1	-10.3	-3.8	NL
P	-1.6	-0.9	-1.0	-1.7	-2.6	-4.2	-4.2	-4.8	-5.2	-5.8	-4.6	P
UK	-5.7	-6.1	-6.5	-8.7	-9.1	-12.2	-14.0	-7.6	0.0	-4.7	-6.4	UK
A	-1.4	-1.1	-1.2	-1.6	-1.7	-2.3	-3.0	-2.6	-3.3	-3.2	-2.3	A
FIN	-0.8	-0.4	-0.7	-1.0	-1.6	-1.9	-2.9	-1.7	-1.0	0.0	1.1	FIN
IS	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.3	IS
N	-2.9	-3.8	-4.2	-5.1	-4.5	-4.9	-5.9	-4.9	-3.8	-3.6	-4.4	N
S	2.9	3.5	3.3	3.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	3.0	4.2	4.6	5.3	S
EEA	42.1	45.9	49.6	40.1	31.1	21.6	22.4	28.0	19.6	30.1	54.2	EEA
CH	-0.1	0.3	0.6	-0.1	-0.6	-1.5	-2.0	-1.5	-1.4	-0.1	0.3	CH
USA	-19.3	-46.0	-75.2	-80.3	-65.0	-55.3	-48.3	-24.7	-13.1	-17.0	-34.8	USA
CDN	-11.4	-15.6	-17.8	-15.9	-17.0	-12.7	-13.7	-8.9	-10.4	-9.1	-8.2	CDN
J	95.8	131.2	142.5	136.3	126.0	138.4	150.3	131.1	149.7	158.3	187.1	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Exports and imports of machinery and transport equipment in current prices

Exports of machinery and transport equipment as % of total exports

Imports of machinery and transport equipment as % of total imports

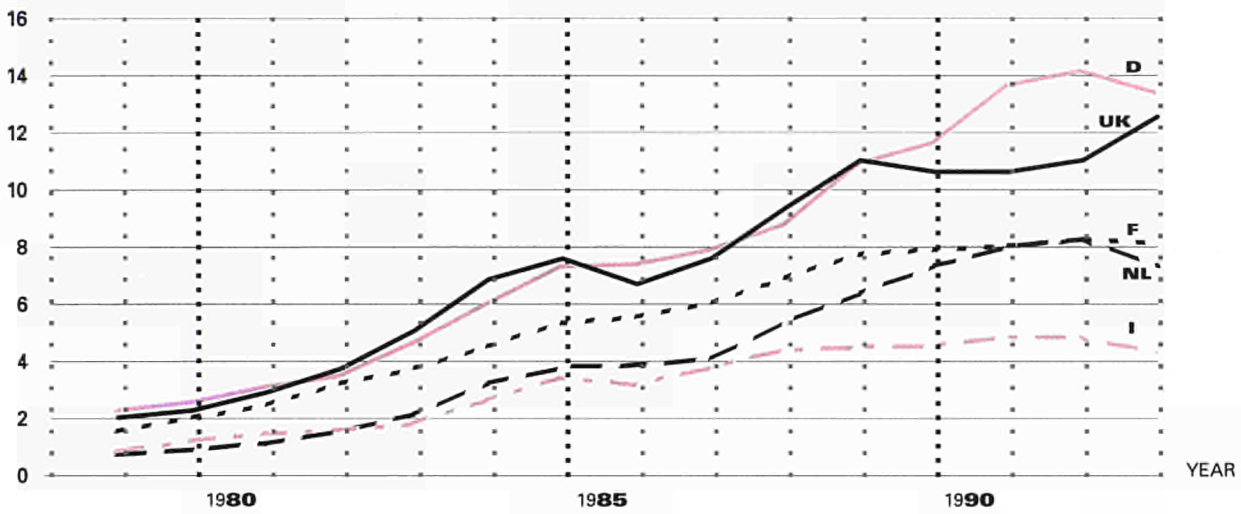
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	36.0	36.5	38.9	40.2	42.6	17.4	19.5	27.5	28.4	31.0	EUR12
B/L	22.6	23.3	25.7	27.3	27.4	21.9	23.1	24.2	26.1	24.0	B/L
DK	23.4	24.5	25.3	26.7	23.7	23.1	27.4	29.4	31.8	28.7	DK
D	44.8	45.7	48.1	49.4	47.6	22.7	24.0	29.1	32.3	33.2	D
GR	3.5	2.9	3.2	4.2	6.3	24.8	23.6	30.2	31.0	35.8	GR
E	26.2	28.4	33.0	37.8	40.7	18.7	22.6	39.0	38.4	35.7	E
F	34.0	32.8	38.3	40.3	41.8	24.2	24.8	36.4	37.1	38.3	F
IRL	29.3	33.1	31.0	31.2	29.1	29.8	32.4	34.1	36.0	36.4	IRL
I	32.4	31.8	35.7	37.5	36.7	17.9	20.2	28.9	30.1	28.4	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	14.2	14.1	21.5	23.7	22.3	20.5	21.5	28.2	30.3	27.8	NL
P	15.4	15.9	16.8	19.5	21.1	26.2	21.8	38.3	36.8	35.5	P
UK	26.0	27.7	38.3	39.9	39.2	28.9	30.0	35.8	37.0	37.2	UK
A	21.5	22.9	33.7	37.5	39.0	23.6	23.2	36.1	37.9	37.7	A
FIN	24.6	25.3	27.4	30.9	31.4	29.2	29.8	39.2	38.6	33.9	FIN
IS	0.5	0.9	5.3	2.1	2.3	24.3	27.2	36.9	35.1	29.1	IS
N	13.3	13.6	15.0	13.9	13.0	36.7	38.1	39.6	41.0	38.9	N
S	35.4	36.8	41.2	43.3	43.3	27.2	30.5	39.6	38.6	36.0	S
EEA	38.3	39.1	43.0	40.7	43.3	20.8	23.7	34.0	29.9	32.3	EEA
CH	23.9	23.8	32.4	31.5	29.1	21.3	19.9	32.3	31.6	29.6	CH
USA	36.4	39.0	40.9	46.5	48.4	33.4	38.8	42.8	41.4	44.0	USA
CDN	28.5	33.0	39.9	37.2	39.5	50.8	55.6	56.3	50.3	50.7	CDN
J	64.8	68.7	71.3	70.7	72.0	7.8	9.4	13.4	15.4	17.0	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Trade in machinery and transport equipment refers to products determined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three back to 1988, and prior to 1988 according to revision two converted into revision three. As this conversion was based on

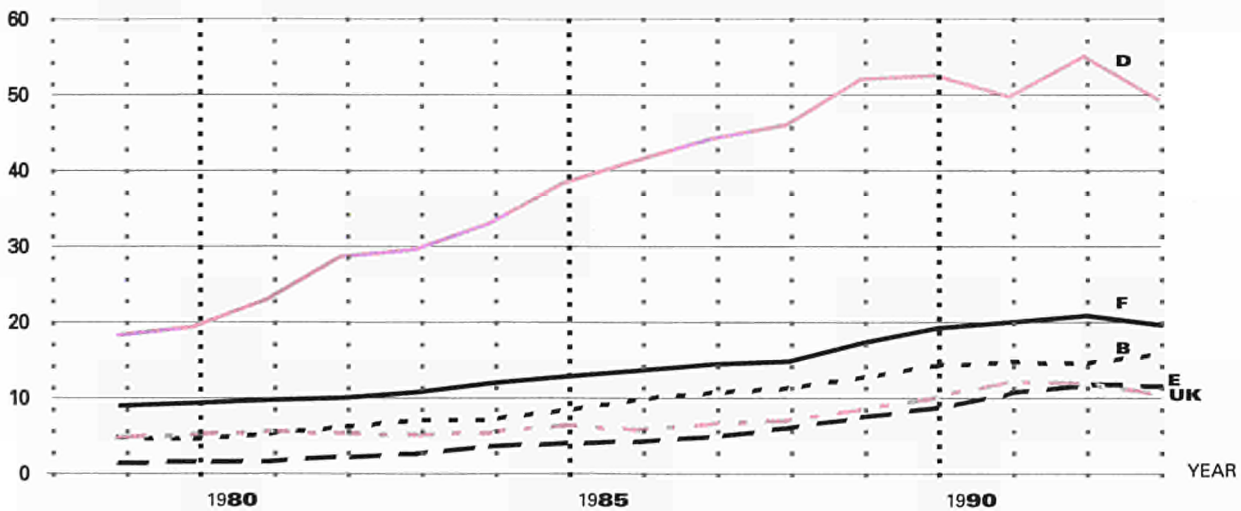
EU averages, figures may not be fully comparable between countries. Comparability is also incomplete because of the use of different trade systems - general or special trade. The EUR12 aggregate is recalculated back to 1983 including Portugal and Spain, but not the former GDR.

Major EU importers of office machines and automatic data-processing machines. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Major EEA exporters of road vehicles. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Employment, million people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	125.9	128.4	130.4	133.6	142.0	140.2	138.0	EUR12
B	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.7	B
DK	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	DK
D	25.9	26.1	26.2	26.5	26.6	27.0	27.4	29.0	37.0	36.5	36.1	D
GR	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	GR
E	:	:	:	10.8	11.3	11.7	12.2	12.6	12.6	12.5	11.9	E
F	21.4	21.3	21.3	21.5	21.4	21.5	21.7	21.9	22.1	22.0	21.9	F
IRL	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	IRL
I	20.6	20.4	20.6	20.7	20.7	21.1	20.8	21.2	21.5	21.0	20.3	I
L	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	L
NL	5.0	:	5.1	:	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.6	NL
P	:	:	:	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.5	P
UK	23.3	23.8	24.3	24.4	24.8	25.7	26.6	26.8	26.2	25.6	25.3	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Employed people. 1985 = 100

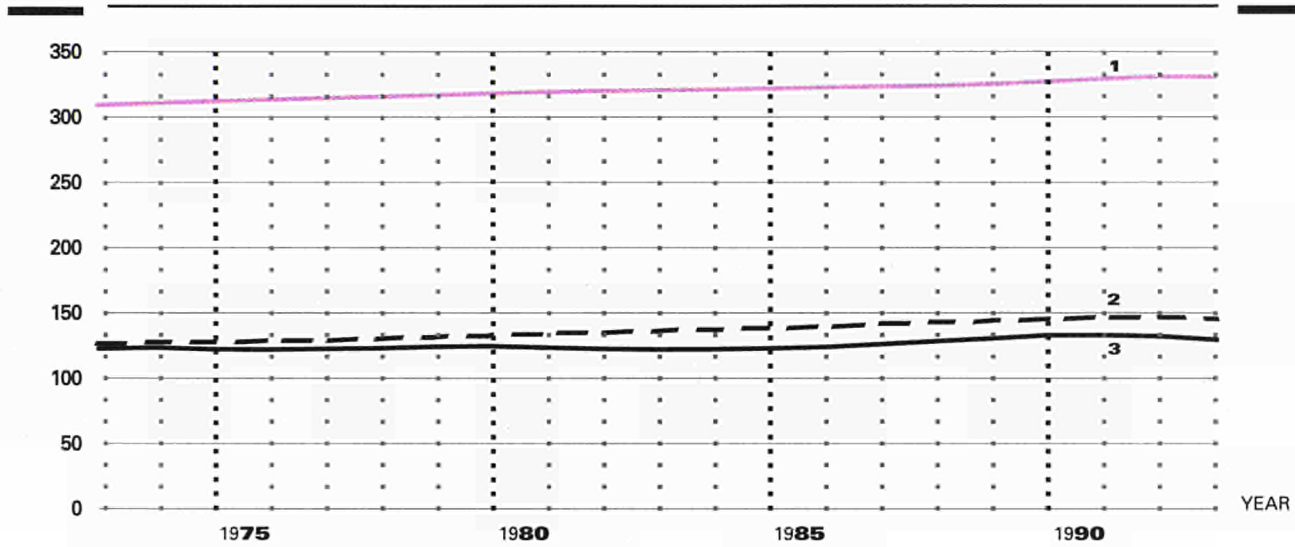
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	97.3	98.5	100.0	100.3	98.9	99.2	102.1	103.2	105.9	107.4	106.6	B
DK	94.7	97.5	100.0	104.2	103.6	105.6	103.6	104.6	103.8	103.8	101.1	DK
D	99.2	99.6	100.0	101.2	101.5	103.2	104.7	110.8	111.7	113.6	112.8	D
GR	98.6	99.0	100.0	100.3	100.2	101.9	102.3	103.6	101.2	102.5	103.5	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	100.3	100.2	100.0	101.0	100.5	101.0	102.1	102.7	103.8	103.4	102.9	F
IRL	104.5	102.6	100.0	100.6	101.4	102.1	102.5	106.1	106.1	107.5	109.1	IRL
I	100.0	98.9	100.0	100.5	100.4	102.5	101.1	103.1	104.6	102.1	98.5	I
L	98.2	98.8	100.0	101.0	104.4	102.9	104.0	106.4	109.9	111.5	111.5	L
NL	96.6	:	100.0	:	114.2	115.3	117.7	122.4	125.3	129.1	129.6	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	95.8	97.9	100.0	100.4	102.2	105.7	109.4	110.3	107.9	105.5	104.4	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Current Eurostat projections suggest that the EU labour force can be expected to grow by 0.7 to 0.8% a year over the remainder of the decade. This would mean an additional 7 million or so joining the workforce between 1993 and the year 2000. Most of these, as in the past, would be

women. Since most of the women would also be of prime working age, this - together with young people entering the labour market for the first time - is likely to result in some reduction in the average age of the workforce.

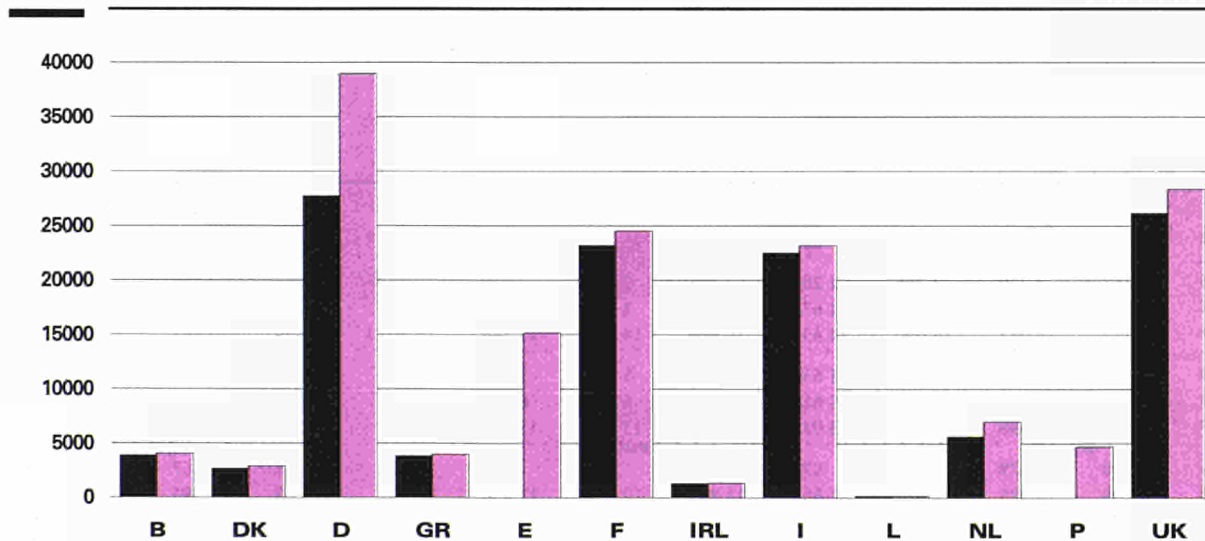
Active and employed people, millions



1: total population; 2: active people; 3: employed people.

FURTHER READING

Active population



Black: 1983; pink: 1992.

FURTHER READING

D: 1992: United Germany.

Employment in industry, 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	41 772	42 541	43 138	44 318	47 191	45 749	43 331	EUR12
B	1 143	1 128	1 119	1 127	1 098	1 092	1 127	1 113	1 135	1 164	1 103	B
DK	664	658	706	737	732	723	715	725	723	715	667	DK
D	10 685	10 605	10 728	10 676	10 654	10 941	11 006	11 619	14 915	14 273	13 702	D
GR	959	927	921	945	938	928	945	961	933	933	899	GR
E	:	:	:	3 445	3 670	3 813	3 985	4 204	4 171	4 075	3 658	E
F	7 089	6 822	6 871	6 713	6 527	6 426	6 552	6 629	6 625	6 498	6 023	F
IRL	342	332	319	318	310	311	314	325	328	322	323	IRL
I	7 412	7 049	6 902	6 860	6 666	6 796	6 659	6 878	6 933	6 967	6 576	I
L	46	47	47	44	48	44	45	46	47	47	43	L
NL	1 423	:	1 436	:	1 564	1 563	1 603	1 648	1 632	1 572	1 472	NL
P	:	:	:	1 431	1 482	1 540	1 580	1 581	1 643	1 468	1 467	P
UK	8 301	8 318	8 274	8 159	8 084	8 361	8 607	8 589	8 107	7 715	7 399	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Employment in agriculture, 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	9 967	9 737	9 209	8 931	9 021	8 134	7 635	EUR12
B	115	122	127	112	109	110	120	119	101	109	99	B
DK	177	165	170	155	150	154	149	147	149	136	132	DK
D	1 490	1 375	1 349	1 315	1 242	1 202	1 056	1 081	1 554	1 369	1 272	D
GR	1 060	1 044	1 037	1 026	971	972	930	889	807	804	791	GR
E	:	:	:	1 753	1 723	1 671	1 605	1 496	1 376	1 257	1 212	E
F	1 790	1 848	1 734	1 627	1 591	1 547	1 503	1 394	1 333	1 302	1 195	F
IRL	196	186	175	172	170	171	169	173	158	157	148	IRL
I	2 466	2 388	2 258	2 168	2 160	2 071	1 912	1 913	1 825	1 657	1 488	I
L	7	7	7	6	5	5	6	6	6	10	5	L
NL	273	:	269	:	297	286	286	297	279	247	256	NL
P	:	:	:	909	967	944	881	840	842	517	516	P
UK	587	609	563	534	583	602	593	577	593	569	523	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Employment in services, 1000 people

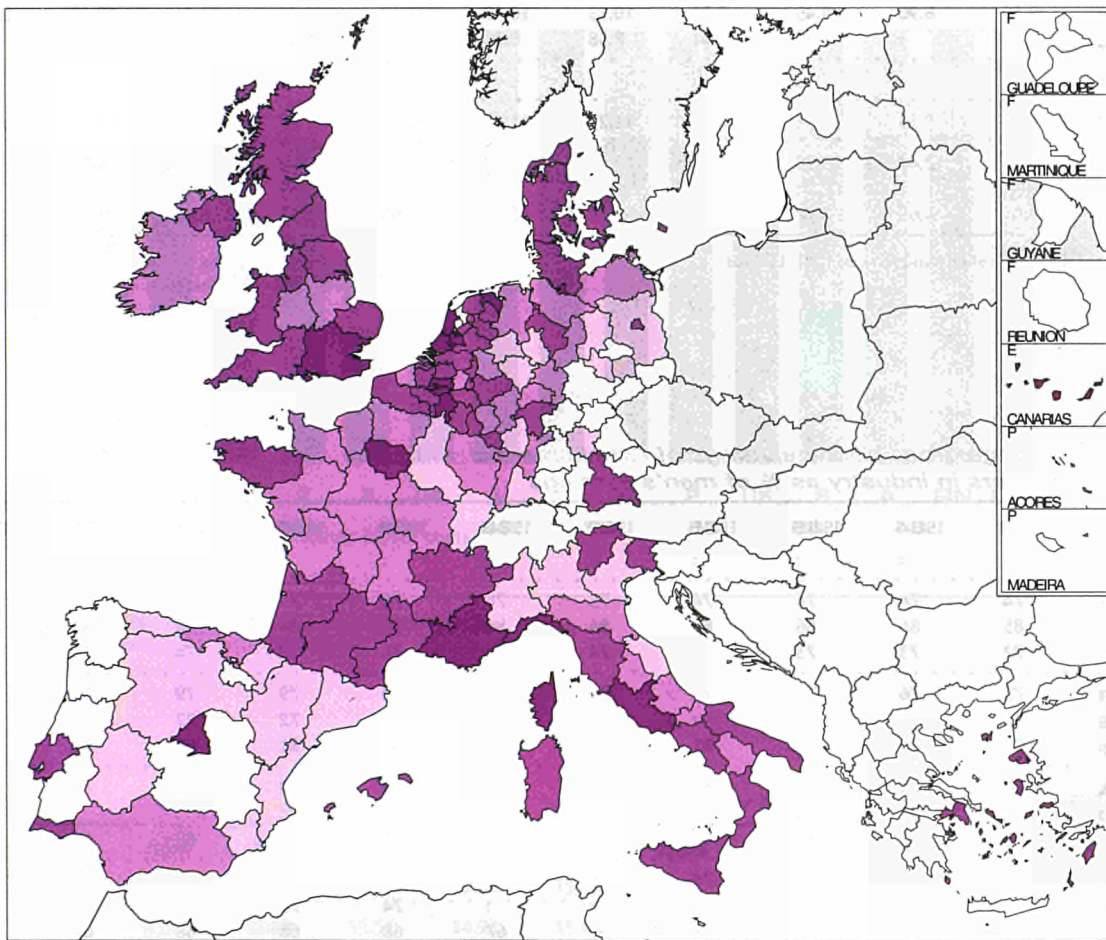
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	73 778	75 843	77 761	80 053	85 426	85 847	86 305	EUR12
B	2 157	2 210	2 266	2 283	2 266	2 280	2 340	2 393	2 483	2 498	2 542	B
DK	1 547	1 641	1 657	1 678	1 676	1 790	1 748	1 771	1 746	1 780	1 757	DK
D	13 772	14 072	14 090	14 497	14 666	14 855	15 344	16 301	20 539	20 887	21 138	D
GR	1 519	1 582	1 630	1 630	1 688	1 756	1 795	1 867	1 892	1 942	2 026	GR
E	:	:	:	5 619	5 937	6 224	6 605	6 850	7 076	7 126	6 999	E
F	12 415	12 598	12 610	13 075	13 182	13 436	13 574	13 758	14 093	14 187	14 658	F
IRL	580	579	571	579	598	604	609	632	644	667	692	IRL
I	10 705	10 925	11 422	11 656	11 839	12 234	12 238	12 431	12 763	12 391	12 203	I
L	90	91	93	97	101	102	103	105	110	107	115	L
NL	3 219	:	3 378	:	3 916	4 041	4 116	4 299	4 470	4 503	4 421	NL
P	:	:	:	1 878	1 899	1 962	2 099	2 216	2 347	2 523	2 481	P
UK	14 228	14 681	15 040	15 334	16 010	16 558	17 190	17 430	17 264	17 237	17 274	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

The broad sectoral shifts in EU employment over the long term are well known: a decreasing share of agricultural and industrial employment and a strong increase in the number of jobs in the service sector. These movements - driven by changes in demand as well as in

technology and productivity - have been associated with growth of employment in services, for example, health care provision, tourism and environmental protection. These areas have become among the most important sources of new jobs.

Employment in services as % of total employment



-50

60-70

50-55

70-

55-60

:

Average gross hourly earnings of manual workers in industry, ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	6.03	6.40	6.67	6.91	7.06	7.16	7.53	8.06	8.63	9.40	9.42	B
DK	7.97	8.39	8.95	9.51	10.34	10.97	11.32	12.03	12.47	13.42	13.72	DK
D	6.86	7.09	7.45	8.22	8.57	8.94	9.39	9.93	10.65	11.69	12.60	D
GR	2.78	3.04	2.69	2.59	2.50	2.88	3.23	3.38	3.56	3.56	3.80	GR
E	3.29	3.83	3.79	4.06	4.47	4.82	5.45	5.95	6.56	6.49	6.27	E
F	4.87	5.19	5.59	5.70	5.85	5.84	6.17	6.53	6.77	7.36	7.51	F
IRL	4.89	5.42	5.90	5.96	6.10	6.39	6.60	6.99	7.39	7.83	7.67	IRL
I	4.83	5.14	5.27	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	6.99*	I
L	6.23	6.55	6.83	7.31	7.43	7.66	8.10	8.37	8.89	9.87	10.00	L
NL	6.56	6.61	6.84	7.36	7.56	7.70	7.93	8.22	8.58	9.43	10.08	NL
P	1.18	1.25	1.29	1.37	1.46	1.57	1.60	1.79	2.10	2.41	2.23	P
UK	5.81	6.03	6.39	5.51	6.20	7.02	7.23	7.85	8.33	7.71	8.07	UK
A	:	:	:	:	6.70	6.98	7.35	7.82	8.33	8.95	9.81	A
FIN	5.79	6.65	7.12	7.27	7.64	8.65	9.87	11.76	10.43	9.08	7.98	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	8.10	8.90	9.45	9.31	10.13	10.78	11.47	11.63	12.14	12.49	12.41	N
S	:	:	7.45	7.41	7.58	8.24	9.24	9.61	10.06	10.53	8.86	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	9.02	9.35	9.71	10.63	11.21	11.54	11.53	12.47	13.27	13.55	14.58	CH
USA	10.65	12.46	13.35	10.56	9.17	9.20	10.18	9.08	9.56	9.31	10.56	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	4.01	4.69	4.97	5.58	5.59	6.33	6.67	5.89	6.40	7.35	9.62	J

FURTHER READING Earnings: industry and services, 1994. Eurostat.

GR, J: manufacturing industry. A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Average gross hourly earnings of female manual workers in industry as % of men's earnings

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	74	74	74	74	75	76	76	75	76	75	76	B
DK	85	86	86	86	86	84	84	84	84	83	84	DK
D	72	73	73	73	74	74	74	73	74	74	75	D
GR	75	76	79	77	79	80	80	79	79	80	80	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	73	72	72	73	77	E
F	80	80	81	81	81	81	81	81	80	80	81	F
IRL	68	68	67	67	67	69	69	69	70	70	71	IRL
I	87	85	84	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	65	65	66	64	66	64	65	68	69	68	71	L
NL	74	74	74	74	75	76	75	76	76	77	78	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	74	73	73	71	74	P
UK	67	67	68	68	67	67	68	68	68	69	69	UK
A	:	:	:	:	64	64	64	65	65	66	66	A
FIN	76	75	74	74	75	86	74	76	77	78	79	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	84	84	84	84	84	84	85	86	87	87	87	N
S	:	:	90	90	90	90	90	89	89	89	90	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	67	67	67	67	67	67	68	68	68	68	69	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

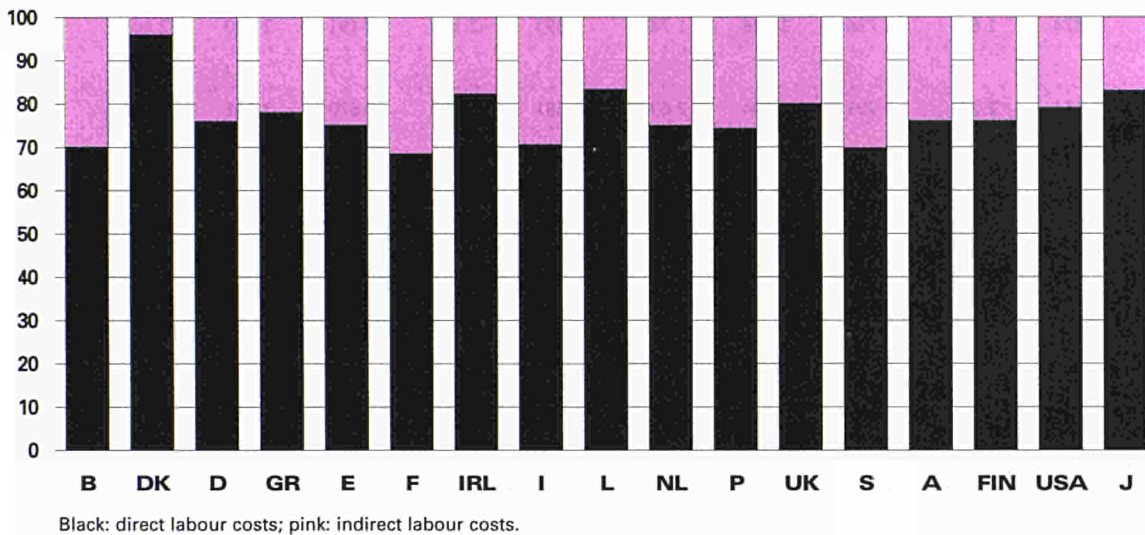
FURTHER READING Earnings: industry and services, 1994. Eurostat.

GR: manufacturing industry. A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Surveys of labour costs have been carried out since 1966 - and are at present carried out every four years, the latest in 1992. Data for intervening years are estimated by each Member State using a Eurostat updating method. The surveys cover establishments of ten employees or more in industry, wholesale and retail distribution,

banking and insurance. From 1992, hotels and restaurants and real estate, renting and business activities are also included. Labour costs are employer's total expenditure employing people. Direct costs are all earnings including earnings in kind. Indirect costs are mainly social contributions, whether statutory, conventional or voluntary.

Direct and indirect labour costs in industry. % of total labour costs. 1988



FURTHER READING Labour costs 1988. Eurostat. Labour costs, updating 1989-92; first results of the labour cost survey 1992. Eurostat.

Average hourly labour costs in industry. ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
B	12.28	13.09	13.92	14.70	15.24	15.43	16.11	17.56	18.66	:	:	B
DK	10.08	11.90	12.60	13.51	14.93	15.45	15.91	17.13	18.01	:	:	DK
D	13.34	14.14	14.90	16.12	:	18.11	18.85	19.89	21.17	23.14	:	D
GR	:	5.69	:	:	:	5.23	:	:	:	5.75	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	8.95	10.10	11.09	12.15	12.72	:	E
F	10.99	12.17	:	:	:	14.95	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	6.82	7.51	9.27	9.87	9.86	10.33	10.70	11.31	11.94	12.62	:	IRL
I	9.41	10.39	:	:	:	13.70	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	9.95	10.96	11.38	11.96	12.59	13.49	14.32	15.13	:	17.31	:	L
NL	13.22	13.68	14.40	15.74	16.58	16.37	16.58	17.44	18.08	19.20	:	NL
P	:	2.29	2.33	2.47	2.61	2.87	3.02	3.37	3.92	5.55	:	P
UK	:	8.84	:	:	:	10.82	11.45	12.02	13.37	12.81	:	UK
S	:	11.89	:	:	:	14.43	:	:	18.17	19.02	:	S

FURTHER READING Labour costs 1988. Eurostat. Labour costs, updating 1989-92; first results of the labour cost survey 1992. Eurostat.

Monthly earnings in industry: non-manual workers. ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	1 473	1 556	1 635	1 706	1 736	1 793	1 896	2 040	2 179	2 360	2 391	B
DK	1 505	1 604	1 739	1 881	1 977	2 086	2 181	2 297	2 352	2 517	2 524	DK
D	1 713	1 800	1 882	2 082	2 167	2 250	2 350	2 467	2 635	2 889	3 062	D
GR	677	749	664	632	592	699	833	888	944	945	1 004	GR
E	767	894	908	982	1 088	1 160	1 301	1 421	1 536	1 531	1 608	E
F	1 332	1 426	1 433	1 609	1 638	1 703	1 803	1 900	1 971	2 149	2 203	F
IRL	:	:	1 521	1 522	1 592	1 676	1 755	1 862	1 943	2 086	2 029	IRL
I	1 093	1 204	1 268	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 563*	I
L	1 810	1 981	2 069	2 268	2 285	2 321	2 499	2 662	2 830	3 151	3 127	L
NL	1 647	1 631	1 649	1 810	1 859	1 854	1 904	1 968	2 045	2 223	2 373	NL
P	284	315	332	346	371	402	459	516	619	699	713	P
UK	1 337	1 404	1 508	1 337	1 533	1 771	1 849	2 020	2 148	2 018	2 156	UK
A	:	:	:	:	1 500	1 546	1 599	1 683	1 762	1 899	2 087	A
FIN	1 254	1 441	1 580	1 583	1 657	1 852	2 095	2 200	2 262	1 979	1 728	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1 839	1 989	2 121	2 142	2 105	2 195	2 337	2 391	2 495	2 589	2 596	N
S	1 374	1 631	1 736	1 726	1 748	1 893	2 128	2 191	2 320	2 408	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	2 154	2 231	2 295	2 504	2 632	2 681	2 667	2 870	3 041	3 086	3 334	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Earnings: industry and services, 1994. Eurostat.

GR: manufacturing industry. FIN: including non-manual workers in transport and communication. A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Monthly earnings of non-manual workers in industry:
women's earnings as % of men's earnings

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	63	63	63	64	64	64	65	65	65	66	67	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	67	67	66	68	D
GR	60	61	64	63	65	66	67	68	69	68	68	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	98	99	99	102	65	E
F	62	63	63	65	65	66	66	67	67	68	68	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	71	70	69	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	53	53	54	54	54	55	54	55	56	57	59	L
NL	61	62	64	62	62	64	65	65	66	67	67	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	71	70	71	71	70	P
UK	56	56	56	55	56	56	56	57	58	59	60	UK
A	:	:	:	:	64	63	64	65	66	66	66	A
FIN	64	64	64	65	65	66	66	67	67	67	60	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	68	69	69	70	71	72	73	74	74	75	75	N
S	:	:	:	74	74	74	75	75	75	77	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	67	67	67	69	70	71	72	73	72	71	69	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Earnings: industry and services, 1994. Eurostat.

GR: manufacturing industry. FIN: including non-manual workers in transport and communication. A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Earnings in industry include all industry - manufacturing, energy, building and civil engineering. Data on earnings are available only for the two categories: 'manual workers' and 'non-manual workers'. These concepts change with changes in production processes and in classification of occupations, and the gradual change to monthly payment. Nevertheless, the

distinction between manual and non-manual still provides an acceptable basis for comparison. Data on gross earnings come from Eurostat's harmonized earnings statistics. Although harmonized, there are significant methodological differences; these make the data more reliable in depicting and comparing trends than in comparing levels.

Monthly earnings in retail trade in ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	919	977	1 022	1 070	1 083	1 096	1 155	1 237	1 297	1 444	1 433	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	1 042	1 088	1 130	1 240	1 292	1 351	1 436	1 502	1 598	1 798	1 943	D
GR	430	483	422	399	382	442	465	481	508	514	500	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	847	938	1 020	983	931	E
F	888	950	1 025	1 209	1 036	1 098	1 202	1 242	1 305	1 430	1 472	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	862	943	976	1 041	1 052	1 151	1 226	1 321	1 362	:	1 575	L
NL	996	1 016	1 058	1 130	1 140	1 139	1 170	1 204	1 250	1 404	1 499	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	296	325	382	436	460	P
UK	854	901	969	857	1 001	1 172	1 211	1 319	1 416	1 327	1 400	UK
A	:	:	:	:	1 151	1 179	1 224	1 300	1 375	1 476	1 615	A
FIN	883	1 029	1 059	1 145	1 220	1 381	1 582	1 628	1 734	1 505	1 315	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	1 182	1 286	1 357	1 364	1 366	1 453	1 568	1 624	1 697	1 742	1 741	N
S	:	1 406	1 503	1 494	1 558	1 705	1 893	1 978	2 134	2 075	1 819	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	1 618	1 690	1 736	1 905	2 009	2 089	2 077	2 236	2 342	2 370	2 547	CH
USA	974	1 129	1 173	920	795	797	878	783	822	817	931	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	825	1 012	1 026	1 103	1 132	975	1 135	1 170	1 429	J

FURTHER READING Earnings: industry and services, 1994. Eurostat.

FIN: including wholesale distribution. USA: retail trade adjusted to exclude eating and drinking establishments. A: data on Austria are not fully comparable to data of the other EU countries.

Unemployment. 1000 people

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	15 170	14 333	13 138	12 261	13 347	14 237	16 378	EUR12
B	451	467	449	448	441	393	324	283	279	271	329	B
DK	260	241	215	170	171	186	233	242	264	262	308	DK
D	1 789	1 863	1 932	1 875	1 943	1 821	1 658	1 491	2 078	2 466	3 002	D
GR	301	315	304	287	286	304	297	282	303	313	386	GR
E	:	:	:	2 925	2 941	2 900	2 557	2 439	2 391	2 684	3 395	E
F	1 837	2 249	2 436	2 453	2 574	2 438	2 316	2 259	2 232	2 514	2 811	F
IRL	194	217	234	237	239	231	211	186	213	203	216	IRL
I	1 957	2 142	2 154	2 462	2 499	2 615	2 585	2 314	2 427	2 191	2 337	I
L	5	4	5	4	4	3	3	3	2	3	4	L
NL	666	:	601	:	649	614	579	526	508	389	445	NL
P	:	:	:	408	350	289	250	229	199	187	250	P
UK	2 903	2 907	3 151	3 173	3 073	2 540	2 126	2 008	2 451	2 755	2 896	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Unemployment rate

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	10.8	10.0	9.1	8.4	8.6	9.2	10.6	EUR12
B	11.7	11.9	11.3	11.3	11.3	10.1	8.3	7.3	7.0	6.7	8.1	B
DK	9.7	8.9	7.8	6.0	6.1	6.5	8.1	8.3	9.1	9.0	10.7	DK
D	6.4	6.7	6.9	6.6	6.8	6.3	5.7	4.9	5.3	6.3	7.7	D
GR	7.8	8.1	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.5	7.0	7.7	7.8	9.4	GR
E	:	:	:	21.3	20.6	19.9	17.3	16.3	15.9	17.7	22.2	E
F	7.9	9.5	10.3	10.2	10.7	10.2	9.6	9.4	9.2	10.2	11.4	F
IRL	14.8	16.5	18.0	18.1	18.1	17.5	16.1	14.1	15.8	15.0	15.6	IRL
I	8.7	9.5	9.5	10.6	10.8	11.0	11.1	9.8	10.1	9.4	10.3	I
L	3.2	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.5	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.0	2.3	L
NL	11.9	:	10.5	:	10.0	9.4	8.8	7.7	7.3	5.6	6.3	NL
P	:	:	:	8.8	7.4	6.1	5.2	4.7	3.9	4.0	5.3	P
UK	11.1	10.9	11.5	11.5	11.0	9.0	7.4	7.0	8.6	9.7	10.3	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Long-term unemployed people, 12 months or more. 1000s

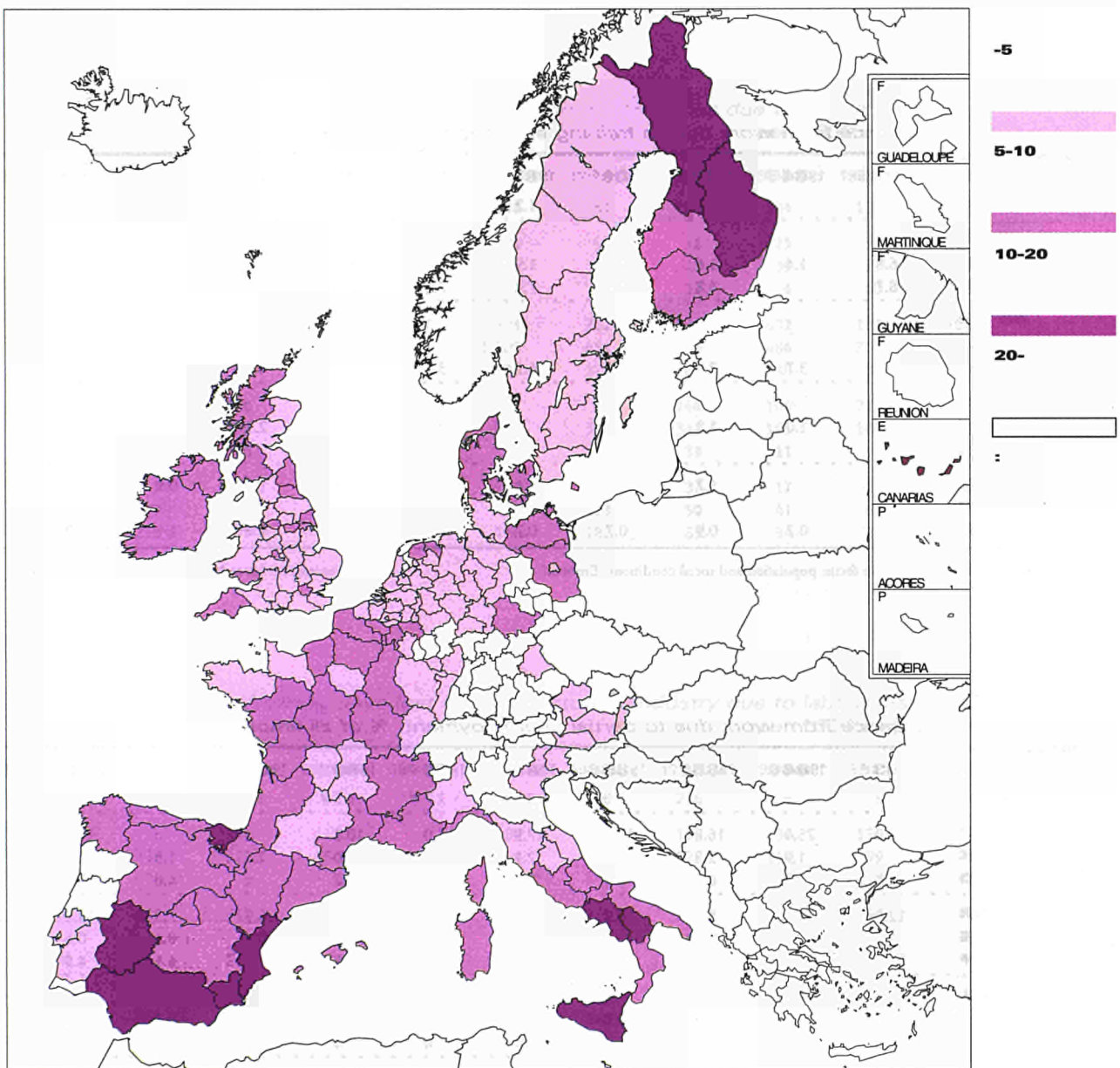
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	7 852.7	7 364.5	6 675.0	5 859.7	5 733.7*	5 817.7*	:	EUR12
B	287.7	312.1	304.4	307.5	320.1	295.9	241.3	186.5	170.3	159.9	174.2	B
DK	69.7	72.9	66.7	44.5	38.7	42.0	48.4	68.9	82.0	70.3	76.9	DK
D	650.2	794.0	890.0	881.8	902.5	823.3	792.5	672.7	634.4	817.4	1 200.6	D
GR	96.4	116.3	130.9	119.2	124.7	139.0	147.7	138.4	140.8	154.5	195.3	GR
E	:	:	:	1 698.5	1 776.4	1 659.6	1 428.0	1 241.0	1 172.5	1 177.0	1 565.3	E
F	707.4	857.9	1 041.5	1 053.6	1 117.4	1 058.2	985.9	873.0	847.1	861.3	929.8	F
IRL	144.9	148.3	152.2	144.8	135.6	118.6	127.2	117.2	:	:	:	IRL
I	1 022.8	1 238.7	1 360.5	1 564.4	1 583.7	1 724.3	1 728.6	1 559.5	1 590.8	1 263.8	1 337.9	I
L	1.5*	1.1*	1.6	1.1*	1.2*	0.9*	0.8*	0.8*	0.7*	0.6*	1.2*	L
NL	307.3	:	330.6	:	272.3	279.1	254.0	233.4	208.7	165.3	202.3	NL
P	:	:	:	216.3	185.6	134.7	110.8	99.8	75.7	56.2	88.0	P
UK	1 291.4	1 310.6	1 500.5	1 435.8	1 377.9	1 062.7	801.4	667.1	683.4	974.1	1 230.1	UK

FURTHER READING Labour force survey, 1993. Eurostat.

Unemployment is the major economic problem facing the EU. Since 1973, when two decades of high economic growth in Europe came to an end, unemployment has increased progressively, interrupted only during the period

between 1985 and 1990. The clear lesson of the past 20 years is that no Member State has succeeded in reducing unemployment significantly and keeping it at a low level for a sustained period, except for Luxembourg.

Unemployment rate. 1993



Absence from work due to illness. % of all employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	5.7#	6.8#	6.6#	7.0#	6.3#	:	:	EUR12
B	6.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	5.7	B
DK	7.2	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.8	5.0	4.4	6.4	2.9	4.5	5.3	DK
D	9.4	:	6.4	6.9	10.3	10.5	7.9	7.6	9.4	7.3	6.7	D
GR	3.2	1.8	1.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2.5	GR
E	:	:	:	:	2.8	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	1.2	E
F	15.0	10.9	11.4	13.0	8.3	11.7	7.5	12.5	8.6	9.2	8.1	F
IRL	11.6	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	16.3	17.1	11.4	16.1	17.5	19.1	15.9	15.3	15.3	12.2	16.5	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	16.9	:	16.1	:	9.0	8.8	10.1	10.0	8.3	6.6	7.5	NL
P	:	:	:	3.2	6.1	6.5	3.5	5.6	4.2	3.1	6.8	P
UK	2.7	5.6	6.1	5.9	4.7	6.5	7.3	7.3	7.0	5.9	7.3	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Absence from work due to training education. % of all employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	1.2#	1.4#	1.4#	1.7#	1.3#	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	6.8	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.6	2.5	1.0	1.9	2.2	DK
D	8.7	:	4.8	10.5	7.4	7.3	6.8	13.3	9.5	5.9	4.7	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	3.2	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.1	3.8	3.7	4.3	3.8	3.0	2.8	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	1.0	1.3	:	:	2.6	:	2.1	1.8	:	0.9	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2.3	:	1.7	:	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.2	0.9	8.0	8.5	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Absence from work due to partial unemployment. % of all employees

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	3.0#	2.7#	1.5#	1.2#	2.3#	:	:	EUR12
B	28.2	25.4	16.8	19.7	17.9	16.0	10.8	:	:	11.1	8.6	B
DK	:	1.9	2.3	2.9	2.1	3.2	2.0	2.2	1.5	4.6	4.3	DK
D	25.0	:	6.7	6.5	7.5	7.1	3.1	:	4.0	7.2	26.7	D
GR	12.0	9.1	5.0	8.0	4.7	6.5	6.5	5.5	7.3	11.0	15.6	GR
E	:	:	:	:	1.9	1.7	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.6	1.8	E
F	11.3	14.2	9.0	5.9	8.9	3.4	1.9	:	6.1	4.9	10.1	F
IRL	14.1	3.6	18.5	:	3.6	17.3	18.0	:	20.6	:	3.2	IRL
I	16.6	16.9	7.5	13.7	12.1	9.1	8.5	6.3	8.7	9.3	9.7	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	5.7	:	3.4	:	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	:	0.0	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.8	0.8	0.7	1.8	1.0	0.8	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Unlike the major socio-economic aggregates such as population, employment and gross domestic product with reasonably regular trends, the series on industrial disputes are characterised by sharp movements such as general strikes or long sectoral strikes. Industrial disputes do have a connection with negotiations (collective wage agreements or budgetary or social aspects), which

sometimes last a long while and which therefore make year-on-year comparisons inappropriate. Industrial or labour disputes in the agricultural sector are limited to the countries in southern Europe where considerable numbers are still employed, for example, in Spain and Italy. Nevertheless, Sweden had a major dispute in agriculture in 1989.

*Working days lost in all industries due to labour disputes,
per 1000 employees*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	238	180	152	104	120	:	EUR12
B	:	:	46	:	:	75	50	38	25	37	10	B
DK	36	61	1 041	40	58	40	23	42	30	27	49	DK
D	2	246	2	1	1	2	4	15	6	60	3	D
GR	324	275	618	712	1 317	505	702	1 720	432	183	104	GR
E	720	1 087	546	335	692	1 509	454	265	486	701	214	E
F	102	132	69	106	98	106	174	67	48	37	48	F
IRL	382	471	520	378	327	177	62	266	100	223	72	IRL
I	975	611	266	390	316	224	300	341	195	182	236	I
L	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	33	11	3	0	L
NL	27	7	20	8	11	2	4	37	17	15	8	NL
P	229	99	101	145	42	70	123	50	41	63	27	P
UK	178	1 278	299	90	164	166	182	83	34	24	30	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

*Working days lost in manufacturing industry due to labour disputes,
per 1000 employees*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	203	190	216	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	93	:	:	84	79	115	30	136	:	B
DK	126	236	3 223	154	155	154	80	129	110	99	:	DK
D	4	698	3	3	4	5	7	13	9	27	:	D
GR	618	687	550	162	368	491	311	279	243	168	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	626	899	342	536	432	:	E
F	204	207	121	88	80	163	139	52	71	56	:	F
IRL	507	791	638	249	598	324	130	1 012	81	:	:	IRL
I	2 010	963	521	405	487	332	340	806	335	354	:	I
L	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	L
NL	2	10	20	34	12	4	11	13	45	32	:	NL
P	78	43	39	31	9	12	25	18	13	:	:	P
UK	322	493	170	205	116	316	145	211	47	21	:	UK

FURTHER READING Statistics in focus: population and social conditions. Eurostat.

Holdings by size classes of utilised agricultural area. 1000s

	Less than 5 ha			5 to 20 ha			20 to 50 ha			EUR12
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
EUR12	:	:|	4 877.2	:	:|	1 828.0	:	:|	859.5	EUR12
B	48.8	38.5	32.1	43.6	36.0	29.4	19.0	18.9	18.6	B
DK	16.6	2.9	2.2	53.7	39.5	32.2	40.9	35.9	31.3	DK
D	301.8	247.5	218.6	339.4	285.6	225.6	178.5	170.2	153.1	D
GR	788.4	737.0	718.5	196.5	191.9	183.9	12.4	18.2	18.0	GR
E	:	:	971.4	:	:	410.4	:	:	124.9	E
F	352.6	263.1	248.8	406.8	315.4	235.5	348.0	317.4	259.7	F
IRL	34.0	35.3	19.2	103.1	98.5	72.4	66.6	66.8	59.4	IRL
I	2 218.6	2 182.2	2 099.1	489.1	486.2	439.5	86.8	92.7	87.7	I
L	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.8	1.8	1.4	1.1	L
NL	48.6	44.3	40.3	65.7	55.1	46.9	30.7	31.9	31.6	NL
P	692.4	:	492.4	62.2	:	83.5	8.7	:	13.6	P
UK	46.6	45.9	33.5	72.6	67.9	67.9	68.0	63.5	60.7	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings by size classes of utilised agricultural area. 1000s

	50 to 100 ha			100 ha or more			Total			EUR12
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
EUR12	:	:|	336.2	:	:|	165.5	:	:|	8 066	EUR12
B	3.2	3.6	4.1	0.6	0.7	0.8	115	98	85	B
DK	9.4	11.3	12.2	2.1	2.8	3.4	123	92	81	DK
D	26.0	32.2	44.4	4.3	5.1	11.9	850	741	654	D
GR	1.4	3.3	2.5	0.3	1.3	0.7	999	952	924	GR
E	:	:	48.8	:	:	38.2	:	:	1 594	E
F	114.3	122.9	131.2	33.6	37.9	48.3	1 255	1 057	924	F
IRL	16.0	15.9	15.7	3.7	3.7	3.9	224	220	171	IRL
I	23.3	26.6	24.7	14.7	13.4	13.7	2 832	2 801	2 665	I
L	0.7	0.9	1.0	:	0.1	0.1	5	4	4	L
NL	3.4	4.1	5.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	149	136	125	NL
P	2.7	:	3.9	3.5	:	5.4	769	:	599	P
UK	43.6	42.7	42.5	37.8	38.4	38.5	269	259	243	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings by size classes of utilised agricultural area as % of all holdings

	Less than 5 ha			5 to 20 ha			20 to 50 ha			EUR12
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
EUR12	:	:|	60.5	:	:|	22.7	:	:|	10.7	EUR12
B	42.4	39.4	37.7	37.9	36.8	34.6	16.5	19.3	21.9	B
DK	13.5	3.1	2.7	43.8	42.7	39.6	33.3	38.9	38.5	DK
D	35.5	33.4	33.4	39.9	38.6	34.5	21.0	23.0	23.4	D
GR	78.9	77.4	77.8	19.7	20.2	19.9	1.2	1.9	1.9	GR
E	:	:	61.0	:	:	25.8	:	:	7.8	E
F	28.1	24.9	26.9	32.4	29.8	25.5	27.7	30.0	28.1	F
IRL	15.2	16.0	11.2	46.1	44.7	42.4	29.8	30.3	34.8	IRL
I	78.3	77.9	78.8	17.3	17.4	16.5	3.1	3.3	3.3	I
L	26.9	25.0	26.1	23.1	20.5	19.5	34.6	31.8	26.8	L
NL	32.7	32.6	32.3	44.2	40.5	37.6	20.6	23.5	25.3	NL
P	90.0	:	82.2	8.1	:	13.9	1.1	:	2.3	P
UK	17.3	17.8	13.8	27.0	26.3	27.9	25.3	24.6	25.0	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings by size classes of utilised agricultural area as % of all holdings

EUR12	50 to 100 ha			100 ha or more			EUR12
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
	:	: |	4.2	:	: |	2.1	
B	2.8	3.7	4.8	0.5	0.7	0.9	B
DK	7.7	12.2	15.0	1.7	3.0	4.2	DK
D	3.1	4.3 |	6.8	0.5	0.7 |	1.8	D
GR	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	GR
E	:	:	3.1	:	:	2.4	E
F	9.1	11.6	14.2	2.7	3.6	5.2	F
IRL	7.2	7.2	9.2	1.7	1.7	2.3	IRL
I	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.5	I
L	13.5	20.5	25.1	:	2.3	2.5	L
NL	2.3	3.0	4.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	NL
P	0.4	:	0.6	0.5	:	0.9	P
UK	16.2	16.5	17.5	14.1	14.9	15.8	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Utilised agricultural area by size of holdings as % of all utilised agricultural area

EUR12	Less than 5 ha			5 to 20 ha			20 to 50 ha			EUR12
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
	:	: |	6.9	:	: |	15.5	:	: |	22.7	
B	5.5	4.8	4.4	34.9	30.0	24.9	39.6	41.3	42.3	B
DK	1.4	0.2	0.2	21.3	16.3	13.7	43.2	40.0	36.2	DK
D	5.6	4.7 |	2.8	31.3	27.1 |	14.9	43.7	43.7 |	28.2	D
GR	41.2	32.4	35.0	45.4	39.7	43.6	9.6	12.3	14.1	GR
E	:	:	7.6	:	:	16.2	:	:	15.7	E
F	2.3	1.8	1.7	16.3	13.1	9.6	37.4	35.6	30.2	F
IRL	1.9	2.0	1.3	24.6	23.7	19.9	40.4	40.8	41.4	IRL
I	21.9	21.5	21.0	28.4	28.7	27.4	16.4	17.8	17.6	I
L	2.1	1.7	1.6	10.7	8.4	6.9	47.6	37.0	29.9	L
NL	4.5	4.1	4.0	37.1	31.3	25.9	43.9	47.0	47.9	NL
P	23.6	:	18.9	16.5	:	19.0	7.9	:	10.2	P
UK	0.7	0.5	0.5	4.8	4.6	4.6	13.1	12.4	12.1	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Utilised agricultural area by size of holdings as % of all utilised agricultural area

EUR12	50 to 100 ha			100 ha or more			EUR12
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
	:	: |	19.2	:	: |	35.7	
B	14.7	17.4	20.2	5.3	6.5	8.1	B
DK	21.0	26.5	29.4	13.1	16.9	20.5	DK
D	13.7	17.6 |	17.3	5.6	6.8 |	36.8	D
GR	2.5	5.0	4.3	1.3	10.6	3.1	GR
E	:	:	13.7	:	:	46.8	E
F	26.3	29.1	31.8	17.7	20.4	26.7	F
IRL	21.0	21.3	23.6	12.1	12.2	13.8	IRL
I	10.0	11.5	11.3	23.3	20.5	22.7	I
L	35.7	46.6	52.0	4.0	6.2	9.5	L
NL	10.6	13.0	17.0	3.9	4.7	5.2	NL
P	5.7	:	6.7	46.3	:	45.2	P
UK	18.0	17.9	18.2	63.5	64.6	64.5	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings with mixed livestock

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	471.9	312.5	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	11.6	8.9	7.6	6.6	5.5	112	98	100	88	92	B
DK	12.3	6.4	5.7	4.6	3.2	156	94	100	94	77	DK
D	99.2	78.4	77.0	55.5	33.1	103	88	100	72	46	D
GR	21.1	22.2	21.1	20.4	25.1	92	79	100	92	99	GR
E	:	:	:	125.9	59.0	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	63.5	49.3	76.5	67.1	57.7	101	88	100	87	79	F
IRL	2.3	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.4	102	92	100	72	45	IRL
I	72.3	72.3	73.9	70.5	55.9	95	95	100	105	76	I
L	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	306	227	100	76	69	L
NL	9.3	6.8	7.5	7.5	6.1	99	83	100	104	102	NL
P	:	:	:	107.5	63.7	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5.7	4.3	4.6	5.3	2.7	133	125	100	116	98	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings with mixed cropping

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	1 020.3	837.7	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	4.9	3.8	4.3	3.8	2.7	85	73	100	92	83	B
DK	6.5	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.8	120	85	100	85	87	DK
D	46.8	37.0	36.5	32.3	25.0	104	89	100	88	88	D
GR	169.9	132.6	115.6	112.9	126.9	143	88	100	100	101	GR
E	:	:	:	208.7	143.2	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	65.3	54.6	84.1	73.1	59.1	81	74	100	87	92	F
IRL	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.2	42	38	100	39	17	IRL
I	432.1	432.1	367.1	366.1	317.2	95	95	100	96	87	I
L	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	:	:	100	90	93	L
NL	4.4	4.0	3.4	3.2	2.8	176	154	100	98	106	NL
P	:	:	:	211.9	153.6	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5.9	5.2	5.4	4.8	4.2	70	76	100	104	58	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings with combined livestock cropping

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	813.8	661.2	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	17.7	15.1	16.0	15.0	11.9	92	87	100	92	86	B
DK	28.2	21.1	19.2	17.3	15.2	97	88	100	103	100	DK
D	181.3	154.2	142.5	148.0	109.0	102	95	100	98	85	D
GR	53.0	52.0	57.9	57.4	61.2	90	71	100	92	96	GR
E	:	:	:	134.5	93.8	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	154.1	125.8	121.9	115.9	102.7	122	110	100	110	105	F
IRL	14.4	12.2	11.0	7.6	4.3	106	93	100	77	65	IRL
I	171.3	171.3	164.2	157.3	147.6	93	93	100	99	84	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.4	:	:	100	99	88	L
NL	6.7	5.9	6.6	6.3	5.8	108	94	100	95	104	NL
P	:	:	:	136.3	93.9	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	23.8	20.9	19.6	17.7	15.6	98	92	100	90	69	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Standard gross margin (SGM) was introduced to enable measurement of different agricultural products on a common basis. It is the difference between farm-gate values of final production and certain costs linked to production and measured for each type of crop or

animal production. SGM is calculated per ha or per animal for each survey district in the EU countries. SGMs for areas and/or number of animals add to the total standard gross margin in ECU for each holding.

Holdings with mixed farming

1000s						Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100					
	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	2 306.0	1 811.4	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	34.2	27.8	28.0	25.4	20.1	96	88	100	91	87	B
DK	47.0	31.6	28.4	24.7	21.1	111	89	100	99	94	DK
D	327.3	269.6	256.0	235.8	167.1	103	92	100	88	72	D
GR	244.0	206.8	194.6	190.6	213.3	120	82	100	96	99	GR
E	:	:	:	469.1	295.9	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	282.9	229.7	282.5	256.1	219.5	106	95	100	98	95	F
IRL	17.4	14.5	13.0	8.9	4.9	96	85	100	70	55	IRL
I	675.7	675.7	605.2	593.9	520.7	94	94	100	98	84	I
L	1.8	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.6	220	163	100	89	81	L
NL	20.4	16.7	17.5	17.0	14.7	118	101	100	100	104	NL
P	:	:	:	455.7	311.1	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	35.4	30.4	29.6	27.7	22.4	94	91	100	95	69	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings with specialised farming

1000s						Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100					
	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	6 295.7	6 193.2	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	80.4	74.1	69.6	67.1	64.7	88	92	100	97	111	B
DK	75.8	67.2	64.0	63.2	60.1	84	90	100	110	113	DK
D	522.6	498.0	484.5	476.5	464.8	84	89	100	94	105	D
GR	745.8	746.2	753.8	757.7	710.2	79	74	100	86	85	GR
E	:	:	:	1 303.4	1 285.1	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	970.6	895.6	774.2	725.8	703.8	86	90	100	89	92	F
IRL	192.2	187.7	206.1	207.0	165.6	83	84	100	103	109	IRL
I	2 139.8	2 139.8	2 173.3	2 180.1	2 118.4	74	74	100	92	93	I
L	3.4	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.3	96	99	100	104	116	L
NL	128.4	121.9	118.5	115.2	110.1	96	101	100	100	109	NL
P	:	:	:	175.7	287.4	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	211.3	198.0	219.2	221.7	219.6	81	84	100	102	87	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings specializing in field crops

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	1 823.7	1 698.3	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	9.0	9.2	10.2	10.5	9.3	73	79	100	102	80	B
DK	43.0	39.2	38.7	38.9	37.7	81	87	100	102	106	DK
D	137.6	128.6	120.0	133.9	137.6	86	90	100	110	126	D
GR	295.1	285.1	290.2	278.9	240.0	69	68	100	78	67	GR
E	:	:	:	328.1	284.6	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	176.3	177.1	171.0	175.7	169.7	78	85	100	98	101	F
IRL	11.7	9.6	9.7	9.2	5.0	95	88	100	94	97	IRL
I	706.5	706.5	735.1	733.2	685.4	79	79	100	104	91	I
L	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	123	100	100	138	135	L
NL	15.2	15.9	17.6	17.3	16.3	80	84	100	95	96	NL
P	:	:	:	52.2	69.2	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	43.3	41.3	45.3	46.5	43.2	72	76	100	101	78	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings specializing in horticulture

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	228.2	230.2	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	10.4	9.0	8.4	8.0	7.1	91	92	100	104	121	B
DK	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.7	91	82	100	133	153	DK
D	16.8	14.3	14.6	14.2	13.1	93	85	100	98	135	D
GR	26.4	17.5	18.9	16.2	17.0	108	63	100	72	101	GR
E	:	:	:	87.9	74.4	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	33.1	30.3	24.7	22.2	30.2	107	123	100	66	106	F
IRL	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.6	93	26	100	41	185	IRL
I	36.0	36.0	45.1	39.8	45.2	40	40	100	69	51	I
L	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	133	83	100	106	68	L
NL	21.1	20.2	18.9	18.9	18.0	91	98	100	116	135	NL
P	:	:	:	11.0	14.7	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	8.2	7.6	7.2	8.1	8.3	48	45	100	196	119	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings specializing in permanent crops

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	2 341.5	2 419.5	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	4.3	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.9	83	84	100	100	124	B
DK	1.5	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	91	79	100	99	111	DK
D	58.1	53.5	52.9	51.5	51.8	88	89	100	93	125	D
GR	367.1	386.0	387.8	401.8	398.6	93	84	100	104	116	GR
E	:	:	:	565.0	572.1	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	203.2	179.5	150.1	142.2	138.0	76	75	100	92	96	F
IRL	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	76	55	100	132	111	IRL
I	1 124.2	1 124.2	1 073.9	1 096.5	1 105.9	89	89	100	95	121	I
L	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	146	144	100	91	98	L
NL	6.6	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.8	166	97	100	104	130	NL
P	:	:	:	70.2	139.4	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	1.1	3.2	3.8	3.9	3.2	14	64	100	128	110	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

There are eight main categories in the Community system of typology classification of farms. Specialised farms (categories 1 to 5) are those generating more than two thirds of their total standard gross margin from the main categories of field crops, horticulture, permanent

crops, grazing livestock or granivores (pigs and poultry). Non-specialised farms are farms generating less than two thirds of their total standard gross margin from one of the main categories.

Holdings specializing in grazing livestock

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	1 775.9	1 745.1	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	50.2	46.7	42.4	40.4	40.5	97	101	100	94	121	B
DK	24.4	21.3	18.8	16.9	16.3	95	101	100	99	107	DK
D	294.3	283.9	278.2	263.0	253.9	83	90	100	90	93	D
GR	49.4	50.5	51.4	56.4	51.8	68	74	100	85	79	GR
E	:	:	:	293.7	332.1	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	542.5	494.2	414.8	373.1	352.0	94	97	100	83	78	F
IRL	178.5	176.5	194.4	196.3	158.9	82	84	100	105	111	IRL
I	261.2	261.2	302.1	291.5	269.6	74	74	100	92	88	I
L	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.3	87	93	100	105	119	L
NL	73.4	67.8	63.4	59.7	58.3	104	111	100	92	97	NL
P	:	:	:	29.5	51.4	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	148.5	137.3	154.2	153.2	158.1	92	94	100	92	90	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Holdings specializing in pigs or poultry

1000s

Standard gross margin. 1985 = 100

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	126.4	100.2	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	6.5	5.7	5.4	5.2	4.9	69	77	100	93	104	B
DK	4.3	3.5	3.7	4.8	3.6	59	75	100	161	134	DK
D	15.8	17.7	18.8	13.8	8.5	68	76	100	62	51	D
GR	7.8	7.1	5.5	4.5	2.8	109	82	100	70	101	GR
E	:	:	:	28.7	21.8	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	15.5	14.5	13.6	12.8	13.9	72	80	100	89	102	F
IRL	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.8	83	87	100	62	83	IRL
I	11.9	11.9	17.1	19.1	12.3	66	66	100	76	92	I
L	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	175	125	100	104	90	L
NL	12.1	12.0	12.8	13.5	11.8	69	84	100	111	113	NL
P	:	:	:	12.8	12.8	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	10.2	8.6	8.7	9.9	6.8	145	149	100	159	144	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Farm labour force

1000 people

People per 100 ha of utilized agricultural area

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	17 709	16 878	:	:	:	15.3	14.1	EUR12
B	186	165	158	147	141	13.1	11.8	11.4	10.7	10.5	B
DK	234	186	158	148	123	8.0	6.5	5.6	5.3	4.4	DK
D	1 983	1 784	1 740	1 624	1 776	16.2	15.0	14.7	13.7	10.4	D
GR	1 841	2 079	2 070	2 082	2 022	51.9	54.5	50.3	54.2	55.1	GR
E	:	3 180	:	3 436	2 839	:	13.5	:	13.9	11.6	E
F	2 659	2 406	2 246	2 034	1 859	9.1	8.4	7.9	7.2	6.6	F
IRL	469	419	428	400	313	9.3	8.3	8.6	8.1	7.0	IRL
I	5 301	5 301	5 134	5 155	5 287	34.0	34.0	32.9	33.2	35.4	I
L	12	11	10	10	9	9.4	8.2	8.2	7.7	7.4	L
NL	302	305	295	293	289	14.8	15.2	14.6	14.5	14.4	NL
P	1 950	:	:	1 666	1 561	58.8	:	:	50.0	39.0	P
UK	724	703	713	715	659	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.0	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Farm labour input. 1000 annual work units

Farm labour input. 1985 = 100

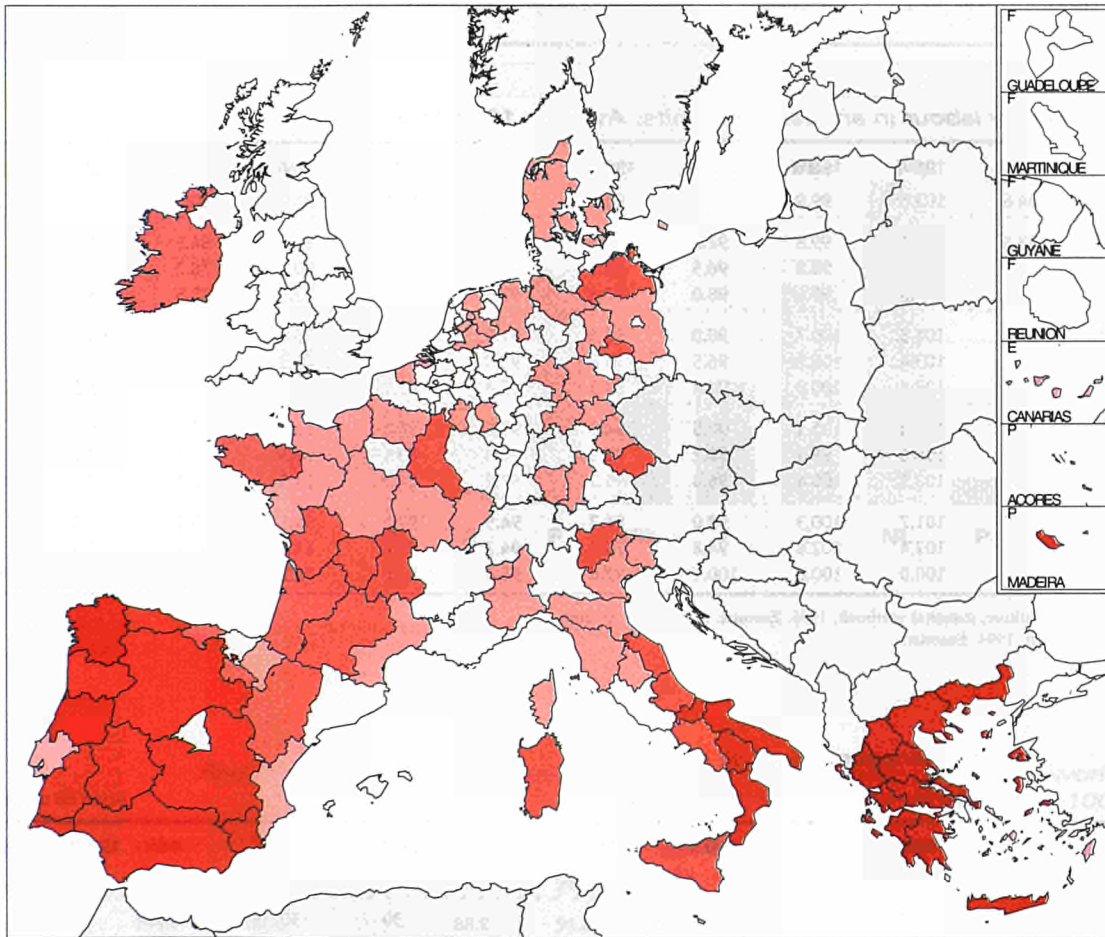
	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	9 135.8	8 052.9	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	123.9	111.8	106.9	101.3	93.5	116	105	100	95	87	B
DK	171.6	140.3	122.4	111.8	55.7	140	115	100	91	46	DK
D	1 050.9	945.9	917.9	850.7	1 029.7	114	103	100	93	112	D
GR	828.1	917.5	931.2	848.9	748.7	89	99	100	91	80	GR
E	:	1 432.5	:	1 626.7	1 143.4	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	1 847.5	1 658.2	1 568.8	1 459.3	1 256.5	118	106	100	93	80	F
IRL	310.3	276.1	275.8	254.5	249.7	113	100	100	92	91	IRL
I	2 157.6	2 157.6	2 125.7	2 134.3	1 925.6	102	102	100	100	91	I
L	9.1	7.8	7.2	6.7	6.3	125	107	100	93	87	L
NL	242.2	243.4	234.4	233.9	225.0	103	104	100	100	96	NL
P	1 155.6	:	:	983.3	846.9	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	582.8	562.1	543.0	524.4	473.7	107	104	100	97	87	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Farm labour is measured in two ways. According to the survey on the structure of agriculture, the labour force includes total employment of agricultural holdings. According to the European system of integrated economic accounts (ESA) farm labour input is employment in agricultural activities. An annual work unit

(AWU) is the time worked by one person employed full-time over a whole year. The figures on this double page are labour force figures and come from the survey of agricultural holdings. These surveys are carried out every two years, the latest around 1990.

Employment in agriculture



-5

15-25

5-10

25-

10-15

:

Family labour in annual work units. 1000s

Family labour as % of total farm labour input

	1980	1983	1985	1987	1990		1980	1983	1985	1987	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	7 449.1	6 394.9		:	:	:	81.5	79.4	EUR12
B	116.5	104.9	100.1	94.1	86.7		94.0	93.8	93.6	92.9	92.7	B
DK	145.2	115.4	93.0	86.2	34.9		84.6	82.3	76.0	77.1	62.6	DK
D	951.8	851.2	818.0	763.8	650.6		90.6	90.0	89.1	89.8	63.2	D
GR	821.0	813.1	803.6	727.3	711.1		99.1	88.6	86.3	85.7	95.0	GR
E	:	1 095.4	:	1 281.1	852.7		:	76.5	:	78.8	74.6	E
F	1 489.9	1 309.5	1 223.1	1 110.0	1 037.5		80.6	79.0	78.0	76.1	82.6	F
IRL	266.7	233.2	240.2	233.5	234.8		85.9	84.5	87.1	91.8	94.0	IRL
I	1 788.8	1 788.8	1 823.1	1 841.3	1 598.3		82.9	82.9	85.8	86.3	83.0	I
L	9.0	7.4	:	:	5.7		99.4	95.5	:	:	89.8	L
NL	203.9	200.6	191.2	186.6	173.6		84.2	82.4	81.6	79.8	77.1	NL
P	:	:	:	821.0	720.9		:	:	:	83.5	85.1	P
UK	326.7	303.2	313.0	311.0	289.0		56.1	53.9	57.6	59.3	61.0	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Family labour in annual work units. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	104.6	102.8	99.9	97.2	94.6	91.6	87.0	83.7	80.8	77.5	73.8	EUR12
B	103.5	102.5	99.8	97.7	94.3	91.3	88.9	86.5	84.5	80.5	78.0	B
DK	109.2	104.7	98.8	96.5	90.1	86.8	84.0	80.9	78.2	76.5	71.7	DK
D	103.5	102.5	99.4	98.0	92.8	90.6	84.6	82.5	78.5	75.3	70.6	D
GR	102.0	101.3	100.7	98.0	91.4	91.8	88.6	86.8	78.7	83.1	81.4	GR
E	109.0	103.4	100.2	96.5	93.8	91.8	87.6	82.5	74.1	70.4	64.4	E
F	106.8	103.6	100.0	96.4	92.9	89.4	85.2	81.2	77.1	73.3	68.5	F
IRL	101.7	101.4	101.1	97.5	94.0	93.6	99.1	98.7	98.3	95.8	93.8	IRL
I	104.5	103.6	98.2	98.2	96.1	90.8	83.5	81.5	83.1	77.1	72.4	I
L	108.9	103.1	100.4	96.4	91.2	87.0	84.9	79.9	77.1	73.5	70.6	L
NL	102.3	101.7	100.3	98.0	96.3	94.5	93.1	91.5	90.1	90.3	88.6	NL
P	101.9	102.4	102.8	94.8	99.0	94.7	90.0	83.0	83.4	77.3	77.2	P
UK	100.1	100.0	100.0	100.1	97.6	96.4	94.6	92.2	90.1	89.8	89.5	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Agriculture, income report, 1994. Eurostat.

Age of managers. % of all managers

Aged under 35 Aged 35 to 55 Aged 55 to 65 Aged 65 or over

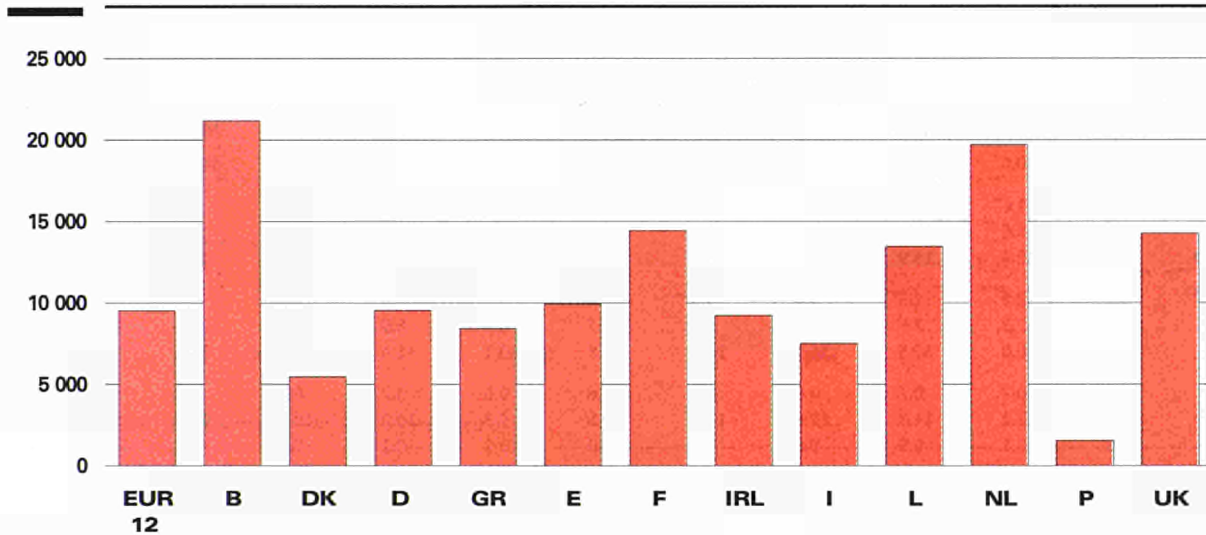
	Aged under 35		Aged 35 to 55		Aged 55 to 65		Aged 65 or over		
	1983	1990	1983	1990	1983	1990	1983	1990	
EUR12	:	8	:	38	:	29	:	24	EUR12
B	12	12	47	38	30	30	11	20	B
DK	12	11	47	43	27	26	15	20	DK
D	15	16	56	50	23	28	6	7	D
GR	6	6	41	36	25	30	28	29	GR
E	6	7	42	38	28	32	24	23	E
F	10	13	43	43	32	30	15	14	F
IRL	7	13	44	42	27	22	22	22	IRL
I	7	5	39	34	27	29	27	32	I
L	12	12	46	46	24	28	18	14	L
NL	11	9	51	48	27	28	11	14	NL
P	:	7	:	35	:	29	:	29	P
UK	8	8	46	44	27	27	18	22	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Farm structure, 1989/1990 survey: main results. Eurostat.

Family labour measured according to the survey on the structure of agricultural holdings includes work by the farmer and his family in areas other than agriculture. Real net income of family labour input includes only income from agricultural activity and not from sources other than agriculture. A project on measuring total income of agricultural households was launched in 1986 and the first set of results was published in 1992. Since then, results have been updated and improved, but, as methodology has also changed, the figures are not yet fit for

comparison. Farm-holders are encouraged to retire early by a newly established early-retirement programme submitted under measures accompanying the common agricultural policy (CAP) reform. This grants financial support to farmers taking early retirement when they transfer their land to one or more persons whose main occupation is farming and whose holdings are thereby significantly enlarged, or if their land is taken over by a person who significantly increases the size of the holding.

Real net income from agricultural activity of family labour per annual work unit. ECU



FURTHER READING

Real net income from agricultural activity of family labour per annual work unit. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98.6	104.4	96.5	99.1	94.6	96.8	112.8	109.3	109.2	104.4	:	EUR12
B	111.8	105.6	98.3	96.1	88.8	95.6	128.0	111.1	105.6	97.7	95.2	B
DK	41.2	106.4	91.5	102.1	40.9	42.0	86.2	95.4	61.9	36.2	40.1	DK
D	82.8	104.2	86.3	109.6	77.7	112.6	150.1	122.6	105.7	122.4	:	D
GR	90.0	97.7	101.6	100.7	102.6	105.1	121.9	102.2	138.3	109.0	106.5	GR
E	87.5	103.2	102.5	94.4	102.8	124.9	111.5	121.7	121.2	100.2	143.5	E
F	102.3	99.7	99.9	100.4	101.7	97.1	122.0	130.1	118.1	117.3	113.0	F
IRL	96.3	114.2	97.2	88.6	115.4	138.1	127.8	124.3	111.5	138.0	144.0	IRL
I	122.9	104.3	100.2	95.5	98.1	84.9	91.5	79.9	98.3	88.5	86.9	I
L	94.5	97.3	100.1	102.7	105.5	108.1	126.3	115.0	94.5	93.3	86.1	L
NL	90.8	101.0	93.9	105.0	81.0	84.9	105.8	97.1	95.0	79.2	62.1	NL
P	92.9	95.7	97.8	106.6	101.9	79.4	99.4	101.7	84.8	66.1	47.1	P
UK	99.8	133.8	77.2	89.0	94.3	75.9	88.7	88.6	84.5	100.6	137.5	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Agriculture, income report, 1994. Eurostat.

Production of wheat, t. EUR12 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	B
DK	2.4	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.2	2.8	4.1	4.9	4.0	4.2	5.4	DK
D	14.1	12.4	13.9	14.4	13.9	15.9	13.9	13.7	18.3	18.3	19.4	D
GR	3.2	2.8	2.5	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.5	2.4	3.5	2.8	2.6	GR
E	6.7	7.3	7.5	6.1	8.1	8.7	6.9	5.9	6.0	5.1	6.2	E
F	38.7	40.0	40.5	36.7	38.0	38.8	40.1	41.4	37.9	38.4	36.1	F
IRL	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	IRL
I	13.6	12.2	11.8	12.6	13.1	10.6	9.3	10.0	10.4	10.5	10.1	I
L	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	L
NL	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.3	NL
P	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	P
UK	16.9	18.1	16.9	19.3	16.7	15.7	17.7	17.4	15.8	16.6	15.9	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of barley, t. EUR12 = 100

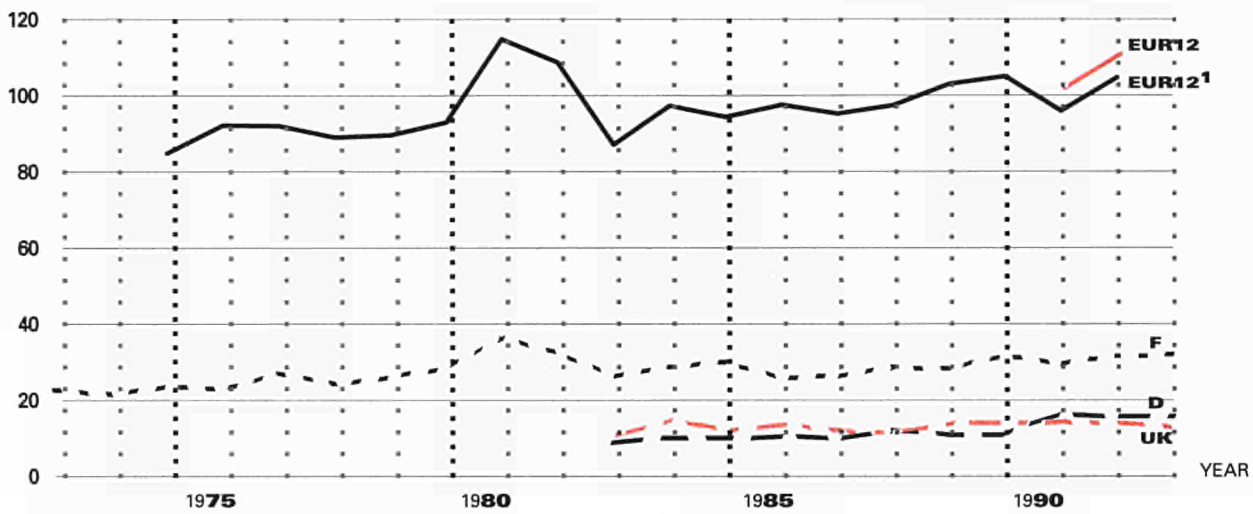
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	B
DK	10.3	11.0	10.2	11.0	9.1	10.7	10.6	10.9	9.8	6.9	8.0	DK
D	20.8	18.7	18.9	20.0	18.2	19.0	20.8	20.1	28.2	28.2	25.7	D
GR	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	GR
E	15.5	19.6	20.8	15.9	20.9	23.9	20.2	20.6	18.0	14.1	22.2	E
F	20.4	20.9	22.3	21.6	22.1	19.6	21.1	22.0	20.7	24.2	21.0	F
IRL	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.2	2.7	2.3	IRL
I	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.1	3.5	3.7	3.5	4.0	3.8	I
L	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	L
NL	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	NL
P	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	P
UK	23.2	20.1	19.0	21.4	19.6	17.4	17.3	17.3	14.8	17.0	14.1	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Cereal production was estimated at 165 million tonnes at the end of 1993 (even lower in 1994). This is well below production in 1991 and 1992. This was the first result of the new set-aside programme introduced by the reform of the common agricultural policy (CAP), which substantially increased the amount of land withdrawn from production. Almost 3 million

hectares less were cultivated for cereal crops in 1993 than in 1992. Without this reform, it is more than likely that production would have exceeded the 1991 figure of more than 180 million tonnes. Stocks of grain, which exceeded 30 million tonnes in 1992, were reduced to around 25 million tonnes by the end of 1993.

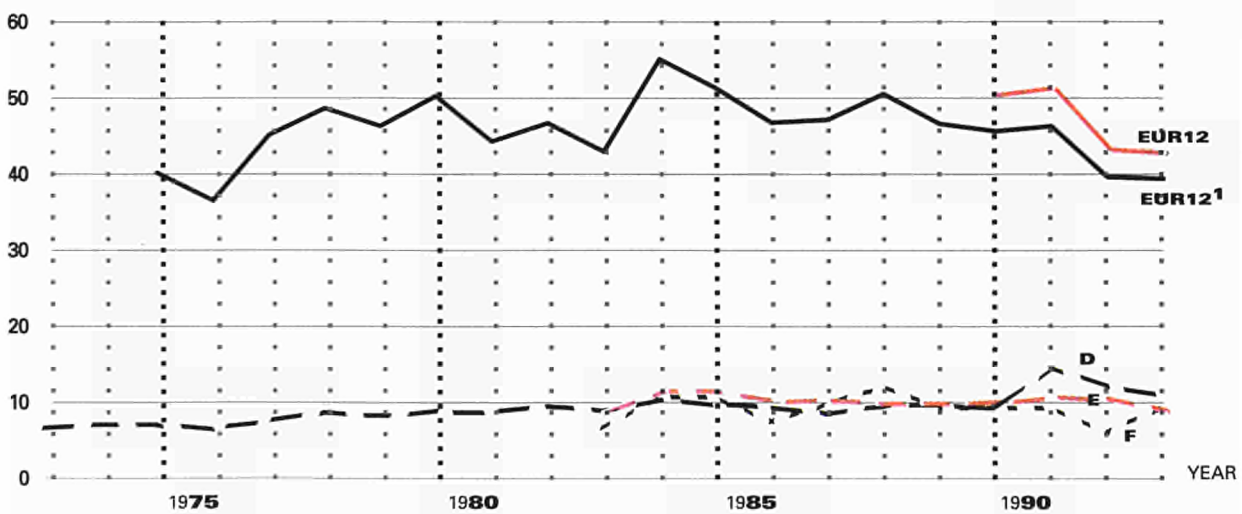
Production of wheat, million t



EUR12(1): Germany, without the new Länder.

FURTHER READING

Production of barley, million t



EUR12(1): Germany, without the new Länder.

FURTHER READING

Production of potatoes, t. EUR12 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	93.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	3.4	3.9	4.2	3.9	4.3	4.6	4.1	5.0	4.7	5.4	4.6	B
DK	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.3	3.2	3.2	3.8	3.4	3.7	3.8	DK
D	16.3	17.5	18.4	17.2	16.6	18.9	19.2	18.4	23.9	22.6	26.8	D
GR	3.3	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.2	GR
E	14.9	14.4	13.8	11.9	13.5	11.5	13.9	13.6	12.1	10.8	8.7	E
F	15.3	14.7	16.1	14.6	16.1	14.7	12.2	12.2	12.8	13.9	12.8	F
IRL	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	0.9	IRL
I	7.2	5.9	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.3	5.9	5.2	5.0	4.6	I
L	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	L
NL	15.6	16.0	16.6	16.0	18.1	17.1	17.7	17.9	16.3	15.9	16.8	NL
P	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.4	2.7	2.6	3.2	3.1	3.0	P
UK	16.8	17.7	16.0	14.9	16.2	17.5	16.1	16.5	14.7	16.2	15.6	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of sugar beet, t. EUR12 = 100

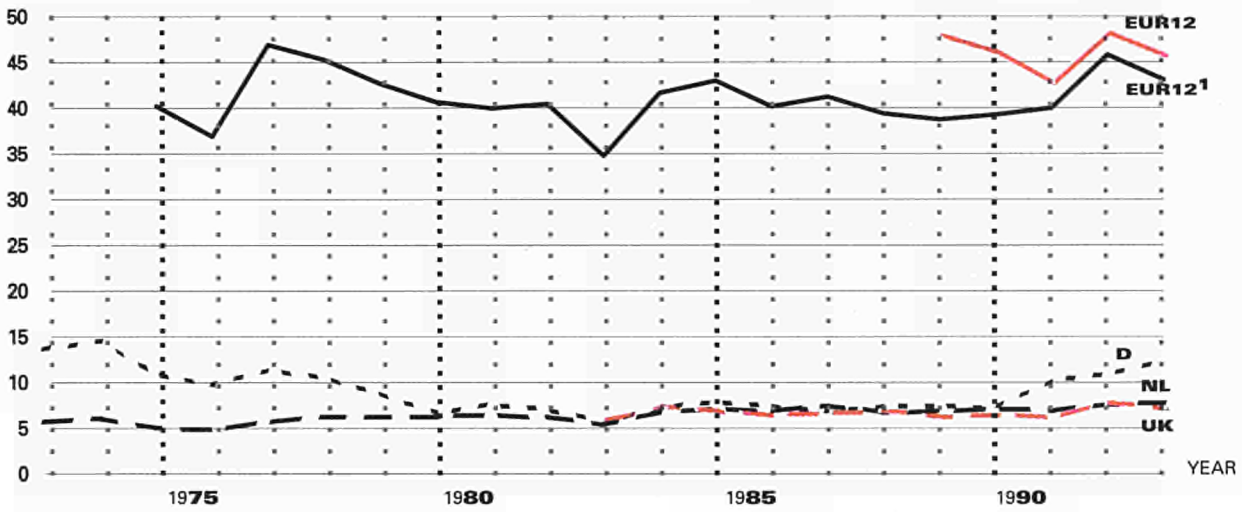
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.0	5.7	6.3	5.9	6.1	5.6	5.0	5.0	B
DK	3.0	3.7	3.7	3.3	2.8	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.2	2.7	2.7	DK
D	18.7	20.6	22.1	20.8	20.0	19.1	20.2	22.2	25.4	24.5	24.5	D
GR	2.8	1.8	2.7	2.6	2.1	2.1	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	GR
E	11.0	8.3	7.0	7.9	8.3	9.2	7.1	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	E
F	30.2	29.6	31.8	26.5	27.6	29.3	27.5	30.2	28.9	28.6	28.6	F
IRL	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	IRL
I	11.6	11.8	10.1	15.3	16.1	13.9	16.4	11.2	11.7	13.2	13.2	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	6.3	7.1	6.7	7.9	7.3	6.9	7.5	8.2	7.0	7.4	7.4	NL
P	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	P
UK	8.6	9.3	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.4	7.9	7.6	7.5	8.4	8.4	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Potatoes are one of the few major commodities for which, so far, no market organisation has been established. With a total cultivated area of more than 1.5 million hectares, potatoes constitute a substantial crop in the EU. They are grown in all Member States, although, because of climate and soil conditions, they are

more widely grown in the northern regions. The EU is self-sufficient in potatoes with the exception of early varieties. These are imported in winter and early spring from Mediterranean countries when no or only limited EU production is available. Main suppliers are Egypt, Morocco and Cyprus.

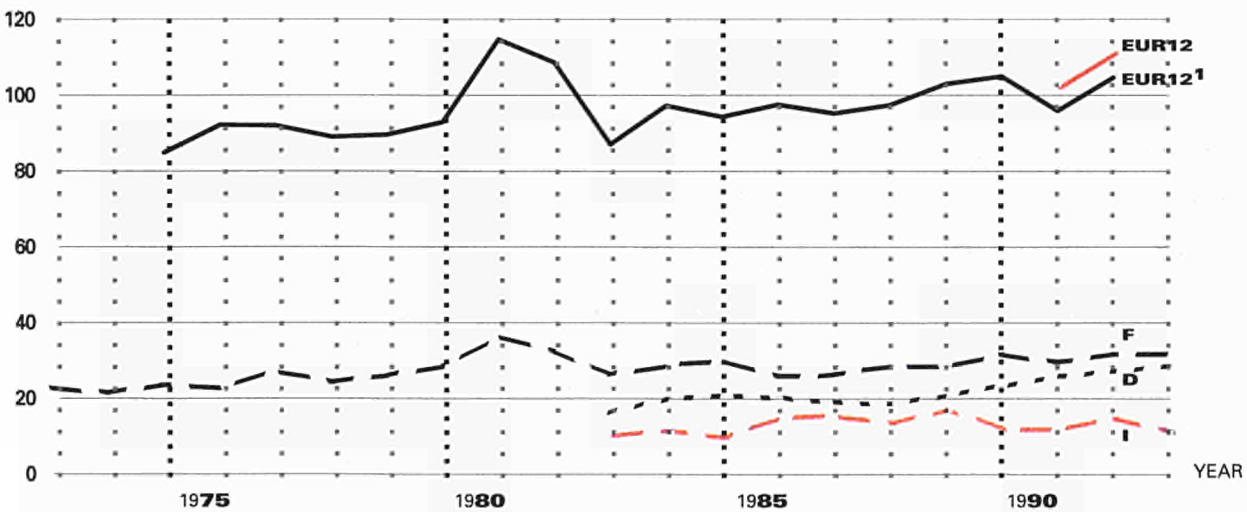
Production of potatoes, million t



EUR12(1): Germany, without the new Länder.

FURTHER READING

Production of sugar beet, million t



EUR12(1): Germany, without the new Länder.

FURTHER READING

Production of tomatoes, 1000 t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	12 298	13 994	13 985	11 894	11 266	11 251	13 441	13 468	13 219	12 708	12 630	EUR12
B	125	145	160	174	175	205	225	268	314	330	347	B
DK	16	17	17	16	15	16	17	19	17	16	15	DK
D	26	21	23	26	18	19	21	18	32	30	24	D
GR	1 869	2 388	2 264	1 656	1 688	1 717	2 052	1 891	1 887	1 979	1 888	GR
E	2 349	2 511	2 429	2 399	2 447	2 581	2 964	3 160	2 665	2 647	2 699	E
F	762	833	940	708	709	717	802	838	831	780	792	F
IRL	20	17	14	12	14	14	11	11	9	12	12	IRL
I	5 790	6 564	6 563	5 369	4 860	4 568	5 730	5 469	5 797	5 483	5 223	I
L	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	L
NL	475	488	525	547	547	567	620	650	636	652	606	NL
P	745	881	928	850	670	715	865	1 005	894	640	890	P
UK	121	129	122	137	123	132	134	139	137	139	134	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of tomatoes. EUR12 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.7	B
DK	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	DK
D	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	D
GR	15.2	17.1	16.2	13.9	15.0	15.3	15.3	14.0	14.3	15.6	14.9	GR
E	19.1	17.9	17.4	20.2	21.7	22.9	22.1	23.5	20.2	20.8	21.4	E
F	6.2	6.0	6.7	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.3	F
IRL	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	IRL
I	47.1	46.9	46.9	45.1	43.1	40.6	42.6	40.6	43.9	43.1	41.4	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	3.9	3.5	3.8	4.6	4.9	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.8	NL
P	6.1	6.3	6.6	7.1	5.9	6.4	6.4	7.5	6.8	5.0	7.0	P
UK	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of apples, 1000 t

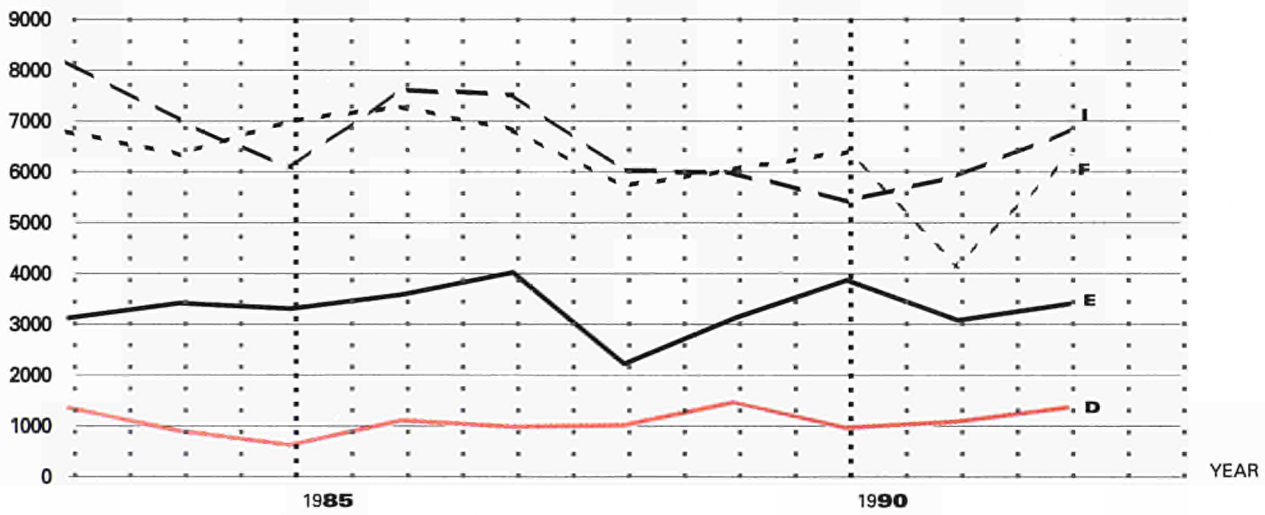
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	7 434	8 504	7 586	8 392	7 703	8 973	8 051	8 025	5 529	10 963	8 532	EUR12
B	200	225	216	262	234	266	315	229	137	482	492	B
DK	47	54	45	57	26	45	52	30	32	43	40	DK
D	1 300	1 765	1 383	2 115	1 057	2 365	1 691	1 799	781	2 933	1 474	D
GR	308	261	267	275	301	300	311	348	186	385	353	GR
E	1 013	969	1 004	794	971	845	747	635	459	1 070	821	E
F	1 575	2 005	1 793	1 867	1 988	1 933	1 863	1 895	1 290	2 398	2 027	F
IRL	8	10	9	8	9	9	10	9	9	8	8	IRL
I	2 032	2 210	2 014	2 020	2 236	2 332	1 924	2 050	1 830	2 394	2 144	I
L	3	5	6	7	3	5	7	6	2	10	5	L
NL	403	431	300	445	340	363	417	431	223	570	570	NL
P	233	222	248	239	250	242	266	283	263	281	243	P
UK	312	347	301	303	288	268	448	310	317	389	355	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

The EU is the world's leading wine producer, accounting for 60% of production. This is ahead of the former Soviet Union, Argentina, the USA and countries of Eastern Europe - Bulgaria, Hungary, Romania, former Czechoslovakia and

former Yugoslavia. The EU accounts for about 80% of world production of olive oil. Other main producers are Turkey, Tunisia, Syria and Morocco.

Production of wine, 10 000 hl



FURTHER READING

Production of wine, 10 000 hl

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	20 796	19 050	18 481	20 833	20 900	15 820	17 869	18 143	15 633	19 098		EUR12
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		DK
D	1 339	888	610	1 092	971	998	1 449	951	1 070	1 348		D
GR	525	503	478	433	447	435	453	353	402	405		GR
E	3 124	3 418	3 310	3 587	4 022	2 225	3 128	3 866	3 080	3 403		E
F	6 789	6 342	7 006	7 276	6 829	5 717	6 051	6 394	4 144	6 326		F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		IRL
I	8 150	7 017	6 076	7 626	7 512	6 036	5 973	5 427	5 924	6 809		I
L	19	15	11	16	14	14	23	15	9	27		L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		NL
P	848	865	989	802	1 105	394	790	1 135	1 002	777		P
UK	2	2	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	3		UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of cow milk, 1000 t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	116 901	111 661	109 265	108 665	109 177	113 707	110 974	:	EUR12
B	3 872	3 819	3 796	3 918	3 777	3 637	3 632	3 610	3 543	3 514	:	B
DK	5 427	5 234	5 099	5 111	4 860	4 740	4 747	4 742	4 640	4 605	:	DK
D	26 913	26 151	25 674	26 350	24 436	23 978	24 240	23 672	29 063	27 991	:	D
GR	679	687	663	648	649	679	714	716	711	731	:	GR
E	:	:	:	6 108	5 941	5 738	5 746	5 752	6 619	6 143	:	E
F	27 650	27 700	27 790	28 074	27 146	26 606	25 984	26 254	25 663	25 315	:	F
IRL	5 491	5 730	5 822	5 614	5 521	5 323	5 375	5 395	5 338	5 378	:	IRL
I	10 618	10 665	10 753	10 564	10 574	10 396	10 249	10 662	10 493	10 315	:	I
L	290	299	301	299	293	285	285	290	265	260	:	L
NL	13 240	12 782	12 550	12 695	11 672	11 406	11 321	11 285	11 047	10 901	:	NL
P	:	:	:	1 182	1 306	1 349	1 459	1 548	1 563	1 544	:	P
UK	17 226	16 191	16 117	16 338	15 486	15 128	14 913	15 251	14 762	14 277	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of cow milk, t. EUR12 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	EUR12
B	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.2	:	B
DK	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.1	:	DK
D	22.7	22.5	22.2	22.5	21.9	21.9	22.3	21.7	25.6	25.2	:	D
GR	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	:	GR
E	:	:	:	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.5	:	E
F	23.3	23.8	24.0	24.0	24.3	24.3	23.9	24.0	22.6	22.8	:	F
IRL	4.6	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8	:	IRL
I	8.9	9.2	9.3	9.0	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.8	9.2	9.3	:	I
L	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	:	L
NL	11.2	11.0	10.8	10.9	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.3	9.7	9.8	:	NL
P	:	:	:	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	:	P
UK	14.5	13.9	13.9	14.0	13.9	13.8	13.7	14.0	13.0	12.9	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Production of all meat, 1000 t

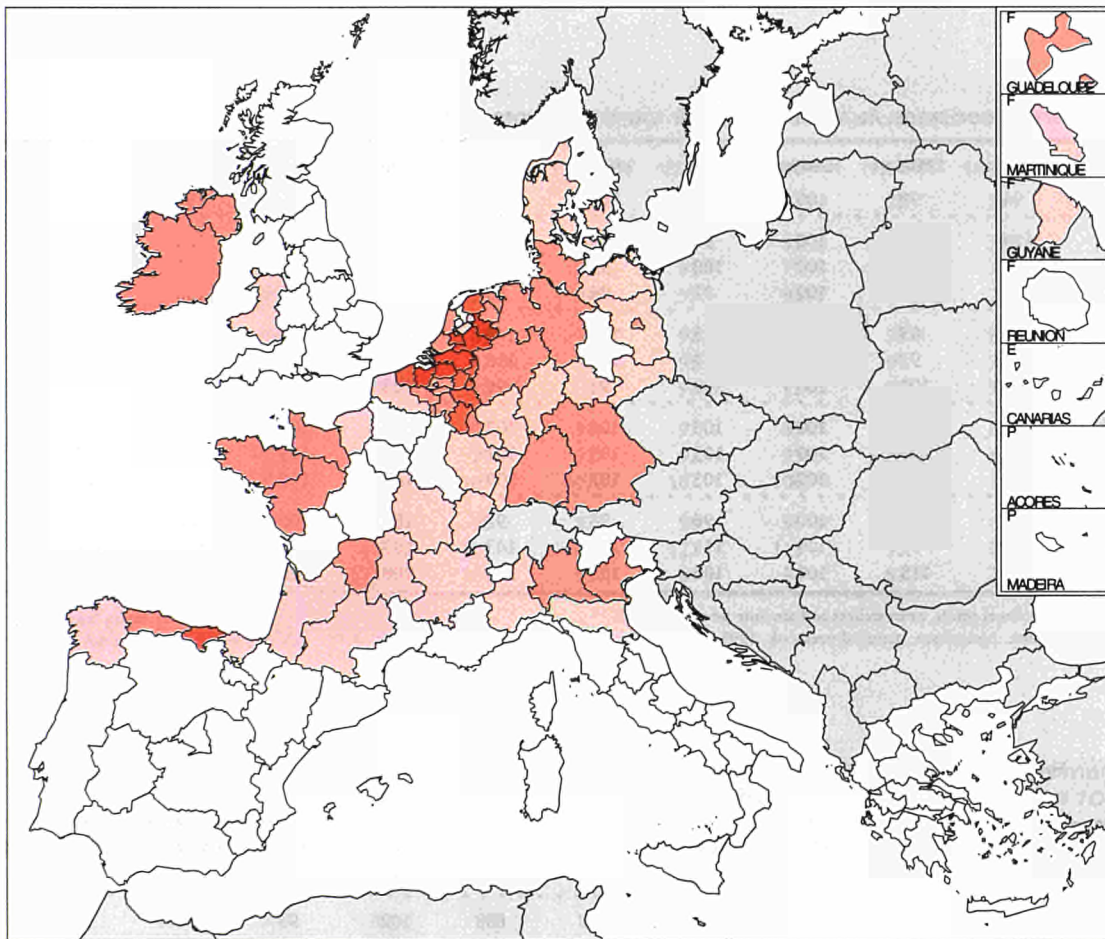
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	28 079	28 842	28 768	29 304	30 282	30 569	30 246	31 200	33 897	33 754	:	EUR12
B/L	1 194	1 250	1 260	1 295	1 351	1 401	1 415	1 344	1 592	1 629	:	B/L
DK	1 467	1 461	1 503	1 578	1 572	1 576	1 567	1 616	1 706	1 845	:	DK
D	5 416	5 560	5 512	5 829	5 808	5 688	5 526	5 682	7 350	6 584	:	D
GR	555	552	540	529	563	565	554	557	558	579	:	GR
E	3 085	3 133	3 113	3 045	3 226	3 529	3 491	3 683	3 828	3 877	:	E
F	5 705	5 878	5 776	5 884	6 093	6 150	6 087	6 332	6 616	6 873	:	F
IRL	800	838	876	894	864	891	856	1 009	1 057	1 057	:	IRL
I	3 522	3 627	3 519	3 413	3 517	3 594	3 620	3 687	3 723	3 798	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2 460	2 617	2 711	2 848	3 011	3 040	2 978	3 056	3 091	3 177	:	NL
P	567	540	520	573	624	612	671	683	668	697	:	P
UK	3 308	3 386	3 438	3 416	3 653	3 523	3 481	3 551	3 708	3 638	:	UK

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

The overall trend in meat production of all kinds - beef, veal, pork, lamb, goat and poultry - has been upwards in the last ten years. However, taking beef and veal separately, there

has been rather large fluctuations in the slaughterings and the actual tendency is a relative steep decline.

All cattle, per 1000 ha of utilized agricultural area. 1991



-0.5



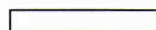
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Producer price indices, nominal; total agricultural production. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	93	98	100	102	102	104	113	115	118	114	115	EUR12
B	101	103	100	94	92	92	102	96	95	92	86	B
DK	99	102	100	96	93	94	101	94	92	92	81	DK
D	106	105	100	94	92	92	100	95	94	92	85	D
GR	71	102	100	113	127	143	167	202	238	248	265	GR
E	86	95	100	109	106	109	117	117	117	109	116	E
F	96	99	100	100	98	98	106	106	106	98	94	F
IRL	100	103	100	99	104	114	120	106	103	106	113	IRL
I	88	94	100	104	103	106	113	118	125	118	121	I
L	98	96	100	101	102	105	115	113	104	100	98	L
NL	100	102	100	93	92	93	101	95	98	93	87	NL
P	66	87	100	108	115	126	149	156	147	136	139	P
UK	102	105	100	102	104	105	112	113	113	114	120	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Producer price indices, nominal; crop products. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	94	99	100	105	106	108	116	125	133	121	123	EUR12
B	110	111	100	96	99	96	100	103	104	92	85	B
DK	107	107	100	100	99	93	96	91	92	91	79	DK
D	110	108	100	97	98	95	96	96	100	88	84	D
GR	70	85	100	113	128	146	169	208	252	254	270	GR
E	92	97	100	114	111	116	122	130	132	117	126	E
F	98	101	100	102	97	96	103	107	111	96	90	F
IRL	114	119	100	108	104	103	110	102	109	105	109	IRL
I	88	93	100	105	105	107	113	123	135	121	122	I
L	113	99	100	103	107	109	107	109	115	88	89	L
NL	102	108	100	96	98	97	100	100	107	95	92	NL
P	69	97	100	111	124	143	183	192	179	160	166	P
UK	113	115	100	106	108	103	108	114	115	109	109	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Producer price indices, nominal; animals and animal products. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	99	98	100	110	106	105	107	108	EUR12
B	97	98	100	93	88	89	102	93	90	93	86	B
DK	95	102	100	95	91	95	104	95	92	92	82	DK
D	105	103	100	93	90	90	101	94	92	94	86	D
GR	71	83	100	114	124	136	160	188	208	234	254	GR
E	80	92	100	102	99	100	111	103	100	100	104	E
F	94	97	100	99	98	101	108	104	100	101	98	F
IRL	98	100	100	98	104	116	122	107	102	106	114	IRL
I	89	95	100	103	101	103	112	111	111	114	120	I
L	95	96	100	100	101	104	116	113	102	102	100	L
NL	99	99	100	92	89	91	101	93	93	92	85	NL
P	63	78	100	105	107	113	123	127	122	116	119	P
UK	96	100	100	100	102	106	114	113	111	117	127	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Producer price indices, deflated; total agricultural production. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	108	105	100	97	93	91	93	89	85	78	75	EUR12
B	113	108	100	93	89	88	95	86	83	79	71	B
DK	110	107	100	93	86	83	86	77	74	73	63	DK
D	111	107	100	94	92	90	96	89	85	80	71	D
GR	100	101	100	92	88	88	90	91	90	81	75	GR
E	104	102	100	100	92	91	91	86	81	71	72	E
F	109	105	100	98	92	90	94	91	88	80	75	F
IRL	114	108	100	96	97	105	106	91	85	85	89	IRL
I	107	103	100	98	93	91	91	90	89	80	79	I
L	109	100	100	101	102	103	109	103	93	86	81	L
NL	105	104	100	93	92	93	99	91	90	84	76	NL
P	102	103	100	96	94	94	99	91	78	66	63	P
UK	114	112	100	99	97	93	92	85	80	78	81	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Producer price indices, deflated; crop products. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	111	107	100	99	95	92	93	93	92	79	76	EUR12
B	122	117	100	95	96	92	94	92	91	78	71	B
DK	119	106	100	97	92	83	81	75	74	72	61	DK
D	116	107	100	97	98	94	93	90	91	77	70	D
GR	99	102	100	92	89	90	92	93	95	83	76	GR
E	110	105	100	105	97	97	95	95	91	76	78	E
F	112	107	100	99	92	88	92	92	93	78	72	F
IRL	131	126	100	104	97	94	97	87	90	84	86	IRL
I	106	102	100	99	95	92	92	93	96	82	79	I
L	126	103	100	103	107	107	102	100	102	76	74	L
NL	108	110	100	96	98	97	98	96	99	85	81	NL
P	107	116	100	100	102	107	121	112	95	78	75	P
UK	126	122	100	103	100	91	89	85	82	74	73	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Producer price indices, deflated; animals and animal products. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	106	100	100	95	90	90	94	85	79	78	75	EUR12
B	108	103	100	92	86	86	95	83	79	79	71	B
DK	106	107	100	91	84	84	88	79	74	73	64	DK
D	110	106	100	93	90	89	97	88	83	81	72	D
GR	101	99	100	92	87	84	87	84	78	76	72	GR
E	96	99	100	94	86	84	87	75	69	65	65	E
F	106	103	100	96	93	93	96	89	83	82	78	F
IRL	112	106	100	95	97	106	107	91	84	85	90	IRL
I	108	104	100	97	91	88	91	85	79	77	78	I
L	105	100	100	100	101	102	111	104	91	88	83	L
NL	104	101	100	92	89	90	100	89	86	83	74	NL
P	97	94	100	94	88	84	82	74	64	56	54	P
UK	106	106	100	97	95	93	94	85	79	80	85	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Purchase price indices, nominal; total. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	99	99	103	108	110	114	118	121	EUR12
B	96	101	100	95	91	93	96	93	94	94	93	B
DK	96	101	100	96	94	98	102	102	102	102	103	DK
D	99	101	100	94	91	92	96	96	99	101	100	D
GR	73	85	100	120	132	143	161	189	232	261	297	GR
E	:	:	100	104	105	107	111	113	115	116	119	E
F	91	97	100	98	97	99	103	104	105	106	106	F
IRL	91	99	100	97	94	97	102	103	104	104	105	IRL
I	86	96	100	102	104	108	114	118	122	127	135	I
L	94	99	100	98	96	97	101	105	108	109	111	L
NL	101	103	100	93	88	90	93	92	93	94	93	NL
P	:	:	100	107	115	121	128	134	141	141	139	P
UK	94	99	100	99	101	105	112	117	121	125	131	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Purchase price indices, nominal; goods and services currently consumed in agriculture. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	98	96	99	104	105	108	110	113	EUR12
B	97	102	100	94	89	91	94	90	91	91	89	B
DK	97	102	100	95	91	96	99	97	97	96	97	DK
D	100	102	100	92	87	88	93	91	94	95	94	D
GR	74	85	100	117	128	138	154	183	228	258	293	GR
E	:	:	100	104	105	105	108	109	111	112	115	E
F	91	98	100	96	94	96	100	100	101	101	101	F
IRL	92	99	100	96	92	94	99	100	100	100	100	IRL
I	90	98	100	99	100	103	108	109	111	113	122	I
L	95	101	100	96	91	92	95	97	99	98	98	L
NL	102	105	100	91	84	86	89	86	87	87	86	NL
P	:	:	100	107	114	118	124	131	137	136	134	P
UK	94	99	100	98	99	103	109	114	118	121	127	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Purchase price indices, nominal; goods and services for agricultural investment. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	106	110	116	123	130	137	144	150	EUR12
B	87	93	100	104	106	109	114	119	123	125	131	B
DK	92	96	100	104	108	113	119	125	129	131	134	DK
D	96	98	100	102	104	107	109	114	119	124	128	D
GR	72	85	100	129	143	157	179	205	242	269	308	GR
E	:	:	100	105	109	115	123	130	131	133	138	E
F	89	95	100	104	109	113	118	122	126	131	134	F
IRL	88	99	100	104	109	113	119	124	127	129	132	IRL
I	79	92	100	106	109	116	124	132	140	148	155	I
L	90	95	100	104	106	108	116	126	131	136	141	L
NL	94	97	100	103	106	109	112	118	125	129	131	NL
P	:	:	100	115	134	151	172	179	186	198	205	P
UK	93	97	100	105	110	116	125	133	141	147	150	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Purchase price indices, deflated; total. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	95	92	91	91	87	86	84	83	EUR12
B	107	106	100	94	88	89	90	84	82	80	77	B
DK	107	106	100	93	87	87	87	84	82	80	80	DK
D	104	103	100	94	90	90	92	90	89	88	84	D
GR	104	101	100	98	92	88	87	85	87	85	84	GR
E	:	:	100	95	92	89	87	82	79	75	74	E
F	103	103	100	95	92	91	92	89	88	86	85	F
IRL	104	104	100	94	88	89	90	88	85	83	83	IRL
I	104	105	100	96	94	93	92	90	87	87	88	I
L	104	103	100	98	96	95	96	97	96	94	92	L
NL	106	106	100	93	88	89	92	88	86	85	81	NL
P	:	:	100	96	94	90	85	78	74	68	63	P
UK	104	105	100	96	93	93	92	87	86	86	88	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Purchase price indices, deflated; goods and services currently consumed in agriculture. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	94	89	88	88	83	81	79	78	EUR12
B	108	107	100	93	87	88	88	81	79	77	74	B
DK	108	107	100	91	84	85	84	80	78	76	75	DK
D	105	104	100	92	87	87	89	86	84	83	78	D
GR	105	101	100	95	89	85	83	82	86	84	83	GR
E	:	:	100	95	91	88	84	80	77	73	71	E
F	103	103	100	94	89	89	89	86	84	82	80	F
IRL	105	104	100	93	86	86	87	85	82	80	79	IRL
I	109	107	100	94	90	89	87	83	79	77	79	I
L	105	105	100	96	91	91	91	89	88	85	82	L
NL	108	107	100	91	84	85	88	83	80	78	75	NL
P	:	:	100	96	93	88	82	76	72	66	61	P
UK	105	105	100	95	92	91	90	85	83	83	86	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Purchase price indices, deflated; goods and services for agricultural investment. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	101	101	102	102	102	102	101	101	EUR12
B	97	97	100	103	103	105	107	107	107	107	109	B
DK	103	101	100	100	100	101	100	103	104	103	105	DK
D	100	100	100	103	104	105	105	106	107	108	107	D
GR	101	101	100	104	100	97	97	92	91	87	87	GR
E	:	:	100	96	95	96	96	95	91	87	86	E
F	101	101	100	102	103	104	105	105	105	106	107	F
IRL	101	105	100	101	102	104	105	105	104	103	104	IRL
I	96	101	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	101	101	I
L	100	99	100	104	106	107	110	116	117	117	117	L
NL	99	99	100	103	106	108	110	113	115	115	114	NL
P	:	:	100	103	110	113	114	105	98	96	93	P
UK	103	103	100	101	102	103	103	99	100	100	101	UK

FURTHER READING Agricultural prices, price indices and absolute prices, 1984-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Total final agricultural output; volume indices. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	97.4	99.6	99.7	100.7	101.8	102.4	103.6	104.1	105.3	107.7	104.9	EUR12
B	92.9	97.3	98.8	103.9	102.1	105.9	109.0	107.9	114.6	120.4	123.6	B
DK	91.3	99.4	99.8	100.7	97.3	101.4	104.5	108.2	105.6	102.9	109.9	DK
D	98.3	101.2	97.2	101.6	96.0	99.3	99.3	98.5	98.8	100.8	96.0	D
GR	94.8	97.5	101.8	100.7	99.3	103.8	108.2	93.6	107.1	104.8	103.4	GR
E	94.8	99.1	103.4	97.5	105.4	110.7	105.3	109.6	107.7	107.7	106.4	E
F	96.8	99.3	99.9	100.7	103.2	102.0	105.7	107.9	105.0	111.3	106.0	F
IRL	93.7	101.3	100.0	98.6	99.6	101.1	97.4	110.0	110.3	115.8	112.2	IRL
I	104.0	99.1	99.4	101.6	105.2	101.9	102.8	99.5	105.8	107.5	104.5	I
L	98.8	100.5	98.8	100.7	97.8	97.4	100.6	99.3	94.4	104.1	99.3	L
NL	95.3	98.0	98.4	103.5	100.9	103.0	106.6	110.2	112.6	114.5	116.6	NL
P	95.0	96.6	101.3	102.2	107.4	95.4	107.4	117.1	118.1	112.4	105.8	P
UK	95.3	102.2	98.7	99.1	98.4	97.9	98.5	99.4	99.2	101.1	98.2	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Final crop output; volume indices. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	94.1	99.2	99.8	101.0	104.4	105.7	108.1	106.5	108.6	112.8	107.4	EUR12
B	86.9	94.9	99.9	105.2	101.9	106.8	111.9	113.4	114.2	129.9	129.5	B
DK	69.0	101.9	98.4	99.7	94.7	104.2	112.2	123.8	110.6	90.9	106.6	DK
D	92.0	103.1	95.1	101.8	94.7	107.3	107.7	104.2	106.7	118.5	107.1	D
GR	92.4	95.9	103.0	101.1	98.4	104.1	110.1	90.0	108.4	106.1	103.4	GR
E	89.3	99.1	105.3	95.6	106.7	110.2	105.9	108.8	104.9	104.7	101.6	E
F	92.8	98.3	100.0	101.7	106.8	107.5	111.3	111.3	106.2	116.4	107.7	F
IRL	100.1	117.6	94.9	87.5	100.2	101.5	97.0	111.6	111.9	118.8	97.4	IRL
I	106.3	98.1	98.7	103.3	108.3	102.8	104.6	98.0	108.8	110.9	107.1	I
L	98.4	107.0	89.9	103.2	100.8	103.5	127.9	105.6	79.3	146.3	111.4	L
NL	90.7	96.3	97.0	106.7	109.8	114.4	124.9	134.1	139.7	145.4	149.5	NL
P	94.6	96.4	103.8	99.8	106.6	82.4	98.0	110.7	113.0	100.0	84.9	P
UK	85.2	105.2	96.6	98.2	96.8	98.4	101.2	101.1	101.3	103.1	98.5	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Final animal output; volume indices. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.3	99.9	99.5	100.6	99.2	99.1	99.0	101.1	101.2	102.0	101.9	EUR12
B	96.5	98.8	98.1	103.1	102.2	105.2	107.2	104.6	114.6	114.6	119.9	B
DK	101.2	98.4	100.5	101.2	98.5	100.2	101.0	101.3	103.4	108.2	111.4	DK
D	101.3	100.2	98.3	101.5	96.6	95.2	95.0	95.6	94.8	91.6	90.5	D
GR	100.5	101.2	98.8	100.0	101.8	103.3	104.2	102.5	104.3	101.9	103.8	GR
E	102.6	99.7	99.9	100.4	105.1	107.8	105.3	107.6	109.0	109.1	110.8	E
F	100.2	100.3	99.5	100.2	98.1	96.9	97.9	102.0	100.8	103.7	102.4	F
IRL	92.7	98.9	100.8	100.3	99.5	101.1	97.5	109.8	110.1	115.3	114.5	IRL
I	100.5	100.6	100.4	99.0	100.2	100.5	99.8	101.8	100.9	102.1	101.7	I
L	99.0	99.1	100.9	100.1	97.3	96.2	95.5	98.4	97.9	96.1	97.4	L
NL	97.8	99.0	99.2	101.8	96.1	96.9	96.7	97.3	97.9	97.7	98.8	NL
P	96.0	97.6	98.9	103.5	108.7	111.0	119.1	125.3	124.0	126.6	130.2	P
UK	102.2	100.1	100.1	99.8	99.4	97.6	96.6	98.2	97.9	99.8	98.0	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Final agricultural output is output net of intra-branch consumption of agricultural products, for example, seeds and animal feeding-stuffs produced by the agricultural branch and used directly by it. Data on income and productivity are based on the economic accounts for agriculture which form part of the European system of integrated economic accounts (ESA). These data

cover all agricultural production, but exclude non-agricultural activities of agricultural holdings. Income aggregates from these accounts, therefore, do not represent total economic activities of agricultural holdings or total income of people employed in agriculture. They may have other sources of income.

Final crop output. Million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	78 711	87 093	86 339	87 299	88 624	91 774	98 523	101 056	108 807	99 929	89 993	EUR12
B	1 745	1 788	1 851	1 955	2 026	2 061	2 287	2 402	2 449	2 345	2 491	B
DK	1 557	2 188	2 050	2 096	1 997	2 105	2 271	2 438	2 286	1 833	1 916	DK
D	8 177	9 495	8 705	9 113	8 631	9 812	10 059	9 788	13 230	12 713	11 954	D
GR	4 756	5 518	5 723	4 907	4 627	5 162	5 718	5 156	6 683	5 949	5 724	GR
E	9 400	11 517	11 861	11 664	12 447	13 964	14 636	16 178	16 051	13 621	12 459	E
F	19 793	21 199	22 023	22 449	22 508	23 134	25 322	26 246	24 745	23 676	21 007	F
IRL	532	614	451	444	481	489	534	551	580	599	478	IRL
I	19 970	19 802	20 095	21 091	22 006	20 853	22 181	22 037	25 732	23 844	19 359	I
L	26	29	27	32	31	33	39	35	27	43	34	L
NL	4 291	4 913	4 713	5 108	5 565	5 770	6 252	6 728	7 166	6 676	7 027	NL
P	1 282	1 468	1 458	1 493	1 574	1 336	1 652	1 886	1 986	1 475	1 233	P
UK	7 181	8 562	7 381	6 947	6 731	7 055	7 574	7 610	7 871	7 154	6 310	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Final animal output. Million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	94 357	97 403	98 487	96 553	92 148	94 077	103 116	100 516	101 498	104 097	99 397	EUR12
B	3 283	3 502	3 553	3 624	3 438	3 550	4 132	3 784	4 099	4 243	4 163	B
DK	4 338	4 537	4 575	4 550	4 188	4 269	4 614	4 495	4 363	4 687	4 436	DK
D	19 129	18 876	18 114	18 482	17 088	17 158	18 933	17 743	19 977	20 376	19 496	D
GR	2 310	2 427	2 448	2 163	2 122	2 207	2 417	2 449	2 571	2 502	2 497	GR
E	7 429	8 398	8 929	8 598	8 444	9 055	10 418	10 047	9 986	9 803	8 842	E
F	19 938	20 525	21 162	21 006	20 119	19 922	21 577	22 019	20 894	21 974	21 465	F
IRL	3 048	3 302	3 378	3 265	3 222	3 589	3 813	3 649	3 510	3 818	3 843	IRL
I	13 206	13 657	13 650	13 623	13 066	12 897	14 030	14 379	14 269	14 155	12 823	I
L	127	129	137	139	138	140	154	160	144	146	151	L
NL	8 601	8 798	9 041	9 096	8 581	8 716	9 617	9 019	9 007	9 379	8 953	NL
P	1 410	1 501	1 651	1 639	1 636	1 689	1 817	1 838	1 815	1 951	1 794	P
UK	11 538	11 751	11 848	10 368	10 106	10 886	11 593	10 932	10 862	11 063	10 934	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat. Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Gross value-added at market prices. Million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	94 679	101 133	100 685	103 091	100 664	103 791	115 420	115 778	120 176	114 205	101 446	EUR12
B	2 186	2 235	2 269	2 371	2 303	2 387	2 971	2 725	2 849	2 812	2 748	B
DK	2 554	3 296	3 194	3 428	2 981	3 094	3 548	3 727	3 531	3 238	2 939	DK
D	11 705	12 345	11 267	12 770	11 275	12 699	14 398	13 182	15 608	15 878	14 253	D
GR	5 310	6 103	6 285	5 479	5 126	5 638	6 313	5 665	7 166	6 243	5 944	GR
E	9 309	10 968	11 525	11 126	11 549	13 743	14 434	15 412	14 742	12 059	11 266	E
F	22 317	22 802	23 633	24 103	23 540	23 063	25 988	27 196	25 291	24 845	21 417	F
IRL	1 986	2 237	2 063	1 951	2 182	2 494	2 611	2 425	2 297	2 605	2 520	IRL
I	23 684	23 305	23 760	24 988	25 293	24 105	26 021	26 190	29 572	27 988	23 256	I
L	91	94	99	106	104	106	121	119	93	107	104	L
NL	6 037	6 640	6 581	7 378	6 913	7 147	8 340	8 418	8 599	8 294	7 921	NL
P	1 391	1 523	1 594	1 616	1 703	1 464	1 724	1 913	1 915	1 690	1 396	P
UK	8 110	9 586	8 415	7 776	7 696	7 851	8 951	8 806	8 513	8 445	7 682	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Taxes linked to production. Million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	2 902	3 238	3 567	3 884	4 071	4 484	4 251	4 433	4 268	3 889	3 628	EUR12
B	22	29	67	93	110	100	111	97	86	75	67	B
DK	106	117	121	136	165	219	197	214	220	191	159	DK
D	425	466	606	578	689	679	606	601	786	612	573	D
GR	115	134	134	124	187	165	118	141	162	195	253	GR
E	47	48	50	51	82	90	137	142	121	164	103	E
F	1 486	1 654	1 688	1 905	1 782	2 050	1 791	2 092	1 649	1 569	1 285	F
IRL	32	60	57	61	74	82	64	68	72	58	52	IRL
I	164	170	221	237	271	302	355	359	399	379	552	I
L	2	3	2	3	3	5	3	4	8	1	1	L
NL	294	331	378	432	407	430	512	443	448	452	482	NL
P	25	38	35	21	17	15	10	9	6	6	6	P
UK	184	188	207	246	285	347	345	261	311	185	95	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Subsidies. Million ECU

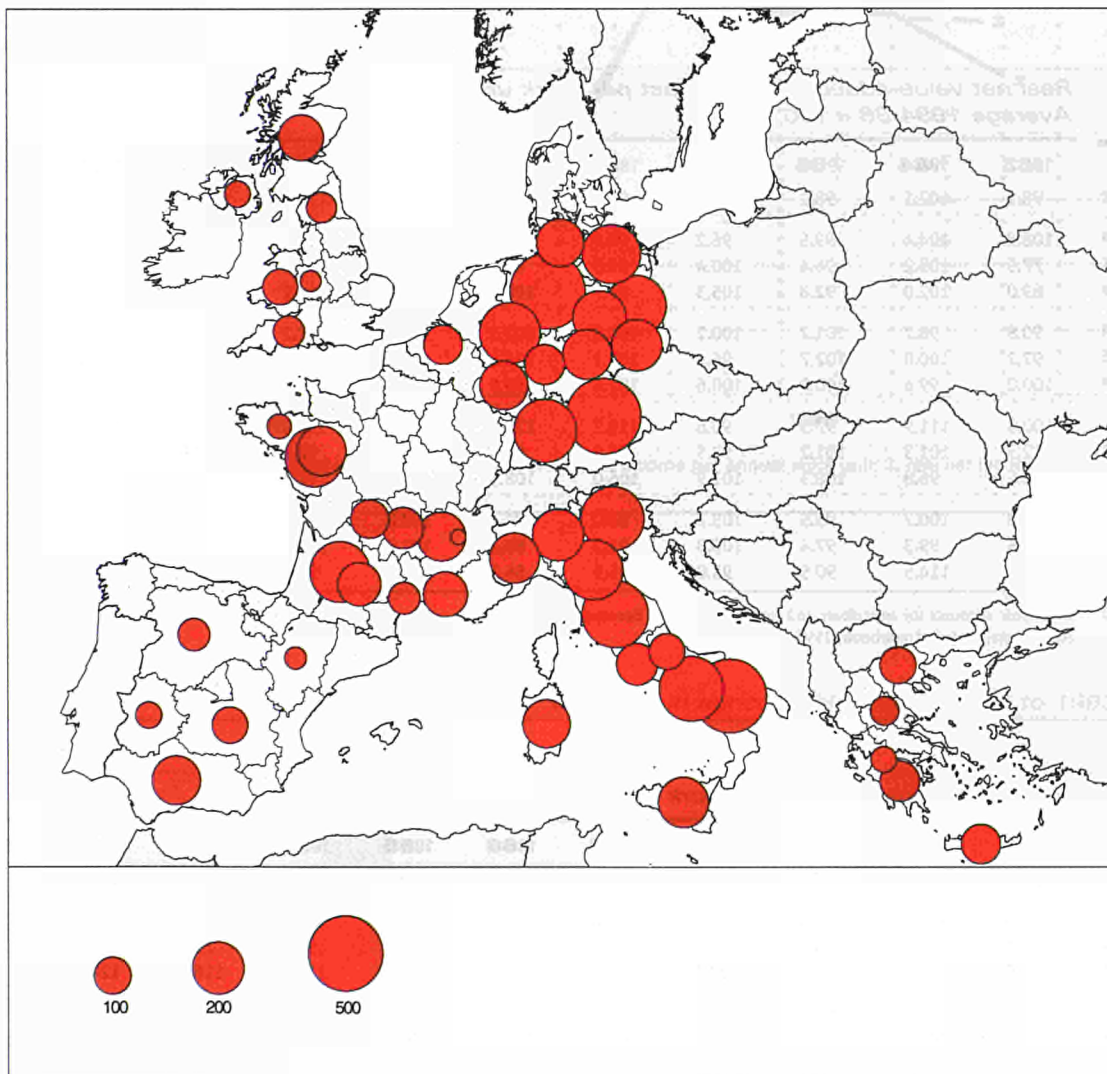
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	5 511	6 847	7 464	7 555	8 621	9 854	10 891	11 958	14 389	16 748	23 847	EUR12
B	157	152	178	173	191	208	229	336	232	206	296	B
DK	125	110	106	95	89	86	66	67	61	112	492	DK
D	513	1 336	1 946	2 285	2 273	2 703	2 657	2 938	3 998	4 795	5 248	D
GR	369	447	412	346	507	485	693	738	881	1 016	1 399	GR
E	258	200	202	149	302	563	805	998	1 459	1 778	3 106	E
F	847	1 025	1 067	1 398	1 524	1 576	1 592	2 058	1 988	2 725	5 745	F
IRL	136	209	254	225	225	280	278	499	439	533	529	IRL
I	2 096	2 299	2 195	1 829	2 536	2 728	3 146	2 948	3 430	3 667	3 851	I
L	9	9	10	10	11	14	17	16	37	20	23	L
NL	156	141	110	114	99	138	204	156	210	213	241	NL
P	21	23	97	97	91	112	235	236	332	395	321	P
UK	825	896	887	834	772	960	967	967	1 322	1 287	2 597	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Gross value-added at market prices is calculated from final output by deducting intermediate consumption, adding subsidies and deducting taxes linked to production. The year 1993 was marked by the reform of the common agricultural policy (CAP). The main aim was to

adjust agricultural production to internal and external demand by changing from a price support policy to a policy of direct income support. The most important measures were lower prices for agricultural products, those designed to control production, and compensatory aids to producers.

Subsidies minus taxes. Million ECU. 1991



Real net value-added at factor cost. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	103.6	104.6	98.6	96.8	92.1	91.2	97.7	92.6	90.8	85.4	:	EUR12
B	111.2	106.4	99.0	94.6	86.7	90.5	110.6	98.3	95.5	88.1	83.9	B
DK	83.0	107.3	95.6	97.1	74.1	73.5	86.4	86.2	78.3	69.4	69.0	DK
D	91.8	103.5	92.8	103.7	81.3	99.0	112.6	96.2	92.4	93.4	:	D
GR	90.9	98.9	102.9	98.2	93.4	95.1	104.6	88.0	106.8	90.6	87.0	GR
E	100.4	104.2	102.9	92.9	95.7	106.9	100.3	100.4	94.0	78.9	91.5	E
F	106.9	103.0	100.0	97.0	94.5	89.5	100.5	101.1	92.0	89.4	83.7	F
IRL	102.1	113.3	98.6	88.1	103.3	118.0	118.4	119.0	108.0	124.9	124.0	IRL
I	117.8	104.3	100.1	95.6	94.9	85.5	85.2	77.4	83.7	78.1	71.3	I
L	101.4	99.7	100.6	99.7	97.8	95.9	107.2	96.1	80.7	78.1	72.4	L
NL	94.6	101.5	95.7	102.8	86.4	88.6	104.5	100.7	99.5	89.5	77.0	NL
P	100.6	101.8	100.1	98.1	100.2	81.3	91.5	89.4	79.2	64.0	51.3	P
UK	98.0	115.6	90.8	93.6	91.8	81.6	89.3	89.1	82.1	85.4	97.1	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Real net value-added at factor cost per work unit. Average 1984-86 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98.1	102.1	98.2	99.6	96.9	99.1	112.1	110.8	114.0	110.5	:	EUR12
B	108.3	104.4	99.5	96.2	90.9	98.1	122.8	111.3	110.7	106.7	107.3	B
DK	77.5	103.2	96.4	100.4	81.5	84.2	101.5	104.7	97.6	87.9	89.7	DK
D	89.0	102.0	92.8	105.3	87.7	108.6	131.3	116.2	118.5	124.3	:	D
GR	90.8	98.7	101.2	100.2	100.8	102.3	124.3	107.2	143.0	115.5	113.5	GR
E	92.2	100.8	102.7	96.4	102.1	116.5	114.6	121.8	127.0	112.1	142.3	E
F	100.0	99.4	100.0	100.6	101.6	99.9	117.0	122.7	115.7	116.5	114.9	F
IRL	100.8	111.9	97.5	90.6	110.7	128.4	123.4	126.0	116.1	137.8	139.6	IRL
I	112.3	101.3	101.2	97.5	98.8	93.3	98.0	90.7	97.9	96.1	94.2	I
L	93.5	96.8	100.3	102.9	106.0	108.3	123.9	117.1	101.5	102.5	97.4	L
NL	93.3	100.7	95.5	103.7	88.0	91.4	107.8	104.2	102.9	91.7	79.8	NL
P	98.6	99.3	97.4	103.3	101.2	85.7	101.6	105.7	94.2	81.1	66.8	P
UK	95.5	114.5	90.5	95.0	95.5	86.5	97.1	99.0	93.8	98.9	113.4	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Real net income per annual work unit. Average 1984-86 = 100

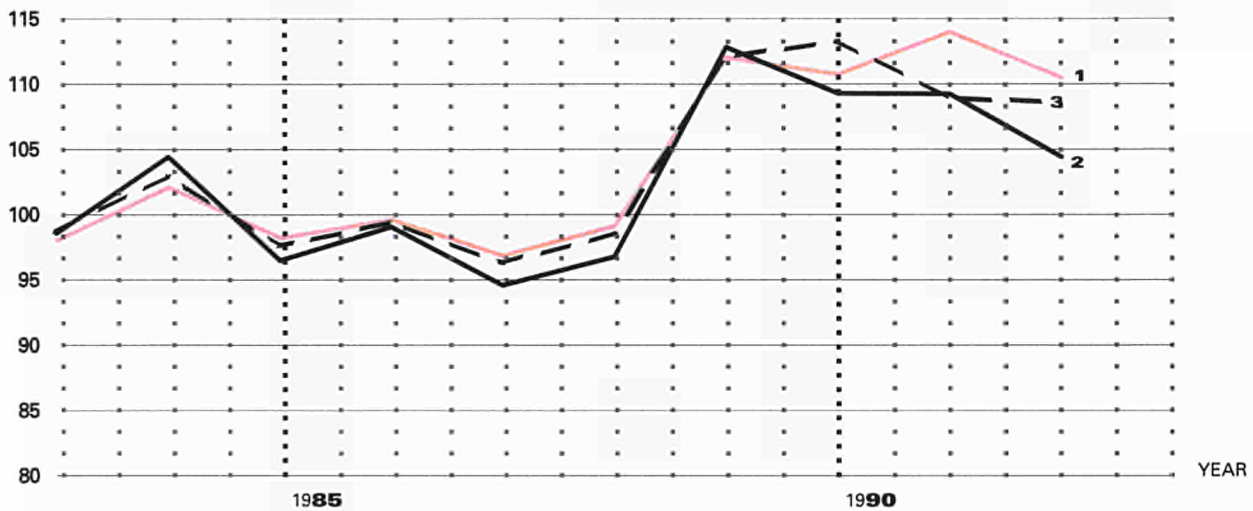
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98.7	103.0	97.6	99.4	96.3	98.5	112.1	110.1	113.3	108.9	:	EUR12
B	111.0	105.7	98.4	95.9	89.6	96.4	126.0	110.3	106.5	99.6	98.1	B
DK	56.1	104.3	94.1	101.6	59.4	60.0	90.5	95.9	71.7	54.6	57.0	DK
D	85.9	102.7	89.7	107.6	82.6	110.6	139.8	118.7	116.7	124.3	:	D
GR	92.1	99.1	100.5	100.4	101.2	103.7	127.7	108.5	144.7	115.8	113.4	GR
E	91.6	101.5	103.0	95.4	101.9	119.0	110.1	119.1	121.8	103.3	136.4	E
F	101.0	99.5	99.9	100.6	102.5	99.5	119.3	126.2	119.1	120.8	119.5	F
IRL	96.5	112.4	97.3	90.3	115.5	138.5	130.5	129.5	118.8	145.1	150.7	IRL
I	114.6	102.0	101.1	96.9	98.7	91.7	96.7	89.3	98.9	96.1	95.1	I
L	94.4	97.1	100.4	102.5	105.3	107.2	124.5	113.2	94.0	92.9	86.1	L
NL	92.3	101.4	94.7	103.9	84.4	88.4	106.6	100.2	97.7	85.4	72.4	NL
P	95.3	96.5	97.9	105.6	101.7	84.1	101.5	102.5	89.6	73.4	58.8	P
UK	98.6	120.0	86.6	93.5	96.2	84.7	92.9	94.1	92.5	102.6	126.2	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry, 1988-93. Eurostat.
Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Reu country's nominal figures at current prices by the GDP implicit price index. The GDP implicit price index is an indicator of trends in the general level of prices of all goods and services in the economy. Agricultural income is measured by two indicators: net value-added at factor cost in

real terms by total annual work unit (which includes rents and interest payments) and net income from total labour input in real terms by total annual work unit (which does not). A third income indicator is net income from agricultural activity of the family labour per annual work unit, i.e. less compensation of employees.

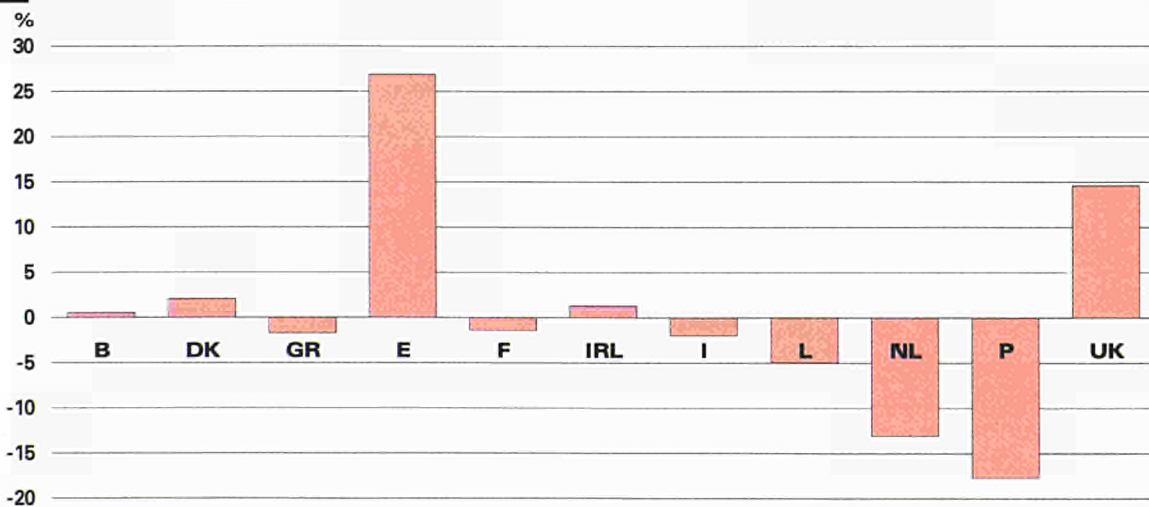
Three agricultural income indicators: (1) real net value-added at factor cost per annual work unit; (2) real net income per annual work unit; and (3) real net income per annual work unit of family labour



1: real net value-added at factor cost per annual work unit; 2: real net income per annual work unit; 3: real net income per annual work unit of family labour.

FURTHER READING

Changes in agricultural income. 1992 to 1993



Roundwood production, total. 1000 cu m

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	124 069	126 721	128 997	131 989	133 368	138 225	149 808	187 390	141 710	137 524		EUR12
B	3 041	3 086	3 251	3 348	3 741	3 980	4 832	5 610	4 755	4 730		B
DK	2 958	2 584	2 308	2 320	2 128	2 169	2 107	2 261	2 315	2 315		DK
D	38 593	41 216	41 518	41 123	41 567	43 470	48 126	84 707	41 190	37 264		D
GR	2 914	2 683	3 044	3 162	2 926	3 102	2 760	2 492	2 546	2 546		GR
E	14 990	14 598	13 994	15 027	15 480	15 152	18 816	18 166	18 194	17 102		E
F	38 675	38 769	38 901	39 869	41 130	43 048	44 718	45 355	44 202	44 840		F
IRL	1 026	1 256	1 277	1 245	1 277	1 377	1 527	1 652	1 677	1 834		IRL
I	8 374	9 228	9 448	9 623	9 090	9 103	8 846	8 038	8 393	8 423		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	900	935	1 061	1 111	1 151	1 316	1 316	1 426	1 129	1 210		NL
P	8 628	8 466	9 390	9 924	9 420	9 437	10 303	11 303	10 907	10 907		P
UK	3 970	3 900	4 805	5 237	5 458	6 071	6 457	6 380	6 402	6 353		UK
A	13 647	14 204	14 222	13 721	13 604	14 972	16 255	16 773	15 572	13 875		A
FIN	38 408	40 544	41 657	40 669	41 939	44 937	47 121	43 230	34 863	38 667		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	9 553	9 955	9 533	9 945	10 371	11 035	11 508	11 819	11 283	10 884		N
S	53 004	52 969	51 494	52 439	53 099	53 924	55 854	53 495	52 462	53 574		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	4 040	4 965	4 186	4 698	4 640	4 565	4 612	6 332	4 607	4 553		CH
USA	430 440	466 059	458 286	483 476	502 642	509 927	516 000	512 800	481 400	495 800		USA
CDN	156 965	167 482	168 654	177 097	177 097	180 083	177 715	181 249	178 049	186 049		CDN
J	31 597	33 065	33 492	32 141	31 320	31 089	30 842	29 632	28 272	28 063		J

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. FAO Yearbook: forestry products, 1992. FAO.

Coniferous roundwood production as % of total roundwood production

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	58	57	57	58	59	59	60	68	59	59		EUR12
B	59	58	59	61	64	64	68	71	67	68		B
DK	73	70	67	67	66	67	66	66	65	65		DK
D	72	72	72	73	74	75	73	84	74	72		D
GR	24	23	25	26	27	27	23	25	25	25		GR
E	58	57	56	60	60	59	59	63	61	60		E
F	50	50	50	50	50	51	51	52	51	52		F
IRL	99	99	99	99	99	93	94	95	95	95		IRL
I	15	15	16	19	17	19	19	18	15	14		I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		L
NL	72	72	67	62	62	69	67	69	64	58		NL
P	62	54	51	53	50	51	57	59	52	52		P
UK	77	76	82	81	85	84	81	82	81	85		UK
A	82	82	85	84	84	84	85	86	86	83		A
FIN	81	81	81	80	81	81	80	81	81	81		FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		IS
N	90	90	89	90	90	90	91	91	91	91		N
S	84	84	85	84	84	84	85	85	85	86		S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		EEA
CH	70	74	74	75	75	74	74	81	76	74		CH
USA	64	63	64	65	67	66	65	64	60	61		USA
CDN	91	92	92	91	91	91	91	92	92	92		CDN
J	64	62	61	63	65	65	65	66	67	67		J

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. FAO Yearbook: forestry products, 1992. FAO.

Roundwood production is wood as raw material. It refers to all wood in the rough, whether destined for industrial use or as fuel. It

comprises wood in its natural state as felled, or otherwise harvested, with or without bark and all wood obtained from removals.

Roundwood: degree of self-sufficiency

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	53	56	54	59	61	63	67	79	78	76	:	B
DK	174	162	150	133	146	132	125	113	110	101	:	DK
D	97	101	103	103	102	103	104	103	123	117	:	D
GR	93	93	95	91	92	91	84	92	94	103	:	GR
E	99	96	95	96	97	92	93	89	90	89	:	E
F	104	105	108	112	110	109	112	109	109	107	:	F
IRL	148	130	133	127	129	141	136	106	135	150	:	IRL
I	64	62	63	65	64	64	58	54	52	56	:	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	:	L
NL	82	78	86	81	84	82	85	98	87	88	:	NL
P	102	106	108	105	106	98	99	98	100	101	:	P
UK	102	100	101	101	104	103	98	95	96	95	:	UK
A	118	126	115	115	116	119	121	104	95	99	:	A
FIN	87	86	90	92	91	90	89	90	89	88	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	92	89	90	87	85	88	96	94	95	93	:	N
S	96	95	93	90	88	88	89	96	92	91	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	96	100	93	93	98	96	97	105	109	102	:	CH
USA	104	104	104	104	104	105	106	106	106	105	:	USA
CDN	101	101	100	100	101	101	100	101	100	101	:	CDN
J	43	45	45	43	40	40	39	38	37	37	:	J

FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. FAO Yearbook: forestry products, 1992. FAO.

Total forestry output, million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	127	147	157	162	167	166	172	182	185	189	195	B
DK	118	118	129	130	131	139	142	153	161	155	:	DK
D	1 246	1 410	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	94	100	106	98	121	116	116	113	113	106	100	GR
E	488	530	562	530	468	597	885	908	876	822	:	E
F	1 600	1 751	1 917	2 076	2 238	2 459	2 722	2 759	2 744	2 539	2 582	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	354	409	416	444	415	425	445	417	471	494	434	I
L	12	12	16	13	13	14	13	15	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	337	383	456	447	449	496	664	675	586	:	:	P
UK	195	210	273	276	323	363	360	381	358	359	338	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry 1988-93. Eurostat.

Forestry gross value-added at market prices, million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	116	134	143	147	152	151	156	166	169	172	178	B
DK	103	102	112	113	114	121	123	133	140	135	:	DK
D	760	886	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	89	94	99	92	113	108	109	106	106	99	94	GR
E	406	443	462	483	421	544	822	838	803	746	:	E
F	1 458	1 579	1 734	1 971	2 128	2 236	2 487	2 508	2 492	2 292	2 324	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	312	360	366	391	366	374	394	365	418	438	382	I
L	10	11	14	12	11	12	11	13	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	312	353	422	415	417	465	631	642	549	:	:	P
UK	83	91	143	109	145	167	112	58	42	6	- 43	UK

FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry 1988-93. Eurostat.

Forestry net value-added at factor cost, million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	100	115	121	123	124	124	133	137	139	140	142	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	667	786	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	384	416	425	475	415	537	816	832	796	739	:	E
F	1 442	1 554	1 665	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	10	10	13	11	11	12	11	12	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	58	67	120	91	126	152	87	24	18	- 16	- 62	UK

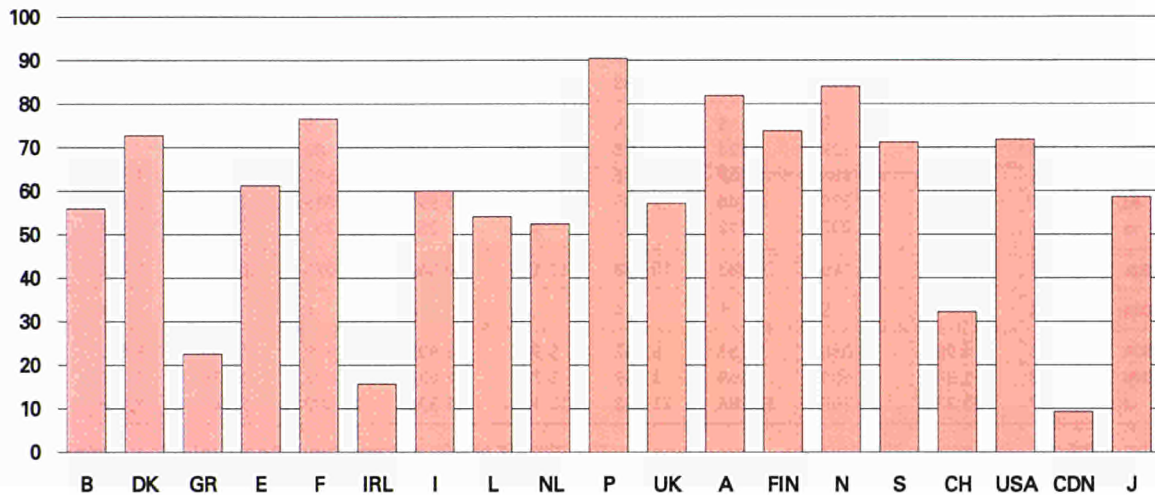
FURTHER READING Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry 1988-93. Eurostat.



Fellings as percentage of net annual increment of growing stock are measured as the volume of all fellings during the year as percentage of gross increment less natural losses. Gross

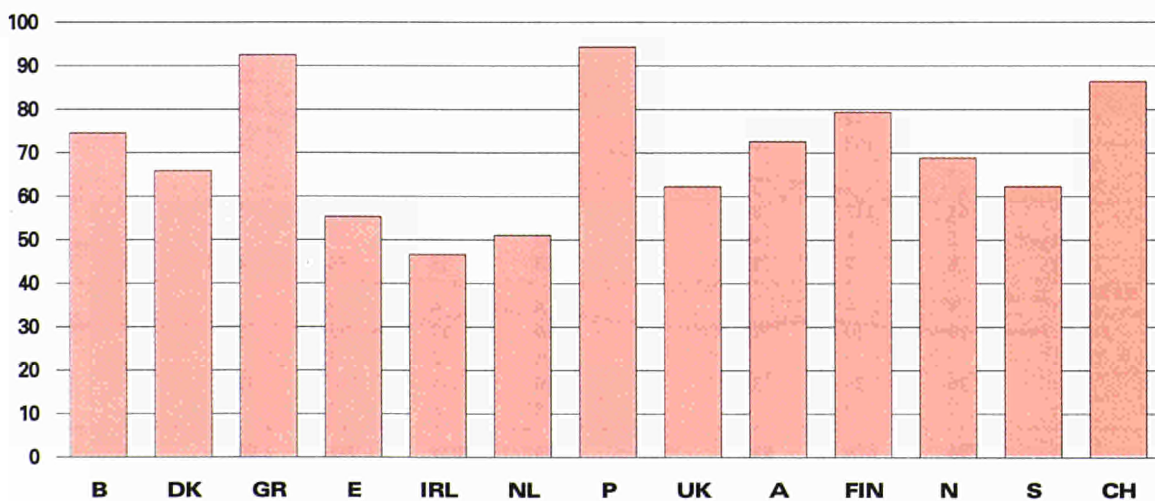
increment is the yearly increment in growing stock which is the living part of the above-ground volume of standing trees of all species, living or dead and all diameters down to a stated minimum.

Privately-owned forests as % of total forest area. 1990



FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat.

Fellings as % of net annual increment of growing stock. 1990



FURTHER READING Agriculture, statistical yearbook, 1995. Eurostat. Forest resource assessment, 1990. UN-ECE/FAO.

Annual catches in all regions, 1000 t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	6 872	6 889	6 835	6 827	6 726	7 090	7 011	6 410	6 517	6 784	:	EUR12
B	49	48	45	39	40	42	40	42	40	37	:	B
DK	1 870	1 849	1 794	1 846	1 705	1 969	1 922	1 511	1 786	1 989	:	DK
D	519	496	401	380	368	358	387	363	266	272	:	D
GR	100	108	115	125	135	127	140	140	155	169	:	GR
E	1 325	1 332	1 348	1 250	1 296	1 358	1 367 ¹	1 227 ¹	1 128 ¹	1 152 ¹	:	E
F	737	715	741	779	738	849	992	971	873	881	:	F
IRL	195	195	217	217	233	241	182	214	234	250	:	IRL
I	555	593	557	534	526	539	515	492	526	523	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	L
NL	414	401	397	396	358	332	327	347	393	396	:	NL
P	251	298	313	403	379	338	325	322	321	300	:	P
UK	857	854	907	858	948	937	814	781	795	815	:	UK
A	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	:	A
FIN	126	129	129	124	98	109	97	82	67	85	:	FIN
IS	855	1 552	1 696	1 669	1 645	1 773	1 505	1 508	1 050	1 586	:	IS
N	2 970	2 588	2 238	2 046	2 105	1 952	1 991	1 815	2 177	2 631	:	N
S	267	280	237	212	209	246	253	255	240	311	:	S
EEA	11 095	11 443	11 140	10 883	10 788	11 175	10 862	10 075	10 056	11 401	:	EEA
CH	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	5	4	:	CH
USA	4 413	4 986	5 034	5 188	5 962	5 961	5 803	5 879	5 535	5 592	:	USA
CDN	1 438	1 342	1 503	1 568	1 659	1 747	1 683	1 726	1 615	1 331	:	CDN
J	11 637	12 374	11 707	12 284	11 848	12 115	11 394	10 689	9 549	8 814	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR; 1: estimated by FAO.

Total aquaculture production. 1000 t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	741	822	841	858	865	888	888	892	:	:	EUR12
B	:	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	:	B
DK	:	24	24	24	26	29	33	42	42	:	:	DK
D	:	91	61	70	67	72	67	64	71	:	:	D
GR	:	3	2	2	3	4	5	8	11	:	:	GR
E	:	247	262	266	265	270	220	204	222	:	:	E
F	:	193	227	246	232	228	258	262	271	:	:	F
IRL	:	15	12	13	18	18	20	27	29	:	:	IRL
I	:	96	103	108	118	130	133	138	141	:	:	I
L	:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	L
NL	:	61	117	88	100	79	109	101	52	:	:	NL
P	:	5	5	10	11	11	9	5	6	:	:	P
UK	:	6	9	13	17	23	33	36	46	:	:	UK
A	:	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	:	:	A
FIN	:	10	10	11	13	16	19	19	19	:	:	FIN
IS	:	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	3	:	:	IS
N	:	26	35	50	56	90	114	118	127	:	:	N
S	:	3	3	4	7	8	8	9	8	:	:	S
EEA	:	784	874	910	939	984	1 035	1 041	1 053	:	:	EEA
CH	:	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	:	:	CH
USA	:	326	324	372	383	360	371	315	364	:	:	USA
CDN	:	8	9	11	13	22	30	35	35	:	:	CDN
J	:	1 208	1 184	1 292	1 234	1 426	1 371	1 367	1 357	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

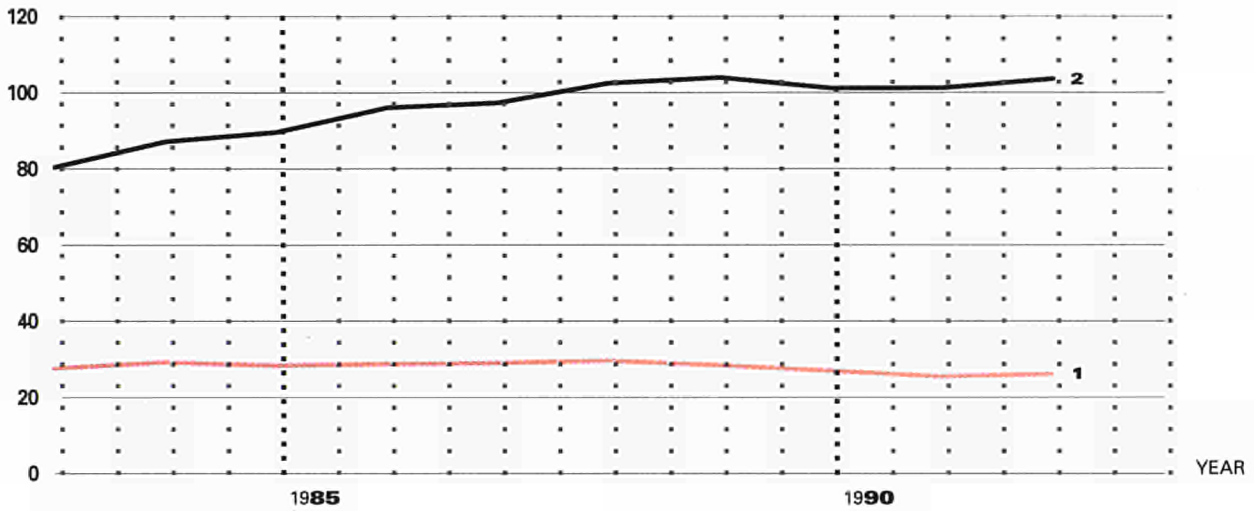
D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.



Statistics on catches include nominal catches of fish, crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic animals, residue and plants taken for all

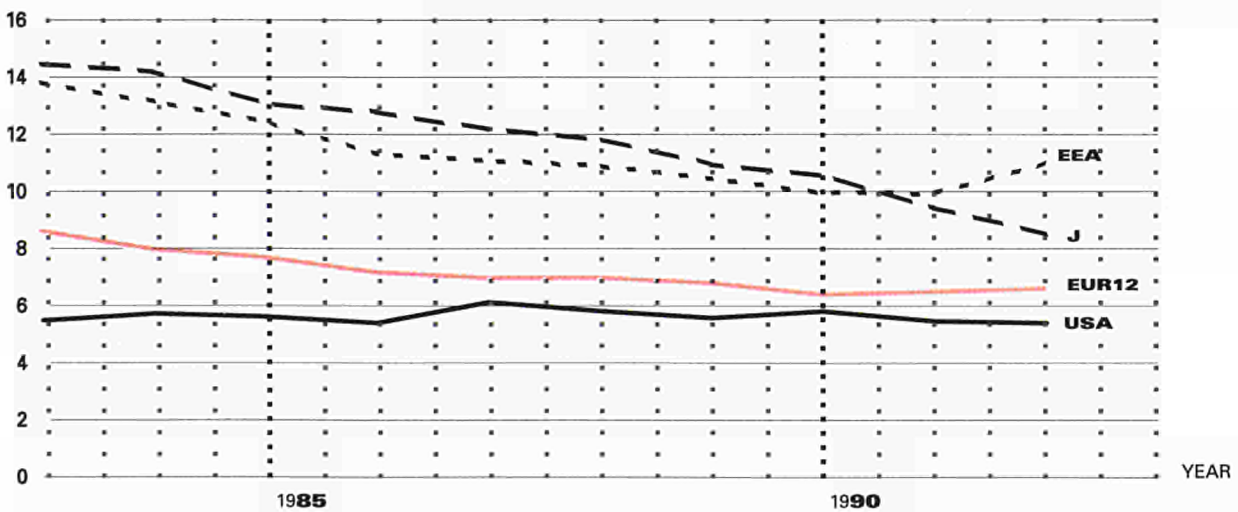
purposes except recreational. Catches from fish farming are also included. Quantities are recorded in metric tonnes live weight.

Annual catches in all regions, million t live weight



1: EEA, USA and Japan; 2: world.

Annual catches in all regions as % of total world catches



Annual catches in the north-east Atlantic
as % of annual catches in all regions

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	71.7	71.0	70.3	68.5	68.0	69.5	68.5	69.3	70.2	71.2		EUR12
B	100.0	99.4	99.0	98.7	98.5	98.3	98.2	98.4	97.9	97.7		B
DK	98.5	98.8	98.7	98.8	98.5	98.6	98.5	97.6	97.8	98.0		DK
D	59.1	58.4	59.8	59.4	60.2	66.1	65.5	70.3	78.4	82.2		D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		GR
E	39.7	40.4	36.6	29.5	30.7	28.9	27.5 ¹	34.1 ¹	34.3 ¹	30.8 ¹		E
F	76.2	74.6	72.0	68.6	68.0	70.4	74.6	73.2	67.9	67.2		F
IRL	100.0	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.7	99.7	99.7		IRL
I	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		L
NL	99.1	99.0	99.0	96.2	92.7	97.9	97.3	99.1	97.4	99.3		NL
P	76.0	74.1	71.5	61.6	62.7	71.0	68.0	69.0	65.6	76.4		P
UK	98.7	98.3	98.2	98.1	97.9	97.2	96.0	97.5	97.7	98.0		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		A
FIN	73.2	74.4	74.8	73.5	91.2	92.5	90.3	89.4	89.6	92.4		FIN
IS	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9		IS
N	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.6	99.9	99.8	99.6	98.2	99.6	99.5		N
S	95.9	96.1	98.8	98.5	98.2	97.9	97.8	97.7	97.7	98.2		S
EEA	82.0	82.1	81.4	79.8	79.8	80.4	79.4	79.9	80.5	82.6		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CH
USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CDN
J	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR; 1: estimated by FAO.

Annual catches in the east central Atlantic
as % of annual catches in all regions

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	8.0	7.1	7.2	6.4	6.9	6.8	7.0	7.5	8.1	7.6		EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		DK
D	9.8	5.9	5.2	4.1	8.6	0.9	0.2	3.5	-	-		D
GR	8.6	8.3	9.9	9.1	10.0	7.2	10.0	8.1	10.3	8.1		GR
E	29.2	27.9	28.4	25.8	25.7	26.9	26.1	27.6	32.9	30.7		E
F	7.9	3.1	3.2	4.3	4.9	4.9	4.9	6.8	8.4	7.6		F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		IRL
I	4.9	6.3	4.7	6.6	7.7	8.2	10.1	6.9	7.5	9.7		I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		NL
P	8.0	7.5	9.4	3.7	2.8	4.3	5.4	6.4	9.1	10.1		P
UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		IS
N	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-		N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		S
EEA	5.0	4.3	4.5	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.8	5.3	4.5		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CH
USA	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CDN
J	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches in the south-east Atlantic
as % of annual catches in all regions

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3.9	3.7	3.8	4.3	4.1	3.6	3.6	1.7	0.3	0.4	:	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	DK
D	13.2	12.9	8.7	14.0	8.2	6.9	7.4	4.4	-	-	:	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	GR
E	13.3	12.2	13.9	16.0	15.1	14.2	14.3	7.4	1.9	2.5	:	E
F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IRL
I	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.1	0.9	-	-	-	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	NL
P	8.4	9.8	11.3	9.0	12.0	9.3	8.0	0.4	-	-	:	P
UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IS
N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	S
EEA	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.1	0.2	0.3	:	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CH
USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CDN
J	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches in the Mediterranean
as % of annual catches in all regions

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	11.2	11.4	11.6	11.4	11.1	10.5	10.6	11.5	11.7	11.5	:	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	DK
D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	D
GR	82.3	82.6	82.7	82.7	81.2	82.2	80.1	80.0	83.2	84.8	:	GR
E	12.3	11.6	10.4	11.5	10.5	9.5	10.4	11.6	11.2	11.4	:	E
F	7.2	6.6	7.1	7.2	6.8	6.5	7.1	6.9	7.9	8.2	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IRL
I	84.9	82.8	90.5	88.9	85.6	84.7	81.9	83.9	83.4	83.3	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	NL
P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	P
UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IS
N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	S
EEA	6.9	6.8	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.9	7.3	7.6	6.9	:	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CH
USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CDN
J	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches in the western Indian Ocean
as % of annual catches in all regions

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	0.3	1.2	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	:	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	DK
D	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	:	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	GR
E	-	1.7	3.0	3.7	4.6	7.5	8.6	8.7	8.4	9.6	:	E
F	2.8	8.5	9.2	10.3	12.1	12.1	8.6	8.1	10.0	10.9	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IRL
I	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	1.1	0.8	1.2	2.9	3.1	1.9	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	NL
P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	P
UK	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IS
N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	S
EEA	0.2	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	:	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CH
USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CDN
J	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches in the north-west Atlantic
as a % of the annual catch in all regions

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1.6	2.0	2.6	4.0	3.6	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.1	1.4		EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B
DK	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		DK
D	5.6	7.7	12.1	9.2	9.8	10.1	9.6	6.3	5.0	1.9		D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GR
E	2.4	2.8	4.9	6.7	6.4	4.7	4.6	2.4	3.2	4.5		E
F	2.7	3.4	4.3	4.4	2.5	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0		F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	1.7	1.9	0.8	0.8	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
NL	-	-	-	2.7	5.8	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	-	NL
P	7.5	8.3	7.5	25.3	21.7	11.9	15.3	21.4	23.5	12.1		P
UK	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FIN
IS	-	-	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IS
N	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.5	0.3	0.1		N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S
EEA	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.6	2.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	0.9		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CH
USA	30.0	24.2	24.2	20.8	18.9	19.5	20.7	22.8	23.1	21.5		USA
CDN	83.2	84.0	82.4	83.1	82.0	81.8	80.6	79.7	76.8	78.5		CDN
J	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches of Atlantic cod, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	545 694	532 728	510 195	504 176	465 648	418 429	384 780	313 217	254 909	216 924		EUR12
B	7 715	6 801	6 240	8 221	8 792	7 273	5 324	4 473	3 504	4 246		B
DK	186 100	192 767	175 421	154 099	149 958	128 074	115 795	98 816	84 693	64 068		DK
D	79 954	89 073	71 327	52 671	51 424	51 334	56 379	58 519	34 406	25 247		D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		GR
E	36 140	35 462	38 334	54 584	42 549	45 709	42 511 ¹	28 331 ¹	26 444 ¹	19 965 ¹		E
F	44 566	46 627	51 349	64 197	47 651	51 489	38 630	20 679	12 605	16 039		F
IRL	8 193	6 616	8 059	7 203	9 098	10 139	7 457	6 668	5 588	4 837		IRL
I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		L
NL	34 780	25 971	31 311	25 339	21 458	17 074	12 030	8 441	6 831	11 135		NL
P	12 230	18 475	18 997	47 209	22 984	14 826	25 403	15 659	14 148	7 117		P
UK	136 016	110 936	109 157	90 653	111 734	92 511	81 251	71 631	66 690	64 270		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		A
FIN	4 676	5 257	3 793	2 917	2 308	2 903	1 913	1 667	1 663	462		FIN
IS	293 890	281 481	322 810	365 859	389 809	375 750	353 985	333 348	306 697	266 684		IS
N	284 043	276 237	247 947	270 577	305 211	252 431	186 353	125 189	161 273	216 575		N
S	61 118	71 825	61 025	52 544	54 665	61 401	59 708	57 415	46 188	22 361		S
EEA	1 189 421	1 167 528	1 145 770	1 196 073	1 217 641	1 110 914	986 739	830 836	770 730	723 006		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CH
USA	50 928	44 044	37 473	25 069	26 854	34 876	35 620	43 823	42 017	27 770		USA
CDN	509 052	475 942	480 471	474 720	458 050	466 400	421 013	394 438	308 325	185 450		CDN
J	5	499	199	217	483	381	563	512	164	9		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR; 1: estimated by FAO.

Annual catches of Atlantic herring, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	408 896	392 967	465 647	485 779	484 336	520 137	554 259	504 434	479 963	479 255		EUR12
B	5 970	5 080	3 482	415	40	4	434	179	163	242		B
DK	172 376	123 716	135 840	150 465	156 589	184 245	170 611	136 241	145 694	155 556		DK
D	69 073	75 410	75 553	68 586	64 166	75 429	103 656	99 842	64 983	66 785		D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		GR
E	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		E
F	16 755	22 429	14 667	9 526	9 230	20 944	30 427	21 367	19 390	12 622		F
IRL	32 025	31 623	31 978	38 020	39 567	41 344	40 899	52 667	53 935	51 715		IRL
I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		L
NL	55 929	56 280	98 211	101 966	99 889	89 984	94 756	82 783	85 487	85 577		NL
P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8	-		P
UK	56 768	78 429	105 916	116 801	114 855	108 187	113 476	111 353	110 303	106 758		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		A
FIN	83 679	86 545	88 702	83 800	82 521	92 824	81 122	66 078	51 546	72 170		FIN
IS	58 867	49 747	49 363	65 756	75 439	92 828	97 278	90 338	78 146	123 323		IS
N	68 224	157 945	239 369	330 681	346 608	338 823	274 941	207 753	200 393	226 448		N
S	158 917	158 634	135 128	120 734	119 871	150 716	157 213	158 896	132 226	195 295		S
EEA	778 583	845 838	978 209	1 086 750	1 108 775	1 195 328	1 164 813	1 027 499	942 274	1 096 491		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CH
USA	23 248	32 711	25 914	27 786	39 755	40 908	40 666	28 903	48 561	55 676		USA
CDN	142 454	132 592	193 400	186 730	248 744	242 340	220 484	259 251	214 924	209 567		CDN
J	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	32	56		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches of sand eels, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	582 069	698 296	630 557	884 333	639 230	834 811	923 061	655 212	864 751	957 809	-	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B
DK	531 769	651 414	594 633	847 530	617 074	799 274	891 870	634 550	854 862	952 794	-	DK
D	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GR
E	-	-	-	-	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	E
F	243	132	109	370	317	207	247	232	175	78	-	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NL
P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P
UK	50 057	46 750	35 815	36 433	21 708	35 330	30 944	20 430	9 714	4 937	-	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IS
N	12 442	30 291	15 653	87 675	198 867	191 653	194 656	96 201	145 361	92 734	-	N
S	269	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	568	-	S
EEA	594 780	728 587	646 210	972 010	838 097	1 026 464	1 117 717	751 413	1 010 112	1 051 111	-	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CH
USA	9	28	65	41	88	58	18	84	9	1	-	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CDN
J	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches of European pilchard, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	429 868	435 407	434 859	417 362	407 669	449 934	451 174	414 096	404 869	423 010	-	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B
DK	4 756	1 210	3 140	3 602	1 573	3 234	4 667	7 312	10 151	37 265	-	DK
D	19	-	633	1 220	3 100	35	-	327	8	4	-	D
GR	10 236	10 356	11 490	10 366	9 681	9 831	10 239	11 053	10 967	20 691	-	GR
E	234 241	257 087	228 988	216 098	227 759	271 088	273 215 ¹	239 920 ¹	224 308 ¹	228 000 ¹	-	E
F	25 982	24 259	29 253	28 698	25 345	26 458	22 532	22 131	27 151	23 058	-	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IRL
I	60 193	45 817	47 382	52 171	47 452	42 761	47 509	37 737	42 169	26 113	-	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
NL	1 083	-	-	-	-	-	11	6	-	37	-	NL
P	86 040	95 344	112 037	103 833	90 766	94 750	91 341	93 538	87 224	83 347	-	P
UK	7 318	1 334	1 936	1 374	1 993	1 777	1 660	2 072	2 891	4 495	-	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	IS
N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S
EEA	429 868	435 407	434 859	417 362	407 669	449 934	451 174	414 096	404 869	423 010	-	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CH
USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CDN
J	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR; 1: estimated by FAO.

Annual catches of Atlantic mackerel, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	441 587	461 747	413 551	389 335	468 542	472 982	418 067	424 422	422 599	472 712		EUR12
B	102	68	44	50	15	22	38	39	124	104		B
DK	34 118	20 498	20 811	25 022	31 495	26 017	25 381	29 450	32 864	37 431		DK
D	24 244	16 481	22 831	28 584	34 281	40 662	42 844	30 299	21 245	26 502		D
GR	250	576	373	330	685	473	1 181	3 524	1 265	2 186		GR
E	15 037	19 380	16 101	23 437	23 466	27 784	27 784 ¹	30 637 ¹	28 131 ¹	25 000 ¹		E
F	12 442	13 254	18 231	13 649	13 609	11 580	19 215	22 752	21 895	18 843		F
IRL	90 375	88 407	91 251	74 511	90 058	88 583	71 030	74 629	76 349	89 463		IRL
I	118	3 963	383	300	15	-	-	-	-	-		I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		L
NL	74 441	98 952	38 723	60 803	45 274	55 258	36 097	31 909	39 726	38 881		NL
P	1 242	1 429	3 998	5 581	5 527	4 330	3 110	3 819	2 632	3 576		P
UK	189 218	198 739	200 805	157 068	224 117	218 273	191 387	197 364	198 368	230 726		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		IS
N	79 970	142 538	115 358	156 749	157 174	162 139	143 310	149 847	179 898	207 449		N
S	1 941	1 597	888	1 310	3 173	1 120	5 921	3 573	4 316	5 025		S
EEA	523 498	605 882	529 797	547 394	628 889	636 241	567 298	577 842	606 813	685 186		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CH
USA	3 819	4 529	6 761	9 255	12 593	12 391	14 499	31 779	26 946	11 735		USA
CDN	19 792	17 032	29 862	28 460	26 670	22 740	21 260	20 490	25 658	22 529		CDN
J	52	48	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	11		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR; 1: estimated by FAO.

Annual catches of Norway pout, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	322 329	308 670	211 434	194 698	219 750	181 704	201 066	128 708	163 711	267 046		EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		B
DK	317 366	305 461	210 996	194 494	219 163	181 155	200 675	128 708	163 702	266 933		DK
D	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		GR
E	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		E
F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		IRL
I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		L
NL	4 963	3 096	352	168	1	-	260	-	8	110		NL
P	-	-	-	-	4	0	-	-	-	-		P
UK	-	112	86	36	582	549	131	-	1	3		UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		FIN
IS	1 724	-	-	-	-	3 647	4 007	479	-	-		IS
N	190 567	183 196	114 527	69 760	81 237	62 052	123 556	142 315	120 084	162 035		N
S	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5		S
EEA	514 672	491 866	325 961	264 458	300 987	247 403	328 629	271 502	283 798	429 086		EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CH
USA	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		CDN
J	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

Annual catches of European plaice, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	128 477	144 623	185 095	164 641	170 049	174 868	178 357	184 661	168 452	149 183	:	EUR12
B	10 591	11 627	12 003	9 973	12 336	15 386	14 416	17 766	17 954	14 828	:	B
DK	30 555	35 229	42 732	41 097	37 049	32 442	30 804	37 453	32 460	31 931	:	DK
D	2 505	2 558	2 931	2 287	2 125	2 647	5 393	8 991	8 039	6 910	:	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	GR
E	14	-	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	E
F	5 666	5 234	6 408	5 885	8 019	9 456	7 420	7 502	5 662	5 026	:	F
IRL	2 352	2 573	3 243	2 677	3 228	3 410	2 778	2 648	2 272	2 546	:	IRL
I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	L
NL	54 442	64 250	95 503	79 189	78 821	79 646	84 205	78 204	67 945	51 064	:	NL
P	-	-	-	216	248	219	184	191	218	197	:	P
UK	22 352	23 152	22 196	23 317	28 223	31 562	33 157	31 906	33 902	36 681	:	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	FIN
IS	8 552	11 334	14 446	12 700	11 162	14 040	11 299	11 360	10 794	10 500	:	IS
N	882	1 183	750	638	364	441	899	2 473	1 165	1 517	:	N
S	540	743	748	484	634	543	500	1 172	859	666	:	S
EEA	138 451	157 883	201 039	178 463	182 209	189 892	191 055	199 666	181 270	161 866	:	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CH
USA	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CDN
J	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR.

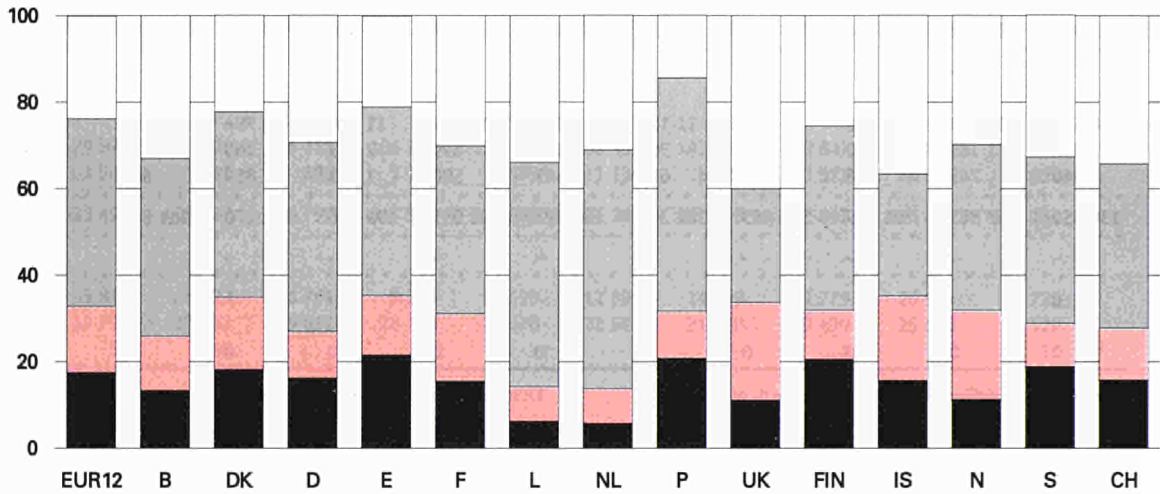
Annual catches of European anchovy, t live weight

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	119 951	124 156	103 112	78 848	78 972	84 865	84 807	85 327	79 217	85 293	:	EUR12
B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	DK
D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	D
GR	12 151	16 530	17 544	18 337	24 736	19 182	14 791	14 668	15 843	11 512	:	GR
E	48 285	60 062	21 782	22 112	25 270	30 954	37 403 ¹	38 617 ¹	34 278 ¹	36 200 ¹	:	E
F	4 066	3 330	4 072	3 833	7 599	13 168	12 156	15 457	11 089	19 207	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IRL
I	54 418	43 741	57 275	32 413	19 741	20 800	19 616	15 993	17 761	18 224	:	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	L
NL	19	-	-	-	-	13	1	3	-	-	:	NL
P	1 012	468	2 439	2 153	1 621	744	823	565	234	138	:	P
UK	-	25	-	-	5	4	17	24	12	12	:	UK
A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	A
FIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	FIN
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	IS
N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	N
S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	S
EEA	119 951	124 156	103 112	78 848	78 972	84 865	84 807	85 327	79 217	85 293	:	EEA
CH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CH
USA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	USA
CDN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	CDN
J	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	J

FURTHER READING Fisheries, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

D: includes in all years data on the former GDR. 1: estimated by FAO.

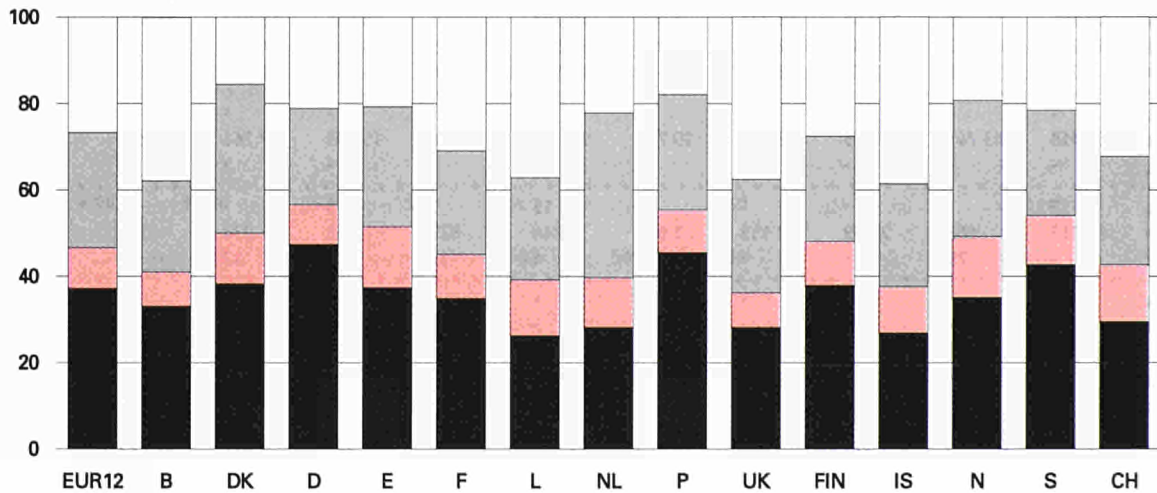
Enterprises in industry, construction and services as % of all enterprises in trade and industry. 1991



Black: industry, NACE 1-4; orange: construction, NACE 5; grey: distribution, NACE 6; white: services other than distribution, NACE 7-9.

FURTHER READING Enterprises in Europe, third report, 1990/91. Eurostat 1994.

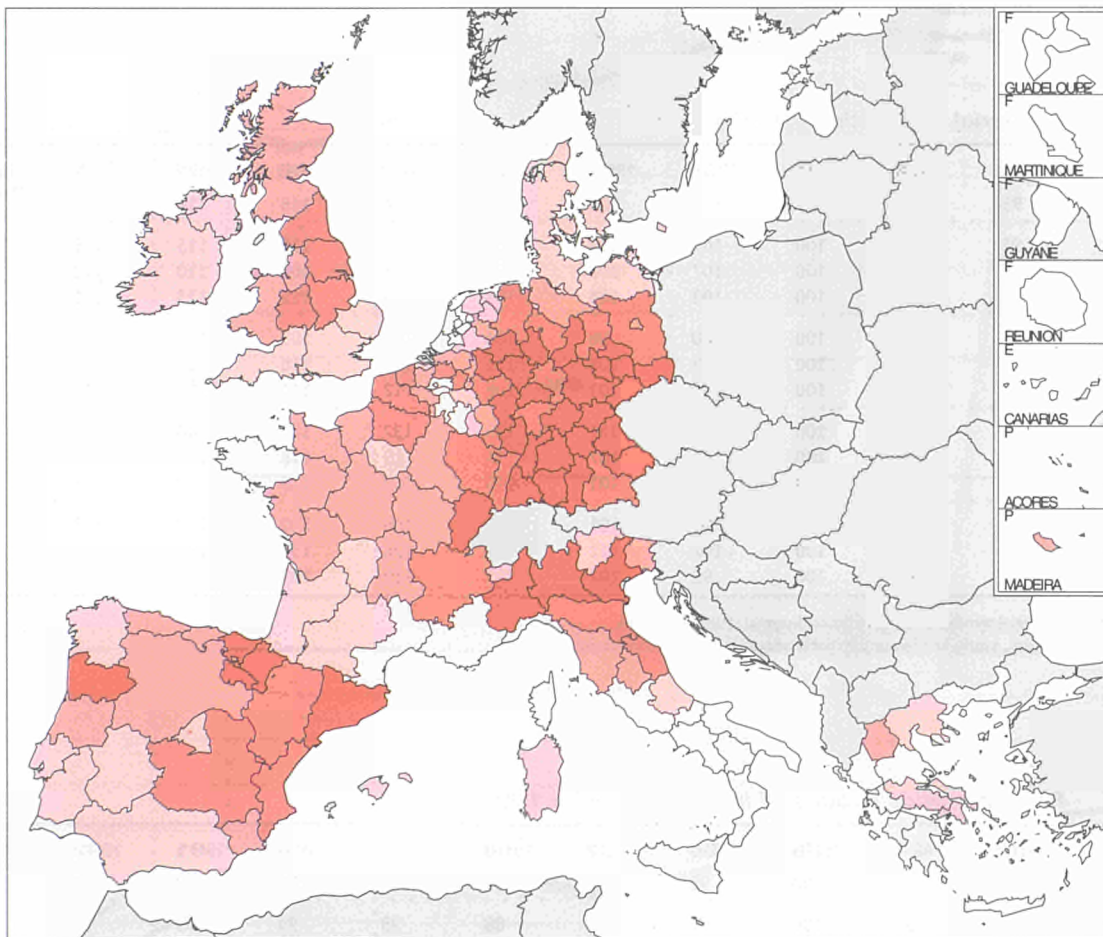
Employment in industry, construction and services as % of total employment in trade and industry. 1991



Black: industry, NACE 1-4; orange: construction, NACE 5; grey: distribution, NACE 6; white: services other than distribution, NACE 7-9.

FURTHER READING Enterprises in Europe, third report, 1990/91. Eurostat 1994.

Employment in industry as % of total employment. 1991



-25

25-30

30-35

35-40

40-

:

FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Industrial production. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	95	97	100	102	105	109	114	116	116	115	111	EUR12
B	95	98	100	101	103	109	113	118	115	115	109	B
DK	87	96	100	107	103	105	107	108	110	112	109	DK
D	92	95	100	102	103	108	113	119	123	121	112	D
GR	95	97	100	100	98	104	105	103	102	101	98	GR
E	97	98	100	103	108	111	116	116	115	112	107	E
F	100	100	100	101	103	108	112	114	114	113	109	F
IRL	:	:	100	102	111	123	137	144	148	162	171	IRL
I	96	99	100	104	107	114	119	118	115	114	111	I
L	83	94	100	102	101	110	119	118	119	118	114	L
NL	92	96	100	100	101	104	108	110	113	113	112	NL
P	90	90	100	107	112	116	124	135	137	135	129	P
UK	95	95	100	99	102	107	110	109	105	105	107	UK

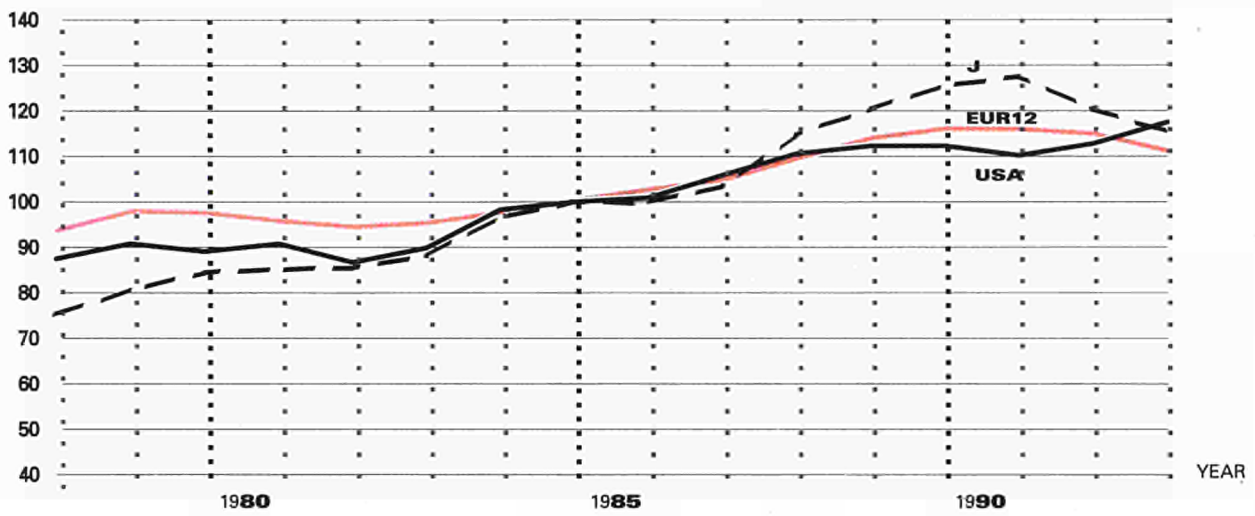
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Producer price indices of industry. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	98	99	101	106	109	112	113	115	EUR12
B	92	97	100	91	87	88	93	94	93	93	92	B
DK	90	96	100	96	97	101	107	109	110	109	108	DK
D	95	98	100	98	95	96	99	101	103	105	105	D
GR	72	84	100	121	130	145	163	189	221	247	:	GR
E	83	93	100	101	102	105	109	112	113	115	118	E
F	88	95	100	98	97	100	104	106	107	107	106	F
IRL	:	:	100	101	103	107	113	113	114	117	119	IRL
I	84	93	100	100	103	107	113	118	122	124	129	I
L	91	97	100	98	91	94	101	99	96	94	93	L
NL	94	99	100	90	84	84	86	87	90	90	89	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	90	95	100	100	102	106	112	118	123	125	130	UK

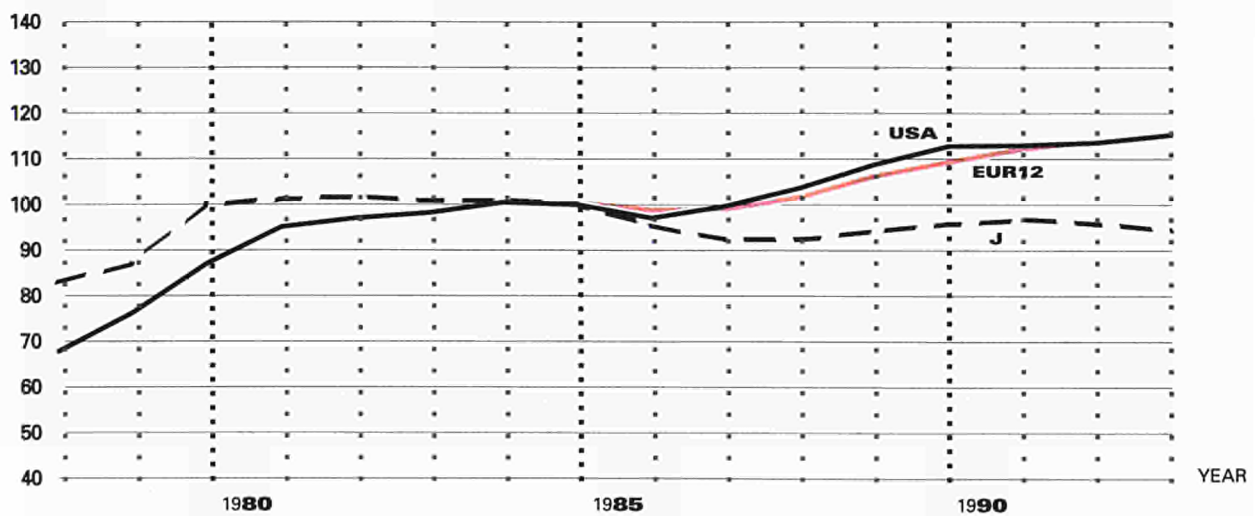
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Industrial production. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Producer price indices of industry. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Production of intermediate goods. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	102	104	109	112	112	112	112	109	EUR12
B	94	98	100	100	103	110	114	118	116	115	109	B
DK	89	98	100	110	110	111	112	110	112	115	110	DK
D	94	98	100	101	102	108	113	116	118	118	112	D
GR	95	98	100	101	102	107	107	105	100	98	96	GR
E	96	98	100	102	103	105	111	110	109	106	101	E
F	97	99	100	101	104	108	112	113	115	115	112	F
IRL	91	98	100	101	103	111	128	132	142	155	166	IRL
I	96	100	100	103	107	114	118	117	114	113	111	I
L	81	94	100	101	100	111	121	118	117	114	109	L
NL	91	95	100	98	100	103	106	106	110	110	109	NL
P	:	:	100	108	114	116	119	126	126	124	118	P
UK	96	93	100	99	103	106	104	103	101	101	104	UK

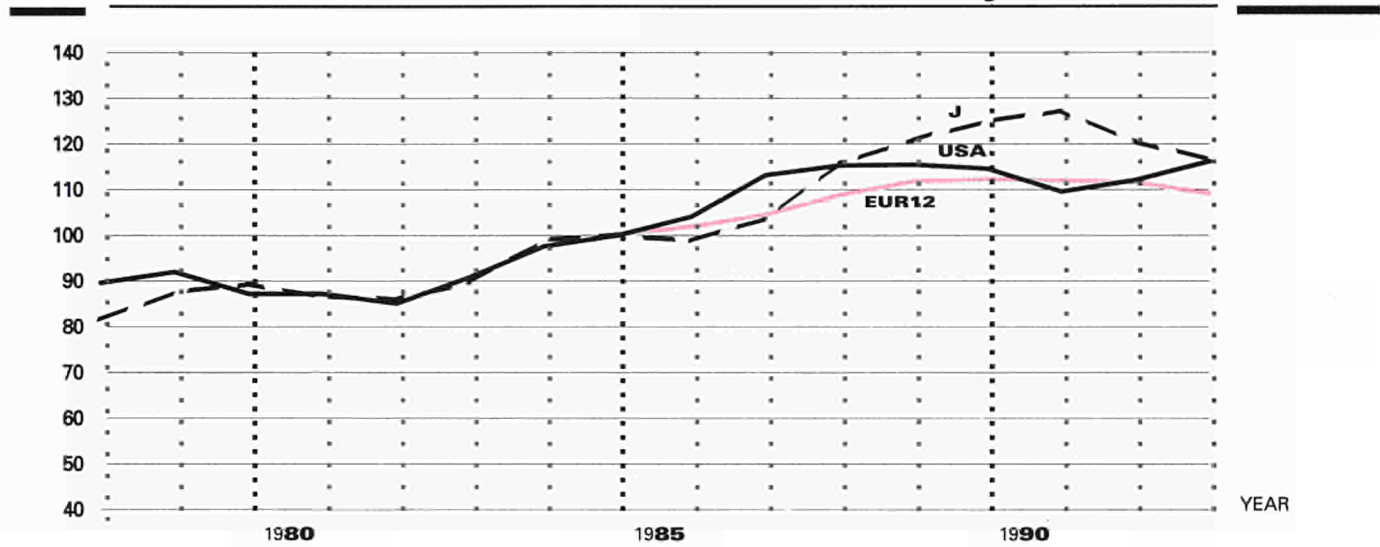
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Producer price indices of intermediate goods. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	95	93	95	100	102	104	104	105	EUR12
B	92	98	100	84	79	80	85	86	83	81	80	B
DK	93	99	100	90	90	94	101	105	105	102	102	DK
D	94	98	100	94	89	89	93	94	96	96	94	D
GR	71	84	100	120	128	142	159	182	212	235	:	GR
E	82	93	100	97	95	97	100	101	101	100	102	E
F	88	96	100	97	96	99	103	103	103	102	100	F
IRL	:	:	100	80	75	75	81	85	90	83	84	IRL
I	84	93	100	95	96	99	106	112	115	116	120	I
L	92	97	100	96	87	90	97	94	90	85	83	L
NL	98	104	100	86	79	79	81	82	84	83	81	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	90	95	100	96	97	100	105	109	112	113	116	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

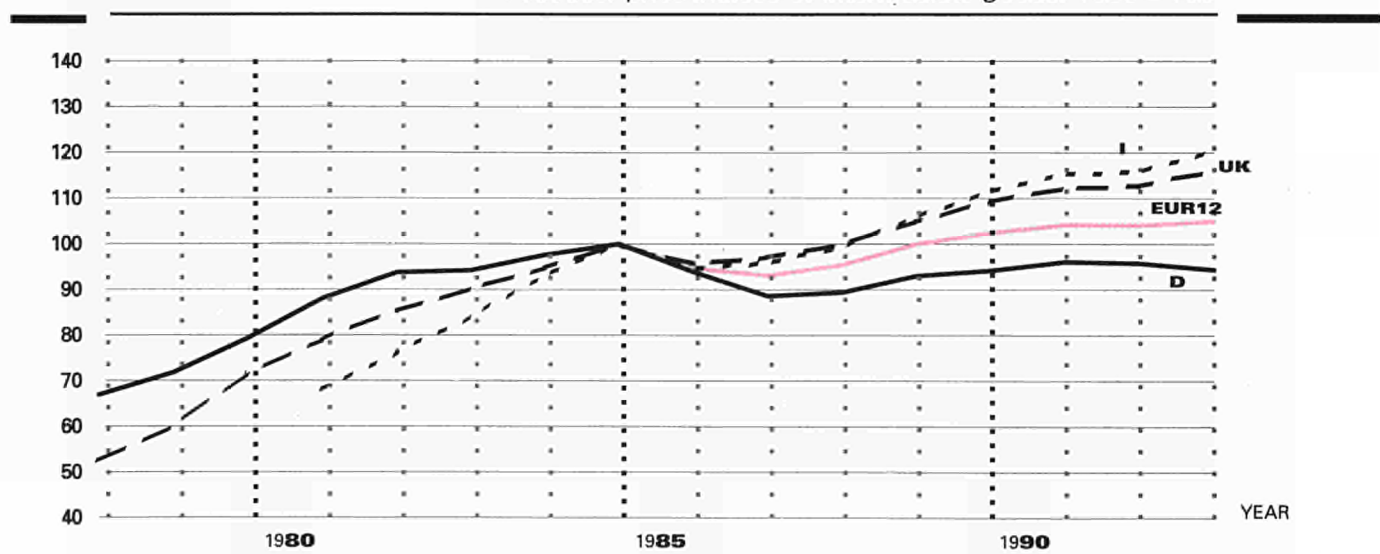
Production of intermediate goods. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

US, J: data provided by OECD

Producer price indices of intermediate goods. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Production of capital goods industry, 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	103	104	110	117	120	118	114	107	EUR12
B	96	95	100	100	98	103	111	115	119	106	106	B
DK	82	93	100	107	99	103	108	108	109	110	105	DK
D	87	92	100	103	103	108	115	123	126	122	111	D
GR	114	106	100	105	100	111	110	111	118	122	107	GR
E	96	93	100	111	128	142	151	144	131	124	115	E
F	105	102	100	100	101	108	113	117	114	108	100	F
IRL	75	95	100	108	132	164	193	205	200	226	242	IRL
I	93	95	100	109	109	120	125	125	118	111	106	I
L	77	88	100	101	97	100	104	111	120	112	110	L
NL	91	96	100	101	98	99	104	108	109	109	106	NL
P	:	:	100	108	113	117	115	121	119	110	102	P
UK	92	95	100	100	101	109	120	122	114	111	113	UK

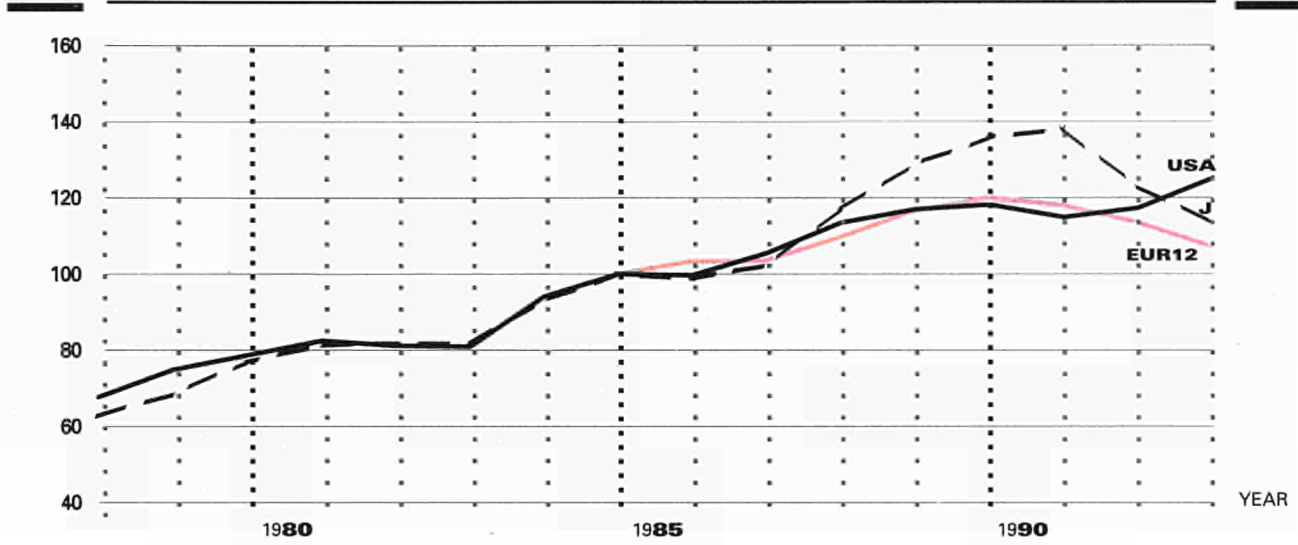
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Producer price indices of capital goods industry, 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	89	95	100	104	107	111	115	119	123	126	127	EUR12
B	93	97	100	102	103	104	108	111	114	117	118	B
DK	87	92	100	102	104	108	115	118	120	120	123	DK
D	95	97	100	102	104	106	109	112	116	119	121	D
GR	73	86	100	121	130	147	166	188	219	247	:	GR
E	84	92	100	106	112	117	122	127	132	135	136	E
F	87	95	100	103	106	109	111	113	115	115	113	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	84	93	100	107	113	116	123	128	131	135	139	I
L	91	96	100	105	105	107	113	116	120	122	122	L
NL	94	96	100	102	102	103	106	108	109	110	110	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	90	95	100	104	109	114	121	129	135	138	142	UK

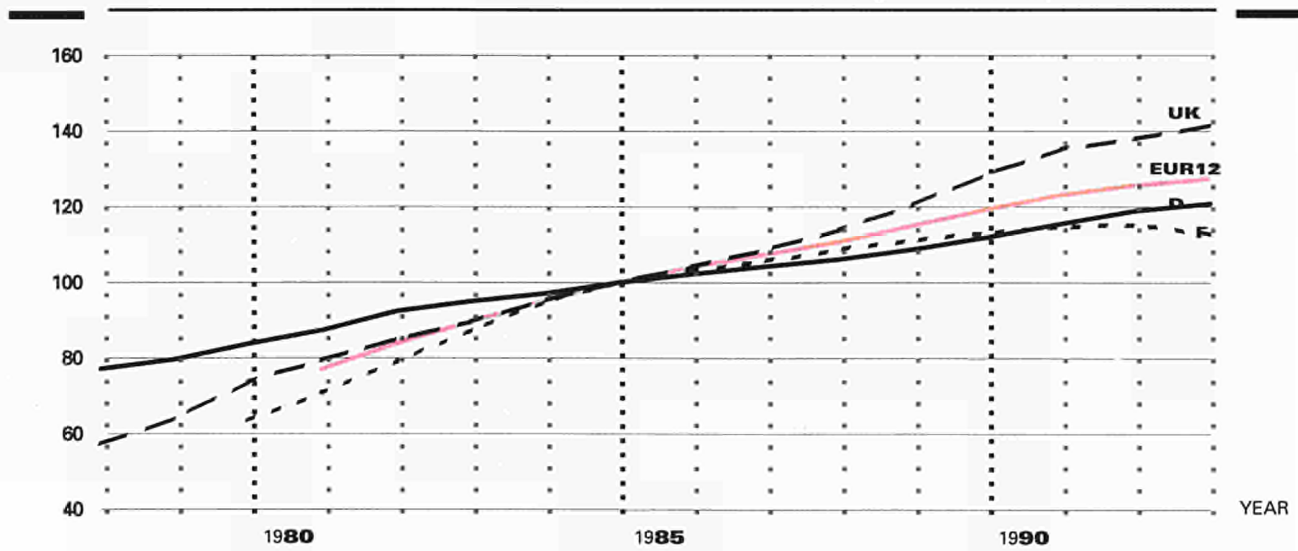
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of capital goods industry. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Producer price indices of capital goods industry. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Production of consumer goods industry. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	103	105	109	114	117	119	119	116	EUR12
B	97	98	100	103	106	108	112	117	118	119	115	B
DK	90	97	100	105	101	103	104	106	110	112	111	DK
D	94	95	100	103	104	106	111	119	126	125	115	D
GR	90	93	100	98	93	98	102	100	100	101	100	GR
E	99	99	100	103	109	112	115	118	120	118	113	E
F	99	99	100	101	103	106	110	113	113	114	112	F
IRL	95	98	100	102	110	116	121	126	131	140	145	IRL
I	96	99	100	103	105	112	116	116	116	116	116	I
L	97	95	100	108	112	111	114	122	129	144	147	L
NL	96	99	100	105	107	109	115	120	123	124	125	NL
P	:	:	100	110	115	119	125	133	135	130	123	P
UK	95	98	100	100	106	111	114	114	109	110	111	UK

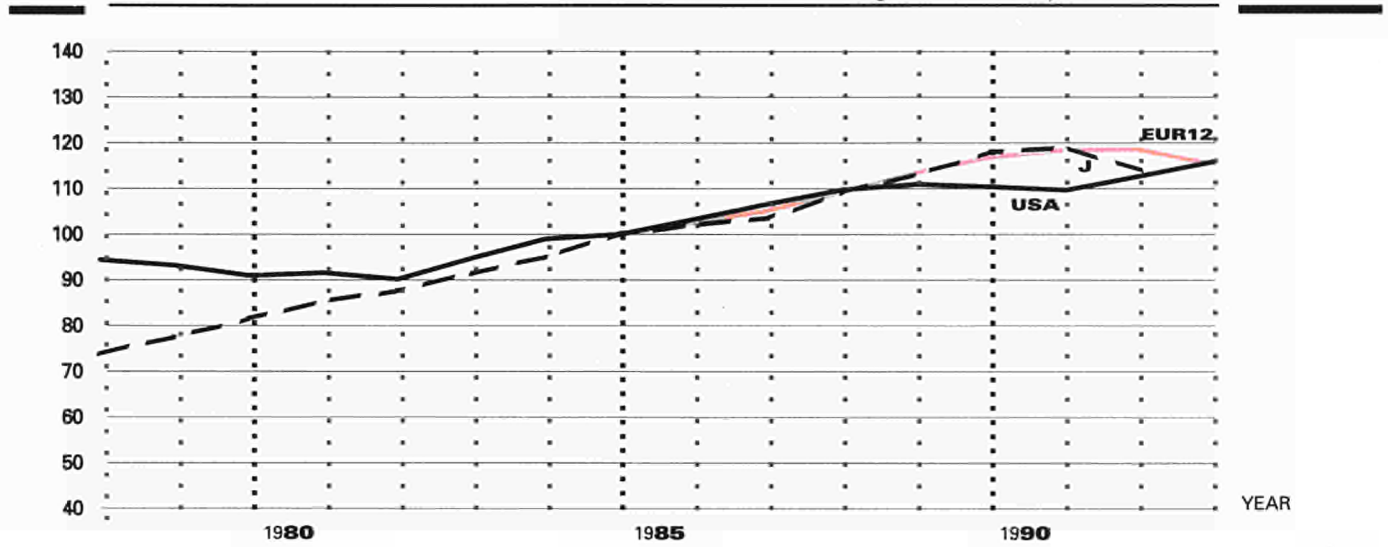
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Producer price indices of consumer goods industry. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	102	104	107	111	115	118	122	124	EUR12
B	90	96	100	101	98	100	104	104	105	108	107	B
DK	90	97	100	99	99	104	109	109	110	109	107	DK
D	97	99	100	101	101	102	104	106	108	112	113	D
GR	71	84	100	122	134	148	169	200	236	266	:	GR
E	84	93	100	105	109	113	118	122	126	130	134	E
F	89	95	100	100	100	102	108	110	111	113	113	F
IRL	:	:	100	102	106	112	118	116	114	118	122	IRL
I	84	93	100	105	109	113	119	122	127	131	136	I
L	91	96	100	103	105	109	113	115	119	125	127	L
NL	89	92	100	95	89	89	92	94	97	99	100	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	89	95	100	104	108	113	118	124	132	139	145	UK

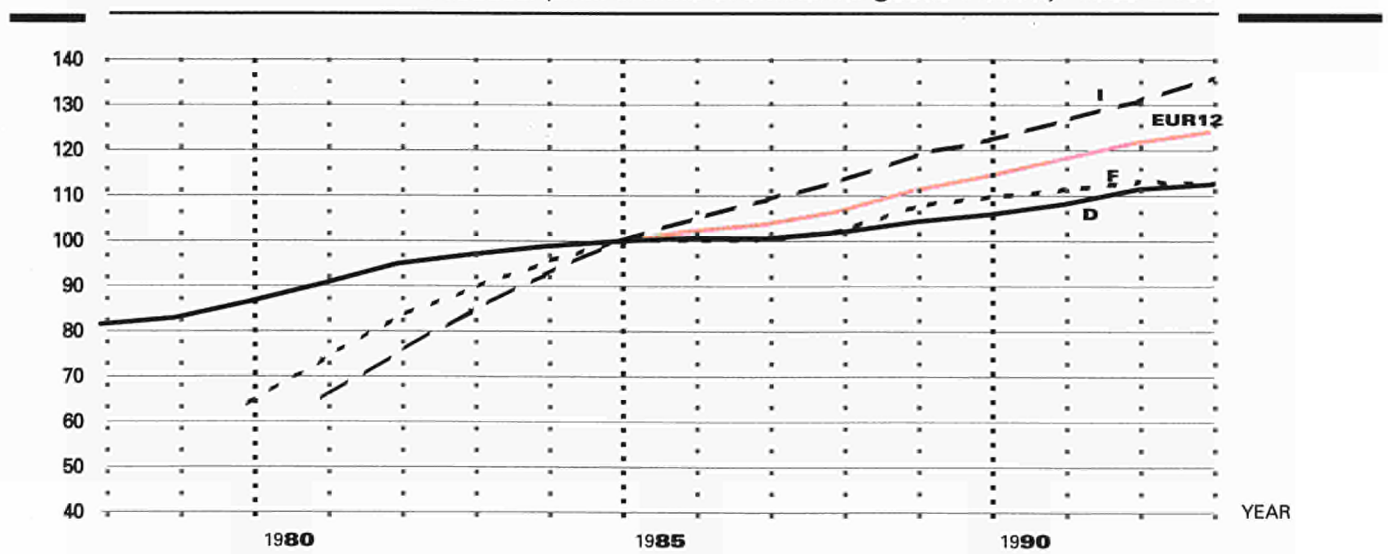
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of consumer goods industry. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Producer price indices of consumer goods industry. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Employed in manufacturing industries. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	23 692 *	23 273 *	22 863 *	22 577 *	22 534 *	22 546 *	22 926 *	23 205 *	22 961 *	22 154 *	20 975 *	EUR12
B	657 *	652 *	641 *	630	610	598	629 *	642 *	635 *	610 *	577 *	B
DK	315	331	357	366	358	347	342	342	341	338	324 *	DK
D	6 654	6 620	6 729	6 840	6 821	6 821 *	7 043	7 267 *	7 346 *	7 152 *	6 672 *	D
GR	301 *	299 *	295 *	:	291	290	288	282	263	250 *	237 *	GR
E	2 144	2 042	1 942	1 917	1 945	1 978	2 023	2 044	2 032	1 984 *	1 836 *	E
F	4 168	4 020	3 890 *	3 747 *	3 630 *	3 586 *	3 597	3 567	3 577	3 474 *	3 337 *	F
IRL	175 *	170 *	163 *	161 *	158 *	160 *	166 *	169	171 *	170 *	170 *	IRL
I	3 296 *	3 249 *	3 048 *	2 899 *	2 952 *	2 939	2 980	2 941	2 932 *	2 806 *	2 683 *	I
L	35	35	35	35	34	33	33 *	33 *	32 *	32 *	31 *	L
NL	733 *	720	734 *	744	755 *	755 *	770 *	783 *	786 *	784 *	:	NL
P	675 *	655 *	623 *	628 *	629 *	619 *	619 *	785 *	779 *	719 *	653 *	P
UK	4 563 *	4 504	4 427	4 340	4 370	4 440	4 455	4 369	4 084	3 851 *	3 703 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	16 857	17 269	16 928	16 537	17 179	17 376	17 257	17 042	16 282	15 947 *	15 638 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	10 638	10 717	10 875	10 822	10 686	10 888	10 936	11 152	11 327	11 398 *	:	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of manufacturing industries. 1985 = 100

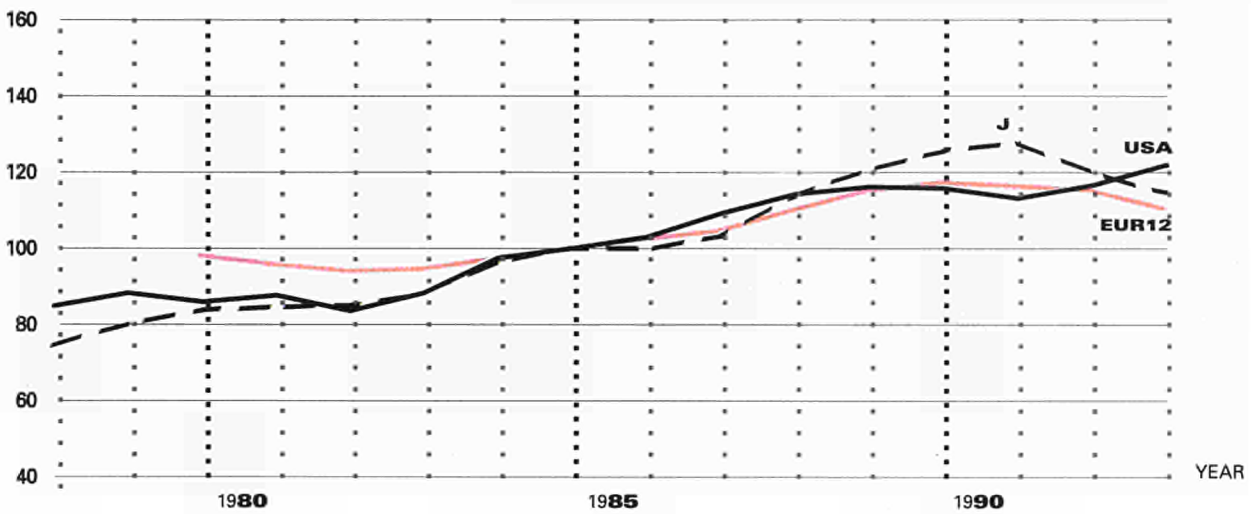
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	95	97	100	102	105	110	115	117	116	115	111	EUR12
B	96	98	100	101	103	109	113	119	114	118	110	B
DK	88	96	100	106	102	104	106	107	109	110	107	DK
D	92	95	100	103	103	108	114	120	125	123	113	D
GR	96	97	100	99	97	102	105	101	100	99	96	GR
E	98	98	100	104	110	113	118	118	117	113	:	E
F	101	100	100	101	102	108	113	115	113	112	106	F
IRL	87	96	100	103	113	128	142	149	154	170	179	IRL
I	95	99	100	104	106	114	118	117	114	112	110	I
L	83	94	100	102	101	109	118	117	118	117	113	L
NL	92	97	100	103	103	107	112	115	116	117	115	NL
P	91	90	100	108	114	117	120	127	128	125	118	P
UK	94	98	100	101	106	114	119	118	112	111	113	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	90	93	100	101	102	101	101	101	99	101	103	N
S	91	97	100	100	103	105	109	110	104	100	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	88	98	100	103	109	114	116	116	113	118	123	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	88	96	100	100	103	114	121	126	128	120	115	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Manufacturing industries include mineral oil refining, the nuclear fuels industry, and production and preliminary processing of metals. It covers industries such as manufacture of non-metallic mineral products; chemicals; man-made fibres; manufacture of metal articles; food, drink and tobacco; textiles; leather and leather

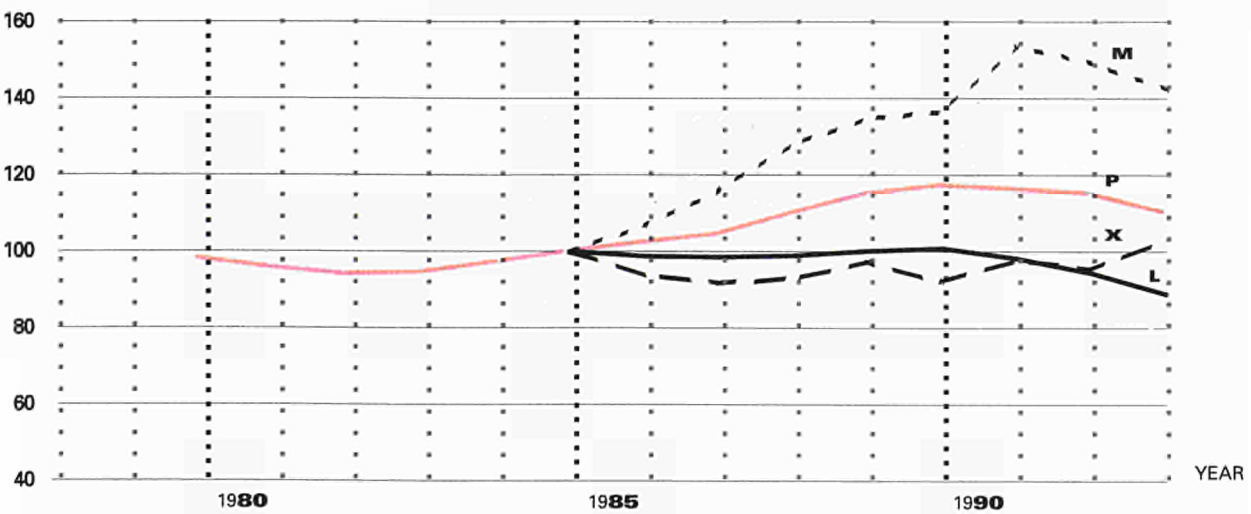
goods; timber and wooden furniture; manufacture of paper and paper products including printing and publishing; and processing of rubber and plastics. Not included are mining and extraction, primary energy industries and building and civil engineering.

Production of manufacturing industries. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Manufacturing industries of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

Turnover of manufacturing industries in current prices. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1 870.6 *	2 048.6 *	2 182.1 *	2 140.7 *	2 243.7 *	2 442.4 *	2 695.4 *	2 840.9 *	2 944.5 *	2 956.1 *	2 825.3 *	EUR12
B	66.9	72.3	76.0	77.9	79.0	81.2	96.1	102.3 *	102.8 *	106.3 *	105.5 *	B
DK	27.0	30.4	33.6	35.9	35.6	37.2	38.5	41.1	42.8	44.4	43.6 *	DK
D	564.7	611.5	655.1	673.7	696.0	734.6	804.6	871.6	936.0	959.8 *	933.2 *	D
GR	:	:	:	:	15.5	16.9	18.8	19.4	19.8	20.8 *	21.1 *	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	372.0	384.6	416.8	413.1	420.2	451.7	50:83	527.1	533.4	544.7 *	520.2 *	F
IRL	16.2	18.2	19.7	19.3	19.7	22.1	25.0	25.7	27.4 *	29.8 *	31.1 *	IRL
I	262.2	311.9	319.7	319.4	355.9	385.5	425.6	444.8	460.6	447.8 *	395.4 *	I
L	2.8	3.4	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.3	5.0 *	4.9 *	4.7 *	4.9 *	5.1 *	L
NL	91.4 *	99.9	105.3 *	102.5 *	103.6 *	110.6 *	120.2 *	124.0 *	125.7 *	127.2 *	130.1 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	34.4 *	37.6 *	40.5 *	37.4 *	P
UK	315.0	348.0	374.5	326.8	352.1	412.4	443.3	441.0 *	437.5 *	418.9 *	416.9 *	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

B, DK, D, F, IRL, I, L, NL: enterprises of 20 employees and more; GR, E, P: local units; UK: businesses of 20 employees and more.

Turnover of manufacturing industries in current prices. 1985 = 100

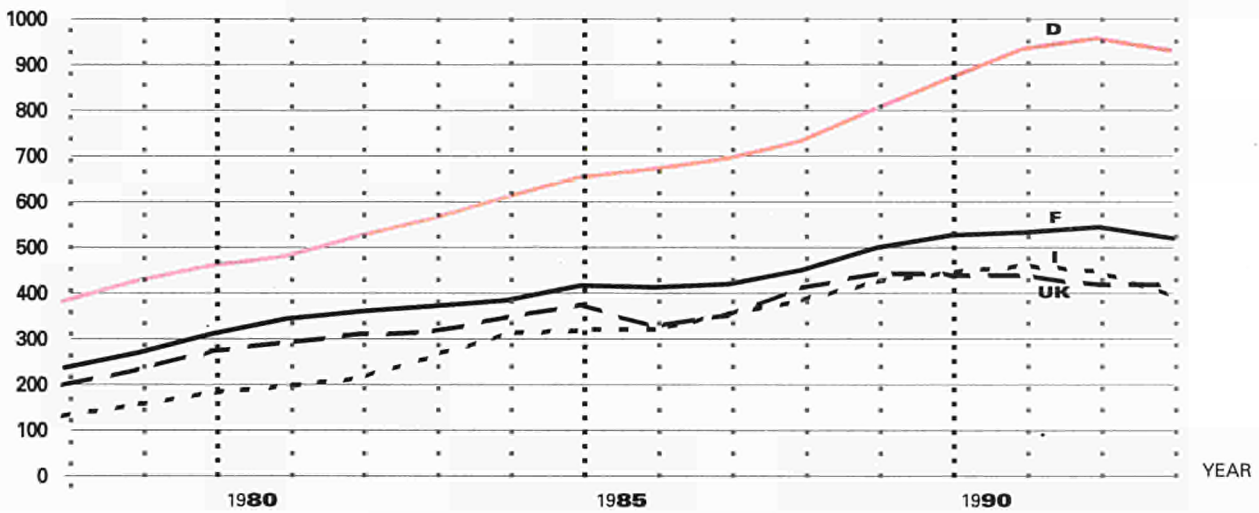
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	86 *	94 *	100 *	98 *	103 *	112 *	124 *	130 *	135 *	135 *	129 *	EUR12
B	88	95	100	103	104	107	127	135 *	135 *	140 *	139 *	B
DK	80	90	100	107	106	111	114	122	127	132	130 *	DK
D	86	93	100	103	106	112	123	133	143	147 *	142 *	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	89	92	100	99	101	108	:	126	128	131 *	125 *	F
IRL	82	92	100	98	100	112	126	130	139 *	151 *	158 *	IRL
I	82	98	100	100	111	121	133	139	144	140 *	124 *	I
L	71	86	100	102	99	107	126 *	123 *	119 *	122 *	128 *	L
NL	87 *	95	100 *	97 *	98 *	105 *	114 *	118 *	119 *	121 *	124 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	84	93	100	87	94	110	118	118 *	117 *	112 *	111 *	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Turnover of manufacturing industry covers the value of sales, excluding VAT, from enterprises with 20 or more employees in manufacturing industry, excluding mining and extraction, primary energy and building and civil engineering. Up to 1989 Greece, Spain and

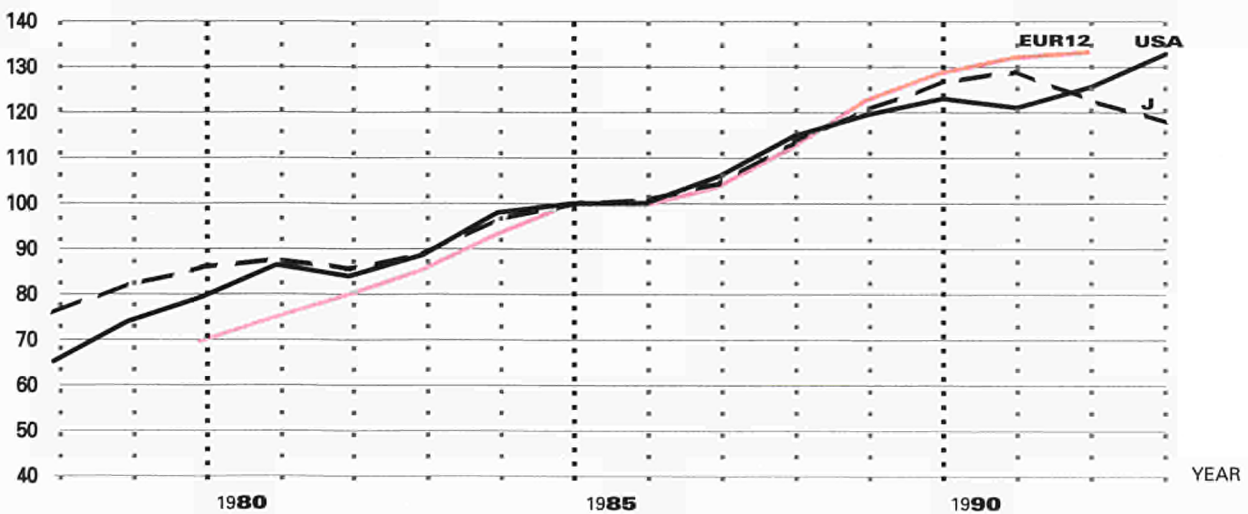
Portugal included units with one or more employees; and USA and Japan include for all years establishments with one or more employees. EU Member States collect the data according to the harmonized annual survey on the structure and activity of industry.

Turnover of manufacturing industries in current prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Turnover of manufacturing industries in current prices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of manufacturing industries at 1985 prices. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	627.0 *	631.1 *	642.0 *	670.5 *	705.8 *	743.5 *	769.2 *	780.2 *	788.4 *	783.6 *	752.6 *	EUR12
B	20.5	18.6	19.4	20.5	20.8	20.6	23.9	24.9 *	25.2 *	25.9 *	25.7 *	B
DK	9.1	9.5	9.8	10.6	10.9	12.0	11.9	12.0	12.7	13.3	13.1 *	DK
D	192.7	196.2	204.2	213.2	218.8	226.7	236.3	250.6	263.1	262.8 *	244.5 *	D
GR	5.0	3.0	3.2	0.0	3.5	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8 *	3.8 *	GR
E	46.8	44.9	43.7	47.8	53.0	54.7	57.8	59.0	61.1	60.8 *	59.3 *	E
F	117.2	115.1	115.2	118.8	123.7	130.6	130.3	130.4	132.9	130.5 *	120.3 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	82.6	88.7	88.9	91.1	99.2	106.1	110.0 *	105.4	108.7	105.4 *	102.7 *	I
L	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.7 *	L
NL	24.2 *	24.5 *	24.8	28.0	28.1	30.2	30.8	31.4	30.6	31.1 *	30.8 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	117.2	118.0	120.0	123.5	132.9	143.3	147.6	143.3 *	129.0 *	128.1 *	130.6 *	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

B, DK, D, F, IRL, I, L, NL: enterprises of 20 employees and more; GR, E, P: local units; UK: businesses of 20 employees and more.

Gross value-added at factor cost of manufacturing industries at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98 *	98 *	100 *	104 *	110 *	116 *	120 *	122 *	123 *	122 *	117 *	EUR12
B	106	96	100	106	107	107	124	128 *	130 *	134 *	133 *	B
DK	92	96	100	108	111	122	121	122	129	135	133 *	DK
D	94	96	100	104	107	111	116	123	129	129 *	120 *	D
GR	156	94	100	0	107	117	122	121	120	118 *	117 *	GR
E	107	103	100	109	121	125	132	135	140	139 *	136 *	E
F	102	100	100	103	107	113	113	113	115	113 *	104 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	93	100	100	102	112	119	124 *	119	122	119 *	116 *	I
L	84	94	100	112	105	115	129 *	125 *	123 *	126 *	131 *	L
NL	98 *	98 *	100	113	113	122	124	127	123	125 *	124 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	98	98	100	103	111	119	123	119 *	108 *	107 *	109 *	UK

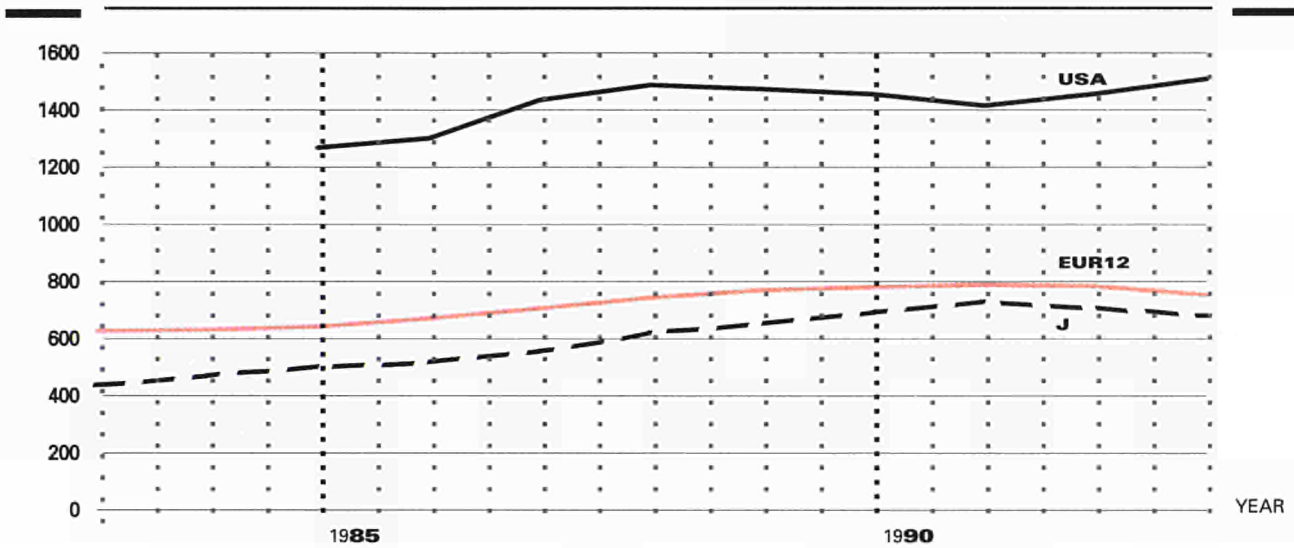
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.



Gross value-added at factor cost is calculated in 1985 prices by deflating the current price series by the corresponding industrial output price index. It is, therefore, best regarded as a measure of the returns of the factors of production, rather than of real output. EU data are collected by the Member States by means of the harmonized annual survey on the structure and activity of

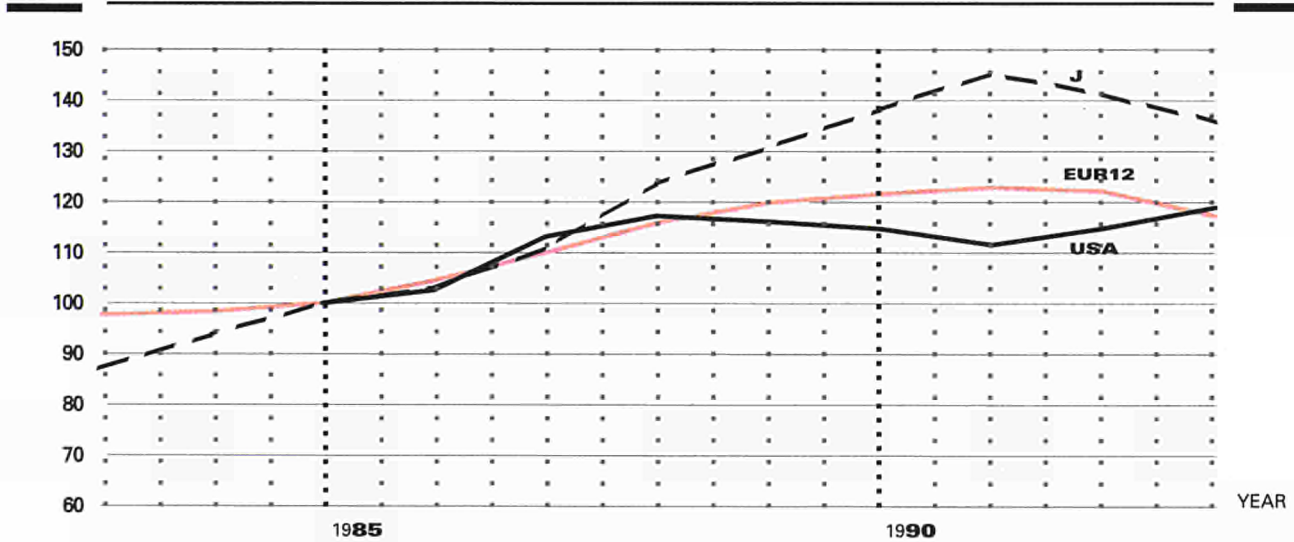
industry. They cover enterprises in manufacturing (NACE 14, 152, 22, 24-26, 3 and 4) with 20 or more employees. Greece, Spain and Portugal include up to 1989 local units employing one or more persons; and the USA and Japan include for all years establishments with one or more employees.

Gross value-added at factor cost of manufacturing industries at 1985 prices. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of manufacturing industries at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in manufacturing industries. 1985 prices in ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	26 465	27 115	28 081	29 697	31 322	32 976	33 550	33 622	34 336	35 369	35 882	EUR12
B	31 170	28 514	30 222	32 584	34 017	34 490	38 041	38 748	39 729	42 533	44 608	B
DK	28 820	28 578	27 515	28 949	30 575	34 478	34 780	35 065	37 304	39 393	40 480	DK
D	28 966	29 643	30 351	31 163	32 078	33 240	33 557	34 490	35 817	36 747	36 646	D
GR	16 771	10 105	10 920	11 387	11 854	13 051	13 680	13 904	14 706	15 184	15 930	GR
E	21 836	21 973	22 514	24 947	27 267	27 644	28 559	28 882	30 049	30 669	32 327	E
F	28 122	28 629	29 619	31 695	34 082	36 421	36 233	36 561	37 148	37 548	36 068	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	25 052	27 300	29 160	31 417	33 610	36 091	36 899	35 827	37 081	37 574	38 295	I
L	30 577	34 483	36 459	40 654	38 914	44 746	49 936	49 072	48 792	49 632	54 389	L
NL	33 073	33 955	33 822	37 602	37 268	39 966	40 002	40 133	38 881	39 710	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	25 688	26 202	27 102	28 449	30 419	32 267	33 134	32 798	31 596	33 266	35 262	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	74 934	78 715	83 557	85 617	85 373	85 407	86 939	91 355	96 511	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	41 048	43 810	46 063	47 672	51 926	56 904	59 875	62 141	64 277	62 050	:	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

B, DK, D, F, IRL, I, L, NL: enterprises of 20 employees and more; GR, E, P: local units; UK: businesses of 20 employees and more.

Employment in manufacturing industries. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	103.6	101.8	100.0	98.8	98.6	98.6	100.3	101.5	100.4	96.9	91.7	EUR12
B	102.5	101.7	100.0	98.3	95.2	93.3	98.2	100.1	99.0	95.2	90.1	B
DK	88.0	92.5	100.0	102.3	100.0	97.1	95.7	95.6	95.5	94.5	90.6	DK
D	98.9	98.4	100.0	101.7	101.4	101.4	104.7	108.0	109.2	106.3	99.2	D
GR	101.9	101.3	100.0	99.3	98.6	98.2	97.6	95.4	89.1	84.8	80.2	GR
E	110.4	105.2	100.0	98.7	100.2	101.9	104.2	105.3	104.6	102.2	94.5	E
F	107.2	103.3	100.0	96.3	93.3	92.2	92.5	91.7	92.0	89.3	85.8	F
IRL	107.2	103.9	100.0	98.7	96.8	97.8	101.4	103.7	104.4	104.1	103.9	IRL
I	108.1	106.6	100.0	95.1	96.9	96.4	97.8	96.5	96.2	92.1	88.0	I
L	100.8	99.7	100.0	100.9	98.0	93.9	93.9	92.8	92.1	92.3	87.8	L
NL	99.8	98.1	100.0	101.3	102.8	102.8	104.8	106.6	107.0	106.8	101.9	NL
P	108.2	105.0	100.0	100.8	100.9	99.3	99.4	125.9	125.0	115.3	104.7	P
UK	103.1	101.7	100.0	98.0	98.7	100.3	100.6	98.7	92.3	87.0	83.7	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	99.6	102.0	100.0	97.7	101.5	102.6	101.9	100.7	96.2	94.2	92.4	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	97.8	98.5	100.0	99.5	98.3	100.1	100.6	102.5	104.2	104.8	99.6	J

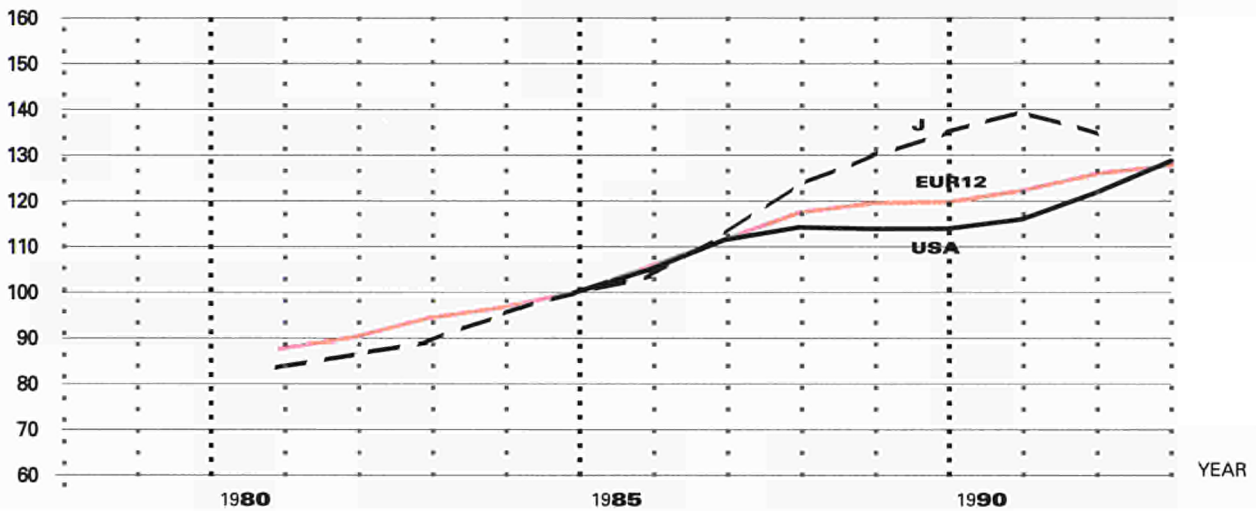
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics, Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bi-monthly publications. European Commission.



Productivity and competitiveness in manufacturing industries are measured by gross value-added at constant prices per employee and by labour costs per employee. These measures can, of course, be very misleading indicators of productivity and competitiveness - for example, when input prices change differently to output prices. EU data are collected by Member States by

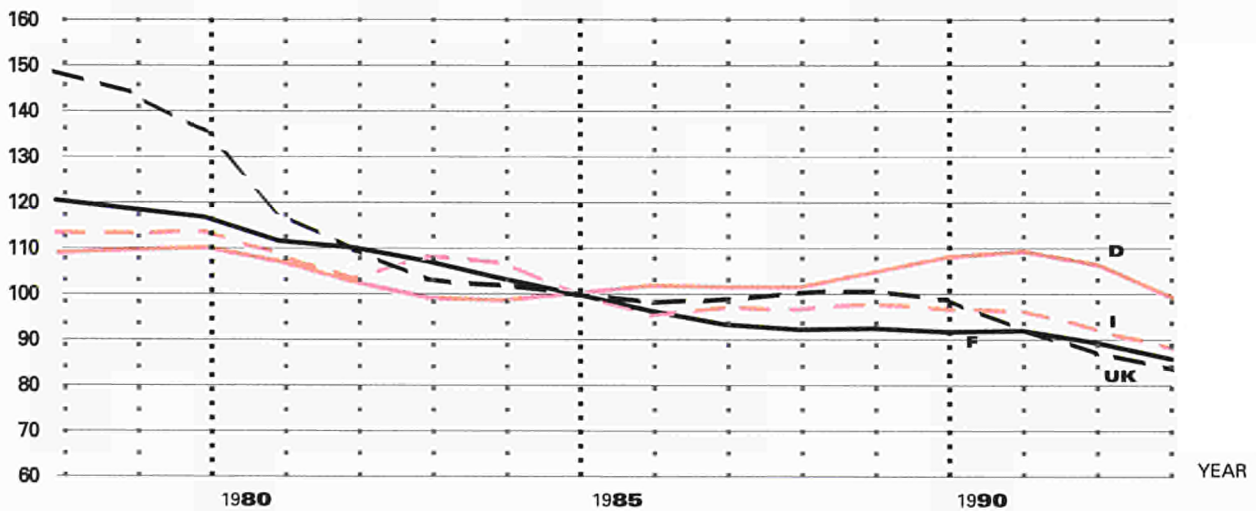
means of the harmonized annual survey on the structure and activity of industry. They cover enterprises in manufacturing (NACE 14, 152, 22, 24-26, 3 and 4) with 20 or more employees. Greece, Spain and Portugal include up to 1989 local units employing one or more persons; and the USA and Japan include for all years establishments with one or more employees.

Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in manufacturing industries at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Employment in manufacturing industries. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of chemical industry including man-made fibre at 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	10.2	9.5	9.3	8.9	9.5	10.9	10.7	10.0	9.9	10.5	10.9 *	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	8.9 *	10.3 *	9.7 *	:	10.2 *	10.6 *	10.2 *	11.5 *	10.7 *	:	:	GR
E	9.2	9.6	11.0	11.4	11.0	11.8	11.7	11.8	11.7	12.2 *	13.1 *	E
F	9.5	10.6	10.8	11.6	12.2	12.6	12.6	12.7	12.4	13.0 *	14.3 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	9.2	10.0	10.0	10.6	10.7	10.9	10.4 *	10.8	10.4	10.0 *	9.6 *	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5 *	0.5 *	0.5 *	0.5 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	11.4 *	11.6 *	12.3 *	12.3 *	12.4 *	12.8 *	13.0 *	13.1 *	13.1 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	9.1	9.3	9.0	10.0	10.7	10.5	10.6	10.1	9.6	10.3 *	10.6 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of chemical industry including man-made fibre at 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	91	97	100	101	104	110	114	116	117	120	119	EUR12
B	93	98	100	102	109	115	114	117	117	131	127	B
DK	92	96	100	104	102	105	110	112	112	121	120	DK
D	91	98	100	99	102	109	111	112	114	115	113	D
GR	87	94	100	95	96	103	109	110	104	102	105	GR
E	93	98	100	102	103	105	110	110	110	109	108	E
F	94	99	100	101	104	111	118	120	123	130	132	F
IRL	79	87	100	100	104	121	145	150	183	213	234	IRL
I	90	96	100	102	105	112	115	116	114	111	107	I
L	71	82	100	143	188	188	216	196	210	304	348	L
NL	85	93	100	102	107	115	118	117	118	119	116	NL
P	55	59	100	103	110	111	115	122	108	100	89	P
UK	91	97	100	100	108	113	119	118	121	124	127	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	96	100	100	104	109	116	120	122	122	125	129	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	90	99	100	100	105	113	121	126	129	128	125	J

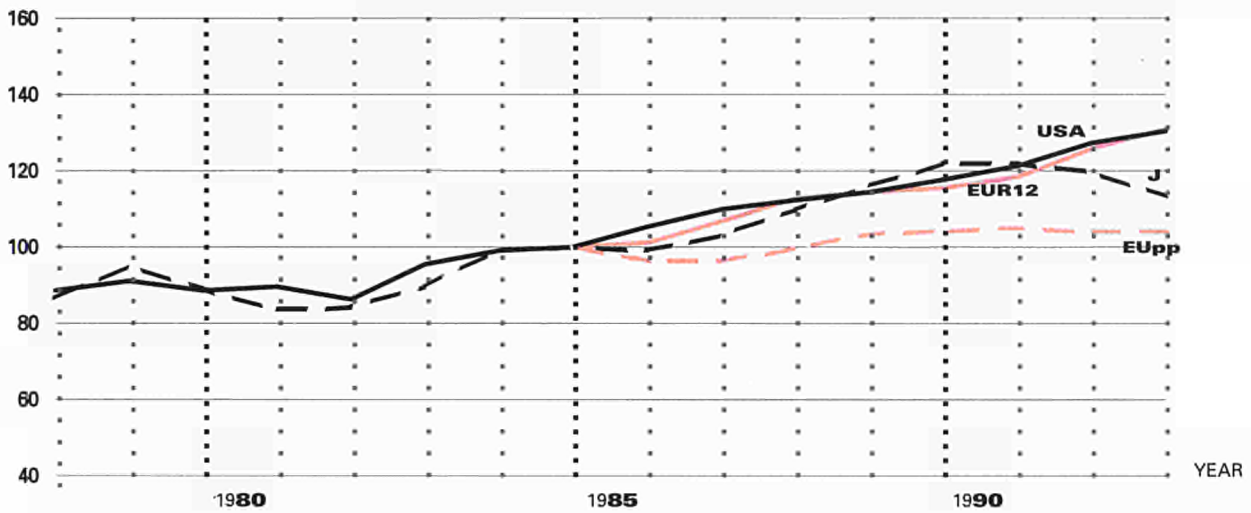
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.



The EU is the world leader in sales from the chemical industry including man-made fibres (NACE 25+26) well ahead of its main competitors, the USA and Japan. After several years of solid growth, depressed prices and over capacity against the background of a sluggish world economy characterized the industry in the early 1990s. Current over capacity will continue to

depress profits for the next few years. Manufacture of man-made fibres faces intense competition particularly from developing and newly industrialised countries. The EU industry is thus turning its attention to higher value-added products, while pursuing an investment policy aimed at rationalisation and research and development.

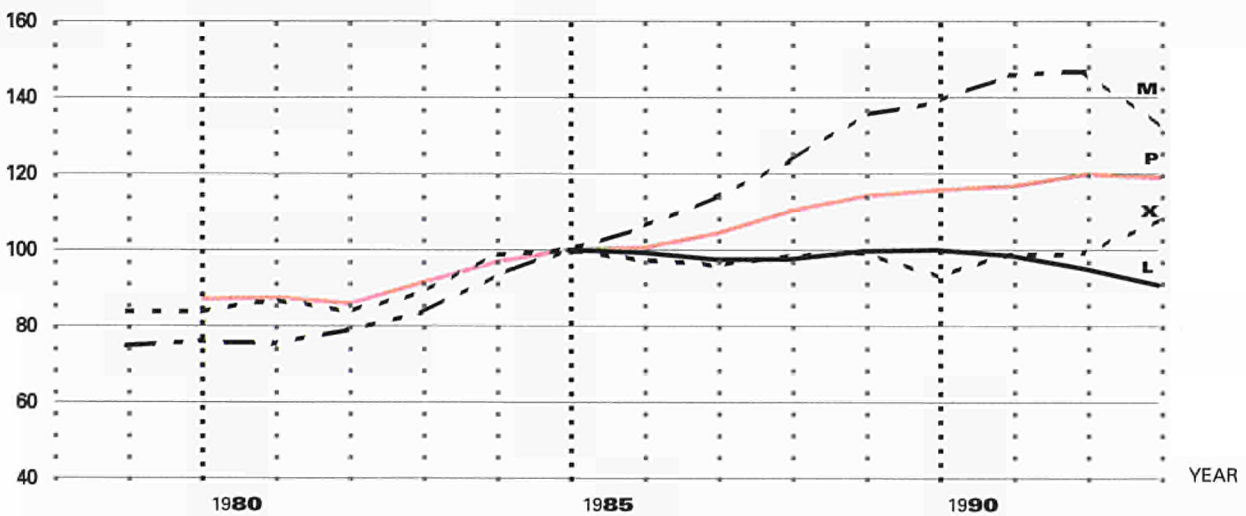
Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in chemical industry including man-made fibre, and EU producer prices. 1985 = 100



EUpp: EU producer prices

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Chemical industry including man-made fibre of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

MANUFACTURING

Gross value-added at factor cost of metal manufacturing industry excluding instrument engineering, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	45.0 *	44.8 *	45.6 *	44.4 *	43.9 *	43.6 *	44.2 *	44.5 *	44.5 *	44.0 *	42.9 *	EUR12
B	33.9	36.7	36.9	35.3	33.6	31.9	34.4	34.0 *	33.5 *	32.4 *	32.4 *	B
DK	36.7	36.8	37.1	35.3	34.0	33.9	33.8	35.5	33.8	33.4	31.9 *	DK
D	54.3	54.2	55.8	55.0	54.6	54.0	54.9	55.2 *	55.1 *	55.0 *	53.3 *	D
GR	18.5 *	22.7	20.6	:	15.8	14.8	17.0	16.7	17.5	18.2 *	17.4 *	GR
E	31.6	30.8	31.0	30.0	32.7	32.4	33.2	33.0	34.3	34.2 *	32.8 *	E
F	46.5	46.2	46.7	45.4	44.6	44.2	44.3	44.2	44.1	43.6 *	43.6 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	30.0	30.7	27.3	26.0 *	25.2 *	25.9 *	IRL
I	42.7	41.2	41.6	40.8	40.6	41.7	40.9 *	42.1	42.1	41.0 *	40.4 *	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	27.7 *	36.0 *	35.7	33.3	33.9	31.9	33.0	33.5	33.9	32.7 *	32.1 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20.2 *	20.6 *	20.9 *	19.7 *	P
UK	42.4	42.1	42.1	40.8	39.3	39.5	40.7	40.4 *	38.8 *	38.2 *	37.9 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	42.7 *	41.5	40.9	41.1	41.5	40.6	40.3	40.2 *	41.0 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	42.6	43.7	44.7	43.5	43.0	44.7	46.0	47.7	48.4	47.7 *	46.8 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

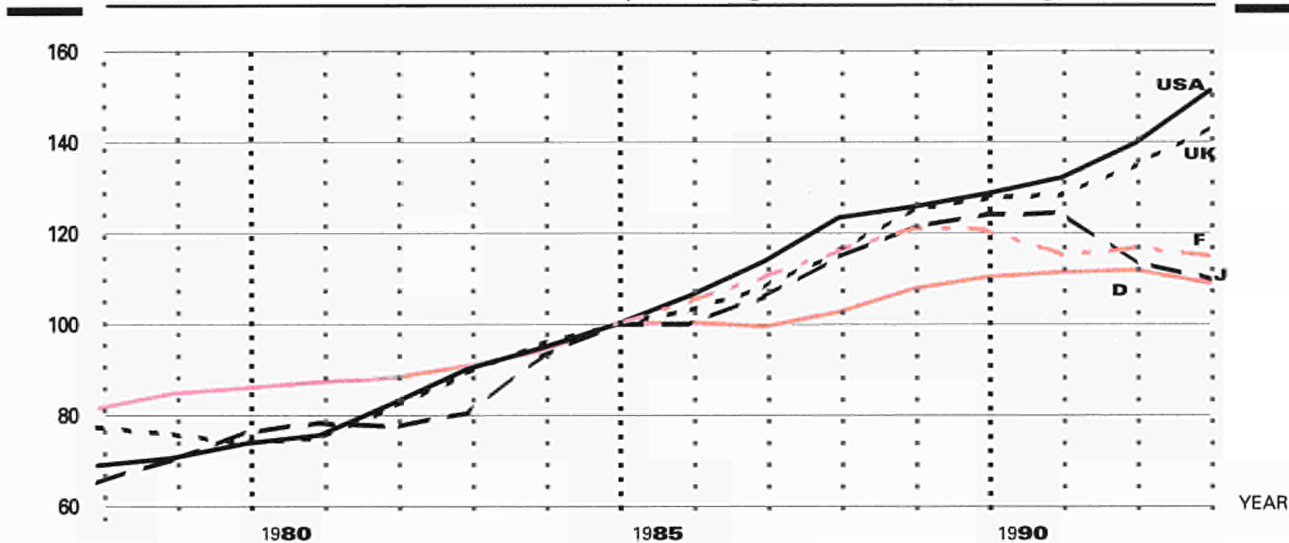
Production of metal manufacturing industry excluding instrument engineering, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	93	95	100	104	105	111	119	122	119	116	108	EUR12
B	96	95	100	101	101	105	111	119	114	109	102	B
DK	83	93	100	107	101	103	109	111	112	114	108	DK
D	88	92	100	104	104	109	117	125	128	126	111	D
GR	113	105	100	105	97	101	98	96	101	104	95	GR
E	99	96	100	110	122	134	143	142	138	:	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	80	96	100	106	128	160	186	198	193	215	:	IRL
I	97	98	100	107	110	119	125	123	115	109	104	I
L	67	90	100	101	96	103	112	117	122	113	109	L
NL	91	96	100	101	98	99	105	109	110	109	106	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	93	97	100	100	103	112	121	120	111	108	109	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	82	96	100	103	109	117	120	119	116	120	130	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	78	93	100	100	104	117	127	134	139	126	119	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

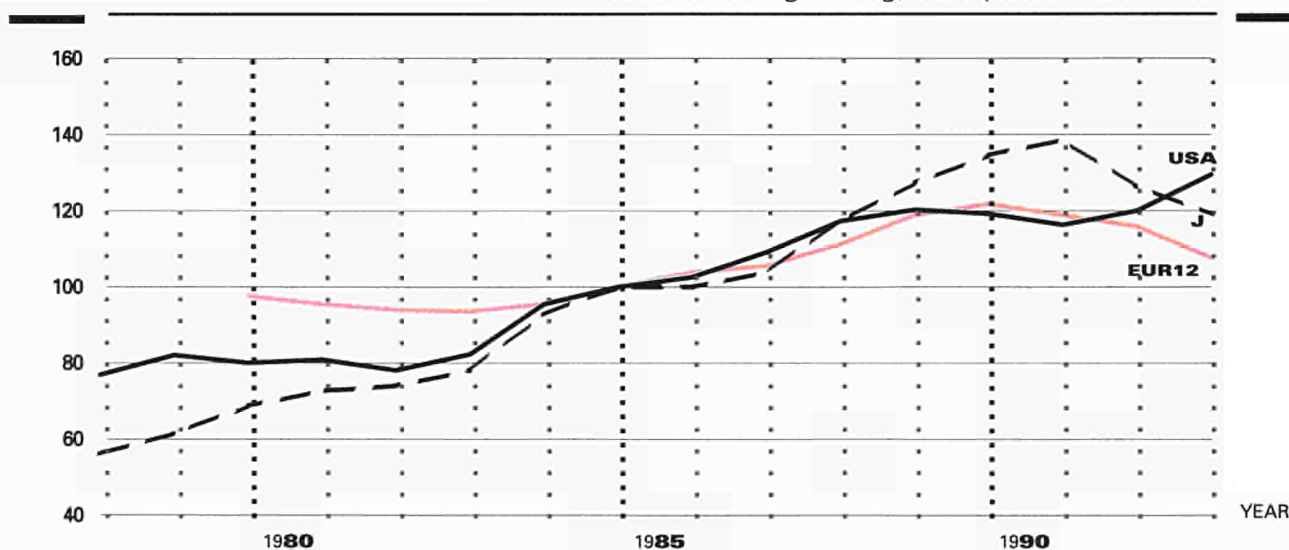


Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in metal manufacturing industry excluding instrument engineering. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Production of metal manufacturing industry excluding instrument engineering, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of industry manufacture of metallic articles, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	8.0 *	7.8 *	7.7 *	7.6 *	7.4 *	7.5 *	7.6 *	7.9 *	8.0 *	7.9 *	7.6 *	EUR12
B	5.1	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8	6.2 *	6.1 *	6.0 *	5.3 *	B
DK	6.1	6.7	6.8	7.1	7.4	7.5	7.4	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.6 *	DK
D	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.4	8.6	8.8	9.1 *	9.2 *	9.1 *	8.9 *	D
GR	6.5	7.3	6.9	:	4.7	3.5	4.2	3.3	2.3	3.0 *	2.6 *	GR
E	9.1	9.1	9.3	8.5	8.7	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.3 *	7.7 *	E
F	9.4	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.2	8.4	8.6	8.9	9.0	8.5 *	8.5 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	8.0	7.5	7.2	6.9	7.2	7.2	6.9 *	7.1	7.3	7.5 *	7.4 *	I
L	4.0	4.6	5.8	6.6	7.3	6.7	6.4 *	6.2 *	5.9 *	6.1 *	5.1 *	L
NL	6.1 *	6.3 *	6.4	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.5	7.1	6.8 *	6.8 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	7.1	6.8	6.4	6.3	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.5 *	6.3 *	6.1 *	5.9 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	6.3 *	6.1 *	6.0 *	5.9 *	5.7 *	5.6 *	5.5 *	5.4 *	5.5 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	7.4	7.1	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3 *	7.2 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of industry manufacture of metallic articles, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

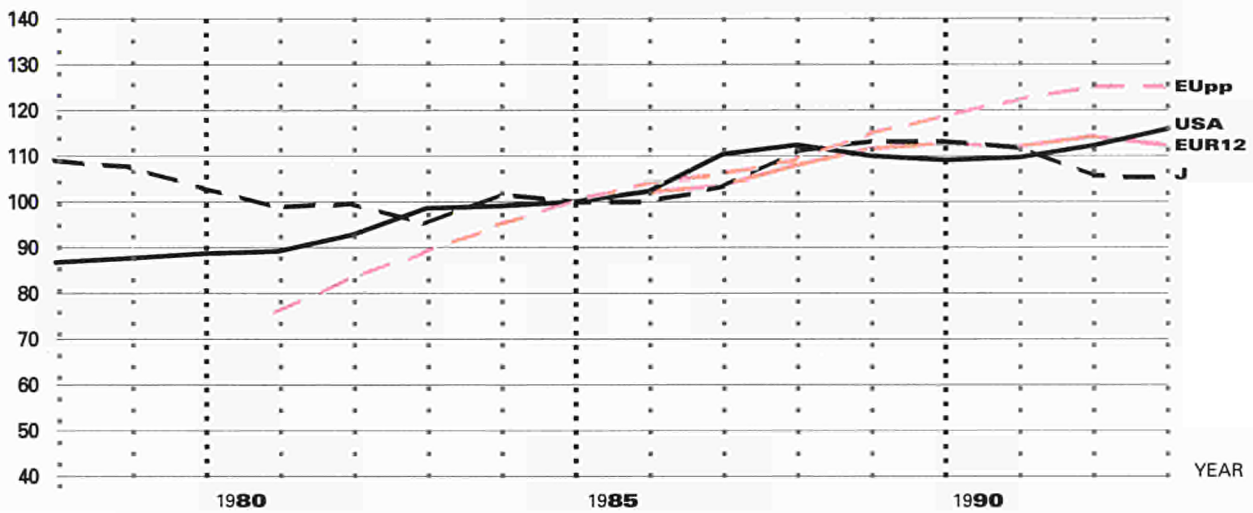
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98	99	100	101	104	110	116	119	116	114	104	EUR12
B	97	98	100	95	96	97	100	115	111	111	96	B
DK	72	89	100	116	111	107	119	121	124	125	119	DK
D	94	97	100	103	105	113	124	134	141	141	126	D
GR	114	108	100	107	88	100	86	75	70	76	71	GR
E	106	98	100	102	111	120	131	133	129	125	111	E
F	105	100	100	100	102	108	114	115	111	107	98	F
IRL	98	101	100	92	92	95	100	107	102	99	99	IRL
I	103	100	100	102	108	116	120	116	110	108	103	I
L	58	96	100	107	106	120	136	137	137	137	127	L
NL	87	93	100	100	101	106	112	116	119	115	111	NL
P	93	87	100	111	124	128	131	143	145	138	132	P
UK	97	104	100	98	103	111	114	111	99	96	94	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	91	99	100	99	106	110	109	105	100	101	105	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	95	99	100	100	104	112	117	121	124	116	112	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

The EU metal products industry (NACE 31) is the largest in the world, surpassing production of the USA by around a third and that of Japan by around two thirds. Metal products experienced rapid growth in the mid- to late 1980s following downturns caused by the industrial crisis of the earlier part of the decade.

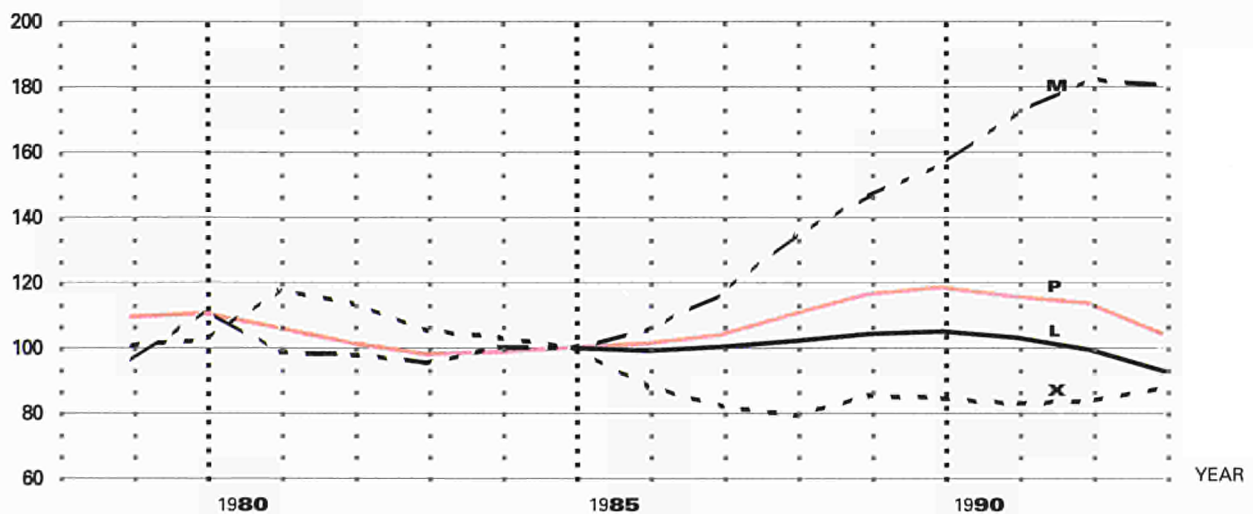
The industry's products serve mainly as intermediate commodities for other industries such as motor vehicles and construction. Although comprised of many small firms, the metal products industry is actually one of the largest employers in the EU with a workforce of over two million.

Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in industry manufacture of metallic articles, and EU producer prices. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Industry manufacture of metallic articles of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of mechanical engineering industry, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	9.7 *	9.8 *	10.2 *	9.6 *	9.1 *	9.0 *	9.3 *	9.3 *	9.0 *	8.5 *	8.3 *	EUR12
B	6.8	8.3	8.1	7.3	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.1 *	5.4 *	4.7 *	4.3 *	B
DK	14.2	13.8	14.1	13.1	12.0	12.7	12.6	13.0	12.6	12.0	11.5 *	DK
D	13.6	13.6	14.2	13.7	12.9	13.0	13.4	13.5	12.5	11.8 *	11.1 *	D
GR	1.7	1.5	1.6	:	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.6 *	1.5 *	GR
E	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.3	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.2	3.8 *	4.1 *	E
F	6.1	6.4	6.5	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.2	5.8 *	5.7 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	10.9	10.5	10.9	9.9	9.6	9.7	9.5 *	9.5	9.4	8.6 *	8.9 *	I
L	7.6	7.4	7.0	6.4	6.4	5.7	5.6 *	6.3 *	6.9 *	5.9 *	5.7 *	L
NL	6.8 *	6.8 *	7.2	6.4	6.4 *	6.1 *	6.3 *	6.5 *	6.6 *	6.1 *	6.0 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	9.8	9.7	10.0	9.4	8.8	8.7	9.4	8.8 *	8.6 *	8.6 *	8.7 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	9.5 *	9.0 *	8.6 *	8.8 *	9.0 *	8.8 *	8.6 *	8.6 *	8.7 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	9.9	9.9	10.1	9.5	8.6	9.5	9.5	10.0	10.1	9.1 *	8.4 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of mechanical engineering industry, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

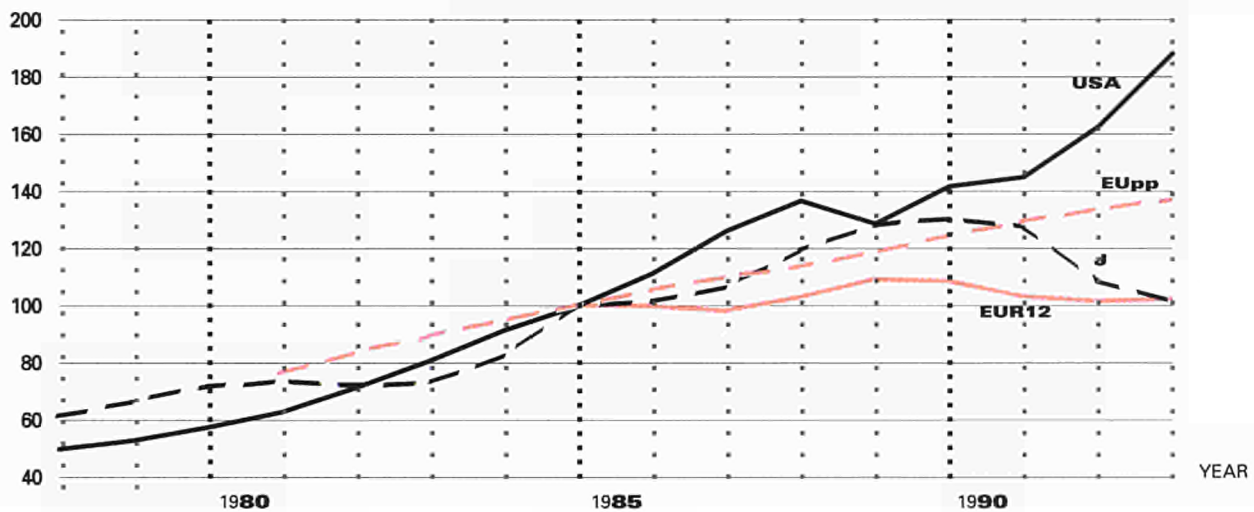
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	96	97	100	99	97	102	110	111	102	96	89	EUR12
B	83	92	100	96	97	103	114	119	110	102	93	B
DK	86	96	100	104	95	103	105	102	101	102	94	DK
D	92	93	100	105	102	106	116	123	121	114	100	D
GR	105	92	100	90	80	81	101	94	92	91	81	GR
E	89	92	100	106	107	111	120	118	109	97	94	E
F	105	100	100	95	98	107	117	123	113	106	95	F
IRL	90	94	100	101	113	119	129	128	117	113	108	IRL
I	95	96	100	105	105	113	123	120	107	98	99	I
L	73	86	100	96	89	91	95	103	111	96	95	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	137	102	100	107	113	115	115	124	115	105	94	P
UK	94	96	100	98	97	105	110	112	101	95	94	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	74	93	100	104	115	130	135	136	131	142	166	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	80	92	100	99	102	116	128	133	134	114	102	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Mechanical engineering (NACE 32) almost exclusively produces capital goods, or their components. Its development is therefore critically determined by the cyclical fluctuations of investment. The industry receives added positive impetus from the progressive introduction of computer-aided machines, the

growing need for environmentally-sound technology, and the tendency towards demand for products providing more service. Up to now mechanical engineering has been able to assert a leading international position. However, in the standard products area it is coming under considerable pressure from the Far East.

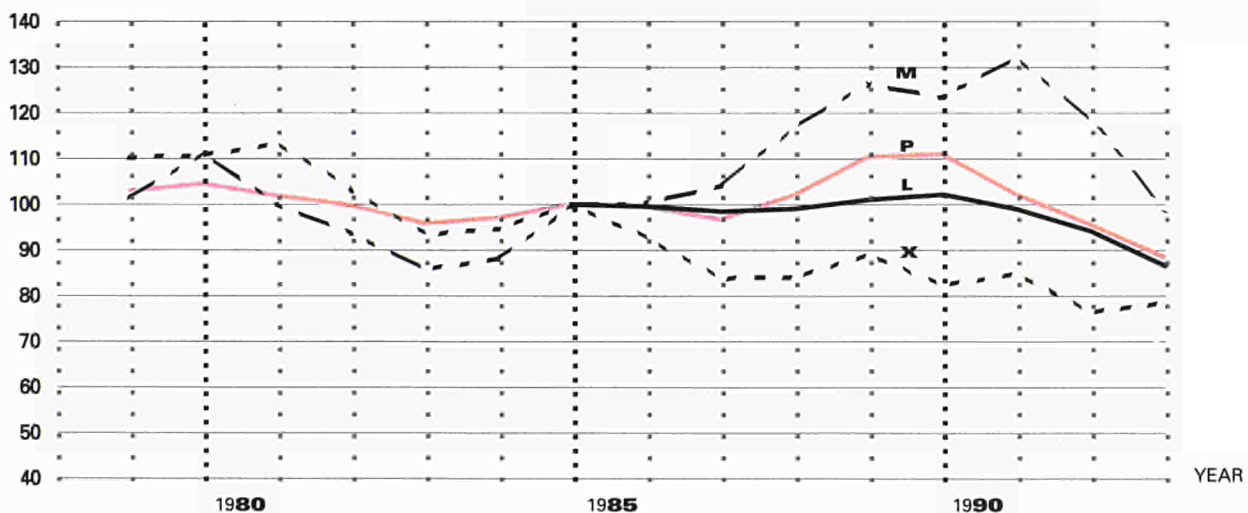
Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee of mechanical engineering industry, and EU producer prices. 1985 = 100



EUpp: EU producer prices.

FURTHER READING

Mechanical engineering industry of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of electrical engineering industries, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	11.4 *	11.6 *	11.8 *	11.8 *	11.9 *	11.8 *	11.8 *	12.1 *	12.3 *	12.5 *	13.0 *	EUR12
B	9.2	9.7	9.6	9.2	8.9	9.5	8.2	9.0 *	9.0 *	8.3 *	8.2 *	B
DK	8.0	8.6	8.7	8.9	9.0	8.6	8.8	8.9	7.9	8.1	7.8 *	DK
D	13.5	13.8	14.5	15.0	15.5	15.2	15.4	15.4	15.5	16.5 *	17.5 *	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	6.9	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.9	6.6	6.5 *	6.7 *	E
F	12.0	12.4	12.4	12.1	12.2	12.0	12.1	12.3	12.5	12.4 *	13.2 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	11.0	10.2	10.4	10.7	11.0	11.4	11.6 *	12.6	13.4	13.2 *	13.6 *	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	13.4 *	13.7 *	14.0	13.0	13.7	12.3	11.9	11.9	11.3	11.2 *	11.1 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	10.5	11.1	10.7	10.3	10.0	10.2	9.6	9.5 *	9.6 *	9.2 *	9.5 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	13.3 *	13.0 *	12.8 *	13.0 *	13.2 *	13.4 *	13.5 *	13.6 *	13.8 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	14.3	16.0	15.4	15.8	16.1	17.0	17.6	18.1	19.2	19.3 *	20.2 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of electrical engineering industry, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

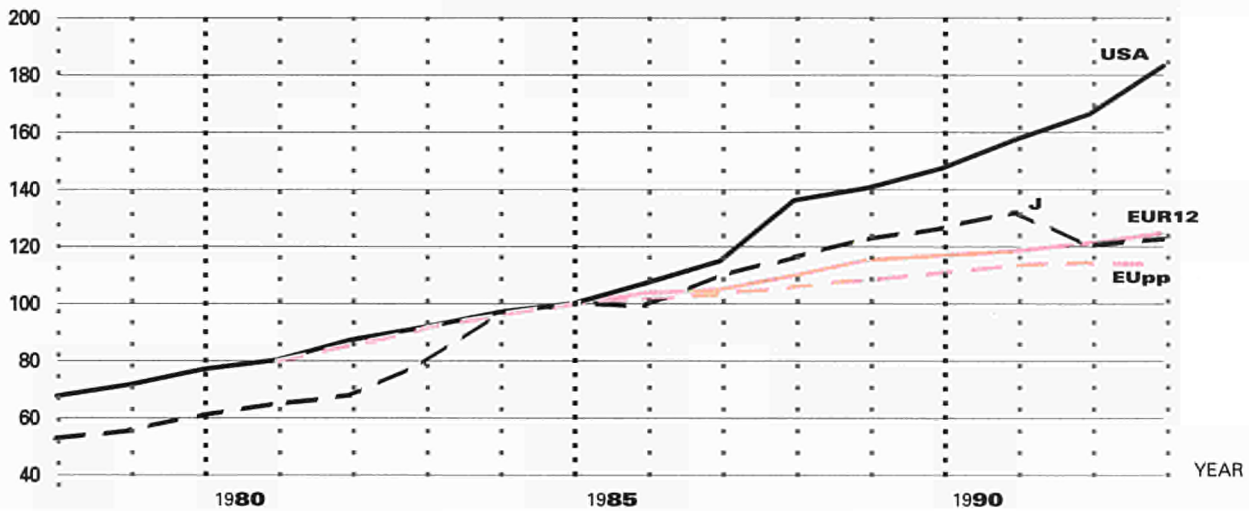
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	89	94	100	104	106	111	118	121	120	118	114	EUR12
B	101	98	100	103	101	102	106	116	114	107	103	B
DK	80	92	100	111	112	112	120	121	119	120	118	DK
D	82	89	100	105	105	112	120	127	132	131	123	D
GR	93	87	100	101	87	80	86	81	90	91	100	GR
E	97	100	100	119	141	156	161	155	146	:	:	E
F	95	98	100	101	102	105	108	114	111	108	104	F
IRL	74	94	100	104	126	165	213	234	251	282	312	IRL
I	94	98	100	104	111	114	122	120	115	108	106	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	90	97	100	102	97	94	96	101	101	101	100	NL
P	75	68	100	102	106	119	127	141	147	154	145	P
UK	91	98	100	101	103	111	118	117	109	105	110	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	86	101	100	101	107	117	119	120	121	124	137	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	69	90	100	102	111	130	139	148	159	144	144	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

The electrical and electronics industry (NACE 34) is one of Europe's largest industrial sectors with a 1992 production value of more than ECU 260 thousand million and a workforce of more than two and a half million. About 4% of all enterprises account for about 80%

of employment and more than 80% of total turnover. In 1992 the four largest European electrical/electronic engineering firms were Siemens (D), Philips (NL), Alcatel-Alsthom (F) and Asea Brown Boveri (CH).

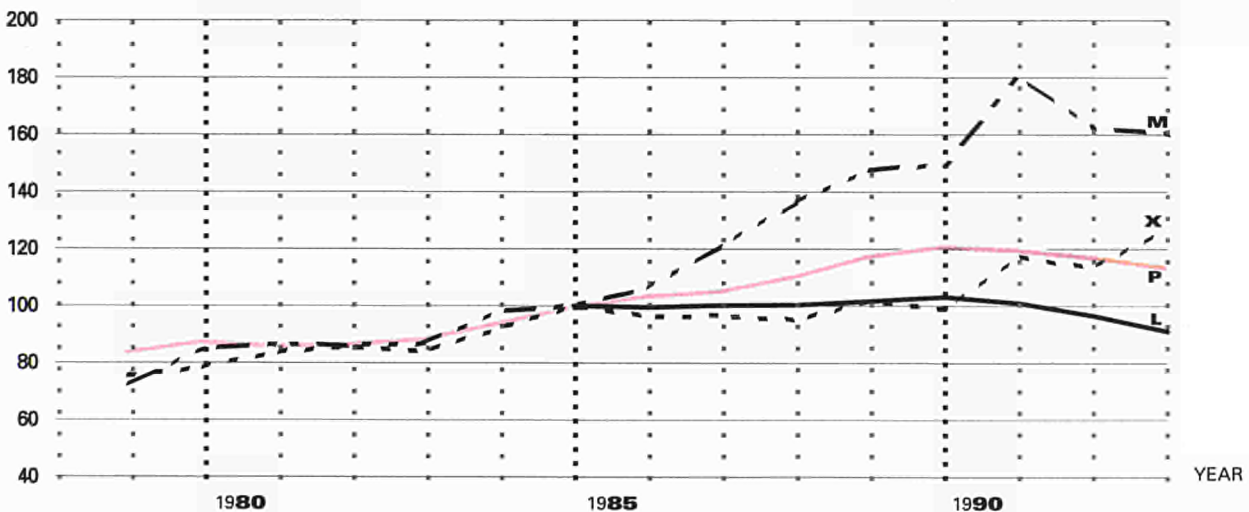
Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee of electrical engineering industry, and EU producer prices. 1985 = 100



EUpp: EU producer prices.

FURTHER READING

Electrical engineering industry of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of industry of manufacture of motor vehicles and other means of transportation, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	12.3 *	11.9 *	11.9 *	11.7 *	11.6 *	11.3 *	11.6 *	11.3 *	11.1 *	11.2 *	10.2 *	EUR12
B	10.8	10.8	11.3	11.3	10.7	8.8	12.3	10.9 *	11.3 *	11.7 *	12.8 *	B
DK	6.4	5.8	5.4	4.2	3.8	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.1 *	DK
D	15.1	14.6	14.8	14.0	14.1	13.4	13.5	13.3	13.6	13.6 *	11.9 *	D
GR	7.5	9.3	7.4	:	6.0	6.2	7.3	7.6	8.7	8.5 *	7.2 *	GR
E	8.8	8.1	8.4	8.8	11.6	11.5	11.7	11.1	12.3	13.0 *	11.7 *	E
F	15.0	14.4	14.2	14.1	13.9	13.7	13.3	12.5	12.2	12.8 *	12.3 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	9.2	9.1	9.0	9.4	8.8	9.1	9.0 *	9.0	8.0	7.6 *	6.5 *	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	6.4 *	5.4 *	5.2	4.8	4.4	4.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.0 *	4.6 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	11.9	11.4	11.6	11.6	11.1	10.9	11.9	11.8 *	10.7 *	10.3 *	9.9 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	12.7 *	12.5 *	12.2 *	12.2 *	12.6 *	11.9 *	12.1 *	11.9 *	12.0 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	10.1	9.9	10.7	9.5	9.6	9.6	10.1	10.6	10.2	10.7 *	10.1 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of industry of manufacture of motor vehicles and other means of transportation, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

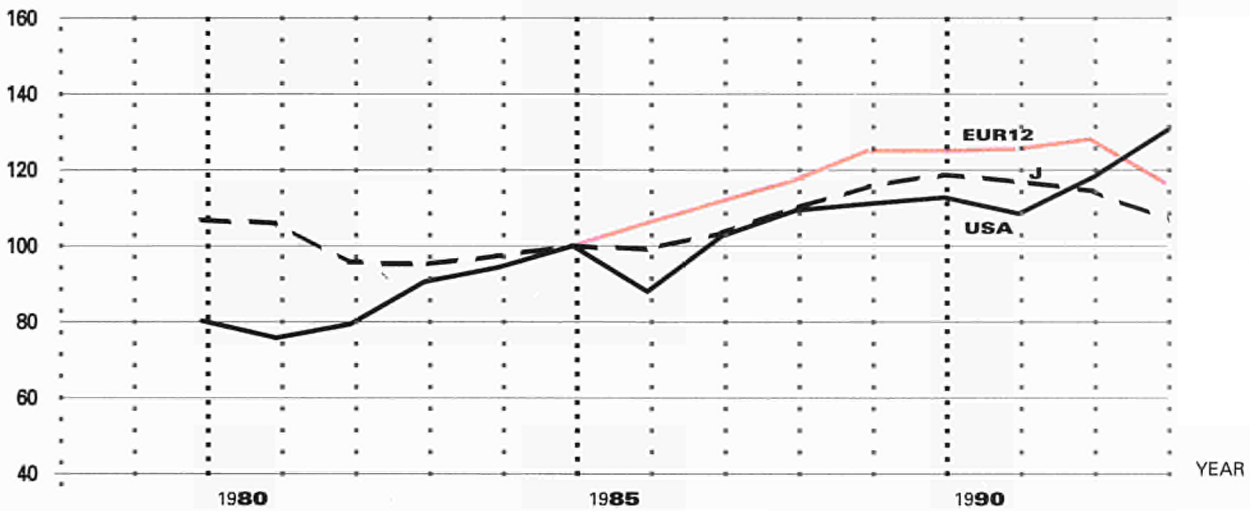
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	98	96	100	112	115	120	130	131	126	124	108	EUR12
B	101	93	100	107	106	126	130	135	130	128	124	B
DK	97	91	100	97	81	79	80	92	100	97	89	DK
D	90	89	100	103	105	106	113	120	124	126	103	D
GR	138	128	100	119	123	135	127	136	153	152	:	GR
E	99	95	100	111	124	140	150	151	152	:	:	E
F	113	106	100	105	109	118	127	127	128	125	113	F
IRL	127	120	100	93	93	101	116	115	104	97	90	IRL
I	102	101	100	121	119	136	141	140	134	125	104	I
L	126	107	100	114	126	146	158	158	139	109	96	L
NL	106	102	100	97	96	96	111	115	115	116	106	NL
P	112	90	100	107	112	118	112	110	108	99	84	P
UK	100	97	100	100	104	112	128	126	117	114	111	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	79	91	100	106	109	115	119	117	111	112	114	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	88	97	100	98	97	105	116	126	126	125	117	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

The transport equipment sector (NACE 35+36) is one of the largest industries in the EU and has significant influence over other sectors such as ferrous metals and rubber and plastics. After a downturn in the early 1990s the industry now seems to be recovering. Given that the motor vehicle industry is the largest sub sector of transport equipment, increasing import penetration (particularly from Japan) has a

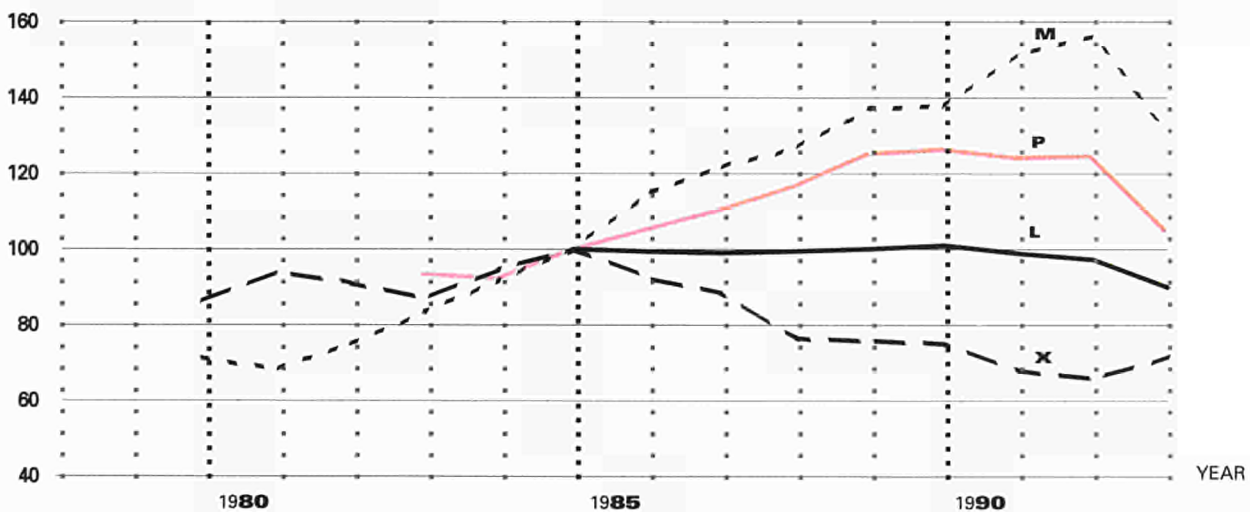
significant impact. Although the EU can still lay claim to some of the largest transportation companies in the world, there is a strong movement towards international cooperation between EU manufacturers and American and Japanese companies. Some examples include Ford's purchase of Jaguar and General Motors' 50% stake in Saab's car division.

Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in industry of manufacture of motor vehicles. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Industry of manufacture of motor vehicles of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of food, drink and tobacco industries, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	11.3 *	10.8 *	10.7 *	10.8 *	11.0 *	10.7 *	10.5 *	11.2 *	11.5 *	11.7 *	12.5 *	EUR12
B	15.1	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.8	7.2	7.8	7.7 *	7.9 *	8.0 *	8.0 *	B
DK	22.6	22.5	22.6	23.7	24.4	24.9	25.4	24.5	27.0	26.4	27.5 *	DK
D	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.9	7.3	7.5 *	8.2 *	D
GR	18.9	21.6	20.4	:	18.8	19.5	18.9	20.3	21.3	21.3 *	22.4 *	GR
E	17.6	17.6	18.8	18.2	17.9	17.5	17.0	17.1	17.4	17.0 *	17.9 *	E
F	10.5	10.7	10.6	11.0	11.0	10.8	10.7	11.1	11.2	11.6 *	12.9 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	9.0	9.2	9.1	9.0	9.4	8.8	8.0 *	8.9	9.2	9.4 *	10.0 *	I
L	6.4	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.0	4.4 *	4.6 *	4.6 *	4.4 *	4.2 *	L
NL	17.8 *	16.6 *	17.4	16.9	18.4	17.4	17.4	19.1	18.7	19.5 *	20.5 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	14.8	13.9	13.6	13.5	13.4	12.5	12.6	13.4 *	14.5 *	14.9 *	14.8 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	11.4 *	11.8 *	11.3 *	11.2 *	11.0 *	11.6 *	12.1 *	12.0 *	11.7 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	10.1	9.5	9.3	9.5	9.5	8.9	8.6	8.3	8.3	8.4 *	8.7 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Production of food, drink and tobacco industries, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

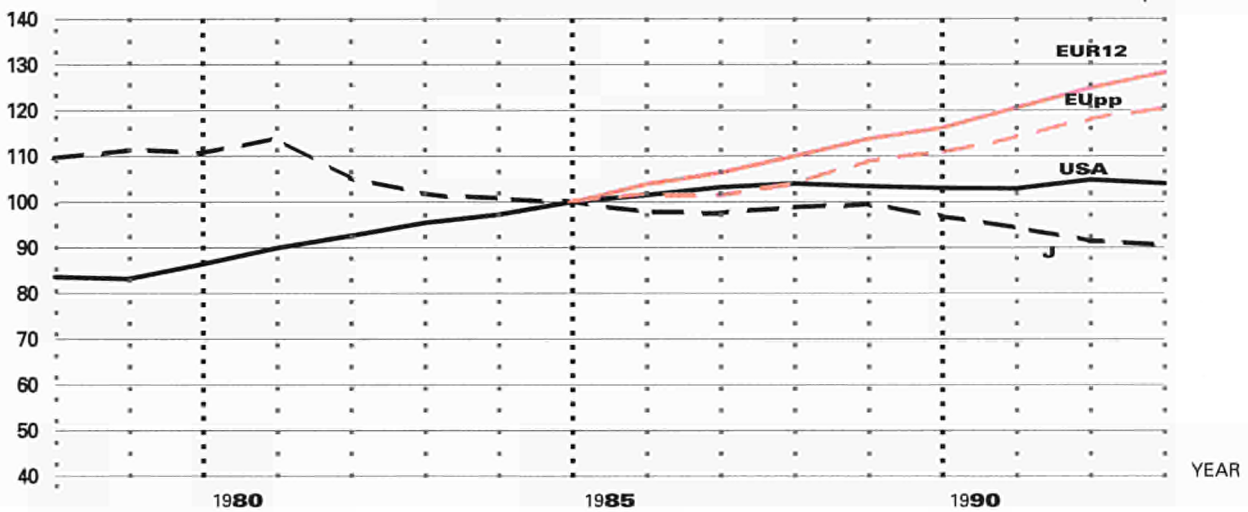
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	97	98	100	102	104	108	111	114	118	118	119	EUR12
B	95	97	100	101	103	106	112	117	121	122	122	B
DK	93	96	100	104	102	105	104	107	115	114	114	DK
D	95	97	100	103	105	109	113	126	137	136	136	D
GR	89	94	100	94	89	97	104	100	105	111	110	GR
E	95	95	100	99	107	110	108	113	115	111	113	E
F	99	99	100	101	102	105	108	111	114	114	115	F
IRL	93	96	100	104	113	119	124	127	133	142	150	IRL
I	97	96	100	104	108	112	125	114	116	117	118	I
L	98	93	100	105	101	100	103	106	111	112	107	L
NL	99	103	100	107	107	108	113	118	120	123	124	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	100	101	100	100	103	105	105	106	106	107	108	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	96	97	100	102	105	107	108	109	110	112	112	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	101	100	100	101	102	104	105	105	107	106	105	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

Food, drink and tobacco industries (NACE 41+42) include the processing of agricultural products, fish, meat, and tobacco. Demand increased between 1983 and 1991 and levelled out in 1991. The European food sector comprises a

large number of companies. All of the larger ones are multinationals, mostly American or from other non-EU countries. The largest European food company is Nestlé (CH), followed by Unilever (UK/NL).

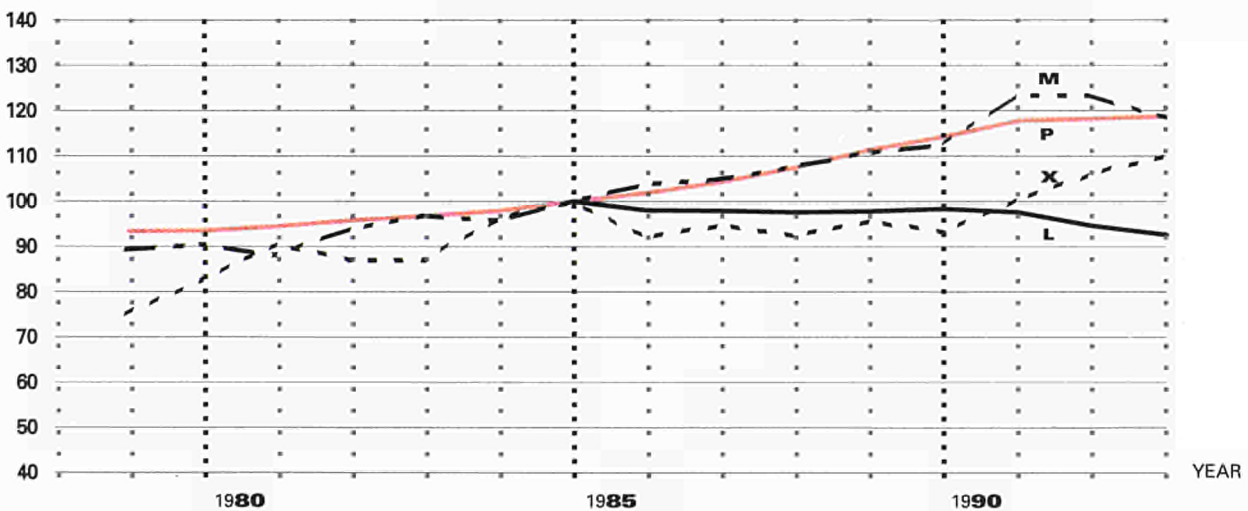
Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in food, drink and tobacco industries, and EU producer prices. 1985 = 100



EUpp: EU producer prices

FURTHER READING

Food, drink and tobacco industries of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment

FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost of textile industry, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	5.7 *	6.4 *	6.2 *	6.4 *	6.5 *	6.4 *	5.7 *	5.9 *	5.8 *	5.6 *	5.5 *	B
DK	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.1 *	DK
D	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1 *	1.9 *	D
GR	14.9	5.7	15.0	:	18.7	14.0	12.1	11.9	9.4	8.8 *	8.3 *	GR
E	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.1 *	2.9 *	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.2	6.7	6.3 *	6.7	6.9	6.8 *	6.6 *	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2.1 *	2.2 *	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8 *	1.8 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.7 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.9 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	2.5 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	2.5 *	2.5 *	2.4 *	2.5 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.5 *	2.4 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

Production of textile industry, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	95	98	100	102	103	102	104	103	100	97	91	EUR12
B	99	99	100	101	100	101	105	112	105	107	100	B
DK	94	102	100	98	97	92	95	87	87	84	76	DK
D	95	97	100	100	98	98	98	99	100	92	82	D
GR	96	96	100	107	109	106	104	100	91	83	78	GR
E	99	96	100	108	112	104	110	107	100	93	85	E
F	103	103	100	97	94	93	93	89	84	82	76	F
IRL	103	105	100	99	102	106	111	119	119	125	129	IRL
I	92	99	100	104	107	109	117	114	114	112	108	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	90	98	100	94	93	95	97	99	98	90	90	NL
P	90	93	100	110	112	108	108	115	120	112	99	P
UK	93	96	100	98	102	100	96	92	84	83	83	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	104	105	100	105	112	110	112	108	108	118	120	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	98	101	100	96	94	95	94	91	89	86	77	J

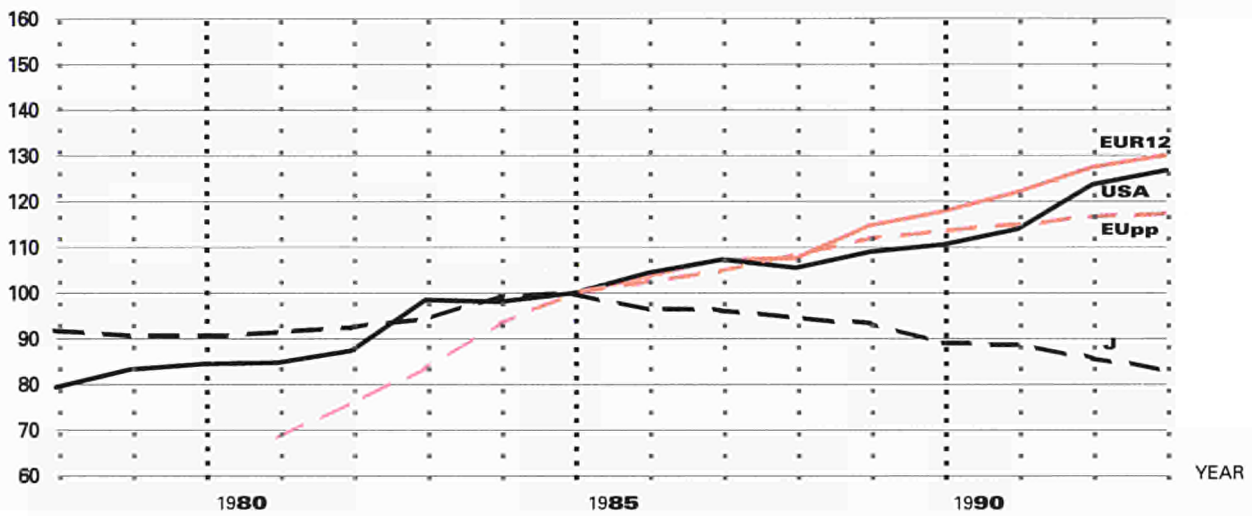
FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.



Textile industry (NACE 43) is very heterogeneous with demand heavily dependent on other industries, particularly clothing and home furnishing but also on other industrial sectors such as automobiles. EU textile consumption substantially outstripped production over the last decade with the gap filled by extra-EU imports. International trade in the sector is

governed by the Multi-fibre Arrangement (MFA) and significant trade barriers remain worldwide. Strong price competition from extra-EU textiles has persuaded many EU firms to move into higher quality and less price-sensitive niches and to reduce labour through substantial investment in capital equipment.

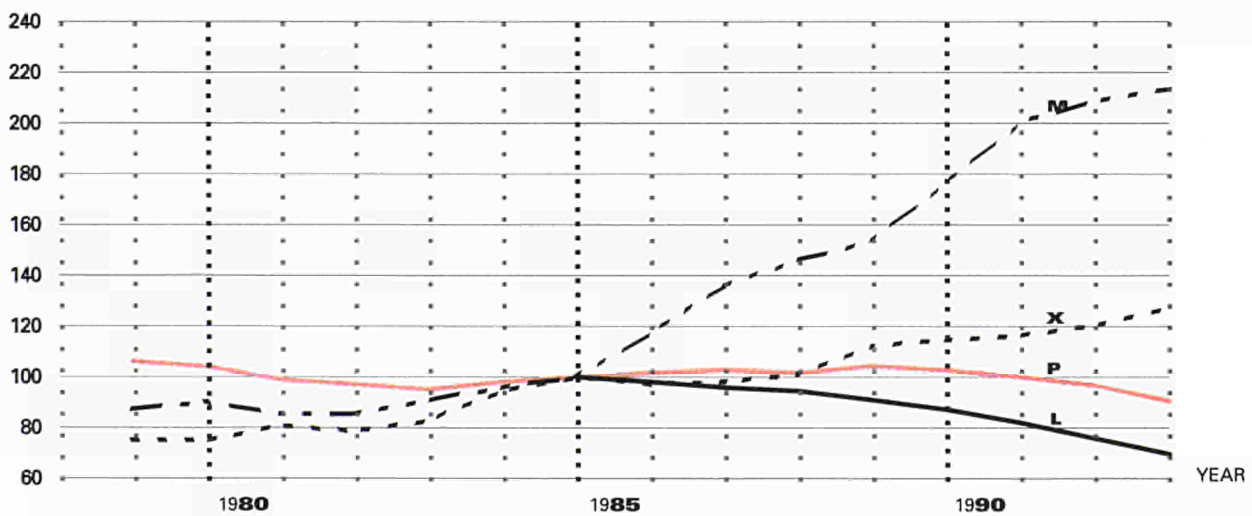
Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in textile industry, and EU producer prices. 1985 = 100



EUpp: EU producer prices

FURTHER READING

Textile industry of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment

FURTHER READING

Gross-value added at factor cost of footwear and clothing industries, 1985 prices. % of GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3.2 *	3.1 *	3.0 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.6 *	2.5 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	EUR12
B	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.4 *	2.5 *	2.5 *	2.7 *	B
DK	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.7 *	DK
D	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4 *	1.4 *	D
GR	5.3	7.3	7.3	:	7.8	7.2	6.9	7.0	6.8	7.2 *	7.3 *	GR
E	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.3 *	2.9 *	E
F	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5 *	2.6 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	5.7	5.3	5.3	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.6 *	4.9	5.0	5.5 *	5.3 *	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	1.2 *	1.0 *	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8 *	0.8 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.7 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	2.6 *	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	1.9 *	1.8 *	1.8 *	1.8 *	1.7 *	1.7 *	1.7 *	1.7 *	1.6 *	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2 *	2.0 *	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

Production of footwear and clothing industries, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

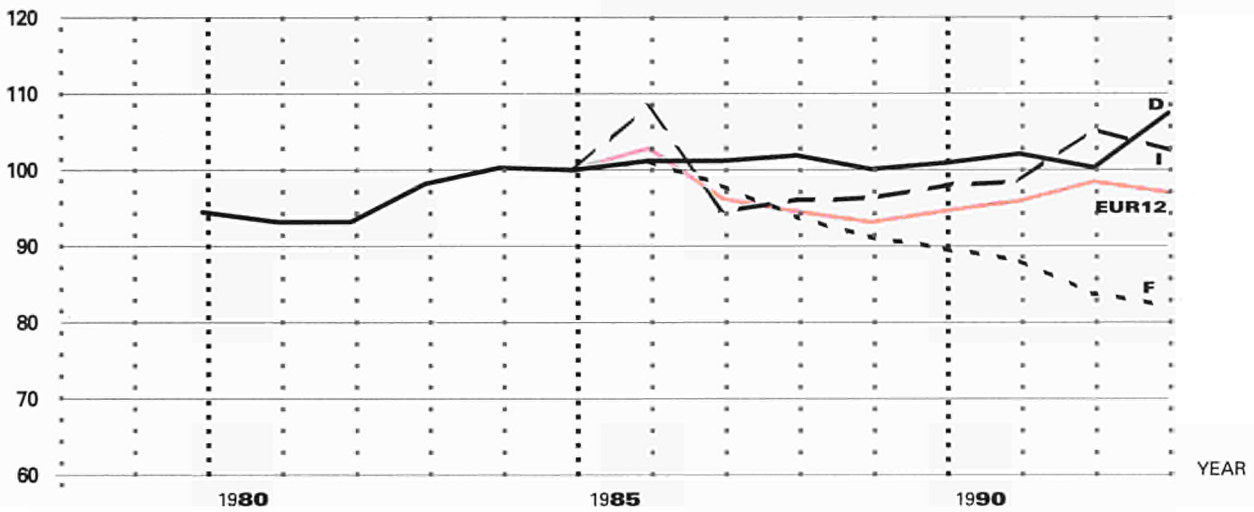
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	101	101	100	99	95	91	90	89	85	82	76	EUR12
B	106	101	100	105	98	93	110	118	124	125	135	B
DK	86	97	100	101	95	83	78	81	82	87	74	DK
D	101	101	100	99	93	89	86	85	84	75	67	D
GR	95	93	100	99	92	92	86	81	81	78	80	GR
E	106	101	100	99	97	92	92	93	89	81	71	E
F	103	100	100	99	92	83	80	78	74	68	64	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	101	104	100	99	93	92	92	90	87	89	81	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	100	99	100	98	89	97	99	103	105	95	98	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	91	95	100	102	104	103	100	100	90	90	91	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EU industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. European Commission.

The EU is one of the world's largest footwear markets but increasing consumption has been accompanied by a sharp decline in production and rapid growth of extra-EU imports, mainly from developing countries. Largest growth in extra-EU imports in nominal terms has been from China. The clothing industry is one of the EU top 10 industries in terms of employment.

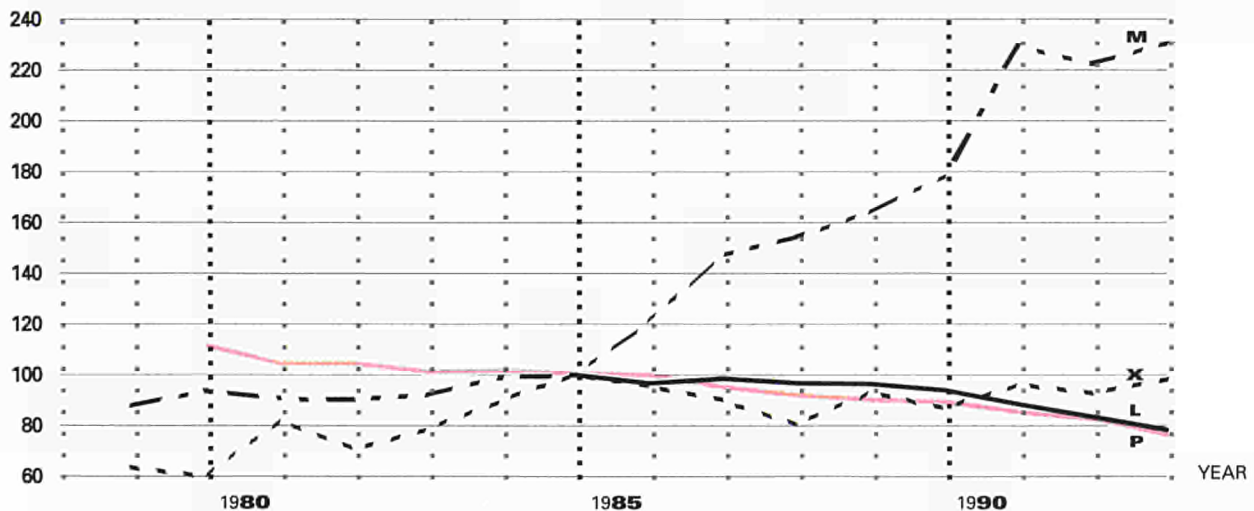
Although the industry has experienced considerable structural change with increased concentration of production, a sharp decline in employment and a greater specialisation in high quality garments – it remains highly labour-intensive. Footwear and clothing are included in NACE 45.

Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in footwear and clothing industries. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Footwear and clothing industries of the EUR12: production, employment, imports and exports. 1985 = 100



X: exports; M: imports; P: production; L: employment.

FURTHER READING

Total production of primary energy. Million toe

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	537.4	533.4	583.0	599.9	600.2	591.0	575.7	572.8	628.5	622.4	630.0	EUR12
B	10.4	11.2	13.2	13.9	13.6	12.8	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.4	10.4	B
DK	2.2	2.5	4.8	6.3	7.7	7.9	9.2	9.9	11.8	12.7	12.4	DK
D	120.2	124.0	136.6	129.9	130.2	131.6	131.5	129.9	165.4	159.8	145.1	D
GR	5.4	6.0	7.8	8.2	8.9	9.1	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.5	8.0	GR
E	21.4	24.9	30.2	31.1	30.9	33.4	34.3	33.4	33.3	32.6	28.3	E
F	62.7	74.1	89.5	95.9	99.0	100.3	104.6	106.4	111.9	113.0	108.9	F
IRL	2.9	3.9	2.9	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.2	IRL
I	20.5	21.7	24.4	26.5	25.6	26.9	26.6	26.7	27.3	28.2	26.3	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	59.4	60.1	65.4	62.9	62.6	55.6	59.9	60.4	67.3	67.2	67.4	NL
P	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.8	P
UK	231.6	203.9	235.0	248.1	243.2	233.0	208.5	203.0	210.2	209.9	219.0	UK
A	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.4	8.7	:	A
FIN	10.2	10.5	10.4	11.3	10.7	11.2	11.7	11.3	10.7	11.7	:	FIN
IS	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	:	IS
N	64.0	69.7	72.9	77.3	86.6	94.2	115.9	120.1	130.7	145.4	:	N
S	20.8	24.2	26.7	28.9	29.4	29.7	28.9	39.8	31.5	29.1	:	S
EEA	639.8	645.5	730.6	754.0	763.0	760.8	767.6	777.4	836.8	846.2	:	EEA
CH	7.8	8.1	9.4	9.5	9.8	9.9	9.4	9.6	9.6	10.0	:	CH
USA	1 462.9	1 583.1	1 564.9	1 551.8	1 585.2	1 613.0	1 603.1	1 650.7	1 664.2	1 658.8	:	USA
CDN	206.5	227.8	240.9	237.9	250.7	272.6	275.2	275.1	286.5	295.1	:	CDN
J	50.7	54.7	62.1	63.8	66.6	64.2	64.8	69.0	72.8	74.0	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Net imports of primary energy. Million toe

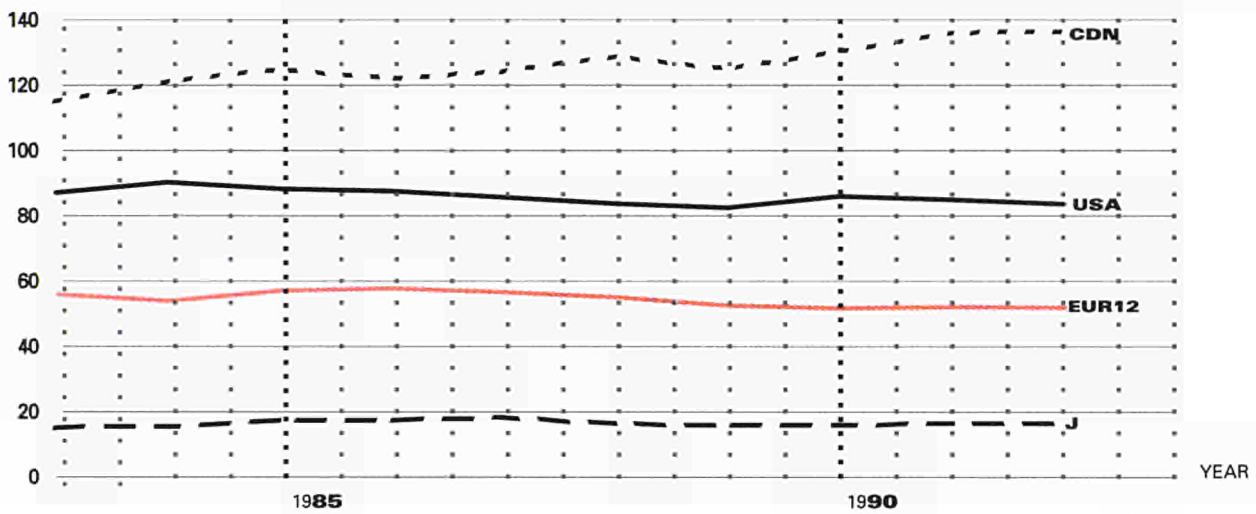
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	434.6	462.4	457.8	478.5	491.3	511.4	552.3	573.2	617.3	630.7	600.5	EUR12
B	31.6	31.6	32.1	34.5	34.8	36.4	38.7	39.6	42.3	43.6	41.0	B
DK	14.3	14.3	15.5	14.4	13.0	11.2	10.4	9.1	8.4	7.8	6.5	DK
D	128.0	129.3	134.6	147.0	144.5	143.5	137.1	146.7	180.6	186.8	189.5	D
GR	10.9	11.2	11.8	13.4	12.6	13.7	14.3	15.4	15.6	17.8	17.2	GR
E	47.5	44.7	46.2	46.0	49.0	53.4	57.2	59.9	63.6	67.0	63.3	E
F	110.5	114.8	112.0	112.0	113.9	110.8	115.8	120.0	126.4	124.0	115.7	F
IRL	5.0	4.8	5.3	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.8	IRL
I	104.4	113.1	112.7	112.6	123.7	120.1	130.5	131.9	129.0	134.2	126.7	I
L	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	L
NL	4.7	7.7	4.4	12.8	11.4	20.3	16.2	17.5	14.5	13.9	13.2	NL
P	9.8	10.1	9.6	10.8	11.5	11.7	14.5	15.2	15.1	16.6	16.0	P
UK	-34.8	-22.3	-29.5	-34.8	-32.5	-19.0	8.0	7.3	11.2	8.4	0.7	UK
A	13.0	15.5	15.6	16.1	16.0	15.2	15.6	17.7	18.2	17.9	:	A
FIN	15.5	13.5	16.1	17.5	18.5	16.1	18.4	18.2	17.2	16.0	:	FIN
IS	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	:	IS
N	-45.2	-50.1	-52.4	-64.6	-73.1	-92.8	-96.3	-96.3	-108.7	-123.1	:	N
S	20.6	17.9	23.6	18.2	18.2	18.8	18.0	18.5	17.8	17.8	:	S
EEA	439.0	459.6	461.3	466.2	471.5	469.4	508.7	532.0	562.5	560.1	:	EEA
CH	13.6	13.8	13.5	15.0	13.5	13.8	14.2	15.3	15.2	15.2	:	CH
USA	204.9	221.4	197.2	251.8	285.9	314.8	340.2	336.9	319.0	350.8	:	USA
CDN	-30.5	-36.5	-50.5	-42.0	-47.5	-60.3	-57.0	-59.4	-76.3	-83.7	:	CDN
J	286.3	312.7	306.4	309.3	310.0	333.1	352.2	365.7	377.4	382.2	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Supply of primary energy comprises energy extracted from a natural source: coal, lignite, crude oil, natural gas and geothermics. Hydroelectric energy and nuclear energy are also considered as primary production. Nuclear energy is computed as primary production in the form of

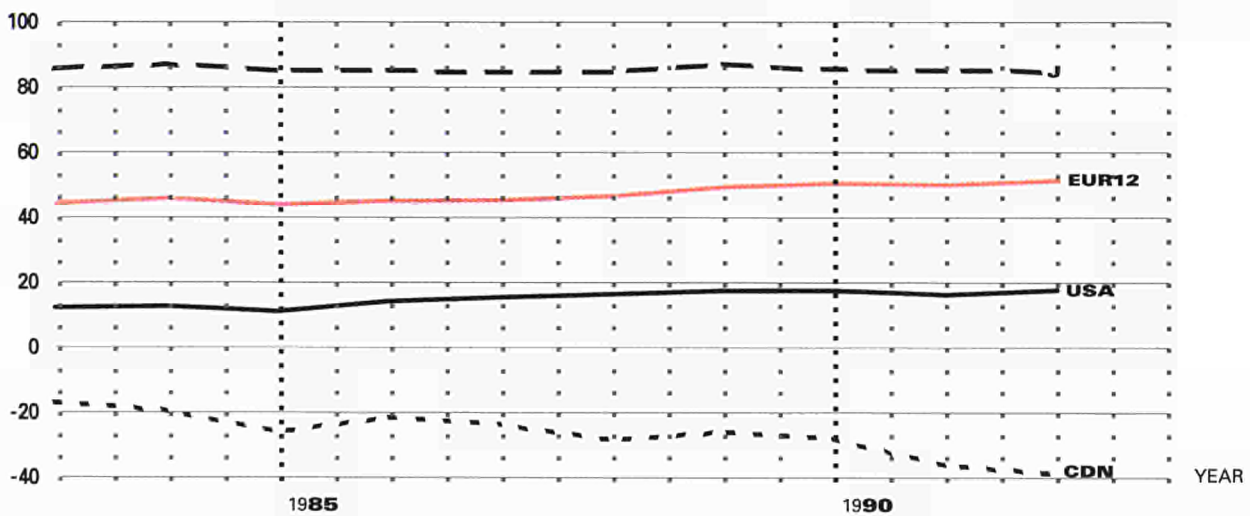
heat released during the fission of uranium in the reactor. Net imports of energy (imports minus exports) as a percentage of gross consumption reflect national energy dependence on the rest of the world.

Total production of primary energy, toe, as % of gross inland consumption



FURTHER READING

Net imports of primary energy, toe, as % of gross inland consumption



FURTHER READING

Energy dependency.

*Production of coal and lignite, coke and equivalents,
toe, as % of total production of primary energy*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	34.4	27.3	27.6	27.6	26.5	26.2	26.6	25.6	28.5	26.5	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	69.6	65.7	62.5	63.0	59.6	57.4	57.3	57.1	65.9	63.0	59.4	D
GR	76.8	86.4	80.5	86.3	74.6	78.5	89.0	88.4	85.8	87.4	:	GR
E	61.5	53.5	53.6	48.6	43.2	37.3	39.3	38.7	36.3	39.4	:	E
F	17.4	14.6	12.2	10.9	10.3	8.9	8.4	7.6	7.0	6.4	:	F
IRL	34.7	50.0	25.3	41.7	55.7	50.7	45.7	47.7	40.0	34.0	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	29.3	14.2	22.9	25.0	24.8	25.7	27.8	25.7	25.5	23.2	17.7	UK
A	13.0	12.4	13.3	12.7	9.3	7.0	6.9	8.0	6.8	5.1	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	:	N
S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	28.5	30.1	29.8	30.2	30.9	30.9	31.9	32.7	31.2	31.2	:	USA
CDN	11.7	13.9	14.0	13.2	12.6	13.4	14.2	13.8	13.8	11.9	:	CDN
J	20.0	18.0	15.5	14.6	11.1	10.0	8.9	6.6	6.1	5.7	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

*Production of crude oil, toe, as % of
total production of primary energy*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	24.4	26.6	23.7	23.2	22.9	22.1	18.8	18.9	17.5	18.1	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	100.0	66.7	75.0	80.0	65.7	68.6	70.0	67.8	64.5	65.8	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	20.0	20.0	16.7	16.7	15.0	13.8	12.5	10.0	10.0	8.8	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	3.2	2.7	3.8	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.8	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	9.5	9.1	9.5	12.5	17.4	20.0	19.2	19.6	17.2	17.3	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	5.1	6.7	6.2	8.1	7.6	7.8	6.4	6.7	5.5	5.2	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	48.7	60.8	53.9	50.6	50.4	48.7	43.6	44.7	43.3	44.8	:	UK
A	18.6	18.6	17.1	17.1	13.8	16.3	15.0	15.0	17.5	14.4	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	49.2	51.4	54.1	56.6	58.5	61.6	66.4	70.3	73.5	75.7	:	N
S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	33.7	31.9	32.4	31.6	30.0	29.0	27.2	25.7	25.5	25.0	:	USA
CDN	38.5	37.5	35.8	36.8	36.9	35.3	34.3	34.4	33.0	33.4	:	CDN
J	2.0	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.4	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Coal is the main solid fuel produced in most EU countries. Only in Greece is lignite, which has a lower net calorific value than coal, the main solid fuel. The unification of Germany brought a break in the statistical series of primary production of lignite, as the former GDR is an

important producer of lignite. In the case of Luxembourg and Portugal, the importance of renewable energy in primary production basically results from the absence of other sources of primary energy.

Production of natural gas, toe, as % of total production of primary energy

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	24.0	24.4	20.7	19.8	20.5	19.5	20.8	21.7	22.1	22.4	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	0.0	6.7	25.0	34.0	30.0	30.0	37.5	30.0	32.7	30.0	:	DK
D	11.3	10.7	9.5	8.8	10.2	9.3	9.2	9.3	8.4	8.8	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	8.9	7.2	5.6	4.0	3.7	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.9	2.7	:	F
IRL	60.0	47.5	63.3	46.7	46.7	53.3	60.0	60.0	63.3	63.3	:	IRL
I	51.4	51.8	54.8	53.8	57.4	56.3	57.5	58.3	56.4	56.5	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	93.7	92.7	91.5	90.3	90.5	90.2	91.9	91.0	92.1	93.9	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	14.1	15.7	15.4	15.3	16.4	16.4	17.9	20.1	21.7	21.7	:	UK
A	12.9	14.3	12.9	12.9	11.3	12.5	12.5	13.8	13.8	13.3	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	35.0	33.7	32.1	31.6	29.4	27.6	24.0	20.1	18.2	16.8	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	25.8	25.8	24.7	24.2	24.5	24.8	25.3	25.4	25.0	25.3	:	USA
CDN	28.1	27.6	28.5	27.1	27.8	30.2	31.6	32.5	33.0	35.4	:	CDN
J	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

*Production of renewable energy, toe, as %
of total production of primary energy*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	7.1	6.9	7.1	7.5	6.9	7.1	6.9	7.0	:	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	:	:	18.3	14.7	12.4	12.7	11.9	11.6	10.8	10.1	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	21.6	19.6	20.1	20.6	16.5	17.9	18.5	16.6	:	E
F	:	:	16.4	15.4	15.6	15.9	12.9	13.2	14.0	14.7	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	33.3	30.7	31.7	30.6	29.7	28.6	31.5	30.8	:	I
L	:	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	:	:	97.2	97.4	96.8	97.3	96.5	96.5	97.4	97.2	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Renewable energy sources, statistics 1989-91, SOEC.

Renewable energy: hydro, wind, geothermal energy and biomass.

*Production of nuclear energy, toe, as %
of total production of primary energy*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	14.7	19.2	20.2	21.1	21.7	23.8	26.1	26.3	24.7	25.6	:	EUR12
B	61.2	63.7	67.0	70.2	80.4	83.1	86.4	89.2	97.4	97.6	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	13.7	18.5	23.7	23.0	25.3	27.8	28.9	28.7	22.4	25.2	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	13.1	23.9	28.4	36.0	39.8	43.4	48.0	45.7	46.8	46.9	:	E
F	59.4	66.6	71.6	74.3	74.7	77.1	80.8	81.6	82.1	82.1	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.3	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	5.8	7.0	6.9	6.4	6.2	7.1	8.6	8.2	8.2	8.9	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.5	5.9	5.4	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.5	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	50.9	55.3	56.5	62.9	60.6	60.3	59.0	59.2	62.5	57.1	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	51.1	60.1	65.3	58.8	59.9	59.4	66.1	61.6	59.8	61.1	:	CH
USA	5.5	5.7	6.8	7.4	7.9	9.0	9.1	9.7	10.2	10.3	:	USA
CDN	6.2	6.0	6.5	7.8	8.0	7.9	7.6	6.9	7.7	7.1	:	CDN
J	58.4	63.6	67.1	68.5	73.0	72.8	73.3	76.4	76.2	78.6	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993, Eurostat.

Nuclear net electricity output, million kWh. 1991



FURTHER READING Regions, statistical yearbook, 1994. Eurostat.

Gross inland consumption of primary energy per person, toe

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	EUR12
B	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.1	B
DK	3.1	3.1	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.6	DK
D	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	D
GR	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	GR
E	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	E
F	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	F
IRL	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	IRL
I	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	I
L	7.8	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.5	9.0	9.4	9.8	9.7	9.6	L
NL	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.6	NL
P	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.6	P
UK	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	UK
A	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.3	:	A
FIN	4.9	4.9	5.3	5.5	6.1	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.6	:	FIN
IS	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	:	IS
N	4.6	4.8	4.8	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.4	5.2	5.2	4.9	:	N
S	4.9	5.3	5.6	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.4	:	S
EEA	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	:	EEA
CH	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.7	:	CH
USA	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	:	USA
CDN	7.2	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.9	8.2	8.4	8.1	7.9	7.9	:	CDN
J	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Gross inland consumption of primary energy. Million toe

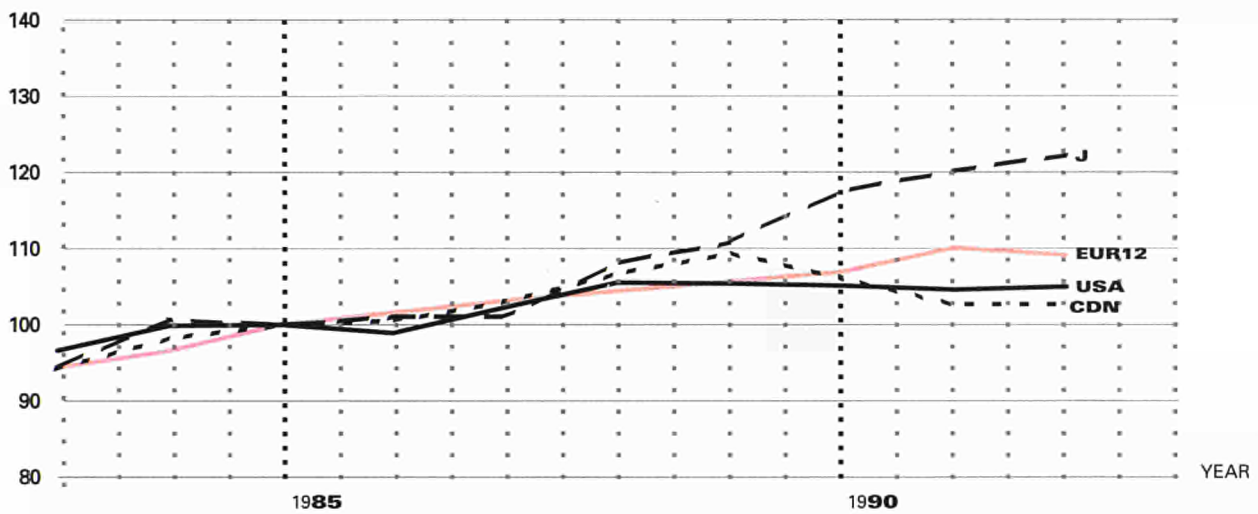
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	964.2	991.8	1 054.5	1 071.3	1 093.3	1 101.8	1 122.9	1 139.4	1 240.2	1 235.1	1 231.9	EUR12
B	40.3	41.8	43.8	45.3	45.8	46.4	46.9	47.7	50.2	50.1	48.7	B
DK	16.2	16.5	19.5	19.6	21.6	18.8	17.9	18.2	19.9	19.3	18.5	DK
D	248.5	258.2	270.3	269.5	270.8	274.3	270.5	276.8	345.1	338.3	331.4	D
GR	15.9	16.2	18.8	18.5	20.7	20.6	22.7	22.8	23.0	23.6	21.8	GR
E	67.0	68.6	73.9	74.9	76.8	83.1	87.1	89.1	94.2	95.5	87.5	E
F	177.3	186.7	202.5	206.3	210.4	209.5	217.4	221.8	233.7	232.0	223.5	F
IRL	8.0	8.3	8.8	9.1	9.5	9.6	9.5	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.1	IRL
I	126.3	129.5	135.6	138.4	144.2	146.4	152.5	154.1	156.4	158.2	152.1	I
L	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.8	L
NL	57.7	60.2	61.6	64.1	66.6	64.8	65.4	67.1	70.3	69.5	69.8	NL
P	10.5	10.3	12.4	13.3	13.7	14.8	16.8	17.2	69.0	19.4	16.2	P
UK	193.7	192.0	204.2	209.2	210.1	210.4	212.8	210.9	215.6	214.3	217.0	UK
A	21.3	22.3	22.8	23.0	23.8	23.4	23.8	25.4	27.2	25.9	25.9	A
FIN	23.8	24.3	26.2	27.3	29.9	28.1	29.0	28.5	28.9	28.0	:	FIN
IS	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	:	IS
N	18.7	19.7	20.4	21.8	21.6	20.5	22.8	21.5	21.9	21.3	:	N
S	41.4	43.8	47.4	49.4	48.8	49.6	48.1	47.8	49.3	46.7	46.0	S
EEA	1 070.2	1 102.3	1 172.2	1 193.9	1 218.5	1 224.8	1 258.8	1 263.8	1 419.9	1 358.2	:	EEA
CH	21.3	21.9	23.2	24.2	23.6	23.9	23.5	25.0	25.0	25.3	:	CH
USA	1 679.9	1 752.8	1 771.9	1 772.2	1 849.2	1 926.0	1 943.4	1 219.9	1 956.4	1 984.1	:	USA
CDN	179.3	188.4	193.3	195.2	201.7	212.1	219.6	210.7	211.0	216.3	:	CDN
J	334.0	359.0	359.0	364.0	366.0	393.0	405.0	428.3	443.0	451.1	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Gross consumption is measured as total primary energy produced, stocked and imported, net of exports. Gross inland consumption is gross consumption less fuel supply to maritime bunkers (for sea-going ships of all flags). It therefore reflects the energy necessary to satisfy inland consumption within the strict limits of national territory. The energy sector itself is a

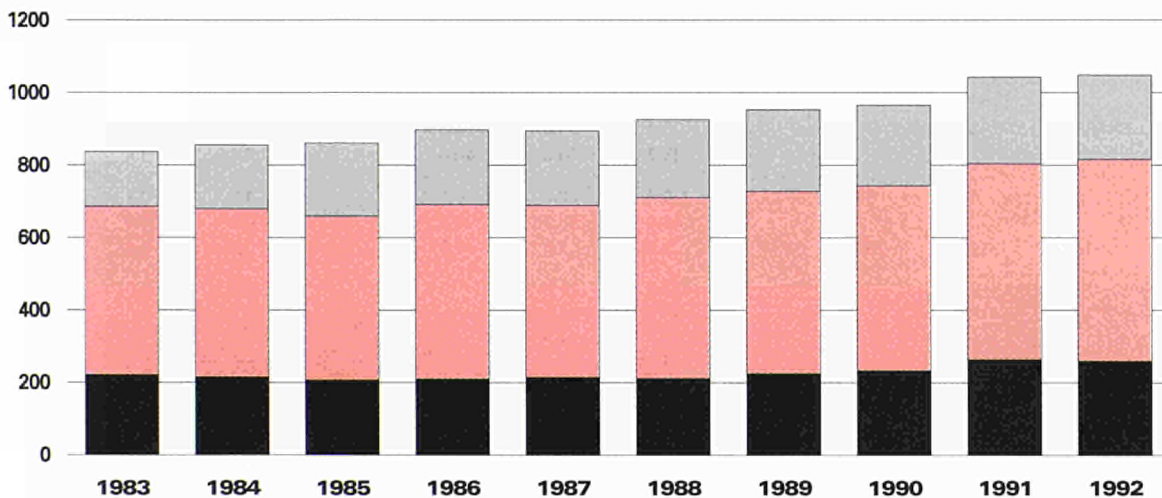
substantial consumer of energy, as most primary energy production is refined or converted into electricity for the final use of industry, transport and households. Gross inland consumption of energy per person varies between countries due to the difference in their structure of final energy production and level of industrial concentration.

Gross inland consumption of primary energy per person, toe. 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Energy transformed by power stations and refineries. Million toe and as % of transformation input



Black: power stations; orange: refineries; grey: other.

FURTHER READING

Primary energy sources of electricity generation, kWh, as % of total electricity production

	Solid fuels: coal and brown coal			Petroleum products			Natural and derived gas			
	1983	1985	1993	1983	1985	1993	1983	1985	1993	
EUR12	39.0	37.5	33.9	11.7	11.1	9.6	8.5	8.2	9.8	EUR12
B	27.5	21.5	22.9	13.0	6.5	2.1	17.1	11.2	13.0	B
DK	94.3	93.6	87.4	5.4	4.9	3.9	0.0	1.1	3.7	DK
D	60.2	52.8	55.2	3.8	2.5	1.9	11.7	8.1	7.7	D
GR	68.5	72.6	70.4	31.5	30.5	19.8	0.0	0.0	0.3	GR
E	:	42.1	39.3	:	6.3	6.0	:	2.1	1.4	E
F	18.3	11.5	4.3	5.3	2.1	1.3	2.8	1.9	1.5	F
IRL	16.2	20.1	51.6	21.2	19.7	14.2	51.7	50.0	27.6	IRL
I	11.6	14.2	7.4	49.4	40.5	50.7	8.8	14.8	19.1	I
L	39.0	37.0	-	62.0	23.0	3.4	23.2	31.8	48.2	L
NL	22.9	23.7	27.8	9.4	4.8	4.0	60.0	64.7	61.0	NL
P	:	4.6	36.1	:	33.9	32.0	:	0.2	0.3	P
UK	70.8	60.4	52.4	9.0	16.4	7.2	0.8	1.4	11.5	UK

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Breakdown of the total electricity generation by source of energy.

Primary energy sources of electricity generation, kWh, as % of total electricity production

	Nuclear			Hydroelectricity			Renewable energy			
	1983	1985	1993	1983	1985	1993	1983	1985	1993	
EUR12	21.0	30.7	36.2	13.4	12.2	9.6	0.7	0.7	:	EUR12
B	45.7	60.3	59.2	2.3	2.5	1.5	0.4	0.5	:	B
DK	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	3.3	0.0	0.0	:	DK
D	17.8	31.1	29.8	5.3	4.5	4.3	1.2	1.1	:	D
GR	-	-	-	11.7	12.5	7.1	0.0	0.0	:	GR
E	9.1	22.1	35.9	25.6	27.0	17.1	0.0	0.4	:	E
F	48.3	64.7	77.8	24.9	19.4	14.9	0.3	0.2	:	F
IRL	-	-	-	10.9	10.2	6.6	0.0	0.0	:	IRL
I	3.2	3.8	:	25.1	25.0	20.8	1.9	1.7	:	I
L	-	-	-	43.7	48.4	44.8	3.1	3.4	:	L
NL	5.9	6.1	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.7	:	NL
P	-	-	-	45.8	58.2	28.8	0.0	3.0	:	P
UK	16.9	19.3	26.7	2.5	2.4	1.9	0.0	0.0	:	UK
A	-	-	-	72.7	71.8	:	0.0	0.0	:	A
FIN	41.4	38.0	:	33.3	25.8	:	0.0	0.0	:	FIN
IS	-	-	-	95.0	95.2	:	4.8	4.7	:	IS
N	-	-	-	99.7	99.7	:	0.0	0.0	:	N
S	36.7	41.9	:	59.5	53.1	:	0.0	0.0	:	S
EEA	20.6	29.2	:	24.0	22.1	:	0.6	0.5	:	EEA
CH	28.6	38.8	:	69.5	59.6	:	0.0	0.0	:	CH
USA	12.7	15.5	:	14.4	11.4	:	0.3	0.4	:	USA
CDN	11.6	12.8	:	66.4	67.4	:	0.0	0.0	:	CDN
J	18.5	23.7	:	14.9	13.7	:	0.2	0.2	:	J

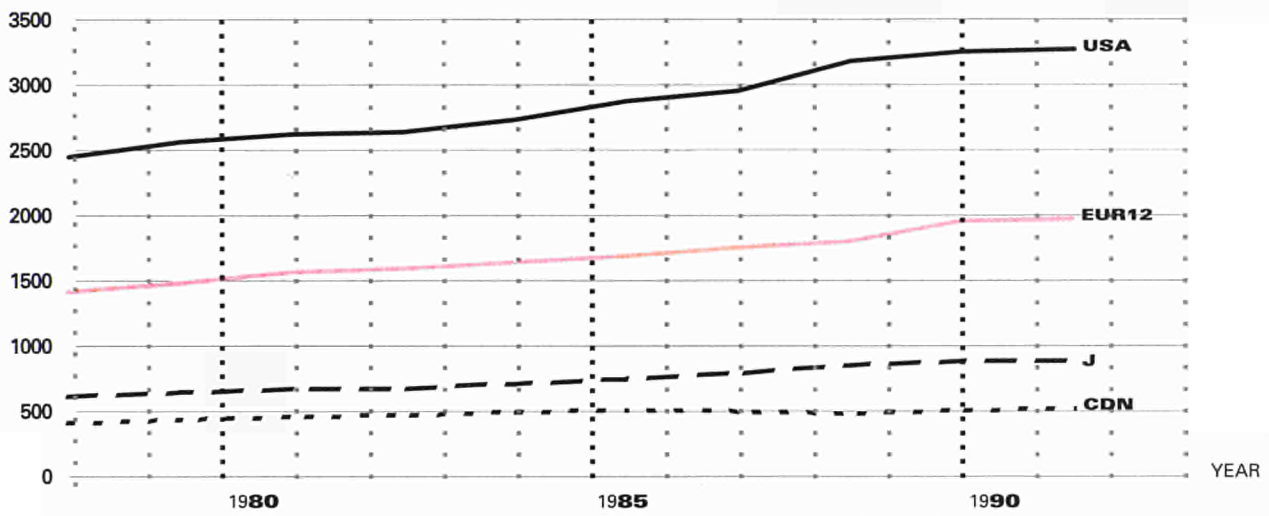
FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Breakdown of the total electricity generation by source of energy.

Due to the long-term investment necessary for the construction of power stations, the structure of electricity generation by type of power station is quite stable over periods of less than 10 years. In the case of thermal power

stations, electricity generation by type of fuel (petroleum products, coal and lignite, natural and derived gas) is estimated by applying the share of fuel consumption of thermal electricity to the total of all fuels consumed by electricity.

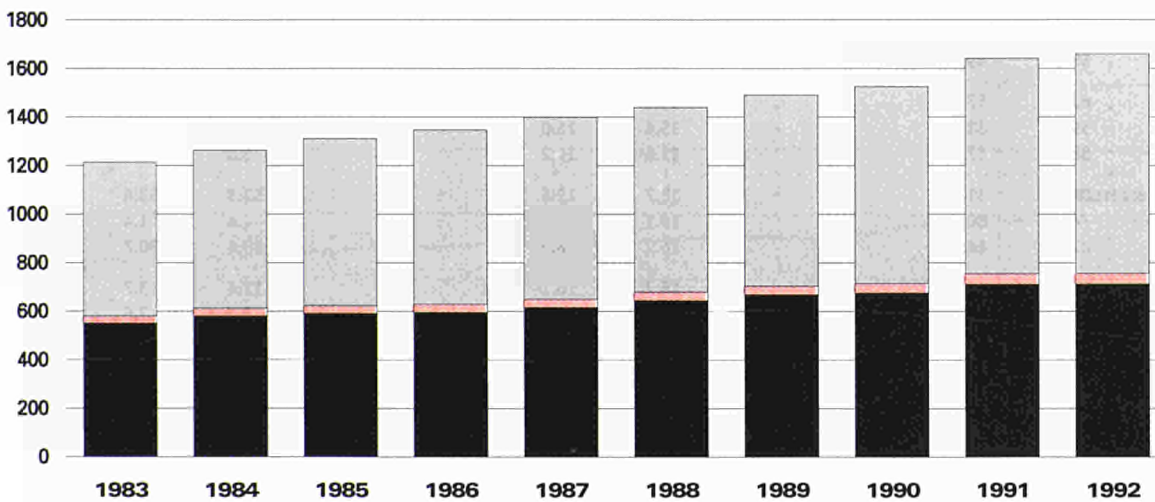
Electricity production, 1000 GWh



FURTHER READING

Gross electricity generation.

EU consumption of electricity by industrial and transport activities and households, 1000 GWh and as % of final consumption of electricity



Black: industrial activities; orange: transport activities; grey: households.

FURTHER READING

Final energy consumption. Million toe

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	643.7	655.5	676.4	688.8	702.8	707.9	729.9	723.1	784.8	782.4	789.4	EUR12
B	26.7	27.5	28.9	29.7	30.0	30.5	30.4	30.5	32.1	32.9	32.4	B
DK	12.4	12.9	14.0	13.7	13.8	13.3	12.6	14.0	13.8	13.7	14.0	DK
D	166.0	172.3	177.9	181.4	184.1	181.7	175.8	180.7	222.2	219.0	225.0	D
GR	10.9	10.9	11.6	11.3	12.2	12.8	13.3	13.5	13.8	13.9	14.1	GR
E	45.7	44.1	43.6	44.1	45.5	49.6	50.5	52.8	56.3	56.8	56.3	E
F	117.5	118.7	121.6	122.5	124.0	122.6	125.0	126.3	130.8	132.1	131.4	F
IRL	5.3	5.7	6.1	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.0	7.1	6.8	IRL
I	89.7	92.9	93.3	94.5	99.7	101.8	106.2	107.0	109.9	107.8	110.2	I
L	2.6	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.6	L
NL	38.8	41.2	42.2	43.3	43.1	41.7	41.0	42.7	44.9	44.5	46.2	NL
P	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.9	8.5	8.9	9.4	9.9	10.3	10.5	P
UK	120.7	119.2	126.9	131.6	133.1	135.9	136.1	135.8	140.6	140.8	139.0	UK
A	18.6	19.3	19.7	19.9	20.0	20.1	20.2	21.2	22.9	22.3	:	A
FIN	19.1	19.5	19.6	20.6	21.8	22.0	22.6	22.9	22.8	23.0	:	FIN
IS	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.0	:	IS
N	16.3	17.3	17.9	18.1	19.1	18.3	17.8	18.0	17.9	17.8	:	N
S	31.4	31.6	33.6	34.4	34.4	34.2	33.1	32.7	32.5	32.7	:	S
EEA	729.9	744.1	739.2	782.7	799.0	803.5	804.4	819.2	881.9	879.2	:	EEA
CH	17.7	17.7	19.0	19.1	19.3	19.3	19.7	19.8	20.4	20.6	:	CH
USA	1 217.7	1 288.3	1 277.2	1 278.4	1 324.3	1 381.6	1 392.7	1 369.5	1 371.1	1 399.3	:	USA
CDN	141.8	147.1	150.9	149.9	152.3	160.3	164.0	159.0	160.4	163.4	:	CDN
J	238.7	252.8	252.9	253.6	262.2	279.0	288.5	296.1	314.6	319.3	:	J

FURTHER READING

Major final energy sources, toe, as % of total final energy consumption

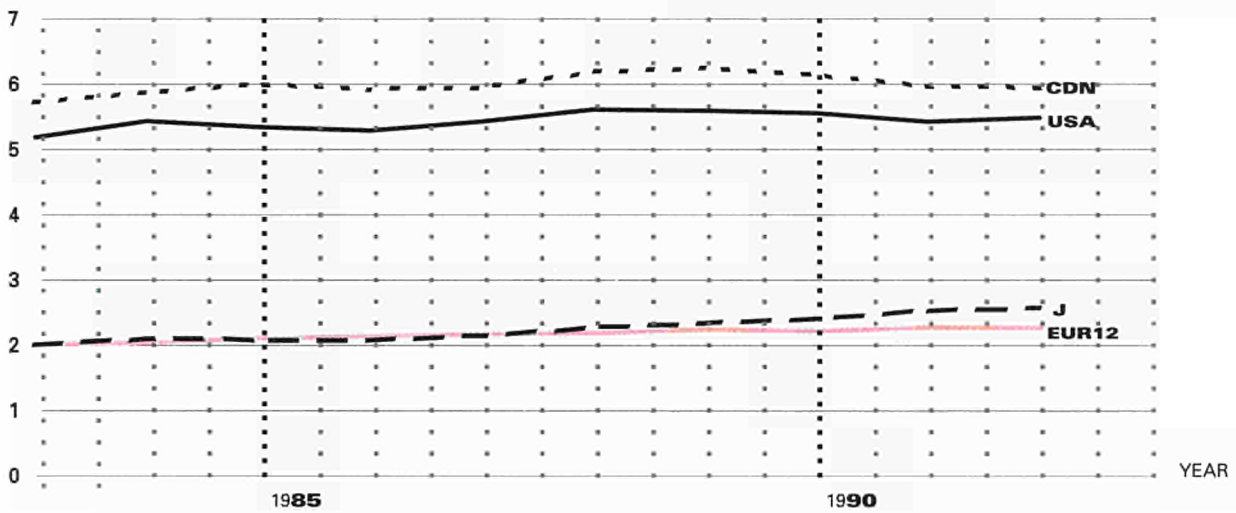
	Petroleum products			Electricity			Gas			
	1983	1985	1993	1983	1985	1993	1983	1985	1993	
EUR12	52.5	55.0	:	16.2	16.7	:	21.3	22.6	:	EUR12
B	46.8	49.9	:	14.3	14.4	:	24.0	24.2	:	B
DK	73.4	74.6	:	15.8	15.6	:	0.8	0.7	:	DK
D	51.4	54.2	:	16.8	16.9	:	19.9	21.1	:	D
GR	75.2	78.7	:	17.0	17.7	:	-	-	:	GR
E	63.5	70.6	:	18.0	20.3	:	4.6	6.0	:	E
F	58.2	59.5	:	16.8	17.9	:	17.1	18.7	:	F
IRL	62.3	57.7	:	14.4	13.8	:	1.9	4.9	:	IRL
I	59.0	62.0	:	15.4	16.0	:	21.2	22.2	:	I
L	38.5	37.9	:	11.6	11.2	:	3.8	20.7	:	L
NL	31.4	31.5	:	12.7	12.5	:	52.3	53.6	:	NL
P	74.3	80.3	:	19.1	20.2	:	1.4	1.4	:	P
UK	42.0	44.4	:	16.2	16.4	:	29.4	30.7	:	UK
A	49.5	50.3	:	15.7	16.1	:	12.4	13.7	:	A
FIN	47.1	47.7	:	18.9	21.3	:	2.6	2.6	:	FIN
IS	62.5	61.1	:	36.3	33.3	:	0.0	0.0	:	IS
N	46.0	50.4	:	43.7	43.9	:	0.0	0.0	:	N
S	51.3	51.4	:	27.2	29.9	:	0.3	0.3	:	S
EEA	52.1	54.6	:	17.4	18.1	:	19.2	20.2	:	EEA
CH	70.1	75.8	:	18.5	18.7	:	6.2	6.8	:	CH
USA	52.4	57.4	:	14.6	15.2	:	22.8	22.3	:	USA
CDN	45.9	47.7	:	19.7	20.8	:	23.5	25.0	:	CDN
J	60.8	65.7	:	19.7	20.2	:	4.4	4.7	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993, Eurostat.

Final energy consumption is measured net of energy losses and consumption of the energy sector. It also excludes consumption for non-energy purposes (among which is petrochemical production). Final use of petroleum products

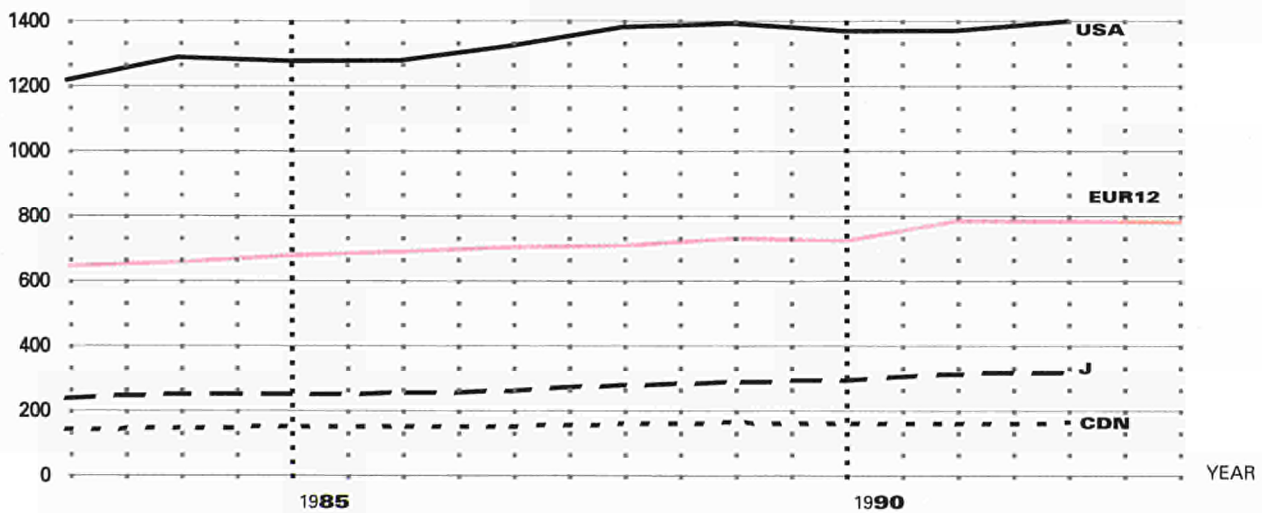
involves only refined products (for example motor spirit, gasoil, domestic fuel, kerosene and jet fuels), whereas final use of gas is mainly in the form of natural gas, which is not affected by a refining process.

Final energy consumption per person, toe



FURTHER READING

Final energy consumption, million toe



FURTHER READING

Consumption by industry, toe, as % of final energy consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	32.1	32.6	31.6	30.4	30.7	31.1	30.4	30.3	28.6	28.6	28.0	EUR12
B	37.9	38.4	36.4	34.2	34.4	36.1	36.3	37.1	35.4	35.4	34.0	B
DK	16.5	17.9	18.5	18.4	18.7	19.5	19.4	18.5	18.3	18.3	18.4	DK
D	33.3	34.5	33.8	32.1	32.7	33.2	34.7	31.8	30.8	30.8	29.5	D
GR	33.8	34.3	30.9	31.7	30.9	30.6	30.0	27.8	26.2	26.0	24.1	GR
E	39.7	40.0	39.0	38.0	37.0	35.6	34.7	34.4	32.8	30.7	32.6	E
F	30.0	30.2	30.4	28.1	28.8	29.0	29.2	28.0	26.9	26.6	26.6	F
IRL	29.4	25.6	28.4	26.7	27.3	27.0	27.4	28.7	27.9	27.5	23.3	IRL
I	34.2	34.9	32.7	32.5	33.2	33.5	33.7	33.6	29.9	30.4	30.8	I
L	61.2	63.2	61.0	57.2	55.4	56.2	56.8	51.8	45.7	45.3	46.5	L
NL	31.0	33.1	32.4	32.0	30.9	31.4	29.4	30.9	27.8	28.1	28.6	NL
P	41.6	41.1	41.8	38.5	38.4	37.9	37.6	37.7	36.7	35.0	33.5	P
UK	27.2	26.5	25.4	24.7	25.4	25.9	25.6	25.0	24.4	24.1	22.0	UK
A	31.0	31.5	30.6	28.6	28.6	29.9	30.0	29.4	25.4	25.4	:	A
FIN	46.9	47.4	43.0	43.4	41.1	42.7	43.8	43.3	41.1	41.1	:	FIN
IS	37.5	37.8	36.7	38.9	35.6	35.0	34.4	24.6	29.0	29.0	:	IS
N	44.4	46.0	44.6	42.0	40.8	41.6	41.1	39.8	37.6	37.6	:	N
S	37.8	39.1	37.5	36.9	38.0	38.6	39.2	39.7	38.5	38.5	:	S
EEA	32.9	33.5	32.3	31.2	31.5	31.9	32.2	31.2	29.6	29.5	:	EEA
CH	23.6	22.8	22.1	20.8	19.0	18.1	17.7	17.4	16.8	16.8	:	CH
USA	30.1	31.4	30.4	29.6	30.0	30.0	30.1	30.4	30.8	30.8	:	USA
CDN	36.1	37.7	38.2	37.2	38.2	38.1	37.0	36.7	35.7	35.7	:	CDN
J	47.9	48.0	47.9	46.1	45.8	45.5	45.9	46.4	44.4	44.4	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Consumption by transport, toe, as % of final energy consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	26.9	27.2	27.0	27.9	28.3	29.9	30.3	31.8	30.6	31.5	32.1	EUR12
B	21.9	21.4	21.2	22.4	22.7	24.2	25.0	25.2	24.3	25.2	26.3	B
DK	26.0	26.1	25.9	26.0	28.6	29.8	33.7	32.1	32.0	32.5	31.3	DK
D	24.5	24.3	23.7	24.5	25.0	26.2	27.8	28.6	26.8	27.5	27.8	D
GR	39.5	37.3	40.3	41.2	39.6	40.4	40.5	43.0	43.3	44.0	45.4	GR
E	31.9	34.5	34.5	36.4	37.4	40.8	42.4	42.3	42.9	43.7	43.7	E
F	27.9	28.1	27.5	28.7	29.3	31.5	32.1	33.2	31.8	32.2	33.9	F
IRL	29.6	27.0	27.7	27.5	25.6	27.3	27.9	27.6	28.9	28.7	30.1	IRL
I	28.7	28.6	29.7	31.1	29.8	30.6	30.8	31.2	31.2	33.2	33.2	I
L	20.4	19.6	20.3	21.4	25.0	25.5	27.1	30.5	33.7	36.0	35.7	L
NL	22.2	22.3	20.9	21.2	21.6	23.2	24.6	24.1	23.4	25.1	25.0	NL
P	36.1	35.5	35.8	38.0	38.4	38.9	39.3	39.7	40.2	41.5	42.5	P
UK	27.0	28.6	28.2	28.9	29.5	30.7	32.6	33.5	31.8	32.3	33.6	UK
A	24.8	23.7	23.5	24.0	24.2	25.8	26.8	26.1	26.8	27.7	:	A
FIN	16.6	16.8	17.4	17.6	17.9	18.2	18.8	19.0	18.6	18.2	:	FIN
IS	48.8	44.4	44.4	45.6	51.1	48.0	54.0	43.8	49.0	52.0	:	IS
N	19.8	19.4	19.7	21.1	20.9	22.1	22.6	22.9	24.5	24.9	:	N
S	19.6	20.4	19.8	20.6	21.1	22.4	23.8	22.7	22.5	23.3	:	S
EEA	26.1	26.4	26.4	27.1	27.4	29.0	30.2	30.7	29.8	30.7	:	EEA
CH	27.4	28.2	26.8	20.8	19.0	18.1	17.7	31.8	31.3	32.0	:	CH
USA	34.6	33.7	34.3	35.2	35.1	35.1	35.1	35.4	34.9	34.8	:	USA
CDN	25.7	25.5	25.0	25.3	25.8	26.0	25.8	25.9	26.8	27.4	:	CDN
J	22.8	22.4	22.7	23.4	23.7	23.7	24.4	25.7	26.6	26.9	:	J

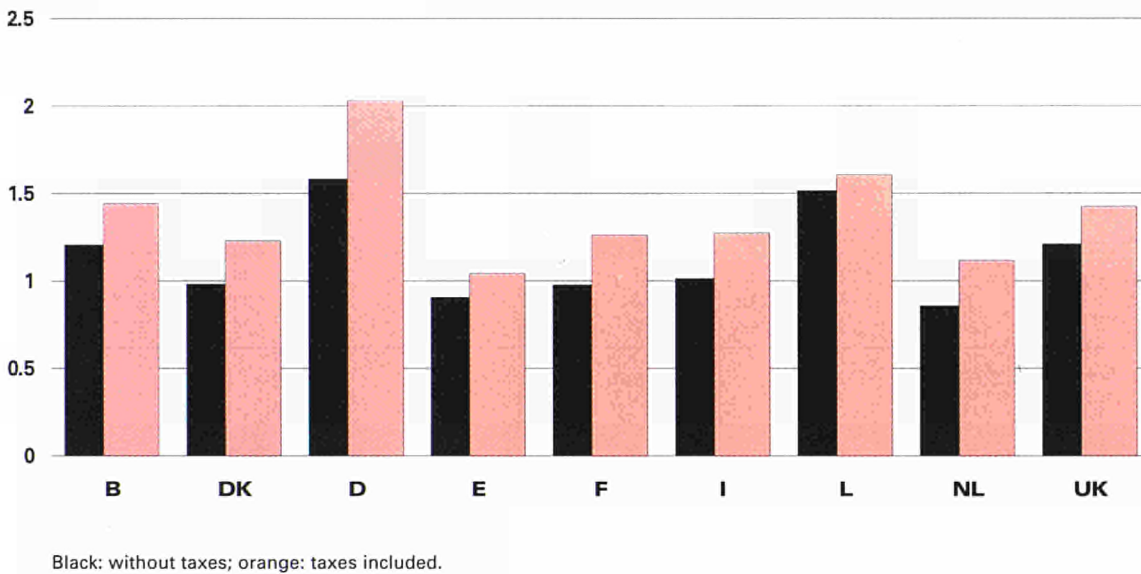
FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.



Large energy-consuming industries are those where energy is a basic part of the production process, such as the iron and steel, chemicals and glass, ceramics and building materials industries. Mechanical energy and space heating is a relatively minor part of total industrial consumption. This has to be taken into account when comparing countries of similar industrial

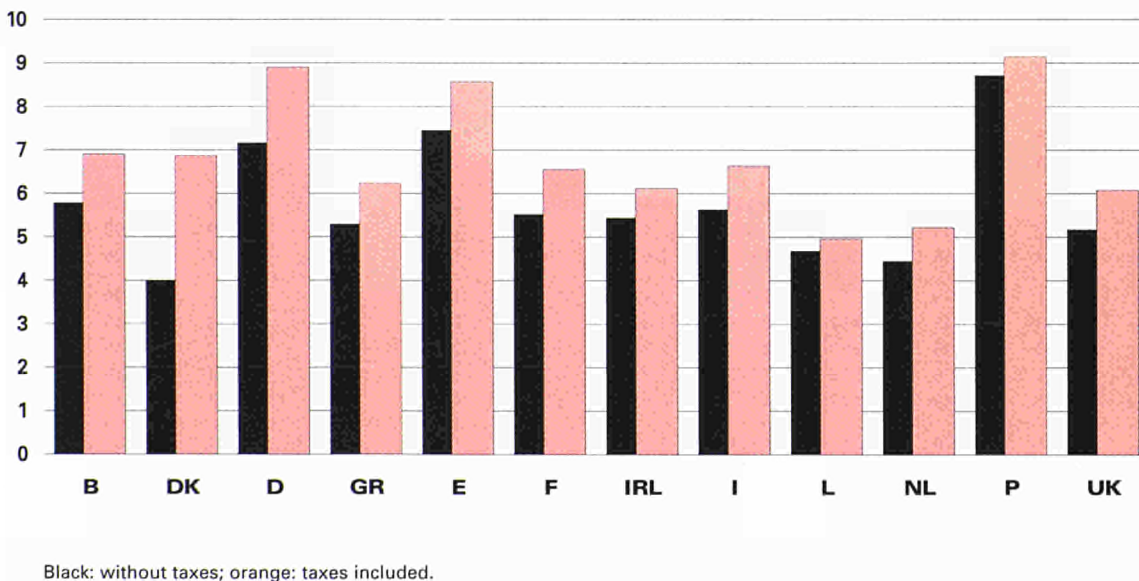
activity. The industrial transition of the former GDR has introduced a slight break in statistical series for the first years after unification. Gas and electricity prices have been collected since 1991 on the basis of standard consumers and locations defined by Council Directive 90/377/EEC on Community procedure to improve openness of gas and electricity prices.

*Gas prices for large industrial standard consumers:
116.63 GWh per year, ECU per 100 kWh. 1 January 1993*



FURTHER READING

*Electricity prices for large industrial standard consumers:
24 GWh per year, ECU per 100 kWh. 1 January 1993*



FURTHER READING

Consumption by households, trade, services, etc., toe,
as % of final energy consumption

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	40.9	40.3	41.5	41.8	41.1	39.1	36.6	38.0	40.9	41.0		EUR12
B	40.4	40.2	42.4	43.6	43.2	40.0	38.8	37.6	39.8	39.5		B
DK	57.8	56.0	55.6	55.8	52.8	51.4	47.3	49.3	48.9	49.3		DK
D	42.3	41.2	42.6	43.4	42.3	40.5	37.5	39.6	44.3	41.4		D
GR	26.9	28.5	29.0	27.7	29.9	29.0	29.9	29.6	31.2	30.2		GR
E	24.1	25.6	26.5	25.7	25.6	23.7	22.9	23.4	24.2	23.8		E
F	42.1	41.7	42.0	43.2	41.9	39.5	38.8	38.8	41.6	41.2		F
IRL	42.1	47.7	44.3	47.0	47.1	45.9	45.1	43.4	42.9	43.7		IRL
I	37.2	36.5	37.6	36.4	37.1	36.0	35.5	35.3	36.9	36.3		I
L	21.4	18.9	20.0	21.0	21.8	20.6	18.7	17.3	19.1	18.6		L
NL	46.9	44.8	46.7	47.0	47.6	45.5	46.0	45.0	49.2	46.9		NL
P	23.1	23.3	23.4	23.9	24.1	23.4	23.3	23.2	23.2	23.6		P
UK	45.8	45.0	46.4	46.4	22.6	43.5	41.9	41.6	44.0	43.6		UK
A	37.6	37.9	39.9	41.5	40.4	38.5	37.7	38.3	41.3	40.9		A
FIN	32.1	31.4	34.9	33.5	34.8	32.9	31.7	32.7	34.2	34.2		FIN
IS	15.0	13.3	13.3	12.2	14.4	15.0	15.0	11.5	17.0	17.0		IS
N	31.1	29.9	31.1	31.8	34.1	32.3	31.6	32.7	33.0	32.4		N
S	40.2	38.2	40.6	40.1	38.6	36.5	34.8	35.1	36.8	36.5		S
EEA	40.3	39.6	40.9	41.2	36.8	38.6	37.2	37.6	40.4	39.3		EEA
CH	46.7	46.8	49.0	49.2	50.3	50.2	50.0	49.0	49.8	49.6		CH
USA	31.6	31.0	31.2	30.9	30.7	30.8	30.9	29.7	30.4	30.0		USA
CDN	34.9	33.8	33.6	33.8	32.0	32.5	33.8	34.3	33.6	33.7		CDN
J	25.9	26.1	25.9	26.8	26.8	27.1	26.3	24.5	25.1	25.9		J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Household consumption of electricity per person, kWh

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	1 128	1 171	1 224	1 259	1 311	1 282	1 301	1 340	1 395	1 414		EUR12
B	1 252	1 290	1 366	1 406	1 483	1 483	1 526	1 851	1 992	2 020		B
DK	1 455	1 533	1 648	1 721	1 791	1 741	1 748	1 767	1 845	1 843		DK
D	1 465	1 510	1 591	1 599	1 647	1 596	1 583	1 597	1 528	1 532		D
GR	689	733	793	784	856	878	912	903	989	1 035		GR
E	573	613	605	645	660	698	758	775	792	804		E
F	1 371	1 456	1 558	1 621	1 753	1 639	1 660	1 721	1 878	1 916		F
IRL	1 054	1 063	1 118	1 147	1 192	1 186	1 231	1 307	1 362	1 436		IRL
I	723	762	780	799	840	858	887	916	950	965		I
L	1 434	1 498	1 557	1 616	1 670	1 657	1 675	1 692	1 757	1 794		L
NL	1 067	1 101	1 107	1 115	1 136	1 054	1 081	1 108	1 139	1 157		NL
P	413	411	431	460	480	497	550	592	659	690		P
UK	1 473	1 488	1 561	1 620	1 639	1 621	1 615	1 636	1 707	1 726		UK
A	1 232	1 279	1 354	1 369	1 429	1 410	1 435	1 470	1 514	1 524		A
FIN	1 938	2 145	2 492	2 506	2 807	2 702	2 720	2 960	3 118	3 145		FIN
IS	2 908	2 895	2 883	2 872	2 383	2 373	2 354	2 326	2 052	2 245		IS
N	6 251	6 826	6 978	7 168	7 234	6 961	6 571	7 234	7 664	7 619		N
S	3 504	4 049	4 672	4 819	4 919	5 123	4 850	4 486	4 793	4 682		S
EEA	1 261	1 324	1 359	1 436	1 493	1 467	1 474	1 513	1 571	1 587		EEA
CH	1 615	1 733	1 802	1 841	1 915	1 901	1 921	2 037	2 050	2 077		CH
USA	3 199	3 282	3 318	3 385	3 484	3 622	3 637	3 752	3 782	3 663		USA
CDN	3 864	4 021	4 120	4 309	4 359	4 649	4 949	5 015	4 775	4 770		CDN
J	1 116	1 148	1 186	1 201	1 269	1 318	1 393	1 508	1 554	1 601		J

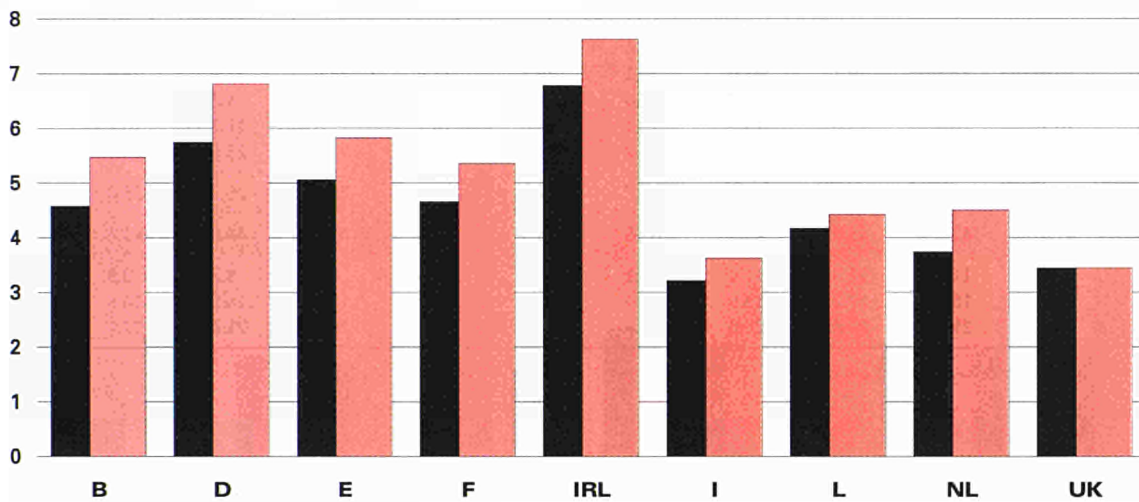
FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.



Final consumption for households by country varies a lot according to climatic conditions and the use and ownership of domestic equipment. Household consumption of electricity per inhabitant excludes consumption of the

commercial and services sector. Gas and electricity prices paid by domestic consumers are collected on the basis of a definition of standard consumers and locations.

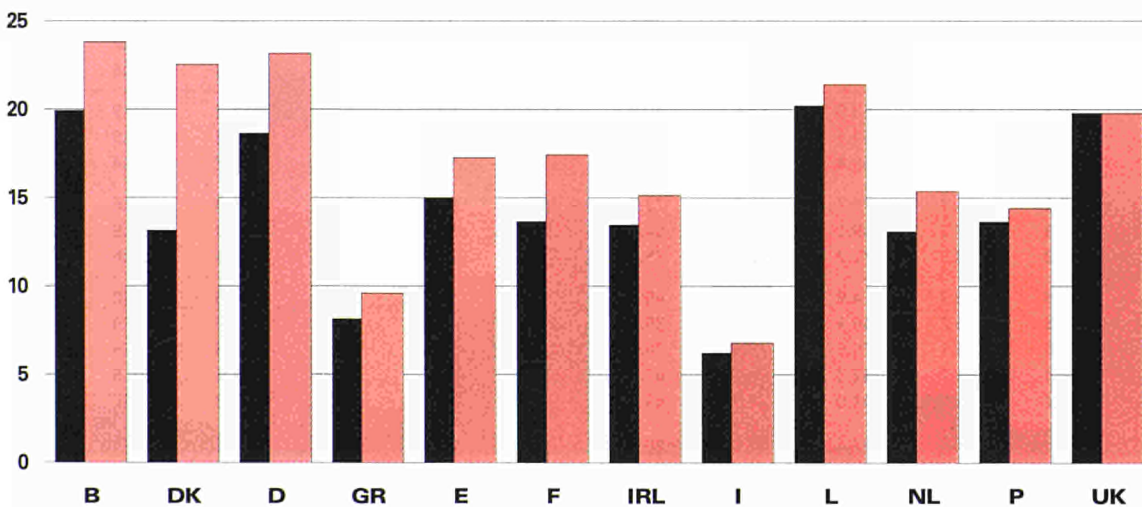
Gas prices for small standard consumers: 2 326 kWh per year, ECU per 100 kWh. 1 January 1993



Black: without taxes; orange: taxes included.

FURTHER READING

Electricity prices for small standard consumers: 600 kWh per year, ECU per 100 kWh. 1 January 1993



Black: without taxes; orange: taxes included.

FURTHER READING

*Final consumption of petroleum products by households, toe,
as % of final consumption of petroleum products*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	32.2	31.6	32.2	31.5	30.2	28.0	25.3	24.9	26.2	25.4	24.8	EUR12
B	36.4	38.1	40.2	41.0	40.5	37.6	36.3	36.1	36.1	36.5	35.6	B
DK	50.6	47.9	46.0	43.7	40.4	36.2	32.5	27.0	28.8	28.6	29.7	DK
D	42.2	40.9	43.2	43.6	41.1	39.5	33.9	34.3	35.2	34.5	34.8	D
GR	23.8	26.3	26.6	24.1	26.5	25.3	26.4	25.5	27.2	24.7	24.3	GR
E	22.4	23.0	23.9	21.7	21.7	18.6	16.8	17.4	18.3	17.2	17.2	E
F	36.1	35.3	35.6	35.5	33.1	30.0	28.9	28.3	30.1	29.1	25.5	F
IRL	19.5	23.5	18.5	23.6	24.3	23.1	25.3	25.6	26.9	26.1	32.7	IRL
I	32.6	31.4	31.5	27.9	30.0	27.9	26.1	24.5	24.5	23.5	22.3	I
L	32.6	30.3	29.6	30.2	24.9	23.2	20.4	19.5	20.4	18.8	18.2	L
NL	18.0	14.7	14.3	16.1	12.7	14.3	13.7	12.5	13.5	11.8	11.6	NL
P	17.3	17.5	17.4	18.4	19.2	18.1	17.2	17.1	16.7	16.9	17.9	P
UK	18.2	18.2	17.2	16.0	14.6	13.7	12.3	11.9	13.1	12.8	13.2	UK
A	25.6	24.2	27.0	28.0	25.6	21.8	20.8	22.5	24.0	21.2	:	A
FIN	29.0	27.1	29.7	27.0	29.1	29.3	27.9	28.4	27.9	28.6	:	FIN
IS	7.8	5.7	5.7	3.7	3.4	4.8	4.5	2.8	4.7	5.9	:	IS
N	16.1	14.4	15.0	15.3	20.1	14.8	14.1	12.8	11.1	10.7	:	N
S	34.5	29.6	32.4	31.9	27.2	25.4	23.3	23.4	23.6	23.4	:	S
EEA	31.7	30.8	31.6	30.9	29.7	27.5	24.9	24.6	25.7	25.0	:	EEA
CH	41.6	42.1	45.6	45.3	46.5	46.0	45.8	43.9	44.8	43.8	:	CH
USA	11.4	11.5	11.6	11.2	11.1	11.0	10.6	8.6	8.7	8.8	:	USA
CDN	20.4	18.4	17.2	16.5	15.4	15.1	16.0	15.6	14.5	14.8	:	CDN
J	24.9	25.6	24.8	25.0	24.8	25.6	24.2	20.7	21.4	22.1	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

*Final consumption of petroleum products by transport, toe,
as % of final consumption of petroleum products*

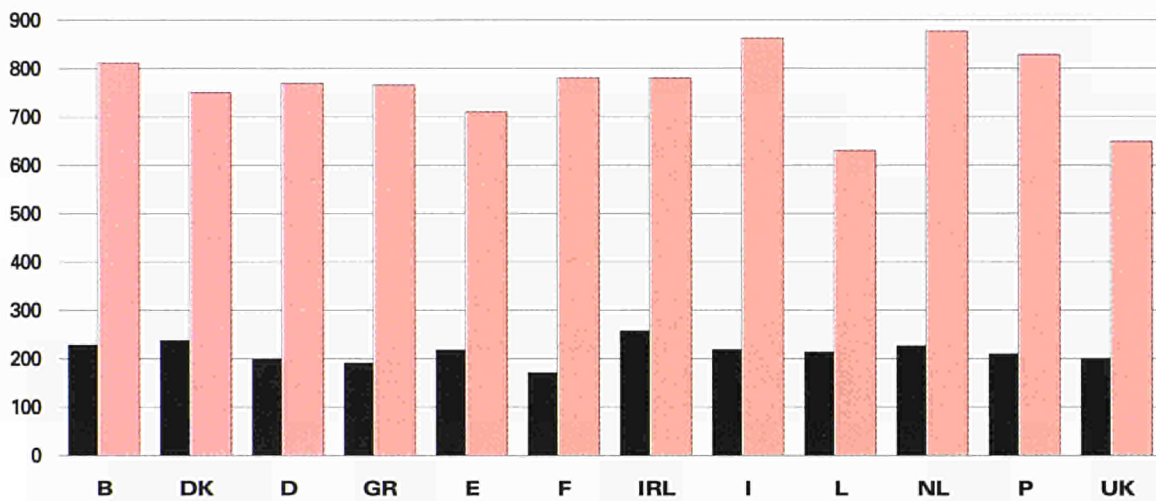
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	51.1	52.9	54.0	54.8	56.6	59.1	62.7	64.1	63.3	64.7	65.7	EUR12
B	46.5	47.9	46.6	44.4	46.3	48.5	52.3	53.9	50.6	51.2	53.0	B
DK	35.4	37.0	38.5	41.1	46.7	50.8	56.4	59.9	58.7	60.4	60.2	DK
D	47.4	48.7	47.7	47.0	50.1	52.1	58.5	59.0	57.6	58.2	58.6	D
GR	53.3	52.6	57.1	58.3	54.7	56.3	55.6	58.6	59.2	60.5	62.8	GR
E	49.6	51.9	53.4	55.5	57.6	61.6	65.9	66.1	66.6	67.7	66.9	E
F	47.6	49.8	50.8	52.5	53.8	57.9	59.6	61.9	61.5	61.6	65.0	F
IRL	49.3	51.4	53.0	53.6	49.7	53.7	53.8	51.7	51.2	50.9	52.1	IRL
I	48.0	49.1	52.1	54.8	53.7	55.6	58.1	60.3	62.3	67.9	67.5	I
L	57.2	59.2	59.4	57.5	55.9	57.6	59.2	64.6	64.7	68.4	68.9	L
NL	73.1	75.3	75.7	69.3	72.5	76.1	81.6	79.9	81.3	82.6	82.6	NL
P	46.4	47.2	49.1	53.1	54.5	55.9	56.6	56.5	57.3	58.9	60.3	P
UK	65.2	68.3	71.2	72.2	75.3	75.4	77.0	78.7	76.6	77.6	78.6	UK
A	47.8	48.3	4.9	48.1	48.6	53.5	56.3	54.7	56.0	57.8	:	A
FIN	34.8	36.7	40.1	38.5	39.9	40.3	43.2	44.6	43.0	43.0	:	FIN
IS	76.5	75.5	75.5	75.9	78.0	77.4	80.6	79.2	76.6	76.5	:	IS
N	42.3	41.7	42.3	44.0	42.3	47.2	48.7	51.0	55.6	56.8	:	N
S	37.1	41.4	41.0	41.9	45.8	48.5	52.3	50.8	52.2	52.7	:	S
EEA	49.9	51.8	51.7	53.5	55.2	57.9	61.4	62.6	62.2	63.5	:	EEA
CH	37.5	40.1	37.5	39.3	40.6	42.6	43.5	46.2	45.6	46.3	:	CH
USA	66.0	65.2	65.7	66.1	66.4	67.3	68.3	68.9	69.9	69.3	:	USA
CDN	56.0	57.0	57.5	57.4	57.7	58.7	58.2	58.7	59.0	59.3	:	CDN
J	36.6	36.3	37.2	37.3	37.9	38.4	39.8	42.7	43.0	43.2	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Petroleum products predominate in the consumption of the transport sector, excluding rail, as there is practically no possible substitution by other energy sources. Petroleum products, electricity and gas can be substitutes in

various aspects of households' energy consumption. In the Netherlands and the United Kingdom, household heating is mainly supplied by gas.

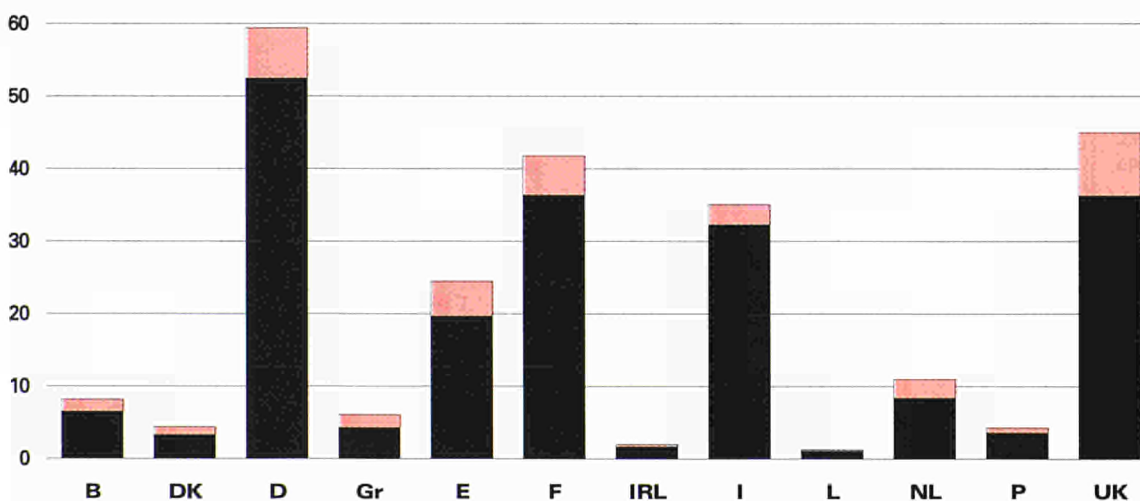
Prices of leaded premium gasoline. ECU per 1000 l, 1 January 1993



Black: without taxes; orange: taxes included.

FURTHER READING

Final consumption of petroleum products by road transport and by other means of transport, million toe. 1992



Black: road transport; orange: other transport.

FURTHER READING

Unleaded petrol, 1000 t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	850	7 541	13 393	23 055	33 776	44 803	52 890	59 742	EUR12
B	:	:	:	0	0	13	441	685	1 026	1 364	859	B
DK	:	:	:	146	442	499	613	910	1 079	1 244	1 384	DK
D	:	:	:	704	6 393	11 570	15 197	18 517	24 340	26 634	28 235	D
GR	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	44	182	424	606	GR
E	:	:	:	0	4	13	27	70	258	549	735	E
F	:	:	:	0	0	47	442	2 640	4 480	6 018	6 975	F
IRL	:	:	:	0	0	0	56	166	222	293	367	IRL
I	:	:	:	0	0	89	269	659	998	2 097	3 912	I
L	:	:	:	0	0	33	76	123	217	302	362	L
NL	:	:	:	0	688	870	1 283	1 682	2 063	2 536	2 845	NL
P	:	:	:	0	0	0	3	24	127	221	371	P
UK	:	:	:	0	14	259	4 648	8 256	9 811	11 208	12 310	UK
A	:	:	:	570	722	886	1 104	1 313	1 635	1 791	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	4	264	398	1 033	1 146	1 394	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	280	625	1 571	1 893	2 375	2 417	2 586	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's Environment, statistical compendium for The Dobris Assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Unleaded petrol as % of total deliveries of petrol

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	0.9	7.8	13.3	22.6	32.3	40.7	47.1	53.4	EUR12
B	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.4	15.3	25.1	37.4	47.0	57.2	B
DK	:	:	:	9.5	28.8	32.1	40.1	56.6	63.4	69.6	75.6	DK
D	:	:	:	2.9	25.0	43.7	57.5	67.8	77.0	84.0	88.7	D
GR	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	7.3	16.4	23.0	GR
E	:	:	:	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.9	3.1	6.2	8.3	E
F	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.4	14.5	25.0	34.1	41.1	F
IRL	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.4	18.8	24.5	30.2	38.5	IRL
I	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.1	4.8	6.7	13.1	23.7	I
L	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	10.0	20.2	29.9	44.7	57.9	69.0	L
NL	:	:	:	0.0	20.2	25.9	37.5	48.3	59.8	69.5	75.1	NL
P	:	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.8	8.6	13.1	20.9	P
UK	:	:	:	0.0	0.1	1.1	19.4	34.0	40.8	46.8	52.6	UK
A	:	:	:	23.2	28.9	34.6	42.6	51.3	58.5	67.0	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	0.2	14.5	20.5	52.0	57.8	70.0	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	7.1	15.3	37.0	43.0	57.0	56.9	59.4	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobbris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Total inland water abstraction

	Million cu m per year						Ground water abstraction as % of total water abstraction			
				cu m per person						
	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	1980	1985	1990	
EUR12	231 596	222 433	227 843	728	691	695	:	:	:	EUR12
B	9 030	9 100	9 200	917	923	923	9	:	:	B
DK	1 450	1 705	1 200	283	333	233	:	:	:	DK
D	42 200	42 900	47 507	683	704	751	16	:	13	D
GR	5 040	5 040	5 200	523	507	517	28	:	:	GR
E	39 920	45 250	38 959	1 068	1 175	1 000	13	:	15	E
F	37 600	34 887	37 730	698	632	668	16	:	16	F
IRL	1 070	1 100	1 200	315	311	343	31	:	:	IRL
I	56 200	52 000	57 000	996	910	989	:	:	:	I
L	40	50	47	109	136	124	:	:	46	L
NL	14 790	14 400	8 000	1 045	994	535	7	:	:	NL
P	10 500	2 003	7 300	1 075	197	705	:	:	42	P
UK	13 756	13 998	14 500	244	247	253	18	:	19	UK
A	2 190	2 120	2 200	290	281	285	:	:	:	A
FIN	3 700	4 000	3 000	774	816	602	5	:	8	FIN
IS	190	190	:	:	:	:	95	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	4 106	2 901	2 932	494	347	343	14	:	20	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	84	:	81	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobbris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Waste-water treatment plants

	Total, 1000s		Capacity, 1000 ie (eg/eh)		Capacity per person, 1000 ie (eg/eh)		People served by waste-water treatment plants, 1000s		
	1985	1990	1985	1990	1985	1990	1985	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	60	69	EUR12
B	195	:	3 971	:	0.40	:	25	30	B
DK	1 805	1 947	9 510	:	1.86	:	91	98	DK
D	:	9 919	:	148 972	:	1.88	78	86	D
GR	:	74	:	:	:	:	10	10	GR
E	:	1 850	:	46 585	:	1.19	29	50	E
F	7 805	9 936	57 350	68 400	1.04	1.21	49	58	F
IRL	519	736	1 466	:	0.41	:	40	44	IRL
I	739	:	7 849	:	0.14	:	58	65	I
L	:	305	:	791	:	2.04	83	90	L
NL	504	459	23 556	23 846	1.63	1.59	87	93	NL
P	166	:	916	:	0.09	:	4	21	P
UK	7 626	:	60 094	:	1.06	:	83	87	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	65	72	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	72	44	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	2	IS
N	:	1 638	:	4 479	:	1.05	42	57	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	94	95	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	881	:	:	:	:	:	84	90	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobbris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Water resources, water abstraction and water supply data are compiled from a mixture of sources. Renewable water resources are, according to the OECD definition of 1993, the long-term freshwater balance for a country, calculated as precipitation minus evaporation and transpiration plus inflows of water from neighbouring countries. Water abstractions are water removed from any source, either permanently or temporarily. Mine water and drainage water are included. Water supply is delivery of water to final users plus net abstraction of water for own final use, self supplied. Waste-water treatment plants cover primary treatment,

removal of gross solids, secondary treatment, removal of organic material by bacteria under aerobic or anaerobic conditions, and tertiary treatment with removal of nutrients, phosphorus and nitrogen by chemical or biological treatment. Capacity is measured by biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) or inhabitant-equivalents (IEs). An inhabitant-equivalent corresponds to the amount of daily discharged oxygen demanding materials of which the oxygen consumption in biodegradation equals the average oxygen demand of the daily amount of waste water from one inhabitant.

Waste-water treatment plants with at least secondary or tertiary treatment

Total number with at least secondary treatment Capacity, 1000 ie (eg/eh) Total number with tertiary treatment Capacity, 1000 ie (eg/eh)

	1985	1990	1985	1990	1985	1990	1985	1990	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	195	:	3 971	:	:	:	:	:	B
DK	729	722	6 777	:	83	236	833	:	DK
D	:	5 637	:	61 196	:	2 388	:	74 654	D
GR	:	73	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	1 085	0	28 062	:	33	:	5 138	E
F	7 321	9 328	52 449	60 900	:	132	:	5 200	F
IRL	271	388	719	:	2	2	30	30	IRL
I	489	:	5 249	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	82	71	820	619	:	2	:	130	L
NL	439	399	19 685	21 007	34	48	2 130	2 695	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	53 276	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	137	:	71	:	824	:	3 484	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	358	:	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Europe's environment, statistical compendium for the Dobris assessment. Eurostat 1995.

Employment in distributive trades, 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	:	:	355	360	371	389	399	408	412	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	409	397	:	:	DK
D	:	:	:	2 996	3 000	3 045	3 090	3 167	3 288	:	:	D
GR	:	388	:	:	:	457	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	1 369	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	2 938	2 932	2 969	3 030	3 116	3 097	:	3 027	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	139	:	:	150	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	3 193	3 239	:	:	:	:	I
L	:	27	27	27	28	28	29	30	30	:	:	L
NL	:	:	797	829	861	880	937	1 023	1 059	:	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	268	:	331	309	:	:	:	P
UK	:	2 278	:	2 300	2 287	2 309	2 428	2 435	2 335	:	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	435	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	274	265	243	:	FIN
IS	:	:	15	16	17	17	15	15	15	:	:	IS
N	:	:	236	245	247	247	236	230	231	226	:	N
S	:	:	385	394	389	395	410	415	410	383	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	489	:	:	:	:	:	499	:	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Retailing in the European single market 1993 and supplement. Eurostat. Retailing in the EEA. Eurostat. Services, annual statistics, 1991. Eurostat.

B: number of employees.

Volume of retail sales, 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	100	:	:	112	115	119	121	121	120	EUR12
B	:	:	100	:	:	108	113	117	116	117	111	B
DK	:	:	100	103	99	100	99	100	102	101	102	DK
D	:	:	100	103	109	111	113	123	130	129	123	D
GR	:	:	100	:	:	120	120	117	110	110	106	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	:	:	100	104	107	112	115	117	117	118	119	F
IRL	:	:	100	100	98	100	105	108	108	111	113	IRL
I	:	:	100	:	:	:	:	:	131	136	137	I
L	:	:	100	104	106	107	109	111	114	111	114	L
NL	:	:	100	:	:	108	112	118	120	121	121	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	100	105	110	117	119	120	119	120	124	UK

FURTHER READING Monthly bulletin on services and transport. Eurostat.

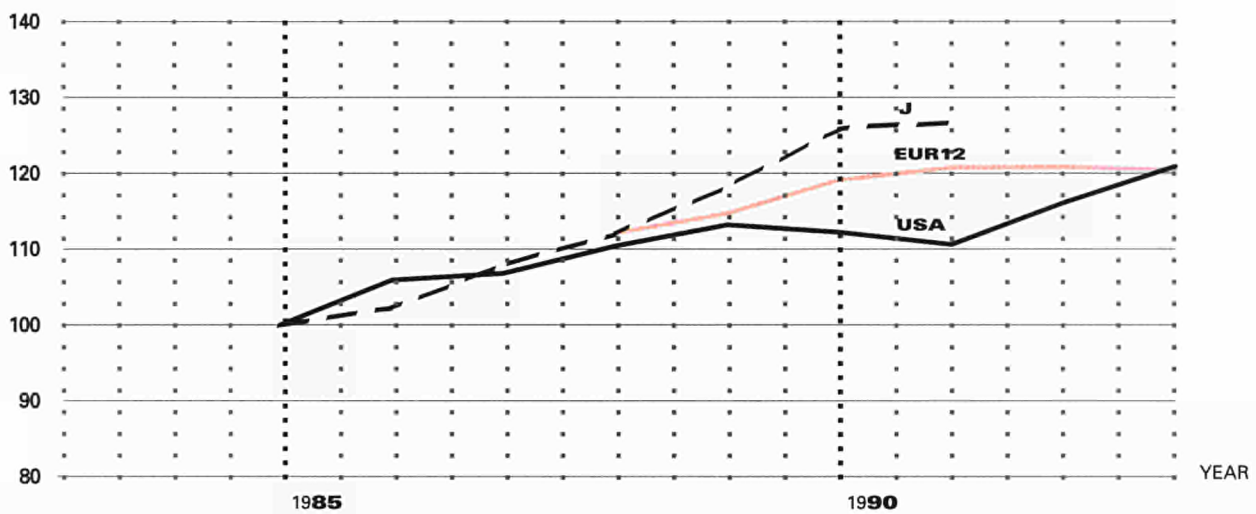
EUR12: weighted average of countries with comparable indices. I: only enterprises with at least 10 wage and salary earners.



Distributive trades comprise wholesale businesses, sales agents, retail trade and repair of consumer goods and vehicles. Employment data are not fully comparable, since definitions and methods of data collection vary between countries. Data are based on national

statistics transmitted to Eurostat. Volume index of retail sales is the ratio between the sales index at current prices and the corresponding price index, which covers prices of goods sold through retail outlets. The index published here covers all retail trade activities and is not seasonally adjusted.

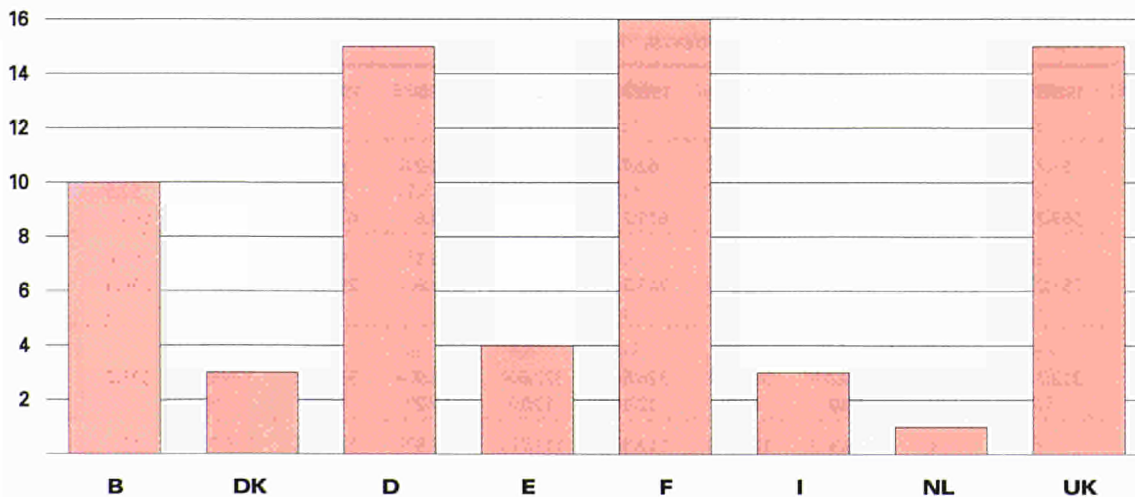
Volume of retail sales, 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING Monthly bulletin on services and transport. Eurostat.

Gross index. EUR12: weighted average of countries with comparable indices.

Foodstores of more than 2 500 sq m, average number per million people, 1993



FURTHER READING Retailing in the European single market 1993 and supplement. Eurostat. Retailing in the EEA. Eurostat. Services, annual statistics, 1991. Eurostat.

DK, NL: 1991; I: 1994.

*Interest and commission received by monetary institutions,
current prices. 1000 million ECU*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	43.8	51.9	54.9	53.0	54.5	61.2	77.6	88.4	91.5	:	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	108.2	115.8	120.3	123.0	126.5	132.6	154.4	188.0	218.8	249.0	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	28.5	34.8	35.8	35.2	39.6	44.5	57.5	69.2	78.4	79.7	:	E
F	:	28.1	32.3	39.5	44.1	:	156.3	184.0	205.7	223.8	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	67.2	73.1	77.4	73.7	68.2	70.9	82.7	93.1	98.4	:	:	I
L	:	14.6	14.7	13.6	14.1	16.2	22.8	:	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	7.7	8.1	8.6	9.0	9.8	9.9	10.6	11.2	:	NL
P	6.2	8.0	9.3	8.0	7.1	7.3	9.0	12.7	12.6	15.7	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	7.7	10.0	12.2	13.3	12.8	12.0	11.3	10.6	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	24.0	:	:	:	:	45.2	46.1	47.6	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Services, annual statistics. 1991. Eurostat.

B: excluding central banking. N: excluding postal giro. CH: excluding postal giro and postal saving banks activities.

Employment in monetary institutions. 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	57.7	59.3	60.2	61.2	62.7	65.0	66.2	65.8	64.5	63.4	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	55.5	56.5	52.5	:	DK
D	569.2	578.2	591.2	607.1	615.2	618.3	624.6	637.0	650.8	664.1	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	53.2	54.1	52.3	53.3	53.0	:	GR
E	251.8	247.9	246.7	243.9	243.2	245.6	251.6	254.8	259.3	256.5	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	312.3	313.4	316.2	321.8	326.5	327.6	324.9	330.8	336.8	338.2	:	I
L	:	9.4	10.0	11.0	12.1	13.1	14.2	16.6	:	:	:	L
NL	:	:	105.3	109.5	112.3	111.7	112.8	114.3	115.2	113.1	:	NL
P	59.0	63.5	64.0	63.2	64.1	63.3	62.6	63.1	66.0	67.4	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Services, annual statistics. 1991. Eurostat.

B: including only central, savings and other banks.

The financial sector comprises financial intermediation, insurance - except compulsory social security - and activities auxiliary to financial services. The figures published here cover only some, for example, they do not include financial leasing, credit card companies and

auxiliary activities. Data on EU countries in most cases are based on that collected from supervision of financial enterprises. Data on EFTA countries come from surveys or censuses by national statistical offices.

*Employment in insurance institutions
excluding compulsory social security. 1000s*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	29.7	30.0	30.0	30.4	30.7	30.4	30.3	30.0	29.4	:	:	B
DK	:	12.7	12.7	12.7	14.0	14.0	11.1	13.8	14.3	14.5	:	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	225.7	253.9	255.1	:	D
GR	:	:	6.5	7.0	8.0	9.0	9.3	9.5	9.3	10.0	:	GR
E	34.0	33.6	33.4	33.1	34.2	36.3	39.0	42.9	46.3	46.8	:	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	F
IRL	:	8.4	8.5	8.7	8.8	9.2	9.1	9.7	9.8	9.4	:	IRL
I	:	39.3	39.5	40.1	40.9	41.8	42.4	42.9	50.1	49.8	:	I
L	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	:	L
NL	:	:	53.9	56.8	61.9	64.6	64.7	66.5	68.3	69.1	:	NL
P	14.4	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.4	14.8	14.7	14.9	14.9	15.6	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Services, annual statistics. 1991. Eurostat.

B, GR, IRL, I, L, P: excluding pension funding. B: excluding specialist reinsurance. E: excluding provision of social insurance.

Total transport of goods by road, 1000 million tkm

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	780.4 *	786.6*	787.8 *	:	:	EUR12
B	18.7	20.7	21.0	23.3	24.6	28.2	29.7	31.3	33.4	:	:	B
DK	11.2	11.6	12.3	13.2	13.4	13.2	13.8	14.5	14.9	15.8	:	DK
D	111.4	114.5	116.2	123.0	125.5	133.8	137.6	141.6 |	161.2	183.0	:	D
GR	10.7	12.1	12.6	14.7	15.1	14.9	16.6	14.6	13.9	12.5	:	GR
E	:	:	:	87.7	99.8	104.8	117.0	109.5	87.7	89.4	92.4	E
F	91.6	93.8	94.5	100.2	108.0	121.8	126.2	126.8	129.4	132.9	127.4	F
IRL	4.5	4.5	4.3	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.1	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	98.4	:	:	129.3	134.8	133.3	140.1	:	I
L	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	32.2	34.4	35.5	38.6	41.3	45.7	47.4	49.6	52.1	55.7	56.9	NL
P	:	:	:	:	10.7	11.6	14.1	15.7	18.4	16.7	:	P
UK	95.9	102.4	104.0	107.0	116.7	134.0	142.6	142.6	137.5	134.3	142.9	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: roads, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

Total transport is national plus international transport without transit transport.

Total transport of goods by railway, 1000 million tkm

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	159.7	158.2	162.2	161.8	162.4 |	162.9	162.3	:	EUR12
B	6.1	7.0	7.4	6.7	6.6	7.0	7.3	7.6	7.5	7.3	:	B
DK	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	:	DK
D	50.7	54.4	57.9	54.6	52.8	53.7	54.8	55.2 |	57.3 *	59.5 *	:	D
GR	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	GR
E	:	:	:	10.1	10.5	10.5	8.3	10.1	9.4	8.3	7.1	E
F	51.9	52.3	50.8	47.0	46.6	47.4	48.4	46.5	46.0	45.1	40.4	F
IRL	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	IRL
I	15.6	16.6	16.6	15.8	17.0	17.6	18.4	19.3	19.9	19.2	18.1	I
L	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	:	L
NL	2.7	3.1	3.3	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.8	:	NL
P	:	:	:	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.7	P
UK	18.2	14.1	17.2	18.2	17.5	18.4	17.1	16.3	15.4	15.6	:	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: railways, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

Total transport is national plus international transport without transit transport. IRL: no data for international transport.

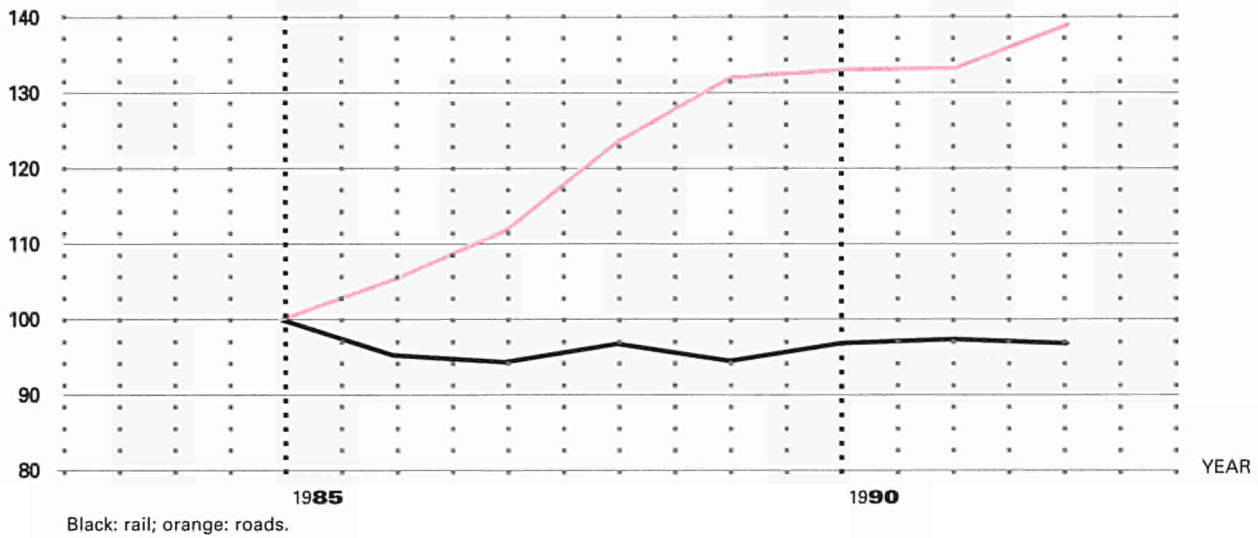
Total transport of goods by inland waterways, 1000 million tkm

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	4.9	5.2	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.0	:	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	49.1	52.0	48.2	52.2	49.7	52.9	54.0	54.8 |	56.0 *	57.2	:	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	E
F	9.4	8.9	8.4	7.8	7.5	7.3	6.1	7.6	8.3	8.6	7.7	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	I
L	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	L
NL	31.7	33.6	32.7	34.5	33.9	35.6	36.2	35.7	34.8	33.5	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: inland waterways, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

Total transport is national plus international transport without transit transport. I: no data for international transport.

EU transport of goods: rail and road, tkm. 1985 = 100



National transport, tkm, as % of total transport of goods by road

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	82.2 *	80.1 * ^l	80.0 *	:	:	EUR12
B	53.0	51.5	49.3	46.5	44.6	43.9	42.1	40.4	40.4	:	:	B
DK	65.0	66.3	68.0	66.9	65.9	68.5	66.8	64.5	60.6	59.6	:	DK
D	85.5	85.3	84.9	83.8	83.6	82.8	83.7	84.9 ^l	85.6	86.8	:	D
GR	74.7	79.1	82.1	85.5	86.7	82.7	83.3	85.5	85.7	78.1	:	GR
E	:	:	:	85.0	85.3	85.9	89.7	88.8	85.1	84.1	82.9	E
F	85.3	83.9	83.7	82.4	81.7	80.1	79.5	77.3	77.4	76.6	77.1	F
IRL	88.0	88.9	86.5	84.3	83.4	82.4	78.6	79.6	84.5	91.4	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	89.0	85.9	87.2	87.3	:	I
L	33.8	32.0	24.7	25.9	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	53.1	52.7	51.2	49.2	48.3	47.8	45.9	45.5	44.2	45.3	45.1	NL
P	:	:	:	:	80.4	81.4	71.9	69.8	64.2	63.9	:	P
UK	96.4	96.6	96.7	95.9	94.2	94.6	94.2	93.2	92.5	92.0	92.0	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: roads, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

National transport, tkm, as % of total transport of goods by rail

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	69.4 *	69.1 *	68.7 *	67.0 *	65.8 * ^l	68.1 *	68.0 *	:	EUR12
B	38.9	36.6	34.3	33.9	36.4	34.8	35.5	34.6	34.1	32.8	:	B
DK	52.4	54.0	50.0	50.1	48.1	50.7	50.7	49.2	46.1	43.5	:	DK
D	68.1	67.2	65.2	66.8	65.3	64.5	62.8	59.9 ^l	62.4 *	64.8	:	D
GR	52.4	54.5	42.4	43.0	40.1	43.3	42.7	37.7	40.9	35.0	34.1	GR
E	:	:	:	86.6	87.3	87.7	82.5	86.3	85.5	84.8	85.1	E
F	75.4	73.0	73.8	73.9	73.4	72.6	71.6	72.0	72.1	71.1	71.5	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	44.1	42.5	42.8	44.5	47.3	49.0	50.0	47.2	45.5	48.1	48.2	I
L	31.6	24.2	18.3	20.9	23.6	22.2	21.6	20.9	21.8	21.7	:	L
NL	36.4	35.3	32.4	33.8	34.3	32.9	33.0	33.3	32.9	35.1	:	NL
P	:	:	:	87.0	85.2	84.2	86.4	89.0	89.5	87.7	90.5	P
UK	98.0	96.7	97.8	97.8	98.4	98.7	98.8	98.8	98.7	97.7	97.7	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: railways, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

Transport of goods by road, tkm

National transport as % of total national transport

International transport as % of total international transport

	1983	1985	1988	1990	1992	1983	1985	1988	1990	1992	
EUR12	:	:	:	82.6 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	71.5	71.1	74.8	74.5	:	57.2	58.0	67.1	69.3	:	B
DK	92.5	93.2	93.9	94.3	95.0	87.9	86.6	87.9	89.7	90.8	DK
D	66.1	66.0	69.8	71.8 |	74.4	26.7	26.6	31.3	28.4 |	31.1	D
GR	96.0	97.3	98.0	98.2	98.1	90.0	85.1	88.8	85.2	88.9	GR
E	:	:	90.7	91.7	91.5	:	:	92.0	89.9	91.9	E
F	63.7	65.3	71.9	72.2	73.7	45.8	48.4	60.4	64.4	66.5	F
IRL	87.3	86.1	87.9	86.8	88.1	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	92.6	92.9	:	:	:	65.1	64.0	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	67.4	61.3	:	:	:	L
NL	70.9	70.0	72.0	74.0	78.7	41.2	43.3	49.9	52.1	56.5	NL
P	:	:	87.7	89.5	87.4	:	:	89.7	96.8	96.6	P
UK	83.8	85.7	87.4	89.2	89.1	90.4	90.0	96.8	98.0	96.8	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: roads, 1991; railways, 1991; inland waterways, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

Transport of goods by rail, tkm

National transport as % of total national transport

International transport as % of total international transport

	1983	1985	1988	1990	1992	1983	1985	1988	1990	1992	
EUR12	:	:	:	13.9 *	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	17.1	17.4	14.7	15.5	:	24.2	26.4	19.3	18.5	:	B
DK	7.5	6.8	6.1	5.7	5.0	12.1	13.4	12.1	10.3	9.2	DK
D	24.0	25.3	21.8	19.8 |	18.1	26.7	30.4	26.0	29.3 |	26.9	D
GR	4.0	2.7	2.0	1.8	1.9	10.0	14.9	11.2	14.8	11.1	GR
E	:	:	9.3	8.3	8.5	:	:	8.0	10.1	8.1	E
F	31.9	31.0	25.4	24.7	23.2	43.6	41.9	32.3	29.1	27.8	F
IRL	12.7	13.9	12.1	13.2	11.9	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	7.3	7.0	:	:	:	34.9	36.0	I
L	:	29.7	:	:	:	31.5	37.9	:	:	:	L
NL	4.1	4.1	3.5	3.3	3.0	4.7	5.5	4.5	3.9	3.3	NL
P	:	:	12.3	10.5	12.6	:	:	10.3	3.2	3.4	P
UK	16.2	14.3	12.6	10.8	10.9	9.6	10.0	3.2	2.0	3.2	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: roads, 1991; railways, 1991; inland waterways, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

National transport of goods by type of transport, tkm

By road. %

By rail. %

	1983	1985	1988	1990	1992	1983	1985	1988	1990	1992	
EUR12	:	:	91.2 *	92.3 *|	92.2 *	:	:	6.4 *	5.6 *|	5.9 *	EUR12
B	83.8	82.6	84.5	84.4	:	10.0	10.7	9.0	9.2	:	B
DK	98.7	98.8	99.0	98.9	99.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	DK
D	88.4	88.0	89.6	90.7 |	91.0	8.8	9.5	8.1	7.3 |	7.2	D
GR	99.2	99.2	99.2	99.5	99.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.4	GR
E	:	:	97.9	97.7	97.3	:	:	2.1	2.3	2.7	E
F	88.4	89.2	91.6	91.4	91.4	8.9	8.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	F
IRL	96.5	96.4	96.4	96.0	96.1	3.5	3.6	3.6	4.0	3.9	IRL
I	:	:	:	97.6	97.7	:	:	:	2.3	2.3	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	81.3	80.8	80.6	81.3	84.9	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	NL
P	:	:	97.6	97.8	97.2	:	:	2.4	2.2	2.8	P
UK	90.0	91.0	91.9	92.5	92.5	10.0	9.0	8.1	7.5	7.5	UK

FURTHER READING Carriage of goods: roads, 1991; railways, 1991; inland waterways, 1991. Eurostat 1994.

Rail transport of passengers, 1000 million passenger-km

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	206.4	211.6	216.5	216.8	218.8	227.8	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.1	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.8	:	B
DK	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.6	:	DK
D	36.7	39.1	42.7	41.4	39.2	41.0	41.1	43.6	45.6	46.4	:	D
GR	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	:	GR
E	15.1	15.6	16.0	15.7	15.4	15.7	14.7	:	:	:	:	E
F	58.4	60.2	61.9	59.9	60.0	63.3	64.5	64.0	62.3	62.9	:	F
IRL	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	:	IRL
I	38.8	39.0	37.4	40.5	41.4	43.3	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	:	:	:	L
NL	8.9	8.8	9.0	8.9	9.4	9.7	10.2	11.1	15.2	15.4	15.2	NL
P	5.2	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	:	P
UK	29.5	29.8	29.7	30.8	33.1	34.3	33.3	33.2	32.1	31.7	:	UK

FURTHER READING Transport, annual statistics, latest issue. Eurostat.

F: from 1990, data include traffic in Paris.

Rail transport of passengers, million passengers

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	3 807.1	3 827.9	3 841.6	3 846.7	3 879.2	4 000.0	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	155.5	149.9	150.3	139.1	142.2	143.1	142.0	142.4	145.5	145.0	:	B
DK	133.4	134.0	132.4	144.3	145.8	140.2	140.1	145.4	144.7	142.9	:	DK
D	1 064.1	1 047.8	1 047.9	1 023.0	994.2	1 025.9	1 027.2	1 043.4	1 070.4	1 098.3	:	D
GR	11.3	11.0	11.2	11.7	11.8	11.8	12.3	12.1	12.3	12.2	:	GR
E	186.6	192.5	197.5	194.0	190.3	194.0	182.0	:	:	:	:	E
F	735.7	755.2	776.5	778.8	782.4	810.0	824.9	842.5	836.9	829.4	:	F
IRL	13.0	15.6	20.1	21.7	24.9	24.0	24.5	25.0	26.8	:	:	IRL
I	388.6	385.5	364.0	393.2	394.2	410.0	:	:	:	:	:	I
L	11.3	10.9	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.7	10.9	10.0	:	:	:	L
NL	200.4	202.9	206.4	210.5	222.0	230.0	240.0	256.0	330.0	333.0	:	NL
P	208.0	214.6	221.5	224.5	228.0	230.7	229.4	225.9	223.6	224.6	333.0	P
UK	699.3	708.1	703.0	695.2	733.0	769.5	751.5	762.4	739.7	744.8	:	UK

FURTHER READING Transport, annual statistics, latest issue. Eurostat.

F: from 1990, data include traffic in Paris

Average number of bed places per hotel

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	37.5	38.4	39.5	39.6	41.0	41.4	43.1	44.1	44.2	53.2	57.3	B
DK	74.0	74.6	75.9	78.7	84.0	88.9	160.1	164.1	169.8	173.0	:	DK
D	:	37.9	39.2	39.5	39.7	39.4	40.0	41.0	44.4	45.6	47.1	D
GR	80.9	78.2	77.3	76.1	76.3	76.6	77.5	79.3	80.4	81.3	81.2	GR
E	175.6	175.9	176.4	176.5	177.3	175.9	173.4	173.8	171.7	168.9	166.5	E
F	49.8	49.6	49.7	50.0	50.3	50.9	53.7	53.6	54.0	58.2	:	F
IRL	61.0	61.2	61.2	60.9	60.5	60.1	60.7	62.8	65.8	70.5	70.9	IRL
I	38.5	39.7	40.4	41.5	42.5	43.7	45.0	46.1	47.7	48.5	49.5	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	48.0	50.4	50.9	51.4	53.7	71.3	72.9	74.4	76.0	78.2	80.6	NL
P	190.3	183.9	189.0	189.1	190.8	191.0	190.6	193.9	195.9	199.0	199.6	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	101.3	104.6	106.7	106.5	106.2	108.1	104.4	106.2	108.8	112.1	131.7	FIN
IS	:	:	69.8	73.8	82.5	77.4	80.2	82.8	83.4	81.5	90.0	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	69.0	72.2	75.0	87.3	89.0	90.2	92.7	93.9	94.5	95.3	95.2	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	37.1	37.6	38.3	38.7	38.7	39.3	39.8	40.5	41.2	41.9	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

Tourist accommodation: number of bed places in hotels and similar establishments, 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	85	87	88	87	89	97	93	94	86	102	108	B
DK	71	71	71	74	79	84	85	88	93	96	:	DK
D	:	1 186	1 209	1 197	1 169	1 177	1 191	1 201	1 311	1 298	1 323	D
GR	318	334	348	359	375	396	424	438	459	476	500	GR
E	835	835	843	865	895	908	919	930	972	1 003	1 009	E
F	949	962	975	993	1 014	1 037	1 082	1 088	1 102	1 198	:	F
IRL	45	44	43	44	44	45	45	45	48	51	54	IRL
I	1 586	1 609	1 617	1 608	1 647	1 665	1 670	1 679	1 708	1 723	1 725	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	102	102	108	107	:	105	109	111	113	116	133	NL
P	127	131	131	142	150	159	168	179	189	191	199	P
UK	:	:	:	936	958	960	971	993	:	:	:	UK
A	656	658	654	655	650	654	657	651	654	654	651	A
FIN	66	69	73	77	78	79	84	92	97	101	123	FIN
IS	:	:	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	7	8	IS
N	:	:	97	102	104	106	105	113	117	120	123	N
S	107	117	130	148	151	153	156	162	169	166	163	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	280	280	282	282	282	279	278	276	274	271	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

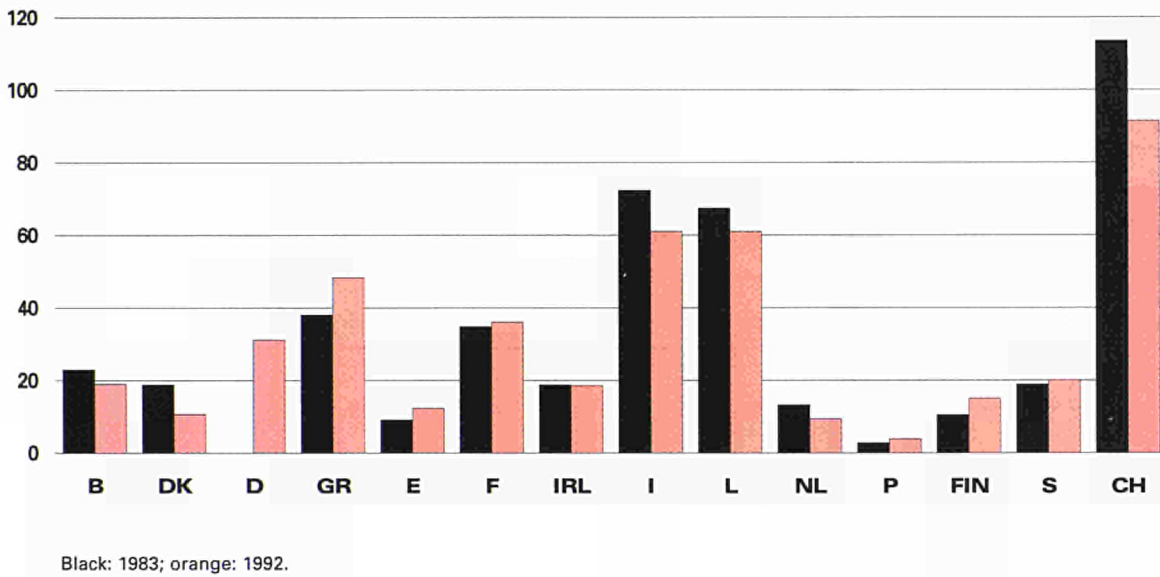
FURTHER READING Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

Hotels and similar establishments.

Tourist accommodation i.e. the supply of tourism services is measured by the number of bed places in an establishment. This is number of people who can stay overnight in permanent beds, discounting any extra any extra beds set up at customers' request. The term 'bed place' applies

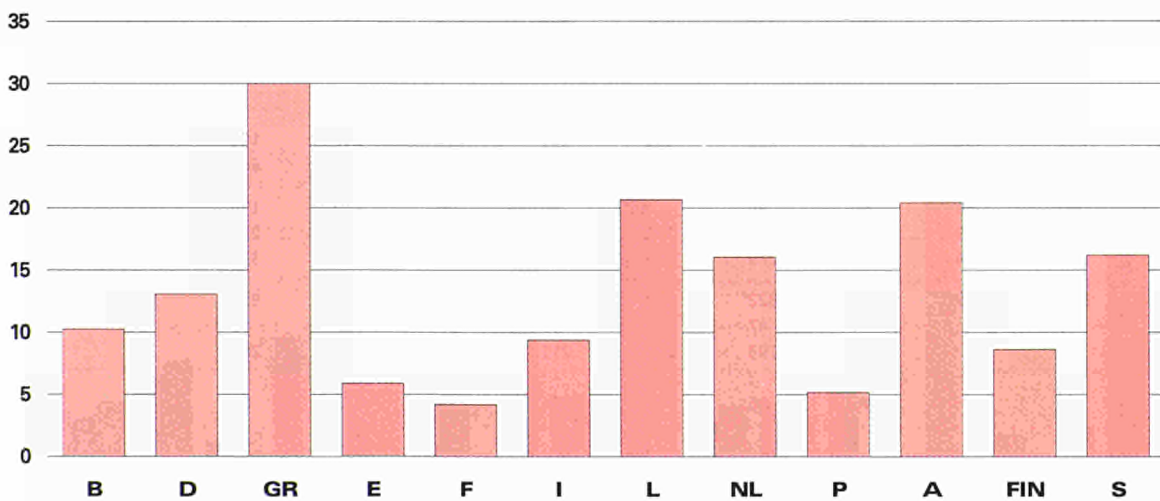
to a single bed; a double bed is counted as two bed places. Data between countries are not fully comparable because the statistical unit (local unit or enterprise) and coverage vary between them. Nevertheless, the trend over time can be compared.

Average number of hotels per 100 000 inhabitants. 1992/93



FURTHER READING

Average number of travel agencies per 100 000 inhabitants. 1992/93



FURTHER READING

Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

GR, F: 1990; L, A, IS: 1991.

Nights spent by residents in all types of accommodation per 100 000 inhabitants

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	217	216	216	221	209	221	240	240	221	147	142	B
DK	227	225	224	230	226	240	247	259	261	272	:	DK
D	276	297	303	312	322	332	338	349	387	432	:	D
GR	103	111	114	107	104	113	119	118	117	:	:	GR
E	118	117	123	122	135	142	157	166	183	169	175	E
F	299	:	:	316	347	265	271	273	269	273	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	249	248	250	277	275	285	277	290	300	300	290	I
L	73	72	66	65	69	77	76	79	93	86	96	L
NL	411	430	386	399	:	232	248	263	260	267	255	NL
P	134	128	125	114	115	120	127	133	136	139	142	P
UK	965	1 001	883	902	869	892	774	383	384	366	:	UK
A	297	293	291	296	296	297	300	300	312	310	304	A
FIN	:	:	:	175	180	192	204	206	194	184	192	FIN
IS	:	:	:	145	160	161	143	144	150	137	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	296	312	308	326	337	317	270	274	280	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	608	607	605	608	606	600	616	598	603	579	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

Nights spent by non-residents in all types of accommodation per 100 000 inhabitants

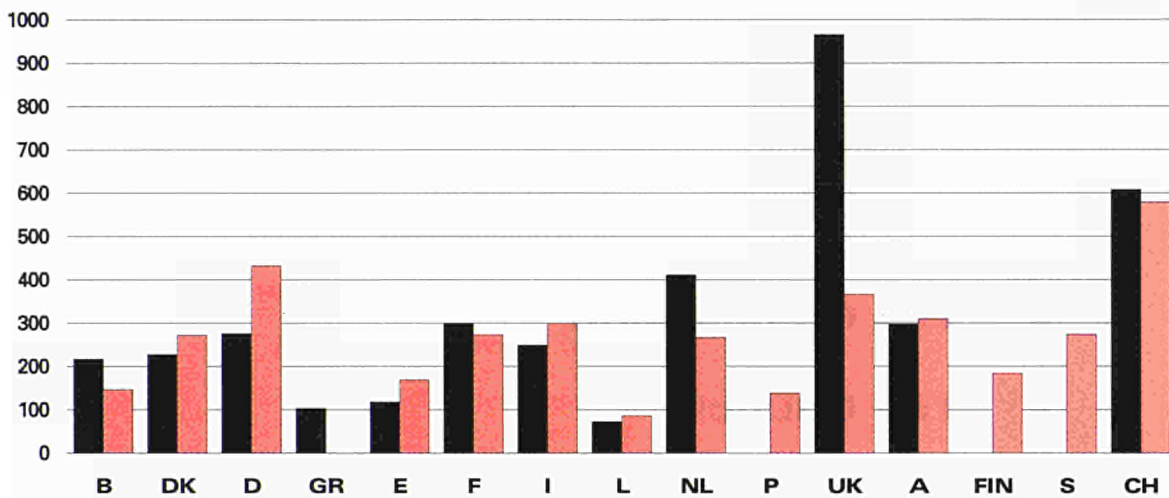
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	91	95	100	99	102	107	123	129	122	128	129	B
DK	186	178	175	166	160	156	167	182	202	225	:	DK
D	35	43	46	46	48	49	54	55	58	59	53	D
GR	277	332	359	356	358	348	344	365	301	365	:	GR
E	219	242	215	238	251	239	214	176	202	208	226	E
F	128	:	148	145	171	125	146	152	150	161	:	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	609	:	IRL
I	140	138	140	152	160	161	151	147	150	144	147	I
L	630	598	598	576	585	572	653	636	660	594	637	L
NL	86	96	96	96	:	86	96	110	114	119	112	NL
P	121	129	151	167	171	178	183	196	223	203	183	P
UK	257	274	295	279	313	303	326	342	314	:	:	UK
A	835	839	831	822	833	850	916	914	935	925	883	A
FIN	:	:	:	47	50	53	57	57	52	51	58	FIN
IS	:	:	:	193	215	211	232	259	261	256	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	90	86	84	84	89	77	65	67	70	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	555	537	539	531	522	516	541	550	545	536	:	CH
USA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	J

FURTHER READING Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

Demand for accommodation by tourists includes all types of accommodation: in hotels and similar establishments, camping sites, holiday dwellings, youth hostels, etc. Again, data

between the countries are not fully comparable because the statistical unit (local unit or enterprise) and coverage vary, but the trend over time can be compared.

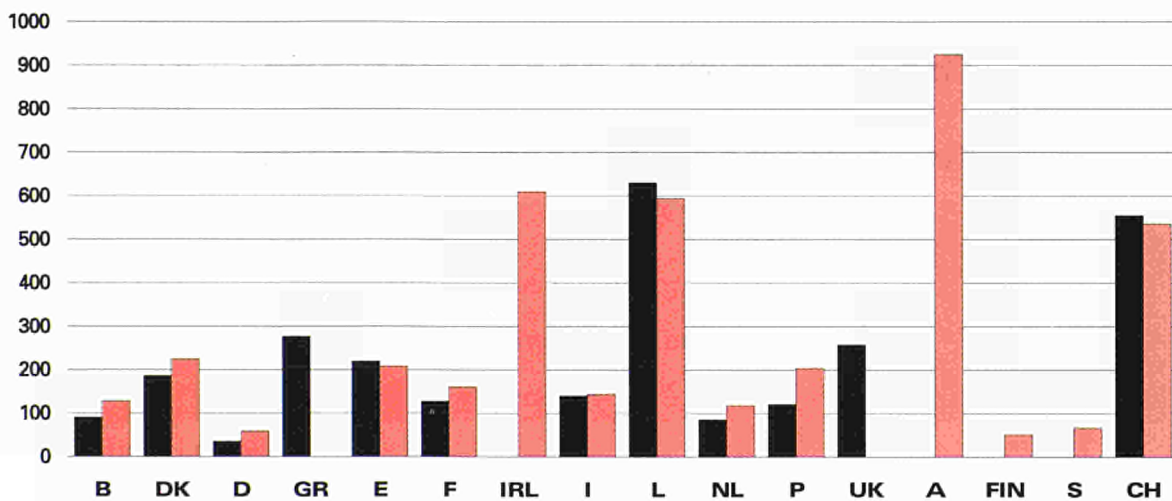
Nights spent by residents in all types of accommodation per 100 000 inhabitants



Black: 1983; orange: 1992.

FURTHER READING Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

Nights spent by non-residents in all types of accommodation per 100 000 inhabitants



Black: 1983; orange: 1992.

FURTHER READING Tourism, annual statistics, 1992. Eurostat.

The European institutions



- **The Commission**
- **The Council**
- **The European Parliament**
- **The Court of Justice**
- **The Economic and Social Committee**
- **The Court of Auditors**
- **The Committee of the Regions**
- **The European Investment Bank**

- The Commission

DG I	External Economic Relations
TFE	Enlargement Task Force
DG IA	External Political Relations
DG II	Economic and Financial Affairs
DG III	Industry
DG IV	Competition
DG V	Employment, Industrial Relations and Social Affairs
DG VI	Agriculture, Veterinary and Phytosanitary Office
DG VII	Transport
DG VIII	Development
DG IX	Personnel and Administration
DG X	Information, Communication, Culture and Audiovisual Media
DG XI	Environment, Nuclear Safety and Civil Protection
DG XII	Science, Research and Development; Joint Research Centre
DG XIII	Telecommunications, Information Market and Exploitation of Research
DG XIV	Fisheries
DG XV	Internal Market and Financial Services
DG XVI	Regional Policies
DG XVII	Energy
DG XVII	Credit and Investments
DG XIX	Budgets
DG XX	Financial Control
DG XXI	Customs and Indirect Taxation
DG XXIII	Enterprise Policy, Distributive Trades, Tourism and Cooperatives
	Statistical Office
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	Office for Official Publications of the European Communities

Receipts of the European institutions by source, in million ECU at current prices

	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Total	26 052	28 085	33 667	35 783	41 843	45 900	46 469	56 249	59 712	65 673
Agricultural levy	1 260	1 122	1 176	1 626	1 353	1 154	1 056	1 458	1 086	926
Sugar	1 176	1 057	1 112	1 472	1 252	1 243	820	1 028	902	1 004
Custom duties	7 961	8 310	8 173	8 937	9 310	10 313	10 285	11 476	11 292	11 056
VAT	14 483	15 592	22 811	23 315	24 523	26 928	28 968	31 406	34 659	34 490
GNP resource	.	.	.	.	4 446	4 691	285	7 468	8 322	16 518
Other	1 172	2 004	397	434	960	1 571	5 056	3 413	3 450	1 680

Receipts of the European institutions by source as % of total receipts

	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agricultural levy	4.8	4.0	3.5	4.6	3.2	2.5	2.3	2.6	1.8	1.4
Sugar	4.5	3.8	3.3	4.1	3.0	2.7	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5
Custom duties	30.6	29.6	24.3	25.0	22.3	22.5	22.1	20.4	18.9	16.8
VAT	55.6	55.5	67.8	65.2	58.6	58.7	62.3	55.8	58.0	52.5
GNP resource	.	.	.	.	10.6	10.2	0.6	13.3	13.9	25.2
Other	4.5	7.1	1.2	1.2	2.3	3.4	10.9	6.1	5.8	2.6

FURTHER READING The Community budget: the facts in figures, 1994. European Commission.

Receipts of the European institutions by Member State as % of total receipts

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B	5.3	5.0	5.0	4.4	4.8	4.5	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.7	B
DK	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	DK
D	28.1	28.3	28.8	26.2	26.5	28.2	25.1	25.0	29.1	30.2	29.8	D
GR	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.6	GR
E	.	.	.	7.0	4.8	6.6	8.1	8.9	8.7	8.6	8.1	E
F	19.6	19.3	20.4	20.7	20.7	22.2	19.5	19.5	20.1	18.7	18.0	F
IRL	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	IRL
I	13.0	13.8	13.9	14.2	14.7	13.3	17.2	14.7	16.5	14.7	16.0	I
L	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	L
NL	6.8	6.8	7.2	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.3	6.3	NL
P	.	.	.	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	P
UK	22.1	21.8	19.5	14.5	16.2	13.0	14.8	15.8	9.0	11.9	11.9	UK

Receipts of the European institutions by Member State per person in ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	84	91	95	103	109	126	136	126	153	162	184	EUR12
B	123	125	131	146	172	185	182	177	222	223	237	B
DK	94	104	121	154	165	186	170	151	201	200	233	DK
D	105	115	123	143	154	188	179	164	192	211	235	D
GR	38	36	39	63	34	43	56	56	75	71	98	GR
E	.	.	.	60	44	69	92	94	117	124	133	E
F	82	87	96	124	132	163	154	143	187	184	201	F
IRL	77	81	84	97	95	93	106	105	128	130	159	IRL
I	53	60	64	82	91	94	132	106	151	143	177	I
L	120	140	138	179	198	218	193	195	281	314	420	L
NL	109	117	130	153	161	189	182	175	235	233	264	NL
P	.	.	.	28	34	40	46	51	72	85	92	P
UK	90	96	90	85	101	93	115	114	82	116	131	UK

FURTHER READING The Community budget: the facts in figures, 1994. European Commission.

The EU income comes from four main sources. Firstly, from taxes on imports of agricultural products covered by market agreements and coming from non-member countries. These aim to offset the difference between world prices and price levels agreed to apply within the EU (principle of Union preference). Secondly, from customs duties resulting from the application of the common

customs tariff to the customs value of goods imported from non-member countries. Thirdly, from a uniform rate of 1.4% of each Member State's VAT base (which may not exceed 55% of its gross domestic product). The fourth source is based on gross national product (GNP) and is derived from application of a rate of the sum of the GNPs of all Member States.

Expenditure of the European institutions by receiving sector as % of total expenditure

	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
EAGGF-Guarantee	65.4	68.4	61.7	63.3	65.0	61.1	59.4	56.1	51.8	52.3
EAGGF-Guidance	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.7	3.2	4.0	3.8	4.7	4.6
ERDF	5.0	5.6	6.9	7.1	7.0	9.3	10.0	11.4	14.2	14.4
ESF	4.3	4.9	6.8	6.9	5.4	6.3	7.0	7.3	7.1	8.1
Cohesion Funds	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.2
Other structural measures	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	4.3	2.9
Research	5.9	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.7	3.6	3.9	3.1	3.2	3.4
Development cooperation	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.2	1.8	2.5	3.1	4.0	3.4	4.3
Administration	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.9	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.5
Reimbursement	5.9	5.2	9.8	7.7	7.4	5.5	4.0	3.9	2.9	1.5
EDF	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.2	3.2	2.0
ECSC	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9

FURTHER READING The Community budget: the facts in figures, 1994. European Commission.

Permanent staff in the European institutions

	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Total	19 781	20 919	22 070	22 972	23 483	24 018	24 629	25 561	26 359
Parliament	2 998	3 277	3 360	3 405	3 405	3 482	3 565	3 686	3 790
Council	1 888	2 016	2 066	2 130	2 165	2 184	2 205	2 225	2 256
Economic and Social Committee	405	448	471	485	494	501	506	510	510
Commission	13 703	14 262	15 161	15 905	16 309	16 720	17 175	17 946	18 576
Administration	10 369	10 881	11 622	12 328	12 611	12 887	13 157	13 975	14 540
Research and development	2 922	2 939	3 053	3 073	3 176	3 285	3 462	3 409	3 430
Publications Office	331	350	380	396	406	424	428	428	463
Other	81	92	106	108	116	124	128	134	143
Court of Justice	480	571	646	672	733	752	794	800	825
Court of Auditors	307	345	366	375	377	379	384	394	402

FURTHER READING The Community budget: the facts in figures, 1994. European Commission.

Inflation and interest rates

	Annual inflation. %					Long-term interest rates. Annual average. %					
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	5.3	5.7	4.7	3.6	3.4	.	.	.	.	.	EUR12
B	3.6	3.5	2.8	2.4	2.7	:	10.06	9.28	8.66	7.22	B
DK	4.0	1.9	2.3	1.5	1.5	:	10.73	9.25	8.92	7.19	DK
D	3.0	2.8	4.2	3.7	3.7	:	8.83	8.51	7.91	6.48	D
GR	14.8	22.9	18.0	14.3	12.1	:	.	.	24.13	23.23	GR
E	6.9	6.5	5.6	5.3	5.0	:	.	11.40	11.70	10.21	E
F	3.6	3.4	3.1	1.9	2.1	:	9.93	9.04	8.59	6.78	F
IRL	4.6	2.7	3.5	2.4	1.4	:	.	9.30	9.32	7.59	IRL
I	6.3	6.6	5.9	4.6	4.3	:	.	11.46	11.57	9.79	I
L	3.9	4.2	2.6	2.9	3.6	:	8.61	8.15	7.90	6.92	L
NL	1.3	2.7	4.4	2.3	2.6	:	8.92	8.74	8.10	6.36	NL
P	11.6	13.7	0.9	0.5	6.4	:	.	.	.	9.54	P
UK	7.7	9.3	4.5	2.6	1.9	:	11.80	10.11	9.07	7.47	UK
A	2.9	3.5	3.1	4.2	3.5	:	8.74	8.62	8.27	6.64	A
FIN	6.6	5.0	4.1	2.3	1.6	:	.	11.26	11.96	8.82	FIN
IS	25.2	7.2	7.5	1.5	4.7	:	.	.	.	.	IS
N	4.2	4.4	2.9	2.2	1.8	:	.	.	.	.	N
S	6.6	10.9	7.9	1.8	4.0	:	13.21	10.79	9.98	8.62	S
EEA	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	EEA
CH	5.0	5.3	5.2	3.4	2.4	:	.	.	.	.	CH
USA	4.6	6.1	3.1	2.9	2.8	:	8.73	8.16	7.52	6.45	USA
CDN	5.2	5.0	3.8	2.1	1.7	:	.	.	.	.	CDN
J	2.6	3.8	2.7	1.2	1.0	:	7.36	6.53	5.28	4.26	J

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Data compare the value of consumer price index in December to its value in December of the previous year. GR: data refer to the yield at issue on five years (original maturity) government bonds.

Public finance

	Deficit of general government as % of GDP					Gross debt of general government as % of GDP					
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	EUR12
B	:	5.4	6.5	6.7	6.7	:	131.0	130.1	131.0	137.2	B
DK	:	1.5	2.1	2.6	4.4	:	.	64.6	69.0	80.3	DK
D	:	2.1	3.2	2.6	3.3	:	43.8	41.5	44.1	48.2	D
GR	:	13.8	11.6	12.1	12.5	:	82.6	86.1	92.3	115.2	GR
E	:	4.1	4.9	4.2	7.5	:	45.1	45.8	48.3	59.9	E
F	:	1.6	2.2	3.9	5.8	:	35.4	35.8	39.6	45.8	F
IRL	:	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3	:	96.8	96.9	94.2	96.9	IRL
I	:	10.9	10.2	9.5	9.5	:	97.9	101.3	108.4	118.6	I
L	:	-5.8	-2.3	-0.3	-1.2	:	5.4	4.1	4.8	5.7	L
NL	:	5.1	2.9	3.9	3.3	:	78.8	78.9	79.9	81.4	NL
P	:	5.3	6.5	3.3	7.1	:	67.7	70.2	62.4	67.2	P
UK	:	1.5	2.6	6.1	7.8	:	35.4	35.7	41.9	48.5	UK

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

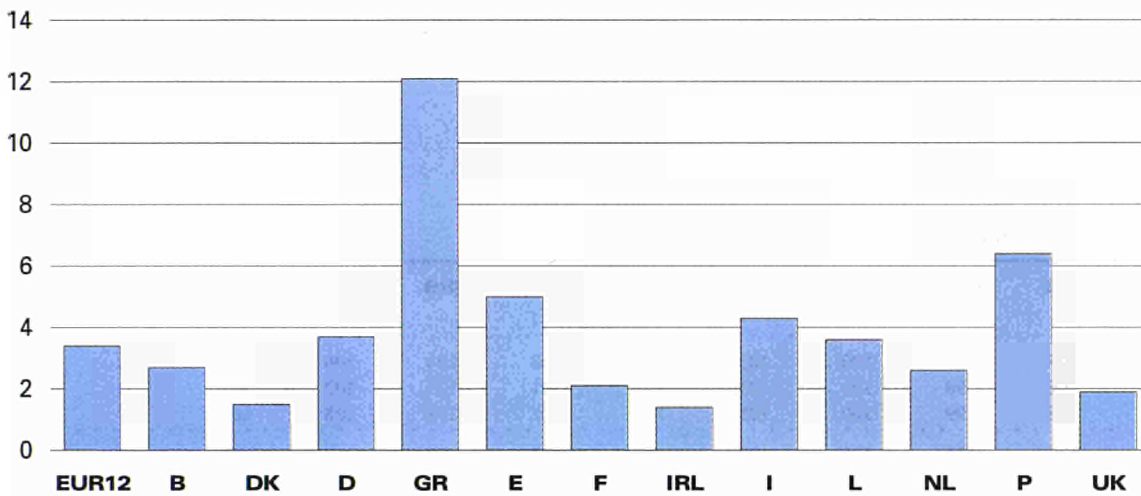
Data reported by Member States for March 1995 notification. A negative figure indicates a budget surplus.



The Treaty on European Union, signed at Maastricht on 7 February 1992, set out certain criteria which will be examined in deciding whether a high degree of sustainable convergence between Member States exists, and thus whether individual Member States are eligible for entry into the third stage of economic and monetary union. (See the glossary for more details

concerning the convergence criteria.) It should be noted that data given in this publication are not necessarily those which will be used in the official consideration of the convergence criteria. Data on long-term interest rates given here generally refer to government bonds with around 10 years until maturity.

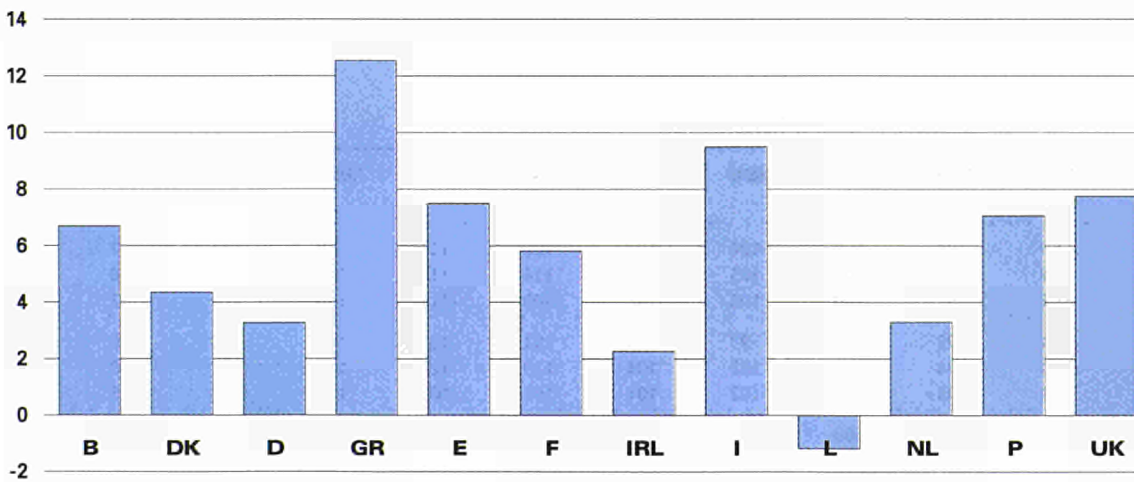
Annual inflation. %. 1993



FURTHER READING

Data compare the value of consumer price index in December to its value in December of the previous year.

Deficit of general government as % of GDP. 1993



FURTHER READING

Data reported by Member States for March 1995 notification. A negative figure is a surplus.

EMS currencies, end of year % weight in the ECU 'basket'

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B/L	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.9	9.1	9.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.4	8.5	B/L
DK	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	DK
D	36.9	32.1	32.1	34.1	34.9	34.9	30.3	30.4	30.4	31.7	32.0	D
GR	.	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	GR
E	.	.	.	.	.	.	5.1	5.2	5.2	4.8	4.5	E
F	16.7	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.0	19.3	19.3	19.3	20.2	20.4	F
IRL	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	IRL
I	7.8	10.0	9.2	9.5	9.4	9.4	10.2	9.9	9.9	9.0	8.5	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	11.3	10.1	10.2	10.8	11.0	11.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.9	10.0	NL
P	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	P
UK	15.1	15.0	15.8	12.9	11.9	11.9	12.1	12.6	12.6	10.9	11.2	UK

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Calculated with central rates.

ECU exchange rates. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	99	99	100	103	104	103	104	106	106	108	111	B
DK	99	98	100	101	102	101	100	102	101	103	106	DK
D	98	99	100	105	107	107	108	108	109	110	115	D
GR	135	120	100	77	68	63	59	52	47	43	39	GR
E	101	102	100	94	91	94	99	100	100	98	87	E
F	100	99	100	100	98	97	97	98	97	99	102	F
IRL	100	99	100	98	92	92	92	93	93	94	89	IRL
I	107	105	100	99	97	94	96	95	94	91	79	I
L	99	99	100	103	104	103	104	106	106	108	111	L
NL	99	100	100	105	108	108	108	109	109	110	115	NL
P	133	113	100	89	80	77	75	72	73	75	69	P
UK	100	100	100	88	84	89	88	83	84	80	76	UK

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat. Ecustat (monthly). Eurostat.

Consumer prices in ECU. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B	89	94	100	104	107	108	111	118	122	127	134	B
DK	89	94	100	105	110	114	118	124	126	130	136	DK
D	94	97	100	105	108	109	112	116	120	127	138	D
GR	94	99	100	93	95	101	108	115	123	130	137	GR
E	84	94	100	102	104	113	127	136	145	150	139	E
F	88	93	100	102	104	105	109	114	117	122	129	F
IRL	87	93	100	101	99	101	104	109	113	117	113	IRL
I	89	96	100	105	107	110	119	125	132	134	121	I
L	89	95	100	103	105	105	109	115	120	125	133	L
NL	94	97	100	105	107	108	109	113	118	124	133	NL
P	86	94	100	99	98	102	113	123	138	154	152	P
UK	90	94	100	91	90	100	107	110	119	117	112	UK

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat. Ecustat (monthly). Eurostat.



The weight of a currency in the ECU depends on the amount of this currency in the ECU basket (see glossary) and on its exchange rate vis-à-vis other currencies. Any variation of the market rate translates into a change in the relative

weights of every currency in the basket. The data here give the weights of the EMS currencies according to the central rates in force at the dates of the different realignments.

ECU reserves, end of year, as % of foreign-exchange reserves

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EUR12
B/L	66.2	72.7	79.1	74.3	55.2	44.7	34.2	31.7	35.6	72.4	39.1	B/L
DK	6.5	7.9	4.6	3.4	1.8	3.1	5.8	3.1	5.2	4.5	4.3	DK
D	41.6	38.1	41.5	36.7	34.7	40.2	34.0	31.1	33.4	24.8	35.5	D
GR	:	:	:	30.0	27.6	19.4	17.8	17.2	14.4	11.6	12.1	GR
E	:	:	:	:	14.1	11.3	11.2	10.5	12.5	18.7	18.5	E
F	53.2	39.8	37.5	41.2	40.5	39.4	47.0	31.2	38.7	34.1	8.9	F
IRL	11.2	6.8	12.2	10.6	6.6	9.1	9.3	10.0	9.2	13.0	13.9	IRL
I	42.8	35.6	30.2	41.5	37.6	24.4	20.3	15.3	21.2	0.4	17.2	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	56.1	54.7	54.3	50.4	49.6	40.4	37.5	35.3	33.7	25.4	31.1	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	31.5	29.0	23.8	19.7	22.3	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	UK

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat. Ecustat (monthly). Eurostat.

Foreign official reserves, end of year as % of world foreign official reserves

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	32.7	31.1	30.7	32.1	36.2	34.2	33.4	35.1	33.3	31.7	27.8	EUR12
B/L	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.1	B/L
DK	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.5	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2	1.0	DK
D	11.3	10.1	10.0	10.1	10.9	8.0	7.8	7.5	6.6	9.5	7.5	D
GR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	GR
E	2.0	3.0	2.5	2.9	4.3	5.1	5.3	5.6	6.9	4.8	3.9	E
F	5.2	5.2	6.0	6.1	4.6	3.5	3.2	4.1	3.3	2.8	2.2	F
IRL	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	IRL
I	5.3	5.2	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.8	6.0	6.9	5.1	2.9	2.7	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	2.7	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.3	3.0	NL
P	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.0	1.5	P
UK	3.0	2.4	2.9	3.6	5.8	6.0	4.5	4.0	4.4	3.8	3.5	UK

FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.

Foreign official reserves, end of year, as % of EU total foreign official reserves

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.7	4.1	B/L
DK	2.7	2.2	3.6	2.8	3.6	4.1	2.3	3.2	2.2	3.5	3.4	DK
D	33.5	31.7	31.7	30.9	29.9	23.6	23.5	21.6	20.0	29.9	26.8	D
GR	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.6	2.9	GR
E	5.8	9.1	7.7	8.5	11.2	14.1	15.3	15.4	19.7	14.5	13.6	E
F	16.6	17.3	19.6	19.4	13.3	10.9	10.3	12.1	10.5	9.7	8.7	F
IRL	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.9	IRL
I	16.4	16.8	12.0	12.6	12.0	14.2	18.0	19.7	15.4	9.7	10.0	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	L
NL	8.6	7.8	8.2	7.2	6.5	6.8	6.7	5.8	5.9	7.5	10.8	NL
P	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.5	2.2	3.9	4.5	6.3	6.2	5.4	P
UK	8.7	7.4	9.0	10.7	15.3	16.8	12.9	10.9	12.7	11.7	12.4	UK

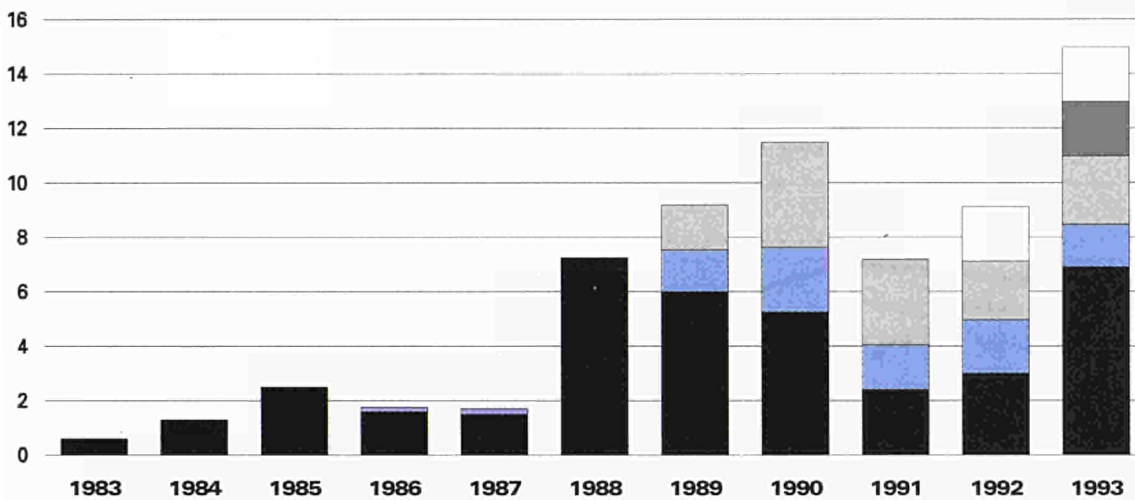
FURTHER READING Money and finance (quarterly). Eurostat.



Official external reserves are reserves held by countries' monetary authorities for the purpose of financing balance of payments imbalances or for use against speculative attacks on their currency. They are made up of monetary gold, foreign currencies (for example, ECUs,

German marks, US dollars and Swiss francs), and special drawing rights (SDRs) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF). Of these various components, only assets in foreign currencies vary significantly over time.

Issue of medium and long-term ECU paper. 1000 million ECU

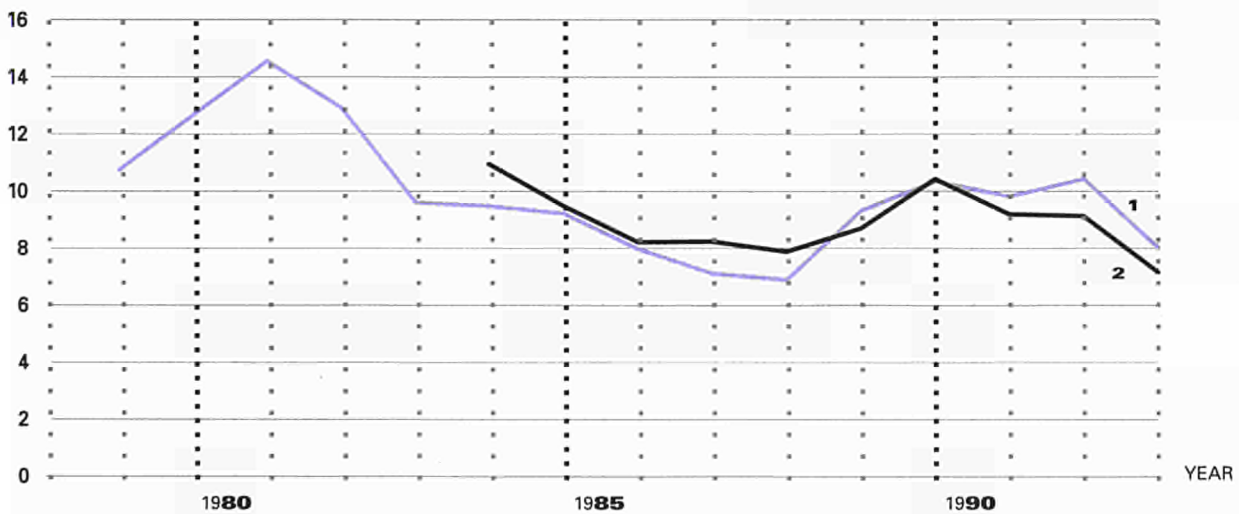


Black: I; blue: GR; grey: F; white: UK.

FURTHER READING Ecustat (monthly). Eurostat.

Programmes of issuance by sovereign borrowers. These data are collected on hand of main domestic issues recorded at the date of payments (I: CTE, GR: ELB, UK: 3YN, F: OAT and BTAN in 1993).

Three-month interest rate on ECU deposits: yield on five to seven year ECU bonds. Yearly average. %



1: three months interest rate on ECU deposits; 2: yields on 5-7 years ECU bonds.

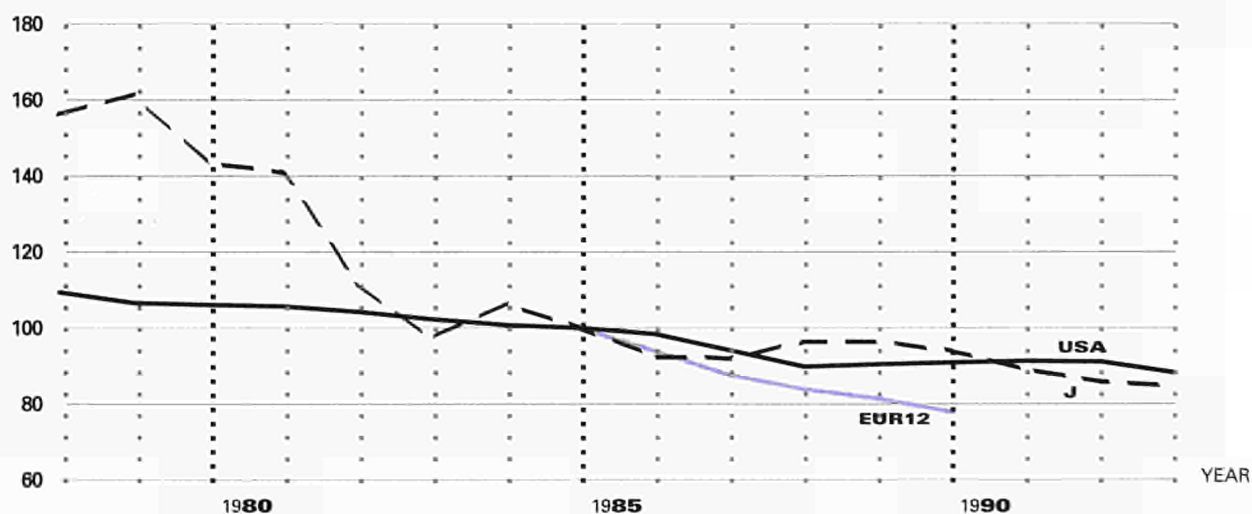
FURTHER READING Ecustat (monthly). Eurostat.

Basic processing of metals industry, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	92	98	100	97	97	106	108	106	103	101	96	EUR12
B	92	101	100	93	93	105	103	107	81	96	91	B
DK	74	95	100	115	113	113	118	114	120	123	115	DK
D	97	103	100	97	94	105	106	102	102	99	91	D
GR	98	103	100	97	95	107	109	109	111	109	104	GR
E	94	99	100	93	91	94	101	97	97	92	91	E
F	98	102	100	97	96	103	105	104	101	99	90	F
IRL	87	93	100	92	92	105	116	121	108	98	103	IRL
I	91	98	100	101	101	110	113	110	116	115	111	I
L	77	91	100	97	90	101	103	99	96	90	91	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	P
UK	94	93	100	100	109	124	125	122	111	106	107	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	89	101	100	92	98	107	105	105	97	99	105	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	90	99	100	96	99	107	110	114	116	107	104	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

Employment in basic processing of metals industry. 1985 = 100

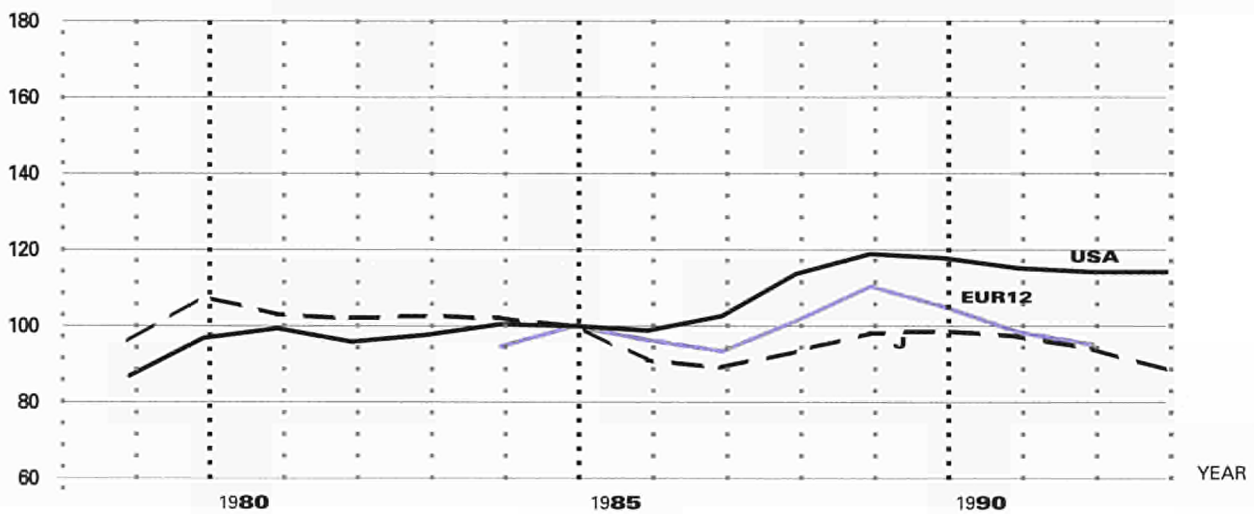


FURTHER READING

Basic processing of metals (NACE 21) covers iron ores and non-ferrous metal ores. The EU is a minor producer of iron ore, providing only 3% of EU requirements. Virtually all mined ore, which is of a very low grade, is used within the EU for production of iron and steel. The EU retains a small but significant non-ferrous metals

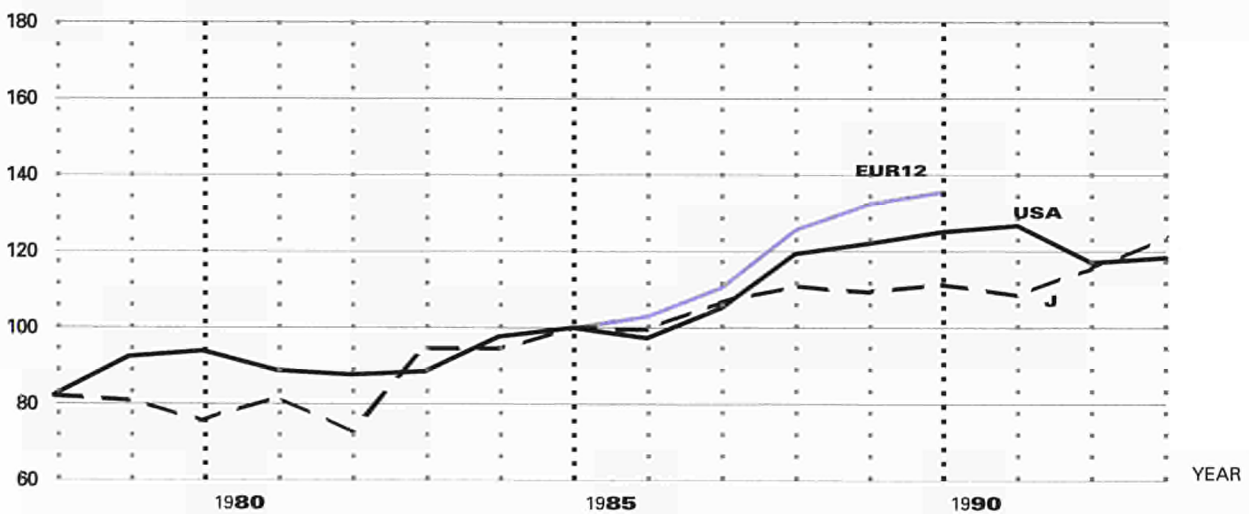
mining industry which provides around 15% of its raw material requirements for metal production. Non-ferrous metals in the EU is a mature industry subject mainly to international influences. Little change to the established pattern is expected during the remainder of the 1990s.

Producer price indices of basic processing of metals industry, 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

Gross value-added at factor cost, per employee in basic processing of metals industry, 1985 prices, 1985 = 100



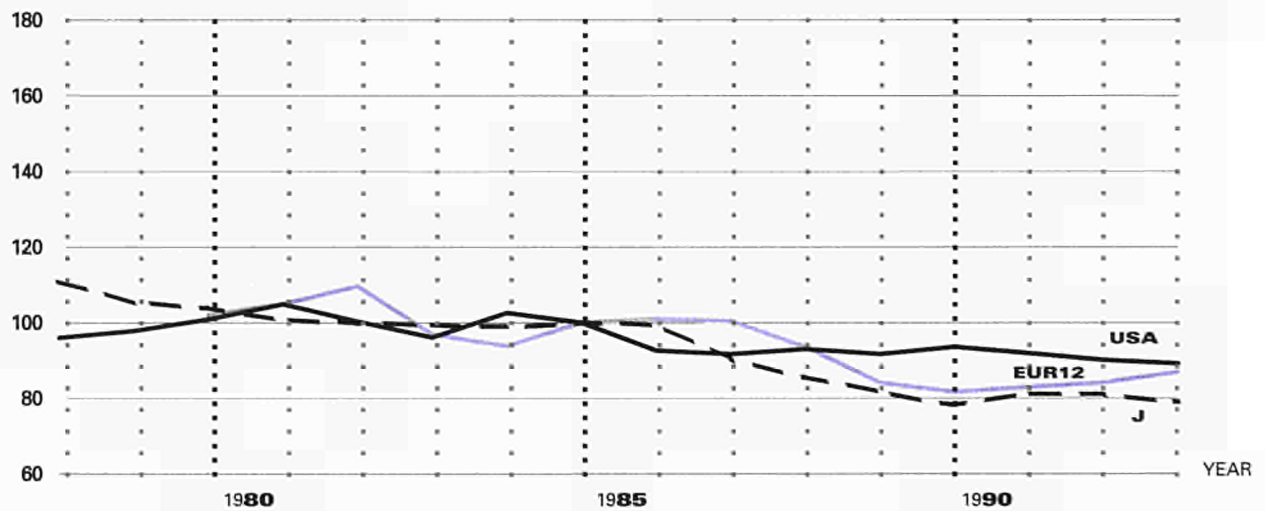
FURTHER READING

Production of mining and quarrying industries, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	97	94	100	101	100	94	84	82	83	84	87	EUR12
B	97	105	100	88	78	68	57	49	38	31	23	B
DK	82	91	100	126	111	114	120	105	103	118	105	DK
D	100	99	100	98	92	89	89	87	85	83	74	D
GR	87	95	100	103	101	102	57	55	55	51	48	GR
E	99	101	100	95	82	79	85	80	75	73	:	E
F	105	105	100	94	93	89	87	83	83	78	74	F
IRL	127	147	100	108	117	94	122	115	107	98	114	IRL
I	97	99	100	105	118	130	129	130	124	125	131	I
L	127	108	100	100	114	124	136	150	166	164	160	L
NL	90	92	100	94	97	86	88	89	99	99	100	NL
P	74	89	100	90	79	87	217	387	392	390	365	P
UK	97	91	100	104	104	96	81	78	79	83	89	UK
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	A
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	FIN
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IS
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	N
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CH
USA	96	103	100	93	92	93	92	94	92	90	89	USA
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	CDN
J	99	99	100	100	90	85	82	78	81	81	79	J

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

Production of mining and quarrying industries, 1985 prices. 1985 = 100

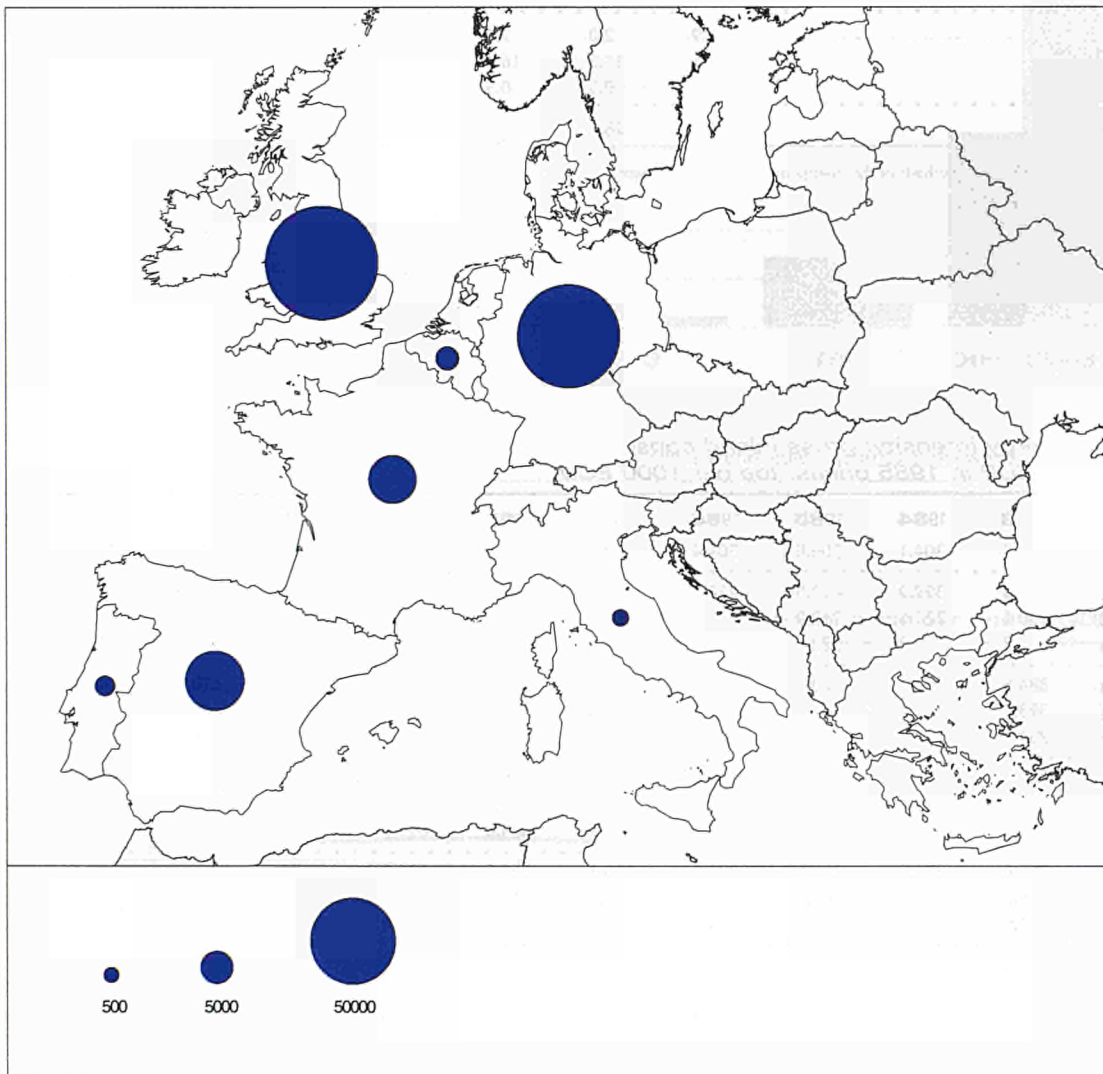


FURTHER READING

Mining and quarrying (NACE 21+23) are mature and relatively stable industries of minor significance in the production of metallic ores, but of world status in industrial minerals, in particular construction raw materials. The limited resources of high grade non-ferrous ores make this sector dependent on imports to satisfy metal industry demand. The industrial minerals sector –

other than metal ores – embraces construction raw materials, sand and clay, salt, stone, potash and phosphate, other industrial minerals and peat (NACE 23). The EU consumption of mined products is slightly higher than that of the USA. EU companies are major participants in mining activities overseas.

Coal production: hard coal, 1000 t. 1991



All-energy balance sheet, toe, as % of gross inland consumption

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Primary production	58.7	57.4	56.0	53.7	52.5	52.8	50.4	51.2
Imports	71.6	69.9	70.5	71.7	74.0	72.0	74.2	72.9
Stock change	-0.9	-0.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2	-1.3	0.2
Exports	27.0	24.8	24.2	22.6	23.7	22.1	22.9	24.2
Gross inland consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Transformation input	87.2	84.8	87.0	87.8	87.6	86.8	84.9	87.0
power stations	20.0	20.0	19.6	20.5	20.9	21.7	21.0	19.5
refineries	48.2	46.2	48.0	47.5	47.5	45.9	47.4	48.0
Transformation output	66.2	63.8	65.8	65.5	65.7	64.5	65.2	65.5
power stations	7.7	7.8	7.7	8.0	8.1	8.6	8.4	8.2
refineries	44.4	43.2	44.9	45.3	44.4	43.2	44.8	45.6
Available for final consumption	73.0	73.3	72.9	71.9	72.2	71.9	71.5	73.0
Final non-energy consumption	6.4	6.3	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.8	6.5
Final energy consumption	66.4	66.4	66.4	65.3	65.5	65.9	63.5	64.1
industry	20.0	20.3	20.4	20.3	19.7	19.1	18.3	18.0
transport	18.0	18.2	19.2	19.7	20.2	19.4	20.0	20.6
air	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3
road	15.1	15.3	16.2	16.5	16.8	16.2	16.7	17.2
rail	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
households	28.5	28.0	26.7	25.4	25.6	27.4	26.7	27.1

FURTHER READING Principles and methods of the energy balance sheets. Eurostat.

Energy intensity: gross inland consumption per unit of GDP in 1985 prices. toe per 1000 ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
EUR12	302.7	304.1	306.8	304.4	302.0	294.0	290.2	283.7	299.0	294.3	
B	393.8	399.9	412.5	418.7	417.2	402.9	393.8	387.8	400.2	400.8	
DK	230.1	224.1	243.0	237.6	241.8	223.0	207.5	207.0	222.9	213.0	
D	316.9	320.3	322.5	315.0	311.2	306.3	293.1	282.3	316.1	302.4	
GR	384.5	382.3	400.0	390.4	412.4	421.8	447.6	450.7	439.7	448.2	
E	323.4	324.8	323.6	319.7	310.6	319.1	317.9	314.6	325.8	327.7	
F	264.9	274.8	279.6	279.4	280.1	267.0	269.7	265.2	276.3	270.9	
IRL	344.7	344.7	355.1	366.4	363.3	348.7	327.7	308.2	302.5	286.8	
I	237.8	236.8	233.3	231.7	237.5	232.5	234.8	232.8	233.1	234.9	
L	679.1	678.8	673.5	642.9	617.9	605.6	613.9	616.4	634.5	626.2	
NL	366.4	370.7	367.1	373.9	380.2	367.3	355.3	337.1	345.3	337.4	
P	389.6	391.0	362.9	395.0	392.2	412.1	454.2	389.4	389.5	416.7	
UK	341.0	331.1	337.6	334.4	320.8	306.7	301.9	296.5	310.2	309.4	
A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
FIN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
IS	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
N	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
S	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
CH	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
USA	348.8	342.9	336.6	328.3	332.5	333.2	326.4	202.7	327.7	324.6	
CDN	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
J	206.0	212.4	202.3	199.9	193.0	195.2	192.1	193.8	192.7	193.6	

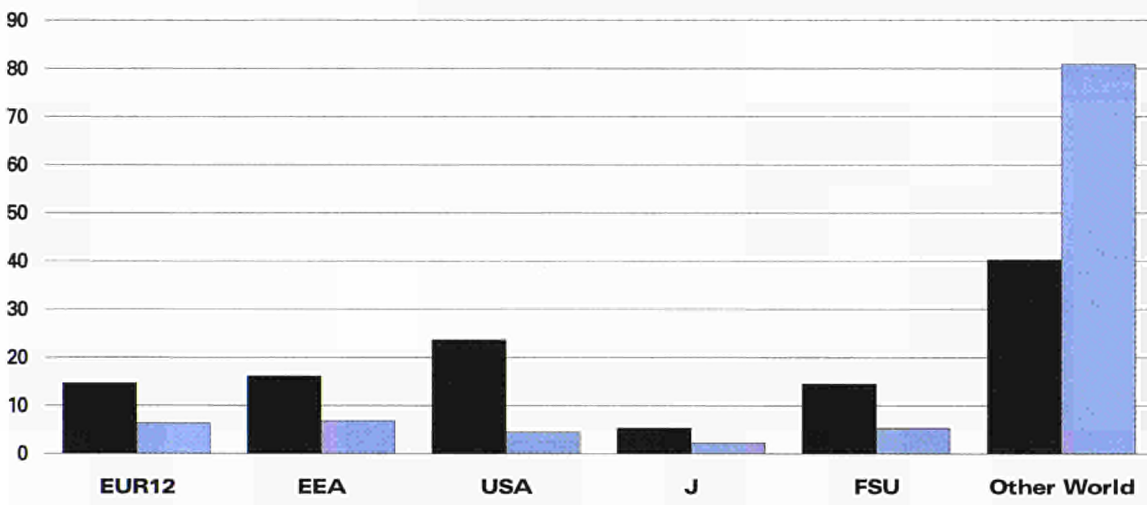
FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Unit of GDP in 1985 prices and exchange rates to the ECU.

The overall energy balance sheets make up a uniform quantitative system that records energy availability on one hand, and its uses on the other. Gross inland consumption is the key aggregate of the balance sheets. The ratios of the

other aggregates to gross inland consumption give their relative importance in the overall energy balances. Energy intensity is the ratio of gross inland consumption divided by gross domestic product (in toe/ECU).

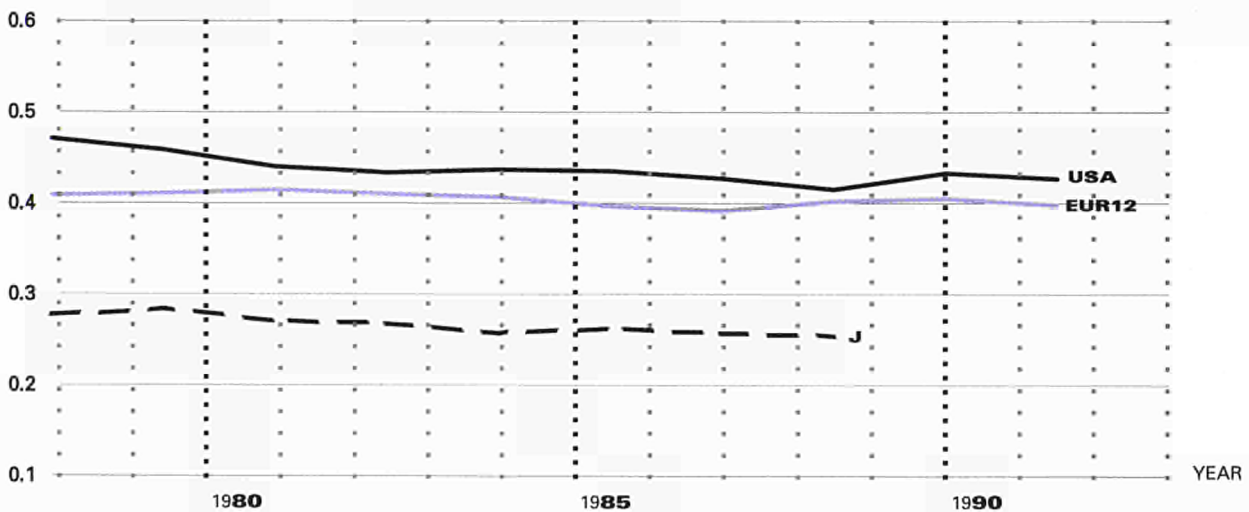
Energy consumption and population. World share. 1992



Black: energy consumption; blue: population. FSU: former Soviet Union; Other World: other countries of the world

FURTHER READING

Energy intensity: gross inland consumption in toe per unit of GDP



FURTHER READING International Agency of Energy.

Hard-coal balance sheet, toe, as % of gross inland consumption

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Primary production	71.3	67.6	67.1	64.5	60.0	57.0	57.3	54.1
Imports	37.5	36.1	37.9	39.9	44.3	47.4	50.5	47.1
Stock change	-3.0	1.2	0.3	1.0	0.6	-0.8	-4.7	1.7
Exports	7.3	6.1	6.3	6.3	5.7	4.6	3.6	3.6
Gross inland consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Transformation input	92.9	92.3	92.2	92.7	93.0	91.9	92.2	89.7
power stations	57.4	59.2	58.4	59.5	61.8	62.5	63.4	61.8
refineries	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Transformation output	23.2	21.1	20.9	20.5	19.5	18.1	17.9	17.3
power stations	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
refineries	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Available for final consumption	29.9	28.5	28.4	27.4	26.4	26.2	25.5	27.5
Final non-energy consumption	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0
Final energy consumption	29.6	28.1	28.1	26.6	25.5	25.6	24.9	24.5
industry	20.9	20.5	21.3	20.6	20.5	19.7	19.9	19.2
transport	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
air	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
road	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
rail	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
households	8.6	7.5	6.8	5.7	5.0	5.7	5.1	5.4

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Brown-coal balance sheet, toe, as % of gross inland consumption

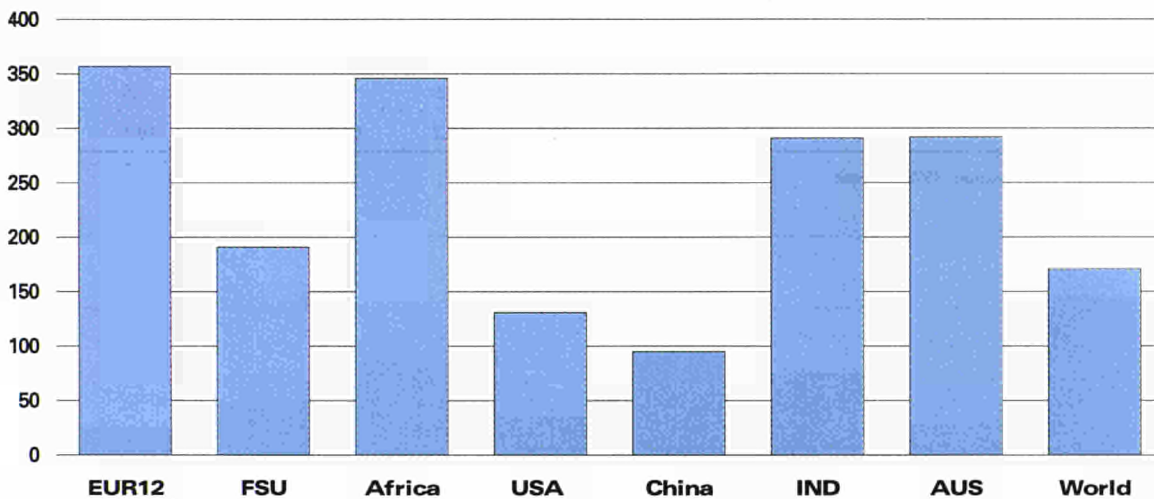
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Primary production	95.4	97.7	96.3	97.0	97.7	99.4	98.6	97.4
Imports	5.3	4.8	4.2	4.0	4.3	1.7	2.0	2.7
Stock change	0.6	-1.2	0.6	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	0.6	0.5
Exports	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	0.8	0.6	.
Gross inland consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Transformation input	96.4	96.2	96.9	96.9	98.0	96.9	96.9	92.9
power stations	87.3	86.3	88.0	88.0	86.7	75.3	82.4	80.2
refineries	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Transformation output	8.4	8.7	7.7	6.8	7.5	16.3	12.3	10.9
power stations	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
refineries	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Available for final consumption	11.8	12.1	10.6	9.6	8.9	18.4	14.2	.
Final non-energy consumption	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Final energy consumption	11.2	11.8	11.0	10.2	9.8	17.7	14.7	13.5
industry	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.4
transport	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	.	.	.
air	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
road	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
rail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	.	.	.
households	5.9	6.0	5.3	4.2	4.3	12.1	9.1	8.0

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Balance sheets for coal and lignite show that these fuels are mainly transformed into electricity in thermal power stations. The remainder generally is used in industry. Reserves

of coal are relatively widespread all over the world. The European continent has one-third of all reserves overall but the breakdown for individual fuels shows a less even distribution.

Years of remaining coal production at 1990 rate: reserves of hard coal measured as a multiple of production in 1990



FSU: former Soviet Union; Africa: Africa; China: China; IND: India; AUS: Australia; World: world.

FURTHER READING

Reserves of hard coal, t, as % of world reserves

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Europe	37	37	37	34	34	34	34	:
EUR12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	:
Former Soviet Union	19	19	19	17	17	17	17	:
America	24	24	24	21	21	21	21	:
USA	23	23	23	19	19	19	19	:
Canada	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:
Africa	12	12	12	10	10	10	10	:
China	18	18	18	16	16	16	16	:
India	4	4	4	10	10	10	10	:
Oceania	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	:
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	:

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

*Crude oil and petroleum products balance
sheet as % of gross inland consumption*

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Primary production	32.5	31.6	29.2	24.2	23.2	22.2	22.4	24.1
Imports	125.0	121.8	122.6	124.8	127.7	126.7	127.4	128.7
Stock change	-0.6	-0.4	0.1	-0.9	0.0	-0.2	-0.5	0.1
Exports	50.8	47.0	46.0	42.2	44.6	42.5	43.3	46.6
Gross inland consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Transformation input power stations refineries	116.2	112.3	115.8	117.1	116.9	116.6	117.7	:
	7.5	7.4	7.2	8.4	8.3	8.5	8.5	7.7
	108.3	104.5	108.3	108.4	108.4	107.9	109.0	:
Transformation output power stations refineries	107.4	103.7	107.3	107.5	107.6	107.2	108.2	87.5

	107.4	103.6	107.3	107.5	107.6	107.2	108.2	106.4
Available for final consumption	85.3	85.7	85.6	84.4	84.7	84.8	84.5	:
Final non-energy consumption	11.6	11.7	12.5	12.7	12.5	13.1	13.5	13.0
Final energy consumption	73.9	73.0	73.5	72.1	72.2	72.2	71.4	73.4
industry	11.0	10.5	10.4	9.5	8.9	8.5	8.0	8.3
transport	39.8	40.6	42.7	44.4	45.4	44.9	45.3	47.3
air	4.3	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.2
road	33.9	34.7	36.5	37.8	38.5	38.1	38.5	40.1
rail	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
households	23.2	22.0	20.5	18.2	17.9	18.8	18.1	17.8

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

*Net imports of crude oil and petroleum products
as % of gross consumption of energy*

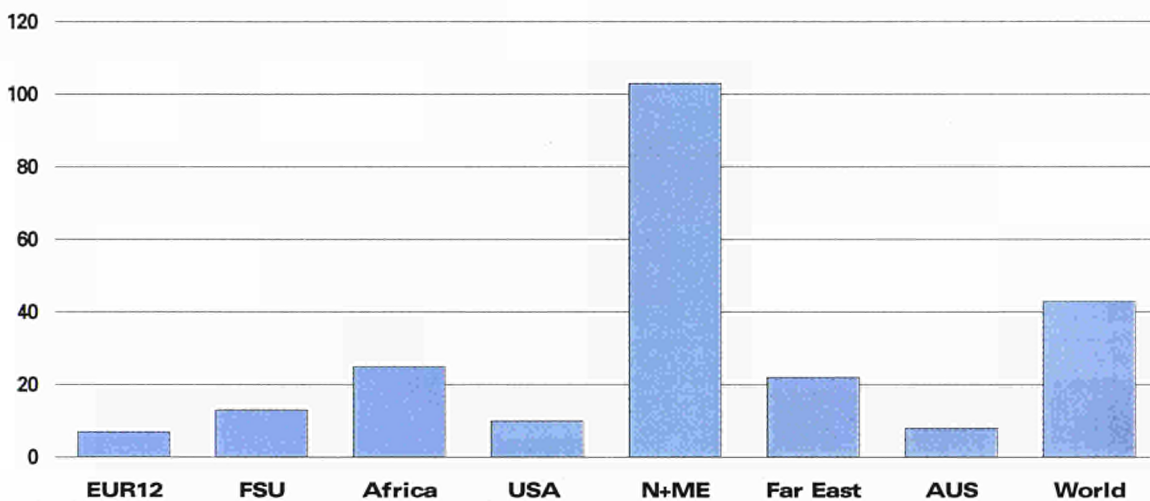
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	34.2	34.0	31.9	33.0	32.7	33.9	36.0	36.2	35.5	36.4	:	EUR12
B	46.6	42.1	41.8	48.3	45.8	45.8	45.3	43.2	45.6	45.9	:	B
DK	51.0	47.9	42.9	0.4	31.1	28.4	22.1	17.5	10.2	7.9	:	DK
D	40.8	39.9	39.7	43.1	40.8	40.6	38.3	39.2	37.7	39.6	:	D
GR	59.2	56.7	56.6	64.2	57.6	59.8	57.6	60.2	61.6	65.8	:	GR
E	59.7	54.1	54.0	52.1	54.6	54.7	55.2	55.5	53.8	55.1	:	E
F	45.0	44.6	41.5	40.8	41.7	41.8	40.6	40.2	40.5	39.0	:	F
IRL	50.0	46.5	46.1	55.4	47.3	42.0	43.4	49.6	47.8	47.1	:	IRL
I	61.5	61.7	59.4	58.7	61.1	57.7	59.2	58.3	54.3	57.5	:	I
L	34.9	32.5	34.8	37.8	43.5	41.7	43.1	45.8	49.1	51.7	:	L
NL	39.4	37.4	35.2	40.6	35.5	40.9	40.7	40.2	40.6	42.5	:	NL
P	85.4	90.0	80.0	81.9	79.1	73.3	79.7	78.7	77.5	79.5	:	P
UK	-22.3	-20.1	-23.1	-24.1	-23.3	-17.5	-4.4	-4.2	-3.3	-5.0	:	UK
A	61.2	69.7	68.4	69.8	67.1	65.1	65.3	69.9	66.9	69.1	:	A
FIN	67.2	57.5	62.8	65.4	63.0	58.4	64.6	65.3	60.7	58.5	:	FIN
IS	53.5	51.8	57.4	54.7	57.5	52.4	56.4	56.6	53.4	61.5	:	IS
N	-246.1	-258.9	-261.5	-256.6	-304.4	-363.2	-413.7	-457.2	-505.5	-592.3	:	N
S	50.5	41.4	43.9	46.2	37.9	38.4	37.9	39.2	36.8	38.9	:	S
EEA	31.4	30.5	28.7	11.6	28.5	28.7	29.2	29.4	28.2	27.9	:	EEA
CH	63.5	63.0	58.2	62.2	57.3	57.8	60.6	61.3	60.8	60.0	:	CH
USA	12.3	12.8	11.2	14.3	15.6	16.5	17.7	28.3	16.6	18.0	:	USA
CDN	-16.9	-19.4	-10.6	-21.6	-23.6	-28.5	-26.1	-28.3	-36.3	-38.8	:	CDN
J	87.5	88.9	87.1	83.6	85.9	85.8	88.0	86.4	86.3	85.8	:	J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Balance sheets for crude oil and petroleum products indicate that all crude oil is transformed into refined products. Highest consumption occurs in the transport sector; this represents just half of available petroleum products. The ratio of net imports of crude oil

divided by the gross consumption of energy gives the external oil dependence of the energy economy of each Member State. Net exporting Member States have negative percentages. Reserves of crude oil are concentrated in the Middle East.

Years of remaining oil production at 1990 rate: reserves of crude oil measured as a multiple of production in 1990



FSU: former Soviet Union; Africa: Africa; N+ME: Near and Middle East; Far East: Far East; AUS: Australia; World: world.

FURTHER READING

Reserves of crude oil, t, as % of world reserves

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Europe	12	10	8	8	7	8	8	:
EUR12	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	:
Former Soviet Union	8	7	6	6	6	6	6	:
America	18	18	17	16	16	16	16	:
USA	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	:
Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	:
Venezuela	4	7	6	6	6	6	6	:
Africa	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	:
Near and Middle East	57	63	66	66	66	66	66	:
Saudi Arabia	24	19	25	25	26	26	26	:
Far East	5	4	4	5	5	4	4	:
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	:

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Natural and derived gas balance sheet as % of gross inland consumption

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Primary production	66.6	65.2	62.4	62.2	62.5	62.4	63.5	64.5
Imports	48.3	49.2	49.4	51.9	52.0	51.1	53.1	50.3
Stock change	-0.7	-1.2	0.1	-0.8	-1.2	0.0	-2.1	-0.5
Exports	14.2	13.1	11.8	13.2	13.3	13.5	14.5	14.3
Gross inland consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Transformation input	15.0	14.8	15.8	16.2	16.4	16.4	15.5	16.9
power stations	14.7	14.6	15.3	16.1	16.1	14.7	15.1	16.6
refineries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transformation output	11.9	10.8	11.4	10.9	10.1	8.7	8.4	8.3
power stations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
refineries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available for final consumption	90.3	90.3	90.0	89.0	87.8	86.5	87.7	-
Final non-energy consumption	6.2	5.8	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.0	4.1	4.3
Final energy consumption	83.3	84.1	84.4	83.4	82.4	80.9	84.1	82.2
industry	32.5	34.0	35.5	36.0	34.9	30.9	34.1	32.5
transport	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
air	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
road	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
households	50.7	50.1	48.8	47.3	47.4	49.9	49.8	49.6

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Net imports of natural gas as % of gross consumption of energy

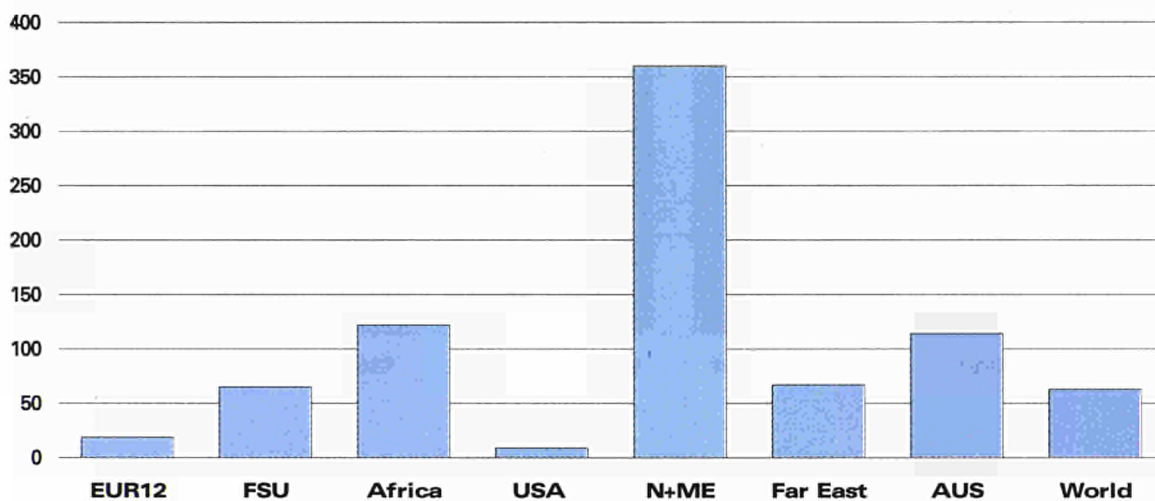
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
EUR12	5.1	5.6	5.7	6.0	-6.5	6.5	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.1	-
B	16.8	16.6	15.9	14.1	15.4	14.4	16.1	16.0	16.0	16.6	-
DK	0.1	-0.5	-2.0	0.0	-3.4	-4.0	-4.6	-5.1	-6.4	-7.2	-
D	10.5	10.5	11.1	11.2	12.2	11.8	13.3	13.4	12.6	13.2	-
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E	3.1	2.6	3.0	3.0	2.6	3.1	3.5	4.2	4.7	8.2	-
F	10.5	9.6	10.3	10.8	11.1	10.5	10.5	11.3	11.4	11.9	-
IRL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
I	9.3	11.7	11.9	12.0	13.3	13.3	15.4	16.4	17.6	17.9	-
L	8.8	9.0	9.7	9.8	11.2	11.1	11.8	11.9	11.7	12.2	-
NL	-39.8	-36.7	-39.0	-32.1	-30.1	-25.5	-30.6	-30.8	-33.9	-35.8	-
P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UK	4.9	5.8	5.5	5.0	4.7	4.2	4.1	2.9	2.6	2.2	-
A	9.1	14.2	14.4	13.7	12.8	12.4	13.1	17.7	16.0	16.8	-
FIN	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.7	4.5	5.1	6.5	8.1	8.4	9.1	-
IS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N	-115.6	-116.6	-110.9	-103.4	-113.8	-120.0	-111.1	-105.3	-102.2	-108.4	-
S	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.4	-
EEA	2.9	3.4	3.5	1.5	4.3	4.3	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.6	-
CH	5.7	6.2	6.0	5.9	6.5	6.5	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.6	-
USA	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.6	2.8	2.0	2.3	-
CDN	-9.2	-9.3	-11.1	-8.7	-11.3	-13.8	-14.1	-15.5	-18.3	-21.4	-
J	6.9	8.8	9.4	9.1	9.5	9.3	9.7	9.8	10.2	10.2	-

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Balance sheets for gas (natural and manufactured) show that domestic production is still important. Consumption of the two largest sectors, households and industry, is stable. Reserves of natural gas are located mainly in

Russia and the Middle East. Years of production remaining at current rate of extraction are calculated using the ratio of proven reserves divided by current annual production.

Years of remaining gas at 1990 rate: reserves of gas measured as a multiple of production in 1990



FSU: former Soviet Union; Africa: Africa; N+ME: Near and Middle East; Far East: Far East; AUS: Australia; World: world.

FURTHER READING

Reserves of natural gas, cu m, as % of world reserves

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Europe	46	43	42	45	45	43	43	:
EUR12	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	:
Former Soviet Union	40	38	37	40	40	39	38	:
America	14	14	13	11	11	11	10	:
USA	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	:
Mexico	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	:
Venezuela	:	:	:	:	:	2	2	:
Africa	7	7	7	6	7	7	7	:
Near and Middle East	25	27	30	29	29	30	31	:
Far East	6	7	7	6	6	7	7	:
Oceania	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	:
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	:

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Electricity balance sheet, kWh, as % of consumption of internal market

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Primary production	12.2	12.4	12.4	8.8	9.5	9.8	9.7	10.0
Imports	5.8	6.6	6.8	7.4	7.7	7.1	7.3	7.9
Exports	4.8	5.3	5.4	6.1	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.9
Gross inland consumption	13.2	13.7	13.8	10.2	10.6	10.2	10.5	10.9
Transformation input	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Transformation output	106.5	105.3	97.3	108.2	107.8	108.6	107.9	107.6
public thermal power stations	58.0	57.3	50.9	57.0	57.6	59.2	57.7	55.0
autoproducing thermal power stations	9.7	9.6	8.7	9.2	9.2	9.7	9.4	9.7
nuclear power stations	38.8	63.4	37.6	42.0	41.1	39.7	40.8	42.7
Consumption of the energy branch	12.0	11.5	10.7	11.0	11.0	11.2	11.1	11.1
Distribution losses	7.8	7.5	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.2	7.4
Available for final consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Final non-energy consumption	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Final energy consumption	100.0	100.0	93.2	100.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
industry	44.2	44.0	41.7	44.8	44.3	43.4	42.8	41.8
iron and steel industry	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.8
chemical industry	9.8	9.8	9.2	10.1	10.4	9.6	9.5	9.7
transport	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7
air	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
road	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
rail	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7
households, commerce, public authorities	53.4	53.6	49.3	52.9	53.2	54.0	54.5	55.5
households	30.1	30.3	26.9	28.4	28.7	29.3	29.5	30.1

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Production of electricity per person, 1000 kWh

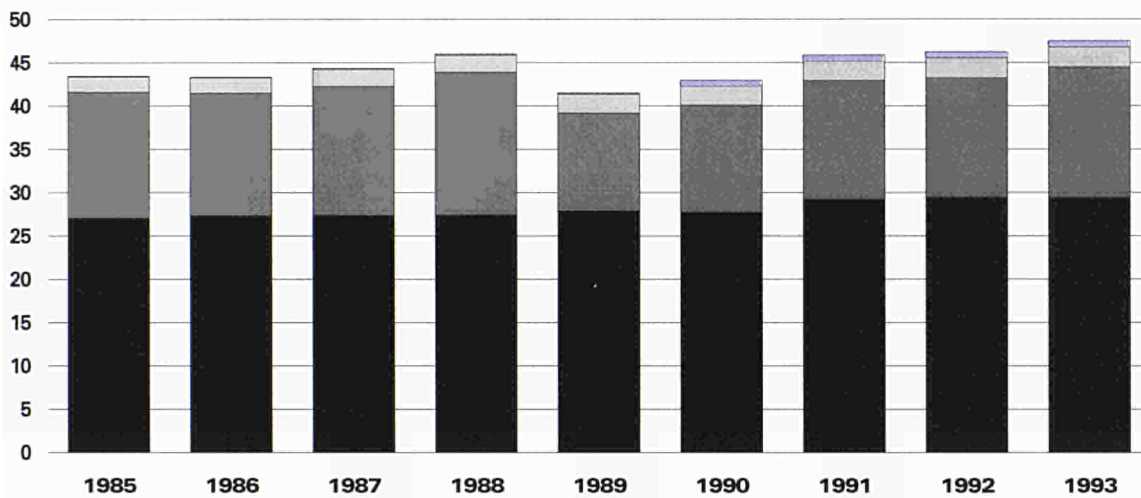
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
EUR12	4.4	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.7	: EUR12
B	5.3	5.4	5.8	5.8	6.3	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	: B
DK	4.3	4.4	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.5	4.3	5.0	7.0	6.0	: DK
D	6.0	6.3	6.7	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.2	6.7	6.7	: D
GR	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	: GR
E	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	: E
F	5.4	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.5	8.0	8.1	: F
IRL	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.5	: IRL
I	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	: I
L	1.3	1.5	2.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.1	: L
NL	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.9	5.1	: NL
P	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.1	: P
UK	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.7	: UK
A	5.6	5.5	5.8	5.8	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	: A
FIN	8.7	9.3	10.1	10.0	10.8	10.9	10.8	11.0	11.6	11.4	: FIN
IS	16.0	16.5	16.1	16.9	17.3	18.3	18.4	18.0	17.6	17.5	: IS
N	25.5	25.6	24.7	23.1	24.6	25.7	27.6	29.0	26.0	27.4	: N
S	13.1	14.8	16.4	16.5	17.4	17.3	17.0	17.2	17.1	16.9	: S
EEA	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.3	: EEA
CH	8.1	7.6	8.5	8.6	8.9	8.9	8.0	8.4	8.4	8.5	: CH
USA	10.4	10.8	11.0	10.9	11.2	11.7	11.9	12.9	12.9	12.8	: USA
CDN	16.4	17.5	18.2	18.5	19.4	19.5	19.0	18.6	18.9	18.9	: CDN
J	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.4	6.9	7.1	7.1	: J

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Presentation of the balance sheets for electricity is slightly different because electricity is a 'derived energy'. The relative importance of each consuming sector is calculated

using electricity available for final consumption rather than gross final consumption. Gross production of electricity represents the total generation of electricity.

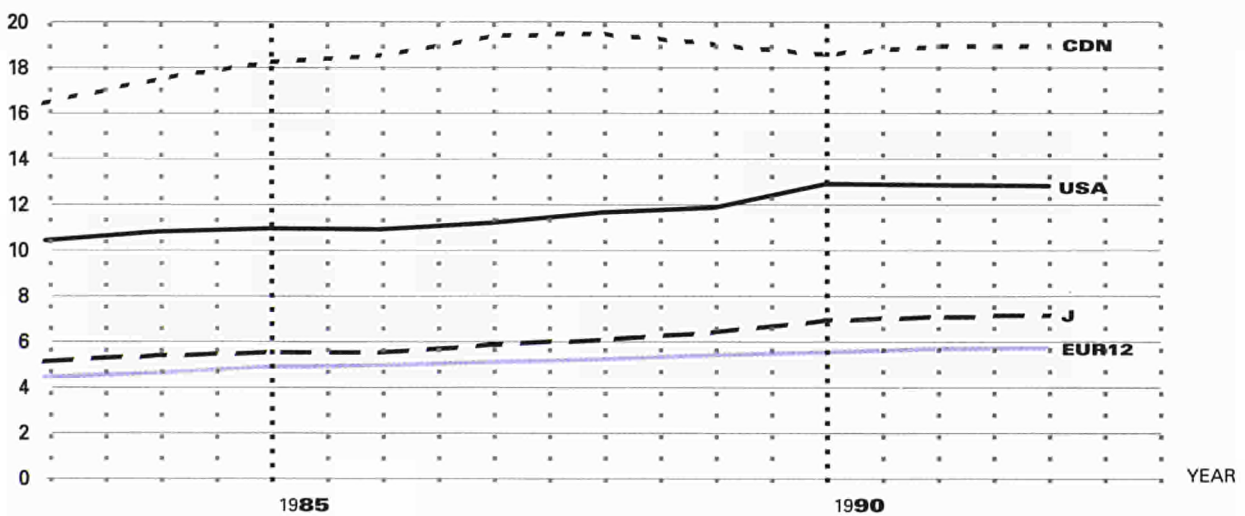
Renewable energy: biomass, hydro, geothermal and wind-solar, million toe



Black: biomass; dark grey: hydro; light grey: geothermal; blue: wind-solar.

FURTHER READING Renewable energy sources, statistics 1989-91. SOEC.

Production of electricity per person, 1000 kWh



FURTHER READING

Production of pig iron, million t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	85.4	85.8	93.4	95.1	91.8	89.8	84.7	84.2	EUR12
B	:	:	:	8.1	8.3	9.2	8.9	9.5	9.4	8.5	8.2	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	:	:	:	29.0	28.5	32.5	32.8	30.1	31.0	28.5	27.0	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	GR
E	:	:	:	4.8	4.8	4.7	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.4	E
F	:	:	:	14.0	13.4	14.8	15.1	14.4	13.6	13.1	12.7	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	IRL
I	:	:	:	12.0	11.4	11.4	11.8	11.9	10.9	10.5	11.2	I
L	:	:	:	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.4	L
NL	:	:	:	4.6	4.6	5.0	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.8	5.4	NL
P	:	:	:	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	P
UK	:	:	:	9.8	12.1	13.0	12.8	12.5	12.1	11.5	11.6	UK

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Production of crude steel, million t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	125.9	126.6	137.6	140.2	136.9	137.4	132.2	132.3	EUR12
B	:	:	:	9.7	9.8	11.2	11.0	11.5	11.3	10.3	10.2	B
DK	:	:	:	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	DK
D	:	:	:	37.1	36.2	41.0	41.1	38.4	42.2	39.7	37.6	D
GR	:	:	:	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	GR
E	:	:	:	11.9	11.7	11.9	12.8	12.9	12.8	12.2	13.0	E
F	:	:	:	17.9	17.7	19.1	19.3	19.0	18.4	18.0	17.1	F
IRL	:	:	:	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	IRL
I	:	:	:	23.0	22.9	23.8	25.2	25.5	25.1	24.8	25.7	I
L	:	:	:	3.7	3.3	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.3	L
NL	:	:	:	5.3	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.4	6.0	NL
P	:	:	:	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	P
UK	:	:	:	14.8	17.5	18.7	18.8	17.9	16.5	16.0	16.7	UK

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Production of hot rolled steel products, million t

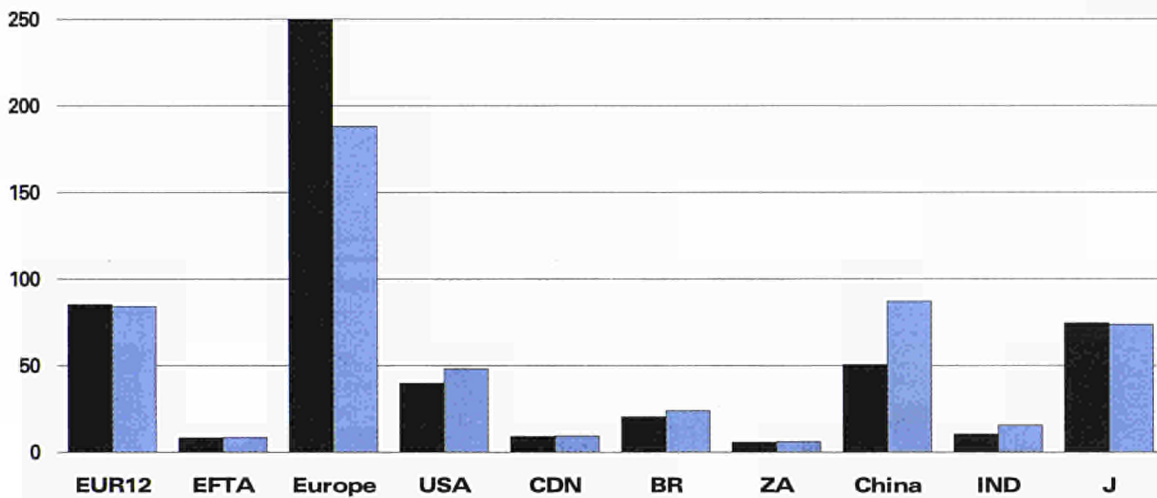
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	115.1	111.6	EUR12
B	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	10.3	9.8	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.5	0.5	DK
D	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	33.0	31.1	D
GR	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1.6	1.4	GR
E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	10.8	11.6	E
F	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	15.2	14.0	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.2	0.3	IRL
I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22.6	21.8	I
L	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2.6	2.6	L
NL	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4.2	4.1	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.7	0.7	P
UK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	13.3	13.8	UK

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Steel and coal were the subject establishing the Treaty on the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC) in 1952 - one of the first European industrial agreements - and have been regulated since then. The steel industry encompasses steel production from raw material

processing to the production of finished-rolled steel products. The finished products of the steel industry, including ordinary, special and alloy steels, can be divided into two categories: hot-rolled and cold-rolled.

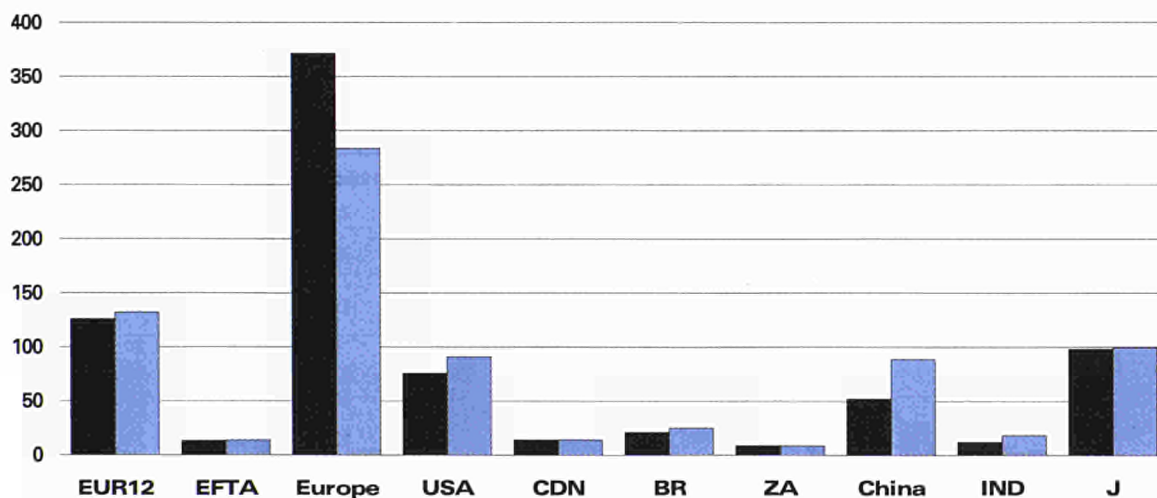
World production of crude iron, million t. 1986 and 1993



Black: 1986; blue: 1993; EFTA: EFTA; Europe: Europe; BR: Brazil; ZA: South Africa; China: China; IND: India.

FURTHER READING

World production of crude steel, million t. 1986 and 1993



Black: 1986; blue: 1993. EFTA: EFTA; Europe: Europe; BR: Brazil; ZA: South Africa; China: China; IND: India.

FURTHER READING

*Utilization of capacity of crude steel plants:
actual production per capacity, %*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	66.6	66.7	72.1	74.8	72.2	71.3	68.6	69.7	EUR12
B	:	:	:	71.7	72.1	80.6	77.7	83.1	82.2	72.7	69.2	B
DK	:	:	:	74.3	71.3	76.5	73.4	71.7	74.5	69.5	71.0	DK
D	:	:	:	78.2	76.9	87.6	87.2	79.9	76.9	71.4	71.9	D
GR	:	:	:	22.8	20.5	21.4	26.1	27.0	26.5	24.6	25.9	GR
E	:	:	:	54.0	51.6	56.0	65.5	64.7	64.1	62.1	67.2	E
F	:	:	:	63.4	65.4	68.5	76.7	75.0	72.6	74.4	70.3	F
IRL	:	:	:	60.2	63.9	78.5	93.9	94.5	58.5	51.4	65.2	IRL
I	:	:	:	65.0	62.5	63.4	64.2	63.6	64.9	63.0	63.6	I
L	:	:	:	68.0	60.6	67.2	72.3	69.1	65.6	59.6	63.9	L
NL	:	:	:	66.4	63.5	69.0	74.7	71.2	79.9	83.8	92.5	NL
P	:	:	:	93.3	95.4	94.8	94.8	97.0	76.1	79.6	78.3	P
UK	:	:	:	65.4	76.0	79.5	78.5	74.8	72.9	74.0	79.9	UK

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Investment in crude steel, ECU per t produced

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	33	38	21	21	32	32	31	22	EUR12
B	:	:	:	32	28	28	32	35	46	34	29	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	:	:	:	26	20	16	17	24	31	35	35	D
GR	:	:	:	13	5	5	18	17	35	42	9	GR
E	:	:	:	52	52	34	28	33	30	24	12	E
F	:	:	:	24	24	16	25	33	30	25	22	F
IRL + DK	:	:	:	7	9	6	10	15	15	36	4	IRL + DK
I	:	:	:	41	32	20	22	42	57	40	15	I
L	:	:	:	19	22	18	16	21	18	17	33	L
NL	:	:	:	65	47	32	32	45	37	23	11	NL
P	:	:	:	25	10	12	33	109	204	25	5	P
UK	:	:	:	25	24	24	33	31	24	18	8	UK

FURTHER READING ECSC investments, 1993. European Commission. Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Investment in crude steel per capacity of production, ECU per t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	22	19	15	18	23	26	21	15	EUR12
B	:	:	:	23	20	23	25	30	37	25	20	B
DK	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DK
D	:	:	:	20	16	14	15	19	24	25	25	D
GR	:	:	:	5	1	1	4	5	9	10	2	GR
E	:	:	:	30	27	19	18	21	19	15	8	E
F	:	:	:	15	16	13	19	25	22	19	16	F
IRL + DK	:	:	:	5	6	5	8	12	10	23	3	IRL + DK
I	:	:	:	28	20	13	14	26	37	22	10	I
L	:	:	:	13	13	12	11	15	12	10	21	L
NL	:	:	:	45	30	22	24	32	30	19	10	NL
P	:	:	:	1	8	11	33	106	156	20	4	P
UK	:	:	:	16	18	20	26	23	17	14	7	UK

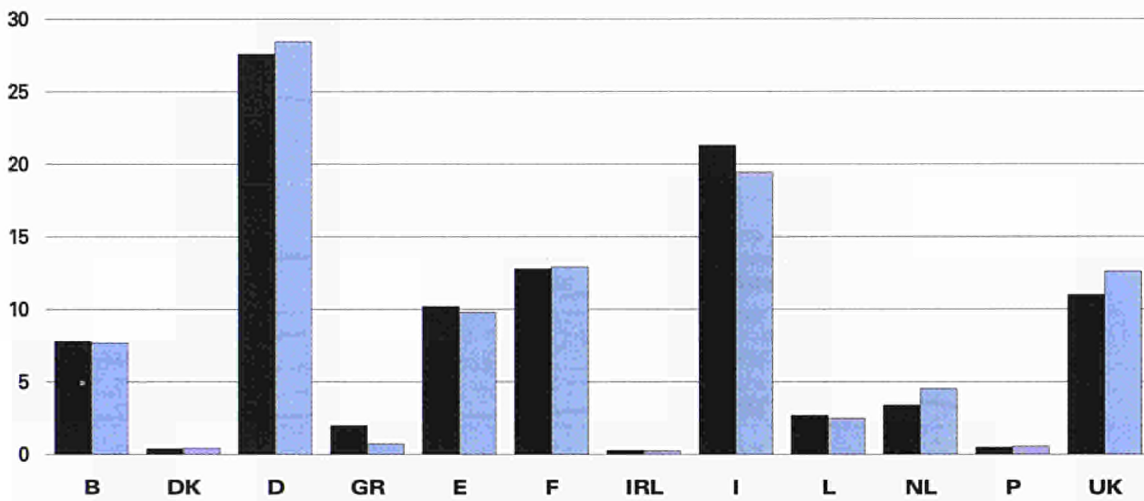
FURTHER READING ECSC investments, 1993. European Commission. Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.



Between the mid-1970s and 1987, the steel industry in the industrialised countries suffered serious setbacks due to reduced demand from steel-using industries, the emergence of steel substitutes and increased competition from newly industrialised countries. During the 1980-86 period, there was restructuring. This led to significant productivity gains by reducing capacity

and cutting the labour force. In 1988 and 1989, there were record levels of steel production and consumption. However, in the 1990s, new problems arose, partly because of the depressed general economic situation, and partly because the EU steel sector had to cope again with structural overcapacity.

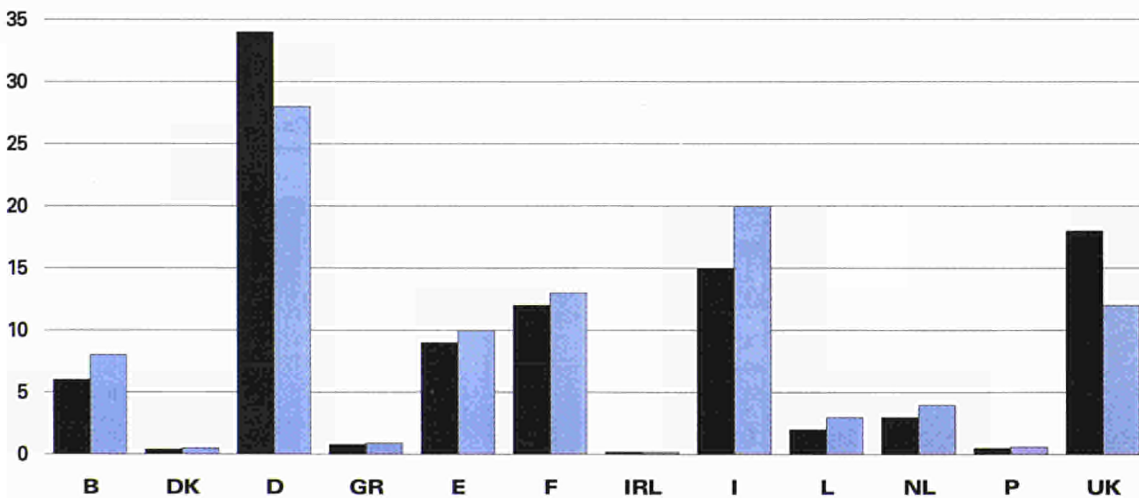
Capacity and actual production of crude steel as % of EU total. 1993



Black: capacity; blue: production.

FURTHER READING

EU countries' contribution to the ECSC levies; levies on coal and steel production and iron and steel production. %. 1993



Black: coal and steel, blue: iron and steel.

FURTHER READING

Apparent consumption of ECSC crude steel per person, kg

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	346	339	380	389	383	366	360	321	EUR12
B/L	:	:	:	445	408	495	492	470	464	510	511	B/L
DK	:	:	:	293	269	281	296	298	312	364	284	DK
D	:	:	:	566	532	596	593	583	508	496	393	D
GR	:	:	:	195	187	156	178	222	232	168	175	GR
E	:	:	:	254	230	280	306	309	301	285	269	E
F	:	:	:	273	276	295	305	300	300	285	252	F
IRL	:	:	:	75	82	100	111	110	84	79	111	IRL
I	:	:	:	433	450	485	499	506	496	507	434	I
L	:	:	:									L
NL	:	:	:	250	223	264	278	268	281	258	260	NL
P	:	:	:	114	137	157	170	173	179	186	169	P
UK	:	:	:	254	261	307	308	280	231	233	238	UK

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Final consumption of ECSC crude steel per person, kg

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	302	301	345	358	363	337	342	294	EUR12
B/L	:	:	:	398	387	352	438	436	442	483	470	B/L
DK	:	:	:	409	329	271	367	316	302	275	260	DK
D	:	:	:	408	388	453	472	502	444	472	373	D
GR	:	:	:	216	226	184	216	276	276	227	230	GR
E	:	:	:	221	187	247	287	297	279	275	251	E
F	:	:	:	246	275	302	312	310	299	288	242	F
IRL	:	:	:	144	188	200	218	234	205	219	189	IRL
I	:	:	:	334	354	403	433	417	393	406	296	I
L	:	:	:									L
NL	:	:	:	384	323	366	348	379	312	325	298	NL
P	:	:	:	133	177	204	197	235	229	223	248	P
UK	:	:	:	271	279	345	326	287	239	233	250	UK

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Employment in the iron and steel industry, yearly average in 1000s

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	:	:	456.9	421.5	408.6	394.2	376.8	388.5	355.9	320.9	EUR12
B	:	:	:	30.5	28.6	27.9	27.7	26.3	26.1	25.3	24.1	B
DK	:	:	:	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.1	DK
D	:	:	:	142.7	133.3	131.1	130.1	125.2	147.5	132.1	110.3	D
GR	:	:	:	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.9	GR
E	:	:	:	49.6	44.8	41.4	39.0	36.4	35.6	33.3	27.3	E
F	:	:	:	68.4	57.6	53.3	49.3	46.4	44.5	42.8	40.5	F
IRL	:	:	:	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	IRL
I	:	:	:	66.4	60.7	59.5	57.7	56.0	55.5	50.0	49.3	I
L	:	:	:	12.3	11.4	10.7	9.9	9.3	8.8	7.6	7.1	L
NL	:	:	:	18.9	18.5	18.1	17.7	17.0	16.6	15.9	15.5	NL
P	:	:	:	5.6	5.7	5.4	4.3	4.1	3.6	3.3	3.1	P
UK	:	:	:	55.9	54.9	55.1	52.9	50.7	45.1	40.8	39.2	UK

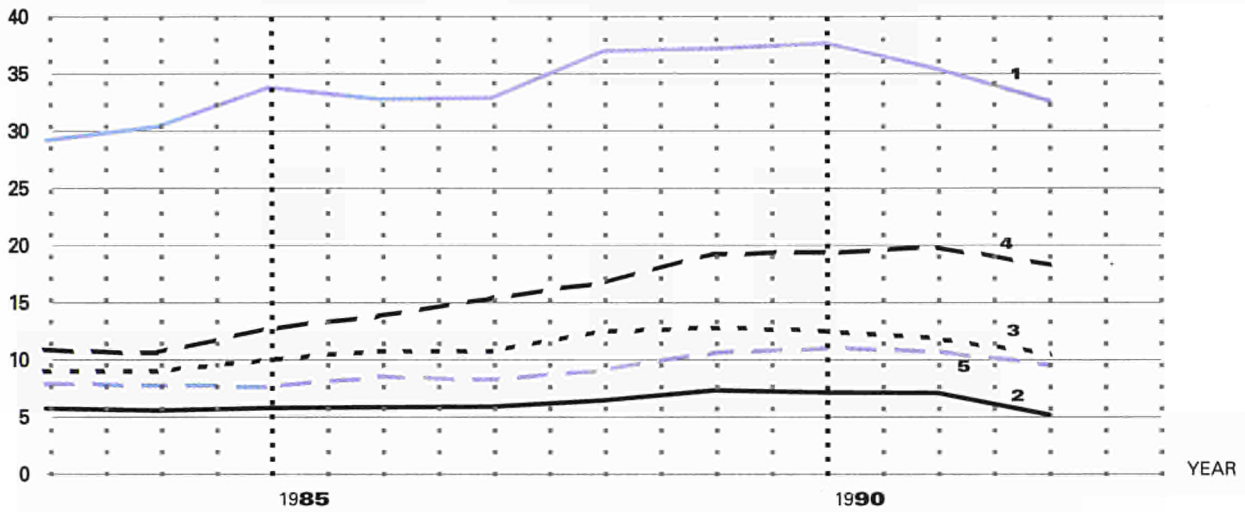
FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.



During the 1985-92 period labour productivity in the steel industry increased substantially, due mainly to massive reductions in the labour force in terms of output per worker; the increase totalled around 60%. Both production and consumption have been decreasing since 1990. This has led to a new three-year restructuring programme. Unlike the 1980s, the

Commission now wants steel producers to solve their own problems. It believes it is for them to indicate which enterprises should reduce their capacity and to what extent. The main plank of Commission restructuring is a partly self-financed scheme under which companies remaining in the industry would pay rivals to cut capacity or stop producing.

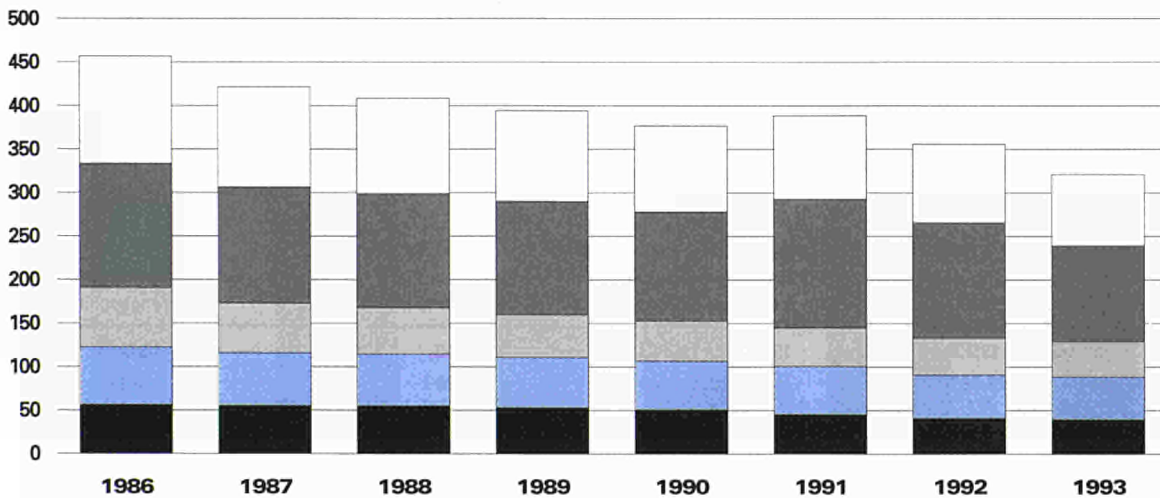
EU real ECSC steel consumption: first-stage steel processing, mechanical engineering, vehicles, building and civil engineering and metal goods. Million t



1: first-stage steel processing; 2: mechanical engineering; 3: vehicles; 4: building and civil engineering; 5: metal goods.

FURTHER READING

Employment in the iron and steel industry, yearly average in 1000s



Black: UK; blue: I; light grey: F; dark grey: D; white: other EUR12 countries.

FURTHER READING

Imports of ECSC steel by countries of origin as % of EU total imports

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Europe	79	74	78 |	83	82	87
EFTA	43	41	40 |	47	42	54
A	14	13	13 |	14	12	16
S	14	14	13 |	15	13	17
E Europe	26	25	27 |	31	36	32
FSU	5	5	6 |	11	.	.
Africa	4	4	3 |	3	5	3
ZA	1	1	1 |	1	2	2
America	13	19	15 |	11	9	6
USA	1	4	1 |	2	1	1
Asia	4	3	4 |	2	3	3
J	2	2	1 |	1	1	2

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH);
E Europe: Eastern Europe; FSU: former Soviet Union; ZA: South Africa.

Exports of ECSC steel by countries of destination as % of EU total exports

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Europe	36	38	34 |	32	32	22
EFTA	20	22	23 |	21	20	13
A	4	4	5 |	5	5	3
S	5	6	6 |	5	5	3
E Europe	11	10	5 |	6	6	3
FSU	10	9	4 |	5	.	.
America	32	29	31 |	25	26	28
USA	22	23	23 |	18	18	20
Africa	9	11	10 |	12	13	9
Asia	21	20	24 |	31	29	40
China	2	3	1 |	1	4	14
IND	4	5	4 |	3	3	3

FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH);
E Europe: Eastern Europe; FSU: former Soviet Union; IND: India.

Indirect steel trade in crude steel equivalents by main branch

	Exports in 1000 t		Exports as % of all branches' exports		Imports in 1000 t		Imports as % of all branches' imports	
	1986	1993	1986	1993	1986	1993	1986	1993
Total	26 722 |	22 583	100 |	100	10 590 |	13 456	100 |	100
1 Steel tube	5 289 |	3 355	20 |	15	1 121 |	1 474	11 |	11
2 Mechanical	4 703 |	5 116	18 |	23	1 684 |	2 248	16 |	17
3 Electrical	856 |	911	3 |	4	879 |	945	8 |	7
4 Ship	1 134 |	2 774	4 |	12	449 |	1 060	4 |	8
5 Vehicles	5 598 |	3 028	21 |	13	3 198 |	1 844	30 |	14
6 Metal	1 459 |	1 620	6 |	7	765 |	1 598	7 |	12

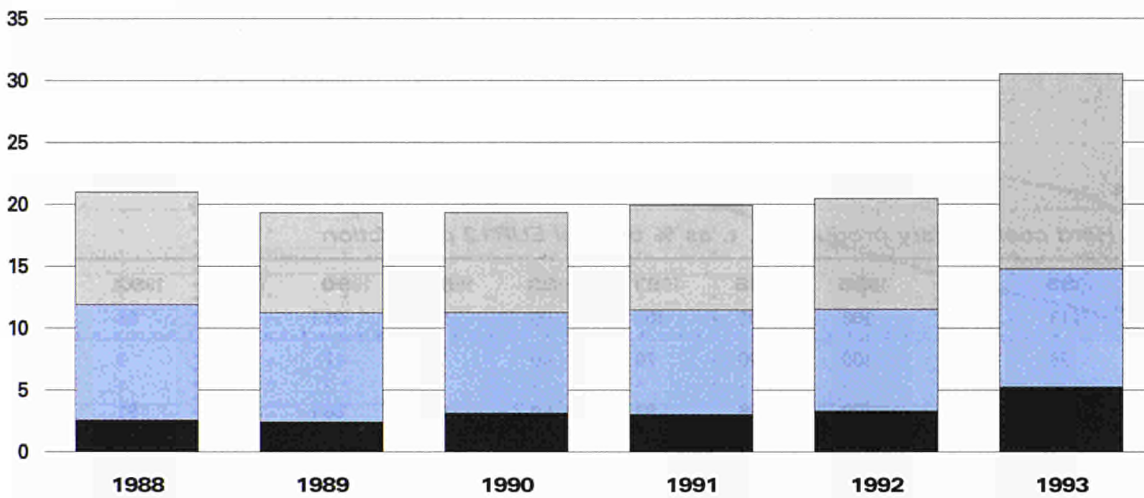
FURTHER READING Iron and steel, yearly statistics, 1994. Eurostat.

Total: all branches; 1: steel tube industry; 2: mechanical engineering;
3: electrical engineering; 4: ship building; 5: vehicles; 6: metal goods.

The EU is the world's largest steel producer, followed by Japan and the USA. It is also the principal exporter of steel. Unlike the EU and Japan, the USA is a net importer of steel. The EU has a significant trade surplus in steel although the export/import ratio declined substantially during

the last decade. Three major markets for EU steel are Asia (including Japan), the former EFTA countries and the USA. Steel exports to Eastern Europe were halved during the period from 1987 to 1992. Conversely, Africa has become an increasingly important market for EU steel.

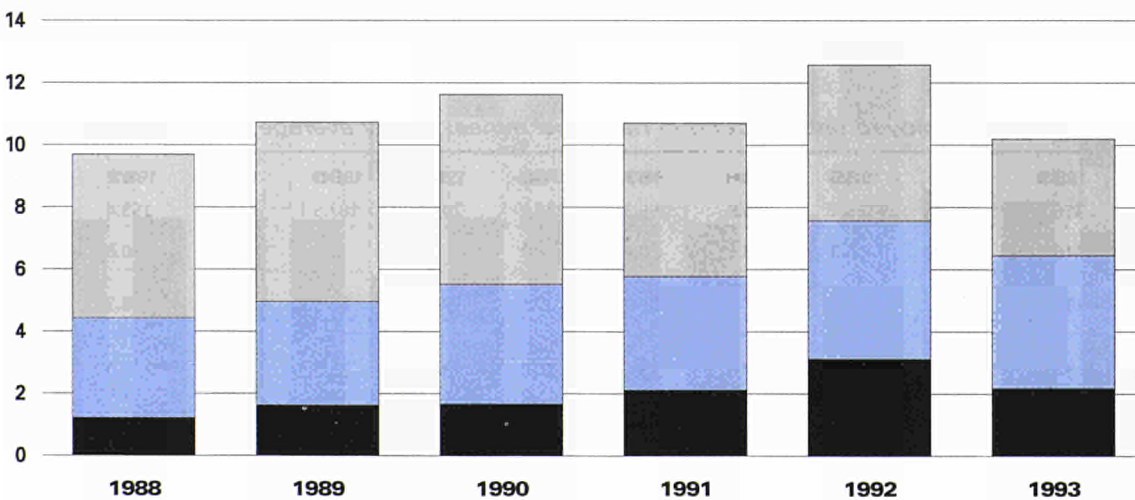
Exports of ECSC steel to third countries, of which plate and sheet and coils, million t



Black: coils; blue: plate and sheet; grey: other.

FURTHER READING

Imports of ECSC steel from third countries, of which plate and sheet and coils, million t



Black: coils; blue: plate and sheet; grey: other.

FURTHER READING

Hard coal primary production, million t

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	244.9	172.9	217.4	228.0	221.7	214.7	208.7	197.2	194.4	184.7	158.8	EUR12
B	6.1	6.3	6.2	5.6	4.4	2.5	1.9	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.0	B
DK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	DK
D	89.6	84.9	88.8	87.1	82.4	79.3	77.5	76.6	72.7	72.2	64.2	D
GR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	GR
E	15.4	15.3	16.1	15.9	19.3	19.0	19.2	19.4	17.9	18.6	18.4	E
F	17.0	16.6	15.1	14.4	13.7	12.1	11.5	10.5	10.1	9.5	8.6	F
IRL	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	IRL
I	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	NL
P	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	P
UK	116.4	49.5	90.8	104.6	101.6	101.4	98.3	89.3	92.7	84.0	67.5	UK

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Hard coal primary production, t, as % of total EUR12 production

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	113	80	100	105	102	99	96	91	89	85	73	EUR12
B	98	101	100	90	70	40	30	17	10	3	0	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DK
D	101	96	100	98	93	89	87	86	82	81	72	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GR
E	96	95	100	99	120	118	119	121	111	115	114	E
F	113	110	100	95	91	80	76	69	67	63	57	F
IRL	132	123	100	95	79	74	75	79	11	2	2	IRL
I	0	0	0	100	48	138	255	200	72	383	34	I
L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
NL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NL
P	78	82	100	89	110	97	108	118	113	93	83	P
UK	128	55	100	115	112	112	108	98	102	93	74	UK

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Personnel employed underground in hard coal mines. Yearly average. 1000s

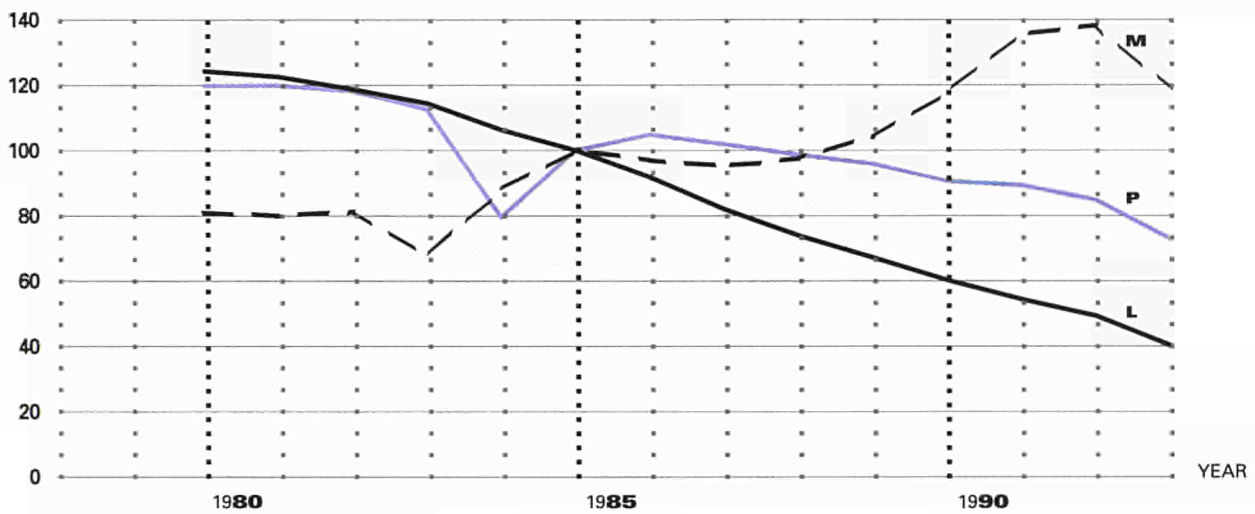
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	356.4	331.0	311.4	285.8	255.3	230.0	209.1	187.5	169.3	153.4	125.1	EUR12
B	16.0	15.0	14.0	13.3	10.9	6.2	4.6	2.3	1.7	0.8	0.3	B
DK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DK
D	118.3	111.9	109.3	107.1	103.4	99.1	94.7	88.5	83.6	78.3	71.8	D
GR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GR
E	34.2	33.0	33.8	37.4	33.8	34.0	34.8	33.0	33.0	30.0	25.0	E
F	27.1	25.1	21.0	18.5	16.8	14.2	11.6	9.8	8.1	7.5	7.0	F
IRL	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	IRL
I	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	I
L	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	L
NL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	NL
P	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.0	P
UK	159.7	144.9	132.2	108.4	89.3	75.4	62.5	53.0	42.0	36.0	21.0	UK

FURTHER READING Energy, yearly statistics, 1993. Eurostat.

Hard coal and coal production (NACE 11+12) embraces extraction of solid fuels, including briquettes, and coke ovens. Although declining, solid fuels still account for more than one fifth of gross EU inland energy consumption and more than a quarter of EU primary energy

production. In 1980 the share of primary energy production was about two fifths. The decline since then has been wholly attributable to hard coal. The contribution of lignite was stable until 1991 when the addition of production by the former GDR almost doubled lignite output.

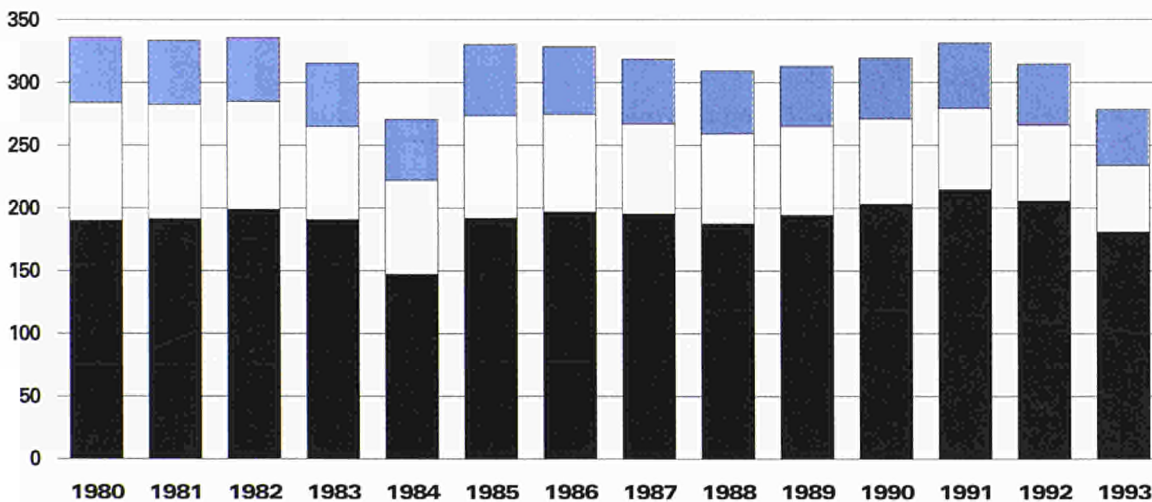
EU hard coal industry: production, imports and underground employment, 1985 = 100



P: production; L: employment; M: imports.

FURTHER READING

Hard-coal deliveries to major consumers: public and pithead power stations, coking plants and other consumers. Million t and as % of total inland deliveries



Black: public and pithead power stations; white: coking plants; blue: other consumers.

FURTHER READING

Gross-value added of manufacturing industries, in current prices as % of total EU GVA of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	EUR12
B	3.3 *	3.0 *	3.0 *	3.1 *	3.0 *	2.8 *	3.1 *	3.2 *	3.2 *	3.3 *	3.5 *	B
DK	1.4 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.7 *	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.7 *	1.8 *	1.9 *	DK
D	31.7 *	31.5 *	31.8 *	33.1 *	33.0 *	32.0 *	31.7 *	33.2 *	34.4 *	35.2 *	35.8 *	D
GR	0.9 *	0.5 *	0.5 *	:	0.4 *	0.4 *	0.4 *	0.4 *	0.4 *	0.4 *	0.5 *	GR
E	7.0 *	7.1 *	6.8 *	6.9 *	7.1 *	7.2 *	7.7 *	7.9 *	8.2 *	8.0 *	7.4 *	E
F	18.2 *	17.9 *	17.9 *	18.0 *	17.6 *	17.3 *	16.6 *	16.6 *	16.3 *	16.4 *	16.2 *	F
IRL	:	:	:	:	:	1.0 *	1.1 *	1.0 *	1.1 *	1.2 *	1.4 *	IRL
I	13.2 *	14.2 *	13.8 *	13.9 *	14.5 *	14.3 *	14.7 *	13.9 *	14.1 *	13.3 *	12.2 *	I
L	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	L
NL	4.0 *	3.9 *	3.9 *	4.2 *	4.1 *	4.1 *	3.9 *	3.9 *	3.7 *	3.8 *	4.1 *	NL
P	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1.2 *	1.2 *	1.3 *	1.3 *	P
UK	18.5 *	18.4 *	18.7 *	16.6 *	16.7 *	18.2 *	18.0 *	16.9 *	15.6 *	15.0 *	15.6 *	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

Production of manufacturing industries in current prices as % of total EU production of manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	EUR12
B	3.5 *	3.4 *	3.4 *	3.5 *	3.4 *	3.2 *	3.4 *	3.5 *	3.4 *	3.5 *	3.6 *	B
DK	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.6 *	1.7 *	1.6 *	1.5 *	1.4 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.6 *	DK
D	29.3 *	28.8 *	29.0 *	30.7 *	30.2 *	29.4 *	29.1 *	29.9 *	30.9 *	31.8 *	32.3 *	D
GR	1.0 *	1.0 *	0.9 *	:	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.8 *	GR
E	6.8 *	6.8 *	6.8 *	6.6 *	6.8 *	7.2 *	7.6 *	7.7 *	7.9 *	7.7 *	7.1 *	E
F	19.6 *	19.0 *	19.3 *	19.3 *	18.8 *	18.5 *	18.6 *	18.7 *	18.3 *	18.1 *	18.1 *	F
IRL	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.9 *	1.0 *	1.1 *	IRL
I	14.3 *	15.4 *	14.9 *	15.1 *	15.8 *	15.8 *	16.1 *	15.9 *	15.9 *	15.5 *	14.4 *	I
L	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	L
NL	5.0 *	5.0 *	4.9 *	4.9 *	4.7 *	4.6 *	4.5 *	4.4 *	4.3 *	4.4 *	4.7 *	NL
P	1.0 *	1.0 *	1.0 *	1.0 *	1.0 *	1.0 *	1.0 *	1.2 *	1.3 *	1.3 *	1.3 *	P
UK	17.0 *	17.0 *	17.2 *	15.3 *	15.8 *	17.0 *	16.4 *	15.5 *	14.8 *	14.2 *	14.8 *	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

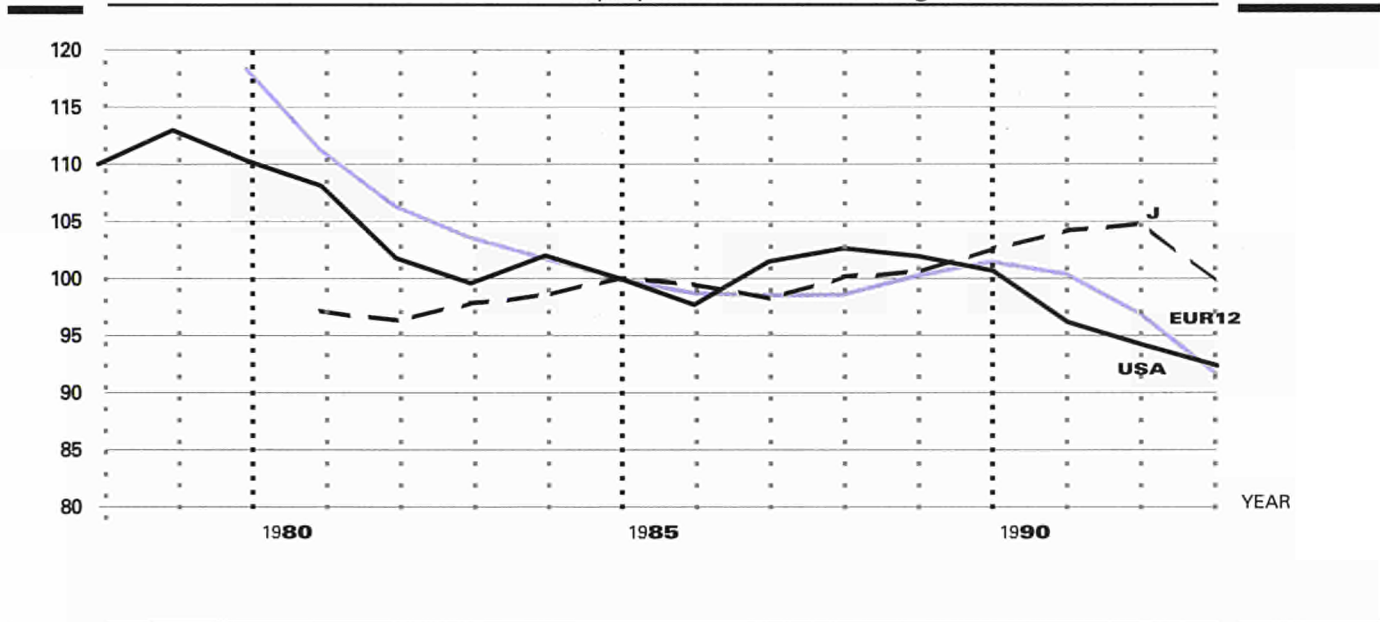
Employment as % of total EU employment in manufacturing industries

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	100.0 *	EUR12
B	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.7 *	2.7 *	2.7 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	B
DK	1.3 *	1.4 *	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.6 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	1.5 *	DK
D	28.1 *	28.4 *	29.4 *	30.3 *	30.3 *	30.3 *	30.7 *	31.3 *	32.0 *	32.3 *	31.8 *	D
GR	1.3 *	1.3 *	1.3 *	:	1.3 *	1.3 *	1.3 *	1.2 *	1.1 *	1.1 *	1.1 *	GR
E	9.1 *	8.8 *	8.5 *	8.5 *	8.6 *	8.8 *	8.8 *	8.8 *	8.8 *	9.0 *	8.8 *	E
F	17.6 *	17.3 *	17.0 *	16.6 *	16.1 *	15.9 *	15.7 *	15.4 *	15.6 *	15.7 *	15.9 *	F
IRL	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.8 *	0.8 *	IRL
I	13.9 *	14.0 *	13.3 *	12.8 *	13.1 *	13.0 *	13.0 *	12.7 *	12.8 *	12.7 *	12.8 *	I
L	0.1 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.2 *	0.1 *	0.1 *	0.1 *	0.1 *	0.1 *	0.1 *	L
NL	3.1 *	3.1 *	3.2 *	3.3 *	3.4 *	3.3 *	3.4 *	3.4 *	3.4 *	3.5 *	:	NL
P	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.7 *	2.8 *	2.8 *	2.7 *	2.7 *	3.4 *	3.4 *	3.2 *	3.1 *	P
UK	19.3 *	19.4 *	19.4 *	19.2 *	19.4 *	19.7 *	19.4 *	18.8 *	17.8 *	17.4 *	17.7 *	UK

FURTHER READING Industrial trends, monthly statistics. Eurostat. Panorama of EC industry, yearly and bimonthly publications. Commission of the European Communities.

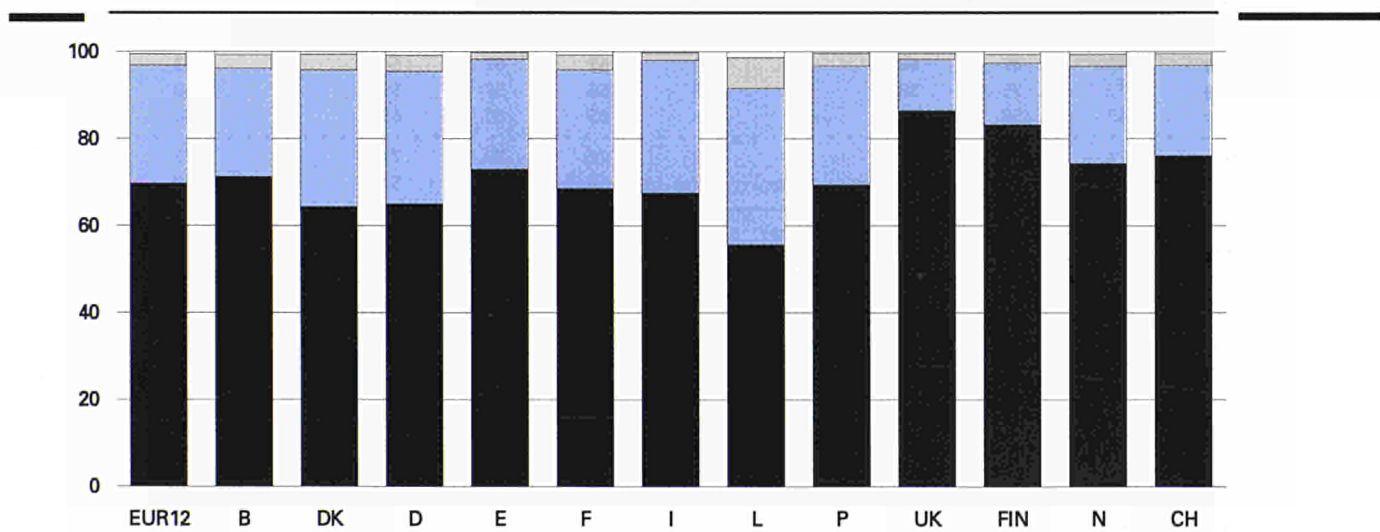


Employment in manufacturing industries, 1985 = 100



FURTHER READING

EU enterprises in manufacturing industries. Number by size of personnel: 1 to 9, 10 to 99, 100 to 499, 500 or more. 1991



Black: 1-9 employed; blue: 10-99; grey: 100-499; white: 500 or more employed.

FURTHER READING

Enterprises in Europe, third report, 1990/91. Eurostat 1994.

Data exclude energy industrial activities and extraction.

Exports to EU countries as % of total national exports (fob)

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	EUR12
B/L	72	70	71	74	75	74	74	75 |	75	75	73	B/L
DK	49	45	45	47	49	50	51	52 |	54	55	54	DK
D	51	50	50	51	53	54	55	54 |	54	54	50	D
GR	53	55	54	64	68	64	65	64 |	63	65	56	GR
E	50	52	53	62	60	60	62	65 |	66	66	62	E
F	53	53	54	58	60	62	62	63 |	64	63	60	F
IRL	72	71	70	73	74	74	74	75 |	74	74	69	IRL
I	49	48	49	54	56	57	56	58 |	59	58	53	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	75	75	76	76	76	75	76	77 |	76	75	74	NL
P	63	63	63	69	71	71	71	73 |	75	75	75	P
UK	46	47	49	48	49	50	50	53 |	56	55	52	UK
A	56	55	56	60	63	64	64	65 |	66	66	64	A
FIN	37	38	37	38	42	43	43	45 |	50	52	45	FIN
IS	44	47	49	54	57	59	56	68 |	67	69	60	IS
N	70	71	69	65	64	65	65	65 |	66	66	67	N
S	50	49	49	50	51	52	53	54 |	55	56	53	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	52	53	53	55	56	56	57	58 |	59	59	57	CH
USA	24	23	23	24	23	23	24	25 |	24	23	21	USA
CDN	7	6	6	6	7	8	8	8 |	8	7	6	CDN
J	13	12	12	15	17	18	18	19 |	19	19	16	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Imports from EU countries as % of total national imports (cif)

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	EUR12
B/L	66	65	69	70	72	70	69	71 |	71	71	71	B/L
DK	50	49	51	53	54	54	52	54 |	54	55	54	DK
D	52	52	53	54	55	53	53	54 |	55	55	51	D
GR	49	49	48	58	61	62	62	64 |	60	63	60	GR
E	33	35	38	51	55	56	57	59 |	60	60	62	E
F	57	58	60	65	66	65	65	65 |	64	66	64	F
IRL	74	72	72	73	72	71	70	71 |	69	72	65	IRL
I	44	45	47	56	57	58	57	57 |	58	59	55	I
L	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	L
NL	55	54	56	61	62	62	60	60 |	59	59	61	NL
P	45	43	46	59	64	67	68	69 |	72	74	72	P
UK	46	45	47	51	51	49	51	51 |	50	51	49	UK
A	64	61	62	67	68	68	68	69 |	68	68	67	A
FIN	35	37	39	43	44	43	44	46 |	46	46	46	FIN
IS	48	51	53	53	52	52	51	50 |	52	49	48	IS
N	47	47	49	49	50	46	43	46 |	48	49	49	N
S	54	55	56	57	57	56	55	55 |	55	55	55	S
EEA	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	EEA
CH	67	69	71	73	72	71	71	72 |	70	72	73	CH
USA	18	19	20	21	20	19	18	18 |	18	18	17	USA
CDN	8	9	10	11	12	12	11	11 |	11	10	9	CDN
J	7	7	7	11	12	13	13	15 |	13	13	13	J

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

EU Member States' trade with other EU countries is called intra-EU trade. Comparison of 1993 figures with those before 1993 is difficult because of the introduction of the single market was followed by a new way of measuring trade between the EU countries. Before 1993 intra-trade was registered by the customs authorities. Since 1993 intra-trade has been

estimated from surveys of around half of the number of firms in the EU. These firms cover a substantial part of total turnover in the EU. This new method, Intrastat, in 1993, resulted in important changes in methodology used in measuring intra-EU trade. Therefore it is difficult to say whether the decreases in flows are due to such changes or to economic recession, or both.

Exports to EU countries in current prices, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12												EUR12
B/L	41.7	46.1	49.6	51.2	53.4	57.8	66.8	69.9	71.7	71.4	76.7	B/L
DK	9.0	9.2	10.2	10.4	11.0	11.6	13.2	14.5	15.9	17.0	17.1	DK
D	95.9	108.9	120.1	125.6	134.2	147.7	169.2	169.6	174.3	179.2	161.8	D
GR	2.7	3.4	3.2	3.7	3.8	3.0	4.5	4.1	4.5	5.0	4.0	GR
E	11.1	15.0	16.4	16.4	18.6	22.0	26.1	30.0	34.1	35.2	34.3	E
F	54.5	62.6	68.8	70.2	74.7	89.0	103.5	109.5	117.5	121.4	113.2	F
IRL	6.8	8.6	9.4	9.2	10.2	11.7	13.9	13.9	14.5	16.2	17.0	IRL
I	39.7	44.3	49.9	53.1	56.3	62.0	72.0	77.9	80.6	79.4	76.7	I
L												L
NL	54.1	63.3	70.3	65.0	63.5	67.2	79.6	82.0	82.5	81.9	87.9	NL
P	3.2	4.1	4.7	5.0	5.6	6.6	8.3	9.5	9.9	10.6	9.9	P
UK	48.2	56.4	64.2	51.6	55.5	61.3	69.2	75.7	82.8	80.2	80.5	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Imports from EU countries in current prices, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12												EUR12
B/L	41.1	46.0	51.0	49.2	52.5	56.9	64.1	69.7	72.3	72.6	69.2	B/L
DK	9.2	10.4	12.3	12.6	12.0	12.0	12.9	13.7	14.5	14.9	14.1	DK
D	89.8	101.1	110.6	105.4	107.9	113.0	130.6	145.7	171.7	172.7	149.7	D
GR	5.3	5.9	6.4	6.7	6.9	6.6	9.1	10.0	10.5	11.6	11.4	GR
E	10.8	11.8	13.7	17.1	22.1	27.3	35.0	38.9	43.5	45.1	41.1	E
F	67.3	76.0	84.1	84.1	89.4	102.1	118.9	124.3	128.4	130.9	118.0	F
IRL	7.6	8.7	9.4	8.6	8.4	9.3	11.0	11.5	11.6	12.1	11.8	IRL
I	40.1	48.5	56.3	56.5	61.1	67.3	78.8	82.2	85.0	85.7	69.8	I
L												L
NL	38.0	43.8	50.4	49.6	51.2	54.8	61.1	64.0	65.4	67.1	66.3	NL
P	4.2	4.3	4.7	5.6	7.4	10.1	11.8	13.7	15.3	17.3	14.9	P
UK	52.0	60.9	67.8	64.3	68.4	81.5	91.4	89.7	85.0	86.9	87.4	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Intra-EU exports of agricultural products as % of total intra-EU exports of agricultural products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	10.0	10.1	9.8	10.0	10.4	10.0	10.4	9.8	9.8	9.8	11.2	B/L
DK	7.2	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.5	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.8	DK
D	14.1	13.8	14.0	14.1	13.8	14.1	13.5	12.8	13.5	13.4	12.4	D
GR	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.3	GR
E	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.4	E
F	21.0	21.5	21.5	21.6	21.2	23.0	22.6	23.4	22.1	22.1	22.9	F
IRL	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.1	4.2	4.8	4.9	IRL
I	7.2	7.2	8.0	7.0	6.9	7.0	6.8	7.2	7.4	7.0	7.3	I
L												L
NL	22.9	23.0	22.9	22.5	22.1	21.2	21.5	21.6	20.7	20.5	19.7	NL
P	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	P
UK	7.8	7.3	7.4	7.9	7.5	7.1	7.4	7.3	8.2	8.3	7.5	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Intra-EU exports of chemicals as % of total intra-EU exports of chemicals

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	12.6	12.3	12.1	12.4	12.3	12.9	13.2	13.3	13.3	13.0	14.5	B/L
DK	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.5	DK
D	30.3	30.2	29.2	30.5	30.5	28.0	27.2	26.1	25.8	25.0	24.0	D
GR	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	GR
E	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	E
F	15.2	15.4	17.1	15.6	15.5	18.5	18.3	18.3	18.8	18.5	18.0	F
IRL	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.4	IRL
I	6.0	6.4	6.3	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.5	6.8	7.0	6.8	I
L												L
NL	19.0	18.5	17.8	17.9	17.8	16.6	16.9	15.6	14.5	15.5	13.9	NL
P	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	P
UK	10.9	11.0	11.0	10.8	10.8	10.6	10.6	13.0	13.4	12.9	14.4	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Intra-EU exports of manufactured products as % of total intra-EU exports of manufactured products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	12.1	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.2	10.9	10.8	10.8	10.5	10.2	11.5	B/L
DK	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	DK
D	31.9	31.7	31.6	32.3	32.3	31.1	30.7	29.1	28.4	28.5	25.7	D
GR	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	GR
E	3.1	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.3	E
F	14.8	14.8	15.0	14.6	14.6	16.1	16.3	16.4	17.1	17.3	17.0	F
IRL	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	IRL
I	13.6	13.3	13.3	13.8	13.7	13.3	13.3	13.5	13.4	12.8	13.4	I
L												L
NL	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.1	9.3	9.1	8.6	9.2	9.0	NL
P	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	P
UK	9.9	10.2	10.4	9.7	10.0	10.4	10.2	11.1	11.6	11.1	12.2	UK

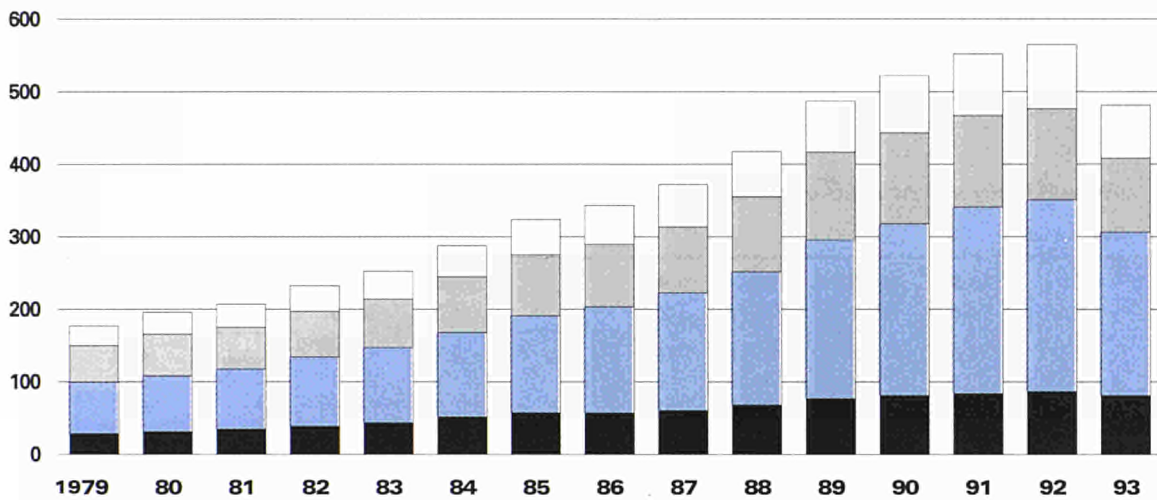
FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.



Intra-EU trade by product is based on the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three. Introduction of Intrastat in 1993 - because of the single market -

resulted in important changes in methodology used in measuring foreign trade. Decreases in flows may therefore be due to either such changes or to general economic recession, or both.

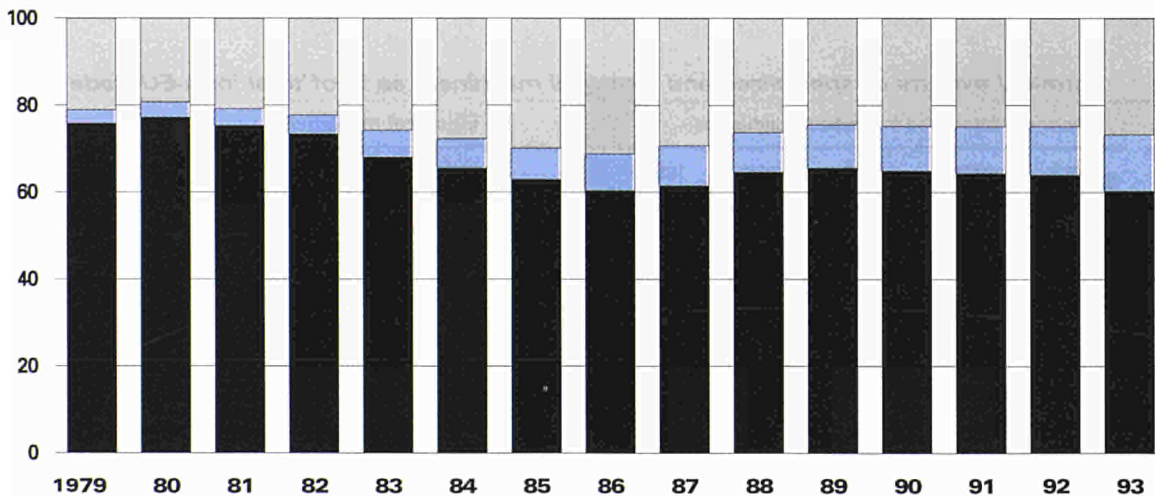
Intra-EU imports of chemicals, machinery and transport equipment, manufactured goods and other manufactured articles. 1000 million ECU



Black: chemicals; blue: machinery and transport equipment; grey: manufactured goods; white: other manufactured articles.

FURTHER READING

Total imports of fuel products by EU countries: from other EU countries, from other EEA countries and from the rest of the world, as % of total imports of fuel products



Grey: from other EUR12 countries; blue: from EEA countries other than EUR12; black: from rest of the world.

FURTHER READING

External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Intra-EU exports of machinery and transport equipment as % of total intra-EU exports

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12												EUR12
B/L	24.0	22.5	24.6	26.8	28.3	27.2	26.6	28.3	28.4	28.4	28.5	B/L
DK	17.9	17.7	20.1	20.8	21.9	21.8	22.7	22.9	22.9	23.4	18.7	DK
D	41.9	41.6	42.4	44.7	46.1	46.4	47.5	47.6	47.6	48.5	43.2	D
GR	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.7	2.7	3.5	3.4	3.6	4.9	GR
E	31.6	35.7	35.3	38.6	37.6	39.4	42.4	44.3	46.6	47.8	46.2	E
F	28.7	28.0	29.0	31.2	32.8	36.0	38.1	38.6	40.6	40.6	38.5	F
IRL	30.0	32.5	33.1	34.3	34.6	32.1	33.5	31.9	28.9	26.2	26.5	IRL
I	30.2	28.9	29.7	32.3	34.2	35.5	37.4	37.2	37.0	35.8	34.3	I
L												L
NL	11.1	11.2	11.4	14.0	15.7	17.6	19.1	20.4	19.7	21.3	18.9	NL
P	19.2	20.1	17.9	17.2	18.9	19.4	21.2	22.0	22.0	23.5	22.4	P
UK	21.6	22.2	22.8	27.1	28.9	32.6	33.6	35.2	36.2	36.3	37.4	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks, Eurostat, Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Intra-EU exports of road vehicles and general industrial equipment as % of total intra-EU trade

	Road vehicles					General industrial equipment					
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	16.9	16.0	15.0	14.3	16.2	4.7	4.8	4.3	4.4	6.0	B/L
DK	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	4.1	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.8	DK
D	40.0	39.7	40.5	36.3	31.7	39.8	40.4	39.1	36.8	34.3	D
GR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	GR
E	6.1	8.0	8.1	9.5	12.9	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.4	3.7	E
F	17.6	17.6	16.1	16.9	17.9	12.7	12.7	13.0	13.8	14.6	F
IRL	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	IRL
I	8.6	8.0	8.9	9.3	8.1	17.1	17.3	18.2	19.0	20.5	I
L											L
NL	3.4	3.5	4.0	4.3	3.0	7.8	7.2	7.0	7.2	5.9	NL
P	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.6	P
UK	6.0	6.3	6.2	8.0	8.8	10.6	10.4	10.5	10.4	9.4	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks, Eurostat, Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Intra-EU exports of specialized and electrical machinery as % of total intra-EU trade

	Machinery specialized for particular industries					Electrical machinery					
	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	1983	1985	1988	1990	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	6.5	7.1	6.8	7.1	7.9	6.7	6.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	B/L
DK	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.8	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	DK
D	38.9	40.5	41.0	37.9	34.8	36.9	36.6	36.1	36.7	28.8	D
GR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	GR
E	1.2	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.8	2.9	3.3	4.1	4.2	E
F	13.0	11.2	11.1	11.7	12.8	17.3	17.8	16.8	17.3	16.8	F
IRL	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.7	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.4	IRL
I	17.9	17.4	18.2	19.1	20.2	15.4	14.2	15.1	14.9	13.7	I
L											L
NL	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.6	7.7	5.4	5.9	6.8	4.7	10.3	NL
P	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	1.1	1.5	1.4	2.1	2.2	P
UK	12.1	12.1	10.4	11.1	10.7	10.5	10.8	11.2	10.4	14.2	UK

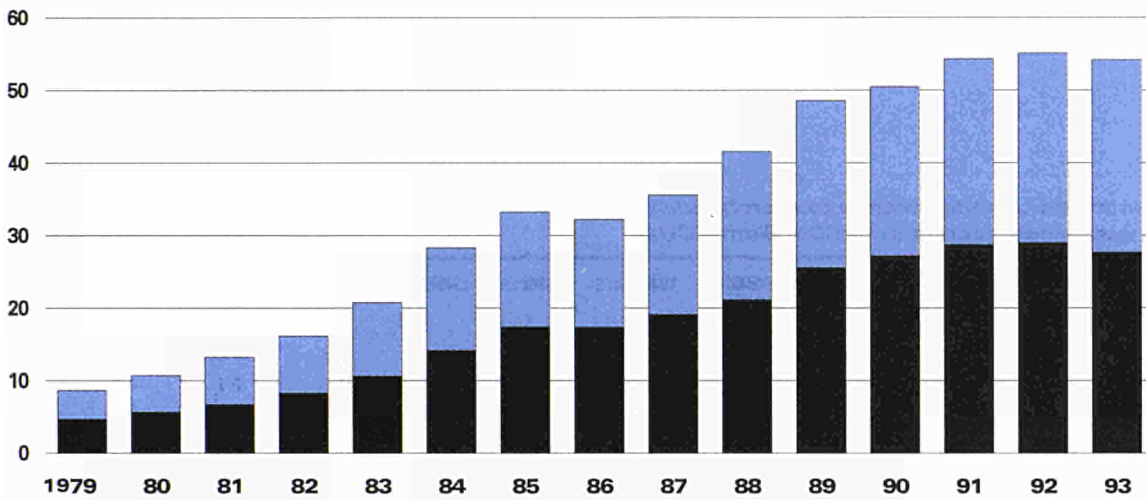
FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks, Eurostat, Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.



Intra-EU trade in machinery and transport equipment is based on the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three. Introduction of Intrastat in

1993 - because of the single market - created important changes in methodology. Decreases in flows may therefore be due to either change of methodology or a slowdown due to general economic recession, or both.

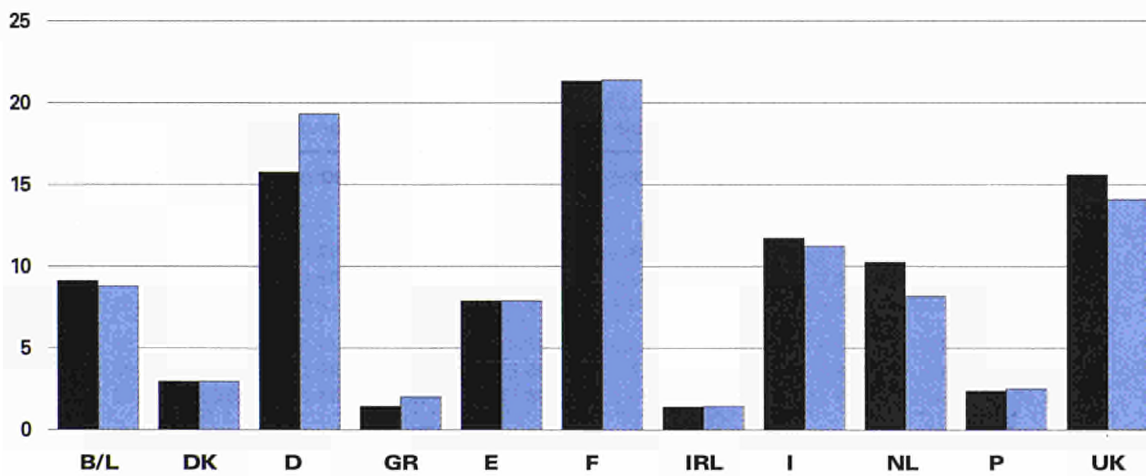
EU countries' total imports of office machines and automatic data-processing machines, of which intra-EU imports, 1000 million ECU



Black: intra-EUR12 imports; blue: extra-EUR12 imports.

FURTHER READING

Intra-EU imports of general industrial equipment as % of total intra-EU trade in general industrial equipment



Black: 1988; blue: 1993.

FURTHER READING

Intra-EU trade balance in merchandise and services: credits in 1000 million ECU

EUR12	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	EUR12
B/L	2.3	1.7	1.9	3.1	4.3	5.4	6.1	6.6	7.5	8.7		B/L
DK	-0.4	-1.2	-2.4	-3.0	-1.6	-0.7	0.2	1.3	2.1	4.1		DK
D	1.3	3.2	5.6	16.3	21.6	28.8	35.4	19.4	-1.0	1.1		D
GR	-1.4	-1.5	-2.0	-1.4	-1.2	-1.0	-1.7	-2.5	-2.5	-3.4		GR
E	7.0	10.8	9.5	6.9	4.3	2.0	-1.3	-2.0	-0.9	-1.3		E
F	-5.1	-4.3	-5.0	-3.2	-4.1	-1.7	-1.8	-0.2	5.4	12.0		F
IRL	-0.7	-0.3	0.1	0.2	1.0	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.2	0.9		IRL
I	4.6	1.5	-0.4	1.4	0.0	-2.1	-3.9	-1.0	-0.2	-9.0		I
L												L
NL	13.8	17.1	16.5	11.5	10.3	12.2	15.8	18.6	18.7	17.1		NL
P	-0.4	0.4	0.8	0.1	-0.9	-2.3	-2.2	-2.6	-3.7	-4.9		P
UK	-6.6	-7.7	-5.6	-14.7	-14.6	-23.5	-24.9	-15.5	-3.0	-6.2		UK

FURTHER READING

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

Cover rates of the intra-EU trade balance in merchandise and services. %

EUR12	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	EUR12
B/L	105	103	104	106	108	109	109	109	110	111		B/L
DK	96	91	84	81	89	95	101	108	112	124		DK
D	101	103	105	114	118	123	125	112	99	101		D
GR	76	78	73	80	84	87	82	76	77	67		GR
E	151	170	156	133	117	106	97	96	98	98		E
F	93	95	95	97	96	98	99	100	104	109		F
IRL	92	97	101	103	110	115	114	112	109	106		IRL
I	110	103	99	102	100	97	96	99	100	92		I
L												L
NL	131	135	130	121	118	120	123	126	125	122		NL
P	91	108	116	102	89	79	82	82	77	73		P
UK	89	89	93	80	82	75	76	85	97	94		UK

FURTHER READING

The National Bank of Belgium produces the balance of payments for Belgium and Luxembourg, BLEU, as a whole.

*Intra-EU credits in direct investment: EU countries
as % of total EU internal direct investment*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		EUR12
B/L	:	10	14	6	11	12	14	15	18	23		B/L
DK	:	-1	0	0	-1	0	1	1	2	2		DK
D	:	17	10	13	0	5	9	3	5	4		D
GR	:	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1		GR
E	:	21	21	24	20	16	15	22	19	14		E
F	:	32	22	15	16	17	20	11	14	26		F
IRL	:	3	5	1	1	1	3	7	13	6		IRL
I	:	17	24	5	15	11	5	6	2	5		I
L	:											L
NL	:	14	6	10	11	10	9	12	4	6		NL
P	:	3	4	2	2	2	3	4	4	4		P
UK	:	-18	-7	24	24	24	19	20	17	9		UK

FURTHER READING Direct investment in the European Union 1984-92. Eurostat.

Credits in direct investment: received (inward) direct investment

*Intra-EU debits in direct investment: EU countries'
contribution as % of total EU internal direct investment*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		EUR12
B/L	:	9.7	3.7	8.9	15.0	6.6	13.1	8.2	12.0	18.2		B/L
DK	:	3.3	3.6	2.9	3.1	2.1	4.5	1.9	2.2	2.3		DK
D	:	41.3	22.6	27.7	13.7	16.8	19.2	24.6	30.3	19.3		D
GR	:	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		GR
E	:	2.4	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.3	2.6	3.3	4.7	0.5		E
F	:	23.2	9.0	15.9	33.0	33.9	28.6	31.9	23.4	25.7		F
IRL	:	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.5	0.8		IRL
I	:	19.5	21.0	15.1	10.8	11.2	6.0	10.7	3.0	6.1		I
L	:											L
NL	:	54.3	22.1	19.3	20.6	4.1	14.8	13.0	17.7	13.1		NL
P	:	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.9	1.0		P
UK	:	-54.6	15.7	8.3	0.3	21.2	10.1	5.0	4.4	13.0		UK

FURTHER READING Direct investment in the European Union 1984-92. Eurostat.

EU current balance by geographical zones, credits as % of EU total credits

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	51.0	51.0	51.0	54.0	56.0	56.0	56.0	57.0	59.0	60.0	:
Extra-EUR12	49.0	49.0	49.0	46.0	44.0	44.0	44.0	43.0	41.0	40.0	:
Class I	27.0	28.4	29.4	29.0	28.6	28.6	29.0	28.0	26.2	24.8	:
USA	12.3	13.2	13.7	12.9	11.9	11.4	11.4	10.8	9.8	10.0	:
J	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.6	3.1	3.0	3.3	2.8	:
EFTA	9.3	9.3	9.3	10.1	10.1	10.6	10.1	10.3	9.4	9.6	:
CDN	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.8	:
AUS+NZ	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.8	:
TR	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	:
Class II	18.1	17.2	16.2	14.3	12.8	12.3	12.3	12.0	11.9	10.4	:
ACP	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	:
OPEC	7.4	6.4	5.4	4.6	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.3	2.8	:
Class III	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	:
Other	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.4	2.4	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.

EU current balance by geographical zones, debits as % of EU total debits

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	50.0	50.0	51.0	55.0	56.0	56.0	56.0	56.0	57.0	58.0	:
Extra-EUR12	50.0	50.0	49.0	45.0	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.0	43.0	42.0	:
Class I	28.5	28.5	28.4	27.9	27.7	28.6	28.2	28.2	27.5	27.3	:
USA	12.0	12.0	12.3	10.8	10.6	10.6	11.0	11.0	10.8	10.5	:
J	3.0	3.0	2.9	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	:
EFTA	10.0	10.0	9.8	9.9	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	9.9	10.5	:
CDN	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	:
AUS+NZ	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.4	:
TR	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	:
Class II	17.5	17.0	16.2	13.5	12.8	12.3	12.8	12.8	11.6	9.7	:
ACP	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.3	:
OPEC	7.5	6.5	5.9	4.1	3.5	2.6	2.6	3.1	3.0	2.1	:
Class III	3.5	3.5	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.5	:
Other	0.5	1.0	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.3	2.5	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

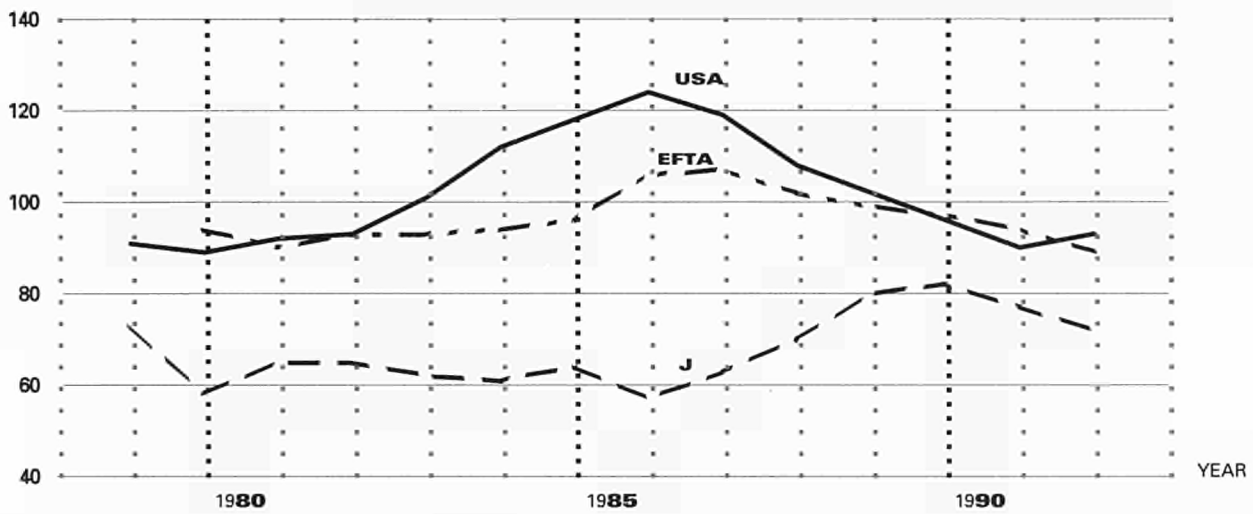
Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.



The EU current balance by geographical zones is allocated according to the residence of trade partners. Precise information on residence is not always available neither are criteria for identifying the final trade partner. In this case, the geographical breakdown may be made according

to the currency of the trade. This is why absolute figures on geographical breakdown should be interpreted with care. Comparison between countries should focus on structures, trends and cover rates rather than balances.

EU current balance, cover rates with the USA, Japan and EFTA



EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH).

FURTHER READING

EU current balance, cover rates with ACP, OPEC and former State-trading countries



ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries.

FURTHER READING

*EU trade balance by geographical zones,
credits as % of EU total credits*

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	51.9	51.6	51.9	54.4	56.2	57.0	57.3	58.0	59.4	58.8	:
Extra-EUR12	48.1	48.4	48.1	45.6	43.8	43.0	42.7	42.0	40.6	41.2	:
Class I	25.8	27.5	28.6	28.3	28.1	27.6	27.3	26.4	25.0	24.8	:
USA	10.2	11.5	12.3	11.3	10.8	10.0	9.6	9.2	8.6	9.4	:
J	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	:
EFTA	10.2	10.2	10.4	11.2	11.5	11.5	11.4	11.2	10.8	10.6	:
CDN	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.8	:
AUS+NZ	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	:
TR	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	:
Class II	18.9	17.8	16.2	14.5	13.2	12.8	12.7	12.5	12.6	11.6	:
ACP	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.5	:
OPEC	8.7	7.7	6.4	5.1	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.4	:
Class III	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.7	:
Other	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.1	2.1	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.

*EU trade balance by geographical zones,
debits as % of EU total debits*

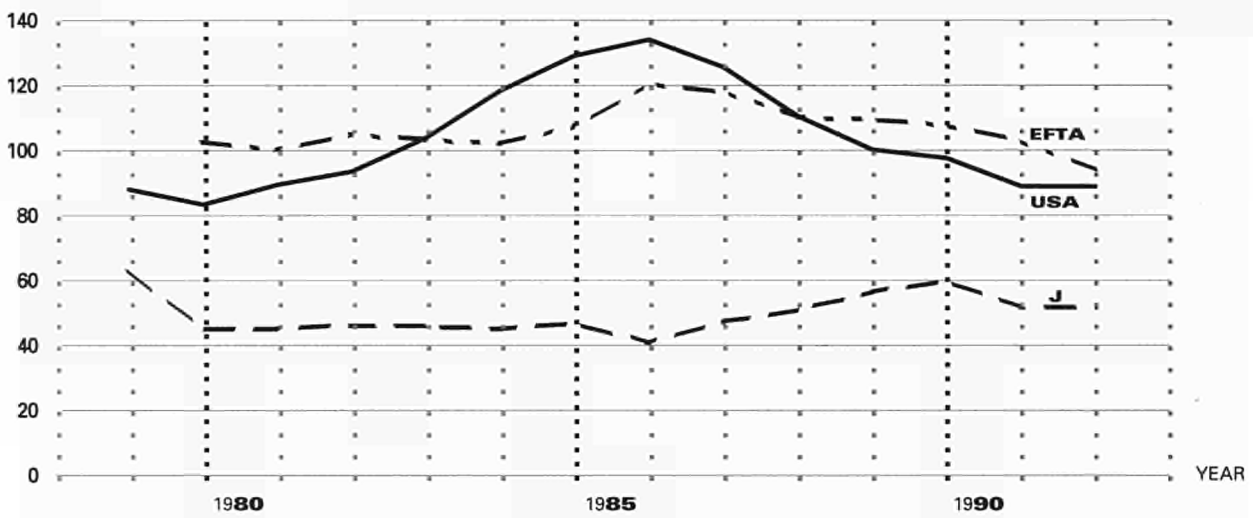
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	51.3	51.0	52.2	55.9	57.1	57.1	56.5	57.0	57.2	57.0	:
Extra-EUR12	48.7	49.0	47.8	43.0	42.9	42.9	43.5	43.0	42.8	43.0	:
Class I	26.6	27.1	26.9	26.4	26.7	27.7	27.8	27.2	27.0	28.0	:
USA	10.0	9.9	9.9	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.8	9.5	9.6	10.4	:
J	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.0	:
EFTA	10.0	10.3	10.1	9.8	10.2	10.7	10.5	10.5	10.3	11.1	:
CDN	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	:
AUS+NZ	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	:
TR	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	:
Class II	17.9	17.4	16.8	13.0	13.0	12.0	13.2	13.1	12.1	10.0	:
ACP	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	:
OPEC	8.2	7.5	6.8	4.0	3.5	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.5	:
Class III	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.3	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.0	:
Other	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	-0.5	-0.4	0.3	1.9	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.



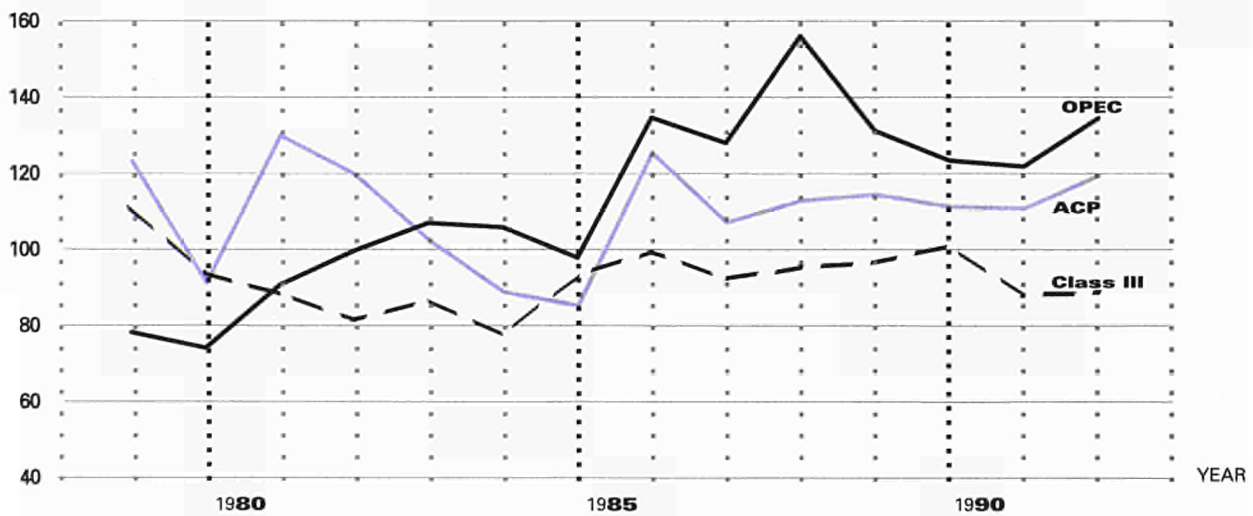
EU trade balance, cover rates with the USA, Japan and EFTA



EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH).

FURTHER READING

EU trade balance, cover rates with ACP, OPEC and former State-trading countries



ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries.

FURTHER READING

EU trade balance in merchandises by geographical zones, credits as % of EU total credits

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	54.0	53.6	54.0	56.3	58.3	59.6	59.9	60.6	62.0	61.9	:
Extra-EUR12	46.0	46.4	46.0	43.7	41.7	40.4	40.1	39.4	38.0	38.1	:
Class I	23.4	25.3	26.3	26.1	26.0	25.3	24.9	23.8	22.3	22.5	:
USA	8.2	9.7	10.3	9.5	9.0	8.3	7.8	7.3	6.6	7.8	:
J	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	:
EFTA	10.1	10.1	10.3	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.1	10.8	10.3	10.2	:
CDN	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	:
AUS+NZ	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	:
TR	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	:
Class II	18.4	17.2	15.5	13.9	12.6	12.2	12.1	11.9	12.2	11.7	:
ACP	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.2	:
OPEC	8.6	7.6	6.2	4.9	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.4	:
Class III	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.4	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.1	:
Other	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.8	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.

EU trade balance in merchandises by geographical zones, debits as % of EU total debits

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	52.3	51.8	53.3	58.0	58.8	58.7	58.2	58.8	58.7	58.7	:
Extra-EUR12	47.7	48.2	46.7	42.0	41.2	41.3	41.8	41.2	41.3	41.3	:
Class I	24.7	25.2	25.0	24.9	24.8	26.2	26.2	25.3	25.3	26.4	:
USA	8.5	8.3	8.1	7.4	7.3	7.7	8.0	7.7	7.7	8.6	:
J	3.4	3.6	3.7	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.6	:
EFTA	9.5	9.8	9.7	9.4	9.7	10.4	10.3	10.1	9.9	10.9	:
CDN	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	:
AUS+NZ	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	:
TR	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	:
Class II	18.1	17.7	17.0	12.9	12.7	11.6	13.1	13.1	12.0	9.8	:
ACP	2.7	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.1	:
OPEC	8.9	8.1	7.4	4.3	3.6	2.5	3.0	3.2	3.3	2.7	:
Class III	4.5	4.7	4.3	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.3	:
Other	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	-0.7	-0.6	0.3	1.8	:

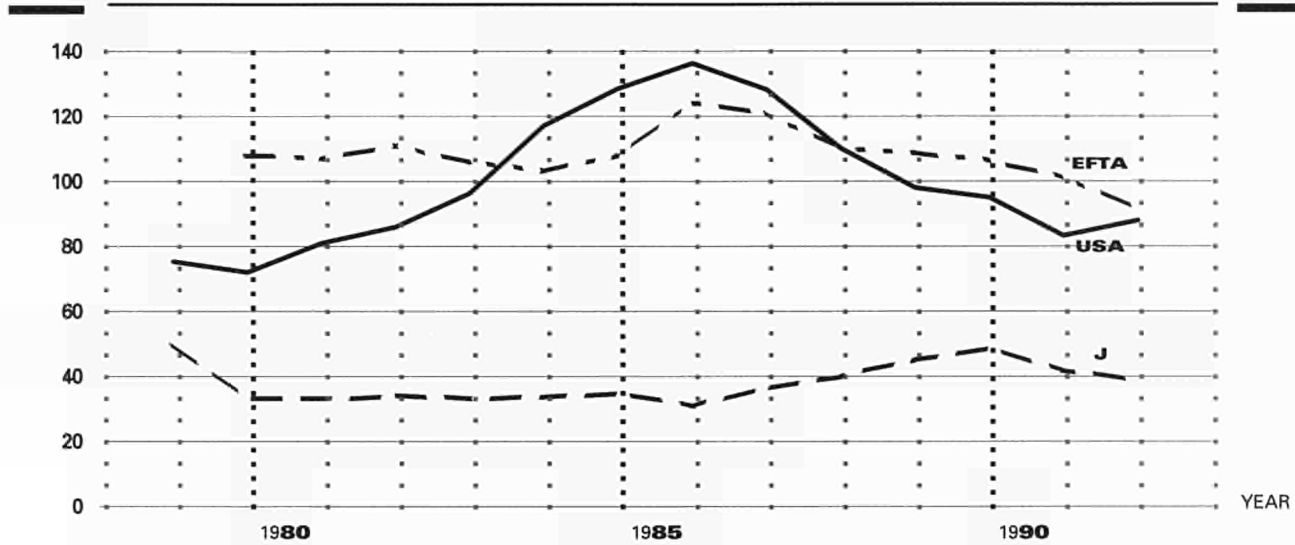
FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.

The EU trade balance in merchandises by geographical zones is allocated according to the country of final destination for credits and country of origin for debits. This comes very close to allocation according to residence of the trade partner. However, sometimes this information is

not available, for example, because the goods are delivered to a warehouse. If this is the case then the flows may be allocated to the country of immediate destination, of consignment, where payments are made to or received from, or by which currency the flows are recorded.

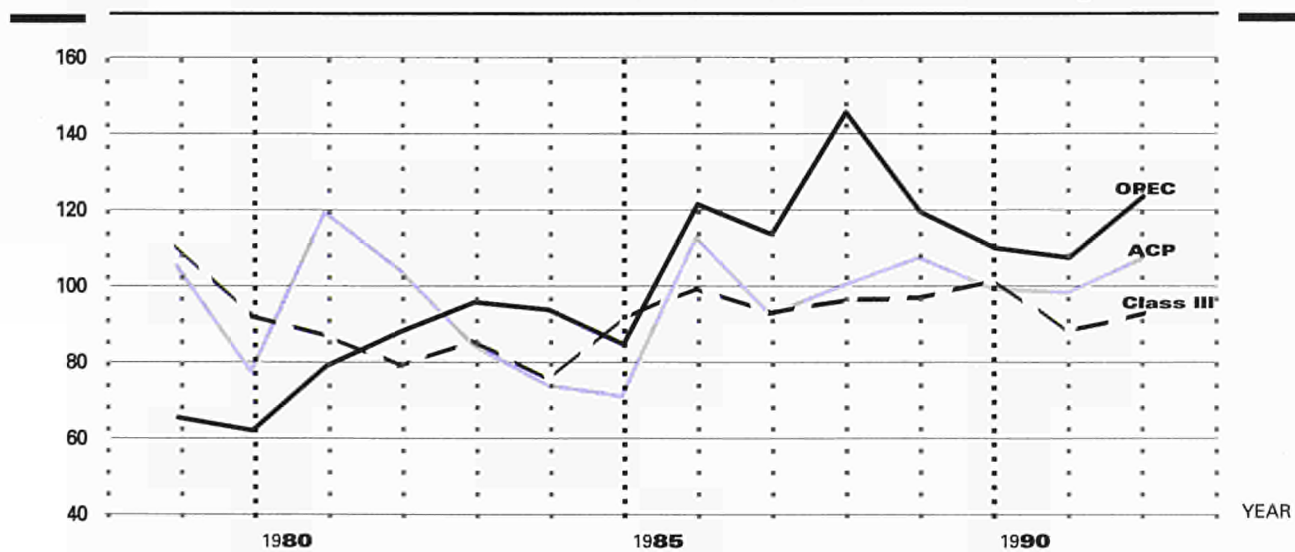
EU trade balance in merchandises, cover rates with the USA, Japan and EFTA



EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH).

FURTHER READING

EU trade balance in merchandises, cover rates with ACP, OPEC and former State-trading countries



ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries.

FURTHER READING

EU trade balance in services by geographical zones, credits as % of EU total credits

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	44.3	44.3	43.8	46.9	48.3	47.1	47.2	48.6	49.9	48.3	:
Extra-EUR12	55.7	55.7	56.2	53.1	51.7	52.9	52.8	51.4	50.1	51.7	:
Class I	34.9	35.7	37.2	36.5	36.4	36.6	36.5	35.9	34.5	32.6	:
USA	17.7	18.2	19.8	18.1	17.3	16.4	16.6	16.1	15.8	15.0	:
J	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.5	3.0	:
EFTA	10.5	10.7	10.7	11.8	12.1	12.6	12.3	12.7	12.5	11.8	:
CDN	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	:
AUS+NZ	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.1	:
TR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	:
Class II	20.8	20.0	18.7	16.9	15.6	15.4	14.9	14.6	13.9	11.4	:
ACP	4.6	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.4	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.5	:
OPEC	8.8	8.1	7.1	5.7	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	3.4	:
Class III	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.5	:
Other	-1.8	-1.8	-1.5	-2.0	-2.0	-0.7	-0.4	-1.1	-0.2	6.3	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.

EU trade balance in services by geographical zones, debits as % of EU total debits

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	:
Intra-EUR12	47.5	47.2	47.5	47.9	50.5	50.6	49.5	50.1	51.5	51.4	:
Extra-EUR12	52.5	52.8	52.5	46.9	49.5	49.4	50.5	49.9	48.5	48.6	:
Class I	34.7	35.6	35.4	32.2	34.1	33.7	34.5	34.2	33.4	33.3	:
USA	16.7	17.2	17.6	14.9	15.8	15.6	16.9	16.5	16.5	16.8	:
J	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	:
EFTA	12.5	12.5	11.9	11.7	12.3	12.0	11.7	12.0	11.9	11.8	:
CDN	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	:
AUS+NZ	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	:
TR	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	:
Class II	17.0	16.0	15.8	13.1	14.1	13.4	13.5	13.3	12.5	10.8	:
ACP	3.0	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2	1.7	:
OPEC	5.4	4.7	4.1	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.2	1.8	:
Class III	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	:
Other	-1.2	-0.9	-0.8	-0.3	-0.7	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	2.3	:

FURTHER READING Geographical breakdown of the current account EUR12, 1983-92. Eurostat.

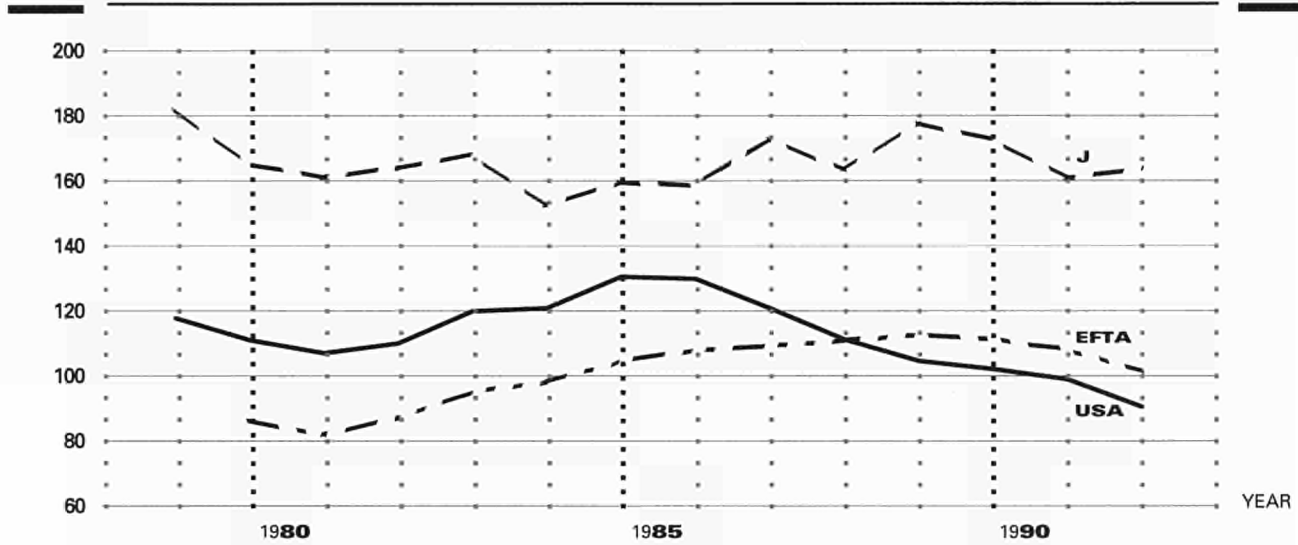
Class I: industrialised countries; EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); AUS+NZ: Australia and New Zealand; TR: Turkey; Class II: developing countries; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries; Other: other.



The EU trade balance in services by geographical zones is allocated according to the residence of the trade partners. When this information is not available, the flows may be

allocated to the country from which payments are made or received, or by which currency the flows are recorded.

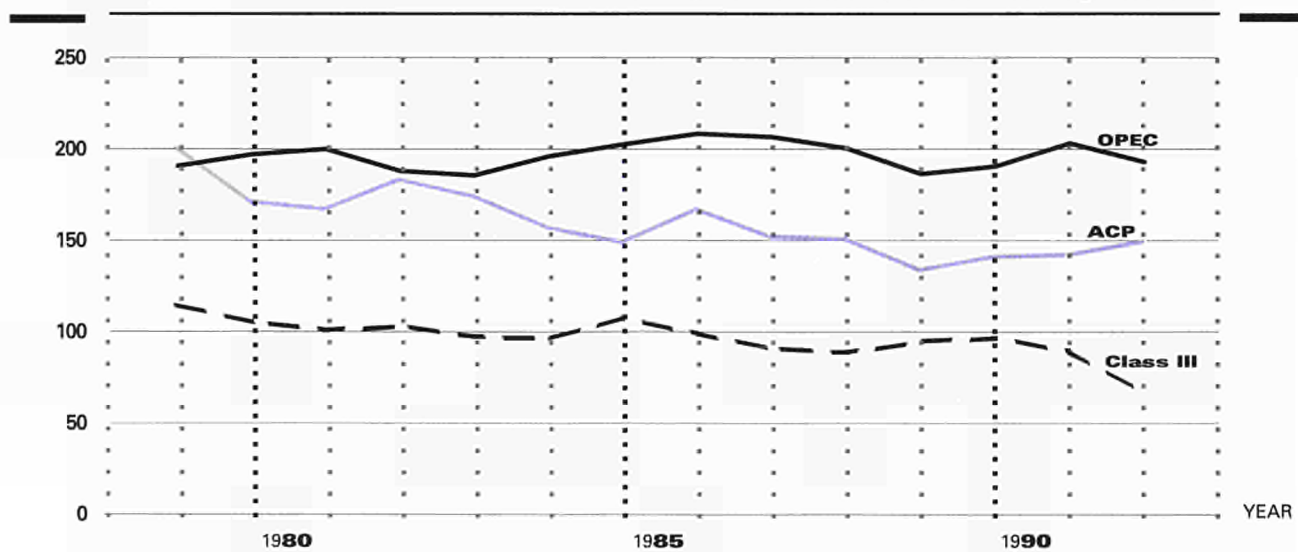
EU trade balance in services, cover rates with the USA, Japan and EFTA



EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH).

FURTHER READING

EU trade balance in services, cover rates with ACP, OPEC and former State-trading countries



ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; Class III: former State-trading countries.

FURTHER READING

Extra-EU exports by main trading partners, in 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	300	350	378	341	339	362	413	415	423	436	486
USA	52	73	85	75	71	71	78	76	71	73	85
J	7	9	10	11	13	17	21	22	22	20	22
CH	23	26	29	31	32	35	40	41	40	38	39
A	14	16	18	19	20	22	25	26	28	29	29
S	15	18	20	19	20	21	24	23	21	21	20
N	7	8	9	10	9	8	8	9	9	9	10
FIN	4	5	6	6	7	7	9	9	7	7	6
CDN	5	7	9	9	9	10	10	9	9	8	8
TR	3	4	5	4	5	5	5	7	8	8	11
ZA	5	7	5	4	5	6	6	5	5	5	5
Class I	152	192	217	206	209	222	249	252	242	239	258
FSU	12	12	12	9	9	10	12	11	14	13	15
CCEE	12	13	15	15	14	15	18	20	24	27	32
PL	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	7	8	9
ACP	17	18	19	16	14	15	16	16	16	17	16
SA	14	14	11	8	7	7	8	7	9	10	9
IR	7	7	5	3	3	2	3	5	7	8	5
OPEC	55	54	48	35	29	31	35	35	39	42	40
NIC	9	11	13	12	15	19	22	23	25	27	34
IND	3	4	5	5	5	5	7	5	5	5	6
China	2	3	7	6	5	5	6	5	5	6	11
L America	12	14	15	14	13	13	15	15	18	20	24

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

TR: Turkey; ZA: South Africa; Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; IND: India; L America: Latin America.

Extra-EU imports by main trading partners, in 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	341	390	406	334	340	387	448	461	494	487	484
USA	58	67	68	56	56	68	84	85	91	86	83
J	21	25	28	33	34	41	46	46	51	51	47
CH	19	22	23	25	26	29	32	34	34	34	35
A	9	11	12	14	15	16	19	20	22	23	22
S	15	18	19	19	20	21	25	25	25	24	23
N	14	16	17	12	12	12	15	16	17	17	17
FIN	5	7	7	7	7	8	9	10	10	10	10
CDN	6	7	7	6	6	8	9	9	9	8	7
TR	2	2	3	3	3	4	5	5	6	6	6
ZA	6	8	9	8	5	12	8	7	8	9	8
Class I	170	199	211	197	201	238	272	277	293	287	274
FSU	19	22	20	13	13	12	15	16	18	17	19
CCEE	12	15	16	14	15	16	19	20	23	24	25
PL	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	5	6	7	7
ACP	22	27	30	19	16	17	19	20	19	17	14
SA	15	10	8	8	5	5	6	8	11	9	9
IR	9	9	6	2	3	3	5	5	6	5	5
OPEC	71	72	72	38	34	31	40	45	46	42	40
NIC	12	14	14	16	20	24	26	26	30	29	30
IND	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	4	4	5
China	2	3	3	4	5	7	9	10	14	16	19
L America	25	28	30	20	19	23	26	25	26	24	22

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

TR: Turkey; ZA: South Africa; Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; IND: India; L America: Latin America.

Main trading partners of EUR12 - which includes Portugal and Spain for all the years; the former GDR from the year of reunification - are listed by country and aggregates of countries. The aggregate CCEE consists of

Albania, the former Czechoslovakia, the former Yugoslavia, Rumania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria. The Baltic Republics are not included in the CCEE neither is the former GDR. The former Soviet Union is calculated separately.

Extra-EU exports by main trading partners as % of total extra-EU exports

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	17.4	21.0	22.6	22.0	21.2	19.8	18.9	18.4	16.8	16.9	17.5
J	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.1	5.5	5.2	4.7	4.7
CH	7.9	7.7	7.7	9.2	9.7	9.9	9.7	9.9	9.5	8.9	8.1
A	4.8	4.6	4.8	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.8	6.1
S	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.6	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.2	4.9	4.3
N	2.3	2.4	2.5	3.0	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.1
Class I	50.7	55.0	57.6	60.5	61.7	61.2	60.3	60.7	57.2	55.0	53.0
FSU	4.1	3.6	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.7	3.3	3.1	3.3
CCEE	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.5	5.0	5.8	6.2	6.6
ACP	5.9	5.2	5.2	4.8	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.4
OPEC	18.4	15.6	12.8	10.3	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.5	9.3	9.6	8.4
NIC	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.7	4.4	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.1	6.3	7.0
China	1.0	1.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.6	2.3
L America	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.7	3.6	4.1	4.6	4.8

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; L America: Latin America.

Extra-EU imports by main trading partners as % of total extra-EU imports

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	17.2	17.2	17.0	16.9	16.5	17.6	19.0	18.5	18.6	17.8	17.3
J	6.4	6.6	7.0	9.9	10.2	10.7	10.3	10.0	10.5	10.6	9.7
CH	5.7	5.7	5.8	7.6	7.9	7.6	7.1	7.4	7.0	7.2	7.4
A	2.9	2.9	3.2	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.6
S	4.6	4.7	4.8	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.1	5.1	4.8
N	4.2	4.1	4.4	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6
Class I	49.8	51.0	52.2	59.0	59.2	61.6	60.8	60.2	59.4	59.1	56.7
FSU	5.6	5.9	5.1	3.9	3.9	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.6	4.0
CCEE	3.6	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.2
ACP	6.5	7.1	7.5	5.9	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.4	3.9	3.7	3.1
OPEC	21.0	18.5	17.8	11.5	10.3	8.2	9.1	9.8	9.5	8.8	8.4
NIC	3.7	3.6	3.5	4.9	6.0	6.3	6.0	5.7	6.2	6.1	6.4
China	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	3.0	3.4	4.1
L America	7.2	7.1	7.4	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.5

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; L America: Latin America.

Extra-EU exports of agrifood products by main trading partners as % of extra-EU exports of agrifood products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	15.6	17.5	18.9	18.9	17.6	15.5	13.7	13.7	12.7	12.0	11.6
J	3.8	4.1	4.2	5.2	6.0	7.0	7.1	6.9	7.2	6.7	6.4
CH	6.2	5.8	6.2	7.4	7.9	7.5	6.7	7.0	7.1	6.4	6.0
A	2.7	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5
S	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.7	4.0	4.0	3.7
EFTA	13.9	13.4	14.2	17.4	18.5	18.0	16.4	17.1	17.9	16.8	16.1
Class I	39.4	42.0	44.5	48.6	49.5	47.6	44.5	46.1	44.9	42.2	41.2
FSU	7.5	5.9	6.2	4.4	3.5	3.2	4.4	5.0	6.1	10.0	10.2
ACP	10.2	9.2	9.7	8.8	8.0	8.2	7.7	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.1
DOM	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.9	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.3
OPEC	21.5	20.7	17.5	15.6	14.7	14.9	15.1	13.5	12.9	11.8	11.3
L America	2.7	2.5	2.4	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; DOM: Overseas department of Member States of the European Union; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; L America: Latin America.

Extra-EU imports of agrifood products by main trading partners as % of extra-EU imports of agrifood products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	20.0	16.9	14.1	12.2	12.8	12.2	11.6	11.6	11.1	11.6	11.4
EFTA	5.9	6.2	6.6	7.2	8.3	8.4	8.7	9.6	9.6	10.2	10.3
N	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.6	3.6
Class I	37.9	34.1	32.0	30.7	33.6	33.0	32.9	34.2	33.3	34.3	33.7
CCEE	4.9	4.8	5.2	5.1	5.8	5.7	6.8	6.9	7.2	6.5	5.6
ACP	16.1	18.5	19.2	20.2	17.3	15.9	14.9	13.6	13.1	12.8	13.0
OPEC	2.8	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.2	4.4
NIC	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8
T	2.8	3.0	3.5	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.5	4.0	3.7	3.6
L America	26.2	26.7	27.2	26.2	23.2	25.4	25.4	24.2	24.6	24.7	24.2
BR	12.6	13.3	13.4	10.1	9.3	10.9	10.6	9.0	8.4	8.8	8.9
RA	4.6	4.3	4.5	3.8	3.8	4.3	4.6	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.2

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); Class I: industrialised countries; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; T: Thailand; L America: Latin America; BR: Brazil; RA: Argentina.

Extra-EU exports of cereals as % of total extra-EU exports of cereals

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	EUR12
B/L	6.6	9.8	6.8	5.6	4.2	3.0	4.1	5.4	7.5	6.5	5.3	B/L
DK	3.7	4.8	5.0	6.9	6.1	6.2	5.3	6.5	5.7	6.0	5.1	DK
D	9.7	11.6	8.8	16.1	15.5	14.8	16.0	13.6	15.7	19.6	17.5	D
GR	3.5	2.7	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.5	1.3	GR
E	2.0	0.8	3.6	3.5	4.1	7.4	5.9	4.4	4.7	4.5	6.1	E
F	49.4	42.1	44.2	35.3	36.7	41.6	39.0	35.4	33.1	32.1	36.2	F
IRL	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	IRL
I	10.5	10.3	14.6	13.6	13.6	14.6	13.8	12.2	18.1	16.3	13.9	I
L												L
NL	2.7	2.5	2.9	2.9	3.8	6.2	5.5	10.4	5.3	5.6	4.5	NL
P	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2	P
UK	11.5	14.9	12.3	15.1	14.6	5.2	9.5	11.3	8.9	8.3	9.6	UK

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

EUR12 trading partners in agrifood products are listed by country and aggregates of countries. The aggregate CCEE consists of Albania, the former Czechoslovakia, the former Yugoslavia, Romania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria. The Baltic Republics are not included in the CCEE, neither is the former GDR. The former Soviet Union is calculated separately. EUR12, USA and Japan - but not Canada -

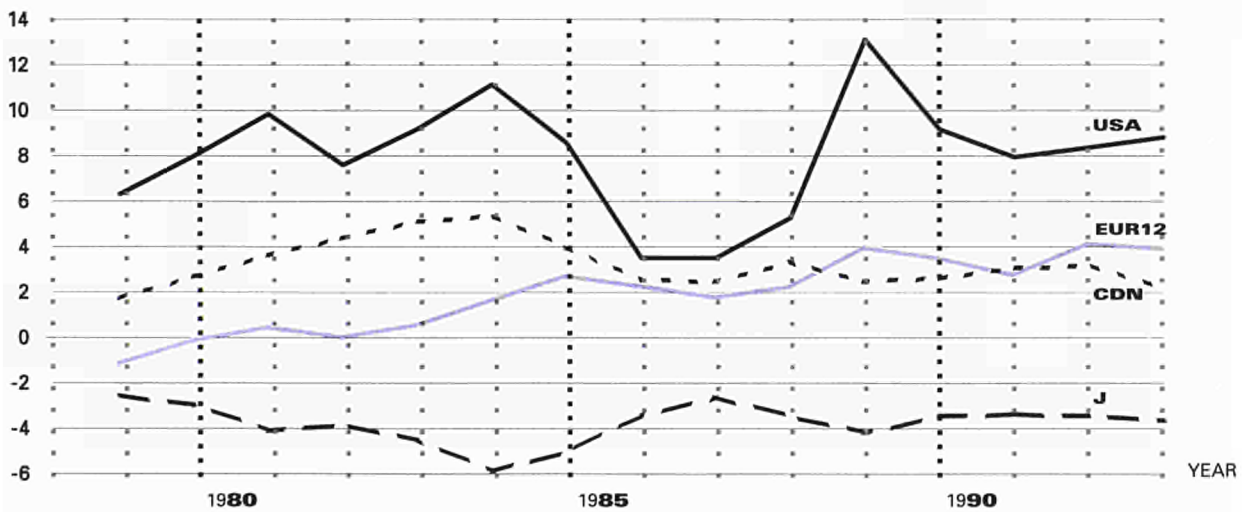
measure their trade as special trade not including import to and exports from customs warehouses. EUR12 includes Portugal and Spain for all years; the former GDR is included from the year of reunification. Agrifood products are defined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three.

Exports of agrifood products, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Trade balance in cereals, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Extra-EU exports of manufactured products by main trading partners as % of total extra-EU exports of manufactured products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	16.9	21.0	22.7	22.4	21.6	20.1	19.4	18.6	17.1	17.1	17.7
J	2.5	2.6	2.7	3.2	3.9	4.6	5.1	5.6	5.2	4.6	4.6
CH	7.9	7.7	7.6	9.1	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.0	9.4	8.8	7.8
A	5.3	5.1	5.2	6.1	6.4	6.7	6.6	7.0	7.3	7.3	6.3
S	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.5	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.1	4.9	4.1
N	2.5	2.5	2.7	3.1	2.9	2.3	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0
FIN	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.3
CDN	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.6
TR	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.4
ZA	2.3	2.4	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2
Class I	51.0	55.6	57.8	61.4	63.0	62.2	61.6	61.6	57.8	55.3	52.7
FSU	3.9	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.6	3.3	2.6	2.7
CCEE	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.7	6.1	6.4
PL	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.8	1.9
ACP	5.6	4.9	4.9	4.5	3.9	4.1	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.2
SA	5.0	4.2	2.9	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.8
IR	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.2	1.9	2.0	1.2
OPEC	18.6	15.6	12.8	9.8	7.9	8.1	7.5	7.9	8.8	9.3	8.1
NIC	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.7	4.5	5.2	5.6	5.7	6.2	6.4	7.1
IND	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4
China	1.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.7	2.6
L America	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.7	4.3	4.8	5.0

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

TR: Turkey; ZA: South Africa; Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; IND: India; L America: Latin America.

Extra-EU imports of manufactured products by main trading partners as % of total extra-EU imports of manufactured products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	25.5	26.0	25.7	21.7	20.4	20.9	22.9	21.9	22.2	20.7	20.0
J	14.9	14.6	15.0	17.3	16.9	16.9	15.9	15.4	15.7	15.5	13.8
CH	9.7	9.3	9.5	10.5	10.4	9.4	8.9	9.4	8.7	8.8	8.4
A	5.8	5.6	5.9	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.8	6.3	6.1	6.3	5.9
S	7.6	7.5	7.7	8.0	7.8	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.3	6.1	5.7
N	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.5
FIN	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.5
CDN	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3
TR	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5
ZA	1.4	2.0	1.8	1.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.5
Class I	74.9	75.1	75.7	75.7	73.3	71.9	72.0	71.5	69.8	67.7	63.1
FSU	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.5
CCEE	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.7	4.6	5.1	5.5	5.9	6.0
PL	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.7
ACP	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.0
SA	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
IR	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
OPEC	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0
NIC	7.8	7.7	7.1	8.0	9.7	9.9	9.0	8.6	9.1	8.8	8.9
IND	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4
China	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.6	5.3
L America	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.2	1.9

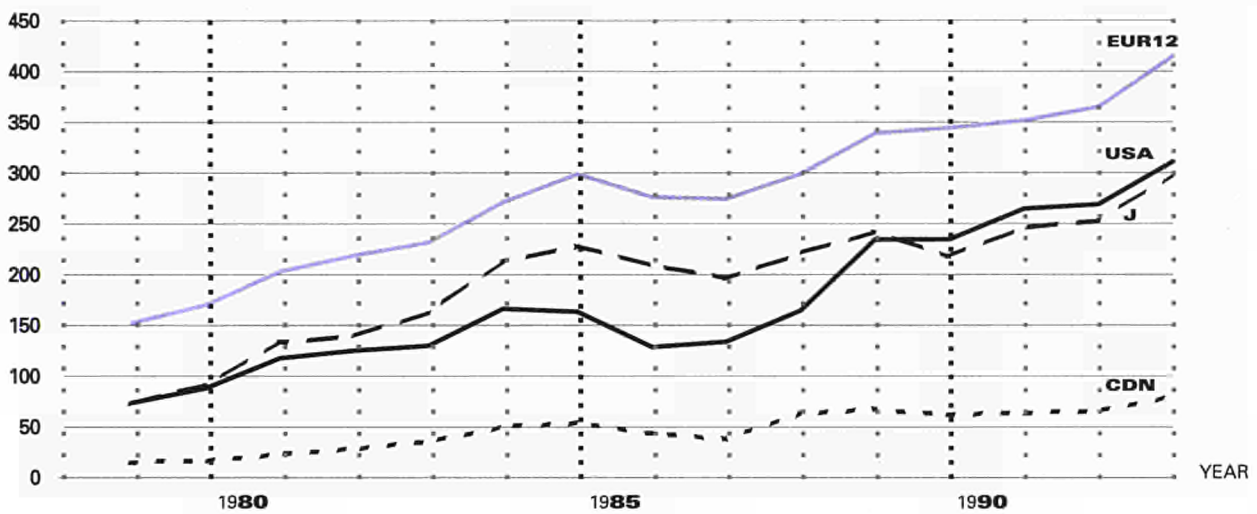
FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

TR: Turkey; ZA: South Africa; Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; PL: Poland; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; IND: India; L America: Latin America.

EUR12 trading partners in manufactured products are listed by country and aggregates of countries. The CCEE countries are Albania, the former Czechoslovakia, the former Yugoslavia, Romania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria. The Baltic Republics are not included neither is the former GDR. The former Soviet Union is calculated separately. EUR12, USA and Japan - but not Canada - measure their trade as

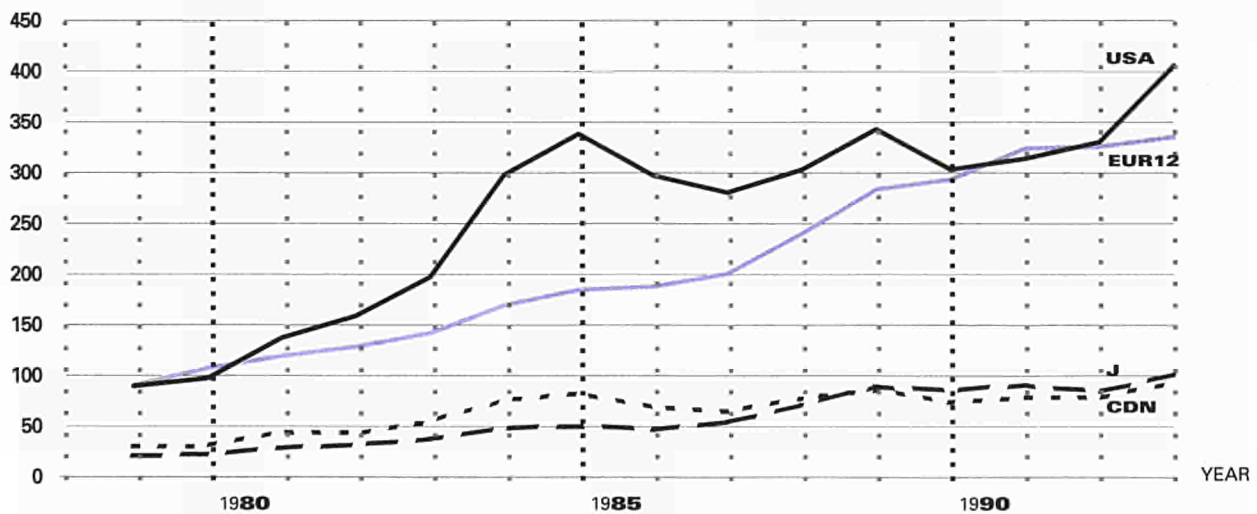
special trade not including imports to and exports from customs warehouses. EUR12 includes Portugal and Spain for all years; the former GDR is included from the year of re-unification. Manufactured products are defined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three.

Exports of manufactured products, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Imports of manufactured products, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Extra-EU exports of machinery and transport equipment by main trading partners, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	108.2	124.5	138.1	132.6	131.0	141.2	160.2	167.2	172.6	180.8	207.6
USA	18.5	27.8	34.3	33.0	32.3	31.1	33.6	33.9	31.4	32.8	39.1
J	1.9	2.1	2.6	3.0	3.9	5.0	6.6	8.1	7.8	6.7	8.0
CH	6.0	6.8	7.9	9.4	10.3	11.5	12.5	13.0	12.5	12.1	11.9
A	5.1	5.6	6.5	7.4	7.7	8.8	9.9	10.8	11.8	12.1	11.6
S	5.2	6.3	7.2	7.2	8.1	8.7	10.1	9.6	8.3	8.1	7.9
EFTA	21.1	24.1	28.1	31.3	33.0	35.5	39.7	40.8	38.8	38.9	38.2
Class I	52.4	67.4	79.8	80.9	82.5	86.8	96.8	99.7	94.6	94.3	103.5
FSU	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.8	2.4	3.5	4.5	4.9	7.0	5.4	6.8
CCEE	3.7	4.2	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.2	6.7	7.5	9.6	10.4	12.2
ACP	6.8	7.3	7.6	6.6	5.5	6.5	6.8	7.5	6.9	7.9	7.6
OPEC	22.3	21.9	18.9	13.8	10.7	12.5	12.9	14.4	17.4	19.5	18.9
NIC	3.5	4.3	5.2	4.8	6.1	7.6	9.2	9.7	10.7	11.4	14.5
China	0.8	1.1	3.1	3.4	2.7	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.1	4.5	8.0
L America	5.4	6.0	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.6	7.2	7.2	8.4	10.2	11.9

Extra-EU exports of manufactured goods, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	57.5	67.1	70.5	60.6	59.3	65.7	75.4	71.3	71.6	71.1	80.0
USA	9.2	13.0	13.4	11.2	10.4	11.4	12.5	11.2	10.3	10.0	12.2
J	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.6	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.6	2.6
CH	5.4	5.9	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.7	7.5	7.5	6.8	6.4	6.5
A	3.0	3.4	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.6	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.7
S	2.6	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.8	4.3	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.4
EFTA	13.3	15.3	15.8	16.4	16.9	18.2	20.6	20.7	19.8	18.9	18.3
Class I	28.4	36.0	37.6	35.1	35.3	39.1	44.3	42.9	40.4	38.2	40.6
FSU	3.8	3.9	4.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.2
CCEE	2.8	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.4	4.2	4.5	4.9	5.6	6.7
ACP	2.9	2.7	3.2	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.3
OPEC	10.5	9.9	9.1	5.8	4.5	4.9	5.6	5.5	6.2	6.4	6.2
NIC	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.6	3.2	4.0	3.9	4.6	4.7	6.3
China	0.7	1.0	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.6
L America	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.8

Extra-EU exports of chemicals and related products by main trading partners, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	32.0	38.3	42.4	37.8	38.4	44.4	48.0	48.2	50.9	54.3	63.5
USA	4.2	5.6	6.6	5.4	5.4	6.5	7.0	6.9	7.5	8.4	9.6
J	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.6	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.4
CH	2.6	3.0	3.5	3.6	3.6	4.4	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.4	6.0
A	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1
S	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.7
EFTA	6.9	7.9	9.1	9.1	9.4	10.7	11.8	12.2	12.2	12.8	13.9
Class I	16.0	19.6	22.4	20.7	21.3	24.9	26.9	27.4	28.3	30.3	33.8
FSU	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.4
CCEE	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.8
ACP	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
OPEC	4.5	4.9	5.0	4.0	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.8
NIC	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.6	3.7	4.4
China	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.7
L America	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.9

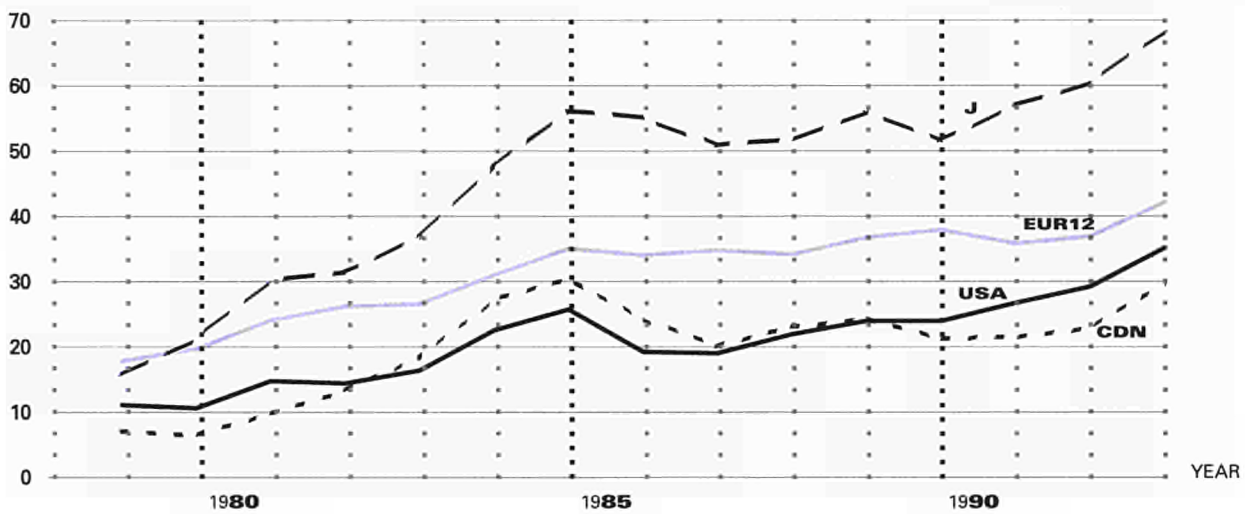
FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; L America: Latin America.

Exports of EUR12 by trading partner and manufactured product are listed by country and aggregates of countries. The CCEE countries are Albania, the former Czechoslovakia, the former Yugoslavia, Romania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria. The Baltic Republics are not included neither is the former GDR. The former Soviet Union is calculated separately. EUR12, USA and Japan - but not Canada - measure their

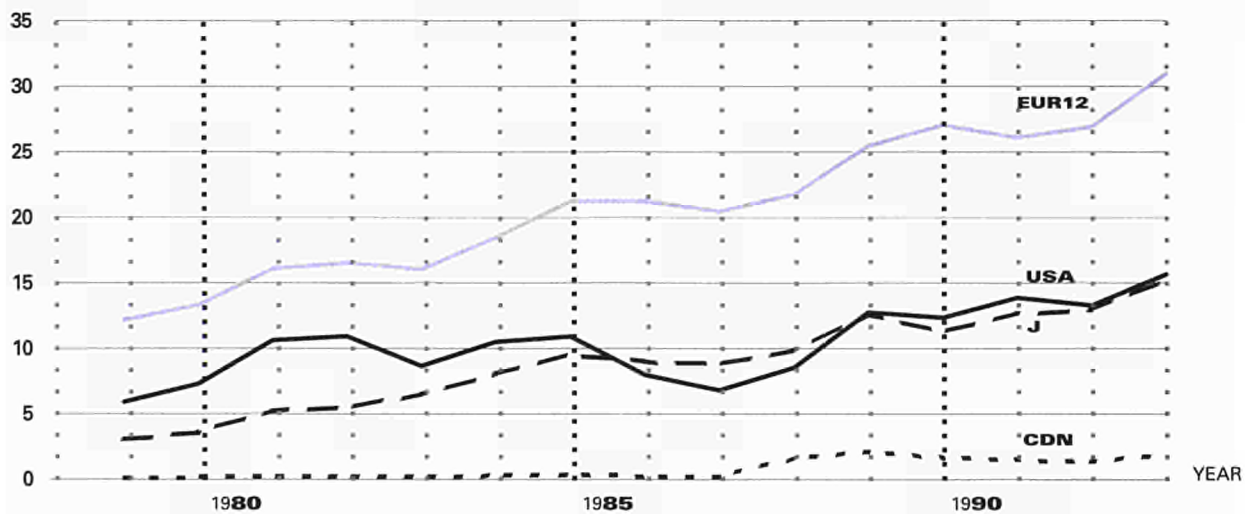
exports as special trade not including exports from and imports to customs warehouses. EUR12 includes Portugal and Spain for all years; the former GDR is included from the year of reunification. Manufactured products are defined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three.

Exports of road vehicles, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Exports of machinery specialized for particular industries, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Extra-EU imports of machinery and transport equipment by main trading partners, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	59.3	71.1	79.2	81.7	88.3	106.7	126.4	131.3	148.3	146.3	150.3
USA	21.0	26.1	28.5	24.1	24.0	30.3	40.2	39.2	44.6	39.7	40.3
J	15.5	18.5	20.6	24.4	25.6	31.1	34.4	34.5	38.9	38.3	35.3
CH	4.6	5.0	5.9	6.9	7.6	8.0	8.4	9.7	9.7	9.8	8.9
A	2.9	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.3	5.6	6.4	7.6	8.3	8.8	8.4
S	4.5	5.3	6.0	6.7	7.2	7.8	9.0	9.2	9.3	8.7	8.3
EFTA	13.3	15.1	17.5	20.1	22.1	23.6	26.4	29.4	30.6	31.1	28.9
Class I	51.8	61.9	69.0	71.2	74.5	88.3	105.2	108.0	119.9	114.6	109.9
FSU	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.5
CCEE	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.7	3.3	4.0	4.5	5.0
ACP	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.9	1.0
OPEC	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.6	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.8	2.0
NIC	3.3	4.1	4.5	5.5	7.8	10.3	11.7	12.5	14.6	14.7	16.5
China	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.1	1.5	2.2	2.8	3.7
L America	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.7

Extra-EU imports of manufactured goods by main trading partners, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	38.1	45.4	47.8	47.3	47.7	59.1	70.2	69.6	70.3	69.4	70.4
USA	3.9	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.9	4.6	5.8	5.9	6.3	5.9	5.4
J	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.0	2.7
CH	3.2	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.3	4.9
A	3.0	3.6	4.1	4.5	4.7	5.4	6.2	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.5
S	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.0	6.1	7.0	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.4	6.8
EFTA	15.6	18.6	20.2	20.4	21.2	25.1	28.2	28.7	28.6	28.0	26.0
Class I	25.3	30.5	32.5	32.4	32.1	38.6	44.9	45.2	45.2	43.4	39.3
FSU	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.5	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.5	3.2
CCEE	2.4	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.9	4.6	5.1	5.6	6.3	6.0
ACP	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.9	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.6	1.4
OPEC	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
NIC	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.9
China	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.0	2.4
L America	2.3	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.4	3.9	5.0	4.7	4.2	3.5	2.9

Extra-EU imports of chemicals and related products by main trading partners, 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	16.5	20.3	22.5	21.3	21.8	25.1	29.3	30.4	32.5	33.9	34.1
USA	5.3	6.5	7.1	6.1	6.0	6.9	8.4	8.4	9.2	9.6	9.1
J	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7
CH	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.6	4.6	5.3	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.4	7.8
A	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8
S	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.3
EFTA	5.8	6.8	7.4	7.9	8.0	9.3	10.6	11.2	12.1	12.9	13.3
Class I	12.9	15.7	17.2	16.7	17.0	19.4	22.7	23.2	25.1	26.2	26.2
FSU	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1
CCEE	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.6
ACP	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3
OPEC	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5
NIC	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8
China	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
L America	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7

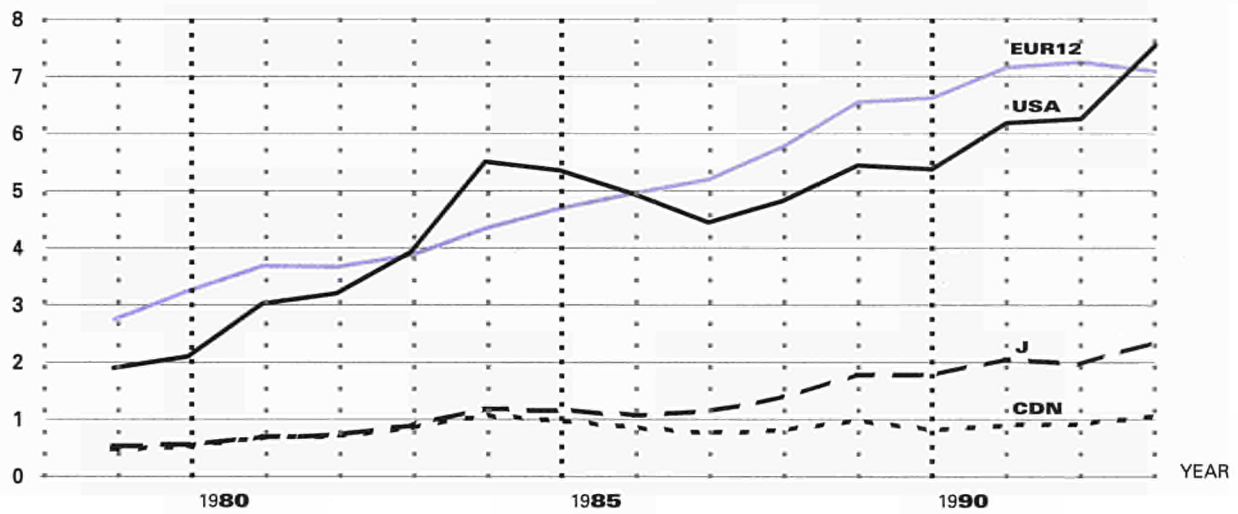
FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

EFTA: European Free Trade Association (A, FIN, IS, FL, N, S, CH); Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; CCEE: Countries of Central and Eastern Europe; ACP: African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; NIC: newly industrialised countries; L America: Latin America.

Imports of EUR12 by trading partner and manufactured product are listed by country and aggregates of countries. The CCEE countries are Albania, the former Czechoslovakia, the former Yugoslavia, Romania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria. The Baltic Republics are not included neither is the former GDR. The former Soviet Union is calculated separately. EUR12, USA and Japan (but not Canada) measure their

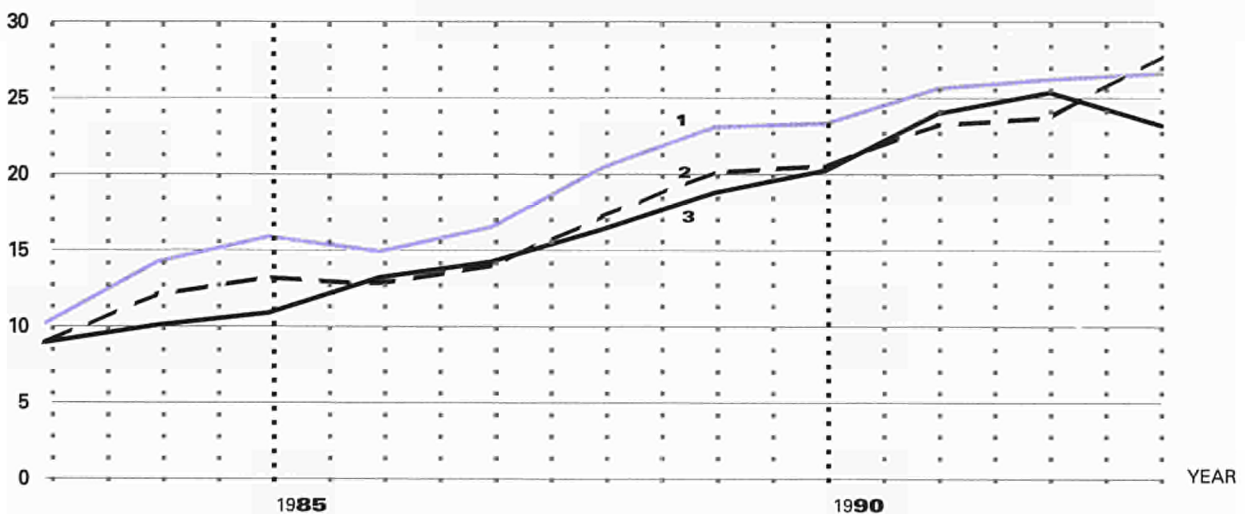
trade as special trade not including imports to customs warehouses. EUR12 includes Greece, Portugal and Spain for all years; the former GDR is included from year of re-unification. Manufactured products are defined according to the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three.

Imports of photographic apparatus, optical goods and watches, 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

Extra-EU imports of office machines and automatic data-processing machines, electrical machines and road vehicles, 1000 million ECU



1: office machines and automatic data-processing machines; 2: electrical machines; 3: road vehicles.

FURTHER READING

Extra-EU imports of petroleum products by main trading partners. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	101.4	104.7	103.7	49.2	48.2	39.4	52.6	59.8	59.7	54.3	51.4
USA	1.4	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.8	0.7
N	4.9	5.6	6.6	3.3	4.0	3.5	5.5	6.7	7.5	7.6	8.0
S	1.6	1.6	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
Class I	9.1	10.2	10.9	5.6	6.2	5.4	7.8	9.4	10.6	9.9	10.1
FSU	13.4	15.3	12.9	5.8	6.8	5.9	6.8	7.7	7.4	7.5	7.3
ET	2.8	3.4	3.5	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4
WAN	8.0	10.3	10.9	4.2	2.7	2.3	3.0	4.0	4.1	3.6	2.7
SA	14.7	9.9	7.8	7.8	4.8	4.1	5.4	6.7	9.6	8.3	7.9
IR	9.0	8.7	6.4	2.5	3.3	2.5	4.7	5.2	5.5	4.5	4.7
DZ	6.9	6.4	7.6	3.3	3.1	2.6	3.3	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.3
LAR	10.2	10.0	11.5	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.9	7.5	7.6	6.6	5.9
OPEC	65.0	63.6	62.8	31.1	27.8	22.7	30.7	34.4	34.2	30.0	27.5

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; ET: Egypt; WAN: Nigeria; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; DZ: Algeria; LAR: Libya; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Extra-EU imports of petroleum products by main trading partners, as % of total imports of petroleum products

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USA	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.3	1.5	1.3
N	4.8	5.3	6.3	6.6	8.4	8.8	10.5	11.2	12.6	14.0	15.6
S	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
Class I	9.0	9.8	10.5	11.3	12.9	13.7	14.9	15.7	17.8	18.2	19.7
FSU	13.2	14.6	12.4	11.9	14.1	15.0	12.9	12.8	12.4	13.8	14.3
ET	2.7	3.2	3.3	2.6	3.2	2.5	3.1	2.4	2.4	2.8	2.8
WAN	7.9	9.9	10.5	8.5	5.6	5.9	5.8	6.6	6.9	6.6	5.3
SA	14.5	9.5	7.5	15.9	9.9	10.3	10.2	11.2	16.1	15.3	15.3
IR	8.9	8.3	6.2	5.0	6.8	6.3	8.9	8.7	9.3	8.4	9.2
DZ	6.8	6.1	7.3	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.8	6.7	7.1	6.4
LAR	10.1	9.5	11.1	10.6	10.4	12.5	11.2	12.5	12.8	12.2	11.4
OPEC	64.1	60.7	60.5	63.2	57.6	57.5	58.3	57.4	57.2	55.2	53.5

FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; ET: Egypt; WAN: Nigeria; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; DZ: Algeria; LAR: Libya; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Extra-EU imports of natural and manufactured gas by main trading partners. 1000 million ECU

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Extra-EUR12	6.4	9.0	9.5	4.9	3.8	3.6	3.8	4.7	5.4	4.5	7.0
USA	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
N	2.2	2.7	3.1	2.5	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	0.7	1.3
S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Class I	2.3	2.8	3.2	2.5	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	0.8	1.3
FSU	1.3	1.8	2.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.0	0.9
ET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WAN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SA	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2
IR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DZ	2.1	3.5	3.8	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.8	2.2	1.0	1.8
LAR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
OPEC	2.7	4.3	4.3	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.3	2.8	1.4	2.2

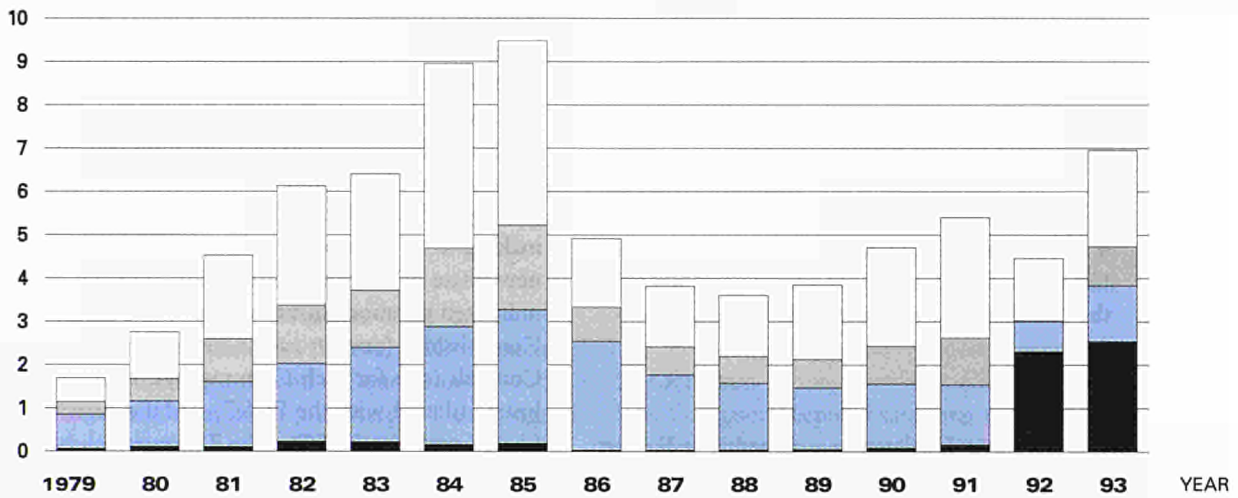
FURTHER READING External trade, statistical yearbooks. Eurostat. Comext on CD-Rom. Eurostat.

Class I: industrialised countries; FSU: former Soviet Union; ET: Egypt; WAN: Nigeria; SA: Saudi Arabia; IR: Iran; DZ: Algeria; LAR: Libya; OPEC: Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

EUR12 trade in fuel products includes Portugal and Spain in EUR12 for all years; the former GDR is included from year of reunification. Fuel products are defined according to

the standard international trade classification, SITC, revision three and, prior to 1988, revision two converted into revision three.

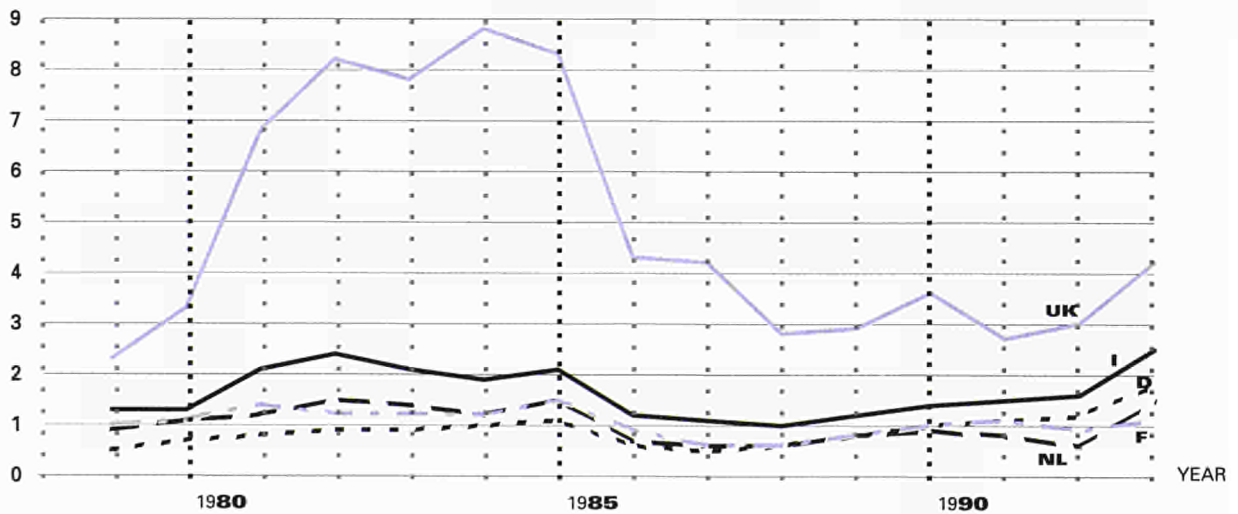
Extra-EU imports of natural and manufactured gas by main providers. 1000 million ECU



Blue: Norway; grey: former Soviet Union; white: OPEC; black: other extra-EUR12 countries.

FURTHER READING

Extra-EU exports of petroleum and gas products by main exporters. 1000 million ECU



FURTHER READING

1948

1 January

Customs Convention between Belgium, Luxembourg and the Netherlands (Benelux).

16 April

Organisation for European Economic Cooperation (OEEC) set up in Paris to implement and administer aid from the United States of America through the Marshall Plan to help war-damaged Europe to modernise its economy. (Superseded by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, OECD, in 1960.)

7 to 10 May

On the initiative of Winston Churchill in particular, the Congress on Europe, which prompted the revival of the idea of European unity, held in The Hague.

1949

4 April

Creation of the Council of Europe and signing of the North Atlantic Treaty in Washington.

1950

9 May

The Schuman Declaration - named after Robert Schuman, France's Minister for Foreign Affairs - sets out Jean Monnet's plan to pool the coal and steel production of France and the Federal Republic of Germany and to found an organisation to which the other European countries were free to accede.

19 September

Creation of the European Payments Union (EPU) as a multilateral clearing body. Made it possible to work towards liberalization of payments and away from a bilateral approach to trade, and thus to promote increased trade among West European countries.

1951

18 April

Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC) signed in Paris. It enters into force on 25 July 1952. Paris Treaty concluded for a period of 50 years. Established the High Authority, the Council, the Court of Justice and the Assembly.

1952

27 May

Treaty establishing the European Defence Community (EDC) signed in Paris. Aimed to

integrate the armed forces of the Six, to be accompanied by a political Community. Plans shelved following the French National Assembly's refusal to ratify on 30 August 1954.

1955

1 and 2 June

At the Messina Conference, Foreign Ministers of the Six decided to continue efforts towards economic integration, begun with coal and steel, by extending it to the entire economy, European common market, and use of atomic energy.

1957

25 March

A single European Community (the ECSC) becomes 'the European Communities' via the Rome Treaties. The Treaties establishing the European Economic Community (EEC) and the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom) are signed in Rome and enter into force on 1 January 1958. This extension of common policy-making to all areas of the economy ushers in a new phase of European integration. Treaties of unlimited duration. Institutions of the Treaty are: Commissions (one for each Community), Councils (one for each Community), the Court of Justice (shared with the ECSC) and the Assembly (shared with the ECSC). The Treaty establishes also the European Investment Bank (EIB) whose statute forms an integral part of it.

1958

20 April

First issue of the *Official Journal of the European Communities* took over from *Official Journal of the ECSC*.

1960

4 January

Treaty establishing the European Free Trade Association (EFTA) signed in Stockholm. A United Kingdom project to establish a free trade zone had previously been quashed by France, the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States.

14 December

Treaty establishing the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) signed in Paris. United OEEC members, the USA and Canada.

1962

30 March

Name European Parliament adopted replacing former European Parliamentary Assembly.

1963

29 January

Negotiations for the accession of the United Kingdom broken off and shelved after General de Gaulle's veto and his announcement at a press conference that the United Kingdom was not yet ready for membership.

20 July

First Yaoundé Convention: Association Agreement, signed in Yaoundé, between the Community and 18 mainly French-speaking African States. In force from 1 June 1964 to 1 June 1969.

12 September

Association Agreement between the Community and Turkey signed in Ankara. Came into force on 1 September 1964. Supplemented by the Additional Protocol signed in Brussels on 23 November 1970.

1965

8 April

Treaty merging the executives of the three European Communities (ECSC, EEC, Euratom) and establishing a common Council and a common Commission (the Merger Treaty) signed. It enters into force on 1 July 1967.

6 July

France boycotts discussions on financing the common agricultural policy (CAP), triggering a crisis in the Community.

1966

29 January

Following the Luxembourg Compromise, France agrees to resume its place in the Council. Majority voting replaces unanimity on issues affecting a country's vital interests.

1967

18 and 19 December

France opposes United Kingdom accession for the second time with its veto on the resumption of negotiations.

1968

1 July

The first stage of economic integration within a customs union is achieved 18 months earlier than planned. The last internal customs duties are abolished and the Common Customs Tariff in respect of third countries is introduced.

1969

24 September

Arusha Agreement: Association Agreement between the Community and three English-speaking East African States. In force from January 1971 to January 1975.

1 and 2 December

At The Hague Summit the Heads of State or Government of the Six decided to complement the work of the Communities by cooperating in foreign affairs. Admission of new Member States decided.

1970

22 April

Signing of the Luxembourg Treaty which amended certain budgetary provisions of the Treaties establishing the European Communities and the Treaty establishing a Single Council and a Single Commission of the European Communities. Provided for gradual introduction of an own-resources system and extended budgetary powers of the European Parliament. Came into force on 1 January 1971.

27 October

The Davignon Report examining the scope for future political unification is approved by the Heads of State or Government of the 'Six'. Approval of this report marks the start of regular meetings of the Foreign Ministers with a view to achieving European political cooperation (EPC)

1971

1 January

Second Yaoundé Convention between the Community and 19 African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) States began. In force to 31 January 1975.

19 to 21 May

Prime Minister Heath of the United Kingdom and President Pompidou of France meet to discuss the United Kingdom's accession to the European Community. Heath agrees to French remaining the Community's principal working language.

23 June

The six Member States reach agreement with the United Kingdom on the conditions governing the latter's accession.

28 October

A majority of the British House of Commons votes in favour of accession.

1972

18 January

Final chorus, 'Ode to joy', of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony chosen as the anthem of the European Communities.

22 January

Treaty on the Accession of Denmark, Ireland, Norway and the United Kingdom signed in Brussels. Came into force for all the signatories except Norway on 1 January.

24 April

The 'Six' agree to introduce the system of the 'currency snake' in a first attempt to keep exchange rates stable among themselves and flexible *vis-à-vis* the US dollar.

25 September

Norway says 'No'. The population of Norway votes against EEC membership in a referendum. The Accession Treaty had already been signed in January in Brussels.

21 October

At the Paris Summit the Heads of State or Government expressed hope that unification would allow Europe 'to make its mark on world affairs as a distinct entity' and declared their intention 'of converting their entire relationship into a European Union before the end of this decade'. At same time they adopted political guidelines for intensification of political cooperation.

19 December

Association Agreement between the Community and Cyprus signed in Brussels. Came into force on 1 June 1973.

1973

1 January

Denmark (incl. Greenland), Ireland and the United Kingdom become members of the European Economic Community.

23 July

The Copenhagen Report - second report by the Foreign Ministers, commissioned at the Paris Summit - established a fundamental obligation of Member States to consult one another before final positions on important foreign policy were established. Rules established governing political cooperation with Community institutions. Intensified regular consultations led to number of practical improvements.

14 December

Foreign Ministers published document on the European identity. Aimed to define more closely relations of Member States with other countries in the world and the Community's responsibilities and place in world affairs.

1974

1 April

The new British government presses within the Council for negotiations to be re-opened on the accession conditions accepted by the previous Conservative government. The issue is to be settled by a referendum in Britain.

9 and 10 December

The nine Heads of State or Government agree at the Paris Summit to establish the European Council as a permanent institution and meet with the Ministers for Foreign Affairs at least three times a year (current practice: twice) to ensure an 'overall approach' in dealing with Europe's internal and external problems. Reaffirmed determination to extend European political cooperation to cover all areas of international affairs affecting the EC's interests. Covered coordination of external diplomacy in particular emphasizing special responsibility of the Presidency.

1975

28 February

First Lomé Convention between the Community and 46 African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) States. In force from 1 April 1976 to 1 March 1980.

11 May

Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Israel signed in Brussels, supplemented by the Additional Protocol signed in Brussels on 8 February 1977. Came into force on 1 November 1978.

5 June

Referendum in the United Kingdom. A majority of the population votes in favour of remaining within the Community.

10 July

Treaty amending certain provisions of the Protocol on the Statute of the European Investment Bank signed in Brussels. Came into force on 1 October 1977.

22 July

Treaty amending certain financial provisions of

the Treaties establishing the European Communities and the Treaty establishing a Single Council and a Single Commission of the European Communities signed in Brussels. Gave the European Parliament wider budgetary powers and established the Court of Auditors. Came into force on 1 July 1977.

1976

25 April

Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Tunisia signed in Tunis. Came into force on 1 November 1978. Replaced the Association Agreement of March 1969.

26 April

Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Algeria signed in Algiers. Came into force on 1 November 1978.

27 April

Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco signed in Rabat. Came into force on 1 November 1978. Replaced the Association Agreement signed on 28 March 1969.

1977

18 January

Cooperation Agreements between the Community and Egypt, Jordan and Syria signed in Brussels. All came into force on 1 November 1978.

3 May

Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Lebanon signed in Brussels. Came into force on 1 November 1978.

1978

6 and 7 July

At the Bremen European Council, France and Germany presented a scheme for closer monetary cooperation, the European Monetary System, to replace the currency 'snake'.

4 and 5 December

Name 'ECU' adopted by the European Council in Brussels. Came from the abbreviation for European currency unit and a medieval French coin, *ecu*. Made up of fixed amounts of Member States' currencies. Composition, first determined in March 1979, subsequently revised with the introduction of the Greek drachma, Spanish peseta and Portuguese escudo.

1979

13 March

The 'currency snake' is replaced by the European Monetary System (EMS). The United Kingdom decides to remain provisionally outside this system, which was introduced at the prompting of France and Germany.

28 May

Treaty on the Accession of Greece signed in Athens. Came into force on 1 January 1981.

7 and 10 June

First European Parliament elections by direct universal suffrage, 410 members elected. On the accession of Greece on 1 January 1981, 24 Greek members were nominated by the Greek Parliament and replaced by directly elected members in October 1981.

31 October

Second Lomé Convention between the Community and 58 African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) States signed. Covered cooperation between ACP States and the Community from 1 March 1980 to 28 February 1985.

1980

2 April

Association Agreement between the Community and Yugoslavia signed in Belgrade. Came into force on 1 April 1983, but implementation suspended.

1981

1 January

Greece joins the Community, thereby signalling the beginning of southward enlargement.

13 October

In the London Report, Foreign Ministers adopted measures aimed at improving the administrative structures and decision-making process of European political cooperation (EPC). Defined joint action and for first time expressly mentioned political aspects of security as an area of cooperation. Included coordination of rules governing consultation in times of crises.

1983

17 to 19 June

The Heads of State or Government issue a declaration on 'European Union' at the Stuttgart Summit. The Genscher-Colombo document serves as a basis for the political unification plan.

19 June

Solemn Declaration on European Union, in which the Ten expressed their wish to move to European Union, signed by the Heads of State or Government at the Stuttgart European Council.

1984

14 February

Altiero Spinelli's draft Treaty establishing the European Union is approved by the European Parliament.

13 March

Greenland seceded from the European Communities and a Treaty on Greenland, amending the Treaties establishing the European Communities, was signed in Brussels. Entered into force on 1 February 1985.

14 to 17 June

Second European Parliament elections by direct universal suffrage, 434 members elected. In January 1986 the number of seats increased to 518 with the arrival of 60 Spanish and 24 Portuguese members, initially nominated by their parliaments and subsequently replaced by directly elected members.

25 to 26 June

At the Fontainebleau European Council, the Ten set up an ad-hoc committee for institutional affairs.

8 December

Third Lomé Convention between the Community and 66 African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) States signed. In force from 1 May 1986 to 28 February 1990.

1985

12 June

Treaty on the Accession of Portugal signed in Lisbon and of Spain signed in Madrid. Came into force on 1 January 1986.

14 June

The Agreement on open internal borders, signed by France, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg, paves the way for the internal market. However, the problems associated with eliminating police and customs formalities make further negotiations necessary.

2 to 4 December

The Ten agreed at the Luxembourg Council to amend the Treaty of Rome and revitalize the

process of European integration by drawing up a Single European Act.

13 December

European Parliament introduced the Prize of Freedom of Thought (the Sakharov Prize).

1986

1 January

Spain and Portugal become members of the European Community.

21 January

The Danish Parliament rejects the institutional reform plan contained in the Single European Act. Further negotiations are ruled out by the other European governments and a referendum is called. Denmark finally accepts the Single European Act by a majority vote of 56.2%.

17 and 18 and 28 February

The Twelve sign the Single European Act, which reforms the Rome Treaties and aims to lend renewed impetus to European integration. The overriding objective is the creation of a European internal market by the end of 1992. The Single Act enters into force on 1 July 1987. Signed in Luxembourg by the Nine on 17 February and in The Hague by Italy and Greece on 28 February.

29 May

European flag adopted by the Community institutions. Run up for first time in front of the Berlaymont building in Brussels to playing of the European anthem.

1987

26 October

Western European Union (WEU) adopted a joint defence policy in The Hague.

1988

29 March

The Cecchini Report, an experts' study, weighs the advantages of a common market against the costs of 'non-Europe' (waiting times at frontiers, technical barriers and other impediments). The report becomes the 'bible' of the internal market.

27 and 28 June

At the Hannover Summit the European Council instructs a committee of experts chaired by Jacques Delors to examine ways and means of completing economic and monetary union (EMU).

24 October
Council decided to establish Court of First Instance of the European Communities. Started on 1 November 1989.

1989

15 to 18 June
Third European Parliament elections by direct universal suffrage, 518 members elected: Socialist Group (180), Group of the European People's Party (121), Liberal and Democratic Reformist Group (49), Group of the European Democratic Alliance (34), Green Group in the European Parliament (29), Confederal Group of the European United Left (28), Group of European Democratic Alliance (22), Technical Group of the European Right (17), Left Unity Group (28), Rainbow Group (16) and non-attached members (10).

14 to 16 June
The Delors Report is approved at the Madrid Summit. The start of the first stage of economic and monetary union is set for 1 July 1990.

9 November
Fall of the Berlin wall, symbol of the Cold War.

15 December
Fourth Lomé Convention between the European Community and 69 African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) States signed for a period of 10 years starting on 1 March 1990. Financial Protocol adopted for five years.

18 December
Council adopted the PHARE programme (Poland and Hungary: aid for economic restructuring). Subsequently extended to include Bulgaria, Romania, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Albania, Slovenia, the Czech Republic, Slovakia and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

1990

28 April
Extraordinary meeting of the European Council in Dublin framed a common approach to German unification, relations with the countries of Central and Eastern Europe, and the Conference on Security and Cooperation (CSCE) process. Defined procedure for strengthening political union.

19 June
After protracted negotiations, France, the Federal Republic of Germany and the Benelux countries sign a Supplementary Convention (the 'Schengen

Agreement') providing for the elimination of all checks on individuals crossing internal frontiers.

1 July
The first stage of economic and monetary union enters into force. This involves the removal of most of the remaining restrictions on movements of capital, tighter coordination of national economic policies and closer cooperation between the central banks.

3 October
The GDR/FRG Unification Treaty enters into force. The incorporation of the former GDR into the territory of the Federal Republic signals an enlargement of the Community towards the East.

19 to 21 November
CSCE meet at the Paris Summit; 34 Heads of State or Government signed the Charter for a New Europe.

1991

15 April
Legal establishment of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD). Followed agreement signed in Paris on 29 May 1990.

14 October
Chancellor Kohl and President Mitterrand announce in a joint letter the setting up of a combined Franco-German military force.

21 October
The EC and EFTA reach agreement on the establishment of the European Economic Area (EEA).

16 December
New generation Association (Europe) Agreements and Interim Agreements between the Community and Hungary and Poland and the Czech Republic and Slovakia signed. All Interim Agreements came into force on 1 March 1992; Europe Agreements with Hungary and Poland came into force on 1 February 1994. Following the formal dissolution of Czechoslovakia on 1 January 1993, separate Europe Agreements with the Czech Republic and Slovakia were signed on 4 October 1993.

1992

7 February
The Treaty on European Union is signed in Maastricht. The Treaty provides for extension of the European Parliament's powers and closer intergovernmental cooperation. It also lays the

foundation for greater cooperation in foreign policy and for the introduction of a single currency.

2 May

The EC and EFTA sign in Oporto an agreement on the establishment of a European Economic Area (EEA).

11 May

Trade and Cooperation Agreements between the Community and Albania, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania signed. Joint declaration on political dialogue adopted. Agreement with Albania came into force on 1 December 1992; those with Latvia and Lithuania on 1 February 1993 and with Estonia on 1 March 1993. Free-trade Agreements with three Baltic States signed in Brussels on 18 July 1994. Came into force on 1 January 1995.

22 May

The 'Eurocorps' is established via the decision taken at the Franco-German summit at La Rochelle. Should be operational in 1995.

2 June

The Maastricht Treaty is rejected by a narrow majority (50.7%) in Denmark.

18 June

In Ireland 69.05 % vote in favour of ratifying the Maastricht Treaty. Instrument of ratification deposited on 23 November 1992.

2 July

Treaty on European Union ratified by Luxembourg (ratified by the Chamber of Deputies by 51 votes to 6). Instrument of ratification deposited on 24 August 1992.

31 July

Treaty on European Union ratified by Greece (ratified by Parliament by 286 votes to 8). Instrument of ratification deposited on 3 November 1992.

20 September

In France a narrow majority (51.05%) votes in favour of ratifying the Maastricht Treaty. Instrument of ratification deposited on 4 November 1992.

29 October

Treaty on European Union ratified by Italy (approved by the Chamber of Deputies by 403 votes to 46). Instrument of ratification deposited on 5 December 1992.

4 November

Treaty on European Union ratified by Belgium (approved by the Senate by 115 votes to 26). Instrument of ratification deposited on 10 December 1992.

25 November

Treaty on European Union ratified by Spain (approved by the Senate by 222 votes with 3 abstentions). Instrument of ratification deposited on 31 December 1992.

6 December

In Switzerland 53% of the population votes against their country's joining the European Economic Area (EEA).

10 December

Treaty on European Union ratified by Portugal (approved by the Assembly by 200 votes to 21). Instrument of ratification deposited on 16 February 1993.

11 and 12 December

The Twelve agree on a compromise settling the conditions for Denmark's ratification of the Maastricht Treaty and the financing of the Community.

15 December

Treaty on Union ratified by the Netherlands (approved by the Senate unanimously). Instrument of ratification deposited on 28 December 1992.

1993

1 January

The European internal market - objective of the Single European Act - and the European Economic Area become a reality. The free movement of persons, goods, services and capital is expected to boost economic growth and the creation of new jobs.

1 February

New generation Association (Europe) Agreement and Interim Agreement on trade and trade-related matters between the Community and Romania signed.

8 February

European Drugs and Drug Addiction Monitoring Centre established.

15 February

As a result of the economic recession, the EC Finance Ministers agree that the Member States need not fulfil the Maastricht convergence criteria

until the end of 1996, although the proposed timetable for the accomplishment of economic and monetary union is maintained. Fulfilment of the convergence criteria agreed in the Maastricht Treaty is the precondition for entry into the third and final stage of economic and monetary union, which is to take place in 1999 at the latest.

8 March

New generation Association (Europe) Agreement and Interim Agreement on trade and trade-related matters between the Community and Bulgaria signed.

5 April

Trade and Cooperation Agreement and the Transport Agreement between the Community and Slovenia signed.

18 May

In Denmark a narrow majority (51.8%) votes in favour of ratifying the Maastricht Treaty. Instrument of ratification deposited on 4 June 1993.

21 and 22 June

The Heads of State or Government announce at the Copenhagen Summit an initiative aimed at promoting long-term economic growth, competition and employment. They also endorse the enlargement of the Community into Eastern Europe but nevertheless stress that the associated countries of central and eastern Europe must fulfil the necessary political and economic requirements before they can be recognised as full members.

19 July

Council adopted the TACIS programme (Technical assistance to the Commonwealth of Independent States and Georgia).

20 July

Treaty on European Union ratified by the United Kingdom (approved by the House of Lords by 141 votes to 29). Instrument of ratification deposited on 2 August 1993.

July and August

The crisis in the European Monetary System reaches new heights. The EMS had already come under pressure in autumn 1992 as a result of the crisis of confidence and concomitant speculation on the currency markets prompted by the worldwide economic recession and the protracted debate over the Maastricht Treaty. The upshot is massive intervention by the European central banks in order to protect the EMS against the

most severe bout of currency speculation in its history.

2 August

Under intense pressure from international currency speculation, the EC Finance Ministers are obliged to broaden the narrow fluctuation bands from 2.5% to 15% as the EMS faces the most serious crisis since its introduction in March 1979.

12 October

The Federal Republic of Germany's Constitutional Court confirms the legality of the Maastricht Treaty. Although Parliament had already ratified the Treaty, the matter was referred to the Constitutional Court because there were doubts as to its compatibility with the Constitution. Instrument of ratification deposited on 12 October 1993.

29 October

Frankfurt-am-Main, headquarters of the Bundesbank, is chosen by the Heads of State or Government as the seat of the European Monetary Institute, the precursor of the European Central Bank destined to watch over the future single European currency.

1 November

The ratification process reaches an end and the Treaty on European Union enters into force.

5 November

The 'Eurocorps', the joint Franco-German military force, is given the official go-ahead in Strasbourg.

9 December

Boris Yeltsin, Jacques Delors and Jean-Luc Dehaene, President of the European Council, sign a declaration on the strengthening of political ties between the Russian Federation and the European Union.

1994

1 January

The Maastricht Treaty establishing the European Union came into force. Stage II of economic and monetary union began. The European Monetary Institute (EMI) established and took up its duties. The EMI will help to achieve the necessary conditions for moving on to stage III by strengthening the coordination of monetary policies with the aim of ensuring price stability, by making the necessary preparations for introducing the European System of Central Banks, carrying

out a single monetary policy and creating a single currency, and by monitoring the development of the ECU. Agreement establishing the European Economic Area (EEA) came into force. Relations between the Union and the five signatory EFTA States (Austria, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden) fundamentally changed. The Agreement permitted the free movement of goods, persons, services and capital and opened up new prospects through the development of 'horizontal' policies such as those on social affairs, consumer protection, the environment and company law. The EFTA countries were able to participate in various programmes, particularly those on research and technological development, information, education and civil protection. The institutional framework includes the EEA Council, the EEA Joint Committee, the EEA Joint Parliamentary Committee and the EEA Consultative Committee, the latter providing a forum for representatives of the social partners.

10 January

Partnership for Peace (PEP) adopted by NATO at the Brussels Summit.

27 March

The informal General Affairs Council meeting in Ioannina accepted the modalities for a qualified majority vote within the enlarged Council. The Twelve agreed that, in the event of four new Member States joining the Union, the threshold for a qualified majority required by the Treaties will be set at 64 votes (Ioannian compromise).

17 May

First session of the EEA Council in Brussels since the European Economic Area came into force on 1 January 1994.

12 June

Referendum on Austria's accession to the European Union - 66.36 % voted in favour.

9 to 12 June

Fourth European Parliament elections by direct universal suffrage, 567 members elected: Group of the Party of European Socialists (198), Group of the European People's Party (157), Group of the European Liberal, Democratic and Reformist Party (43), Confederal Group of the European United Left (28), Forza Europa Group (27), Group of the European Democratic Alliance (26), Green Group of the European Parliament (23), Group of the European Radical Alliance (19), Europe Nations Group (19) and non-attached members (27).

24 June

Partnership and Cooperation Agreement between the Union and Russia signed by the Heads of State or Government of the Twelve in Corfu.

24 June

Accession Treaties of Austria, Finland, Norway and Sweden signed in Corfu.

15 July

Extraordinary summit in Brussels agreed to appoint Jacques Santer, Prime Minister of Luxembourg, as President of the European Commission, beginning January 1995.

21 July

European Parliament approved Jacques Santer's appointment.

16 October

Referendum on Finland's accession to the European Union. 56.9% voted in favour. Parliament ratified the Accession Treaty on 18 November

13 November

Referendum on Sweden's accession to the European Union. 52.1 % voted in favour.

14 November

The Council of Ministers of the WEU adopts, in Noordwijk, the document on European defence policy. This is a first contribution towards examination of the Maastricht Declaration, adopted at the same time as the Treaty on European Union. The formulation of procedures for exchanges of information and consultation between the WEU and the European Commission is welcomed.

6 to 17 November

First major manoeuvres by the Eurocorps in Germany and France under the command of German General Helmut Willmann. Approximately 5000 German, French, Belgian and Spanish soldiers took part. Codename: 'Pegasus'.

28 November

Referendum in Norway on membership of the EU results in a vote of 52.5% against and 47.5% in favour, with a turnout of 87.9%; 53.5% had come out against membership when the question was put to the vote on 25 September 1972. EFTA will continue to exist, with Switzerland, Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein among its members as from 1 January 1995.

The parliamentary assembly of the WEU takes place in Paris, with the six East European countries linked to the EU via Treaties of Association and the three Baltic Republics participating for the first time. A recommendation on European security policy, calling *inter alia* for the setting-up of a working group to prepare for the 1996 Intergovernmental Conference, is adopted. Measures to strengthen the WEU are proposed in a recommendation on security and defence policy.

The Partnership and Cooperation Agreement between the EU and Moldova is signed.

1 and 2 December

At the 11th Assembly of European Regions in Strasbourg, representatives from 282 regions and 23 countries of Western, Central and Eastern Europe ask to be involved in the revision of the Maastricht Treaty.

5 and 6 December

At the CSCE conference in Budapest, the declaration 'For genuine partnership in a new era' is adopted. The CSCE is renamed OSCE (Organisation on Security and Cooperation in Europe).

6 December

The Social Affairs Council adopts the 'Leonardo da Vinci' programme to promote vocational training, with funding of ECU 620 million for the period 1995-99. The programme arises out of Article 127 of the Maastricht Treaty.

9 and 10 December

Essen European Council, with Delors participating for the last time as Commission President. Main decisions taken relate to combating unemployment (annual reports to be submitted to the European Council from December 1995), trans-European networks and their financing, and a strategy to bring the countries of Central and Eastern Europe closer to the EU. A special meeting within the framework of the summit is held for the leading representatives of Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland, Bulgaria and Romania.

15 December

Start of negotiations on the establishment of Association Agreements between the EU and Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia.

16 December

The informal group of government experts from the EU and the West European Armaments Group (WEU plus Norway and Turkey) meet for the first time in Brussels in order to examine options for a European arms policy.

22 December

The Executive Committee of the Schengen Agreement agrees in Bonn to the elimination of border checks on individuals crossing internal frontiers between seven of the Member States as from 26 March 1995. The Member States concerned are Germany, France, the Benelux countries, Spain and Portugal.

The EU and representatives of Mercosur (South American Common Market) sign a joint declaration and undertake to work towards the establishment of an inter-regional framework agreement for economic cooperation.

Finland applies for observer status within the WEU once it has become a member of the EU. Austria also expresses a corresponding interest. Up to now, observer status has been granted to Denmark and Ireland.

23 December

Sweden also applies for observer status within the WEU.

29 December

Signing of the Interim Agreement to precede implementation of the trade aspects of the Partnership and Cooperation Agreement between the EU and Russia.

ACP African, Caribbean and Pacific countries, signatories to the Lomé Convention.

Activity rate people in the labour force as a percentage of all people of 14 years and over.

Agricultural area - utilised all agricultural land in use, whether arable or permanently under grass or crops.

Agricultural holding defined by a number of characteristics laid down by the European Commission in order to obtain the highest possible degree of comparability within the Union. These characteristics comprise a list of agricultural products, definition of management and production means including labour.

Agrifood food products from agriculture, determined according to the standard international trade classification (SITC).

Annual work unit (AWU) time worked by one person employed full-time over a whole year.

Arrivals 'imports' of goods from one EU country to another. 'Exports' are referred to as dispatches in the Intrastat system.

ASEAN Association of South-East Asian Nations.

Asylum-seekers people awaiting a decision on applications for refugee status.

Balance of payments aims at identifying and recording transactions between residents of a country and non-residents. It is divided into current account and capital account.

Balance of trade in merchandise component of the balance of payments, differs from the balance drawn up on the basis of international trade statistics because of methodological differences. It includes all movable property whose ownership is transferred from a resident to a non-resident or vice versa. These figures should be based on customs data which are imports at cif values (including costs relating to transport and insurance) and exports at fob values (excluding transport costs). Imports at cif values are corrected to imports at fob values

in order to classify costs relating to transport and insurance as transport services and insurance services. Transactions of goods crossing a border without change of ownership are not regarded as exports, but transactions of goods between residents and non-residents are regarded as exports, even if the goods do not cross a border.

Balance of trade in services includes three main sub-balances: transport, tourism and other services. Service flows are recorded as the economic value of services. Part of these flows are under-evaluated either because of compensation mechanisms or because they are collected on a net basis.

Banking services include all commissions charged by banks, brokers, exchange agents and financial institutions for the management of accounts and any other transactions. Interest on bank loans is not included.

Birth rate, crude number of births per 100 000 inhabitants.

Bonds interest-bearing securities issued by governments, companies, banks and other institutions. They normally have a fixed redemption value on a given date, although some bonds are undated and thus never redeemed.

Business services include technical services such as engineering, architecture and technical studies; computer services such as software design and database management; and other professional services such as legal, accounting, consultancy and management services.

CAP common agricultural policy, established to increase agricultural productivity, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to stabilize markets, to guarantee the availability of supplies and to ensure reasonable consumer prices. It includes milk quotas and set-aside programmes, and encourages farmers to take early retirement.

Capital account records international transactions on financial assets. These transactions include exchanges of financial assets (for example, purchase of a bond with currency) and financial counterparts of operations recorded in the current account

(for example, grant of trade credit).

Capital transfers unrequited transfers which are designed to finance gross capital formation, other forms of accumulation, or long-term expenditure of the recipient, and made out of wealth or saving of the donor, or which are non-recurrent (quite irregular) for either party to the transaction. Capital transfers do not themselves redistribute income but redistribute savings or wealth among different sectors of the national economy or among national sectors and the rest of the world.

Causes of death here based on the underlying cause of death, as indicated in Section b of the death certificate. Causes of death are defined on the basis of the World Health Organization's international classification of diseases, adopted by most countries. Although definitions are harmonised, the statistics may not be fully comparable as classifications may vary when the cause of death is multiple or difficult to evaluate and because of different notification procedures.

Central government all administrative departments of the State and other central agencies whose competence extends over the whole economic territory, except for the administration of the social security funds.

cif values market values of goods or merchandise (at the customs' border of a country), including insurance and freight to an agreed port of destination but excluding unloading costs. The USA and Canada do not use cif values for their imports but fob values. The UN recommends imports measured in cif values.

Collective households boarding houses, halls of residence and hospitals.

Comext the Eurostat database on extra- and intra-EU trade. It has monthly, quarterly and annual data on the Member States and some third countries.

Communication services postal and telecommunication services provided by public, semi-public and private companies.

Compensation of employees all payments in cash and kind by employers in

remuneration for the work done by their employees during the relevant period. The payments cover gross wages and salaries, employers' actual social contributions and imputed social contributions.

Consumer prices in ECU calculated by dividing the national consumer price index by the average monthly movement of the national currency compared to the ECU. It measures the purchasing power of one ECU in the country concerned.

Consumer price indices published in this publication are national indices that have different names in each country. They are not harmonised: the field covered by the general index and the years of reference vary according to the country. For comparison, they are presented with a common base, 1985 = 100. The EUR12 index is a weighted average of the national price indices. The weight used is the share of each country in the final consumption of households of EUR12.

Consumption of fixed capital value, at current replacement costs, of the reproducible fixed assets used up during a period of account as a result of normal wear and tear, foreseen obsolescence and normal rate of accidental damage. Unforeseen obsolescence, main catastrophes and depletion of natural resources are not included.

Convergence criteria cover four main areas - price stability, government budgetary position, exchange rates and long-term interest rates - and can be summarised as follows: *Price stability*: Member States should have a price performance that is sustainable and an average rate of inflation, observed over the period of one year before the examination, that does not exceed by more than 1½ percentage points that of, at most, the three best-performing Member States in terms of price stability. *Government budgetary position*: Member States are to avoid situations of 'excessive government deficits', that is to say that their ration planned or actual government deficit to GDP should be no more than 3%, and that their ration of (general) government debt to GDP should be no more than 60 %, unless the excess over the reference value is only exceptional or temporary, or the ratios have declined

substantially and continuously. *Exchange rates:* Member States should have respected the normal fluctuation margins of the ERM (Exchange Rate Mechanism) without severe tensions for at least the two years before the examination. In particular, the Member State shall not have devalued its currency's bilateral central rate against any other Member State's currency on its own initiative for the same period. *Long-term interest rates:* Member States should have had an average nominal long-term interest rate over a period of one year before the examination that does not exceed by more than two percentage points that of, at most, the three best-performing Member States in terms of price stability.

Cover ratio exports divided by imports.

Crude steel equivalent the weight of iron and steel products converted into the corresponding crude steel weight by special coefficients appropriate to each product and quality of steel.

Current-account transactions exports (credits) and imports (debits) of goods and services, income from abroad from investment and labour, and unrequited transfers.

Current balance balance of current account: credits minus debits.

Day-to-day money rate sometimes referred to as the overnight interbank rate, this usually denotes the rate at which banks lend and borrow among themselves on the inter-bank market. This rate is a good indicator of the general level of short-term market interest rates since it reacts very quickly to changes in market conditions and is a determinant of other short-term interest rates. The day-to-day money rate is largely determined by the level of central bank interest rates, the most important of which is often the discount rate, although central banks are increasingly using a range of money-market management techniques. The various central bank interest rates normally refer to the rates at which, under certain conditions, a central bank will lend to financial institutions.

Death rate, crude deaths per 100 000 inhabitants.

Death rate, standard see 'standard death rate'.

Deaths in road accidents people killed outright or who died within 30 days as a result of the accident and this is calculated as a standard death rate (SDR).

Direct investment capital flows between foreign investors and domestic enterprises in which they have a lasting interest, for example, usually ownership of a large part of the equity capital. Direct investment also measures flows between domestic investors and their foreign affiliates. The figures include purchases and sales of equity capital and credits of all kinds granted by one enterprise to another. However, contrary to the definition recommended by the IMF, they do not include undistributed profits, due to lack of data from some EU countries. According to the IMF definition, a direct investment link is established when a resident enterprise owns 10% or more of the shares of a resident enterprise in another economy. But also other threshold or subjective criteria are used. The direct investment item includes not only the initial transaction (of lasting interest) but also all flows thereafter, between the direct investor and its foreign affiliates.

Dispatches 'exports' of goods from one EU country to another. 'Imports' are referred to as arrivals in the Intrastat system.

Distributive trades wholesale businesses, sales agents, retail trade and repair of consumer goods and vehicles.

Divergence indicator measures the degree of movement of a specific ERM currency against its maximum divergence spread. In effect, it is a mechanism which detects the ERM currencies which appreciate or depreciate from the Union average as represented by the ECU.

Dwelling a room or a suite of rooms and its accessories – lobbies and corridors – in a permanent building or structurally separated part thereof which by the way it has been built, rebuilt or converted is designed for habitation by one private household all the year. A dwelling is either a one-family dwelling in a house or an apartment in a block of flats.

Earnings in industry include all industries - manufacturing, energy, building and civil engineering.

Earnings, gross remuneration in cash paid directly and regularly by the employer at the time of each wage payment, before tax deduction and social security contributions.

Earnings, net calculated from gross earnings after deduction of social security contributions and taxes payable by employees and, where appropriate, after addition of family allowances. The calculations relate to average earnings of manual workers in manufacturing industry establishments with 10 or more employees in October each year.

Economic territory of a country consists of the geographical territory administered by a government; within the territory, people, goods and capital circulate freely.

ECU the European currency unit, is the principal component of the European Monetary System. Under the terms of the conclusions of the European Council in Maastricht in December 1991, the ECU will become Europe's single currency on 1 January 1997 at the earliest and on 1 January 1999 at the latest. The ECU is valued in terms of the ECU basket.

ECU basket is defined by specific amounts of the currencies of the Member States of the EU as at 31 December 1994. At its inception on 13 March 1979, the ECU was made up of a basket of fixed amounts of the then nine currencies, which was identical at the outset to the European unit of account (EUA). Since its creation, the ECU has been redefined twice: in September 1984 when the Greek drachma entered into the basket, and in September 1989 at which point the Spanish peseta and the Portuguese escudo were introduced. These redefinitions have not affected its external value. Under Article 109g of the Treaty on European Union, the currency composition of the ECU basket has been frozen until the single currency is introduced. This means that one ECU is made up of the following amounts of each currency: BFR 3.301, DKK 0.1976, DM 0.6242, DR 1.44, ESC 1.393, FF 1.332, HFL 0.2198, IRL 0.008552, LFR 0.13, LIT 151.8, PTA 6.885 and UKL 0.08784.

EEA countries, 1994 the EU and EFTA countries, except Switzerland. Agreement between the EU and the five signatory EFTA States (Austria, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden) establishing the European Economic Area came into force on 1 January 1994. It included free movement of goods, people, services and capital and opened up new prospects through the development of 'horizontal' policies such as those on social affairs, consumer protection, and the environment and company law. The EFTA countries were able to participate in various EU programmes, particularly those on research and technological development, information, education and civil protection. The institutional framework includes the EEA Council, the EEA Joint Committee, the EEA Joint Parliamentary Committee and the EEA Consultative Committee, the latter providing a forum for representatives of the social partners.

EFTA countries members of the European Free Trade Association are Switzerland, Norway, Liechtenstein and Iceland after Austria, Finland and Sweden have joined the EU.

Emigrants people travelling abroad with the intention of residing there for a certain minimum period - for example 12 months, for Dutch emigrants leaving the Netherlands. Germans are emigrants when they leave their occupied residence. A Briton is an emigrant when intending to live abroad for more than 12 months, having being resident in the UK for the previous 12 months. An Irish person is an emigrant when he is already resident abroad having been resident in Ireland one year previously. In 1976, the United Nations in 1976 drew up recommendations on international migration statistics. Unfortunately, few countries follow them.

Employees people attached to enterprises by a contract of employment guaranteeing them remuneration for the work rendered.

Employment rate employed people as a percentage of the number of people in the labour force.

EMS (European Monetary System) formally introduced on 13 March 1979. Its purpose is 'to create a zone of monetary stability in Europe through the

implementation of certain exchange-rate, credit and resource transfer policies'. The EMS has three components: the ECU, the exchange-rate mechanism (ERM) and the credit mechanism. Currently (November 1994) the currencies of all EU Member States, with the exception of Greece, Italy and the United Kingdom, are members of the ERM.

Energy balance sheets make up a uniform quantitative system that records energy availability on one hand and its uses on the other. Gross inland consumption is the key aggregate of the balance sheets. The ratios of the other aggregates to gross inland consumption give their relative importance in the overall energy balances.

Energy consumption, final energy to the consumers' door for all energy uses. It is measured net of energy losses and consumption of the energy sector. It also excludes consumption for non-energy purposes (among which is petrochemical production). Final use of petroleum products involves only refined products (for example motor spirit, gasoil, domestic fuel, kerosene and jet fuels), whereas final use of gas is mainly in the form of natural gas, which is not affected by a refining process.

Energy consumption, gross total primary energy produced, stocked and imported, net of exports. Gross inland consumption is gross consumption less fuel supply to maritime bunkers (for sea-going ships of all flags). It therefore reflects the energy necessary to satisfy inland consumption within the strict limits of national territory.

Energy dependence, national of the rest of the world is measured as net imports of energy (imports minus exports) as a percentage of gross consumption.

Energy intensity gross inland consumption divided by gross domestic product. Measured in toe per ECU.

Energy, primary, supply energy extracted from a natural source: coal, lignite, crude oil, natural gas and geothermics. Hydroelectric energy and nuclear energy are also considered as primary production. Nuclear energy is computed as primary

production in the form of heat released during the fission of uranium in the reactor.

ERM (exchange rate mechanism)

one of the three components of the European Monetary System (EMS). Others are the ECU and the credit mechanism. Currently (November 1994), the currencies of all EU Member States, with the exception of Greece, Italy and United Kingdom, are members of the ERM.

Esspros the European system of integrated social protection statistics.

Eurobarometer carries out EU opinion polls twice a year, in spring and autumn.

EU, European Union established on 1 January 1994 when the Maastricht Treaty came into force, and stage II of economic and monetary union began. The European Monetary Institute (EMI) was established to achieve the necessary conditions for entering stage III by strengthening the coordination of monetary policies in order to ensure price stability making the necessary preparations for the introduction of the European System of Central Banks, carrying out a single monetary policy, creating a single currency and monitoring the development of the ECU. On 31 December 1994 the EU had 12 Member States: Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Spain, France, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and the United Kingdom.

EU income comes from four main sources. Firstly, from taxes on imports of agricultural products covered by market agreements and coming from non-member countries. These aim to offset the difference between world prices and price levels agreed to apply within the European Union (principle of Union preference). Secondly, from customs duties resulting from the application of the common customs tariff to the customs value of goods imported from non-member countries. Thirdly, from a uniform rate of 1.4% of each Member State's VAT base (which may not exceed 55% of its gross domestic product). The fourth source is based on gross national product and is derived from application of a rate of the sum of the GNPs of all Member States.

Exchange rate the price at which one

currency is exchanged for another.

Extra-EU flows all transactions between EU countries and countries outside the EU

Family benefits social protection benefits which (1) provide financial support to households bearing the burden of bringing up children; (2) provide financial assistance to people who support relatives other than children; and (3) provide social services specifically designed to assist and protect the family and, in particular, children.

Farm labour, labour force survey people employed in agricultural holdings including their work in areas other than agriculture.

Farm labour input employment in agricultural activities. According to the European system of integrated economic accounts (ESA), farm labour input does not include, for example, the farmers work in areas other than agriculture.

Final agricultural output output net of intra-branch consumption of agricultural products, for example, seeds and animal feedingstuffs produced by the agricultural branch and used directly by it. Data on income and productivity are based on the economic accounts for agriculture which form part of the European system of integrated economic accounts (ESA).

Financial sector comprises financial intermediation, insurance - except compulsory social security - and activities auxiliary to financial services. The figures cover only some activities; for example, they do not include financial leasing, credit-card companies and auxiliary activities.

Fixed capital formation represents, according to the ESA, the value of durable goods intended for non-military purposes and acquired by resident producer units to be used for a period of more than one year in their process of production, including the value of any services embodied in the fixed capital goods acquired. Fixed capital formation can be recorded as gross fixed capital formation (inclusive consumption of fixed capital) or net fixed capital formation (exclusive consumption of fixed capital).

fob values market values (at the customs

border of a country) of goods or merchandise, including transport and handling costs to an agreed port of loading.

General government central government, local government and social security funds. General government units are engaged mainly in production of non-market services for collective consumption and/or in redistribution of national income and wealth. Their main resources come - directly or indirectly - from compulsory payments from resident households and enterprises outside general government.

General government debt total gross debt at nominal value outstanding at the end of the year and consolidated between and within the subsectors of general government.

General government revenue sources current taxes on income and wealth, taxes linked to production and imports, and capital taxes. Revenue from current taxes on income and wealth, in particular, comes from taxes on personal income and from profits of companies and other corporate bodies. Income from taxes linked to production and imports, in particular, comes from VAT and other general turnover taxes. The resident sectors formed by taxpayers pay not only to the general government but also to other resident sectors, such as private insurance enterprises, and to non-resident sectors. Contributions paid by resident sectors, therefore, usually differ from general government revenue.

General trade system see 'Trade systems'.

Government bonds official debt instruments issued by governments in order to fund budget deficits and to cover debt which is being redeemed. Government bond yields usually refer to secondary market yields, i.e. derived from the market where securities which are already in circulation are traded.

Government transactions transactions concerning official bodies abroad such as embassies, consulates and military establishments, and joint military organisations such as NATO.

Greenhouse gases (GHGs) emissions

from many sources; they may include some volatile compounds. The main GHGs are CO₂ and CH₄.

Gross domestic product at market prices (GDP mp) final result of the production activity of resident producer units. It corresponds to the economy's total output of goods and services, less intermediate consumption. Measured in market prices, it includes VAT on production and net taxes on imports.

Gross domestic product in purchasing power parities (PPPs) gross domestic product converted into the EU unit of purchasing power parity, based on relative prices and used to make volume comparisons.

Gross national product (GNP) gross domestic product plus net entrepreneurial and property income and labour income received from abroad. National disposable income, compiled as GNP plus net current distributive transactions with the rest of the world and net operating subvention from EU institutions, shows the income available for national use. Net income from abroad covers, for example, property and entrepreneurial income from the rest of the world, accident insurance transactions and unrequited current transfers.

Gross value-added at market prices final output minus intermediate consumption, plus subsidies minus taxes linked to production.

Household according to the household budget surveys, should be defined in terms of having a shared residence and common arrangements. A household comprises either one person living alone or a group of people, not necessarily related, living at the same address with common housekeeping - i.e. sharing at least one meal a day or sharing a living or sitting room.

Household consumption the value of goods and services used for direct fulfilment of household requirements. It covers actual expenditure on purchases of goods and services, own consumption such as products from kitchen gardens, and the imputed rent of owner-occupied dwellings.

IMF International Monetary Fund.

Immigrants either non-nationals arriving from abroad or nationals returning from abroad with the intention of residing in the country for a certain period. This period varies from one month for a Dutch person returning to the Netherlands to 12 months for any person entering the United Kingdom.

Implicit price index, GDP indicator of trends in the general level of prices of all goods and services in the economy.

Inactive people not in the labour market. They are neither employed nor unemployed. Apart from retired and disabled people they include young people still in education and people working without earning an income, whether they do housework or charity work.

Income from patents transactions involving trade in technical know-how and trade marks protected by licences and patents

Indirect steel trade trade in non-Treaty steel products. Indirect foreign trade entails imports and exports of products containing steel by the processing industries.

Inflation here measured by the consumer price index.

Inland water rivers, lakes, artificial water, impoundments and coastal lagoons, but excludes estuaries and water lying on the landward side of the 'normal base line' along the coast.

Interpol International Criminal Police Organisation (ICPO).

Insurance services all types of insurance and reinsurance. Basically, the credits contain net profits (premiums received from abroad minus indemnities paid abroad) made by European insurance companies. The debits contain net costs (premiums paid minus indemnities received) of insurance taken out with foreign companies.

Intra-EU flows all transactions declared by EU countries with other Member States.

Intrastat the system - applied since 1993 and based on a close link with the system of VAT declarations - for collecting statistics relating to trade of goods between EU

Member States. Information on intra-EU trade is collected directly from the operators. The application of thresholds has meant that many are either exempt from formalities or have fewer data to transmit than previously.

ISCED International standard classification of education set up by Unesco in 1976.

IUCN International Union for the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources. Protected areas in the IUCN list are classified according to their level of protection, characteristics and purposes. The list includes are only areas over 1000 hectares (except for some islands), which have been designated and are managed by the highest competent authority, usually the national government.

Labour costs, direct all expenditure including direct remuneration of employees, other bonuses and ex-gratia payments, payments for days not worked and benefits in kind, except canteen expenditures.

Labour costs, indirect mainly social contributions, whether statutory, conventional or voluntary added by other social expenditure, vocational training costs and taxes.

Labour force people in the labour market, i.e. employed and unemployed people.

Labour force survey (LFS) of the EU is conducted each spring. It covers the entire population living in private households and excludes those in collective households such as boarding houses, halls of residence and hospitals. Definitions used are common to all EU countries and based on international recommendations by the International Labour Office (ILO).

Life expectancy average number of years still to live for people of a given age under the prevailing conditions of mortality at successive ages of a given population.

Local government all kinds of public administration bodies (except local agencies of social security funds) who extend their competence to only part of the economic territory. Social security funds, in particular, include autonomous pension funds and other

insurance institutions which have premiums fixed without reference to the individual risks of the insured. Receipts of central and local government and of social security funds include transfers received from each other. Local government receipts include, for example, a large proportion of revenue from taxes collected by central government.

Long-term interest rates here measured as yield on government bonds.

Manufacturing enterprises with 20 or more employees in mineral oil refining, the nuclear fuels industry, and production and preliminary processing of metals. It covers industries such as manufacture of non-metallic mineral products; chemicals; man-made fibres; manufacture of metal articles; food, drink and tobacco; textiles; leather and leather goods; timber and wooden furniture; manufacture of paper and paper products, including printing and publishing; and processing of rubber and plastics. Not included are mining and extraction, primary energy industries and building and civil engineering (NACE 14, 152, 22, 24 to 26, 3 and 4). Greece, Spain and Portugal include, up to 1989, local units employing one or more persons; and the USA and Japan include for all years establishments with one or more employees.

Manufacturing, turnover value of sales, excluding VAT, from enterprises with 20 or more employees in manufacturing i.e. NACE 14, 152, 22, 24 to 26, 3 and 4. Up to 1989, Greece, Spain and Portugal included units with one or more employees; and the USA and Japan include for all years establishments with one or more employees.

Market services recovery and repair, wholesale and retail trade, lodging and catering, inland, maritime, air and auxiliary transport services, communication, and credit and insurance institutions and other market services. They are services produced for sale, normally with the aim of gaining a profit.

Maternity and family benefits support to households bringing up children and caring for relatives other than children. Benefits are in cash or in kind.

Migration, net immigrants minus emigrants.

Mortality, infant deaths per 100 000 children aged less than one year.

Mortality, crude rate deaths per 100 000 inhabitants.

Mortality, perinatal deaths per 100 000 live born children aged less than seven days.

Multi-fibre Arrangement (MFA) governs international trade of the textile industry.

National citizens citizens with citizenship of the country where they are actually living.

Net operating surplus gross domestic product at market prices minus compensation of employees paid by resident employers, taxes net of subsidies on production and imports levied by general government and by the rest of the world including EU institutions, and consumption of fixed capital. Net operating surplus comprises total property and entrepreneurial income from production.

Non-market services measured by their cost of production and are mainly general government services. Other examples are private welfare institutions and outside domestic help. Non-market services do not include production of goods and services by households using their unpaid labour for producing for their own consumption. The value-added generated by such activities is excluded from conventional macroeconomic aggregates.

Non-national citizens citizens without citizenship of the country where they are actually living.

Official external reserves reserves held by countries' monetary authorities for the purpose of financing balance of payments imbalances or for use against speculative attacks against their currency. They are made up of monetary gold, foreign currencies (for example ECUs, German marks, US dollars and Swiss francs) and special drawing rights (SDRs) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF). Of these various components, only assets in foreign currencies vary significantly over time.

Other services services other than tourism and transport. They cover highly varied services such as insurance; trade earnings; banking; advertising; business, construction and communication services; fees and royalties from films and television; income from patents; and miscellaneous services.

Passenger-kilometre unit of measurement representing the transport of one passenger over one kilometre taking into account the distance actually travelled by the passenger.

CCEE Albania, the former Czechoslovakia, the former Yugoslavia, Romania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria. The Baltic Republics are not included in the CCEE and neither is the former GDR.

Permanent utilised land land under permanent crops and grassland. Permanent crops occupy the land for more than five years. They include fruit trees, soft-fruit bushes, olive trees, citrus plantations and vineyards but exclude trees grown for wood or timber. Permanent grassland comprises meadows and pastures in constant use - five years or more - for herbaceous forage crops either cultivated or growing wild. Distinction between permanent grassland and wooded area is rather unclear, especially in cases where scattered trees and bushes are mixed with grasses used occasionally for grazing.

Population density number of inhabitants per square kilometre.

Population growth, natural births minus deaths.

Purchasing power parities, PPPs aim at improving comparison of data on, for example, production of goods and services between countries when data converted at market exchange rates do not give a true comparison because they include differences in countries' price levels.

Real values calculated by deflating each EU country's nominal figures at current prices by the GDP implicit price index.

Refugee someone with a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a

particular social group or political opinion; according to Article 1 of the United Nations Convention on Refugees 1951.

Renewable water resources long-term freshwater balance for a country, calculated as precipitation minus evaporation and transpiration plus inflows of water from neighbouring countries; according to the OECD definition of 1993.

Resident institutional unit unit with a centre of economic interest in the economic territory of a country. The concept is based on transactor's centre of economic interest, and not on nationality or legal criteria.

Resident households individuals living within the domestic territory of a country for at least one year.

Resident producer units units engaged in production on the domestic territory of a country.

Room should be big enough to hold an adult bed according to the national family budget surveys. This definition includes normal bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, habitable cellars and attics, kitchens and other separate spaces used or intended for habitation.

Roundwood production wood as raw material. It refers to all wood in the rough, whether destined for industrial use or as fuel. It comprises wood in its natural state as felled, or otherwise harvested, with or without bark, and all wood obtained from removals.

Services distributive trades, hotels, restaurants, transport, storage, communication, financial intermediation, real estate, business services, renting, education, health care services and other community, social and personal services according to the general industrial classification of economic activities within the European Communities of 1970.

Share price index indicates changes in the average price of shares traded on a stock exchange. It is constructed by taking a selection of shares and weighting the percentage change in price in order to have a picture of the overall changes in the market.

SITC standard international trade classification by the United Nations Organisation. Revision three was introduced in 1988. It is not possible to produce figures prior to 1988 according to SITC Revision three except as estimates.

Social benefits transfers – in kind or cash – by social protection schemes to households and individuals to relieve them of the burden of a number of distinct risks or needs. These risks or needs are associated with old age, sickness, child bearing and family, disability, unemployment, etc.

Social contributions, actual all payments made by insured people or their employers to institutions providing social benefits in order to acquire and/or preserve the right to these benefits. They might be voluntary or compulsory.

Social contributions, employers' costs incurred by employers in order to secure the entitlement to social benefits for their employees.

Social contributions, protected people's payments made by individuals and households to schemes of social protection in order to obtain or keep the right of receiving social benefits.

Social protection receipts social contributions by employers and protected people, contributions by general government and other current receipts. Social contributions by employers are all costs incurred by employers to secure entitlement to social benefits for their employees. They include all payments made by employers to the social protection institutions as well as social benefits paid directly by employers to employees (imputed contributions). Other current receipts come from a variety of sources, for example interest, rent and claims against third parties.

Social security funds central, State and local institutional units whose principal activity is to provide social benefits, and which fulfil each of the following criteria: (1) by law or regulation – except from regulations concerning government employees – certain groups of the population are obliged to participate in the scheme or to

pay contributions; (2) general government is responsible for the management of the institution in respect of settlement or approval of the contributions and benefits independently from its role as a supervisory body or employer; (3) general government guarantees the payment of the benefits.

S.PACE Statistique Pénale Annuelle du Conseil de l'Europe embraces annual statistics on Member States' penal policy collected since 1983 by the European Council.

Standard death rate (SDR) death rate of a population of a standard age distribution. As most causes of death vary significantly with people's age and sex, the use of standard death rates improves comparability over time and between countries, as they aim at measuring death rates independently of different age structures of populations. The standard death rates used here are calculated by the WHO on the basis of a standard European population.

Standard gross margin (SGM) introduced to enable measurement of different agricultural products on a common basis. It is the difference between farm-gate values of final production and certain costs linked to production and measured for each type of crop or animal production. SGM is calculated per hectare or per animal for each survey district in the EU countries. SGMs for areas and/or number of animals add to the total standard gross margin in ECU for each holding.

Stocks all goods other than fixed capital goods held at a given moment by resident producer units.

Subsidies current transfers which general government or the institutions of the European Communities make as a matter of economic or social policy to producing or importing units with the objective of influencing their prices and/or costs.

System of trade, special covers flows of: (1) imports of goods placed in free circulation and/or home use on arrival in, or leaving, warehouses, imports for inward processing and imports after outward processing; (2) exports of goods originating in a country or in free circulation there, exports after inward processing and exports

for outward processing. Goods in transit and warehouse traffic are not included. The EU trade statistics are reported under this trade system.

System of trade, general covers trade according to the special trade system plus warehouse traffic. Goods in transit are not included. This trade system is at present used by, for example, Sweden, Norway and Canada.

Survey on the structure of agriculture surveys carried out every two years, the latest being around 1990.

Taxes linked to production and imports compulsory payments levied by general government, or by the institutions of EU, on producer units in respect of production and importation of goods and services or use of factors of production. Producers are liable to pay them irrespective of whether or not they operate at a profit.

Toe, tonne of oil equivalent conventional standardised unit defined on the basis of a tonne of oil with a net calorific value of 41.868 joules per kilogram.

Tonne-kilometre, tkm unit of measurement of goods transport, which represents the transport of one tonne of goods over one kilometre taking into account the distance actually travelled.

Tourism and travel have on the debit side expenditure by residents living abroad for less than a year for whatever reason: leisure, work, health or study. The credit side includes the same activities by foreign travellers on the national territory.

Tourist accommodation, demand includes all types of accommodation: in hotels and similar establishments, camping sites, holiday dwellings, youth hostels, etc.

Tourist accommodation, supply refers to the number of bed places in an establishment, where people can stay overnight in permanent beds, discounting any extra beds set up at the customers' request.

Trade balance in merchandise difference between exports/dispatches and imports/arrivals calculated for international

trade statistics on a cif-fob basis or fob-fob basis. Generally, the cif-fob basis is used except for the USA and Canada, which use fob-fob.

Trade services payments in connection with trade in goods. They group the items 'merchanting' and 'trade commissions'. International merchanting comprises the balance on transactions involving purchase and resale of merchandises for third parties. The merchanting item generally shows a surplus since it relates to profits by resident dealers.

Transport, international transport between two places (a place of loading/embarkment and a place of unloading/disembarkment) in two different countries irrespective of the country in which the transport equipment is registered. It may involve transit through one or more additional countries.

Transport, national transport between two places (a place of loading/embarkment and a place of unloading/disembarkment) in the same country irrespective of the country in which the transport equipment is registered. It may involve transit through one or more additional countries.

Transport services comprise three main categories: international freight transport, international passenger transport and auxiliary services. Auxiliary services include all types of port services, for example, handling and storage and the hiring of vehicles and vessels, together with crews.

Unemployed people those out of work who are available to start work within two weeks and are actively seeking a job; according to the internationally accepted definition.

Unemployment rate unemployed as a percentage of people in the labour force.

Unrequited current transfers transactions in which one sector provides goods and services to other national sectors or to the rest of the world without receiving any good or service in return except from taxes linked to production and imports, and subsidies. Current transfers are different from capital transfers because capital transfers

involve the acquisition or disposal of financial or non-financial assets.

Unrequited transfers transfers of private funds (by emigrant workers to their country of origin, or migrants to their country of destination) and official unrequited transfers, for example, subscriptions to international organisations, public development aid, gifts and pension payments.

VOCs, volatile organic compounds emissions of all hydrocarbons and hydrocarbons where hydrogen atoms are partly or fully replaced by other atoms. Methane (CH₄) may be included, whereas CO and CO₂ as well as CFCs should be calculated separately.

Volume index of retail sales ratio between the sales index at current prices and the corresponding price index, which covers prices of goods sold through retail outlets. The index published here covers all retail trade activities and is not seasonally adjusted.

Waste-water treatment plants primary treatment: removal of gross solids; secondary treatment: removal of organic material by bacteria under aerobic or anaerobic conditions; and tertiary treatment: removal of nutrients, phosphorus and nitrogen by chemical or biological treatment. Capacity is measured by biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) or inhabitant-equivalents (IEs). An inhabitant-equivalent corresponds to the amount of daily discharged oxygen-demanding materials of which the oxygen consumption in biodegradation equals the average oxygen demand of the daily amount of waste water from one inhabitant.

Woodland forests and other wooded areas according to the FAO definition. It embraces land under natural or planted stands of trees, whether productive or not, and also land from which forests have been cleared but which will be reforested in the foreseeable future. Shrubland, savannah, etc., may have been reported with forest and woodland or with permanent meadows and pastures.

Class I: industrialised countries:

EUR12, EFTA, USA, Canada, Japan, South Africa, Australia, Gibraltar, Malta, New Zealand, Turkey and former Yugoslavia (Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Serbia and Montenegro, territory of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia)

Class II: developing countries:

ACP, OPEC and other developing countries

Class III: former State-trading countries:

Former Soviet Union, former German Democratic Republic, Poland, former Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria, Mongolia, Viet Nam, Albania, China, North Korea

EUR12

Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Spain, France, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom

EEA

EUR12 + Austria, Finland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Sweden

EFTA

Austria, Finland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland

OPEC, Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries

Algeria, Libya, Nigeria, Gabon, Venezuela, Ecuador, Iraq, Iran, Kuwait, Qatar, United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia and Indonesia

ACP, African, Caribbean and Pacific countries which signed the Lomé agreements

Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Comores, Chad, Congo, Ivory Coast, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Equatorial Guinea, Mauritius, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, Central African Republic, Rwanda, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe.
Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, Dominican Republic, St Christopher and Nevis, St Vincent, St Lucia, Surinam, Trinidad and Tobago.
Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu, Kiribati, Fiji, Vanuatu, Tonga, Western Samoa

DOM

Overseas departments of Member States of the European Union

CCEE, Countries of Central and Eastern Europe

Albania, Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Serbia and Montenegro, territory of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Poland, Romania

NIC, newly industrialised countries

Hong Kong, Taiwan, Singapore, South Korea

Latin America

Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Panama, Haiti, Dominican Republic, Colombia, Venezuela, Ecuador, Peru, Brazil, Chile, Bolivia, Paraguay, Uruguay, Argentina

Eastern Europe

Albania, Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Slovenia, Croatia,

Bosnia-Herzegovina, Serbia and Montenegro, territory of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Poland, Romania, former German Democratic Republic (until 1990), former Republics of the Soviet Union in Europe

Near and Middle East

Cyprus, Lebanon, Syria, Iraq, Iran, Israel, Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, United Arab Emirates, Oman, Yemen

Far East

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Oceania

Australia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea

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IND	India
IR	Iran
PAK	Pakistan
AUS	Australia
NZ	New Zealand
FSU	Former Soviet Union
ET	Egypt
SA	Saudi Arabia
WAN	Nigeria
LAR	Libya
ZA	South Africa
T	Thailand
RA	Argentina

- 0. Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing**
 01 Agriculture and hunting
 02 Forestry
 03 Fishing
- 1. Energy and water**
 11 Extraction and briquetting of solid fuels
 12 Coke ovens
 13 Extraction of petroleum and natural gas
 14 Mineral and oil refining
 15 Nuclear fuels industry
 16 Production and distribution of electricity, gas, steam and hot water
 17 Water supply: collection, purification and distribution of water
- 2. Extraction and processing of non-energy-producing minerals and derived products; chemical industry**
 21 Extraction and preparation of metalliferous ores
 22 Production and preliminary processing of metals
 23 Extraction of minerals other than metalliferous and energy-producing minerals: peat extraction
 24 Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products
 25 Chemical industry
 26 Man-made fibres industry
- 3. Metal manufacture; mechanical, electrical and instrument engineering**
 31 Manufacture of metal articles (except for mechanical, electrical and instrument engineering and vehicles)
 32 Mechanical engineering
 33 Manufacture of office machinery and data-processing machinery
 34 Electrical engineering
 35 Manufacture of motor vehicles and of motor vehicle parts and accessories
 36 Manufacture of other means of transport
 37 Instrument engineering
- 4. Other manufacturing industries¹**
 41/42 Food, drink and tobacco industry
 43 Textile industry
 44 Leather and leather goods industry
 45 Footwear and clothing industry
 46 Timber and wooden furniture industries
 47 Manufacture of paper and paper products; printing and publishing
 48 Processing of rubber and plastics
 49 Other manufacturing industries
- 5. Building and civil engineering**
 50 Building and civil engineering
- 6. Distributive trade, hotels, catering, repairs**
 61 Wholesale distribution (except dealing in scrap and waste materials)
 62 Dealing in scrap and waste materials
 63 Agents
 64/65 Retail distribution
 66 Hotels and catering
 67 Repair of consumer goods and vehicles
- 7. Transport and communications**
 71 Railways
 72 Other land transport (urban transport, road transport, etc.)
 73 Sea transport and coastal shipping
 75 Air transport
 76 Supporting services to transport
 77 Travel agents, freight brokers and other agents facilitating the transport of passengers or goods; storage and warehouse
 79 Communication
- 8. Banking and finance, insurance, business services, renting**
 81 Banking and finance
 82 Insurance except for compulsory social insurance
 83 Activities auxiliary to banking and finance and insurance; real estate transactions (except letting of real estate by the owner), business services
 84 Renting, leasing and hiring of movables
 85 Letting of real estate by the owner
- 9. Other services**
 91 Public administration, national defence and compulsory social security
 92 Sanitary services and administration of cemeteries
 93 Education
 94 Research and development
 95 Medical and other health services; veterinary services
 96 Other services provided to the general public
 97 Recreational services and other cultural services
 98 Personal services
 99 Domestic services
 00 Diplomatic representation, international organisations and allied forces

0 Food and live animals

- 00 Live animals other than animals of division 03
- 01 Meat and meat preparations
- 02 Dairy products and bird's eggs
- 03 Fish (not marine mammals), crustaceans, mollusc and aquatic invertebrates and preparations thereof
- 04 Cereals and cereal preparations
- 05 Vegetables and fruit
- 06 Sugars, sugar preparations and honey
- 07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices, and manufactures thereof
- 08 Feedingstuffs for animals (not including unmilled cereals)
- 09 Miscellaneous edible products and preparations

1 Beverages and tobacco

- 11 Beverages
- 12 Tobacco

2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels

- 21 Hides, skins and fur skins, raw
- 22 Oilseeds and oleaginous fruits
- 23 Crude rubber (including synthetic and reclaimed)
- 24 Cork and wood
- 25 Pulp and waste paper
- 26 Textile fibres (other than wool tops and other combed wool), and their wastes (not manufactured into yarn or fabric)
- 27 Crude fertilizers, other than those of division 56, and crude minerals (excluding coal, petroleum and precious stones)
- 28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap
- 29 Crude animal and vegetable materials, n.e.s.

3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials

- 32 Coal, coke and briquettes
- 33 Petroleum, petroleum products and related materials
- 34 Gas, natural and manufactured
- 35 Electric current

4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes

- 41 Animal oils and fats
- 42 Fixed vegetable fats and oils, crude, refined or fractionated
- 43 Animal or vegetable fats and oils, processed; waxes of animal or vegetable origin; inedible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats and oils, n.e.s.

5 Chemicals and related products, n.e.s

- 51 Organic chemicals
- 52 Inorganic chemicals
- 53 Dyeing, tanning and colouring materials
- 54 Medical and pharmaceutical products
- 55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet, polishing and cleaning preparations
- 56 Fertilizers (other than those of group 272)
- 57 Plastics in primary forms
- 58 Plastics in non-primary forms
- 59 Chemicals materials and products, n.e.s.

6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material

- 60 Complete industrial plant appropriate to Section 6
- 61 Leather, leather manufacture, n.e.s., and dressed fur skins
- 62 Rubber manufacture
- 63 Cork and wood manufacture (excluding furniture)
- 64 Paper, paperboard and articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard
- 65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products
- 66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.
- 67 Iron and steel
- 68 Non-ferrous metals
- 69 Manufacture of metals, n.e.s.

7 Machinery and transport equipment

- 70 Complete industrial plant appropriate to Section 7
- 71 Power-generating machinery and equipment
- 72 Machinery specialized for particular industries
- 73 Metal working machinery
- 74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.
- 75 Office machines and automatic data-processing machines
- 76 Telecommunications and sound-recording and -reproducing apparatus and equipment
- 77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s and electrical parts thereof (including non-electrical counterparts n.e.s. of electrical household type equipment)
- 78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)
- 79 Other transport equipment

8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles

- 80 Complete industrial plant appropriate to Section 8
- 81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fitting, n.e.s.
- 82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings
- 83 Travel goods, handbags and similar containers
- 84 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories
- 85 Footwear
- 87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.
- 88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks
- 89 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, n.e.s.

9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in SITC

- 91 Postal packages not classified according to kind
- 93 Special transactions and commodities not classified according to kind
- 94 Complete industrial plant, n.e.s.
- 96 Coin (other than gold coin) not being legal tender
- 97 Gold, non-monetary (excluding gold, ores and concentrates)



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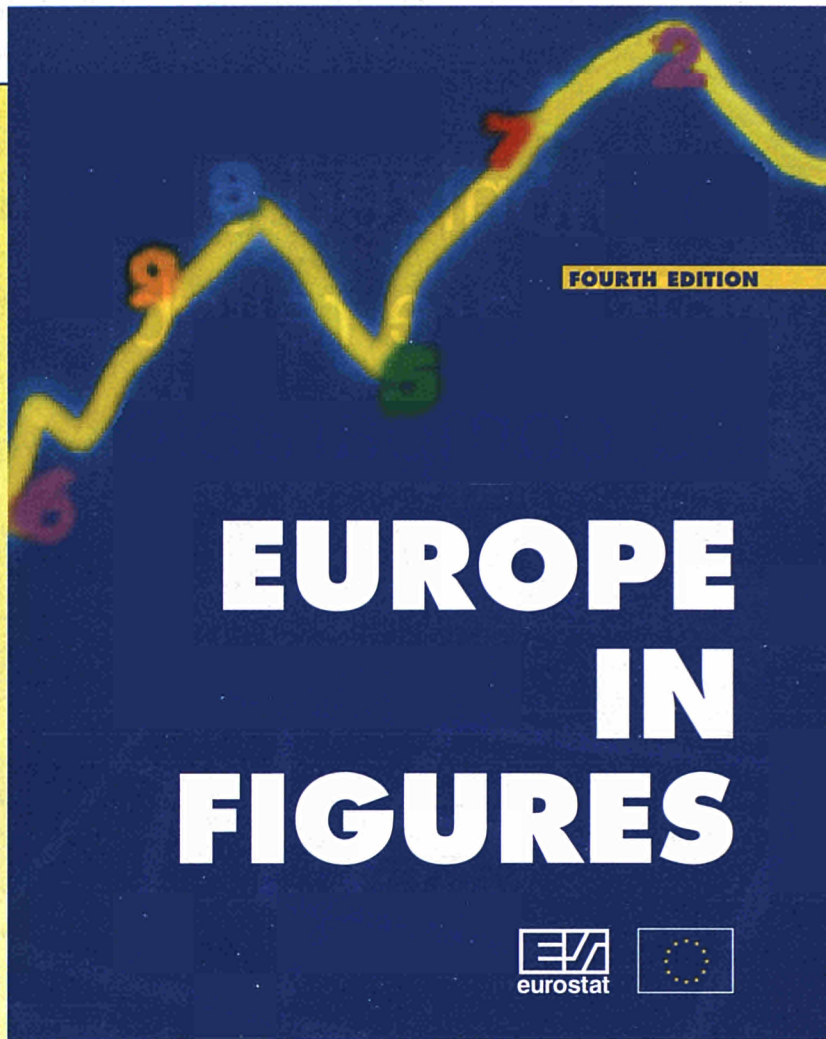
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